Come in and Look Over Our Stock of CLIPPERS,

Horse and Barbers.

If we have not exactly the shape and style that you want we can get it for you. We have got catalogues here that are as big as Webster's dictionary, and there is absolutely no hardware want that you can leave that we can't supply.

W. A. MITCHELL,
Headquarters for Sap Buckets.

TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the City Engineer until 12 o'clock noon of the 22nd INST. for the following materials and services required by the Corporation of the City of Kingston, viz.:

200,000 feet B.M. more or less of 3.2 and 1¼ inch Plank for Walks.
40,000 feet lineal more or less of 5x4 inch Cedar Sleepers for Walks, etc.
Hardware, etc.
Smithwork, etc.
Carting.

DRAIN TILE.

Tenders are also asked for 18-inch, 15-inch, 12-inch, 9-inch and 6-inch Drain Tile and Junctions, delivered in car load lots free on the streets of Kingston when required.

STREET WATERING.

Tenders are also asked for the work of furnishing four teams and a single horse and five drivers to operate the City Watering Carts during the season of 1900.

All the above materials, supplies and work to be furnished according to the specifications to be seen at the office of the City Engineer, where all other information may be obtained.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

No tender received after 12 o'clock noon of the 22nd inst., and no tender will be considered unless accompanied with a deposit as per specifications.

T. G. BOLGER,
City Engineer.

City Engineer's Office, March 7th, 1900.

THE INVARIABLE RULE

With every person is to obtain the best quality of goods at the lowest prices.

How are these for prices—Our Goods always Speak for themselves.

FINE FRENCH WOOL and SILK POPLINS, with heavy procaded designs in the latest crepon effects, exquisite patterns, 98c, $1.25, $1.50, $1.60, $2, $2.50 yard.

HEAVY ALL WOOL BLACK POPLINS, extremely soft yarn, superior color and quality, 60c, 75c, 90c, $1, $1.10, $1.25, $1.50.

VENETIAN BROADCLOTHS, heavy weights, for suits, complete range of colors, wide widths, 90c, $1.15, $1.25, $1.50.

SCOTCH HOMESPUN SUITINGS, some remarkable values, 2 shades of grey, 46 in. wide, only 60c yard; Greys, Blues, Browns and Blacks, 54 in. wide, $1, $1.18, $1.25.

None too soon to think of the

CHILDREN'S SUMMER SUITS.

ENGLISH DUCK SUITINGS, plain and striped. Navy and China Blue, 12½c, 15c, 20c, 25c yard.

WHITE PIQUE, light and heavy cords, 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c.

ENGLISH STRIPED GALATEAS, best in the world for wear, 20c, 25c, 30c yard.

KHAKI SUITINGS, limited quality, 20c, 25c, 30c.

A Pleasure to Show Goods.

R. WALDRON.

THE 5 P. M. EDITION

Second Edition Matter Also On Page Five.

TWENTY-SIX MEN

Secured Here For The Halifax Regiment For Garrison Duty.

Up to four o'clock this afternoon twenty-six men had been accepted at Tete de Pont barracks for garrison duty at Halifax in the ranks of the regiment about to be formed. These men are expected to leave here to-morrow, though orders to that effect had not arrived up to a late hour this afternoon. At four o'clock another batch of recruits appeared before surgeon major Abbott for examination. The names of the men accepted, in addition to those already published are: Privates F. Millar, J. Fanbury, 49th battalion, Hastings rifles; S. Smith, W. Frink, 47th battalion, Kingston; H. Little, 14th battalion, Kingston; M. Pollard, G. Yerex, 16th battalion, Picton; H. J. Hall, W. Parnell, 7th field battery, St. Catharines; Albert Lewis, Lancaster Fusiliers, England. Eleven men were rejected.

Ptes. Parnell and Hall were members of "C" field battery who were left behind on account of illness. They were afterwards accepted as recruits for the ranks of the first Canadian contingent, but learned late Monday night that their places had already been taken by two Ottawa men. Now they are going to Halifax to do garrison duty.

