Men's Department.

100 DOZEN
Men's Latest Style Neck Ties,
2 for 25c.

A Fine Silk Tie, 25c.
Bow Ties in all styles.
White Bow Ties.
For large stock and low prices try

..TAYLOR'S..
NEW STORE
88 & 90 Princess Street.

All merchants occasionally get stuck on some line of goods. In Books it is usually from the published price being too high, dull times, or buying too many.

We have decided that we have too many paper covered Books, so have filled our counter at 25c each These are all good authors and sold at 50c and 75c.

WE HAVE JUST
Nineteen Calendars for '96
These we want to clean out and offer them at 20c each. They are worth from 50c to $1.00 each; very pretty and an ornament for any wall.

The 14th Feb. is Valentine's Day
We have something unique in Valentines. These are not personal or offensive, but new and just the thing for fun.
We are Agents for the celebrated Cleveland Bicycle.

JOHN HENDERSON & CO
86 Princess Street, Kingston

SINGING BIRDS

Require careful attention, and their food should be selected with care. Dirty, dusty seed should not be used.

We have just received some of the best and cleanest seed we ever saw. It is put up in 1 lb. packages, and is a mixture of rape, millet and canary. (No hemp—it is too fattening and is apt to ruin a good singer.)

In every pound package at 10c is a cake of Bird Treat, which sells separately at 5c a cake. Bird Treat renders the use of cuttle fish unnecessary.

HOBART'S | MEDICAL HALL.

MAJESTIC

Don't buy a Bicycle until you see our '96 models. Samples will be here in a few days.

Tweddell Tailoring Co.
One Door Below City Hotel.

HOCKEY SKATES STICKS
ALL MAKES.
GEO. SEARS,
Successor to J. Muckleston & Co., Princess Street, Kingston.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

Are a BLOOD BUILDER and NERVE TONIC. They supply in condensed form ALL the substances needed to enrich the Blood and to rebuild the Nerves, thus making them a certain and speedy cure for a diseases arising from impoverished blood, and shattered nerves, such as paralysis, spinal disease, rheumatism, sciatica, loss of memory, erysipelas, palpitation of the heart, scrofula, chlorosis or green sickness, that tired feeling that affects so many, etc. They have a specific action on the sexual system of both men and women, restoring lost vigor.

WEAK MEN
(young and old), suffering from mental worry, overwork, insomnia, excesses, or self-abuse, should take these PILLS. They will restore lost energies, both physical and mental.

SUFFERING WOMEN
afflicted with the weaknesses peculiar to their sex, such as suppression of the periods, bearing down pains, weak back, ulcerations, etc., will find these pills an unfailing cure.

PALE AND SALLOW GIRLS
should take these Pills. They enrich the blood, restore health's roses to the cheeks and correct all irregularities.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. These Pills are sold by all dealers only in boxes bearing our trade mark or will be sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of price—50 cents a box or 5 for $2.50.
THE DR. WILLIAMS MED. CO.,
Brockville, Ont. or Morristown, N.Y.

BUDGET DEBATE RESUMED.

THE FINANCE MINISTER REPLIED TO BY SIR RICHARD.

Ridiculed the Idea of Preferential Trade—An Attack on Sir Mackenzie Bowell—Lieut.-Gov. McIntosh May Get Out of the Office.

OTTAWA, Feb. 6.—After routine business in the house to-day, Sir Richard Cartwright continued his speech on the budget, which he commenced on Friday last. He declared that imperial trade was an entirely visionary idea, and not at the present time within the range of political possibilities. Dealing with the question of reciprocity with the United States, he asserted that the government had not done all that ought to have been done to secure the market of the republic of Canada. Sir Richard Cartwright disputed Mr. Foster's estimate that expenditures and receipts will balance this year, and quoted figures to show that there must be a deficit of nearly four millions for the coming year. He contended that the rural population is decreasing, that Canadians are feeling the pinch of poverty, and that the placing of 378 articles on the free list was a sham, delusion and snare. After speaking for three hours Sir Richard Cartwright took his seat without making an amendment.

Sir Richard Cartwright's reference to preferential trade were emphatic. At the outset he asked, had its advocates in Canada realized for one moment what preferential trade between Great Britain and her colonies meant, are they prepared to pay the price. Suppose the government of Great Britain come down and say to us, "Admit British manufactured goods into Canada free and we will give you a substantial preference for your agricultural produce." Are the manufacturers of Canada prepared to pay the price? "Sir," said Sir Richard, "I greatly doubt it. Well, unless that is done, or something closely analogous to it, it is the idlest nonsense on anybody's part to talk about preferential trade. John Bull is not quite a fool, and he is not going to give preferential advantages on any consideration to his colonies or anybody else, unless his colonies are prepared to admit his manufactured goods free of charge, or at any rate on vastly reduced terms, which, I take it, the honorable gentlemen opposite have not the slightest intention of doing. A good deal has been made of the movement in the direction of preferential trade, which is supposed to have found champions among statesmen in Great Britain—or rather politicians, for I am not aware of any statesman, properly so called, who has pledged himself to any such doctrine."

