MISCELLANEOUS.

Drains

THE HEALTH of cities and towns causes so largely into the prospect of their future advancement, that sound policy dictates the adoption of any means likely to improve the general healthe or remove evils that are known to exist.

Medical men and sanitary engineers are unanimous in tracing the source of epidemics of contagious diseases to the door of imperfect drainage, and the vast amount of money already spent and now being expended in the great cities of Europe and America in perfecting the sewerage systems is proof of the importance attached to this subject by the greatest engineers of the world.

In London, Eng., between 1855 and 1865, $20,000,000 was spent in drainage—the result being that the death-rate was reduced from 55 to the 1,000 to 23 to 1,000. This reduction of mortality was affected among the same occupants without any change in their habits.

It is all important that our Drainage system should improve with the City's growth. Not only must special attention be given to the proper position and arrangement of sewers, but the quality of material used in their construction is also of vital importance. The vitrified Salt Glazed Drain Pipes made by the Standard Drain Pipe Co. are without doubt, the best made in Canada and if we are to judge from the tests by prominent engineers, they are superior in quality and appearance to any imported pipes. We always keep on hand a full stock of Standard Pipes and Fittings and are prepared to give advice as to the construction of Drains and all Sanitary Fixtures. Get our prices.

McKELVEY & BIROH,

Plumbers and Sanitary Engineers, 69 and 71 Brock Street.

HOW TO KEEP COOL!

Don't burn wood or coal, but use a Coal Oil Stove. Wire balloon fly Traps 13c. Fruit Jar Fillers, an indispensible article in preserving time, only 8c. Fruit Jars, pints, quarts, and half-gallons, Crows and Gem, very latest goods made. Jelly Glasses at popular prices. Rubbers for jars, 10c per doz. Glass Lemon Squeezers, 8c, or 2 for 15c. Tumblers 6 for 25c. We still keep the lead in Teas. 35c Tea for 17c; 50c Tea for 25c; and 60c tea for 30c per pound. Toothpicks, 3 packages for 5c. Hammocks, Croquet, Express Waggons, Toy Carts, Toy Wheelbarrows, Rocking Horses, Doll Carriages, Camp Chairs and Stools. Soaps—Here is one of the greatest bargains we have ever offered: 8 bars test Electric Soap in the World for 25c. 10 bars Laundry Soap for 25c. Fine Imported Castile Soap and Glycerine Soap 3c per cake. 3 cakes of Fine Toilet Soap in chrome box for 8c. Hundreds of other soaps at popular prices. Half-pound Imported Castile Soap, guaranteed to be the finest soap in the market, at 8c per half pound or two and a half pounds for 25c. Lily White Starch, best starch in the market, put up in chrome box, 7c per pound; 3 pounds Fine Laundry Starch for 15c per box. Best Yellow Papers Corn Starch for 9c. Shoe Blacking 1c per box.

WOODS' FAIR

AND SEVEN CENT STORE,

At Weaver's Old Stand, Two Doors from the City Hotel.

A TUMBLE

—IN—

FOOT GEAR

We'll move back to our old stand about SEPT. 1st.

Don't want to move back any more of our present stock than we can help. Have, therefore, put a Low Price Lever under every pair of BOOTS and SHOES here, and they must now move out.

Of course you want to have your Finger in the Pie, so come and see us.

SUTHERLAND

Temporarily One Door above City Hotel

Neat Shape and Fine Material. : : :

OUR $2.00

Ladies' Kid Lace Shoe.

- W. ALLEN & SON. -

EDUCATIONAL.

Kingston Business College.

DO YOU DESIRE A BUSINESS EDUCATION?

We can give you a short course SHORTHAND OR BOOK-KEEPING under an excellent staff of teachers and in suitably equipped rooms. Write or call at the office for particulars. Address

KINGSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE,

ODDFELLOWS' BLOCK KINGSTON, ONT

Ontario Agricultural College

Will Re-Open on 1st October.

FULL COURSES OF LECTURES on Agriculture, Live Stock, Dairying, Veterinary Science, Chemistry, Geology, Botany and other subjects required by young men intending to be Farmers.

For circular, giving full information, apply to JAMES MILLS, M.A., President.

Guelph, Aug. 1892

ALBERT COLLEGE

BELLEVILLE, ONT.

Leads the Colleges—enrollment 187. Largest number of matriculants of any College in Canada. Will re-open TUESDAY, SEPT. 6th. 92. Calendar address PRINCIPAL DYER, M.A., B.Sc.

MUSICAL.

R. E. SPARKS, B.A., L.D.S., D.D.S., DENTIST. Office—139 Princess Street. Residence—152 University Avenue. Office hours 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Saturday evening 7 to 10. Telephone 248 B. S. A. Ackrow, D.D.S., L.D.S., Assistant.

A. E. HOWELL, ORGANIST QUEEN St. A.M. Methodist Church, gives lessons in Piano Forte and Organ playing. Residence 187 Queen street, opposite Queen Street Church.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ITCHING AND SCALY.