Corpl. W. Frink was taking a short course at No. 2 regimental depot, Toronto, but gave it up to join the Halifax regiment as a private.

Warships Will Be Sent.

New York, March 14.— The Journal and Advertiser, says to-day that both England and the United States will send warships to Chinese waters. "The British China fleet is being strengthened," says a London cable to this paper. "The government is taking precautions to meet Russia in the far east. The cruiser Argonaut has been ordered into commission and despatched immediately to Chinese waters, and the Terrible has been ordered to proceed to the same from Durban."

A special from Washington reads: "The German ambassador, Dr. Von Holleben, had a long conference with acting secretary of state Hill, in which the latter was presumably informed that a demonstration in China might be expected from Russia shortly."

There is trouble in a local Chosen Friends' council over the purchase of an organ. An alderman and a merchant are the parties involved. The council is trying the case.

BRITISH EMPIRE LEAGUE.

HOLD AN ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING IN OTTAWA.

The War Was a Topic That Led to Much Discussion—Need of New Arms in Canada — Principal Grant's Doctrine Not Subscribed to.

Ottawa, March 14.—At the annual meeting of the British empire league in the railway committee room of the house of commons to-day there was a large attendance. Lieut.-Col. Denison, Toronto, presided and moved the adoption of the annual report. He touched upon the growth of the imperial sentiment as was shown by the Canadian soldiers in South Africa. They went, not merely to fight for the Uitlanders in South Africa, but to maintain British supremacy there; to prevent the drawing down of the flag there. The war was an instructive experience. Col. Denison went on to speak of the necessity of being provided with the best arms; obsolete arms should be discarded. What could be done by a small arm with some time to prepare and with modern weapons had been well shown in this war. The British navy was yet intact, and he recommended the establishment of a Canadian royal reserve in Canada. He touched on the necessity of Britain guarding against a depletion of its food supply in the time of war. He suggested that as soon as the war in South Africa was over an imperial colonial conference should be called to deal with all these questions, and see what could be done, by all, for the cause. It might mean increased burdens for Canada, but it was time Canadians learned they were not to be the only people who had to pay for their own safety. Canada had to pay thirty or thirty-five cents per head compared with £5 10s in England, £5 in France, and £3 in Germany.

In seconding the resolution Hon. Mr. Mulock made a speech full of loyalty and patriotism. At one time imperial federation was looked upon as an idle dream. That was not the case to-day. He pointed to the presence of a gentleman from Queensland who could join with them and concur in the sentiments expressed by the chairman. Britain, he said, was at war with South Africa for its love of peace. Those who tried to rob Britain of that peace would have to pay the price of that robbery. Mr. Mulock asked where was the little Englander to-day? His extraction was complete. The postmaster-general then went on to say that the construction of the Pacific cable, to which, the annual report referred was of vital importance. It would be nothing less than a national calamity if anything was done to block this scheme.

Hon. Mr. Dobell was the next speaker. He quoted from a pamphlet of W. E. Foster, the British statesman, to the effect that if the colonies were taxed for the defence of the empire then representation in the councils of the empire should follow. Canada ought to take the lead in the formation of a great national council representing the empire and sitting in London.

Sir Sandford Fleming moved a resolution in favor of state-owned cables connecting Britain and all its colonies. The resolution asked that this be done as speedily as possible that the Pacific cable be constructed at once, and that arrangements should be made with all companies laying cables for their ultimate control and possession by the state. He supported his resolution by reading a brief address on the subject of the Pacific cable.

Sir Charles Tupper in seconding the resolution referred to some of those who had done good work in extending the federation of the empire, but he added that none had done so much to the cause as president Kruger, in his impudent ultimatum declaring war against England (cheers). The vote of the house of commons last night testified to that. One of the most important things for Canada to do was to see that the militia of Canada was supplied with the best arms that could be produced. Nothing had ever done so much for Canada as the presence of 2,000 of its soldiers in South Africa. The fact that they were not invited, but sent by Canada, was the cause of so much praise being showered upon the dominion by the queen, Mr. Chamberlain, Alfred Milner and others. He (Tupper) concurred in all that Sir Sandford Fleming had said.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell, moved a resolution in favor of a Canadian naval reserve. He made an effective speech in support of it.

