YOUR BABY'S SKIN NEEDS

"BABY'S OWN SOAP"

NONE BETTER FOR DELICATE SKINS

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

TO BE LET.

HOUSE IN VAUGHN TERRACE, WITH kitchen and bath room in extension. Apply at No. 6, or at the Whig Office.

THE HANDSOME STORE LATELY OCcupied by the H. D. Bibby Co., and formerly the Whig office. Apply to EDW. J. B. PENSE.

RESIDENCE, 165 KING STREET, AT present occupied by Col. Drury. Possession May 1st. Apply to KIRKPATRICK & ROGERS, Ontario St.

RESIDENCE, 307 ALFRED STREET, now occupied by Rev. M. Macgillivray. All modern conveniences. Rent moderate. Apply to GEORGE NEWLANDS, Princess St.

POSSESSION FIRST OF MAY, THE commodious dwelling, corner Brock and Clergy streets, presently occupied by G. Y. Chown. Apply to DR. FOWLER, Brock St.

THE BRICK SHOP AND DWELLING on Wellington street, next Crothers' bakery, at present occupied by Y.W.C.A. Possession May 1st. Apply to MRS. WILLIAM ALLEN, 297 Division St.

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, THE house on Stuart street on the east side of the residence of the late George Wilson. The house is complete in every respect. Apply to WALKEM & WALKEM, Solicitors.

THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE COMpany will lease the store on Princess St., in Opera House block, arranging the rooms on two flats above as desired. Plan at Power & Son's office. Edw. H. Britton, Secretary.

FROM APRIL 1ST, NO. 103 UNION St., at present occupied by Col. Fares. All modern conveniences and with Daisy furnace. Will be fixed up to suit desirable tenant. Apply to MRS. IRWIN, corner King and William Sts.

FIRST MAY, HOUSE 201 BROCK ST., 11 rooms; all modern improvements; electric light and gas to all parts, lawn and garden; occupied at present by Rev. Mr. Drennan. Apply to THE H. D. BIBBY CO., 78 to 82 Princess St.

FROM FIRST OF MAY, 1901, BRICK house, 19 Sydenham St. west, next door to Joseph Franklin. Beautifully situated, with all modern conveniences, now occupied by Miss Agnes Machar. Apply to JOSEPH FRANKLIN, 17 Sydenham St.

MONEY AND BUSINESS.

MONEY TO LOAN IN LARGE OR small sums, at low rates of interest on city and farm property. Loans granted on city and county debentures. Apply to S. C. McGILL, manager of Frontenac Loan and Investment Society. Office opposite the Post Office.

TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLlars in sums from one thousand to ten thousand dollars. For particulars apply at GODWIN'S INSURANCE EMPORIUM Over Express Office. Market Square.

Liverpool & London & Globe Fire Insurance Company.

Available Assets, $60,656,420. In addition to which the policy holders have for security the unlimited liability of all the stockholders.

FARM AND CITY PROPERTY insured at lowest possible rates. Before renewing old or giving new business get rates from STRANGE & STRANGE, Agents.

S. S. CORBETT,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR, 281 PRINCESS street, Kingston, successor to W. M. Brennan.

T. F. HARRISON COMPANY.

Undertakers—Open day and night, 235 Princess street. Telephones. Warerooms, 90. Residence, 91.

JAMES REID.

THE LEADING UNDERTAKER, 254-256 Princess St. Telephone 147A. Open day and night.

California

Grape Fruits, Ripe Bananas, Navel Orange

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A. J. REES'.

Princess St. 'Phone 58.

The Best Auctioneer

Why take chances when you can be absolutely secure. Enquire before, not after, you engage an auctioneer. No one ever had to collect their money at sales I conducted.

W. MURRAY, Jr., Auctioneer, Market Square.

Neat, Strong, Cheap.

Some of the features of OTTO'S BINDING. Try him with some your work.

COR. BAGOT and BROCK STS.

