SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 75c bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Manufactured only by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.
W. J. WILSON, PHARMACY, Agent

THE NEW

Dry Goods Store,

126 PRINCESS STREET,

(B Doran & Co's Old Stand),

We have now in stock a full range of all lines in

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS

Including some special values in Flannels, Blankets, Woollen Yarns, Tweeds and Underwear.

Also a fine assortment of Dress Goods in all the leading lines. Tweed Effects and Serges in seven different qualities.

Headquarters for Corsets in all the leading makes.

O. GRAVELLE,
Formerly With R. Waldron.

JUST ARRIVED

First Instalment of our

FALL GOODS

In all the Latest American Shades and Patterns.

Call and see them before buying elsewhere.

JOHN TWEDDELL,
One Door Below City Hotel.

ST. LEON.

WHAT BULGES their pockets as they rush hither and thither? 'Tis those half gallon bottles of nature's unrivalled disease destroyer and life restoring wonder, ST LEON.

Yes, people run for it as they do for a physician in sickness and when used by patients in large droughts—hot or cold, either is agreeable—grippe, influenza, and all their combined horrors vanish.

EDUCATIONAL.

Kingston Business College
ODDFELLOWS' BLOCK.

The Successful Practical School.

A Business Education is a young man or young woman's best helper.

A few months spent in early life, when time is not pressing, has an invaluable influence on future career.

THE PRINCIPAL, J. B. McKAY, Expert Penman, holder of International Prize, will personally conduct the classes of session now open.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

ARE NOT a Purgative Medicine. They are a BLOOD BUILDER, Tonic and RESTORATIVE, as they supply in a condensed form the substances actually needed to enrich the Blood, curing all diseases coming from POOR and WATERY BLOOD, or from VITIATED HUMORS in the BLOOD, and also invigorate and BUILD UP the BLOOD and SYSTEM, when broken down by overwork, mental worry, disease, excesses and indiscretions. They have a DIRECTED ACTION on the SEXUAL SYSTEM of both men and women, restoring LOST VIGOR and correcting all IRREGULARITIES and SUPPRESSIONS.

EVERY MAN Who finds his mental faculties dull or failing, or his physical powers flagging, should take these PILLS. They will restore his lost energies, both physical and mental.

EVERY WOMAN should take them. They cure all suppressions and irregularities, which inevitably entail sickness when neglected.

YOUNG MEN should take these PILLS. They will cure the results of youthful bad habits, and strengthen the system.

YOUNG WOMEN should take them. These PILLS will make them regular.

For sale by all druggists, or will be sent upon receipt of price (50c. per box), by addressing

THE DR. WILLIAMS' MED. CO.
Brockville, Ont.

PRESBYTERIAN COUNCIL

DELEGATES PRESENT FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Opening of the Convention in Toronto Yesterday—Principal Caven Preaches, President Blaikie Delivers His Inaugural and Major Cosby Entertains—To-Day's Proceedings.

TORONTO, Sept. 22.—The Fifth General Council of the Alliance of the Reformed churches holding the Presbyterian system convened at 11 o'clock yesterday morning in St. James Square Presbyterian Church, but long before the opening hour every available seat in the body of the church and the galleries was occupied, and the space reserved for the delegates was encroached upon.

The platform was occupied by the following divines: Rev. Dr. Smith, Rev. Dr. Chambers, Rev. Dr. Mathews, Rev. Dr. Roberts and Rev. Dr. Waters.

The initial service was conducted by Rev. Principal Caven. Upon either side of him were seated Rev. Dr. Blaikie, of Edinburgh, President of the Alliance, and Rev. Dr. Hodge. The latter offered a short prayer, after which the "Old Hundred" was sung with much fervor. Portions of Scripture were read by Rev. Principal Caven, at the conclusion of which Rev. Dr. Smith led in prayer.

The Opening Sermon.

The Marquis of Lorne's rendering of the 121st Psalm was given by the choir, after which came the sermon. It was founded on the words:

> When He, the Spirit of Truth, is come, He will guide you into all truth: for He shall not speak of Himself; but whatsoever He shall hear, that shall He speak; and He will show you things to come.

Principal Caven preached with unction and eloquence. He took as his theme the necessity of the spirit's guidance in the study of divine truth, and reviewed with great clearness the revivals of the time of Augustine, the Reformation and that of the present age.

The singing of the 72nd Psalm came next, followed by a prayer from Rev. Dr. Blaikie, invoking the divine blessing on the work of the alliance.

The Presidential Address.

President Blaikie then delivered his opening address by complimenting Toronto on having secured the honor of having the Alliance hold its fifth session within its portals.

