FREE RUPTURE CURE

Wonderful Method Sent Free to All Who Are Ruptured.

Home Cure Without Pain, Danger, Operation or Detention From The Day's Work.

It is certainly a generous offer of a famous specialist to send free by mail his method that cures rupture. It enables the sufferer to try it first and thus know beyond doubt that it will cure him before parting with hard earned dollars. By merely sending your name and address to Dr. W. S. Rice, Dept. E, 18 Victoria St., Toronto, Ont., he will gladly send you the free trial at once without costing you a cent. Julius W. Bishop, of Bishop's Crossing, Que., says —"I am thankful to say that Dr. Rice's method cured me." Wm. Bigford, of Bishop's Mills, Ont., says.—"It cured me permanently of bad rupture of many years. Hundreds of others have received the same marvelous cures, and all unite in saying it is the most remarkable medicine ever discovered.

Do not fail to write at once for this free method and tell your ruptured friends about it or write for them.

For the convenience of ladies who wish to call personally, there is a lady attendant thoroughly versed in applying the method to women.

JULIUS W. BISHOP.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed to Prevent contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. $1.00

CURE YOURSELF Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists. Circular sent on request.

TRAVELLING.

Kingston & Pembroke & Canadian Pacific Railways

TRAINS LEAVE KINGSTON:

11:50 a.m.—For Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N.B.; Halifax, Boston, Toronto, Chicago, Denver, Renfrew, Sault Ste. Marie, Duluth, St. Paul, Winnipeg, Vancouver, Seattle, Portland and San Francisco.

5:00 p.m.—Local for Sharbot Lake, connecting with C.P.R. east and west.

8:00 a.m.—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays for Renfrew and intermediate points.

Passengers leaving Kingston at 11:50 a.m. arrive in Ottawa at 5.00 p.m.; Peterboro 4.45 p.m.; Toronto 7.00 p.m.; Boston 8.00 a.m.; St. John, N.B., 11:50 a.m.

Full particulars at K. & P. and C. P. R. Ticket Office, Ontario St.

F. CONWAY, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt. B. W. FOLGER, Gen. Man

THE BAY OF QUINTE RAILWAY NEW SHORT LINE FOR

Tweed, Napanee, Deseronto and all local points. Train leaves City Hall Depot at 4 p.m. R. J. WILSON, C.P. R. Telegraph Office, Clarence St.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

BRANCH TIME TABLE.

Trains leave Kingston City Depot, Foot of Johnston Street.

GOING EAST.

No. 2	2.30 a.m.
No. 6	11.50 noon
No. 4	1.05 p.m.
No. 12	7.05 p.m.

GOING WEST.

No. 5	1.05 a.m.
No. 3	2.30 a.m.
No. 11	9.10 a.m.
No. 1	12.25 p.m.
No. 7	3.20 p.m.
No. 19	7.05 p.m.

Nos. 1, 2, 4, and 5 run daily, 3 daily except Monday, 6 7, 11, 12, and 19, daily except Sunday.

For Pullman accommodation, tickets and all other information apply to

J. P. HANLEY, Agent,
City Passenger Depot, corner Johnston and Ontario Sts.

BERMUDA.

THE NOW FAR-FAMED BERMUDAS, with cable communication and equable winter temperature of seventy degrees, beautiful scenery and 100 miles of good roads, headquarters of the British army and navy, is unrivalled in its attractiveness, reached by the magnificent iron steamers TRINIDAD or PRINCE TORIA in forty-eight hours from New York. Sailings every five days this winter. The tropical islands, including ST. THOMAS, SANTA CRUZ, ST. KITTS, MARTINIQUE, ST. LUCIA, BARBADOES AND DEMERARA, also afford beautiful and interesting tours, all reached by steamships of the Quebec Steamship Company from New York. For descriptive pamphlets and dates of sailing apply to A. EMILIUS OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents, 39 Broadway, New York; J. P. HANLEY or J. P. GILDERSLEEVE, Kingston, Ont. ARTHUR AHERN, Secretary, Quebec.

THE ALLAN LINE.

PORTLAND TO LIVERPOOL.

From Portland.
Tunisian.....Sat., 23 Feb., noon
Numidian.....Wed., 13 Mar., noon

Cabin Passage, $50 and upwards; Second Cabin, $35, $37 and $40. Liverpool and London; Third Class, $25 and $26, Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Belfast.

