Turned This Way.

Men's eyes are turned now toward summer suits. Many of them have turned this way, and their orders are being made up from the most fashionable fabrics of the season.

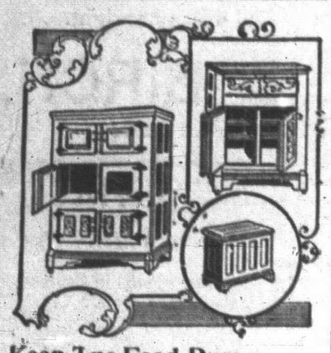
We will be glad to execute your order, and will give you perfect fit and satisfaction as reasonably as you could possibly ask.

C. Livingston & Bro.
75 and 77 Brock Street.

NO FLIES
In a House With Our
WIRE SCREENS.

Screen Doors, Bracketed and Plain, in all sizes.
Screen Windows to fit all kinds of windows.

W. A. MITCHELL,
Shelf and Heavy Hardware.
Call and see our Re-Action Washing Machine.



Keep The Food Pure.

The purest of food, if not properly cared for and preserved from contamination, instead of ministering to life, may minister to death. The moral is plain

Use the "Model" Refrigerator.

Easily cleaned and kept clean—a convenience and an economy. Large sizes, $12.50; small sizes, $7.50.

THE SQUIRE COMPANY,
335 King Street.

FINE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

A LARGE LOT ON CORNER OF Alfred and Sixth streets, 100 feet on Alfred and 150 on Sixth street, containing a fine brick house with nice double parlors, extension dining-room and kitchen, 7 rooms on second floor, large lawn and garden attached; well drained. Lot is large enough to build six more houses. This will be sold at a bargain to anyone thinking of buying or building this spring, and on very easy terms. Apply to W. J. TURKINGTON, mason, on the premises.

Dr. A. W. Winnett, Dentist
Honor Graduate of Toronto University and of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, Toronto.—Post Graduate in Crown and Bridge Work. Office—
Cor. Princess and Wellington Sts.
Over Johnston Bros' Jewellery Store.
Hours—9 to 1 and 2 to 5.30.
Telephone No. 862.

COMMERCIAL.

The markets are corrected up the hour of going to press.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL (Noon) June 28.—Wheat No 1, N. Spring, 6s 7½d; No. 1 Cal., 6s 7d to 6s 8d; Red Winter, 5s 9d. Corn, new, 3s 11; old, 4s 4d; peas, 5s 8d; pork, 65s 0d; prime western, 67s 6d; lard, Western, refined, 31s 6d; tallow, American, 24s 0d; tallow Australian, 25s 0d; bacon, long cuts, heavy, 41s 6d; light, 42s 0d; short cuts, heavy, 37s 0d; Cheese, white, 49s 0d; colored, 49s 0d.

MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKETS.

MONTREAL, June 28. — Flour receipts 1,320 barrels; market quiet. Quotations: Patent Winter, $4 00 to $4.25; Patent Spring, $4.10 to $5.00; Straight Roller, $3.50 to $3.75; Extra, $3.70 to $3 90; Superfine, $3 40 to $3.50; Strong Bakers, $4.50 to $4 75; Ontario Bags, $1.70 to $1.80.

Grain—Wheat, No. 2, Manitoba Hard, 88c to 00c; Corn, 42c to 44c; Peas, 70c to 71c; Oats, 32c to 33c; Barley, 50c to 51c; Rye, 62c to 64c; Buckwheat, 55c to 57c; Oatmeal, $1.60 to $1.70; Cornmeal, 90c to $1.00

Provisions—Pork, $17 00 to $18 00; Lard, 6c to 7½c; Bacon, 12c to 13c; Hams, 12c to 13c; Cheese, 9c to 10c; Butter, Townships, 19c to 20c; Western, 16c to 17c; Eggs, 11c to 13c.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKETS, JUNE 29

	ASK.	OFF.
Canadian Pacific Railway	83½	84
Duluth	5	3
Duluth Pref	15	12
Commercial Cable	165	161
Richelieu Nav. Co	104	102½
Montreal Street Railway	219½	218½
Halifax Electric Railway	91	85
Toronto Railway	98½	97½
Twin City	60½	58
Montreal Gas Co	182	180
Royal Electric	190	186
Montreal Telegraph Co	168	160
Halifax Heat and Light	110	110
Bell Telephone	180	170
Montreal Cotton Co	145	135
Can. Colored Cotton	88	79
Dominion Cotton	91	83½
War Eagle	148	144½
Bank of Montreal	260	250
Molson's Bank	200	0 0
Merchants Bank	157	150
Merchants Bank of Halifax	135	100
Eastern Townships	00	000
Quebec	000	123
Union Bank	100	000
Bank of Commerce	53	0 0

THE 5 P. M. EDITION

Second Edition Matter Also On Page Five

COMMERCIAL MATTERS.