ISSUER MARRIAGE LICENSES.

DISTRICT AGENT OF THE SUN Life Assurance Company of Canada. GEORGE A. BATEMAN, office Ontario Chambers; residence 800 University Ave

DEFENCE OF VACCINATION.

THE OPINIONS OF DR. AYKROYD EXAMINED.

Vaccination is Not Harmful—Statistics Given in Proof—Most of the Eminent Authorities Favor Vaccination.

Sharbot Lake, March 25.—(To the Editor): A discussion of the value of vaccination would seem at this period of the world's advancement to be a misapplication of time and newspaper space. However, it is rendered expedient, if not necessary, by opposition which has developed from certain quarters where one would expect to find more logical caution exercised.

In your issue of the 22nd inst. there appeared a letter over the signature of S. M. Aykroyd calculated, I presume to oppose vaccination, and it is because such sentiments might urge on certain wavering minds to an unreasonable opposition, because they have not the facilities of ascertaining the facts for themselves, and consequently must be guided by the opinions which they may have expressed or chance to read from their daily paper, that a defence of vaccination becomes expedient. Mr. Aykroyd's article is certainly not so denunciatory of the practice of vaccination as a cursory glance at it would indicate. That which he states for a fact is not borne out by his arguments. He states that vaccination is neither harmless nor a preventative of small pox. True the symptoms resulting from a successful vaccination are occasionally somewhat annoying, but with proper antiseptic precautions and the use of glycerinated lymph as it is supplied to day, said symptoms are trifling. I had the opportunity of observing about three hundred vaccinations last winter, the majority of which were successful, and in only one instance were the symptoms what might be called severe, even by the most critical, and as to deaths there were, of course, none. Voigt, from German sources, was only able to discover thirty-five deaths occurring in 2,275,000 cases of vaccination and even those few were due to preventable causes as erysipelas, gangrene and cellulitis Dr. Joseph Kerosi, the greatest living statistical authority on vaccination, after considering the details of 112,000 vaccinations, states that its life saving effects out numbered its deleterious results by at least 300 to one. One would not infer from these statements that the process is such a fatal one as some would have us imagine.

Now as to the protective power of vaccination against small-pox; we do not claim it is an absolute and unfailing preventive, but we do claim it is the very best preventive means we have and results justify it use. In places where vaccination is properly and systematically carried out small-pox is least fatal and on the contrary where it is neglected the greatest number of deaths occur. Mr. Aykroyd quotes results obtained in the German army during 1870-71. These results are not a fair test of the efficiency of vaccination, as doubtless, it had not been in practice before the epidemic and was hurriedly and indifferently carried out during the panic, poor virus was probably used, asepsis disregarded and unsuccessful cases were not re-vaccinated. Small-pox at the present day is unknown in the German army since vaccination has been thoroughly and systematically carried out.

The fact that compulsory vaccination was abandoned in England is no proof of its inefficiency or harmfulness. It will likely prove the contrary if ever an epidemic occurs in that country. Witness what occurred in Zurich, Switzerland, in 1883 as McCollom reports. In that year, on account of violent opposition, compulsory vaccination was suspended with the following results: In 1883 out of every 1,000 deaths from all causes eight were the result of variola or small pox. The very next year after compulsory vaccination had been suspended they rose to twelve, while the following year they were fifty-two and in 1886 they numbered eighty-five out of every 1,000.

