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OTTAWA HOTEL, corner of Ontario and Princess Streets. First-class accommodation; yard and stabling. JAMES NORRIS Proprietor.

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STANLEY HOUSE, OPPOSITE K. & P. AND C.P.R. Union Station and convenient to G.T.R. station and steamboat landings, recently enlarged by a handsome addition, doubling former capacity. Bedrooms in new department well lighted, airy, and from windows a complete view of harbor and prominent works. Charges $1 and $1.50 per day. JOHNSTON BROWN, Proprietor.

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Inspection invited.

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Have You CATARRH

IF so, USE Dr. CLARK'S CATARRH CURE. It never fails. IT CURES CATARRH IN THE HEAD THROAT AND NOSE, COLD IN THE HEAD, HAY FEVER, INFLAMED PALATE AND TONSILS, restores the sense of smell, and drives away the DULL HEADACHE experienced by all who have Catarrh. One bottle will work wonders. Price 50c. at Druggists. Sent by mail on receipt of price by addressing
CLARK CHEMICAL CO., 186 ADELAIDE ST., WEST, TORONTO.

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THE DAILY BRITISH WHIG is published every evening at 330 King street, Kingston, Ont., at SIX DOLLARS PER YEAR, payable in advance, otherwise $7.00 will be charged.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion, five lines and over, 10c per line.
Each consecutive insertion, " 5c "
Once a week, five lines and over, 10c "
Twice a week, " 8c "
Three times a week, 6c "

Measurements by a solid scale, twelve lines to the inch.

Wants, Lost and Found, Personals, Articles for sale, etc., 1c per word in daily issue; minimum charge 25c.

Births, Marriages or Deaths, one insertion, 50c; two insertions, 75c.

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THE WEEKLY BRITISH WHIG, 8 pages, 64 columns, is published every Thursday morning at $1 a year, if paid in advance, otherwise $1.50 will be charged.

Attached to the paper is one of the best Job Offices in Canada; rapid, stylish and cheap work; nine improved printing presses.

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CUNARD STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY. Authorized agent, F. A. Folger, Ferry Dock, foot of Brock street Kingston.

THE DAILY WHIG.

"Opifer per Orbem Dicor."

THE SUCTION PIPE.

The city is to be subject to further annoyance and expense by the appeal of Mr. Rousseau from the decision of Mr. Kennedy in regard to the suction pipe. There was no reason to expect such a contingency. Mr. Rousseau was glad to have the courts call in Mr. Kennedy; he seemed to have the utmost confidence in his ability and judgment, and subscribed to an agreement that if the pipe did not stand a required test—a marked modification of the original specifications—according to the report of the said Mr. Kennedy, the contract would then become null and void. To resist the final action of the engineering expert seems to be an unwarrantable proceeding, the more so as the counsel of the disputing contractor was good enough to ask him recently for an opinion in respect of the pipe, and getting a word of encouragement gave publicity to it in the hope of influencing the council or the people. That same short epistle will, no doubt, figure in the argument upon the appeal, and will be made use of in support of the contention that however much the pipe has failed to meet the terms of the contract or the judgment of the court it will do. It will be strange law that gives effect to such a conclusion.

FORCE OF CHARACTER.

Prof. Wilson, a keen observer and a trenchant writer, in an article published in the April "Review of Reviews," pays tribute to the wonderful influence and power exercised by President Cleveland upon the democratic party of the United States. Among other things Prof. Wilson remarks:

"Signs are not wanting that the republican party is going, or at any rate may presently go, to pieces; and signs are fairly abundant that the democratic party is rapidly being made over by the stirring and distributing energy of the extraordinary man who is now president. It may be that Mr. Gresham's accession to the democratic cabinet means that great interest and great forces of thought in the northwest are now turning about to the assistance of the democratic party. Mr. Cleveland has been steadily effecting a revolution in the purposes and methods of the democratic party by drawing so many new men about him, by assisting to shelve so many older men of the democratic party of former days. The party has grown bold and aggressive and certain of its mind in consequence of the change. Mr. Cleveland's present term of office may afford him time and opportunity to complete the transformation. Young men are eager to serve him, and a democratic party of young men is the most formidable danger the republicans have to fear—the best hope that the democrats have to cherish."