Sir Richard quoted from speeches by Lord Salisbury, Lord Farrer and Mr. Chamberlain, against a tax on food, and added: "The vagaries of Mr. Lowther, Howard Vincent, and even of Sir Charles Tupper himself, will hardly be taken against the utterances of these responsible statesmen. We would do well in our present position not to waste our time in discussing preferential trade within the limits of the empire."

Sir Charles H. Tupper, who replied, said that the only novelty in Sir Richard Cartwright's address has been his reference to preferential trade. For seventeen years the people of Canada had heard him, and had preferred to stand his abuse rather than stand him. Never before had Sir Richard Cartwright referred to Manitoba as a sink hole for public money. Sir Charles Tupper replied at considerable length to the observations of Sir Richard Cartwright. He pointed out that the picture drawn by Sir Richard, as to the present position of the dominion was entirely contrary to the opinion of the business men, and even of many liberals. Quotations from bankers and others as to the commercial position of the country followed. The president of the Bank of Montreal pointed out that since 1880 the bank's stock had advanced fifty-nine per cent. He (Sir Charles H. Tupper) believed that the Canadian people would decide to stand by the policy which had served them so well in the past, and would keep their industries out of the grasp of the member for South Oxford. It had been said that the next election would be fought out on the straight trade issue. The conservative party was prepared for that. They were only too glad to have the advantage of dealing with an honest and above board issue, but let both parties be honest. They on the conservative side were, he believed, to a man for protection. They took the risk of the indictment of the member for South Oxford; they appealed to the Canadian people for their judgment. Their position was that they proposed to continue that policy. They did not propose to budge from it one single inch.

At midnight Sir Charles moved the adjournment of the debate, and a few minutes later the house arose.

In the senate to-day Mr. O'Donohoe created a sensation by making an attack on Sir Mackenzie Bowell because his name was left off a committee. He said: "There is no man in the dominion of Canada who holds our worthy premier in higher esteem than I, but when he took back a nest of hornets to work with him again I disregarded him, and I will disregard him as a man not holding what he is entitled to hold. Up until the day when these men disregarded him and said he was unfit to be the leader of the Canadian people, I was an admirer of his, and the leader of the government knows that these were my sentiments, because I even wrote them to him. My sentiments were that he was an honorable, clean man, devoted to the public interest, but when he sunk to the level of taking back to him a nest of hornets, a nest of men who had no confidence in him, then I say the worthy premier lost my confidence, and only then."

The Capital Budget.

Deputations are daily waiting on the government to secure changes in the tariff. Requests are made for free admission of cordage for fishing nets and sardine cans. A Montreal manufacturer of lamp chimneys has asked for the addition of a specific to the ad valorem duty.

The quantity of freight passed eastward to Montreal from Lake Erie through the Welland and St. Lawrence canals in 1895 was 292,000 tons compared with 508,000 in 1894.

As a result of the agitation among Manitoba and northwest members regarding wheat grading, Mr. Davin has been promised that eastern millers will have no representation on the Winnipeg grain standards board, and that western men shall have entire control of the fixing of standards.

Major D. McLeod, who contested Carleton county for parliament three times in the conservative interest, has been appointed postmaster at Woodstock, N.B.

A story is current that the Hon. C. H. Mackintosh, lieutenant-governor of the north-west territories, does not propose returning to the west, but intends instead to resign that position and re-enter the political arena, running for Ottawa at the next general elections. The lieutenant-governor is still at Ottawa, although his leave of absence expired Jan. 20th.

It is practically settled that Col. M. Aylmer will be adjutant-general. Lieut.-Col. Otter, Toronto, is to be made full colonel.

A military deputation from Toronto urge the re-establishment of the garrison artillery with four to six batteries.

William McKenzie and D. B. Mann are urging the government to grant a subsidy to the Nipissing and James Bay railway.

Reform Association Officers.

BELLEVILLE, Feb. 7.—The East Hastings reform association held its annual meeting in the town hall at Melrose, Wednesday. The sturdy electors of East Hastings turned out in large numbers, and the meeting was most enthusiastic. The election of officers resulted: President, J. K. McCargar; secretary-treasurer, N. Vermilyea. The elections of vice-presidents for the various townships resulted: Tyendinaga, Dennis Hanley; Deseronto, A. S. Vallean; Thurlow, W. C. Farley; Hungerford, P. Murphy.

PERE LACOMBE'S SCHEME.

He Wants to Establish a Church Colony of Half-breeds.