Mr. Aykroyd's quotation from Britannica proves nothing detrimental to vaccination. What did Jurin say? He said that in 1722, the year of his writing, of those taken ill of small-pox there died one out of five or six, and that of those innoculated, without any regard whatever for the healthiness of the subject, there died one in sixty, but that of those inoculated with due regard for the subject's healthiness, there died only one in ninety-one. That, mark you, is the showing for inoculation, a process infinitely more fatal than vaccination. Further, the best records of recent years do not admit a mortality of 18.5 per cent. among vaccinated patients. The statement is misleading. The deaths may aggregate that figure including both vaccinated and otherwise, but if we exclude the unvaccinated the figure assumes no such proportion. In the Boston smallpox hospital, the death-rate among the unvaccinated, during the past twelve years, has been seventy-five per cent., while among the vaccinated it is three per cent. Sheffield, Eng., experienced the force of the epidemic in 1887-8, and Dr. Barry's report is as follows: Of the unvaccinated, seventy-five per cent. were attacked, and of these 37.2 per cent. died, while of the vaccinated but twenty-three per cent. were attacked, and of these only 1.1 per cent died. Various other statistics are at hand, many of them much more favorable to vaccination than those quoted, but these should be sufficient. The facts and statistics which I have quoted are vouched for by Holt, Osler, Barthelow, Roth, Richardson and Page, men who are among the very foremost in the field of medicine. Even the figures which Mr. Aykroyd himself uses comprise no argument against vaccination.

Isolation and antisepsis can never supplant prophylaxis and asepsis. They may supplument them, however, and it is our imperative duty to isolate when the disease occurs, but we would be criminally guilty were we not to adopt the very best preventative agency we have at hand, viz., vaccination, since we have ample proof that not only in the vast majority of cases does it render the course of the disease many times milder, but is also in very many cases an absolute preventative. We have then before us the option of incurring the certain risk of a fatal, infectious and defacing disease, or resorting to vaccine, which induces in our systems a condition which in no degree endangers life; when properly manipulated is non-infectious and confers upon us an immunity we can enjoy from no other source. Therefore, if view of the knowledge we have on the subject, I consider it the imperative duty of the health authorities of the various cities and municipalities to both vaccinate and revaccinate, wherever there is the possibility of an epidemic, and I would consider it a great step toward the eradication of disease, if compulsory vaccination could be made practicable, whereby every infant should be vaccinated within the first two months of life, its physical condition warranting it.

Let Mr. Aykroyd show me one authority who opposes vaccination, I will show him ten who favor it, let him show me one instance where it has failed, I will show him a hundred where it succeeded. Let him show me one instance where it destroyed a life, I will show him a hundred lives it saved.—H. F. KILBORN, M.D.

Broke His Collar Bone.

Delta, March 26.—Mrs. O. Brown, attending a millinery opening at Ottawa, returned home. Robert DeWolfe, ill for some time at James Barlow's, is now in a fair way of recovery. Sugar making is the topic of the day. A great number of the farmers have already tapped, but not succeeded in getting very much sap. Gordon McKee left this morning on a business trip to Montreal where he will remain for a week. The Epworth league held their sugar social on Friday evening; proceeds amounting to over $10. One member of Strathcona's horse, by the name of Belton, made his appearance in the village last evening. He enlisted in British Columbia, and called here to see some old friends. Nearly all the cheese factories in this district purpose starting up again on Monday next. James Rape, of this place, who was working for John Knowlton, Philippsville, met with a very severe accident to-day, by getting his collar bone broken, caused by falling from a load of millet. Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Wright intend moving to Soperton this week, where Fred. has charge of one of Strong & Davidson's cheese factories. On Monday evening they gave a large party to our young folks, who report having a splendid time.

Mentioned In Despatches.

Among the Canadians in the imperial service is Capt. E. M. Morris, an ex-cadet of the R.M.C., and a Torontonian. From the recently published despatches from Gen. Buller, the following is an extract: "Capt. E. M. Morris, Devonshire regiment, has acted as adjutant of the regiment throughout the whole twelve months. Has been distinguished for his power of organization, his tact and management of men in camp, his ability and courage in field." Capt. Morris, with rank of major, is now in charge of the police at Bloemfontein.

Quite An Adventure.

Pickering News.