Of the president's force of character the people had a demonstration during the election campaign. At the Minneapolis convention the wise men of the party proceeded to draw up the platform which should guide him and all acting under him in seeking the suffrages of the people. But he saw its defects and corrected them in his manifesto, which became in turn the true political gospel of the party. There is not one man in a thousand who would dare to act as he has done, but there is only one in a thousand with his judgment and courage.

CONFIRMATION DEFERRED.

The decision of the house of commons, not to ratify the treaty with France this session, is a significant circumstance. It indicates that the differences between Sir Charles Tupper and the government have not been reconciled, and that it will take time to heal the wounds the high commissioner claims he has received in the house of his friends. Certain it is that Tupper will not be the under dog in the fight if he is as aggressive and dictatorial as usual. Generally he has stated his terms, in matters political, and they have been accepted. It may have been taken for granted that he has been equally explicit in regard to the treaty, hence the hurried summons he received to confer with Sir John Thompson at Paris, hence the look of worry which beclouded the face of the Hon. Mr. Foster when asked about the treaty from time to time, hence the begging for an opportunity in which to consider the situation, and the decision finally to let the matter go over until another session. What is the inference? It was set forth by Mr. Laurier, in his speech at the close of the session, thus:

"There was evidently a difference of opinion between the government and their commissioner to Paris, Sir Charles Tupper, and whatever the cause the government had tamely submitted to be rebuked and lectured by their high commissioner. There was not to be found anywhere in the history of civilized nations a case where the servant of a government abroad was allowed to say that the government must ratify the treaty or resign. The government should have called on Sir Charles Tupper to say if he was correctly reported in the press, or to disavow the language attributed to him. It was, perhaps, a family quarrel, but the government would have better upheld their dignity if they had refused to tolerate such language from Sir Charles Tupper. As to the treaty, he understood that the government reserved the right to ratify it at a subsequent session.

Mr. Foster—Yes.

Mr. Laurier said the treaty to him was a very unsatisfactory one, that the government having authorized it, were in duty bound to have asked the house to ratify it.

Mr. Foster—I am not aware of any exhibition of bad feeling between the government and Sir Charles Tupper.

Mr. Laurier—I must say the government has exhibited no bad feeling at all.

Mr. Foster—I believe some enterprising reporter has added largely to the remarks of Sir Charles Tupper.

Sir Richard Cartwright—The government would have upheld its dignity better by calling on Sir Charles for an explanation.

Mr. Foster—Slow haste is best haste.

The change of front on the part of Mr. Foster was notable in itself. He gave promise that all the papers in the case would be gone on with, and that ratification would be moved. And he turned about and changed his tactics because to go on meant (1) either a surrender to Sir Charles Tupper, and the approval of terms of which he had disapproved, or (2) a snub to Sir Charles Tupper which he would not accept. A year's grace will perhaps lead to the discovery of a hole into which one of the disputing parties can crawl and pull the hole in after him.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

The Major's Eighth Letter.