Skin Disease Nine Years. Doctors and Medicines Useless. Cured by Cuticura for $4.75.

I feel it my duty to tell you my experience with your Cuticura Remedies. I have been troubled for over nine years with a dreadful skin disease. When I first felt the itching there appeared a few small red spots on my breast, and it kept on spreading slowly. It started on the same on my back, between my shoulders. A few days after the spots turned gray and began itching. Small scales would fall off, so it continued spreading all over my body. I tried all the patent medicines I could think of, or get hold of. I also consulted doctors. Yes, they would cure me in a short time, but they always failed. Then I gave it all up, thinking there was no cure for me. Some few months ago, I noticed your advertisement in the Toronto Morning Globe, thought I would try the Cuticura remedies, not thinking it would do me much good, but to my surprise, three boxes of Cuticura one cake of Cuticura Soap, and three bottles of Cuticura Resolvent cured me entirely. My skin is now as white and pure as that of a child. I send my photograph. I have many friends in Chicago, Ill., and St. Paul, Minn.

JOHN E. PEARSON,
P. O. Box 1084, Whatcom, Washington

Cuticura Resolvent.

The new Blood and Skin Purifier, internally, and Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, and Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally, instantly relieve and speedily cure every disease and humor of the skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair, from infancy to age, from pimples to scrofula.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 75c; SOAP, 35c; RESOLVENT, $1.50. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

"How to Cure Skin Diseases." 64 pages 50 illustrations and 100 testimonials, mailed free.

WEAK, PAINFUL KIDNEYS.

With their weary dull, aching, lifeless, all gone sensation, relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti Pain Plaster, the first and only instantaneous pain-killing strengthening plaster. 30c.

GRAND EXCURSION TO ITALY.

By the elegant and palatial steamer "WERRA," of the Nordeutscher Lloyd Steamship Company.

LEAVING NEW YORK OCTOBER 1st.

Arriving in Genoa October 12th, returning by the sister steamer "EMS" of the same line.

LEAVING GENOA NOVEMBER 9th,

allowing 26 days in Italy, October and November the two finest months in the year to visit Italy. The excursionists will arrive in time to see the great festivities that Genoa, la Superba, celebrates in honor of her son Christopher Columbus in commemoration of the 400th Anniversary of the Discovery of America.

And the Italo-American Exhibition, which closes in December, Chevalier A. M. F. Gianelli who will accompany the party, has made arrangements that will result in making this excursion through Italy the most complete which has ever been organized on this side of the Atlantic.

A limited number of cabins have been secured for this excursion and will be kept open to reserve up to the 30th of this month. Return tickets will be valid on any of the steamers of the North German Lloyd, via Southampton.

Price of return ticket, including first-class cabin passage and railway fares, first-class hotels, guides, carriages, etc., etc., $450.

For full particulars and explanatory circular, address GIANELLI & CO., 31 Yonge street, or 16 King street west, Toronto, Ont.

Montreal Exposition Company

GRAND PROVINCIAL

EXHIBITION,

MONTREAL

15th TO 23rd SEPTEMBER.

SECOND - ANNUAL - FAIR!

Great Show of Live Stock.

Magnificent Horticultural Display, Fine Collection of Historical Relics by the Antiquarian and Numismatic Society.

EXTRAORDINARY ATTRACTIONS.

Balloon ascension. Parachute descents by STANLEY SPENCER, the renowned English Aeronaut.

Ladies' Military Band and Concert.

Magnificent Fireworks. Splendid Music. Brilliant Electrical Illuminations.

ELECTRIC STREET CAR SERVICE DIRECT TO THE GROUNDS.

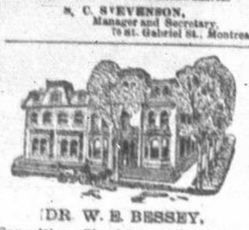
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

Admission—25 Cents.

All applications for space should be made at once.

For prize list and all information address

S. C. STEVENSON,
Manager and Secretary.
76 St. Gabriel St., Montreal.



DR. W. E. BESSEY,

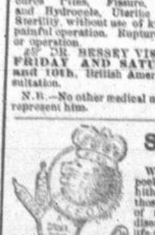
Consulting Physician, Orificial Surgeon and Gynecologist.

Private Hospital and Sanitarium, 280 Jarvis Street, Toronto.

TREATS SPECIALLY PILES, RECTAL AND PELVIC DISEASES, Stomach and Intestinal Disorders; Chronic Nervous and Sexual Diseases and Diseases of Women. Radically cures Piles, Fissure, Fistula, Varicocele and Hydrocele, Uterine Displacements and Sterility, without use of knife, cautery or other painful operation. Ruptures cured without truss or operation.

DR. BESSEY VISITS KINGSTON on FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, Sept. 9th and 10th, British American Hotel, for consultation.