What is Going on in the Business World—The Market News.

Cheese sales: Madoc, 9⅝c.; Brockville, 9½c.; Tweed, 9½c.

The largest tobacco factory in the world is at St. Louis.

The Argentine republic last year imported machinery to the value of $3,700,000.

South Russia reports weather more favorable and crop prospects fully maintained.

The only pronounced effect of the troubles in China seem to be an advance in the price of teas ranging between half a cent and one cent per pound.

A Kingston syndicate is making preparations for opening up a gold mine on the Maybee property, at Gilmour, and their is talk of the Sargeant mine being operated in the near future.

Charles Reid and Co., wholesale millinery merchants, Toronto, have arranged a settlement with their creditors on the basis of fifteen shillings in the pound or seventy-five cents on the dollar.

A telegram from Seattle states that no prices have yet been made on 1900 pack of Puget Sound sockeye salmon, but that there is talk of opening at $1.35 for tails, $1.50 for flats and $1 for half-pounds.

The official crop report of India estimates this year's wheat crop at 184,000,000 bushels, against 228,000,000 bushels in 1899, and an average for the past five years of 227,000,000 bushels. There is a continued favorable outlook for rains for new crop seeding in India.

CANADIANS TURNED OUT.

United States Inspector Forces Them to Leave.

On Thursday morning fourteen Canadian students who have been engaged as waiters for the past week at Alexandria Bay, were compelled to stop work by Mr. Estelle, United States immigrant inspector of that district. Eight of the young men were Kingstonians, attending Queen's, and arrived in the city yesterday afternoon on the steamer Spartan.

A despatch says that according to the Yankee laws controlling labor, a foreigner is permitted to perform any sort of labor if he secures the position after reaching the country, if, however, his services were engaged before he left his own country he is strangely liable to a fine of $1,000.

Eleven of the young Canadians, shown such "brotherly love," were engaged at the Crossman house and four at private houses, having been at work only one week. For years young men from Kingston have been engaged at Alexandria Bay as waiters, and it seems strange that the Yankee inspector's nose did not scent the "terrible crime" ere this. The hotel proprietors engaged Canadians because they found them to be more trustworthy and steadier than waiters of their own country. In Kingston there are a number of United Statesers employed, and it would be in order to have them turned out as quickly as the Canadians. Perhaps the underlying reason is a political one, for everything in the states seems to be subordinated to political designs.

Prayed For Understanding.

Max O'Rell (M. Paul Blouet) tells a new story at his own expense, in which he figured in his last American trip.

"I was lecturing to the students of a religious college," said O'Rell, "but before I began, one of the professors, a very solemn man, stepped forward and offered a prayer, in which he asked the Lord to permit the audience to see the point of my jokes. This was the petition, as it fell upon my astonished ears, and it impressed me so much that I afterward wrote it down as a souvenir or keepsake:

"'O Lord,' said the petitioner, 'thou knowest that we work hard for Thee, and that recreation is necessary in order that we may work with renewed vigor. We have to-night with us a gentleman from France, whose criticisms are witty and refined, but subtle; and we pray Thee to so prepare our minds that we may thoroughly understand and enjoy them.'"

"I am still wondering," said O'Rell, "whether my lectures are so subtle as to need praying over."

Trailing Skirts.

New York Herald.

Ladies with trailing skirts may serve a purpose as street cleaners, but we don't need them. We are taxed for the street department, and it is doing its work very well. Lady volunteers as auxiliaries to this task have not been called for, and so short skirts are better than those long ones at the present moment. We don't want to be ungallant, but, really, a trailing skirt on a flirty sidewalk—well, we have no language at command which covers the case.

A Town Of Violin Makers.

The only place in the world where violin-making may be said to constitute the staple industry is Markneukirchen, in Saxony, with its numerous surrounding villages. There are altogether about 15,000 people in this district engaged exclusively in the manufacture of violins. The inhabitants, from the small boy and girl to the wrinkled, are all constantly employed making some part or other of this musical instrument.

May Involve Time.