Principal Grant seconded the resolution. In doing so he made reference to the Boers love of liberty.

Sir Louis Davies who followed was unable to subscribe to professor Grant's ideas of the Boers, who instead of loving liberty, wanted to oppress others. He expressed sympathy with the resolution moved by Sir Mackenzie. When in England he had advantage of discussing the subject with the secretary of the navy. The matters were progressing.

Lieut.-Col. Denison was re-elected; vice-presidents were re-elected in all the different provinces. J. T. Small was elected honorary treasurer and G. E. Evans, honorary secretary.

Kingston Presbytery.

The Kingston presbytery adjourned shortly after one o'clock this afternoon, and will meet again on March 27th. Rev. Mr. Martin, of Tweed, has accepted a call to Cannington, and Rev. Mr. Ballantyne has resigned his pastorate at Tamworth. These matters will be disposed of at the next meeting. Accordingly, the induction of Rev. A. Laird to Cooke's church was postponed till the 27th inst.

These ministers were appointed delegates to the general assembly: Principal Grant, Kingston; Rev. W. T. Wilkins, Trenton; Rev. Mr. McIlroy, Poland; Rev. M. W. Maclean, Belleville; Rev. J. Cumberland, Amherst Island; Rev. D. Fleming, Harrowsmith; Rev. W. S. McTavish, Deseronto.

This Is Fudge.

New York, March 14.—The British steamer Oceanic, which arrived to-day brought 1,500 Irish immigrants, including many young men, who left Ireland because of a fear that they would be drafted to fight the Boers.

Gone With A Poet.

London, March 14.—A despatch from Constantinople reports that the sultan's favorite daughter has eloped with the Turkish poet, Niedjar. The sultan is said to be deeply grieved.

The local fish dealers have advanced the price of fish by several points.

WILL NOT ACCEPT MEDIATION.

When Flag Floats Over Capitals Terms Named.

London, March 14.—Great Britain will accept no offer of mediation, nor will she deal with Boer republics through any third party.

When the Boers have laid down their arms and surrendered, when the British flag floats over both capitals, then, and not till then, will terms of peace be discussed. This is the determination of her majesty's government, and represents the feeling which pervades the entire empire.

Lord Salisbury's declaration yesterday sounded the death knell of the independence of the Transvaal and the Orange Free State. Their future existence will be as colonies of the crown.

Whitelaw Reid, New York, writes to a friend in England, "I give my hearty congratulations on the changed aspect of the war. It is immense relief to us all, as well as to you."

"This view," says the London Daily News, "is welcome, as expressing with an unusual measure of authority, enlightened public feeling in the United States."

Fall Expected To-Day.

London, March 14.— A despatch from Cape Town, dated this morning, states that yesterday Gen. Roberts succeeded in bringing up his reinforcements and that Gen. French has been ordered to begin his attack upon Bloemfontein.

It is believed here that Gen. Roberts will exercise the same caution as at Paardeberg, opening the battle with long range work with the artillery. The resistance is not expected to be great. While the artillery is working, Gen. French will operate with the cavalry, feeling his way into the town. It is generally believed that the town will be taken some time to-day. News of the fall of the Free State capital is expected hourly.

Pushing Southward.

Lobatsi, March 8.— Col. Plumer's force reached here Tuesday, March 6. It is believed that only a single bridge southward has been destroyed, and that otherwise the railroad is intact within five miles of Mafeking. Col. Plumer has already dispersed several Boer police posts in the neighborhood, and is actively pushing his advance southward.

The Natives Retaliate.

London, March 14.— The Times has the following special from Buluwayo, March 5.— Col. Plumer has warned the Boers at Sekwani that he will not be responsible if the natives attack them, while they persist in raiding Linchwe's country. Linchwe has already captured six Boer waggons, 140 horses and killed several of the enemy. The Boers to the south met a commando at Korje, and mistaking them for English, fired on them, killing several.