N.B.—No other medical man is authorized to represent him.



ST. LEON.

WHAT BULGES their pockets as they rush hither and thither? 'Tis those half gallon bottles of nature's unrivalled disease destroyer and life restoring wonder, St Leon.

Yes, people run for it as they do for a physician in sickness and when used by patients in large droughts—hot or cold, either is agreeable—grippe, influenza and all their combined horrors vanish.

TENDERS WANTED.

SEALED TENDERS will be received up to SATURDAY, OCTOBER 1ST, for the rebuilding of the FIRST METHODIST CHURCH, PICTON, as per plans and specifications to be on view at the store of W. J. Forte, of the said town, until the first day of September, and from the first of September to the 25th of the same month, and plans &c., will be at the office of J. M. Miller, architect, Toronto, corner Yonge and Queen Streets; after that date they will be returned to Picton.

The work to begin March 1st and be fully completed by October 15th, 1893.

Tenders for the whole, or separate parts of the work are to be addressed to the undersigned. Lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted. W. J. FORTE, Chairman Building Committee.

Picton, June 25th, 1892.

NASAL BALM

It is a reliable and quickly cures cold in the Head and Catarrh in allay Hayes.

SOOTHING, CLEANSING, HEALING.

Instant Relief, Permanent Cure, Failure Impossible.

Every so called disease are slowly symptoms of Catarrh, such as head ache, partial deafness, dull heavy dull, foul breath, tickling and scaling sensations, general feeling of debility, etc. If you are troubled with any of these or similar symptoms, you have Catarrh in its worst form. Nasal Balm is producing a horde of Nasal Catarrh, which, if not checked, will lead to hard results in Consumption and death. Nasal Balm is only at all druggists, or will be sent, post paid, on receipt of price (50 cents and $1.00) by addressing

FULFORD & CO.,
Brockville, Ont.

NEVER FAILS. CURES COLD IN HEAD AND CATARRH

SWITCHMEN STILL OUT.

THE COMPANIES CLAIM TO HAVE PLENTY OF MEN.

The Strikers Say That the Men Will Not Work When the Time Comes and That the Companies Are Deceived—To-Day Will Test the Dispute Either One Way or the Other.

BUFFALO, N.Y., Aug. 20.—Unless new complications are developed before morning in the switchmen's strike, which closes its first week with midnight last night, the public may fairly measure the accuracy of the statements made by the affected companies of the movement of freight, which shall be accomplished to-day. Each of the companies has definitely stated and repeated that they had at hand enough men to replace all the strikers and to handle all their freight if protection should be assured to the new switchmen.

The 4th Brigade of 2000 men was placed on duty, but the railroad officials held that 2000 men were not sufficient to protect their new employes in the movement of traffic on the 600 miles of yard tracks which lie within this city and vicinity. Hence 5000 more troops were ordered and are here. Their assignment to duty at all points where the tied-up companies feel there might be danger has been going forward to-day. Last night every command has been placed. Every militia man will be picketed in the morning and under these conditions, which meet all the demands of the roads, their officials must to-morrow be held to practical demonstration that their reiterated claims of abundant help have been well founded.

Careful enquiry through the strike districts has demonstrated beyond reasonable doubt to Associated Press correspondents that the companies have at hand the men they have claimed. During the afternoon and night there have, to be sure, been circulating rumors and statements from the men who are out in effect that many of the men being held in readiness by the companies are now being restrained of their liberty. An accompanying statement from the same sources is that the men were employed in the east to work on western roads and they did not know until their arrival here that their service here was to be on the tied up roads.

In the Central yards personal observation of the men who are waiting leads to conclusions opposed to the strikers. The statements that the new men are restrained of their liberty, the Lake Shore road—one of the Central's western feeders—has enough men in its yards last night to man the usual number of switching engines. They arrived Thursday night and will undoubtedly be put at work in the morning. The Erie yesterday moved five trains with ten switching crews, and have in quarters more than the number of men formerly employed in sending out the Erie's daily quota of 20 trains east bound. The Central Road is fast night moving freight in its yards for the first time since the strike began. The Lehigh road has in one of its round houses men sufficient, the officials assert, to move its traffic under protection. The Nickle Plate, the last road tied up, is possibly the only one of these affected which may not have secured new help. To-day will be the test day. The claims of the companies will be verified on the assertions of the strikers will be proven true. If the roads are not absolutely crippled the volume of traffic moved to-day must prove that fact. Then it becomes only a question how long the militia shall be maintained in the yards; or how soon the strikers concede their course to be hopeless.

THE G.T.R. AFFECTED.

They Have Refused to Handle Freight For Tied-Up Roads.

BUFFALO, Aug. 20.—Mutterings have been heard all day among the Grand Trunk switchmen who crossed the International bridge with trains of freight for eastern connections. Most of the men are Canadians and all of them live at Fort Erie or Victoria on the Canadian side, or at Amagaria, one mile in the interior, where the yards and round houses of the company are located.