He then said: Fathers and brethren, since we met in London two councils or conferences have been held in connection with other branches of the church, which serve to show the wisdom and the reasonableness of the step we took when we formed this Alliance. One of these was the second meeting of the Methodists held at Washington in 1890.

The other event was the international conference of Congregational churches held in London last year. I well remember the great unbelief of my own heart before the meeting of the Edinburgh council, and the torment I felt as the fear arose that possibly the meeting of so many delegates, representing diverse races, languages and countries, with diverse views and methods, and possibly differences too among themselves, might prove an occasion of painful collision instead of brotherly harmony. But it was delightful, when the Edinburgh meeting actually took place, to find the various elements coalescing with perfect readiness under the influence of a common faith, a common aim and a common charity, and the influence of this, which could not fail to be apprehended by the community, was a testimony to the unity of the Church of Christ, as impressive as it was fresh and novel. But what I would mainly gather from the Methodist and Congregational experience is that we Presbyterians took a right view both of our duty and our privilege when nearly 20 years ago we began to move for a world-wide Presbyterian alliance; that we rightly interpreted one of the purposes in Providence of that unprecedented facility of travel which our age supplies, when we used it to bring brethren together from far distances; that we were right in thinking that from so large and varied a constituency we might derive much valuable information as to methods, and much valuable stimulus as to the spirit and consecration with which we ought to do our work; and that we had good ground for the hope that our conferences might lead to useful practical results bearing on the advancement of the kingdom of Christ.

It Has Been a Success.

Nor have the evils that were predicted of our alliance come to much. Some sneered at the idea—it would be a mere talking concern, a wind-bag which would speedily burst. Others said it would serve merely as a trumpet to proclaim the glory of Presbyterianism—it would make bigots of us all. No doubt there has been talk; but read the volumes of our proceedings, and you will see it has neither been idle nor empty talk. No doubt our alliance has made known more widely the scriptural basis, the wide extension and the wholesome influence of the Presbyterian church; but if it has made us more Presbyterian, it has made us more catholic, too. It has enlarged our horizon; it has elevated our point of view; it has taught us to embrace in our survey the wide, wide world; to think of the vast work that has yet to be done by the Christian church before, like a sea of glory, it spreads from pole to pole. It has led us, I am persuaded, to a more brotherly and sympathetic view of all who are bearing an efficient part in this great work of union in the Christian Church.

We may say that the more you have of it the more you desire to have—"increase of appetite grows by what it feeds on," and, for my part, I think the day may not be very distant when something will be accomplished in the direction in which our friend, Dr. McCosh, has lately been working—when a federal relation may be established among the evangelical churches, more especially with reference to mission work among the heathen. All this, I think, encourages us to believe in the vitality of the alliance, and in the duty of doing what we can to maintain and perpetuate its influence.

Let us make it impossible for the world not to feel that the spread of Christianity means the spread of all that is honest, lovely and of good report, and impossible for the world to doubt that the reception of such a religion will make the heathen world infinitely better and infinitely happier. This is the true way to commend Christianity; this is the apologetic which the world needs; this were at once the fulfilment and the vindication of the angels' song.

Towards a consummation so devoutly to be wished, may all the proceedings of this council tend.

Now for Business.

At the conclusion of the address the president requested Rev. Dr. Paton to lead in prayer, which he did, referring in touching terms to the families of those members of the Alliance who had passed away since the last council was held.

Principal Caven, chairman of the committee appointed to make arrangements for the entertainment of the delegates while here, announced that hereafter the sessions would be held in Cooke's Church, that there would be an excursion to Niagara Falls on Saturday. A trip to the Pacific coast is also offered. Return tickets by lake route $35.35, to be used before Oct. 10 and good for return for six months.

An invitation from Mr. and Mrs. Cosby was read inviting the delegates to a reception in the afternoon, also one from Mrs. Kirkpatrick stating that she would be "at home" at Government House on Friday afternoon.

The invitations so hospitably extended were accepted.

MAJOR COSBY'S RECEPTION.

Brilliant Gathering at Maplehyrn Yesterday—Pleasant Proceedings.

The hospitable portals of Maplehyrn, the handsome residence of Major and Mrs. Cosby, St. George and College-streets, were thrown wide open yesterday afternoon, a reception being held in honor of the delegates to the Pan-Presbyterian Council.

The guests upon first arrival were ushered into the south drawing room, where Major and Mrs. Cosby were receiving, and afterwards passed out on the verandahs and lawns.

The Lieutenant-Governor's and Mrs. Kirkpatrick's arrival was the signal for a general movement towards the pavilion, where Major Cosby, as host, addressed his visitors in a few warm words of welcome and requested Dr. Caven to take the chair.