Dr. Jameson Recovering.

Dr. Jameson was down with enteric fever and critically ill when Ladysmith was relieved. A private despatch received here by a prominent South African states that he has rallied and is likely to recover. Dr. Jameson was anxious to have a military command in the campaign, but as leader of the raid he was excluded from service for poltical reasons, and was not welcomed when he arrived at Ladysmith a few days before the investment of the town. His opportunity came when the garrison was fever-stricken, for he reverted to his medical practice and did ten men's work in caring for the fever patients and wounded soldiers.

Churchill On Cronje.

London, March 14.—Winston Churchill wires to the Morning Post from Durban protesting against the ceremonious treatment of Gen. Cronje. He adds:

"The stern decision not to exchange prisoners will undoubtedly accelerate the end of the war, but will prove very hard and perhaps even dangerous for the British in Pretoria.

"There is abundant evidence that the Boers are becoming more cruel and that the war will enter a darker phase.

"It is very doubtful if the Boer government will be able to control the wild passions of the exasperated ruffians forming the noisy part of the Boer forces in the event of a siege of Pretoria and the position of the British prisoners would then become precarious."

A Boer Report.

Pretoria, March 13.—Commandant Delarey's report of the fight at Driefontein on Saturday says: "The British were estimated to number 40,000 men. Their first assault was repulsed. The second assault was made on the hills to the left of our position.

"The burghers fought like heroes and three times repulsed masses of the British, who kept relieving their tired men. At sundown there was not fifty yards between us. The British lost heavily. No accurate returns of our loss are available."

War Tidings.

Col. Plumer is now within forty miles of Mafeking.

The Cape mounted police have re-occupied Barkley East.

Gen. Cronje sails for St. Helena on March 15th, accompanied by all the Paardeberg prisoners.

Great Britain has declined the kindly offers of the United States to mediate between Great Britain and the South African republics.

Natal despatches recount that the greatest satisfaction is felt there at lord Salisbury's reply to the Boer presidents' peace overtures.

The queen has conferred the companionship of the bath upon Capt. the Hon. Hedworth Lambton, of the first-class cruiser Powerful, and upon Capt. Percy Scott, of the first-class cruiser Terrible, for services in the military operations at Ladysmith.

The Canadian troops reported at Vereersveli are well and cheerful. There have been no further casualties, and the health of the regiment has distinctly improved during the past week or so. The Canadians are attached to the headquarters' staff, and are quartered wherever lord Roberts locates.

A Canadian writing home says: "It was a pathetic scene to see a lad in our tent who got a letter from home which told of the death of his mother the day we sailed from Quebec. They had telegraphed but it didn't reach him. For over two months he had been in ignorance of it. He has been sick ever since, and one time we thought his reason was going."

Many dairy school pupils, having completed short courses, are leaving for their homes.

INCIDENTS OF THE DAY.

PARAGRAPHS PICKED UP BY OUR BUSY REPORTERS.

The Spice of Every Day Life — What The People Are Talking About — Nothing Escapes Attention.

One tramp sought protection in the police cells last night.

The bicycle club elections take place on the first Monday in April.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday double trading stamps at Mullin's grocery, corner William and Division streets.

Next Monday night the third popular pop will be given by the 14th band. Irish music, "Cead Mille Failthe."

This morning city messenger Lanigan and police Sergt. Nesbitt destroyed the ballots used in the Sydenham ward bye-election.

The public school children were liberated at three o'clock to-day to give them an opportunity to see the biograph pictures.

The Sons of Temperance held an "At Home" last night in their lodge rooms. T. Millard's stereoptican views were the chief attraction.

This morning mayor Minnes received a letter from Montreal requesting him to form a chain letter scheme here for the benefit of the patriotic fund.

L. L. Henderson won the Carruthers medal, having defeated W. A. Waddell at curling by a score of 13 to 12. The curling season is practically over.

No time like the present to pick out your blouse waists, spring jackets or tailor-made suit. See the big display at Spence & Co's. on Thursday and Friday.