KINGSTON, March 30.—(To the Editor): I will now consider pp. 41-62 of the public school history, and pp. 74-117 of the high school history. In Edward II's reign, a period of intrigue, misgovernment and misery, the papal influences in England increased. Edward I. had stopped paying the annual tribute promised by John to the pope. Edward II. not only resumed the payment but also paid up the arrears, and otherwise submitted the nation to fresh papal usurpations and monetary exactions. This temporary ebb in the national opposition was soon followed by a powerful reaction in the reign of Edward III., who stopped the annual tribute promised by John and reasserted the right of the crown to appoint bishops to the English sees, a right which the pope had usurped in the previous reign. In 1344 parliament petitioned this king to stop the exactions of the papacy. After the battle of Cressy in 1346 the foreign clergy were expelled from the country, ships bringing them to England were confiscated, and persons bringing papal letters or bulls into the land forfeited all their possessions. In 1349 the first statute of provisors was passed against the papal encroachments on church patronage. This was followed in 1353 by the first statute of Premunire, aimed against the usurped jurisdiction of the pope in England. It declared that all who should sue for redress in the papal courts should be put out of the protection of the law of England and forfeit all their goods to the state. These laws were passed in parliament with the assent of the bishops and clergy, but they were not vigorously enforced at the time because the kings of England were always wanting money for their wars, and they found it advantageous to keep on more or less friendly terms with the pope. These statutes were respectively re-enacted in a more stringent form in 1390 and 1393. In 1366 the pope demanded the annual tribute which had been promised by John. Edward laid the matter before parliament which declared that John's promise was illegal, being contrary to his coronation oath and made without the consent of the nation. Parliament also promised to support the king in resisting the papacy and stopped the payment of Peter's pence. John Wycliffe championed the national cause and pointed out the vices of the monks and friars and the degenerate state and enormities of the papal system. He was able, in 1378, to point to two infallible rival popes excommunicating each other. When Richard II. was deposed in 1399 it was charged against him that he had asked the pope to confirm his acts, whereas, parliament then declared "the kingdom of England and the rights of the crown had always been so free that neither the pope nor any other outside the kingdom might interfere therein." Most of the English bishops at this time were adherents to the papal claims, preferring the papal exactions to the royal ones, and they persuaded parliament to pass the infamous statute against heretics in 1401, in which their opponents were made to appear as disturbers of the public peace, and so were to be punished by the civil power. In 1414 the alien priories, that is belonging to foreign monasteries, were destroyed at the suggestion of the Archbishop of Canterbury and their revenues granted to the king. From 1414 to 1418 the council of Constance sat, which deposed the three infallible rival popes at that time and elected a fourth one, Martin V. The same council asserted that popes were inferior to general councils. In spite of the anti-papal acts that had been passed in England, Martin V. succeeded in placing thirteen of his own nominees in English bishoprics. The pope was then informed of the English law. He commanded the Archbishops of Canterbury and York to disregard the law. They refused and informed him of a law forbidding foreigners to accept English benefices. The pope threatened the archbishops and wrote to the king and parliament demanding the repeal of the law. But no notice was taken of it. Some years after, Martin again tried to get the law repealed, but parliament petitioned the crown to maintain English ecclesiastical liberty against the encroachments of the pope. The pope thereupon suspended the archbishop of Canterbury and excommunicated the other bishops. But as soon as the decrees reached England they were seized and destroyed, and the archbishop appealed to a general council against the pope's action. The council of Basle (1431-1449) also asserted that popes were inferior to general councils and subject to them. The civil war of the Roses caused all the religious life to vanish and left the English king, for some time to come, as absolute and despotic monarch. This is a very important point to remember, as it explains the great power of the Tudor sovereigns. The whole of Europe was now turning against the corruptions of the papal system. At this time the papal chair had a succession of men of the most scandalous lives and whose avarice led them to degrade the church. The peaceful and prosperous reign of Henry VII. allowed the people to again consider ecclesiastical affairs and thus the way was paved for the final struggle against the usurped papal jurisdiction in England. Paper and printing had been invented, and the new study of Greek and of the early church writings had led to a revival of learning. The universities were stirring with new life. The early writings were found to give no support to the pretensions of the bishop of Rome and the character of the forged decretals on which these pretensions had been based were now discovered. Men's eyes were now opened.

Some of the above facts are barely referred to in the school histories, but their true import and meaning is completely hidden. Without a proper understanding of these facts the events of the next reign, which are generally called "the reformation," cannot be understood. The reformation really began with the Magna Charta, and only came to head in Henry VIII's reign. From their imperfect teachings the Ontario school histories cannot but be very misleading books for the education of our youth.—C. B. MAYNE.

Trusts And Combinations

Are unpopular. But there is one form of trust against which no one has anything to say. That is the trust which the public reposes in Hood's Sarsaparilla, and the best of it is the trust is fully justified by the merit of the medicine. For, remember, Hood's Sarsaparilla CURES.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, and do not purge, pain or gripe. Sold by all druggists.