If the management committee of the board of education goes into the investigation of the conduct of the schools for the past few weeks it may involve curtailment of the holidays of officials and teachers, for a week or two of evidence taking may be necessary. The committee cannot determine the case at one session.

Secured The Contract.

George Plunkett, Cobourg, has received the contract for coal for the Kingston penitentiary, about 4,000 tons, and he will proceed at once to fill it. He will carry it by his own schooner Annie Faulkner.

Summer Shoes.

All our $2 Oxford shoes, size 2½ to 3½, we will sell for $1.25. A. Allenethy.

New ripe red Astrachan apples from Sacramento at Carnovsky's.

PREPARE FOR A LONG WAR

THE CHINESE EXPECT TO HAVE A STIRRING YEAR.

New Guns Being Mounted and Native Troops Going to Pekin—A Governor Maintains Cordial Relations With the Foreigners.

London, July 29.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, wiring at 9:05 p.m. yesterday, says:

"It is reported on good Chinese authority that the government, alarmed by the foreign military preparations, has issued an edict ordering the peremptory suppression of the Boxers and announcing a decision to protect the legations at all hazards."

However this may be, the British consulate at Shanghai received definite information yesterday, the Daily Express correspondent says, that while solemnly promising complete abstention from warlike preparations, the Chinese are mounting several new six-inch guns at the Woo Sung forts.

Three British warships have sailed from Hong Kong to re-inforce the allied squadron at Shanghai. The southern provinces are sending troops toward Pekin, and the exodus of Chinese of all classes from Shanghai continues at the rate of from 10,000 to 15,000 a day.

Russian prestige has been injured during the recent fighting and an anti-Russian Manchuria, is predicted.

According to the Shanghai correspondent of the Times, advices from Shan Tung say that governor Yuan Shik Kai maintains cordial relations with foreigners and has sent numerous couriers to Pekin, but none of them has returned.

"Peace Terms" Being Arranged.

Shanghai, June 29.—It is asserted here that Lui, the viceroy of Nankin, has received instructions from Pekin to inform the foreign consuls here immediately that the legations at Pekin "have been arranging peace terms."

No News Of Pekin Party.

Washington, June 29.—The following cablegram was received at the navy department this morning from admiral Kempff:

"Chefoo, June 29. — Pekin relief expedition now in Tien Tsin with 200 sick and wounded. Ministers and Pekin party not with them. No news from them."

Shanghai, June 29. — Conflicting reports are current today regarding the position of the foreign ministers. It is impossible to get at the truth. All agree on one point that the ministers are safe, but just where they are located it is impossible to ascertain from the stories told here.

Can't Be Exaggerated.

New York, June 29.—The following cablegram has been received from the American Asiatic association of China, at Shanghai: "It is impossible to exaggerate the gravity of the crisis. The anti-foreign movement must extend unless it be speedily suppressed. We would most urgently request that a large force of men be sent to North China, and that more ships be despatched for the protection of our interests in Central China. (Signed) John O. Ford, secretary."

Army Begins March To Pekin

London, June 29.—Railway communication from Taku to Tien Tsin has been restored and the force is advancing toward Pekin. Fighting was in progress Wednesday in the vicinity of Tse Chulin.

Large preparations are being made to support and re-inforce the Pekin relieving column. Twenty thousand troops of all arms, largely Japanese, have now been landed.

London, June 29.—An imperial decree published in Shanghai yesterday (Thursday), says a correspondent of the Daily Express, asserts that the imperial palace in Pekin was burned on June 16th, and that the attack on the palace was made by revolting Chinese troops.

Methodist Mission Burned.

New York, June 29.— The following cable was received, at the Methodist Episcopal mission board, yesterday, from Che Foo, from Rev Mr. Brown, one of their missionaries in the Tien Tsin district. It is dated June 28th:

"Mission destroyed by fire. About 160 killed. I think there is a serious risk for foreigners. Will return in a few days to Tien Tsin. Shall I return home? Will you permit?"

Rev. Dr. A. B. Leonard, secretary of the missionary society, thinks none of the Methodist missionaries were among the killed, or Dr. Brown would certainly have mentioned the fact.

Has Reached Hong Kong.

Washington, D.C., June 29.—The navy department this morning was advised that Admiral Remey, on the Brooklyn, has arrived at Hong Kong en route to Taku. The Brooklyn will sail to-morrow for Taku via Nagasaki.

Some One Needs Relief.