An incident occurred early this morning that serves to show the temper of the Grand Trunk switchmen. A New York Central engine with a crew of non-union men was attempting to move a train of live stock from Black Rock to East Buffalo. The movement was quickly noticed by the switchmen in the Lackawanna yard, and the news spread like wildfire all over Black Rock. It was at the time when the shop employes were on their way to work, and almost instantly men began to mass at the Amherst-street crossing. The green switchmen on the stock train became excited and the train was obliged to stop on the crossing while a clumsy novice was attempting to turn a switch to let it pass on the east bound track. Just as the wheels began to move a lusty Grand Trunk switchman rushed out of the throng and turning to one of the Erie strikers asked in an excited voice: "Shall I cut her for them, Pat?"

The crowd cheered and cried, "Go on, go, pull the pins, cut her in a dozen places."

But the striker slowly advanced and shook his head. Placing one hand on the Canadian's shoulder and pointing significantly across the river to where the smoke of a dozen engines raised the Amagara yards, he said: "no Jack, not here, there is no place for you to work. See that you do it when the time comes. 150 cars of Erie freight are standing in the Grand Trunk yards at Victoria and Amagara. The company received them, but the switchmen refused point blank to handlecue of them. In marked contrast with usual arbitrary description of the great Canadian system the refusal was received by the officials in silence and no attempt was made to force the switchmen to handle the freight. The significance of this action on the part of the Trunk men cannot be ever estimated, as it shows that they are thoroughly organized and in accord with the American Federation. They seem to have no hesitancy in forcing an issue and there can be little doubt that they are ready to meet it at a moment's warning. The property interests of the Grand Trunk and Michigan Central at Victoria and Amagara are very large. The former corporation owns a large ice-house, where cars of fresh meat are iced. Should the acts of violence that characterized the outbreak of the strike on the Lehigh and Erie at East Buffalo be repeated in the Canadian yards great destruction of property would follow, as there is no means whatever of coping with the fire.

It is by no means improbable that within a few days the waters of the Niagara River at this point may reflect the red coats of the Canadian Grenadiers on one side and the blue uniforms of the New York State Guards on the other.

How Toronto Railroads Feel.

All day yesterday there was a good deal of excitement in Grand Trunk circles over the report that employes would be required to move cars from Buffalo in place of the men who are now on strike there.

Last night a reporter of The World visited the Esplanade and had a quiet chat with two or three of the trainmen there. Said number one, "The Grand Trunk is no fool and is not likely to precipitate trouble by taking part in a funeral in which they have no interests. We were all notified to-day that Mr. Arthur of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers had gone over there to see what could be done. Personally I do not think he can have much influence. But we all know him and have confidence in him and whatever he may say will carry weight wit's it."

Another railroader, a man who has been 25 years in the service, said: "There have been all sorts of yarns flying round, but I take no stock in any of them. The Grand Trunk knows too much to meddle with what don't belong to it and I don't think it will. But see here, if it were foolish enough to go into this thing it would be making a terrible mistake. We all sympathize with the Buffalo boys and no action of yours shall in any way put them to extra trouble or difficulty. They are railroaders and so are we, and no one knows it better than the Grand Trunk. Fair play is bonny play, and we propose to have bonny play at all costs.

A Big Bill for Erie County.

BUFFALO, Aug. 20.—Erie county is now largely interested in the railroad strike, being called upon to foot a bill of nearly $20,000 a day to protect the property of the railroads. It is estimated that in all 8000 of the National Guard have been called to Buffalo at an average expense of about $2.50 per day per capita. In addition we may have to pay damages for property destroyed and for the deportation of workmen who profess to have been lured here by false representation.

The men are angry at the action of the state and county in calling out so many troops and incurring, so they say, a needless expense to benefit one of the parties—and that the richer of the two—without compelling them to submit the questions in dispute to arbitration.

The massing here of the troops for the protection of the railroad property and its imported non-union workmen is the trump card played by the roads. They say they can soon end the strike if they have all the protection they need.

Vice-President Webb Sanguine.

BUFFALO, Aug. 20.—Vice-President Webb of the New York Central thinks the backbone of the strike is broken. His men, of course, are not of his opinion, and there is ample room for a diversity of views. The men say the battle is as yet beginning, and that it will include firemen, trainmen, engineers and conductors, as necessity may require, until victory is won. The switchmen profess to be able to hold out for a month or two at least, while the companies say: "We can stand it if they can." From a union standpoint the present strike differs from that of two years ago in that it has been regularly called and fanctioned by the grand master. This strike will be a duel to the death between organized labor and its sworn foes.

The Union's View.