Dr. Caven evidently wished to speak his words of wisdom and of cheer at a more convenient season in a meeting of the convention, and so called on the Lieutenant-Governor without more ado.

The Lieutenant-Governor Speaks.

His Honor said: "The selection of Toronto as a place of meeting by the alliance of the reformed churches is an honor appreciated by the people of this city and of the province, and as their Lieutenant-Governor I extend to you all a hearty welcome. We would be inclined to mark the day of your meeting amongst us in red letters upon our calendars, but that is the way we designate our saints' days. I trust that you may long have kind recollections of your sojourn in Toronto, for you must know that we claim that it is the best city in the finest province in the globe. [Cries of "Well, it is"]. It is in place in the world is the Sabbath better observed." The speaker then went into statistics to give the delegates a correct idea of the size of the province and the Dominion and then added: "But the best of it is that one does so every five you meet is a Presbyterian."

Ontario's Premier.

Sir Oliver Mowat felt he could bid them welcome from many standpoints, as a resident of Toronto for over 50 years, as Premier of Ontario, as a Presbyterian layman and lifelong adherent of that church. He catalogued at length the schools, colleges and other public institutions of the city. He spoke of the good feeling that existed between the different denominations, and mentioned the convention held some years ago with a view to securing the union of all the Protestant churches in Canada, closing by declaring it his fondest hope that the feeling of good fellowship among the churches would increase with the years.

Ald. Leslie, as a devoted son of the auld kirk and representative of the Mayor, briefly welcomed the delegates to the city.

Dr. Caven next introduced Rev. Dr. Reid as the Nestor of the Presbyterian Church in Canada. He said: "It is my opinion that you don't need any more welcome. The Lieut.-Governor, the Attorney-General and Ald. Leslie have bid you welcome, so it is clear that there is no legal impediment to your visit." [Laughter.] Then, in Gaelic and in English, he asked, "How are you getting on?"

The President's Reply.

Rev. Dr. Blaikie of Edinburgh was glad to see the features and hear the accents once more of Sir Oliver, with whom he had been acquainted for 22 years. He then went on to state the reasons why Toronto had been selected. It was the centre of a large and influential district; it had a powerful newspaper press, which would give the world an account of their deliberations; it could be easily reached by rail and ocean steamers by most of the delegates. He concluded by referring to the Orphans' Home his wife had established, which had been the means of finding homes in Ontario for over 300 little waifs.

Mr. Mortimer Clark, who had invited the Alliance four years ago to come to Toronto this year, also made a few remarks, and an adjournment to the lunch tables was made, where a most recherche repast was spread.

The Queen's Own Regiment orchestra was present, as were also the pipers of the 48th Highlanders, and many an old Scotch divine present straightened his figure and threw up his head when the music of the pipes first fell on his ear.

Including the delegates there were probably 500 guests present.

DREADFUL RAILWAY DISASTER.

Thirteen Persons Killed and Many Injured.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 22.—What will undoubtedly prove to be the most disastrous accident that ever occurred in the history of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad took place yesterday morning at 3 o'clock in what is known as Brown's cut, a mile and a half west of the village of Shreve, Wayne County, Ohio.

Train No. 8, the fast east bound passenger and express train, collided at that point with the first section of freight No. 75, west bound. The passenger train was about one hour late and was running at the rate of 60 miles an hour. It is stated that the engineer and fireman on the freight, while standing on the side track at Shreve, fell asleep and were awakened by hearing a train rushing by. Thinking that it was No. 8, the engineer pulled out on the main track and had just got under way when the trains met. The collision occurred on a sharp curve, in the cut where neither crew was able to see the other train approaching.

The engines came together with such force that the mail car and smoking car of the express were thrown on top of the passenger engine and a freight car filled with printing presses was thrown over the freight engine. Passengers and trainmen who escaped say the accident had hardly taken place before the flames burst forth, and they believe that but two or three persons were killed outright. The others having been pinned down in the cars and slowly roasted to death. Thirteen burned and blackened trunks have been taken from the wreck.

The postal clerks imprisoned in the mail cars had no chance to escape, and they were doubtless all burned to death. All the fatalities occurred in the two locomotives, the postal and smoking car and the day coach. The sleepers did not leave the track and the passengers beyond a shaking escaped injury. As soon as the people of Shreve heard of the wreck they hastened to the scene with all the physicians available. The injured were tenderly cared for and every effort possible was made to rescue those who were perishing in the burning cars. the heat was so intense however, that little could be done.

RADICAL KICKERS.