On Wednesday a young man, who lives in the vicinity of the village, was at the station, waiting for some friends who were expected on the train. Having some time to spare, to pass the time he took a walk around the station and incidentally stepped into a box car. One of the train hands came along, and closed the door, and at the same time fastened it. The young man was taken to within a few miles of Kingston, without charge, but the return trip cost $3.60.

Miller's Worm Powders cure fits in children. Sold by E. C. Mitchell.

BILE POISON IN THE SYSTEM

The Result of Deranged Liver—How the Other Organs Are Affected—Dr. Chase's Treatment For the Liver.

No organ in the human body has a greater influence on the general health than the liver.

A torpid, sluggish liver leaves poisonous, morbid bile in the blood, which upsets the action of the whole system.

There is indigestion, fulness, fermentation, flatulency and oppression in the stomach.

The tongue is coated, the head aches and there is loss of sleep, depression of spirits, and spells of dizziness and weakness.

The bowels are constipated and loose by turns, and griping pains are frequent.

The skin tells of the poisonous state of the blood, by pimples, blotches and liver spots.

In sympathy with the liver, the kidneys become clogged and inactive, the urine highly colored, and there are pains in the back and under the left shoulder blade.

Shortness of breath and palpitation of the heart, and derangements of the menstrual functions, are among the symptoms of liver complaint.

You should not expect to find all these symptoms in any one case, but if any of them are present, it is time to take prompt action to relieve the system of these morbid poisons.

The liver must have assistance.

The process of restoration will be hastened if the kidneys are also invigorated and strengthened.

Both these filtering systems are acted on directly and promptly by Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

It is through the liver and kidneys alone that the blood can be freed of all impurities and the morbid matter which collects there when the liver is deranged.

Many a suffering man, many a despondent woman, has been cured of the above distressing ailments by the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, the only remedy that has a combined action on both liver and kidneys.

The wisdom of Dr. Chase in preparing this wonderful remedy has been proven in scores of thousands of cases of complicated diseases of the liver and kidneys which could be reached by no other remedy.

You do not require faith to be cured by Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. The first dose will help you, and a few boxes at most will positively cure the most severe case of liver complaint or kidney disease. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or postpaid by Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

OVER THE TEA CUPS.

At a small country church a newly married couple were just receiving some advice from the elderly vicar as to how they were to conduct themselves and so always live happily.

"You must never both get cross at once; it is the husband's duty to protect his wife whenever an occasion arises, and a wife must love, honor and obey her husband, and follow him wherever he goes."

"But, sir——" pleaded the young bride.

"I haven't yet finished," remarked the clergyman, annoyed at the interruption. "She must——"

"But, please, sir" (in desperation) "can't you alter that last part? My husband is going to be a postman."

On one occasion two of the Russian grand duchesses amused themselves by going to a well known dressmaker in Paris and making a price with her after the manner of less exalted persons, giving names which they selected on the spur of the moment. The prices were such a revelation to these royal ladies of the price paid for the privilege of belonging to the "blood," that they have ever since insisted on paying the ordinary rates or withdrawing their custom.

Susan B. Anthony intends to test the woman suffrage question by refusing to pay taxes on some property she owns in Rochester, N.Y., basing her objection on the point that taxation without representation is unconstitutional. Twenty-five years ago Miss Anthony began a similar effort, but it ended in a compromise. Now she proposes to fight to a finish.

Very elaborate linen gowns in the paler shades of blue are trimmed with Irish lace, or white embroidery, the former making the entire blouse in one pretty model. It is rather a coarse threaded and glossy linen that is employed for the gowns and waists, but it is soft and pliable all the same.

One feature of thin materials for summer gowns in the variety in neutral colors, the infinite sort of tints which form such an effective background for any contrast in trimming. One of the most stylish silk muslins is in a shade of ecru with medium large polka dots of dark blue or black scatteredover it. This is especially pretty over white silk, or any color you may prefer for that matter, and has a style which is unequalled by any of the brighter colors.

All the light shades of grey and tan are very modish in the semi-transparent materials.