CHICAGO, Aug. 20.—Grand Secretary Sinscrot of the switchmen's union said last night: "As long as the situation in Buffalo remains in its present shape there will be no general strike ordered along the entire lines of the affected roads. Even in case the companies should succeed in raising the blockade at Buffalo with non-union men no such strike will be ordered in Chicago until it is decided upon at a mass meeting of all the local unions. From present indications I am inclined to think there will be no necessity for such a move, as I think the railroad companies see that the spirit manifested by other organizations of railroad employes is in favor of the strikers, and that the companies will make the concessions asked before they will precipitate a general strike of all the organizations."

Referring in this connection to the concessions asked of the railway companies Mr. Sinscrot said: "Anyone would naturally think to read the interviews with the officials of the railroads that the switchmen were making demands which, if conceded, would wreck their companies. Nothing, however, is further from the truth. The switchmen are asking 27 cents per hour as a maximum rate of wages and that for men who work at night. The day men are only asking 26 cents per hour. Now a comparison of these wages with those received by almost any class of skilled mechanics will, I think, demonstrate the justice of such demands."

The distribution of the grand officers of the organization indicates that arrangements are being made for a long and determined fight. Vice-Grand Master Downey has taken up quarters in New York city, and Mills W. Barrett, grand organizer, has been ordered to Cleveland to prepare for the expected battle there.

THE BORDEN TRAGEDY.

A New Theory for Solving the Fall River Mystery.

FALL RIVER, MASS., Aug. 20.—The Government is getting its evidence in shape for presentation next Monday. At 9 o'clock yesterday all the policemen employed on the case held a consultation at police headquarters.

It has been learned from reliable authority the State will attempt to prove that Miss Lizzie's motive in committing the crime, if she is guilty, was to gain the estate that the family had recently been in discussion relative to the making of a will, and that Mr. Borden had already taken preliminary steps in that direction by having commenced to take an inventory of his property. At this family consultation he informed his daughters that it was his intention to draw a will in favor of his wife, because she had been to him a faithful and devoted companion, and to them a true and loving mother, and that in view of these facts he felt that she deserved more at his hands than a widow's dower.

To this declaration of Mr. Borden the State will attempt to prove that the daughters were opposed, and that to it is due the estrangement which is known to have existed among the members of the household. It is thought that this important piece of testimony can be supplied by John V. Morse and Emma Borden.

Inspector Hathaway of the New Bedford police has been at work on this part of the testimony for several days. He has found out much to strengthen the Government case, and to night the feeling in police circles is stronger than ever that Lizzie is guilty.

Struck by a Train and Killed

BARRIE, Ont., Aug. 20.—Mr. James McKee, agent of the Singer Sewing Machine Company here, was struck by the mail train from Toronto while driving across the Tollendale crossing, about a mile south of Allendale, yesterday. He was brought to Barrie, but died shortly after the arrival of the train. His horse was killed instantly.

Muley Hassan's Chief Eunuch.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—A letter from Fez reports that the Sultan's chief eunuch, Bubilai, recently killed a little negro slave by slowly pouring boiling water over the child's head. This child is the fifth slave murdered in this way.

Although the Moors are accustomed to cruelty, an appeal was made to the Sultan to punish Bubilai, but the Sultan declined to do so on account of the high market value of the eunuch.

Alone on the Ocean.

CORUNNA, Spain, Aug. 20.—The Spanish steamer Vera Cruz from Havana, arrived yesterday. She reports that on Aug. 5, in latitude 42 north, longitude 49 west, she spoke the small boat commanded and manned by Captain Andrews, bound from Atlantic City, New Jersey, U.S.A., for Huelva. The Vera Cruz offered to supply provisions, but Captain Andrews declared that he did not want anything. Captain Andrews reported that all was well with him and his craft.

Famous Singer Dead.

PARIS, Aug. 20.—A dispatch from Etretat, Department of Seine Inferieure, announces that Mme. Trebelli-Bettini, the well-known contralto, died yesterday.

CANAL TOLLS.

This and the Subject of the Premier's Health Cause Discussion.

OTTAWA, Aug. 20.—The question of the canal tolls continues to be discussed in political circles with about as much vigor as before the Government arrived at its decision in regard to rebates. The majority of the ministers are credited with being of the opinion that the United States will still put in force their retaliatory act, notwithstanding the offer made by the Dominion Government. Should this be done, there may be a fall session of the Dominion Parliament.

The health of Premier Abbott is also exciting considerable apprehension among his colleagues and followers, and it is said that he is very much worse than is generally known.

It is understood that he will take a trip down the St. Lawrence in his yacht for the benefit of his health.

Losses in the Ridgetown Fire.

RIDGETOWN, Ont., Aug. 20.—The losses in last night's fire are about as follows: A. Long, drygoods, $15,000, insurance, $10,000, distributed as follows: Fire Insurance Association, $4000; Lancashire, $2000; Queen's of Canada, $4000; Peter Bawden, druggist, loss small from smoke and water, covered by insurance in Lancashire; Bell Organ Company, loss from smoke from $100 to $200, covered by insurance in Perth Mutual. John N. Kenney's loss to building will approximate $1500, covered by insurance in Perth Mutual and Economical Mutual of Berlin. The losses of the upstairs tenants is trifling as far as can be learned.