London, June 29.—The fact that a large international force is on its way to Pekin is taken in London to mean that the commanders at Taku and Tien Tsin consider, "some one," at the capital stands in need of relief, so it is accepted as supporting the hope that the legations have been kept in safety thus far; but it is impossible to deduce a satisfactory conclusion from the absolutely antagonistic telegrams, the most contradictory of which appear to emanate from the same source, the viceroy of Nankin. The viceroy's strange report that the ministers were arranging peace terms remains unexplained.

The general tenor of the news is regarded as showing that the ferment may be cooling, and that the Chinese government is possibly preparing to disavow the promoters of the outbreak.

Hong Kong reports that the viceroy of Kwang Si province has called out the militia for service in case of emergency. The householders are being compelled to pay for the cost of the mobilization.

According to a despatch from Yokohama, divided opinions were expressed at yesterday's meeting of the Japanese cabinet. The ministers of war and marine and their supporters urged that Japan should undertake the suppression of the rebels in China, while another section contended that Japan ought to confine her efforts to the protection of foreigners.

Gananoque July 2nd.

America, 10 a.m., or 2 p.m., 35c.

THE TROOPS ON PARADE.

The 3,000 Militiamen Parade the City Streets.

This morning the citizens were treated to a fine military spectacle—a parade of the 3,000 soldiers in camp. The men left camp shortly after ten o'clock, going up Princess street to Barrie, to King, thence back to camp. Before doing so, however, they rested for some minutes in the hay market, and were glad of the halt after their long march. The column was headed by an advance guard of three mounted riflemen. Then followed Lieut.-Col. Montizambert, D.O.C., and his brilliant staff. After these came the 3rd Prince of Wales' Dragoons, their arms and accoutrements looking spic and span, and their horses full of mettle. The 4th Hussars followed; there was a noticeable contrast in the appearance of the horses of the two mounted corps, those of the 3rd were superior animals. Then came the nine infantry regiments in order of seniority, headed by their brass bands. No. 2 field hospital company, A.M.C., and No. 2 bearer company, A.M.C., brought up the rear, supported by an improvised ambulance waggon.

The appearance of the men was pleasing indeed; all sturdy, rugged-looking fellows, appearing as though they could stand any amount of hard usage. Their marching and general deportment was excellent, showing that the efforts of the officers to bring them to a condition nearing perfection was not wasted. The 46th regiment carried off the palm for natty appearance and steadiness in marching as a regiment, but the unit whose marching eclipsed that of all others was No. 4 company, 16th regiment. The 59th regiment took second place for cleanliness of appearance and steadiness. On the whole, the different corps showed up very favorably and the hard worked officers deserve praise and encouragement for the good results made manifest.

Lieut.-Col. Montizambert, D.O.C., and staff halted in the market square and reviewed the troops as they marched past in half-company formation. The D.O.C. expressed satisfaction at the neat appearance and general steadiness of the men. The parade was a most creditable one.

WILL CEASE TO OPERATE.

An Order Directing the Abrogation of the Leases.

Detroit, Mich., June 29.—The Chicago and Grand Trunk railway will cease to operate the leased lines known as the Cincinnati, Saginaw and Mackinaw, and the Toledo, Saginaw and Muskegon railways. Judge Swan, yesterday, in the suit of the Mercantile trust company, of New York, vs. the Chicago and Grand Trunk railway, the Union trust company, of Detroit, et al, granted an order directing the receiver to disaffirm the leases by which the Chicago and Grand Trunk railroad operates the other two lines. This order was granted upon a finding of special master William J. Spicer, who reported to the United States circuit court that the connection between these lines was detrimental to the Chicago and Grand Trunk, which has lost heavily under payments during the past ten or twelve years to the leased roads.

ELEVATOR BURNED.

Union Elevator At Belleville Consumed by Fire.

Belleville, Ont., June 29.—The union elevator, owned by the Dominion bank and tenanted by F. F. Cole, of Toronto, was destroyed by fire this morning, with all its contents, which included 10,000 bushels of grain. Thomas Stewart's coal yard, office and storage shed, in which were 130 tons of hay, sixty tons of coal and 300 bushels of corn, together with several waggons, and the street car sheds containing two cars, owned by the bank of Montreal, which closely adjoined were also consumed. The elevator was valued at about $10,000 and the contents at $6,000. The insurance is held in Toronto. Stewart's loss on office and contents is $2,500 and on storage sheds $1,000; Insured in the Norwich Union. The loss on street cars and shed was $6,000; insured.

The Barge Afloat.