Now that the coat tail is the fashion along comes a belt with the coat tail back.

It is a novelty worth hearing about for it makes it possible to give a new up-to-date touch to a bodice in need of it.

It provides in a hurry fashion's latest frill the postilion back.

This new belt is known as the postilion, and is really a pulley belt with the addition of a coat tail back.

It is made up in a variety of materials and is very attractive.

In black and gold it looks exceptionally well. The belt is black velvet, striped with very narrow gold braid, and the coat-tails are tab-shaped pieces of cloth of gold bound with black velvet and finished at the waist line with little rosettes of black velvet baby ribbon. A pulley postilion belt of this sort has silver gilt rings and long black velvet ribbons, which have the ends finished with silver gilt aiguillettes.

To wear with elaborate gowns, the postilion belt comes in pale shades of panne satin. Sometimes it is a pulley and sometimes not. The panne satin is studded with imitation jewels or embroidered with gold or silver threads, and the little coat-tails are often times separated with a fanlike frill of chiffon or lace.

The flower mission gave a tea and sale of work yesterday afternoon at Mrs. Fowler's, Brock street, for the benefit of the general hospital. The guests were received by Miss Mair, Miss Louise Fowler and Miss Corbett. The work table was in charge of Miss Porteous, and Miss Edith Ferguson, and at the candy table were Miss Isabel Rass, Miss C. Porteous and Miss Ethel Corbett. The tea table in the dining-room was very pretty, with a Geneva cross of red satin ribbon laid upon the white embroidered centre, while sprays of smilax and bouquets of flowers added to the brightness of the decorations. Mrs. Ellis and Miss Carrie Voigt poured tea and coffee, and Miss Fowler was the general supervisor of the tea room, assisting her were Miss Bawden, Miss C. Wilson, Miss Richmond, Miss R. Corbett, Miss Katie Fowler, Miss Julia Horsey. Very important were the parts taken by the three young people who assisted the tea table committee—Walter and Jessie Ellis and Janet Richmond. They met the guests in the drawing room and invited them into the tea room, or brought refreshments out if they preferred, and they were very quick in noticing when a guest wished to be relieved of her cup and saucer. All the members of the flower mission were at the tea, and those who were not in helping at the tables or in the tea room went about the guests as hostesses. The admission fees were taken by Miss May Ross and Miss Annie Fowler.

Charles Pedoto, No. 32 Victoria street, Kingston, Ont., had sciatic rheumatism for nine weeks. Six bottles of Dr. Hall's Rheumatic Cure cured him. This preparation is used internally. Price 50c. per bottle at Wade's drug store.

Lieut.-Col. Steele will be superannuated on an allowance of $600 per annum.

NOTICE.

Responsible Agents Wanted to Represent the Dixon Cure For the Liquor and Drug Habits.

Up to the present time we have sold our treatment direct to the patient only, but our business has increased to such an extent that we find it impossible to continue doing so. We have therefore, decided to appoint local agents in the principal towns, and we are prepared to offer liberal terms, to responsible persons, male or female.

For particulars address,

MR. DIXON,

81 Willcocks street, Toronto, Ont.

INITIATION INTO BUFFALOES.

Mr. Williams Was Caught Out by his Wife.

The ancient and exclusive order of Buffaloes is the latest in the world of secret societies. Its growth in Montreal has been almost phenomenal and the joke, which is the initiation, has been played on many a Montrealer. Mr. Williams, Westmount, made arrangements a few days ago to turn the joke back upon the Buffaloes if any of them tried to initiate him. He went to the bank and got a handful of pennies and a lot of dimes, and put them into one of the outside pockets of his overcoat, where they would be easy to find. He was not going to be caught without eleven cents in change if he knew it.

