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Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 75c bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Manufactured only by the

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The Fate of Fenelia, by twenty-four popular authors. Each author has written one chapter.

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We purpose keeping all the latest novels, new and popular stories, and if you ask for one not in stock we will procure it in a day or two.

We are offering Baby Carriages at almost cost price. This is an opportunity to procure a first-class Carriage at the price of a cheap one.

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Our stock in this department must be reduced, we are almost giving it away our prices are cut so low. Call and be satisfied that we are offering bargains.

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FLUID BEEF

Is the virtue of Prime Beef in a concentrated and easily-digested form.

INVALUABLE

as a strength-giving Food.

City Property to Rent or Sell.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UNTIL 24TH INSTANT, FOR THE SALE OF THE PREMISES, on Corner of Clarence and King Street, lately occupied as a Saloon and Butcher Shop; also for a Lease of the Premises for one year or more. No tender necessarily accepted.
R. VASHON ROGERS, Ontario street.
June 14th, 1893.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

ARE NOT a Purgative Medicine. They are a BLOOD BUILDER, TONIC and RECONSTRUCTOR, as they supply in a condensed form the substances actually needed to enrich the Blood, curing all diseases coming from POOR and WATERY BLOOD, or from VITIATED HUMORS in the BLOOD, and also invigorate and BUILD UP the BLOOD and SYSTEM, when broken down by overwork, mental worry, disease, excesses and indiscretions. They have a SPECIFIC ACTION on the SEXUAL SYSTEM of both men and women, restoring LOST VIGOR and correcting all IRREGULARITIES and SUPPRESSIONS.

EVERY MAN who finds his mental faculties dull or failing, or his physical powers flagging, should take these PILLS. They will restore his lost energies, both physical and mental.

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For sale by all druggists, or will be sent upon receipt of price (50c. per box), by addressing
THE DR. WILLIAMS' MED. CO.
Brockville, Ont.

THE REFORMERS PLATFORM.

TARIFF REFORM AND FREER TRADE WITH ENGLAND AND THE STATES

Together With a Repeal of the Franchise Act, Senate Reform, and a Prohibition Plebiscite—Mr. Laurier On the Manitoba Schools.

OTTAWA, June 22.—The afternoon and evening sessions of the Liberal convention were devoted to resolutions and speeches. The report of the Committee on Resolutions submitted a platform with a dozen planks.

The resolution is as follows:

We, the Liberal party of Canada, in convention assembled, declare that the customs tariff of the Dominion should be based, not as it now is, upon the protective principle, but upon the requirements of the public service.

That the existing tariff, founded upon an unsound principle and used, as it has been, by the Government, as a corrupting agency wherewith to keep themselves in office, has developed monopolies, trusts and combinations; it has decreased the value of farm and other landed property; it has oppressed the masses to the enrichment of a few; it has checked immigration; it has caused loss of population; it has impeded commerce; it has discriminated against Great Britain. In these and many other ways it has occasioned great public and private injury, all of which evils must continue to grow in intensity so long as the present tariff system remains in force.

That the highest interests of Canada demand a removal of this obstacle to our country's progress by the adoption of a sound fiscal policy, which, while not doing injustice to any class, will promote domestic and foreign trade and accelerate the return of prosperity to our people.

That to that end the tariff should be reduced to the needs of honest, economical and efficient government; that it should be so adjusted as to make free or to bear as lightly as possible upon the necessaries of life, and should be so arranged as to promote freer trade with the whole world, more particularly Great Britain and the United States.

We believe that the results of the protective system have grievously disappointed thousands of persons who honestly supported it, and that the country in the light of experience is now prepared to declare for a sound fiscal policy. The issue between the two political parties on this great question is now clearly defined.

That the Government themselves admit the failure of their fiscal policy and now propose to reform it, but they say that such changes must be based only on the principle of protection. This is radically unsound and unjust to the masses of the people, and we declare our conviction that any tariff changes based on that principle must fail to afford any substantial relief from the burdens under which the country labors. This issue we unhesitatingly accept, and upon it we await with the fullest confidence the verdict of the electors of Canada.

The second and next most important resolution urged that there should be the most friendly relations between Canada and the United States, that the old reciprocity treaty was advantageous to both countries, that a new fair and liberal reciprocity treaty would enormously increase trade and commerce and that the Liberal party is ready to enter into such a treaty, including a well-considered list of manufactured articles.

The other resolutions denounced the corruption of the Government in squeezing election funds out of railway subsidies, denounced administrative waste and extravagance, demanded the repeal of the Franchise Act, condemned gerrymandering, advocated a plebiscite of the people regarding the prohibition of liquor, urged Northwest land regulations more favorable to the settler as against the speculator, and advocated reform of the Dominion Senate.

The resolutions were adopted with almost unbroken unanimity.

The chief possibility of danger in the convention was averted by a short speech by the Liberal leader on the Manitoba school question, in which he said that as the Dominion Government had asked the Supreme Court to decide whether the Government had a right to interfere to assist the Catholic schools in Manitoba, he (Laurier) and the Liberal party would await the result in silence. If the Supreme Court said the Government had no constitutional right to interfere the Liberals must acquiesce.

All the leading members of the party spoke during the submittal of the resolutions and a considerable number of delegates also joined in.

Mr. Tarte spoke on the Manitoba school question, but accepted the position of Mr. Laurier.

In the evening the last resolutions were disposed of and the convention adjourned sine die, most of the delegates leaving by special trains.

SIXTEEN BURNED TO A CRISP.

Explosion of Benzine Destroys a Chemical Works With Loss of Life.

ODESSA, June 22.—The Brodski chemical works were completely destroyed yesterday by an explosion of benzine.

The director of the works and 15 other men were burned to a crisp.

A number of men escaped, but several of them were terribly injured, the victims being covered with liquid fire.

A Fire From Water.