OTTAWA, Feb. 6.—If Father Lacombe, the well-known north-west missionary, is successful in his present mission to Ottawa, Sir Mackenzie Bowell will again find himself in stormy waters. Father Lacombe wants to obtain from the government a grant of four townships near Egg Lake, in the territories, for a half-breed colony. He contends that the half-breeds are destitute and unable to take care of themselves or earn a decent living. This land he proposes to be loaned only, to revert to the government should it be used for other than the purposes for which it is granted, and to be entirely under the direction of the bishops and missionaries, who shall have the right to distribute it for use to those who take up homes in the colony.

White people or Indians will not be allowed in the colony unless by permission of the missionaries, and no intoxicating liquors will be allowed in the territory. Industrial schools will be established for the instruction of boys and girls.

Father Lacombe has talked the matter over with the premier, who, he says, has expressed himself as much pleased with the scheme, and pronounced it a patriotic undertaking. Since the scheme has come to public notice considerable opposition has arisen to the grant being made. In the Calgary Herald of Jan. 9th, the Rev. John McDougall has a letter in which he protests against any grant being made for such purpose. He says the half-breeds have had already the pick and choice of the country, having got from the government large bonuses in land, scrip and money, and been admitted to full citizenship. Some have done well while others have been shiftless and lazy.

If this scheme is carried out, Mr. McDougall says, the inhabitants of the adjoining settlements will demand that they be disenfranchised, as is the Indian. In vigorous terms he denounces any scheme which would lead to the increase of pauperism. In an editorial of the same date the Herald says: "The premier should go slow in granting certain elements everything they ask. He has already alienated an important section of his party, and if he persists in the same course, either he will have to seek another party to lead or the party will have to seek another party to lead them. The whole question will be settled in a few days, and most likely, it is thought by some, in favor of Father Lacombe and his colony.

Many of the half-breeds are not Catholics.

MYSTERIOUS MURDER.

A Young Woman Found With Her Head Chopped Off.

GREEN CASTLE, Ind., Feb. 6.—The family of A. S. Bryan, a leading farmer, living less than two miles from this city, have identified the clothing brought here by detectives as that of their daughter, Pearl Bryan. They furnish other information and circumstances which leave no doubt in the minds of the officers that the body of the woman murdered and beheaded near Fort Thomas, opposite Cincinnati, last Friday night, is their daughter, Pearl, aged twenty-three years, who left home Jan. 28th, ostensibly to visit her friend, Miss Jane Fisher, on Central avenue, Indianapolis. They have made every possible enquiry to-day, and find that she did not visit Miss Fisher in Indianapolis, but that she was taken to Cincinnati by Scott Jackson.

As soon as the officers interviewed the Bryan family they sent word to Cincinnati to have Scott Jackson arrested. The mother of Scott Jackson lives here, and the families were intimate and highly respected.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 7.—The chain of evidence is being more tightly bound about the Fort Thomas murderers. The admission of participating in various phases of the crime by Scott, Jackson and Alonzo M. Walling continue. Piece by piece the police are learning all the facts which led to Pearl Bryan's death and decapitation. Toward midnight Walling made a statement to a reporter that Pearl Bryan was murdered in cold blood by Scott Jackson who he says administered a hypodermic injection of either prussic acid or arsenic and cocaine and then cut off her head to baffle identification.

Scott Jackson is a student at the dental college, about twenty-four years old, blonde and effeminate in appearance. Jackson confessed to his guilt and implicates Alonzo M. Walling, who has also confessed to a personal knowledge of the murder of the girl. Walling tries to lay the whole blame on Jackson. Jackson, on the contrary, while he admits his own guilt, takes pains to implicate Walling.

Gananoque Budget.

GANANOQUE, Feb. 7.—J. H. Morin, representing a Montreal firm, was in town yesterday. The engine on the T. I. R. was in the hands of the repairers yesterday, consequently the trains on the G. T. R. had to be met through the means of a stage from town. C. B. Rogers is the chairman of the board of education for the present term.

Milton Flaherty took first place in the first race at the Citizens' band rink Wednesday evening, and Fred. Meggs the winning place in the race for boys. The promoters of the rink announce that the next attraction will be another fancy dress carnival next week. Capt. Jack Crawford, the poet scout, is the next attraction at Turner's opera house. Definite arrangements will be made for the St. Andrew's church tea-meeting at the next regular meeting of the Y.P.A. next Tuesday evening. The name of the old Central hotel has been altered by the present proprietor to the Arlington.

Atwood Is Located.

BROCKVILLE, Feb. 7.—On Dec. 23rd, Wm. Atwood and Mrs. J. Dormer eloped from Delta taking Mrs. Dormer's two children with them. Chief Rose located them at Laconia, N.H., and notified county constable Russell, of Delta, who left for Laconia. Atwood is wanted at Delta on charges of larceny and obtaining money under false pretences. Unless he consents to return without extradition proceedings, action will betaken against him for bringing stolen goods into the United States. Mrs. Dormer's husband is anxious that she should return. He will forgive all if she consents to live with him again.