During the forenoon Mrs. Williams came down town and called on her husband, probably just to make sure that he was well, or it may have been that she wanted to see what kind of a looking young woman his new stenographer was, or there may have been some other reason why she "dropped in." At all events, she suddenly entered his office and sat down to stay awhile. During her visit Mr. Williams was called to the office of an attorney, on the floor above, and while he was away his wife looked through the pigeonholes and the various drawers of his desk. Then she sauntered carelessly over to the door behind which his overcoat hung and fumbled around there for a while.

When he returned she said she would have to be going, and he, pretending to be sorry she was in a hurry, led her out to the elevator.

At luncheon Williams expected to have some fun. He knew of a place where half a dozen pikers always met, and he felt sure that if he went in where they were gathered they would at once propose to initiate him into the order of the Buffaloes.

So he went to Bankhead, the attorney on the floor above, and to three or four other good fellows who had offices in the building, and invited them to go along to participate in the joke.

"You see," he explained, "they'll ask me if I'm a Buffalo, and I'll say no. Then they'll propose to initiate me and I'll say all right, and they'll tell me the fee is eleven cents, expecting, of course, that I haven't the money in change. Everybody is invited up to have something when a Buffalo is initiated, and if he hands out $1 or $5 or any other sum no change is ever returned. It all goes to give the boys a good time. But in case the Buffalo who is being initiated has the eleven cents then the fellow who springs the joke has to put up the extra money that is needed to furnish the refreshments. So the more of us there happen to be the bigger the joke we'll have on the other fellow."

When Williams and his party reached the place where his fun-loving acquaintances were in the habit of taking lunch, the latter had already found a table, but changed over to a bigger one after introductions had been made, and in a few minutes some one suddenly asked:

"Oh, by the way, old man, have you joined the Buffaloes?"

Williams winked at one of the men who had accompanied him and replied:

"The Buffaloes? What do you mean?"

"It's the new society," Barkwill replied.

"You ought to go in. Everybody's joining. Initiation fees only eleven cents and no dues."

Sly glances were exchanged by the jokers and Williams pretending to be as innocent as a lamb, gave his friend the attorney a nudge, replying:

"If that's all, I guess I'll have to go in. Where can a fellow join?"

"Right here," said Barkwill; "I'll initiate you now if you like. All you have to do is pay the initiation fee."

Down in his heart Williams felt sorry for Barkwill. There were nine men in the party, all more or less extravagant in their tastes. Barkwill was not a rich man and he had a family to support. But he had brought the thing upon himself, and would have to bear the consequences. After looking in a knowing way at the men who had been admitted to his confidence Williams said:

"All right; I'm ready. No goat-riding or anything of that kind, is there?"

"No. All you have to do is to produce your eleven cents."

Then Williams went to the chair where they had piled their overcoats, and having found his own began to feel in the pockets. Those who were watching him saw that something was the matter. A dazed look overspread his countenance, and as he put down the coat at last, he had the expression of one who had just opened his eyes after being hit with a switch engine. Not a penny nor a dime had he been able to find, and the only money he had in his possession was a $10 bill.

When Williams was sitting at home, thinking that night after dinner, his wife, suddenly remembering something said:

"Fred, it seems to me you're awfully careless with your change. I found a whole handful of dimes and pennies in your overcoat pocket to-day. I was afraid you might lose them, so I saved them for you by putting them in my purse."

He said nothing. He was afraid to trust himself to speak.

Township Of Pittsburg Council.

March 25.—All present. On application of Rev. S. Tighe, for grant to Kingston general hospital, $30 voted, it having been represented that patients from Pittsburg were treated, and only $7 was received therefor. B. Moran, collector, having completed the collection of his rates, was given up his bonds. Sums voted: D. Tisdale, cleaning walls of hall, $1; J. Cockburn, work, $6.55; G. Medley, Marshall account, $3.19; J. Bennett, stone, $3.50; J. Hamilton, wood, $10.50; W. Hyland, assessor, $40. Moved, Maxwell-Allen, and resolved, that as Frank Anglin has failed to take office as drainage engineer, that the reeve seek a competent person who will accept the position. Moved, Darling-Maxwell, and resolved, that Mrs. Jack be given the large Elm tree on side road between lots 30 and 31, con. 3, provided R. Wenborn gives his consent. Erection of a shed on township hall property left over. Court of revision fixed for first Monday in May.