Strawberries Are Ripe There.

A special excursion will leave Kingston for North Galveston, Texas, April 17th, '93. Remarkable inducements are offered. For particulars apply to Geo. Cliff, agent, Kingston, Ont.

The wife of Rev. Dr. Laidlaw, of St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Hamilton, died on Thursday.

THOUGHTS ON MANNERS

THE ESSENTIAL CHARACTERISTICS OF LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

Lady Show and Her Neighbor—Pompous Men—Lord Show—The True Gentleman Home Methods.

"What is born and bred in a man sticks to him," is a saying more wise than elegant. We have all met the woman costly attired, flowery of speech, genial of manners, yet lacking the essential charm of a lady—that charm which can no more be analyzed than the scent of a rose—which one feels at once when he is in the presence of its owner, be she talkative or silent, grave or gay. It is born and bred in her. It is not put on with her evening dress, and laid away with it. It is the manly tenderness of her father and the womanly grace and virtue of her mother blended with the daughter's life current—it is her home training.

The smile, the graceful inclination, the sweet solicitude for another's comfort, the quick eye and the firm, gentle hand are all part of herself, seen in her own home from baby eyes, learned unconsciously, and therefore, never to be unlearned. She is as different from her neighbor, Lady Show, as the rose is from the dandelion. Some like dandelions. Yes. All bow to the rose.

Lady Show is loveable, too, but she shows her early training in every tone, glance and gesture. She is loveable because she does not try to conceal her training, thereby becoming stiff and unnatural and didactic and unbearable.

As with women, so with men. We know the pompous, egotistical, small man, with the large visiting card and the still larger display of "good form, you know." We also know how we shrink from him. He may be at the top of the ladder whither his push or energy and disregard of all save himself have brought him. Then, he is tolerated, and we say, "Well, his energy is to be commended." "Nothing succeeds like success." No father wants his son to be like the little man, however, in aught save his success. If the little man is at the foot of the ladder no one has any time to spare even to think of him, far less be like him. The little man has had a selfish father, and a patient, hard-working, good mother, whose spirit was crushed out of her before the little man's birth. Selfishness and patient toiling were born and bred in him. He knew none of the sweetness of refined home life. He is not to be blamed too much.

Next to him comes Lord Show—stout, florid, good-natured, good-hearted—imitating good manners as well as he can. He is lovable, too, but he shows his early training. His father was a good-natured, unselfish man, loving his wife and children, but rough in language and manner. His mother was a school ma'am of the old kind, and from her Lord Show takes his wish to imitate good "form."

Next comes a gentleman. He may not have a visiting card about him, and yet you know he is a gentleman. How? His manner is not pompous. He is not egotistical. He has not walked over any one to gain his own purpose, and he shows it in the easy dignity of his bearing, the kindly glance of his eye, the thoughtful, unostentatious care of your comfort, his reverence for womanhood, be it a representative true woman or not. His father was a man of noble aim, and his mother was—well, his mother was your and my idea of a lady. "What is born and bred in a man sticks to him." The education of the home is indelibly stamped on the children of the home.

If the best china is only used on state occasions, how can children be expected to handle china gracefully by and by? If the parlor is kept locked, how can you expect a child to sit or stand easily in parlors by and by? "Men are only boys grown tall." The finest things on earth are not too fine for home. The most beautiful things on the earth are not too beautiful for everyday use. The sweetest behavior in the world is not too good for father and mother, wife and child, son and daughter.

If the home is a palace fitted out with all that gold can buy, it is well. If the home is one room in an attic, it can be made lovely with a single flower, neatness and love—but one person cannot make a home. It takes all of the inmates—father, mother, children. Many a woman has tried to make a sweet home for her children and miserably failed, because the father was not a king among men, as he should be, and many a man has sought the liquor saloon because there was no queen at home, but a virago.