Evidently Labouchere Intends to Give Trouble.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—Mr. Labouchere continues his political warfare on the Liberals. His paper attacks the proposal that Irish members shall sit in the English Parliament, which it is now generally admitted is one of the features of Gladstone's Home Rule Bill. It says: "It is absurd to legislate in this sense with regard to Ireland, and allow Irishmen to decide British affairs by holding the balance of power between the two parties. It would be a monstrous crime to allow the Irish to be masters of their own local affairs and to remain masters of ours."

Emperor William Visits Hamburg.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—The Berlin correspondent of the News says: It is rumored Emperor William visited Hamburg to see his mother about Princess Margaret's marriage and also to arrange for the fitting up of the palace occupied by the Empress Frederick till her own new castle is completed as a summer resort for his family.

A Pardon for Deacon.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—It is reported that among the pardons signed by President Carnot yesterday in commemoration of the 100th anniversary of the proclamation of the first republic is one giving liberty to Edward Parker Deacon, the American who was sentenced on May 20, at Nice, to one year's imprisonment for shooting and killing the Frenchman, Abeille, whom he caught in Mrs. Deacon's apartments.

How to Remedy Overcrowded Schools.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 22.—On Saturday and Sunday last over 5,000 students were arrested in this city and placed aboard two steamers in the Golden Horn and these vessels sailed away on Sunday night with secret orders. An official announcement has been made to the effect that this action on the part of the authorities is due to a desire to relieve the pressure of students in the public schools.

Russia Threatens Turkey.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 22.—Russia has sent a note to the Porte saying serious consequences may result from the relations now existing between Turkey and Bulgaria, which, Russia holds, are contrary to the provisions of existing treaties.

Capt. Sanders, Forger.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—Capt. Sanders, arrested for forging the Earl of Londesboro's name for £3733, was arraigned in court yesterday. His total debts aggregate £75,400.

One Way Out of It.

LONDON, Sept. 2 .—William Blewitt, one of the directors of the London and General Bank, which failed a few days ago, has cut his throat.

The Sydney Mob Hesitated.

SYDNEY, N.S.W., Sept. 22.—Throughout the night the mob that yesterday threatened the release of the agitators who were imprisoned was unruly, but did not attempt to put its threats to release the prisoners by force into execution.

He Managed to Pull Through.

LISBON, Sept. 22.—Capt. Andrews in his 16-foot dory, which sailed from Atlantic City, N.J., on July 20, arrived here yesterday. The captain is well.

The Lieutenant-Governor Speaks.

His Honor said: "The selection of Toronto as a place of meeting by the alliance of the reformed churches is an honor appreciated by the people of this city and of the province, and as their Lieutenant-Governor I extend to you all a hearty welcome. We would be inclined to mark the day of your meeting amongst us in red letters upon our calendars, but that is the way we designate our saints' days. I trust that you may long have kind recollections of your sojourn in Toronto, for you must know that we claim that it is the best city in the finest province in the globe. [Cries of "Well, it is"]. It is in place in the world is the Sabbath better observed." The speaker then went into statistics to give the delegates a correct idea of the size of the province and the Dominion and then added: "But the best of it is that

Railway Telegraphers on Strike.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Sept. 22.—All of the telegraph operators and train dispatchers on the Burlington & Cedar Rapids Railway, with one exception, went on strike to-day for higher wages and to secure adjustment of other grievances. The superintendent of the railway yesterday refused to accept a schedule presented by the Grievance Committee of the operators. About 200 men are out.

A man in Dakota was lately sentenced to prison for half a life time, and the supreme court has decided that the time means nineteen years, seven months and four days.

In 1889, Kansas had a wheat acreage of less than 2,000,000 acres. This year she is said to have 4,000,000 acres.

ON MISS BORDEN'S TRACK

SHE INTERVIEWED A LAWYER IN PROVIDENCE.

She Was Anxious to Learn What Would Be Her Rights at Law in the Event of her Father's and Her Stepmother's Decease—The Lawyer Gave Her an Opinion and the Murders Followed.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Sept. 22.—The local police, speaking for the prosecution in the Borden murder case, have announced that they had pretty conclusive proof that the late Andrew J. Borden intended to make a will. It supplied what has appeared to be a bad break in the government's case—a positive motive for the dual murder.

The defence endeavored during the preliminary hearing to disprove the published statement by putting C. C. Cook, Mr. Borden's man of business, on the stand and securing from him the testimony that the murdered man had expressed no intention of drawing up a will.

Will Give It Attention.

The Government did not bother with this testimony at the hearing, but unless all signs fail the prosecution will give this phase of the case a great deal of attention when the trial opens.