HAMILTON, June 22.—The heavy rain caused a fire yesterday, paradoxical as it may seem. The downpour choked the draft in the kiln flues at the Hamilton and Toronto Sewer Pipe Works, Main-street west, and forced the flames out of the furnace hole, setting fire to the woodwork. The department was called out, but the rain did most of the putting-out work. The loss will not exceed $100.

A County Poorhouse Burned.

KENTVILLE, N.B., June 22.—The county poorhouse at Greenwick, about two miles east of this town, was totally destroyed by fire at noon on Tuesday. The fire was caused by one of the inmates upsetting a stove in the kitchen. The building was insured for $1200.

A Cement Plant Burned.

SYRACUSE, N.Y., June 22.—The Duryea Portland Cement Company's plant near Montezuma, Cayuga County, was destroyed by fire early yesterday. Loss on building and stock, $125,000; insurance, $25,000.

THE SALISBURY-BLAINE PROPOSAL.

Mr. Christopher Robinson Defends the Canadian Intervention.

PARIS, June 22.—In the Court of Arbitration Sir Richard Webster submitted the papers in the Anglo-Russian negotiation regarding the seizure of seals in Behring Sea last year, showing Russia's offer to idemnify the owners of the schooners Magowen and Ariel, which were seized outside of the marine league.

Mr. Carter, for the United States, protested, but the tribunal accepted the papers, subject, however, to the protest.

Mr. Christopher Robinson then defended the Canadian intervention to prevent the consummation of the Salisbury-Blaine proposal for a close season all summer. Mr. Robinson made a most effective argument.

A Canal Boat Trolley.

ROCHESTER, N.Y., June 22.—Samuel A. Gear of Rochester has recently received a patent covering a laterally moving trolley wire for canals, one which moves sideways in accordance with the movement of the boat and permits the trolley wheel to be kept constantly in electric contact with the conductor. This patent is classed as a pioneer invention and it will undoubtedly play an important part in the application of electricity to motive power generally. A practical experiment will be tried this summer on the canal in this city.

Seven People Were Killed.

NEW YORK, June 22.—Seven persons were killed and 17 injured by the accident on the Coney Island road yesterday. The switchman declares that the switch was set correctly. By some of the passengers it was believed the derailment was due to the sudden slowing up of the engine on the sharp curve.

Tom Cross' Body Found.

HAMILTON, June 22.—The body of Tom Cross, the well-known longshoreman, who mysteriously disappeared several weeks ago, was found floating in Miles slip yesterday morning.

Quebec's New Civic Loan.

LONDON, June 22.—The Quebec civic delegates, with Mayor Fremont at their head, will leave London for the Ancient Capital this week. They have concluded with Messrs. Coates, Son & Co. an agreement to sell the £220,000 worth of new four per cent. bonds.

Another Earthquake at Charleston.

CHARLESTON, S. C., June 22.—A very distinct shock of earthquake was felt here at 11 o'clock last night. The vibrations seemed to be from east to west, and lasted a few seconds.

If you are free from indigestion you need not fear cholera. If you are not free, you are in danger. K. D. C. will free you from both indigestion and cholera. Sold by E. C. Mitchell.

SWINDLING U. S. OFFICIALS.

Ten Dismissals in Puget Sound For Smuggling Chinamen and Opium.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—The official heads of Patrick H. Winston, United States attorney; Thomas R. Brown, United States marshal; Andrew Wasson, United States collector at Port Townsend; C. J. Mulkey, United States special agent, and six special inspectors of customs in the Puget Sound district, all in the State of Washington, have fallen into the official hopper as the results of reports made to Secretary Carlisle by Special Treasury Agents Wood and Lewis.

These reports tell the story of one of the most extensive and successful conspiracies ever formed to smuggle Chinese and opium into the United States across the far Northwestern boundary. The officials, it is charged, have been doing a wholesale business for several years in connection with private citizens in Victoria, B.C., in smuggling in Chinese by means of fraudulent certificates, and in permitting opium smuggling either by connivance or otherwise.

Two months ago Agents Wood and Lewis, new men from the east, were detailed to secretly investigate the alleged frauds. Uninfluenced by local surroundings or affiliations, they went to work and unearthed what is regarded here as one of the greatest conspiracies in which Government officials were ever implicated. Not to defeat the continuance of the investigation, all the prominent Government officials named were removed by the President and their successors appointed without the usual announcements being made. The purpose was to keep the public in ignorance that other implicated persons might be caught. Other removals are yet to come, and the matter in due course of time will find its way into the courts.

LIZZIE BORDEN GOES HOME

Although the Majority of Her Neighbors Think Her Guilty.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 22.—Before Gov. Robinson would accept a retainer in the case of Lizzie Borden, who was declared not guilty last night, he said he would have to talk with her, hear her voice and look into her eyes. He stayed in the room alone with her two full hours. Before half that period was over she had gained the most valuable friend in her lifetime. He came out and said, "She is innocent. I am ready to stand by her."

He speaks of her as a remarkable woman, of kindly and gentle disposition. She gave him much aid in the case, and notwithstanding her belief that everyone was against her, she was quick to seize on points in the evidence which were favorable to her.

Still Believe Her Guilty.

In Fall River 75 in every 100 persons believe her guilty to-day. Families are divided there, and the line is drawn between the rich and poor over her case. The police are not supposed to feel ready to welcome her warmly. She accepted the invitation of Charles J. Holmes to go with him and spend the night in his comfortable house in that city. Mr. Holmes is a banker in Fall River and his wife is an old associate of Lizzie's in the work of the Central Congregational Church. Lizzie said one interesting thing in talking about her future.

Back To Her Home.

"A good many persons," she remarked, "have talked to me as if they thought I would go and live somewhere else when my trial was over. I don't know what possesses them. I am going home and I am going to stay there. I never thought of doing anything else."

DAYLIGHT ROBBERY.

Thieves Break Into a House In West Flamboro.