A Ludicrous Claim By Lumbermen.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—The boundary of 1842 negotiated by Daniel Webster and Lord Ashburton and proclaimed by president Tyler after ratification made specific provision for the northern boundary of Minnesota and left no doubt whatever upon the Canadian ownership of Hunter's Island. This treaty fixed the northern limit of the United States from the Atlantic ocean to the Rocky mountains. The contention of the Minnesota lumbermen that the language of the treaty is of doubtful interpretation is not regarded here as substantial by any portion of the treaty.

The Irish Leaders.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—Justin McCarthy has addressed a letter to the secretaries of the Irish party, in which he says that his reasons for giving up the leadership are wholly personal, and due to his failing health and to the necessity for greater attention to his profession, upon which depends his livelihood. He says that he is still full of confidence in the success of home rule, which he does not believe is doomed, so long deferred as some seem to think it is. He sees hopeful indications that the factions of the party will soon be united.

To Call Out the Militia.

CHICAGO, Feb. 7. — A special from Frankfort, Ky., says: After a consultation, last night, between Gov. Bradley, Dr. Hunter and other republicans it was decided to call out the state militia, to be present during the balloting for a United States senator after the unseating of members shall have begun. This will certainly provoke trouble, perhaps to-day.

The secretary of the 'Varsity hockey team has sent word that his players will be unable to come to Kingston for the scheduled match against Queen's to-night and the event has, therefore, been declared off

BAYARD'S BURNING WORDS.

A CHANGE OF FACES BUT NOT OF HEARTS.

The U.S. Ambassador to Great Britain is of the Right Sort—All Differences Could be Arranged if Human Hearts Spoke to Human Hearts.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—Ambassador Bayard attended a charity dinner given here to-night. He made a speech in which he expressed pleasure in being admitted into the personal sympathy of English people. He said when he recognized the community of sentiment existing between his country and theirs, he felt that crossing the Atlantic was merely a change of faces, not a change of hearts. (Cheers.) Their language and feeling did not need to be translated. They meant one and the same thing. What ought to be easier than to maintain such a transparent truth? Yet some persons might possibly contend that aspirations of honest men here and there were different. He did not believe it. (Cheers.) If there was a difference it was artificial. No form of words or exchange of sentiments was necessary. Only let human hearts speak to human hearts and it would be found that all differences could be arranged.

EDITORS GATHER.

J. S. Brierly, of St. Thomas, is the New President.

TORONTO, Feb. 7.—About forty members attended the first day of the thirty-eighth annual meeting of the Canadian press association here. The officers for next year are: J. S. Brierly, St. Thomas, president; J. B. McLean, Toronto, first vice-president; John A. Cooper, secretary-treasurer; J. E. Atkinson, assistant secretary-treasurer; T. A. Bellamy, Ingersoll, J. A. McKay, Windsor, auditors.

For the office of second vice-president there are two nominations, Major Holmes, Clinton New Era, and C. W. Young, Cornwall Freeholder.

A feature of the proceedings was the adoption of a resolution moved by Andrew Pattullo expressive of the loyalty of the members of the organization to the British empire.

TORONTO, Feb. 7.—At the Canadian press association this morning the most important business was the presentation of a report dealing with the question of the carriage of newspapers through the mails. While the report did not go to the extent of advocating the re-imposition of postage, it proposed several measures designed to check the use of the mails by advertising sheets styled newspapers. Mr. Brierley, of St. Thomas, brought in the report of the committee. He remarked that, in view of the expressions of opinion elicited, the committee had contented itself with a series of recommendations. The recommendations contained a suggestion for the appointment of a committee to make representation to the post office department tending to prevent the continuance of the abuse of the privileges of free transit through the mails. It also recommended the following amendments to the present regulations:

(a) That every newspaper be required to be registered as is now done in Great Britain and the United States.

(b) That no publication shall be entitled to registration as a newspaper that is supplied free to its readers directly or indirectly.

(c) That papers commencing publication after a certain date shall pay a nominal rate per pound for one year. If at the end of that time it is held to be a legitimate newspaper the amount paid shall be refunded.

R. Holmes, of the Clinton New Era, was elected second vice-president over C. W. Young, of the Cornwall Freeholder, by eighteen votes to seventeen.

The following executive committee was chosen: Messrs. W. Ireland, Parry Sound; Dan McGillicuddy, Goderich; W. S. Dingman, Stratford; R. L. Mortimer, Shelburne; A. G. F. Macdonald, Alexandria. The association favored a direct and independent cable news service between Canada and Europe, and believes that such a service would be established by action of the Canadian daily press.

SWEPT BY FIRE AND FLOOD.

Bound Brook, N.J., Almost Wiped Out of Existence.

SOMERVILLE, N.J., Feb. 7. — Bound Brook last night experienced the most dreadful calamity in its existence. It was swept by both fire and flood. The water from the Raritan river ran through the streets, and at three o'clock this morning was nearly ten feet deep in the main street of the town. The flood was caused by the heavy rain overflowing the Raritan. The surrounding country for a quarter of a mile on each side of the village was flooded.