Lizzie Borden's movements for a period of six months previous to the discovery of the crimes have been the subject of police investigation, and within the last two weeks they have been placed in possession of the facts that Lizzie Borden went to Providence by way of New Bedford from this city; that she consulted one of the most prominent lawyers in Providence, and after detailing the condition of her father's estate and the position which her stepmother occupied with reference to the property, asked what her rights in the estate would be in case of the death of her father or stepmother. The lawyer wanted a chance to look up the Massachusetts law, and he told her to call again. She went to Providence again by the same circuitous route on the Thursday before the murder, and was informed as to her rights in the property.

How the Police Got the Clue.

When Lizzie left the lawyer's office she purchased a lamp at a Westminster-street store and had it expressed to her home in this city. She also purchased other articles. The police have in their possession the tag which was attached to the bundle, and it was by this piece of paper and the records on the express company's books that she was traced to Providence.

On the day of the murders the lawyer mentioned was in a barber shop, and when a paper containing an account of the crime was placed in his hands he made an exclamation which caused a detective to follow him. Various attempts were made to get him to come to this city after the murders, but he persistently refused. He did come, however, on the Wednesday before the hearing was closed and recognized Lizzie as his client. After the hearing he announced himself as willing to tell of the prisoner's visits to his office. He will go on the stand and swear substantially to the above story.

The letter which Lizzie Borden wrote to Miss Johnson about the "very sharp hatchet" is said to have been burned, but this statement is not believed. The police have seen it within a week. Miss Johnson is a prominent school teacher of this city.

OFF-HAND RIFLE SHOOTING.

Result of the Shooting at the Aurora Meeting Yesterday.

AURORA, Ont., Sept. 22.—The Dominion Off-Hand Rifle Association met yesterday, there being about 80 visiting riflemen, representing 11 clubs. The weather was all that could be desired and the shooting was excellent. In club shooting Bradford won first, Everett second, Barrie third and Scarboro fourth. The shooting continued too late for a detailed report.

At 8 o'clock the association met in the town hall, President J. W. Crossley in the chair, and the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Simpson Rennie, Milliken; hon. president, J. W. Crossley, King; 1st vice-president, J. B. Miller, Parry Sound; 2nd vice-president, G. May, Barrie; secretary and treasurer, J. C. Clarke, Agincourt.

THE SCENE OF ACTION IS BOSTON.

And Tells the People There that Canada Is Very Friendly to the States.

BOSTON, Sept. 22.—Ald. E. A. Macdonald of Toronto, who is in Boston on the invitation of the North American Union League, believes strongly in the annexation of Canada to the United States. While he does not pretend to say Canada is openly wildly enthusiastic for annexation, he does claim that all through the Dominion there is a feeling of great friendship for the United States. So far as Canada is concerned, he says, annexation will be the only important thing to be determined at the next general elections.

A SOCIETY EVENT IN MONTREAL.

The Late Sir Hugh Allan's Daughter Weds a Wealthy Rancher.

MONTREAL, Que., Sept. 22.—A big society event was the marriage of Miss Edith Allan, youngest daughter of the late Sir Hugh Allan, to Mr. J. T. Routledge, a wealthy rancher of Pincher Creek, Alberta. The marriage was solemnized in St. Andrew's Church, a large number of guests being present. The bride was given away by her brother, H. Montagu Allan. Mr. and Mrs. Routledge left for Bellmere, Lake Memphramagog, where the bride has a handsome country residence.

His Majesty of Vey.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 22.—A young negro who has spent four years at the Central Tennessee College in this city has been called to a throne in Africa. His name is Momolu Massaui and he is from the Vey country, a region of interior Africa adjoining Liberia. He was converted some years ago to Christianity by Mrs. Mary Brierly, an English missionary, and through her influence and that of Bishop Fennick of Louisville he was brought to this country and put to school. He received the news to-day that his father, King Balah, had been killed in a war, and he is called to reign in his stead.

The Cost of the Buffalo Strike.

ALBANY, Sept. 22.—Although not a single regiment which did duty at Buffalo has sent in its pay-roll to the adjutant-general, the state officers have estimated the entire cost of the troops during their week's tour there, and are preparing to raise the necessary amount to pay all bills. This amount, Governor Flower says, will be about $200,000, but not in excess of $250,000.

Smallpox in New York.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Three children in one family were yesterday found by the health inspectors suffering from smallpox. The family lives in a tenement house, which is crowded with people. The children were removed to North Brother Island and the house was fumigated.

A Prince Marries a Singer.

DARMSTADT, Sept. 22.—Prince Henry of Hess was married yesterday to a singer named Hoxie, daughter of a Croatian deputy. The civil ceremony was performed in the presence of Prince William of Hesse.