HAMILTON, June 22.—Yesterday the residence of John F. Green at Rock View, in West Flamboro, was broken into during the absence of the family. The back window was forced open. The thief took a chisel and pried open the bureau drawer and stole $31 and a revolver. They also took a tin box containing papers belonging to the school, Mr. Green being the treasurer. The papers were burned and the box was found a short distance from the house.

It is supposed that the robbery was committed by two tramps who were seen walking along the road.

CRUSHED TO DEATH WHILE BATHING

Caught Between Two Canal Boats in the Morris Canal.

NEW YORK, June 22.—Joseph W. Van Ness of Fairclough & Van Ness, paper box manufacturers, was crushed between two boats on the Morris Canal near Paterson last night and died immediately after being removed to his home in Barclay-street.

Mr. Van Ness was bathing with a party of young men. A boat hove in sight around the curve and all of the party hastened to leave its path. Instead of following his companions, who made for the bank, Mr. Van Ness swam to an old boat moored close to a stone wall and began climbing up the side of it. Just then the passing craft swung against the boat, crushing Mr. Van Ness.

HIS CHANCES FOR HEAVEN.

A Clergyman Disproves of Talmage's Debt-Paying Methods.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., June 21.—Dr. Charles Fluhrer, a Universalist, preached Sunday morning on Edwin Booth, and created considerable sensation when he declared he would sooner stand his chances for heaven with Booth, who paid his debts in full, than with that other actor, Talmage, who joined in the Doxology after announcing that the debt of his church had been compromised at 23 cents on the dollar.

LIEUT. PEARY'S PIGEONS.

He Will Take Them on the Ice and Send Messages to Camp.

PHILADELPHIA, June 21.—The pigeons for the cote Lieut. Peary will take with him to Greenland will arrive in this city this morning.

Lieut. Peary will keep them next winter at his camp in Bowdoin Bay, North Greenland, and will take them on the ice cap and release them from time to time with messages to take back to the camp.

Tramps Killed in a Freight Wreck.

PROSPECT, Ohio, June 22.—A freight wreck occurred here at 3 o'clock yesterday morning on the Hocking Valley.

North-bound freight No. 63, heavily loaded, broke into three parts and came together, wrecking 14 cars loaded with coke and coal.

Several tramps were buried beneath the wreckage. John Breets, laborer, of Fort Wayne, Ind., was killed. The injured number six.

Ferdinand de Lesseps in Collapse.

PARIS, June 22.—Ferdinand de Lesseps spends his days in a covered chair in the garden of his residence in utter ignorance of what goes on about him. His family has succeeded in keeping all knowledge of the Panama Canal from him.

Eloped at 12 Years of Age.

LYNN, Mass., June 22.—Ethel J. Usher, who is only 12 years old, was sent to the Lancaster Home for Girls. This is the outcome of an elopement. Ethel has very attractive manners, and a month ago she made the acquaintance of Harry St. George, 16 years old, then an usher in music hall. The day of the elopement they boarded the train for Salem. From there they were going to Maine, but their money gave out. The Usher girl's father, through the Salem police, found her after she had been away from home a week.

New U.S. Consul at Hamilton.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—The President yesterday appointed C. F. Macdonald, Massachusetts, consul at Hamilton, Canada.

A Switchman Killed.

BUFFALO, June 22.—Ambrose Madden was instantly killed by an Erie Railway train yesterday afternoon, while throwing a switch, at the Alabama-street crossing.

Buy an appetite. You will find it in a package sold by all druggists and marked K. D. C. Free sample, K. D. C. company, limited, New Glasgow, N. S., Canada, or 127 State street, Boston, Mass.

Ginger ale, sarsaparilla, lemonade and birch beer extracts are selling fast, only a few left. These preparations make six gallons of a delicious, cool, temperance drink for 25c. E. C. Mitchell.

Martine cures palpitation of the heart; vertigo, dizziness, etc. E. C. Mitchell, agent.

DEATH IN MID-AIR ON A WIRE

A LINEMAN FATALLY BURNED IN JERSEY CITY.

He Slipped and Grasped the Wire to Save Himself—Hung Smoking When Reached—While McMullen Was Burning a Lineman Fell from An Opposite Pole.

JERSEY CITY, June 22.—A man hanging in midair, slowly burning to death, was the sight witnessed by fully 300 persons on Newark avenue, at Grove street, yesterday morning. Edward McMullen was lineman for the Western Union Telegraph Company. His injuries were fatal.

Samuel Meyers, foreman of the gang on which McMullen worked, was ordered early yesterday morning to stretch copper wires in Grove street, beginning at the southeast corner of Newark avenue. The pole nearest the corner is covered with wires. McMullen was assigned to this pole. In his ascent he was watched by Foreman Meyers, who feared that any but a careful man would get in trouble among the dozens of wires.

McMullen had scarcely reached the top of the pole when he screamed. Persons on the opposite side of the street looked up and saw McMullen wriggling on the wires as if in great agony. Meyers heard the scream and detected a sizzing noise, but was unable to see McMullen because the sun shone in his eyes. He ran across the street and looked up. McMullen hung apparently dead on a wire, with smoke pouring from his body.

Meyers slipped on a pair of climbers and, followed by several linemen, ascended the pole. McMullen was unconscious when they reached him. A rope was fastened around his body and he was slowly lowered to the street. McMullen's face had turned black and his features were distorted. He was removed to the city hospital. His life is a matter of a few hours.

McMullen's left arm is so badly burned that the shoulder bones are visible. His breast is blistered and over his heart is a burn which exposes his ribs.

McMullen, in adjusting some cross wires, slipped and fell on the electric wire which was heavily charged. In attempting to save himself from falling to the street he grasped the deadly wire and as his muscles contracted he drew himself on it.