It is every father's duty to be loyal and tender and strong as the oak in carrying out his conviction of right, so that his children may go out into the world with honor bred and born in them. It is every mother's duty to be thoughtful of the comfort of her home, charitable in her judgments, quick in her sympathy, loving-hearted, so that her children may go into the world with goodness born and bred in them—ladies and gentlemen in the true sense of the words.

Neat Darning.

To darn a stocking neatly take a fine steel crochet needle and with it catch up the woven stitches crosswise—using cotton that is suitable in thickness and color—and fill in the hole with a chain stitch, working back and forth as if darning. This looks neater than a darn.

Raspberry Cane-Cutter.

During the winter and early spring all the old canes should be removed from the raspberry and blackberry rows. When there is an acre or more of this work to do, a special implement is wanted for the purpose. A cheap form is shown in Fig 1; it consists of a piece of steel, bent in the form indicated, and attached with bolts or screws to a tough piece of wood. The upper edge of the hook is ground sharp. It should not be more than two inches from the point to the opposite cutting edge. The hook should be made thin along the cutting portion, and heavier where attached to the handle. This form is intended to be used with both hands, but the one shown in Fig. 2 is for one hand, the other hand being free to grasp the cut cane, or for any other purpose. The total length of this iron implement should not exceed fifteen inches. It is made from common iron, with a piece of steel welded on the cutting end, and made sharp, the same as the cutter with the wooden handle. Remember that the smaller the hook can be made, and yet have the desired strength, the easier it can be operated among the closely-growing canes.

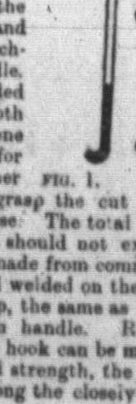

FIG. 1. FIG. 2.

A Necessary Precaution.

The Cunard Steamship Company proudly boast that during the many years of their incorporation, they have never lost by shipwreck or accident the life of a single seaman or passenger. There is little idea of the necessary precautions taken by them for the safety and comfort of passengers. Every berth carries a life-belt, while patent lifeboats and rafts are stored in every convenient corner of the deck. Every ship carries, too, for the free use of passengers and crew, a supply of St Jacobs Oil, in order that any bruises, sprains, colds, or other ailments, may be quickly and surely cured.

No Use For Nick.

Dundas Star.

The platform and principles of the conservative party are broad and liberal but there isn't room for such cattle as Nicholas Flood Davin. There are black sheep in every flock, but Nicholas is too rich for our blood.

Parasols

At R. McFaul's great removal sale. $2.00 parasol for $1.25; $2.25 parasol for $1.50; $2.50 parasols for $1.75. These goods only arrived last Friday and would be good value at original prices. We have no room for more than half of them and will sell cheap in order to sell quickly. Window shades all complete in every color only 45c. R. McFaul's great removal sale.

THE PITH OF THE NEWS.

Spice of the Morning Papers And the Very Latest Despatches.

Sheriff Hope, of Belleville, is seriously ill.

The Brantford electric street cars began regular running, Thursday.

Five fishermen have been drowned at Caplin Cove, Nfld., by the sinking of a punt.

Gen. Hiram Boyden, the inventor of the Boyden rifle, died suddenly at Washington.

The town of Galena, of about 800 inhabitants, near Chestertown, Md., was wiped out by fire.

Domingo Gana has been nominated Chilian minister to the United States in place of Blest Gana.

Oarsman Stanbury has agreed to meet Guadaur in a race for the championship of the world and $2,000 a side.

Ex-secretary of state Bayard has been appointed United States ambassador to London, Eng., to succeed Mr. Lincoln.

Bradstreet's reports 526 business failures in Canada during the past three months, against 559 during a like period of 1892.

R. S. Murray, the well-known dry-goods merchant, of London, has assigned. Mr. Murray has been in business forty-five years.

At Chicago Wm. Blunck, aged fourteen, and Thomas Luvienne, aged fifteen, were sentenced to forty years in penitentiary for murder.

The moulders' strike in Hamilton has cost the international union $30,000, and contributions have ceased. The matter is not yet settled.

Bob Dalton, the noted outlaw, was to have been hanged at Tahlequah, I.T., Friday, but was granted a few days respite by Chief Harris.