Oddfellows' Grand Lodge.

PORTLAND, Ore., Sept. 22.—At a session yesterday of the Sovereign Grand Lodge of Oddfellows the headquarters of the order were changed from Columbus, Ohio, to Baltimore, Md. The vote stood 129 to 25.

Montreal Adopts the Trolley.

MONTREAL, Que., Sept. 22.—The first electric car in Montreal made its trial trip yesterday. The company are satisfied, but several hitches occurred and at one time horses had to be procured to start the car again.

Mrs. Harrison at the White House.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The special train bearing Mrs. Harrison reached here at 8.45 yesterday morning. Mrs. Harrison stood the journey very well and was removed at once in an ambulance to the White House.

Charged With Murder and Riot.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 22.—The grand jury returned true bills yesterday against 167 Homesteaders for murder and aggravated riots. It is not known when the trials will begin.

THE PITH OF THE NEWS.

The Spice of the Morning Papers And the Very Latest Telegrams.

Statistics show that trade does not decline in presidential years.

The Prussian army contains five women who are regimental chiefs.

Belgium is declared to be the most intemperate country of Europe.

A firm in Providence, R.I., has been making shoestrings for 100 years.

A large colony of disappointed Oklahoma home-seekers have left for Central America.

It is stated that there are 37,000 women acting as telegraph operators in this country.

More United States vessels visit the Mexican ports than those of all other nations combined.

After gathering in their crops in Utah, 500 Mormon families will move to Mexico in the autumn.

At Tifton, Ind., Stella Anderson fell from a tree, impaling herself on a fence picket. She will die.

The post office at Sturgeon Falls was broken into and $375 stolen from the safe a few days ago.

A society has been organized in Iowa whose object it is to push the pansy as the flower of America.

The bagpipe, the favorite Scotch and Italian instrument, was invented by the Greeks in 200 B.C.

Among the relics to be exhibited at the world's fair is a necklace which once belonged to Pocahontas.

Mr. Perley, ex-chief engineer of the public works department, Ottawa, is gradually recovering from his long illness.

The Danish government has issued a decree forbidding the importation of dogs from any foreign country except Sweden and Norway.

Though the next total solar eclipse does not take place until April 15th, 1893, astronomers are already astir making plans for observing it.

A novel feature of the Springfield, Mass., street car system is the letting of electric cars to parties who wish to hire. The price is $2 an hour.

The pension agency in Topeka is the largest in the country. It pays out annually $15,000,000 to veterans of Kansas, Missouri and Colorado.

Probably the heaviest rudder on record is that made for the torpedo boat Vulcan. It was forged in a single piece, and weighs twenty-two tons.

A black pearl necklace worn by lady Ilchester at a recent entertainment is said to be worth $125,000. There is only a single row of the gems.

One of the natural curiosities of Asia is the great salt desert of Persia. It is many miles in extent, and is a solid incrustation of salt several feet thick.

A pair of gloves passes through about 200 hands from the moment that the skin leaves the dressers until the gloves are purchased by the intending wearer.

J. M. Chilson, of Towanda, Pa., has issued a challenge to James Corbett to fight to a finish for $1,000 a side. Chilson weighs 187 pounds and is six feet tall.

Le Canada announces, on what it calls reliable authority, that premier Abbott goes to England with the object of receiving an hereditary title from her majesty.

SOME LIVELY EXPERIENCES.

A Priest Assaulting the Fiancee of a Very Beautiful Girl.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—Miss Lizzie O'Neill, of 5206 State street, was a pretty face and a charming figure. Her family came to Chicago from Cleveland in December last. Lizzie has had a most peculiar experience. According, to one story, she was sought in marriage by the Rev. E. M. Hennessey, a Catholic priest. The other has it that the priest sought to bring about the marriage with a wealthy parishioner. It is said that Father Hennessey, who prepared Miss O'Neill for her first communion, at Cleveland, fell in love with her. He was a frequent caller at the house. Then the family removed to Chicago and Father Hennessey was transferred to Dungannon, Ohio, and later on was placed in a church at Dubuque, Iowa. One day last week the priest unexpectedly called upon the O'Neills. On last Sunday he called and waited until the girl returned from church with her affianced, Cyril Bravo. This enraged the priest and he attacked Bravo and drove him from the house. On Monday Hennessey boarded a State street car upon which Miss O'Neill and Bravo were riding. Again the priest assaulted Bravo and the woman becoming frightened jumped from the car and was badly shaken up. Then the girl's brother called upon Archbishop Feehan for protection. A guard is on duty at the O'Neill homestead. Edward O'Neill, a brother, has sworn out a warrant charging the ex-priest with assaulting his sister, himself and sweet heart Cyril Bravo. Mrs. O'Neill asserts that Hennessey has been planning to marry her daughter to a wealthy man. She said yesterday, that, in Cleveland not long ago, the priest called upon her in company with a man of means and asked her consent to the marriage of her daughter to his friend. Mrs O'Neill told the man that her daughter was already engaged and that she would not interfere with her plans.