While passers on Newark avenue were viewing this spectacle, Joseph Wheeler, employed as a lineman by the New York and New Jersey Telephone Company, received a sunstroke. He was on a pole opposite the one on which McMullen was burned. He fell, striking the roof of McPhillip's store front. This broke the fall and probably saved his life. Wheeler was taken, with McMullen, to the City Hospital in the First Precinct patrol wagon. Wheeler, it is feared, has been injured internally.

McMullen's wife and parents in East Newark were notified. He has been married one week.

A DYNAMITER'S WELCOME.

Gilbert Met By a Committee On Arriving In New York.

NEW YORK, June 22.—James Gilbert, the dynamiter who was released from Portland Prison, England, on May 30 because he was thought to be near death from consumption, arrived from Southampton yesterday morning on the American Line steamship Chester. The Chester was met down the bay by the tug Robert Hadden, conveying a committee composed of Thomas Breslin, Patrick Haybyrne, William Reilly and J. Toumey from the Thomas Davis Club, of which Gilbert is a member. The committee procured a permit from the Collector of the port to allow Gilbert to leave the steamship at Quarantine, where he boarded the tug. He was landed at the Battery.

Gilbert related some of his prison experiences at Chatham, where he was confined five years and worked as an iron polisher and filer. He said the guards we unnecessarily harsh in their treatment of him, and owing to the intercession of a Catholic priest he was removed to Portland prison and put in the japanning shop. He said he feared that Dr. Gallagher would lose his mind, but that Daly was all right. Gilbert looked very thin and pale. Since his release from prison he has let his beard grow. He showed the effects of his confinement, and the peculiar whiteness of the skin of convicts, known as "prison tan," had not worn off. He did not stand the voyage well.

Gilbert's real name is James Gilbert Cunningham, and it was as James Cunningham that he registered in the second-cabin passenger list. He left this country in November, 1884, and in January, 1885, he was tried for complicity in the blowing up of the Tower of London. He was to have served 12 years. He was taken yesterday afternoon to the Vanderbilt Hotel, where he received several friends and Irish representatives.

FIGHT WITH STRIKERS.

Several Shot Down and the Police Charge With Bayonets.

VIENNA, June 22.—One thousand miners struck near Dux, Bohemia, yesterday and held a meeting on the outskirts of the city. A company of police tried to break up the meeting. The miners repulsed them and the police then began firing. After several strikers had fallen severely wounded they dispersed. Later in the afternoon they surrounded the carriage of Count von Thun, governor of the district, and tried to drag to the ground the Count and Herr Gattner, chief mining commissioner in the Teplitz district. The police fired upon the crowd. One man fell dead and another was mortally wounded. The rioters did not yield, however, until a company of soldiers, who had been summoned, charged with fixed bayonets.

Postal Reform in China.

LONDON, June 22.—The Imperial Government of China has approved Sir Robert Hart's scheme of postal reform submitted to the Ministers some time ago, and will set it in operation throughout the Empire. A system managed by competent foreigners will be substituted for the present native system. When the change shall be complete China will seek admission to the Postal Union.

THE CARSLAKE SHOOT.

The Sixth Fusiliers of Montreal the Winners—Hamilton a Good Second.

MONTREAL, June 22.—At the province of Quebec Rifle Association meeting the Carslake Trophy was won by the 6th Fusiliers of Montreal with a total of 719. The 13rd of Hamilton second with 686. The Ontario men carried off nearly all the aggregate prizes. In the association aggregate Staff-Sergt. McVittie of the Royal Grenadiers was first with a total of 309. Pte. Hayhurst of the 13th Battalion headed the Nursery aggregate with a total of 339. In the team aggregates the York Rangers were first with 1485.

DEEPENING OF THE MERSEY.

Successful Trial Of An Enormous Dredger At Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, June 22.—The trial took place in the River Mersey of a new dredger, which is the largest in the world. It is 330 feet in length, and it is calculated that it will raise 24,000 tons of matter daily from the bar at the mouth of the river. The process of filling and emptying the dredger occupied an hour and a half, and the machine in every way fulfilled expectations.

The work of deepening the water on the bar is done under the direction of the Mersey Docks and Harbor Board, and within the past two years a difference of seven feet in the water on the bar has been obtained. In the early part of 1891 there was only 11 feet of water on the bar at low tide, whereas vessels drawing close on to 18 feet can cross the bar now at low water.

NO LIQUOR DEALERS ELIGIBLE.

This is the Decision of the Supreme Lodge of A.O.U.W.

TORONTO, June 22.—At the Supreme Lodge of the A.O.U.W. yesterday, the two principal questions discussed were the exclusion of liquor dealers from the order and the maximum age for new members.

It was decided to fix the maximum age at 45. The age has hitherto been optional with different grand lodges, but has been generally recognized to be 50 years.

The question of excluding all men engaged in the liquor business was then taken up. After a lively discussion it was resolved to do so, and to expel any member going into the business after Aug. 1.

Circus Struck by Lightning—Seven Killed.

RIVER FALLS, Wis., June 22.—Ringling Bros.' circus tent was struck by lightning yesterday and seven persons were killed.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

A Plea For Wycliffe.

KINGSTON, June 22.—(To the Editor): In your report of the church conference, held last Tuesday, you state that Judge Macdonald spoke strongly against partizan divinity schools, apparently condemning Wycliffe college, Toronto.

This construction, no doubt, may be put upon the judge's words, but as one who listened attentively I should say rather that he was advocating a beautiful theory.

He acknowledged the existence of two great schools of thought within the Church of England, and was thankful that the church was so comprehensive. His idea in regard to the training of candidates for the ministry was apparently this, that all theological professors within the church should teach without the shadow of a bias, either towards sacerdotal theology on the one hand, or evangelical theology on the other, and that the students should then be left free to think as they liked.

Theoretically and especially from a judge's point of view, this is a most beautiful scheme, but, unfortunately, in practice it has serious drawbacks.