WAS A ROMANTIC TRAGEDY.

WOMAN KILLS TRAMP FOR HIS MONEY.

Finds he is Her Long Lost Husband—A Story That is Given to the World From Vienna.

Vienna, March 28.—A highly romantic tragedy is reported from a little country town in Hungary. Some few days ago a poorly clad man knocked at the door of a woman residing alone, and begged for shelter for the night. Touched by his forlorn appearance, the woman took him into the house and gave him a small room for the night. Before retiring the tramp handed the hostess a small package, requesting her to keep it for him until the next morning.

She took the package and promised to put it safely away, but when the strange visitor was asleep the spirit of Eve awoke in her and her curiosity getting the better of her scruples, she opened it. To her surprise she found it contained a number of bank notes of large denominations. The sight of so much wealth fired her cupidity, and finally led her to murder the sleeping man with a hatchet.

Then she determined to remove the body in order to conceal the evidence of her crime, but on approaching the corpse she made a horrible discovery. In the countenance of the dead man she recognized for the first time the features of her own husband, who had left the country to seek a fortune in America some years ago.

Aluminum Combine.

Paris, France, March 28.—Efforts are being made at a meeting here to-day to organize a gigantic combine to control the aluminum output in this country. The present boom in this commodity has been brought about by the tremendous strides automobilism is now making here. Aluminum bids fair to supplant wood entirely, and even iron, in the construction of machines, which will hereafter consist almost exclusively of aluminium and steel. Moreover, the French deposits of the light metal are said to be the richest in the world.

Special From Kingston, Ontario.

It is a pleasure to announce that a new 25c. size of Catarrhozone is now on sale in every drug store in Canada. This is the only remedy that can be implicitly relied upon to cure catarrh, asthma, and bronchitis. It cures quickly, permanently. Relief from Catarrhozone is quick. Nose, throat, head and lungs are cleared at one breath from the inhaler. Try it to-day for that cold. Prepared by proprietors of Polson's Nerviline, and guaranteed to cure of your money back.

Have You Seen Our New Hats?

Spring styles now ready, spic and span. Bear in mind not one old style hat in stock. All the new colors. Soft and stiff. Compare our hat department with any in the city. Yes, or out of the city. The best $1.00 hat; the best $1.25 hat; the best $1.50 hat and the hat we sell at $2.00 is equal to any hatters at $2.50 to $3.00. Christy's and Barrington's celebrated English hats, at Oak Hall.

Celebrated Accession.

Cairo, Egypt, March 28.—To-day is the anniversary of the accession of the Khedive and the event was celebrated by the pardon of Arabi Pasha, who has been exiled for several years. Arabi Pasha will return immediately to this city from Ceylon. The present Khedive succeeded to the throne in 1892.

Will The Frock Coat Go?

New York, March 28.—Tailors predict that the coming season is to be a trying one for the frock coat, which has held its own for so many years. It is to have as rivals in the field a single-breasted coat cut like the frock and a revival of the old single-breasted cutaway with long skirts.

Elizabeth Preble, Chicago, a bride of three weeks, swallowed poison soon after Mr. Preble had pointed out the precedents as laid down by philosophers in which the man, as head of the household, is designated as the proper person to control the purse. The bride is dead.

Must not be confounded with common cathartic or purgative pills. Carter's Little Liver Pills are entirely unlike them in every respect. One trial will prove their superiority.

BRITISH

TROOP OIL

LINIMENT

covers a wide field. There is no better application for *Cuts, Wounds, Ulcers* and all *Open Sores*, as the soothing and healing properties of this remedy are unsurpassed.