The Locomotive Firemen.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 22.—The Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen are nearing the end of their session. Yesterday they completed the election of officers by choosing the following executive committee: Eugene Ball, Stratford, Ont.; Harry Walton, Philadelphia; George Brown, Chicago; Frederick Keller, Houston, Tex.; T. P. O'Rourke, Pocataligo, Idaho.

Harrisburg, Pa., was chosen as the place for the next convention, to meet the first Monday in Sept., 1894. The newly-elected officers were installed.

She is Laden With Munitions of War.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Collector Hendricks yesterday received from Washington a telegram ordering him to release the steamer South Portland. He at once granted her clearance papers, and as soon as Captain Smith received them he hurried to his vessel, saying there would be no time lost in getting out to sea.

It is expected the steamer Catharine Whitney, chartered by the Venezuelan Consul, will follow the South Portland and endeavor to prevent her landing her cargo of arms in Venezuela.

Securing Big Wages.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—The *Press* says the complete stoppage of immigration has already had its effect on the supply of domestic help in this city. The larger intelligence offices receive constant recruits among the young Irish, German and Swiss girls who come to this country as immigrants. As this supply has now been entirely cut off there is an unusual demand for American girls, and the supply in New York is insufficient for the demands. Housekeepers are seeking the "help" instead of the "help" hunting the housekeepers. Girls for general housework have, until this fall, been obtainable for $14 a month and board. They are now exacting $16, $18 and $20.

Burned By Electricity.

BUFFALO, N.Y., Sept. 22.—A broken telegraph wire strongly charged by contact with the trolley wires of the Dunkirk and Fredonia electric railway fell across a horse's neck at Fredonia, yesterday morning. There was a sizzling blue flame and the neck was burned nearly half through before the shrieking horse was extricated. The animal was shot. Another horse was badly shocked.

Suicided Because He Lost.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 22.—Harry Elliott, a young soldier at the United States barracks, who recently married, lacked a few dollars of enough to buy a housekeeping outfit. He started out, last night, to win, at the gaming table, the balance he needed, but luck was not with him. He lost every cent he had, and later his bride found him a corpse. He had taken a fatal dose of morphine.

Death Of A Wealthy Dealer.

HALIFAX, Sept. 22.—The death occurred, this morning, of Daniel Cronan, a well-known West India merchant, of this city, and one of the wealthiest men of the place. He was in his eighty-fourth year.

ORANGEVILLE, April 4th, 1892.

DR. L. A. SMITH & CO.: DEAR SIRS—Anti-Dandruff is evidently giving satisfaction. I have sold about half of the gross I bought from you on the 23rd of January last. I use it in my own family and like it well. Can recommend it to all who are troubled with dandruff. Yours truly, THOS. STEVENSON.

AN ALLAN STEAMER HELD

NEW YORK OFFICIALS DETAIN THE STATE OF NEVADA.

A Stoker Died Aboard of Her, But There Does Not Seem to Be Anything Wrong With Her—May Be Allowed to go to Her Dock To-Day—The Ravages of Cholera on the Continent.

QUARANTINE, Sept. 22.—Dr. Jenkins ordered back to quarantine yesterday the Allan Line steamer State of Nevada on account of the recent death of a stoker. After her arrival at her dock Dr. Jenkins said there was an interesting story attached to the recall to quarantine of the State of Nevada, but contented himself for the present by saying: "The State of Nevada came from Glasgow, a perfectly healthy port. Her cabin passengers were discharged. It was my intention to hold her for the 20 days' rule and I informed the steamship agent that I would not allow her to go up unless he obtained the consent of the collector of the port. I subsequently received word from the collector that if the steamer was all right she should be allowed to go up."

In a Crowded Tenement.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Patrick Stewart, 50 years old, employed at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and living on the second floor of a crowded tenement at 15 Morris-street, this city, has been sent to hospital as a suspected case of cholera. The house has been quarantined and disinfected.

The Hamburg Company Sued.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Papers were filed in the United States Court yesterday by Cortland S. Van Rensselaer of this city, who was a passenger on the steamship Normannia, in a suit for $10,000 against the Hamburg-American Packet Company. He says he was assured by the London agents that no steerage passengers would be carried, and relying on these assurances he was booked a passenger from London to New York.