There is such a deep fundamental difference between the two schools of theological thought already mentioned causing often the same text of scripture, the same historical fact, the same article of belief to be viewed from a completely different standpoint that if the theological professor is to be absolutely impartial he must place before his class a clear and full statement of these different views known to be held in the church without a single word or intonation to bias the minds of the students one way or another.

A judge may be able to charge the jury in this impartial way for the matter in question is not to him a matter of deep personal conviction but with the theological professor it is otherwise. If what he teaches is not a matter of deep personal conviction, if he is utterly indifferent which fundamental view of the matter be taken by those whom he is instructing, his teaching may be impartial but it will lack all power to influence and inspire men. As a matter of fact the teaching of each of the six theological institutions recognized by the provincial synod of Canada has a tendency, more or less defined, one way or other. That a professor or two holding views different to the general teaching of a college may occupy a place on the staff of that college and teach apologetics, christian ethics and the like, is quite possible but this does not alter the case. The fundamental teaching in systematic theology cannot be absolutely impartial and unbiased. Those who think deeply and earnestly of either school would not wish it to be so.

Some years ago it was proposed to have, in one institution in Toronto, two sets of theological professors representing the two schools of thought, but the proposal meeting with few friends and many opponents on both sides, was found to be impracticable. Since then there have existed in the same city two theological schools, one part of Trinity university, the other a confederate college of Toronto university.

It is absurd to argue that the theological teaching of Trinity college is so utterly without bias that it would be acceptable to an evangelical churchman thoroughly loyal to the principles and spirit of the reformation.

It is better to recognize the fact which Judge Macdonald was so thankful for that the Church of England is comprehensive enough to embrace men of these two schools of thought, and instead of advocating a visionary theory of absolute impartiality in teaching to gracefully accept the conclusion, that this being the case there will always be a demand for theological teachers who can teach with earnest conviction, and yet with christian love the fundemental views of one or other of these schools of thought.

There is no need for jealous rivalry, still less for bitter attacks. By a natural law like seeks like.

Judging from the following, which I clip from a recent Toronto paper, both institutions seem to be prospering and sending forth men well equipped for the sacred ministry:

"The bishop of Toronto held an ordination service in St. Alban's cathedral last Sunday morning. The following were ordained to the diaconate: Messrs. H. J. Cody, M.A., Wycliffe; C. W. Hedley, B.A., Trinity; N. Perry, B.A., Wycliffe; T. W. Powell, B.A., Trinity; S. H. Gould, Wycliffe; E. J. Etherington, B.A., Wycliffe; G. A. Rix, Wycliffe; W. E. White, B.A., Wycliffe; J. G. Watson. Those ordained to the priesthood were the Revs. E. C. Cayley, (Trinity), Toronto; G. F. Hibbard (Trinity), Port Hope; R. P. McKim (Wycliffe), West Toronto Junction; E. W. Pickford (Trinity), Havelock; and W. Creswick (Trinity), Cannington."—A LOYAL CHURCHMAN.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

The Strangers at the Hotels—Do You Know Them?

British American—D. Fishel, New York; S. Nisbett, Brighton; B. B. Sarvis, Listowel; R. C. Smith, "Globe," Toronto; W. D. Hay, H. Goodman, W. Cauldwell, M. Davis, J. W. Work, S. Jardine, R. Thompson and wife, Toronto; W. A. Holden, Newark, N.J.; F. H. Brightman, Rochester; J. C. Ross, wife and child, Gananoque; R. R. Reany, T. J. Coristine, Mrs. C. Hunter, Mrs. Arnold, Miss Arnold, W. H. Craven, J. H. Eaman, J. Rutherford, J. A. Vanderwoot, J. P. Armstrong, Montreal; S. Conk, Quebec; P. F. Bonnistne, Niagara Falls; R. V. Weldon, Hull, Que.; Archie McDonald, Coteau Landing; E. J. Hutcheson, San Antonio, Tex.; J. Denny, jr., Rochester.

Hotel Frontenac—L. Leitch, A. Kingleyside, London; Dr. Ruttan, Napanee; Mrs. J. E. Chatem, Gananoque; Miss L. Frisbie, Miss Emma Burnham, Miss Fitzgerald, Cape Vincent; R. A. Downey, Oswego; J. W. Gill, Wm. B. Thomson, W. J. Wright, Brockville; D. Macfarlane and wife, W. C. Macfarlane, New York; Luther Holden, H. D. Cummings, London, Eng.; W. E. Slater, F. Smeaton, F. Ganaway, E. Bartholomew, D. Murrie, Montreal; G. F. Lockett, wife and child, Belleville; R. M. Helnor, wife and child, Lister, Eng.; Edmund McKenty, Bath; Thomas Shannon, Picton, J. H. Clappison, Hamilton; J. T. Douglas, Boston; W. Robin and wife, J. A. Richardson, Toronto.

Windsor hotel—Duncan McBier, T. Henderson, Montreal; Mr. McGregory, J. W. Powell, G. H. Lowe, Toronto; W. A. Daly, H. Daly, Napanee. J. J. McCann; New Haven, Conn.; W. T. Scott and wife, Belleville; A. Welch, Detroit, Mich.

Stanley House—A. F. Maracle, James Lasher, John Lasher, R. Baxter, J. France, Deseronto; F. K. Baker, D. W. Ball, Bath; M. Keller, Tweed; W. Ireland, Montreal; E. Baker, Newington; W. H. Coburn and wife, Ludington, Mich.; J. Millikin, Renfrew; P. M. Sinclair, Perth; B. W. Joyner and wife, Chicago; C. Serun, Ottawa; M. Avery, Sharbot Lake; W. D. Black, Geo. Gray, Geo. A. Smith, Miss S. Harris, Miss M. Harris, Miss G. Harris, Parham; Rev. Mr. Bates, Crysler; F. J. McKnight, Bedford; J. Holmes, Pittsburg; D. Graves, J. S. Gallagher, Harrowsmith; Geo. Lake, Tichborne; W. Walroth, Verona; D. G. Goodfellow, Parham; J. Shellington, G. W. Killins, J. McMahon, Mrs. Kennedy, Mrs. Bridgen, Hinchinbrook; R. H. Peters and wife, Enterprise; Mrs. F. Benjamin, Yarker.