Diver William Newman returned at noon to-day from Cornwall where he superintended the work of raising the barge Dorchester, of the M. T. company's line. There was twenty-three inches of water covering the deck of the barge after she settled down. Diver Newman found a hole four feet long and twenty inches wide stove in the bow of the barge. This was so successfully covered over, that after the hold was pumped free of water, the ordinary hand pump was sufficient to keep the water down. It was found unnecessary to take out any of the cargo of coal. The barge was taken to Montreal to unload her cargo, after which she will be docked here. It was one of the slickest pieces of wrecking and diving work ever performed in the St. Lawrence river. At ten o'clock last night the barge was afloat.

An Enthusiastic Vegetarian.

A London paper tells a story of the enthusiastic vegetarian who carries out his principles so far as to wear vegetable boots. One day recently he lay down under a tree and fell asleep. He woke with a tragic idea of vampires about, to discover that two sheeps were hard at work on the boots, and had already polished off about half the uppers. The viper which bit the hand which fed it was a pattern of gratitude in comparison. There is just a hope, of course, that the boots disagreed with the sheep; still, even that would be deplorable as tending to disgust the sheep themselves with vegetarianism. But what has become of the rest of the boots? Patrons of vegetarian restaurants must beware of 'steak' for a day or two."

Poles In Russia.

The czar has revoked the law which, since 1865, has forbidden Poles to acquire real estate except by inheritance. They will still be restricted, however, both in Poland and in western Russia, to sixty-five hectares for one family.

A Bread Clock.

Milan possesses one of the most curious clocks in the world. It is made entirely of bread, and is the handiwork of a native of India, who spent three years in constructing it. It is of fair size and goes well.

THE CLOUDS ARE NUMEROUS

BUT NO LACK OF CONFIDENCE IN GREAT BRITAIN.

Address of Lord Wolseley at a Banquet — Eleven Thousand Volunteers Serving in South Africa—First Time Ever In Active Duty.

London, June 29.—At a banquet given last night in commemoration of the anniversary of the first review of the volunteers in 1860, field marshal lord Wolseley, commander-in-chief of her majesty's forces, declared that the present outlook was not agreeable for the world generally, while there had never been a time since the downfall of Napoleon when so many clouds were hanging over Great Britain. He instanced South Africa, China and Ashanti. Nevertheless he expressed confidence in the spirit of Great Britain. He remarked that 500,000 regulars were actually under arms, while the volunteers numbered 250,000, of whom 11,000 were serving in South Africa, this being the first occasion since the formation of the volunteer force that they had been employed in active service.

Report By Lord Roberts.

London, June 29.—The war office has issued correspondence with lord Roberts, regarding the charges of Mr. Burdett-Coutts. On June 4th his attention was called in brief telegrams to the allegations and also to other complaints of a general breakdown in the hospital system. Two days later he replied in part as follows:

"The principal medical officer reported that the arrangements at Kroonstadt were in all respects in good order, and lord Methuen said they were thoroughly satisfactory. I was deeply distressed at being unable to make suitable arrangements for the sick on our first arrival at Kroonstadt; but it is obvious that a certain amount of suffering is inseparable from a rapid advance of a large army into an enemy's country."

June 20th the war office cabled to lord Roberts that disquieting reports regarding the hospital were accumulating and asked him if anything could be done and particularly whether more nurses were needed.

On June 25th lord Roberts replied, saying that he did not wish to shirk responsibility or to screen the shortcomings of the medical corps, and he suggested a committee of enquiry. He said that there had been an abnormal number of sick at Bloemfontein, due to the exhausting nature of the march, and the terribly unsanitary condition of the camp at Paardeberg, where the only available water for drinking flowed from the Boer camp, higher up, where the river was crowded with decomposing animals, and also with a considerable number of wounded after the fight on March 10th. To improvise accommodations, at Bloemfontein for such a number, which had become 2,000 before he left Bloemfontein, was no easy task, said lord Roberts. No tents were carried, and the public buildings had to be turned into hospitals.

In three months there have been 6,369 admissions to the hospital of patients suffering from enteric fever, while the deaths numbered 1,370, about twenty-one per cent. Lord Roberts observed that he did not know whether this would be an abnormal rate in civil hospital in peace times, but if the rate were abnormal, it was due to the exhausted state of the men, and not to the neglect of the medical corps.

Mr. Balfour informed the house that the government agreed to the appointment of an independent committee as suggested by lord Roberts, and he would propose a nominal grant for the army medical corps, so that the house would have an opportunity to thoroughly thresh out the matter.