A fire was first seen in the lumber yard of L. L. Cook & Co. No attention was paid to it as all the residents directed their efforts towards rescuing those who were imprisoned in their houses by the flood. Last reports, at five o'clock this morning, say the fire was still raging and that the Presbyterian church, the annex hotel, and other residences and business places had been destroyed. One man was known to have been drowned while trying to rescue a family who were at an upper window all night. The flood spread over three blocks. The Jersey Central RR. and tracks of Lehigh Valley RR. are under water for over 100 feet.

The damage is fully $150,000. Hundreds of fragile structures were torn down and great numbers of dead animals went down in the torrents. The fire finally died out this morning.

Loss of a Vessel.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 7.—The British steamer Laurestina, Capt. J. Gavin, which sailed from this port on Dec. 6th, for Sligo, Ireland, has been officially posted at Lloyds as missing. Nothing has been heard from the vessel or her crew since she left the Capes, two months ago. She had twenty or twenty-five men in her crew, but none of them were shipped from this port. Her cargo consisted of one hundred thousand bushels of corn valued at $34,000. The vessel was owned by J. Robinson & Sons, North Shields, England. She registered 1,300 tons net. It is believed she went down with all on board.

Released On Bail.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—A despatch received from Pretoria says that John Hays Hammond, the American mining engineer, arrested at Johannesburg together with a number of other reformers and taken to Pretoria for trial, was released on bail on Feb. 5th.

Hammond's release was on account of illness caused and aggravated by confinement. The amount of bail is £10,000, and he is to remain under police surveillance and not see visitors except with the permission of the authorities.

Spainards Are Indignant.

MADRID, Feb. 7.—The Heraldo publishes an indignant article on the United States committee's Cuban resolution and advises that Spain send a squadron of ironclads to Cuba at once. The Corroer describes the resolution as offensive and arbitrary. The Epoca says that president Cleveland should not forget the traditions of American policy and reminds him that the Chilian insurgents were not recognized as belligerents by the United States.

Accused of Cruelty.

OTTAWA, Feb. 7.—Mrs. Bell, wife of inspector Bell, inspector for cruelty to animals association, charged with ill-treatment of her two grandchildren, was refused bail in the police court to-day. The story given by the lad, whose name is Short, is a cruel one against his grandmother. The woman denies the charge of ill-treatment, as does also her husband. The children's aid society is prosecuting.

A Good Mother Gone.

AYLMER, Feb. 7.—Esther M. Price, mother of D. H. Price, editor of the Aylmer Express, and one of the oldest residents of Aylmer, died at her son's home here last evening in her eightieth year. The deceased was born in Genesee county, N.Y., in 1816 and had resided here since 1844.

William H. English, Indianapolis, Ind., died at 12:35 o'clock this afternoon.

GENERAL PARAGRAPHS.

The Very Latest News Crowded Into the Smallest of Space.

Typhoid fever is epidemic in Elmira, N. Y.

There is an epidemic of scarlet fever in Syracuse.

Rev. Fr. Hoban has been appointed bishop of Scranton, Pa.

Shell oysters, lobsters, smelts and mackerel at Carnovsky's fish market.

A British mail, by the steamship Majestic, arrived at the local office to-day and was distributed.

Samuel Pew, eighty-eight years of age, of Stamford, died as a result of being kicked by one of his horses.

Dr. Saunders is holding his own and for the past few days no change has been noticeable in his condition.

The newest shapes in bows, four-in-hand knots and string ties at half price. Saturday night. Grand Union.

Principal Grant will be asked to deliver an address at the opening of the Gananoque high school building.

Fresh rhubarb, spinach, lettuce, radishes, parsley, green onions, celery, pine apples, bananas and pears at Carnovsky's.

The Dr. Chase's remedies, including Dr. Chase's Linseed and Turpentine for colds and coughs. Medley's drug store.

The Diepl manufacturing company, Toronto, manufacturers of mantles, grates and tiles, etc., has decided to go into liquidation.

Think of buying new goods at half price. That's what you can do by attending our collar and tie sale Saturday night. Grand Union.

Gunners Hewlett and Miskell, of the Ottawa field battery of artillery, are taking the short course of instruction at Tete du Pont barracks.

Sir John Schultz definitely announces himself as the conservative candidate for North Alberta, Man., at the approaching general election.

Dollars look as big as waggon wheels now and we are prepared to meet them with equally large overcoat trades. Grand Union.

Capt. Lee, R.A., R.M.C., lectures on "Waterloo" under the auspices of the officers of the Governor-General's Foot Guards in Ottawa on Saturday week.

Judge Senkler, of St. Catharines, Ont., who has been ill for the past week, took a turn for the worse yesterday, and his condition is now considered serious.