Visit To Kingston.

Dr. Bossey, of Toronto, orificial surgeon and specialist in the treatment of piles, rupture, rectal and intestinal diseases, genito-uriny troubles and chronic affections, will be at the Hotel Frontenac, Kingston, on Saturday, July 1st, for consultation, until 9 p.m.

When indigestion is cured cholera is prevented. K. D. C., the king of dyspepsia cures, is the greatest cure of the age. Its cures the first and prevents the second.

The late Edwin Booth left a fortune of $605,000 to his daughter.

FATALITIES THROUGH PANICS

TWO PERSONS KILLED, SEVEN TRAMPLED ON IN THE RUSH

Anarchists Explode a Dynamite Bomb Near a Circus in Madrid During the Performance—The Ceiling Falls, Killing a Nobleman's Son.

MADRID, June 22.—Great excitement prevails throughout the city yesterday in consequence of the dastardly attempt last night to blow up with dynamite the residence of Canovas Del Castello, lately prime minister.

The explosion was the cause of the death of one person, the fatal injury of another, and the wounding of several others.

At the time of the explosion a performance was being given at a circus a short distance from the residence of Canovas. The shock caused a part of the ceiling, directly over the stalls that were occupied by a party of nobles, to crash down upon their heads.

The people were panic-stricken and made a rush for the exits, trampling upon several persons in their frantic efforts to escape.

Among the occupants of the stalls were the grandson of the Marquis of Havana, President of the Senate, and a son of Marquis Guadalest. The former was struck on the head with a large piece of the ceiling and sustained injuries that will cause his death.

The son of Marquis Guadalest attempted to rush from the building, but lost his footing and the crowd trampled him to death. Seven other persons were also trampled upon by the crowd and seriously injured.

A large number sustained painful but not dangerous injuries.

It is generally believed that the explosion was the work of Anarchists whose headquarters are at Barcelona.

SCORES TRAMPLED TO DEATH.

136 Pilgrims Perish in a Terrible Panic in Church.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 22.—While the ancient church of Romano at Borisoglebsk, on the Volga, was crowded with pilgrims from all parts of Yaroslav, who had come to take part in the annual church procession a panic was caused by a false alarm of fire, which had been raised by thieves in order to facilitate their operations. When the firemen arrived in answer to the tolling of an alarm by the sexton of the church they found the doors locked. Breaking it in they witnessed a fearful sight. In the mad rush for the exit hundreds had been knocked down and trampled upon, while others had been suffocated by the pressure of the great throng of terror-stricken people. The bodies of 126 women and 10 men were taken from the church. Several other persons were killed and 20 were fatally injured by leaping from windows 30 feet from the ground.

SIAM APOLOGIZES TO FRANCE.

Will Pay Damages For the Killing of Fourteen French Native Soldiers.

PARIS, June 22.—The Siamese Government has expressed to the French Government its regret for the murdering of 14 French native soldiers at Kengkhien a few days ago. The Siamese authorities give assurances that the guilty Siamese will be punished and that damages will be paid.

Condition of the Crops of Europe.

LONDON, June 22.—No official estimate of Europe's yield of cereals this year is obtainable, but wheat will be England's only good crop. Half crops of oats and barley are expected in France. The large wheat crop in Brittany, Normandy and the northern and eastern departments will more than offset the deficit in Southern France. All crops in Belgium are suffering from drought. In Austria and Hungary all are below last year's condition. The yield of hay in Southern Russia is nearly double the usual amount, but the high freight rates will prevent its being exported.

Heavy Storm in Europe.

LONDON, June 22.—Heavy storms are reported from Paris, Berlin and Lisbon. In the valley of the Minho River, Portugal, 12 persons were killed by lightning. The barometer is still falling in all three cities, and it is thought that the end of the general European drought is near.

THE POPE ON AMERICAN SCHOOLS.

His Holiness Endorses Mgr. Satolli's Fourteen Propositions.

OMAHA, Neb., June 22.—On arising yesterday Mgr. Satolli was pleasantly surprised by the receipt of the Pope's encyclical on the school question, in which all the 14 propositions made by Archbishop Satolli at the meeting of archbishops in New York last November were indorsed by His Holiness, and the Archbishop was congratulated in unlimited terms for his clear translation.

The position of Mgr. Satolli in urging Catholics to send their children to Catholic schools has been sustained by the encyclical, but a refusal to do so will not be considered an offence against the church, and absolution will not be denied parents who seek other educational institutions for their children. This decision is in the shape of a compromise on certain other propositions, and is believed to have been based on numerous letters from bishops in this country.

After the appointment of Archbishop Satolli as Ablegate to this country with full powers the Pope issued an order saying that the decrees of the Plenary Council held in Baltimore in 1884, shall be in force as follows: "Not only out of our paternal love do we exhort Catholic parents, but we command them by all the authority we possess to preserve a truly Christian and Catholic education for the beloved offspring given them by God, born again in baptism unto Christ and destined for heaven, to shield and secure them throughout childhood and youth from the dangers of a merely worldly education and, therefore, to send them to parochial or other truly Catholic schools."

Under the ruling of Pope Leo XIII., which has been in force for some time, bishops are permitted to enter into such agreement and arrangement with the local civil authorities as are best calculated to preserve the morals of the children and teach them to become good Christians.

GARDNER AWAITS THE REPORT.

The Steer Suspected of Disease Ready for Examination.

LONDON, June 22.—A Telegram special says: In the House of Commons yesterday Mr. Gardner, President of the Board of Agriculture, said that "from the results obtained in the case of the animal landed from the steamer Lake Winnipeg I must look for guidance in this matter. Sections of the animal are now practically ready, but it requires time for examination. The report of the case will be in my hands in a few days."