The government of Brazil, has sent a circular letter to the governors of the different states announcing that a conspiracy to establish a monarchy has been discovered. Various officers are implicated.

The editor of the Belleville Intelligencer tells the world that the city editor of the Whig has a new pair of overshoes of a peculiar pattern on the bottom. Don't be envious, brother; as soon as your socks are worn out maybe we can loan you the overshoes. All cast-off articles go to Belleville, you know!

Next Monday night the third popular pop will be given by the 14th band. Irish music. "Cead Mille Failthe."

Among the pamphlets called out by intensity of utterance at this critical period for the empire is "The Present War, or the Foundations of Our Confidence," substance of a sermon preached by Rev. W. W. Burton, Madoc. It is a very forcible presentation of the conflict from a religious view and will be read with comfort and pleasure throughout the diocese.

THE WEARING OF THE GREEN.

Oh! have yez heard the message that's
come across the wave?
The queen herself she sent it all the
way;
She says her Irish soldiers are the brav-
est of the brave
And she's proud of their courage in
the fray.

She's sad for all the fallen, and she's
weeping bitter tears
For the loss of her brave young Irish
sons
And she keeps on hearing their last
dying cheers,
As they charge up the heights and
take the guns.

So now to show the soldiers from the
little Emerald Isle,
That she knows well how gallant
they have been,
She has sent out her own order, in her
own good-hearted style,
No more to stop the Irish from the
wearing of the green.

The Scotchman has the thistle, the
Englishman the rose,
The Canadian has the Maple leaf to
claim,
But until now the Irishman could never
dare enclose.
The Shamrock in his laurel wreath of
fame.

But now the queen says clearly that on
each St. Patrick's day
From the colonel to the drummer in
the band,
Each man shall wear the Shamrock,
with its coloring so gay,
The Shamrock from our dear old na-
tive land.

Here's a health unto your majesty!
Long, long may be your reign,
You've gained the hearts of Irishmen
as never yet they've been,
And this poor song I'm singing gives a
new and happier vein
To the sad old tune—now lawful—of
"The Wearing of the Green."

The Party Game.

London, March 14.—Regarding the United States offer of mediation, the Globe says the incident is of interest only in the light it throws on American politics. Republicans and democrats alike are always prepared to risk the friendship of England in the party game. We may preserve amicable relations the United States and it is hoped we will always do so, but an alliance is impossible.

"We were brought to the verge of war four years ago for the sake of Mr. Cleveland's re-election, and a pretext for a diplomatic quarrel will never be wanting when the anti-English element of the republic have to be concilated."

He Will Recover.

Toronto, March 14.— Dr. Wilkie this morning received a cable from Capt.-Mason, at Wynburg hospital saying that Lieut. Wilkie, of the Royal Canadians, reported a couple of days ago by Sir Alfred Milner as dangerously ill, is slightly better and recovery is assured. He had a severe sun stroke, Capt. Mason himself is convalescent from his wound.

Promise To The Queen.

Berlin, March 14.—The Kreutz Zeitung claims that before the commencement of the Boer war the czar promised queen Victoria not, under any circumstances, to take advantage of England's difficulties. The czar's attitude, alleges the paper, influenced the other powers similarly to leave England alone.

The Key to Health
Beecham's Pills
A Gentle Cathartic
Beecham's Pills
For Sick Headache, etc.
Beecham's Pills
Annual Sale, 6,000,000 boxes.
at all Druggists.

New Spring Dress Goods.

While nature is yet shivering about zero you wil find the herald of Spring at Laidlaw's. More new Dress Goods arrived yesterday.

NEW CHECKS,
All the latest effects for Skirts and Costume are now displayed in our Dress Goods stock

WHIPCORDS and POPLINS,
Black figured, in popular up-to-date designs 44 in. wide, 49c, 65c, 75c, 99c; 40 in. wide 39c, 45c.

BLACK SERGES and NAVY SERGES,
Excellent qualities, prices from 25c, 35c, 49c 65c, 75c.