Mr. Sandison, known as the bonanza farmer, near Brandon, Man., is missing from his house and his friends are anxious as to what has happened him.

John A. Peebles, once a resident of Hamilton, and well-known among commercial men all over the dominion, has been burned to death in Tokio, Japan.

The president of San Domingo broke into the safe of a French bank in San Domingo city and took $62,000 in cash. Two French men-of-war have demanded indemnity.

The Canadian Pacific telegraph company are extending their lines eastward from Truro, N.S., to the Cape Breton coal centres. They will lay a cable across the strait of Canso.

Miss Florence Carlyle, daughter of public school inspector Carlyle, of Woodstock, Ont., is studying art in Paris, France, and had one of her productions admitted to the salon.

The pope has decided not to grant audiences to any royal personages of the Roman Catholic faith who go to Rome to attend the silver wedding of King Humbert and Queen Margaret.

Arthur Wade, aged twenty-three, of Watertown, Mich., shot himself because Miss Frankie Kinney would not become his wife. Before he killed himself he called on the young woman and gave her his watch.

Frank Pendry, nineteen years of age, was arrested in Chicago, charged with highway robbery. When taken into custody he wore a black mask and carried two revolvers. He acknowledged that he had robbed several men.

Irving Latimer, the druggist sent to Jackson, Mich., prison for life for murdering his mother, who poisoned a guard and escaped, being subsequently recaptured, has now been confined in a dungeon cell and will remain there till he dies.

At Durango, Mexico, a young woman apparently died. When placed in the coffin she opened her eyes, look astonished and then got up and wanted to know what it all meant. The relatives fled in terror, thinking the devil was at work.

It is authoritatively announced that the British warships, to take part in the great naval review in New York bay, will be the flagship Blake, the Magicienne, Partridge and Tartar of the North American squadron, and the Australia, of the Mediterranean fleet.

IT CLEANSES AND PURIFIES!

Nature's Fountain of Life!—It Heals, Invigorates and Rejuvenates.

Tired, weary and disease-hardened sufferer, have you tried nature's fountain of life? Have you tested the grand virtues of that noble remedy that has restored to perfect health men and women who endured agonies as terrible as yours? If you have not, the fault is your own; for years it has been near you but you have resisted the dictates of common sense, and have used agents that have made your condition more critical.

Paine's Celery Compound is nature's great life-giving remedy. It knows no failures; it never disappoints the helpless and weary sufferer; its cures are sure, and in the majority of cases permanent.

Paine's Celery Compound cleanses and purifies the system; it takes away all impurities, and causes the life-blood to course through the body as nature intended it should.

Can you trust its powers as thousands before you have done? It will do a work for you that the ablest physicians cannot accomplish. Use it at once, it is true—true life!

Miss Lettie Huntley

Is the sister of Mr. W. S. Huntley of Cortland, N. Y., a well known carpenter and builder. Her frank statement below gives only the absolute truth concerning her illness and marvelous recovery by the aid of Hood's Sarsaparilla. She says:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sir: Twelve years ago I began to have hemorrhages and four years ago became so low that the physicians told me

There Was No Hope

and I should soon die. I could not be moved from my bed. Under my face were napkins continually reddened with blood from my mouth. **I could eat nothing** and had no action of the bowels for a week. The doctors said the cause was ulcers in the stomach. At this time my mother said she wanted to make one more trial, and asked if I would take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I told her it would be

A Waste of Money

but finding it would comfort her, I began taking it. In a few days the bloating began to subside, I seemed to feel a little stronger, but thought it only fancy. I was so weak I could only take ten drops of Sarsaparilla at first. In two weeks I was able to sit up a few minutes every day. In a month **I could walk across the room.** One day I asked what they were to have for dinner, and said I wanted something hearty. My mother was so happy she cried. It was the

First Time I had Felt Hungry for Two Years

I kept on with Hood's Sarsaparilla and in six months was as well as ever in my life. It is now four years since I recovered, and I have not had a day's sickness since, nor any hemorrhage. If ever a human being thanked the good Lord on bended knees it was I. I know that Hood's Sarsaparilla, and that alone, unquestionably **Saved my Life.**"

Messrs. Sager & Jennings, the well known druggists of Cortland, say that Miss Huntley "is a highly respected lady; her statement of what

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Has done for her is worthy the highest confidence." Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills.