No New Cases at Camp Low.

CAMP LOW, Sandy Hook, Sept. 22.—The night report issued by Surgeon-Major Sawtelle, who has succeeded Gen. Hamilton as commandant of the Camp, reports no new cases of sickness and improvement in the condition of all in the hospital, including Mr. Gutel Domiz, the only cholera patient.

A Case In New Jersey.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N.J., Sept. 22.—A despatch was received here yesterday by the Local Board of Health from Dr. Edson of New York, stating that Capt. James Carr, who died Sunday, died of Asiatic cholera as shown by the bacteriological examination. The announcement has caused the health board to redouble their precautions in quarantining the Carr residence.

Winnipeg Will Consider It.

WINNIPEG, Sept. 22.—At a meeting of the Winnipeg Board of Trade material was submitted from the Quebec Board addressed to Hon. Mr. Carling, Minister of Agriculture, regarding defects in Canadian quarantine and asking for the co-operation of the Winnipeg Board in demanding complete suspension of immigration for 30 days, owing to the cholera epidemic in Hamburg and the East.

The question was discussed by the members, when it was decided to postpone decision for one week in order that the views of the people could be obtained before taking such decisive step as asking for complete prohibition of immigration. It was thought that if Manitoba made a request for the stoppage of settlers from Europe it might have serious effect on future immigration to this country.

The Dead Lie Unburied in Teheran.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—A Paris correspondent says the French consul at Teheran reports that cholera cases in Persia have always proved fatal in a single day. A whole regiment of soldiers have deserted. The dirt and stench from the unburied dead are frightful. The consul had to bake his own bread. Pilgrimages were resorted to as a means of getting rid of the scourge. The pilgrims, however, died in batches on the road. The French consul at Tauris, where 500 persons died daily, lost his sister and a daughter.

Pilgrimages Forbidden.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—Besides forbidding excursions to this city for the coming Republican fete, the Government has forbidden railway excursions to Lourdes and other shrines from infected cities. Hotelkeepers are angry over the loss of their expected harvest.

Berlin Cases Due to Bad Water.

BERLIN, Sept. 22.—The recent cases of cholera here were almost certainly due to the drinking of river water. Hundreds of Hamburgers are having their supplies of provisions sent to them by relays in Berlin. They do this through fear of being infected by food purchased in Hamburg, which is also rendered impalatable by the odor of brimstone used in disinfection and which permeates the whole city.

Austrian Schools Closed.

VIENNA, Sept. 22.—All the schools in Cracow are closed. The town is divided into 60 sanitary districts, each of which is under a special commission. Public fairs have been prohibited throughout Galicia and precautionary measures have been taken in all the chief towns, such as the early closing of taverns and other public resorts and the formation of sanitary committees. All the theatres in Lemberg have been closed.

Sixty-four Deaths in Hamburg.

HAMBURG, Sept. 22.—According to the official figures there were 149 new cases of cholera and 64 deaths here yesterday.

Still Raging in Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 22.—Forty-eight new cases of cholera and 16 deaths were reported in this city yesterday.

Ordered to Sea.

LISBON, Sept. 22.—It is stated that the steamer Reichstag, which arrived in the Tagus yesterday from Hamburg and which was ordered to leave the river, had 10 cases of cholera on board.

Deaths at Antwerp.

ANTWERP, Sept. 22.—Two new cholera cases and four deaths were reported here yesterday and at Mons three cases and one death.

Thought To Be a Cholera Case.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Mrs. Vincenzo Grappolas died last night at her home on the ground floor, rear of No. 104 Bayard-street. It is suspected from cholera.

Prairie Fire in Dakota.

FARGO, N.D., Sept. 22.—A big prairie fire is raging north of this city, and is being fanned by a strong wind. Many farmers have been too busy to prepare fire breaks, and it is feared much damage will be done.

The Lottery Looking for a Resting Place.

FARGO, N.D., Sept. 22.—The statement is made here that the Louisiana Lottery has not yet given up all hope of gaining a foothold in North Dakota and that wires are being pulled in certain legislative districts to defeat the amendment to the constitution, which will come up for action at the next session of the legislature, prohibiting the granting of any charter to a lottery.

Desperate Negro Tramps.

DES MOINES, Sept. 22.—News has reached here of an attempt of a gang of negro tramps to loot and burn the village of Spencer in the northwestern part of the state. A pitched battle was fought between the negroes and citizens, and revolvers were used recklessly. Five negroes are in jail, and the people of the town are intensely excited. It is reported that a number were seriously injured in the melee.

Another Gift Enterprise Gone Up.

BOSTON, S