A BREEZE IN THE ASSEMBLY.

Rev. G. M. Milligan Says It Has No Concern With Temperance.

BRANTFORD, June 22.—At the Presbyterian General Assembly yesterday the committee on temperance reported with a recommendation to all Presbyterians to vote for prohibition. In this connection the Rev. G. M. Milligan, B.A., of Toronto, made the remark that he did not believe in wasting time in considering the question of temperance, in which the assembly had no concern, but which belonged to them only as citizens. The report was adopted.

This remark created some excitement among the members. Rev. Dr. Stiles Fraser characterized Mr. Milligan's statement as grossly unfair.

DIED FROM AN IRRITANT POISON.

An Inquest on the Body of Mrs. Hayden of Hamilton.

HAMILTON, June 22.—The coroner's jury in the matter of the death of Mrs. Hayden, Ferguson-street, returned a verdict at their adjourned session last evening, attributing the woman's death to the use of an unknown irritant poison, administered by some unknown persons. This verdict was in accordance with facts brought to light by Drs. Anderson and White in their post-mortem report.

The husband of the deceased had been subpoenaed to attend the inquest, but he did not put in an appearance or send an excuse. He was warmly criticized for this by the coroner and jury, although they had not expected much light to be thrown on the question by him.

The only witnesses examined were the doctors.

Four Students Drowned At Joliette.

MONTREAL, Que., June 22.—A terrible drowning accident is reported from Joliette whereby four students lost their lives by the upsetting of a boat. Edward Kelly, A. J. N. Cloutier, law students, and Edward Rivard and Camille Marran, medical students, lost their lives. A fifth student, Alfred Lavallee, who was one of the party, was rescued. The bodies of those drowned were recovered by the aid of a diver. The dead students belong to good families and those belonging here were held in high esteem.

C. P. R. Sleepers To And From Kingston.

Commencing 20th inst., through sleeper from west will arrive in Kingston at 5 a.m. daily, and will leave for Toronto and west at 11.20 p.m. daily. Passengers can occupy their berths until 8 a.m. and after 9 p.m.

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Worsted Suits to order $18 to $22.
Tweed Suits $12 to $18.
Serge Suits $13 to $18.
Pants to order $3 and upwards.

MOORE'S, KING STREET.

Store open till 8 o'clock every evening.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Was Well Pleased.

Supt. Nicol, of the cemetery, was highly pleased with the way things went off at the cemetery yesterday. This was the first time that horses and carriages had been refused admittance to the grounds and it had a good effect. There was first-class order retained throughout.

To Manage His Estate.

By reason of the unbalanced state of mind of Archibald Cecil Burgess, of Carleton Place, now in Verdon asylum, near Montreal, the court at Osgoode hall, was asked to appoint his brother George a committee to manage his estate. Burgess holds the contract for running the C.P.R. restaurants at Ottawa, Smith's Falls, Carleton Place and North Bay.

Died In The General Hospital.

Yesterday afternoon C. Holder, born in Cheltenham, England, fifty-nine years ago, died in the general hospital from the effects of a tumor. He was a first-class mechanic, and for many years a carpenter contractor in the city. He had been a resident of the city for forty-two years, was never married, and was a brother of G. Holder, of this city, and S. Holden, of Cleveland. He was buried to-day.

Electric Towing On Erie Canal.

The New York "Engineering Record" says: "It is reported that the state of New York is soon to make experiments in electric towing of canal boats on the Erie canal. It is well known that Governor Flower has for some time been very confident that such a system of propelling can be successfully applied. So far as estimates have been prepared, it would appear that the expectation is to propel a boat by electricity at a cost of 50c. to 60c. a day, but the actual cost can better be computed after an appreciable amount of experience than at the present time."

A Large Excursion.

The lacrosse club had nearly four hundred people on the search light excursion down the river last night. The weather was excellent, the night bright and the shores in a beautiful green condition, at least this is the way the scenes looked under the search light. Capt. Reid promises to gain his share of popularity on the river this summer and with Mate Kendall as his assistant there is no reason why the St. Lawrence should not live "in the clouds." The excursionists arrived home shortly after twelve, everything being done on board to add to the pleasure of the occasion.

Standing Committees.

Those on the standing committees of the Presbyterian assembly are: Bursary and scholarship committee, Queen's college, Revs. John Mackie, convener; Principal Grant, Dr. Williamson, Prof. Dyde, D. J. McLean, M. Macgillivray, J. D. Boyd; George Gillies, D. B. McTavish.

Home missions, western section, M. W. Maclean; foreign missions, Rev. Dr. Grant; state of religion, J. Mackie; Sabbath schools, W. G. Craig; Sabbath observance, J. Mackie; protection of church property, J. McIntyre, Q.C.; hymnal committee, M. Macgillivray, Prof. Dyde.

Agreed To The Proposal.

The report of Queen's university, presented to the general assembly of the Presbyterian church, offered to give to the assembly the right of veto in the appointment of theological professors. The mode of appointment is not decided, but it was agreed, "that, in view of the importance of the subject and the desirability of ascertaining the mind of the church regarding it, the matter be sent down to presbyteries, college boards and senates with instructions to report to the next general assembly on the best method to be followed; on the desirability of prescribing the same method in all the colleges or of allowing diversity of practice in the mode of appointment so long as no appointment shall be made of which the general assembly does not approve."

Delegates Reported.

The "Globe" gives the list of delegates to the reform convention from the various ridings hereabouts:

Kingston—Wm. Harty, M.P.P., W. R. McRae, N. C. Polson, Edmond Germain, Patrick Daly, J. B. Carruthers, G. Mills.

Frontenac—James McGrath.

Lennox—D. W. Allison, ex-M.P., H. S. Davy, S. C. Warner, Thomas Symington, John Pollard, A. A. Miller, David Aylesworth.