DESTROYED BY FIRE.

Rendering Works Went Up in Flames Near Buffalo.

Buffalo, N.Y., June 29.—The gigantic plant of the Milson rendering works at Cheektowaga, about a quarter of a mile beyond the city line, was destroyed by fire this morning. The fire started in the rendering department, and it is supposed to have been the result of spontaneous combustion of fatty substances therein. The plant covers nine or ten acres, and was the property of the American chemical company, of New York, which owns and operates thirty or forty similar plants in various sections of the country. The total loss will amount to $250,000 or $300,000, which is fully covered by insurance. The plant will be rebuilt.

G.T.R. Still Owes $25,000,000.

Ottawa, June 29.—In the senate yesterday Hon. R. W. Scott, in answer to a question from Hon. Mr. Perley, said that in the early fifties the province of Canada advanced the sum of £3,100,000 to the G.T.R. In 1858 the repayment of the loan was postponed till the preference stock had been paid; later, till after the payment of interest on the capital invested; later till after the payment of a dividend at the rate of six per cent. The public accounts still show the G.T.R. owe the government $25,000,000. In one case, Mr. Scott said, permission had been given to issue bonds.

A Fireman Killed.

Pittsburg, Pa., June 29.—David J. Williams, a fireman, was killed instantly, and ten other firemen were injured this morning at a fire in the Best brass foundry at Twentieth street and Smallman avenue.

Made Doctor Of Laws.

Gambier, Ohio, June 29.—Kenyon college held its seventy-second commencement yesterday. The degree of doctor of laws was conferred on Marcus A. Hanna of Cleveland.

The Last Day Near At Hand.

No more sweet juicy, thin-skinned oranges at 20c. a dozen for four months after to-morrow at Carnovsky's.

To Watertown,
Monday, July 2nd, $1.25.

Admiral Pedford, with the Crescent and other British warships, now on a cruise to Quebec, is expected back in Halifax about July 16th. It is understood that the fleet will proceed to Boston.

Green plums, blue plums, red plums, purple plums, yellow peaches and apricots at Carnovsky's.

Just Received
and ready for Sale
To-Morrow

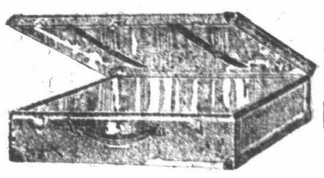
250 YARDS FINE WHITE
Organdie Muslin,
33 inches wide, the regular 25c quality. Sale Price To-morrow while the lot lasts
16c Yard

This is one of the best Bargains we ever had

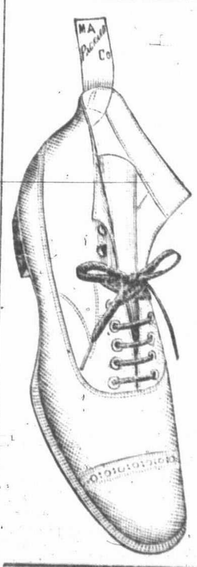
India Linens,
15c, 18c, 20c, 25c.
P. K's,
12½c, 15c, 20c, 25c.
White Ribbons,
in all widths, for Neckwear, also for Belts and Sashes.
White Silk Gloves,
25c, 39c, 50c.
Valanciennes Laces,
many New Patterns to choose from at

JOHN LAIDLAW & SON

TRAVELLING GOODS



All Kinds, Lowest Prices,
At HAINES & LOCKETT'S, Kingston



SEE THEM IN OUR WINDOW

We have just received a big lot of La American Oxford Lace Shoes which we chased from a wholesale firm who were s of cash. They are swell values for $2, owing to our buyers clever bargains you have them at $1.35. Now, don't wait u your neighbor secures the sizes you require yourself. See them in our window.

Big line of Men's Tan $3 00 Ameri Boots cut to $2 00 See them.

J. H. Sutherland & Br
We Shine White Shoes Free.

SHOES For Boating and Outin
WHITE CANVAS BOOTS
WITH RUBBER SOLES, $1.00 pair, at the N Boot and Shoe Store.
D. J. McDERMOTT
175 PRINCESS STREET.

Like Finding Money.
THESE ARE A FEW LINES TO BE SACRIFICE
Men Tan and Black, in Goodyear Welts, Laced Boo $3.50 and $4, now $2.
CALL AND SEE THEM.
JAMES JOHNSTON
Cor. Princess and Bagot Sts.