Rev. Salem G. Bland, recently assisting at evangelistic services in Grace church, Brooklyn, N.Y., will preach in the First Methodist church, Picton, on 16th inst.

Sixty anarchists have been arrested in Lisbon in connection with the recent bomb-throwing. The government has determined upon strong anti-anarchist measures.

For Saturday night from 6 to 10 p.m., two twenty-five cent ties for a quarter, two fifty-cent ties for 60c., two of the latest style collars worth 20c. each for a quarter. Grand Union.

Rudyard Kipling has written, expressing sorrow at the death of Capt. Irving of the Royal Grenadiers, and asking to be allowed to subscribe towards any memorial the regiment may establish.

The returns issued by the London board of trade for January show an increase of £1,730,000 in imports and of £2,960,000 in exports during the month as compared with those of January, 1895.

Fearing an accident similar to that which befel the old drill shed men were put to work cleaning the snow off many of the big roofs about the city. Four men removed the snow from the roof of the city hall.

Charles Poile, one of the best known and universally respected citizens of Chatham, Ont., died yesterday. The deceased was one of the pioneer settlers of Chatham, where he had resided ever since.

Price is the great convener, the invincible salesman. Wit, wisdom, eloquence, oratory all sit down when price speaks. He speaks now—he's here to create a hustle Saturday night. Grand Union.

The Cape Vincent stage experienced difficulty in getting across from Cape Vincent to-day. The track had become filled in and had to be re-opened. However, the city was reached without any accidents happening.

A. B. Cunningham's sign, stolen from his office door, Clarence street, was found to-day on the ice by cadet Skinner as he was crossing to the city. It must have been deposited there by the person who removed it from the doorway.

Chairman Dingley, of the house ways and means committee, Washington, who has charge of the silver substitute to the bond bill, said this morning that a vote on the pending measure would not be taken before late on Monday afternoon.

Toronto university athletic association will be presented at the Olympian games in Athens, Greece, next April, by J. Keele, a lecturer in one of the affiliated colleges. Mr. Keele is a noted fencer, in the art of which he will strive to uphold 'Varsity.

Everybody's birthday party at Brock street Methodist church, Monday next, tea served from 6 to 8 p.m. Concert at 8 o'clock by local talent, Rev. D. C. Sanderson and others. Admission one cent for each year of your age.

His numerous friends will be pleased to learn that the condition of Willie Harty is rapidly improving. He can see with his injured eye but cannot distinguish objects. Unless he takes a change for the worse it is only a matter of time when he will be fully restored to health.

Two cases of small pox were discovered last evening at the house of correction, Detroit, Mich. The patients are Harry Kenny, of Wayne, and Theodore Kent, of Flint, each twenty-three years old. They were taken ill about the same time. The patients were removed to the pest house and every precaution taken to prevent spread of the disease.

Clements Markham, F.R.S., president of the Royal geographical society, had a two-column letter in yesterday's London Times minutely describing all the cartographic evidence obtainable in the society's map-room bearing on the disputed Venezuelan boundaries from 1570 onwards, and comes to the conclusion that the evidence is conclusive in favor of Great Britain's claim.

AN ILLUSTRIOUS RECORD.

Chief Justice Of Ontario Completes Forty Years Of Service.

TORONTO, Feb. 7.—The chief justice of Ontario yesterday completed his fortieth year on the bench. On the first page of volume six of the Upper Canada common pleas reports it is recorded that "on 6th Feb., 1856, J. Hawkins Hagarty, Q.C., was sworn in as puisne judge of the court of common pleas." On the 19th March, 1862, he was transferred to the queen's bench as a puisne judge; on the 12th Nov. 1868, he went back to the common pleas as chief justice; on the 13th Nov., 1878, he became chief justice of the queen's bench; and on 6th May, 1884, president of the court of appeal and of the supreme court of judicature, with the title of chief justice of Ontario. He has had a longer judicial life than any living judge in any part of the British empire, it is believed, and, at an advanced age, is still strong and sound in mind and body.

Enjoyable Evening.

Last evening at 213 Queen street, St. Paul's rectory, a goodly number considering the stormy night, met at Mr. Carey's residence for a parlor concert. The following programme was well rendered: Songs by Mrs. Betts, Rev. R. Coleman, Rev. H. J. Spencer and Bert Spencer; two excellent readings by Mr. Roche; piano duet by Mrs. Crevolin and Miss Rogers, of Vermont; piano solos by Miss Jessie Pipe, and piano accompaniments by Misses Williams and Gaskin. Bert Spencer by special request will give his unique rendering of the "Alabama Coon" at the next concert. After partaking of refreshments the happy party faced the blinding storm to wend their way homewards at 10:30 o'clock.

Killed on the Track.