Addington—John B. Aylesworth, A. P. Bell, Michael Donahoe, Redmond Mallon, Hiram Keech, Jerome Thompson, W. J. Donaldson, Wm. Whelan, J. M. Smith, James Coulter, C. W. Day, B. B. Howes, George Howes.

Prince Edward—J. M. Platt, ex-M.P., J. W. McLean, John H. Allan, W. J. Crandall, W. Gilbert, J. D. Gilbert, N. Sprague, T. Reynor, J. W. Morrison, D. Campbell, C. Giles.

See The Taylors To-night.

The New York "World," in extracts from a column article, says: "They differ from ordinary mind-readers, because the two people do not touch each other. There is apparently no signalling in their methods. Blindfolded she reads written names and breaks into songs. She is only eighteen, and her exhibition of alleged thought-transference is somewhat remarkable. The tests they performed yesterday in the "World" office were certainly interesting. A trade paper lay on the desk; a reporter pointed to a word; Miss Taylor (blindfolded) spelled it out. Above the desk was a picture of a man spading. She was asked what was being pointed to. After a few minutes she put her foot upon a chair and imitated the pose. 'Annie Rooney' was written on a piece of paper; in a few minutes Miss Taylor began to sing it. The reporter held some bills under a hat. 'What's this?' 'It's a bill—it's a two—I mean a five, and there is a one dollar bill behind that.' That was true."

Authentic information received from to-day states that the caravels will be at Ogdensburg this afternoon and will remain there over night. The steamer "Empire State," allowed by government inspection to carry 1,000 passengers, will leave Kingston at 10 a.m. to-morrow, Friday, and will proceed down the river until the caravels are met. Fare 50c. Meals 25c.

Are you troubled with sour stomach, nausea, nightmare? Take K. D. C., the king of dyspepsia cures. It is guaranteed to cure you. Sold by E. C. Mitchell.

THE BAPTIST ASSOCIATION.

The Services on Wednesday Evening and the Close To-day.

Last evening was devoted to the woman's foreign missionary society and the meeting was in charge of a committee composed of the wives of three of the clergyman, Mrs. Weeks, of Brockville, Mrs. Sheldon, of Carleton Place, and Mrs. Laing, of this city. After the singing of a hymn, the reading of the scripture lesson and prayer the report of the mission circles was read by the director of the circles, Mrs. Knowlton. This was listened to with marked attention. Here an anthem by the choir of the church was rendered exceptionally well.

A paper was next read by Mrs. Sheldon on "God's Time for Missionary Effort." This was vividly illustrated by references to scripture history, was of exceptional literary merit and proved of unusual interest. "Now," said the speaker, "Now is God's time to evangelize the world." As the reader went on her sentences seemed to increase in force and beauty and became even eloquent.

Miss Hatch, a missionary just returned from India, was then introduced and commenced her address by saying that she was no orator or public speaker and simply wanted to try to bring India nearer to her hearers and to bring her hearers nearer to India—nearer in sympathy, nearer in love for the people of that dark land. The qualifications of a missionary were then mentioned; one suited for that grand work would be indeed almost an ideal woman. The perils of the work in India were portrayed with telling clearness. The description of Zenana work was very interesting, as was also that of the vocations and habits of the women of India. The schools were said to be the most hopeful feature of the work. The missionary sang part of a Telegu hymn; it had a weird melody, suggestive of the Orient. In conclusion Miss Hatch said that the Telegu people, to whom the Ontario Baptists only carried the gospel, and for whom they were, therefore responsible, this generation numbers between one and two millions.

A paper on Grande Ligne, prepared by Mrs. T. J. Claxton, of Olivet Baptist church, Montreal, who was unexpectedly precluded from being present, was read by Miss Bessie McDonald. The history of this wondrous French-Canadian mission was briefly but graphically outlined. The paper contained many most interesting passages from the heroic life of Madame Scott, devoted so faithfully to this noble institution which to-day by its school and missionaries, is doing so much for those dwelling in the darkness of Romanism.

A sacred solo, "Only a Beam of Sunshine," was here rendered by Miss Lillie McMillan with sympathetic excellence. Miss L. Allen, a young lady of exceptional elocutionary talent, then read "The Story of a Mission Box," a selection singularly appropriate and touching, and was listened to with evident appreciation. A tableaux described by Miss Hatch, brought India very near to the audience. This unusually interesting and profitable meeting then closed by the congregation singing the doxology.

This morning several addresses upon Sunday school work were delivered by Revs. D. Laing, Sheldon and student W. J. Thorold.

After the hearing of the statistical reports concerning young people's societies, from the delegates of the churches represented, a committee was appointed to make all arrangements for the next annual meeting of the association.

The moderator then called upon the Rev. Douglas Laing to offer prayer, and the association adjourned.

This afternoon the delegates and many others of our city are enjoying the excursions through the islands.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

Paragraphs Picked Up About the Wharves and Elsewhere.

The tug Col. By and barge loaded cedar posts for Cape Vincent at the spile dock. The timber belongs to C. H. Harris, Ottawa.

Clearances.—Str. Blanchard, Duluth, light; str. Wilhelm and schrs. Nirvani and Crossthwaite, Buffalo; schrs. Lydon and Folger, Oswego, light.

Steamers Toltec and barge Mystic, Chicago to Kingston, corn; steamer Weston and barge from Kingston to Erie; steamer Clinton and barge, Kingston to Manister.

Arrivals.—Steambarge Hall, Fort William, 24,000 bushels wheat; tug Walker, Montreal, three light barges; str. Spartan, Toronto; strs. Corsican and Passport, Montreal; str. Rhoda Emily, Chicago, 31,000 bushels corn; schr. Wells, Sodus Point, coal; schr. Hanlan, Oswego, coal.

We make a point of clearing out our stock of parasols every season. 'Tis well your money will be returned if you buy one from R. McFaul.

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