NOT THE PATH OF PEACE.

GLADSTONE FINDS HIS WAY BESET BY TROUBLE.

The Radical Element Highly Displeased at the Extent Might Put Upon It—The Grand Old Man Has the Majority, But He is By No Means Secure in His Position.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—Mr. Gladstone's selection of some minor members of the Radical section for minor posts in the Government has not reduced the tactical mistake made in the exclusion of Radical representatives from the cabinet. Through Radicals further declare that there is not a man amongst the whole of the latest appointments who is genuinely attached to progressive opinions, Sidney Buxton, perhaps, excepted. The three new whips, Messrs. Causton, McArthur and Ellis, though nominal Radicals, have never shown that sympathy with democratic movements which is now recognized as the leading inspiration of the left wing of the Liberal party. The fact is now universally recognized that Mr. Gladstone has carefully avoided admitting to office men who are in any wise identified with independent Radicalism.

Pseudo Radicals like Mr. Burt, the miners' delegate, who is a submissive Gladstonite, and Mr. Ellis, who is called a Radical because he is strongly in favor of church disestablishment, were admissible because they have never made a covenant with the progressive evangel, while those tainted with democratic notions, men of the Labouchere stamp have been ignored. The exclusion of Mr. Stansfeld is explained by Gladstonian papers as due to his expressed desire not to hold office, but Mr. Stansfeld himself says that it must have been due to other causes. Mr. Stansfeld was ready to accept office and seemed to expect his former cabinet post, but Mr. Gladstone never communicated with him. Mutterings of the storm that will now assuredly burst from Radical regions are already distinctly heard.

An article in The Star last night, after attacking the Government for refusing to hold a winter session of Parliament and delaying Radical legislation, concludes: "Let us keep our powder dry, hoping for the best. Londoners cannot disguise from themselves the fact that though they have given Mr. Gladstone one-half of his majority, London is practically without any voice in the Government."

The note which The Star strikes indicates the drift of the Radical opposition. They will refuse to support Mr. Gladstone in subordinating everything to Home Rule, and will take independent action on social reforms.

Another danger menaces the Government in the attitude of the Welsh members, some of whom have given assurance to their constituencies that they will not vote for Home Rule unless a bill to disestablish the church in Wales be introduced concurrently. Mr. Gladstone's plans to meet some of the danger threatening an early overthrow of the Government are already seen in the formation of Cabinet committees. At today's Cabinet council during a two hours' sitting, devoted to allotting work and preparing measures embodying part of the Newcastle program, three committees, in addition to the Home Rule Committee, were formed. One committee is charged with labor questions, another is to draft bills for rural reform and local option and the third is charged with a measure of the first importance, the reforming of electoral registration.

Honors From the Queen.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—The list of honors bestowed by the Queen has been announced. The Earl of Zetland, late Viceroy of Ireland, has been created a marquis.

Viscount Cranbrook and Baron Willoughby de Eresby have been created earls.

The new barons are: The Right Hon. George Cubitt, Sir Rainald Knightly, Sir Archibald Campbell, Sir Thomas Brooks, W. A. Tyssen Amherst, W. J. Legh, John Mulholland and J. A. Rolls.

Among the Privy Councillors appointed by Her Majesty are Professor Huxley and Mr. Jesse Collings, M.P.

Among those who have been made baronets are Mr. John Jaffray of The Birmingham Post and Mr. Edward Lawson of The London Telegraph.

Mr. Ellis Ashmead-Bartlett, member of the House of Commons for Ecclesall, and Mr. John Blundell Maple, member for Dulwich, have been knighted.

Bidwell's Accomplices.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—McDonald and Hill, accomplices of Bidwell in the great bank forgeries of 1873, have been released on condition that they leave the country. They have both started for America. Hill is a snowy-haired idiot as a result of his long confinement. McDonald, except that he is aged, looks well. He says the prison system is calculated to make men mad or brutes. He was offered 10 years off his sentence if he would divulge the method of splitting bank notes. He said he refused because he did not know the method. The bank authorities, however, persist in believing he did it.

Mr. Labouchere Somewhat Bitter.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—Mr. Henry Labouchere, M.P., whose passing over by Mr. Gladstone in the formation of his Cabinet has been the occasion of so much talk, being asked his views on the situation during the coming session replied: "I have no wish to be interviewed on this subject," and in reply to a further question he added that he had "no objections to stating his intentions as to the course he would pursue with regard to the Egyptian question or giving his opinion as to the appointment of the Earl of Rosebery as Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs."

Then Mr. Labouchere said:

"I certainly intend at the earliest possible time to present a motion in favor of the early and absolute evacuation of Egypt, in accordance with the pledges which have been given. Lord Rosebery has been put into the Cabinet as a Tory watchdog in order to secure the continuance of Lord Salisbury's foreign policy. I have absolutely no confidence in Lord Rosebery as Foreign Minister."