MCKEESPORT, Pa., Feb. 7.—At seven o'clock this morning a Baltimore & Ohio shifting engine, engineer William Hughes, fireman Daniel Kirkland, collided with a Second avenue car at a crossing between Rankin and Mills stations. Conductor W. H. Cooper, of the electric car, was killed, and motorman James Riddell perhaps fatally injured.

HOPE NO MISTAKE IS MADE.

THE CHANGES IN THE GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Spicer's is the Most Noteworthy Resignation—Death of Mr. Ritchie—A Traveller Threatened to Shoot the Girl He Loved.

MONTREAL, Feb. 7.—The Star in a leading article on G.T.R. changes says they evidently indicate a radical departure that means the sacrifice of many men of much importance in the railway world. It notes the going of Messrs. Seargeant, Hannaford, Stephenson and Spicer, the last named the most noteworthy resignation. He is a man who will not quarrel with changes meant for the economizing of the expenses of management, for his personal sacrifices for the G.T.R. are well known. Not once, nor twice, but three times he refused offers of largely increased salary to join his fortune with other railways. With the Grand Trunk Mr. Spicer's life, his hopes, were closely identified, and no allurement was sufficient to disengage him. Such zeal, such devotion, such self-sacrifice are possible to few men. His was a zeal that literally knew no bounds. It is a blow to hosts of his admirers and friends in Montreal to have Mr. Spicer out of the Grand Trunk. The necessities that sacrifice Mr. Spicer must be dire indeed. Never in the history of the Grand Trunk railway can its best friends ever hope for men who will serve it with greater fidelity. The changes of the kaleidoscope are indeed full of sadness. Let us hope that a mistake has not been made.

H. K. Ritchie, stationery agent of the Grand Trunk, died Wednesday. Mr. Ritchie was nearly sixty-two years of age, and had been an employee of the Grand Trunk for over twenty years.

Mr. Wallis, G. T. R. mechanical superintendent, denies that he intends to resign, or that he has been requested to do so.

Miss Lovesley laid complaint against John S. Allcock, traveller for Robert Linton & Co., on a charge of having threatened to shoot her. Allcock has long been enamored of the young lady. Police officials requested him to appear before them. He ignored them and was arrested, being remanded after pleading "not guilty."

Hon. Mr. Taillon denied the rumor that he intended to bring on the provincial elections concurrently with the federal elections.

Nellie Isadore was sentenced in May, 1894, to the girls' reformatory for three years for loitering while selling newspapers. She was then ten and a half years old. Her father moved to Philadelphia and sent word to Rabbi Veld, Jewish chaplain, that he would like to have his daughter discharged, promising to take care of her. Hon. L. P. Pelletier, provincial secretary, wired that the girl's discharge had been ordered.

Very important judgments were given by the arbitrators on the disputed accounts between Ontario, Quebec and the dominion yesterday. The province of Ontario is several hundred thousand dollars better off as a result.

Not Out of the Service.

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 7.—W. J. Spicer, general manager of the Chicago and Grand Trunk, denies the report that he has retired from the service of the Grand Trunk. "What I said," said Mr. Spicer, yesterday, after his return from the east, "was that I had retired from the position, but not from the service."

Mr. Spicer was officially informed, last Saturday, that the board of directors, located in England, had decided to merge the position of general manager of all the Grand Trunk lines into one, with offices in Montreal, the position Mr. Hays now fills.

It was upon the strength of this official information that Mr. Spicer gave it out that he had retired from the position filled by him. Mr. Spicer says that so far he has not resigned his position, nor has he been asked to resign. He has had no correspondence with the directors or with Mr. Hays.

The Prince Imperial.

Archibald Forbes, in his "Memories of War and Peace," says that the prince imperial, the son of Napoleon III, "took back" to his Spanish ancestry; that he had all the pride, the melancholy, the ardor, to shine, the courage bordering on recklessness of a true grandee of Spain.

How perfect his self restraint could be is easily seen from an incident of the time of his studying at the government school in Woolwich, England. He one day heard that a Frenchman was visiting the academy and sent out to say that he should be glad to see his countryman. The person, who happened to be a bitter anti-imperialist, was presented, and the prince asked from what part of France he came.

The visitor looked the youth straight in the face with a sarcastic smile, uttered the word "Sedan" and grinningly awaited the effect of his brutality.

The prince flushed, and his eye kindled. Then he controlled himself, and quietly remarking, "That is a very pretty part of France," he closed the interview with a bow.

His dignity and self control were finely manifested when, a lad not yet 17, he followed his father's coffin, as chief mourner, along the path lined by thousands of French sympathizers, and his demeanor was said to be truly royal when, later on in that trying day, the masses of French artisans hailed him with shouts of "Vive Napoleon IV!" He stopped.

"My friends," said he, "I thank you, but your emperor is dead. Let us join in the cry of 'Vive la France!'"

Then he bared his head and led off the cheering.

Heart Burials.