BLACK CREPONS,
New designs, 75c, 99c, $1.25, $1.35.

NEW HOMESPUNS,
In a large variety of pretty effects, 49c, 65c 75c.

NEW VENETIANS,
In the latest Spring Colorings, 54 in. wide 75c and 99c a yard.

Butterick Patterns for Spring Now Ready.
Fashion Sheets Free.

JOHN LAIDLAW & SON

RUBBER BOOTS,

For Ladies,
For Children,
For Men and Boy

The Lowest Prices and the Best Makes

HAINES & LOCKET

OAK HALL

Will Leave King Street Next Week and Locate Their Grand New Double Store at 78-80 Princess Street.

The New Store will be opened with the lar stock of Clothing and Men's Haberdashery in Ki ston. In fact we shall have double as much cloth as all others combined, and as large a quantity of M Furnishings as any two stores, so you will find a be tifully assorted stock and a beautiful store.

THE H. D. BIBBY CO

OAK HALL CLOTHIERS, 78 TO 80 PRINCESS STREET.

COMMERCIAL.

The markets are corrected up the hour of going to press.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKETS, MARCH 14

	ASK.	OFF.
Canadian Pacific Railway	96½	95½
Duluth	6	5½
Duluth Pref	16½	16
Commercial Cable	170	168½
Richelieu Nav. Co	110½	109
Montreal Street Railway	3 4	309½
Halifax Electric Railway	1 0	95½
Toronto Railway	101½	101
Twin City	64½	64
Montreal Gas Co	191	190
Royal Electric	194	193
Montreal Telegraph Co	173	000
Halifax Heat and Light	20	5
Bell Telephone	182½	180½
Montreal Cotton Co	148	145
Can. Colored Cotton	80	75
Dominion Cotton	104½	102½
War Eagle	135	132½
Bank of Montreal	260	256½
Molson's Bank	000	1-0
Merchants Bank	165	160
Merchants Bank of Halifax	000	106
Eastern Townships	158	156
Quebec	000	125
Union Bank	120	000
Bank of Commerce	147½	146½

MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKETS.

MONTREAL, March 14—Quotations: Patent Winter, $3 90 to $3 70; Patent Spring, $3.70 to $3 85; Straight Roller, $3.30 to $3 40; Extra, $2.70 to $2 80; Superfine, $2 10 to $2.50; Strong Bakers, $3.40 to $3 60; Ontario Bags, $1.60 to $1 70.

Grain—Wheat, No. 2, Manitoba Hard, 73c to 74c; Corn, 42c to 43c; Peas, 69c to 70c; Oats, 29c to 31c; Barley, 48c to 49c; Rye, 58c to 60c; wheat, 51c to 53c; Oatmeal, $1.60 to $1.70; meal, 90c to $1.00.

Provisions—Pork, $14 50 to $15 00; La to 7½c; Bacon, 11c to 12c; Hams, 11c Cheese, 12c to 13c; Butter, Townships, 32c; Western, 25c to 26c; Eggs, 15c to 17c.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL (Noon), March 14—Wheat N. Spring, 6s 1½c; No. 1 Cal., 6s 6d to 6 Red Winter, 6s 0½d; corn, 3s 11½d to 3 peas, 5s 7½d; pork, 65s 3d; prime western, lard, American refined, 32s 6d; tallow, A can, 33s 0d; tallow, Australian, 29s 3d; l long cuts, heavy, 37s 0d; light, 37s 0d; cuts, heavy, 35s 0d; Cheese, white, 60s 0d ored, 63s 0d.

L. W. SHANNO

New York Stocks, Grain, Canadia Stocks, Cotton,

Correspondents on the Montreal an ronto Stock Exchanges, New York Exchange, New York Cotton Exchang Chicago Board of Trade.

79 CLARENCE ST, 'PHONE 384, KIN

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THAT DESIRABLE RESIDENCE, 160 Earl St., lately occupied Mrs. Rowland. Possession imme ly. Apply to MESSRS. MUDI MOWAT.