The correspondent then asked Mr. Labouchere if he could explain how it was he had not been given a place in Mr. Gladstone's Cabinet when the general opinion was he would certainly be included in it.

Mr. Labouchere replied: "My exclusion was due to the direct action of the Queen, who resents my opposition to the royal grants. Surprise has been expressed at the fact that Mr. Gladstone yielded in a matter of such vital moment, as the royal interference is contrary to all usage, the reigning sovereign having always hitherto given the Prime Minister a free hand in the selection of his colleagues."

"What is the feeling in the Radical camp with regard to the constitution of the Cabinet?" asked the correspondent.

"The feeling over being unrepresented is very strong," replied Mr. Labouchere. "The Radical party complains that even the minor offices have been given to such young patricians, in order to qualify them to take the places of the old gang when the latter are too old for service.

"The appointments of Mr. Asquith (Home Secretary), Mr. Acland (Vice-President of the Council of Education) and Mr. Arnold Morley (Postmaster-General) are regarded almost as insults by the Radicals. None of these gentlemen, with the exception of Mr. Arnold Morley, has ever taken a prominent part in the business of the House.

"These appointments are looked upon as little Gladstonian caprices, and the prospect is not regarded as favorable by the Liberal wire-pullers.

"Mr. Gladstone is really far less strong than he is reported to be by his friends, and he is are freely made that his Ministry will not last beyond next midsummer.

"In the composition of his Cabinet he has scarcely consulted his political lieutenants, and the Premiership is now practically a commission, the Commissioners being Mrs. Gladstone, their daughter, Mrs. Drew; their son Herbert; Mr. Arnold Morley and Sir Algernon West, with the result that the Administration is entirely composed of the old gang and their spawn."

THEY DIED OF FRIGHT.

Lamentable Scenes in the Cholera Districts of Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 20.—The horrors of a frightful storm have been added to the misery and suffering caused by the cholera at Nijni Novgorod. The storm was one of the most frightful that has visited that region. It came sweeping over the town with a force and fury that many buildings were unable to resist. The cholera hospital was full of patients, many of them in a dying condition. As they heard the roar of the hurricane some of them actually died of fright. The terrible noise of the approaching storm was soon followed by the storm itself, which crushed in a large part of the cholera hospital like an eggshell, hurling the beds and wooden walls into a mass of ruins. From the debris came the shrieks and groans of the victims, a number of whom died while the work of rescue was going on.

Other buildings were also crushed, and the tents of the traders who had remained, notwithstanding the cholera, were scattered with their contents in all directions. The wretched people of Novgorod have had all the courage driven out of them by this latest visitation, and many of the superstitious declared that the Almighty had determined to destroy the city on account of the wickedness of its people. Those who could fly have deserted the place, while the people who remain can be seen in crowds at the shrines and in the churches, praying for the mercy of Heaven.

AN ESTIMATE OF CANADA.

Hannibal Smith Praised Our Queen and Our Country at Watertown.

Messrs. J. Bullis, G. H. Allen, K. McIver, R. Charlton and A. E. Elmer were among those present at the Oddfellows' banquet in Watertown, on Thursday night. Most of them made pleasing addresses. The Watertown Times had this paragraph in its report.

"The first toast was 'The Queen and the President,' responded to by Hannibal Smith. But before Mr. Smith began to talk, while all were standing, the glee club and banqueters sang 'God Save the Queen.' Mr. Smith said he had been called to respond to a toast to the queen of England and empress of India, and to the president of the United States, two forces now united in all the highest efforts for the attainment of the greatest good of mankind. He paid a glowing tribute to the queen, spoke of her extended reign and of its beneficent results, and pointed out the vastness of her dominion as being an empire on which the sun never sets. It spans Atlantic and Pacific with its flags, and everywhere the sun shines upon her loyal subjects. What a reign! Look at her literature—her Dickens, her Thackery—her works of art, her works of genius that have thrived under the beneficient reign of this most beneficient sovereign of all time. We say long live the queen, and America will ever recognize the name of her who stood forever by her during the war when we were in trouble, always true to the stars and stripes. She is a gracious mother that, like the Spartan mother, creates heroes of her sons; and the greatest and most daring heroes of all are the heroes who live across the Atlantic and across the St. Lawrence. For while the sons of New York, the richest six millions of people in the world, complain of their rulers and cower under an indebtedness of $8,000,000, you, the people of Canada, have gravely, audaciously, with all courage, inspired by this world wide queen, spanned the continent with a railroad and loaded yourselves freely with a debt of $285,000,000, and you don't care anything about it. You are the bravest boys the sun ever shone on. We groan under a debt of $1 apiece. You are booming under a debt of $285,000,000 divided by 5,000,000; you may make the division yourselves. Well, now, I can say to the queen of England and her sons: 'Go live forever; don't die, but continue on for the benefit of mankind and for civilization. We of America are beginning to find out that we are overgrown boys; we possess resources we never dreamed of. You and we are going to conquer the world. The world's civilization and its brotherhood are in our hands. We are the greatest manufacturing country in the world. We have been great sleeping boys while the queen of England and her brave sons have been capturing and making subservient the commerce of all the world. We have now got reciprocity and we are going to have the commerce of the world ourselves unless you come and join us."