The body of Louis IX, after his death at Carthage in 1270, is related to have been boiled in wine and water in order to preserve it for transportation, and it was then shipped by Charles of Anjou (I) to Sicily. Here the flesh and viscera were deposited in the Benedictine Abbey of Monreale, near Palermo. The heart and the bones remained, by desire of the soldiers, in the camp. Later, his son Philip (Le Hardi) having carried them and those of his brother Tristan into Italy, they were brought to Paris in 1271. On March 21 of that year the bones, reduced to ashes, were deposited temporarily in Notre Dame, whence they were presently borne in state to the Benedictine Abbey of St. Denis, and at each spot by the way where the bearers paused, seven in number, Philip subsequently caused a cross to be raised.

Charles of Anjou dying at Foggia, 1285, his heart was sent to Angers, while his body was entombed in San Gennaro, at Naples. His viscera remained in the Duomo at Fuggia.

Philip III (Le Hardi) died of pestilence at Perpignan, Oct. 5, 1285. His flesh was buried at Narbonne. His bones were transferred to St. Denis. His heart was given by Philip IV (Le Bel) to the Dominicans of Paris.—Notes and Queries.

Trains and Winds.

Trainmen say it is not the "head on" wind that delay the cars, as the engine presents a small portion of itself to it, and, breaking through, the train can be easily pulled along after it, but when the wind strikes the train at an angle of 45 degrees, the trouble begins. The wind uses the whole side surface as a leverage and gives the engineer lots of trouble. The cars sway over to one side and are dragged along with difficulty. The engineers estimate that in going 100 miles an extra ton of coal is used in a very high wind, and even then it is impossible to keep on schedule time. The wind most disastrous to travel on the Consolidated road is that from the northeast. It strikes the trains cornerwise and makes the engines struggle and strain to counteract its force. This is felt especially in crossing the Connecticut river, where the wind has a full sweep, and all the New York trains are a few minutes late when the southeasters are in force.—Springfield Republican.

She Had Reformed.

Ethel—Molly told me yesterday, Nell, that you had resolved to give up talking slang.

Nell—Yes, I have. I thought it all over, and I've made up my mind that even if the young men do seem to like a girl whose talk is bright and slangy, when it comes to getting married she simply isn't in it.—Somerville Journal.

PITH OF THE NEWS.

Spice of the Morning Papers And the Very Latest Despatches.

Sir Charles Tupper was banqueted at Halifax last night.

The Queenee drill shed collapsed yesterday because of the weight of snow upon it.

With three polls to hear, Robinson, conservative, has 471 majority in Northumberland, N.B.

Dr. W. R. Wade, of Dunchurch, the conservative nominee against Col. O'Brien, M. P., is dead.

Bishop O'Connor, of Peterboro, returned from Rome yesterday and was given a public reception.

The January public school report in Toronto shows 26,568 names on the roll, with an average attendance of 23,019.

Dr. Burt, member for South Brant, and John Dickenson, the successor of Nicholas Awrey, have been selected by the Ontario cabinet to move and second the address in reply to the speech from the throne.

Dr. Napoleon Morency, Beauce, Que., has taken proceedings against L. E. Couture, of Levis, for $50,000. The case arises out of family troubles in which Mr. Couture interfered by persuading Mrs. Morency to leave her home.

A conference of the commandants of the forces of the Australian colonies has recommended a scheme of concentrated federal defence, and also that all Australian troops be armed with rifles of the same pattern, calibre, etc., as those supplied to the imperial troops.

Our Railways.

OTTAWA, Feb. 6.—The annual report of the minister of railways and canals shows there are 15,977 miles of railway in operation, an increase of 350. They earned $46,785,000. The working expenses were $32,749,000 leaving net earnings of $14,035,000. There were 13,987,000 passengers carried, of whom nine were killed; of freight, 21,524,000 tons were carried.

To Be Laid Before The House.

WINNIPEG, Feb. 7.—The first session of the ninth legislature of Manitoba was opened yesterday. The speech from the throne contained a statement that a copy of the order-in-council, embodying the views and policy of the provincial government on the school question, would shortly be laid before the house.

Twice Sentenced For Murder.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 7.—The supreme court has sentenced Thomas Pushong to be hanged March 13th. A strange feature of Pushong's case is that he was once sentenced to the penitentiary for twenty years for the same murder and obtained a reversal of judgment by the supreme court and a new trial.

Call To A Minister.

HAMILTON, Feb. 7.—The Wentworth Presbyterian church, Hamilton, gives a unanimous call to Rev. J. McWilliams, of St. Andrew's church, Peterboro, at a stipend of $1,400 per year and four weeks' vacation.

NO INCREASE IN THE NAVY.

No Demands Will Be Made to the Reichstag This Session.

BERLIN, Feb. 7.—At to-day's sitting of the budget commission of the reichstag baron Marschall Von Bieberstein, minister of foreign affairs, declared that no naval demands would be introduced in the reichstag this session, and that no date had been fixed when it would be advisable to increase the strength of the navy.