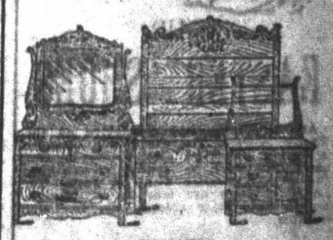
For *Sprains, Bruises, Stiff Joints, Contracted Cords, Bites* and *Stings of Insects*, and *Painful Swellings* of all kinds, bathe the parts with hot water, then apply the Troop Oil freely, and you will be surprised how quickly pain will be eased and inflammation subside.

In the case of *Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lame Back*, or muscular soreness the Oil gives wonderful relief.

For *Caked Breasts* or *Cracked Nipples*, which cause women so much suffering, they will find nothing to equal Troop Oil.

Internally the Oil may be taken with great benefit for *Cough, Cold, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough*, etc., in addition to the internal use of the Oil, the throat, neck, and chest should be rubbed thoroughly with it.

Used as a gargle it is of inestimable value in *Diphtheria, Sore Throat, Quinsy* and *Ulcerated Tonsils*. A large bottle 25c.



Furniture

Friday Bargains.

FRIDAY ONLY—We offer 1 Large Quarter Oak Bed Suite—30 by 36 British Plate Mirror, handsomely carved, has always sold for $40. Friday only we offer it at $25.

1 OAK BED SUITE—British Plate Mirror, 22 by 28. Fine Suite. Regular price $28. Friday only, $20.50.

1 ASH BED SUITE—British Plate Mirror, 18 x 30. Large Size. Finely Finished, regular price, $20. Friday only $41.75.

CARPETS are moving lively. Friday special—95c. Brussels at 70c.—two patterns. We have a fine line of Wools, Merinos.

CURTAINS—New range this season. Our stock is double the size of last year. You will be wise to select early, though you may not need them for some time.

We are testing our advertising by this ad. The above are real snaps—and limited to Friday.

Yours,

T. F. HARRISON CO.

Telephone 90.

Union Labor.

Buy Only Union-Made Shoes.

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS' UNION. UNION STAMP Factory No. 88 REGISTERED

This stamp used by the JOHN McPHERSON CO., Limited, of Hamilton, the only Union Factory in Canada.

THE GREATEST REMEDY

For building up the system is MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS.

They renew Lost Vitality, Build up Strength, Increase Mental Activity, Give Nerve and Brain Power, Improve the Appetite and make Rich, Red Blood. They cure Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Nervous Prostration, After Effects of La Grippe, General Debility, etc.

Here are a few Testimonials to prove what we claim:

MISS GERTRUDE GREIG, ARTHUR, ONT., writes: "I got a box of Milburn's Pills and must say they have done me a wonderful lot of good—having cured me of pain and miss beats of my heart, and the extreme weakness at the least exertion and I cannot too highly recommend them to others."

MR. A. J. BEADLE, of HUMBER BAY, ONT., writes: "I am very pleased to tell you that Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills have done me a world of good.

I suffered terribly from sleeplessness, nervousness and palpitation of the heart.

I consulted the doctors and took different remedies but none of them did me any good until I tried Milburn's Pills, and I am thankful to say that I procured the right remedy, for by the time I had taken one box I was completely cured and have not felt better for months."

MRS. M. CORRY, MILTON, ONT., writes: "I was debilitated, my appetite was poor and I suffered greatly from faint and dizzy spells.

My hands would draw up with cramps and I would try to straighten them out by pressing them down on the table, as I was afraid they would stay in that condition.

I used one box of your pills, and all those symptoms have disappeared and I feel in perfect health."

MRS. JAMES P. JACKSON, LIME HILL, N.B., writes: "I had palpitation of the heart, accompanied by smothering spells. I had a tired feeling and was so run down that sometimes I felt as if I would have to give up. I have derived so much benefit from your pills that I cannot refrain from recommending them to all suffering as I was."