Mountain Grove Matters.

MOUNTAIN GROVE, Aug. 19.—Quarterly services on Sunday were well attended. Two volunteers by the choir were well rendered and the service was interesting throughout. Rev. F. W. Squire preached his farewell sermon at St. John's church on Sunday afternoon. Miss Sarah Judge, visiting for some time at A. Laidley's, has returned to Maberly. James Parker's house was struck by lightning during the severe storm on the morning of the 9th inst. Mr. and Mrs. Parker had a very narrow escape from death as the electricity passed down the wall of their bedroom. They were slightly shocked but not seriously hurt. A boy named Charlie Howell, sleeping up stairs, also received a shock. Miss Gertie Flynn, quite ill for a few days, is getting better. Miss Orser, Kingston, and H. Martin, Florida, have returned to their schools. Miss Susie Price left for her school near Croydee; Miss L. Lochead, of Croydon, is teaching at No. 5 Olden. The 'Prentice Boys picnic was well attended. Mr. Babcock and Miss Coy, of Hinchinbrooke were married at the Methodist parsonage that day.

Rice Arrested in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Aug. 20.—Big Edward Rice, a noted criminal, was arrested at the Grand Pacific hotel yesterday. He was preparing to rob one of the big banks. In 1873 he was implicated in a bank robbery at Halifax, N.S., with Horace Hovan and another man. Rice alone escaped arrest, but later sent back the $3,000 stolen and his partners were discharged. Rice has been connected with numerous other robberies, his last having been in 1887 when he was implicated in a $5,000 robbery of the Canadian express company's office in Toronto. He was arrested, out his two companions escaped on trial. He was convicted and given four years in the Kingston prison.

Cyclone on P. E. Island.

HALIFAX, Aug. 20.—A miniature cyclone swept over a section of Prince Edward Island, Wednesday night. At O'Leary station three houses were blown down and several badly twisted; five dwellings and two barns were destroyed on the North Road and a man named McArcher killed. A strip of woods, a quarter of a mile wide, was rooted up. The crops are badly damaged. The lightning was terrific. Many barns were struck and burned. The store of Colin Wright and dwelling of James Stavert, at Bedrque were wrecked.

For And Against Rain.

HALIFAX, Aug. 20.—For some weeks the farmers of Prince Edward Island prayed for rain. Their prayers were answered and six inches of rain fell in four and a half days. Now they are 'praying for fine weather. The floods have ruined thousands of tons of hay. Instead of making hay while the sun shone the farmers waited for another inch of growth with the result of a heavy loss.

The Captain Complained.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—Revenue officers, yesterday, seized six barrels of brandy and 4,000 cigars on the steamship Heckla, of the Thinglaya line. The captain of the Heckla reported to the authorities that the mate and steward were attempting to smuggle in the goods. The mate and steward disappeared before the officers reached the vessel.

Proposed Banquet to Mr. Blake.

TORONTO, Aug. 20.—The young men's liberal club cabled an invitation to Hon. Edward Blake to attend a banquet upon his return under the auspices of the young liberals. The members of the Toronto branch of the Irish national league also purpose tendering a reception to the hon. gentleman.

The Cheese Market.

BROCKVILLE, Aug. 18.—About 5,000 boxes of cheese were boarded, of which half were white and half colored. About 500 boxes each sold at 9½c. for white, and 9½c. for colored.

A Revelation.

Our genuine ice cream soda is a great success at five cents, and is liked by everybody, but our ten cent ice cream soda is a revelation. Our frosted cream is delicious. Wilson's Pharmacy.

In Texas it is unlucky to find a horseshoe if a horse happens to be stenched to it.

OLD ENGLAND DECLINES

TO DISCUSS ANY CHANGE OF MONETARY SYSTEM.

The International Conference Will Be Held, But the British Representatives Will Be Instructed to Decline to Discuss a Silver Standard.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—The Associated Press has high authority to state that the new Government will not interfere with the completed arrangements for the International Monetary Conference. No powers were vested in the delegates appointed by the Conservative Government to assent to anything that might be proposed at the conference without prior consultation with the treasury. The instructions given the delegates are exactly similar to those given the British delegates to the Paris conference in 1881.

They are charged to decline to discuss any proposals entailing an alteration of the monetary system of England, but they are authorized to consider proposals whereby India might join an influential league of states for fixing the ratio of silver. In official circles here the question is asked whether these instructions are likely to lead to any such practical results as will induce the United States Government to proceed with