"Seal Brand" Coffee At the World's Fair

CHASE & SANBORN have been awarded the mammoth contract for supplying all the coffee served inside the World's Fair Grounds against the competition of the largest importing houses in the country.

This tribute to the Excellence of the "Seal Brand" proves that it is the best Coffee Grown.

Be Quick About It,

Or you will lose an opportunity of gain and profit.

DO NOT CHEAT YOURSELF

By Missing This Great Sale. Come and take your choice of our

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TOILET PAPERS.

The E. B. Eddy Com'y

Are the largest manufacturers of Toilet Papers in Canada, and guarantee their goods to be perfectly pure and innocuous.

MAMMOTH WORKS, HULL, CANADA.

TINWARE!

We are now carrying a large stock of factory-made tinware, consisting of Wash Bowls, Cullenders, Dippers, Funnels, Jelly Moulds, Milk Pans, Pudding Dishes, Dish Pans, Sauce Pans, Muffin Pans, Pie Plates, Jelly Plates, Oil Cans, Milk Pails, Covered Pails, Dinner Pails, Tea Pots, Bread Boxes, etc. We also have these goods in our own make, which for appearance and durability are unexcelled. All at very low prices.

McKELVEY & BIRCH,
69 and 71 Brock-st.

NOTE—A fine large second-hand safe, in good order, for sale cheap.

Corsets and Hosiery!

—AT—

O. GRAVELLE'S,

126 Princess Street.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST HOUSE IN THE CITY FOR CORSETS, GLOVES AND HOSIERY. Ask to see our 50 CENT CORSETS, the same as sold all over the city for 75c.

O. GRAVELLE'S,
Headquarters for best makes of Corsets.

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We have a large assortment of good and cheap Tweeds in pretty patterns. Just the thing the doctor ordered for boys and men.

FOR GIRLS—Now, girls, be you wee, small, medium or full grown. If you and your ma visit the Glasgow Warehouse and inspect our stock of New Dress Materials you will surely smile and say: Well, I'd be hard to please, if I could not pick a dress from such a pretty assortment, and prices to suit the pocket book, be it fat or lean. Goods Shown with pleasure by

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GLASGOW WAREHOUSE

NEW SPRING DRESSES CHEAP,
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New Colors All Wool Cashmeres, 25c.
Royal Navy Blue Serges, 40, 45, 50, 60c.
New Cheviot Fancy Dresses, Pretty Goods, $3, 3.50, 4, 4.50, 5.
30 Doz. New Silk Parasols at extra Low Prices.
New Laces, New Embroideries, New Trimmings.
500 Pieces New Fast Color Prints, 5, 7, 8, 10c.
300 Pieces 36 inch Grey Cotton, Bargain, 5c.

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Don't miss seeing our stock this week. We have the largest lot of Trimmed and Untrimmed Millinery in the city. Styles the newest. Prices the lowest.

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A great demand for our Mantles. They were bought right, the styles are right, the prices right, therefore just what you want. Come and see them.

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THREE COMPANIES REPRESENTING $50,000,000 CAPITAL.

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Cash Capital	$4,000,000 00
Total Assets	10,457,497 84
Losses paid in 72 years	66,271,000 00

For prompt settlement of losses and equitable dealing with policy holders this company stands unrivalled.
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Practically a Canadian Company with British Security.

Reserves are deposited annually at Ottawa and now amount to one million dollars.
Rates lower than the majority of offices. Many and choice plans of insurance offered.

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Ask that husband of yours to buy you some

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Have removed their office from the Corner of Clarence and Ontario streets to the

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Between Hotel Frontenac and Anglo-American Hotel, Ontario street.

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Prepaid Tickets issued at lowest current rates to persons desirous of bringing out friends from the "old country."

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