GLASGOW AND NEW YORK.
(Calling At Londonderry).

From New York.
Nebraska.....Mar. 2, 9 a.m.

1st Cabin, $40 and upwards; 2nd Cabin, $30; Steerage, $26.

J. P. HANLEY, Agent, City Passenger Depot, Johnston and Ontario Sts. J. P. GILDERSLEEVE, Clarence St.

MODERN CITY OF KINGSTON

DR. WALKEM'S PAPER AT HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Read by Dr. Smythe—Early History of a Staple City—The Seat of Parliament—Modern Institutions — A Very Able Paper.

The regular meeting of the Kingston Historical society was held last evening in St. George's hall. In the absence of the president, Rev. Conway Cartwright, Dr. Smythe took the chair at the request of the second vice-president, James McArthur. Owing to the illness of Dr. Walkem, the able paper on "Modern Kingston," prepared by him, was read by Dr. Smythe. The first half of the paper, dealing with events down to the time when Kingston became the seat of government, had been read at a previous meeting.

In spite of the disaffection existing in upper Canada at the time of the rebellion of 1837, our city remained thoroughly loyal, and this may have been one of the reasons which led to its being made the seat of government in 1841. The first parliament was held in the building now known as the Kingston general hospital. Further reasons were that it had been a city for three years, was easy of access, beautiful and healthful as to location. It was not even then the most populous or prosperous city in the province, for Toronto's population at that date was 15,000, while Kingston's was but 6,000.

Lord Sydenham, who had been instrumental in bringing about the union of the provinces, became governor general on the day the act of union came into force, succeeding Sir John Colborne. He was not long spared to occupy the position, for he was fatally injured by falling from his horse, died on Sept. 19th, 1841, and was buried in a vault in St. George's church. The vault still remains, and the memorial tablet destroyed by the fire is shortly to be replaced. A living monument are the constitutional privileges, the peace and prosperity, which we to-day enjoy from the unification of the provinces. In 1844 the seat of government was transferred to Montreal. During the three years great impetus was given the city. Buildings went up in all directions; the city hall, at the time of its erection, the finest building of its kind in Canada, and called by a writer, "the noble market house at Kingston," was put up in 1843 at a cost of $30,000.

The doleful anticipations of those who complained bitterly at the time of the removal of the government, were not realized. Kingston survived the shock of the cessation of the golden shower, which she enjoyed in the days of the dockyard and military establishments, and stands to-day one of the soundest and most solvent cities in the dominion. The establishment of principal institutions had been recommended by lord Durham, and the recommendation was carried into effect before lord Sydenham's death. The writer next dealt with the importance of Kingston as a military post, and touched eloquently upon the service it had rendered the mother country in time of need, through the detachments which had gone forth from here to the empire's help, and through the work of such men as Girouard, Stairs, McInnes, etc.

Of its churches, St. George's, built before 1792, is the most important, its history being closely interwoven with the civil and military history of the city and of Canada. St. Mary's Roman Catholic cathedral, with its perfect Gothic tower and chapel adjoining is a magnificent building. The various Protestant churches are all handsome structures.

The marvellous stride which Queen's has made under the able principalship of Dr. Grant, was very fully dealt with, and Kingston's smaller educational institutions were, in the writer's opinion, as they had always been, worthy of all praise. Space will not permit mention being made of the best part of the paper which dealt with the city's present business advantages and opportunities.

At the close a hearty vote of thanks was accorded Dr. Walkem for his admirable paper, and to Dr. Smythe, for reading it. An important discussion followed, a short account of which will be found in another column. The meeting then adjourned till the third Tuesday in March, when a paper on "Personal Reminiscences of Dr. Strachan," will be read by the Rev. Conway Cartwright, who, having come in towards the close of the meeting, was warmly welcomed by Dr. Smythe, who said he was glad to see the presidency of the historical society linked with the historic name of Cartwright.

Found The Gloves.

A day or two ago Ward Merrill, of Queen's hockey team, lost a valuable pair of gloves. He reported his loss to the police together with the information that he thought he left them in a Princess street store. Police constable Paterson was put on to the case and found the gloves in the office of the street railway company. Mr. Merrill had left them in a street car.

Carry Fish Back To The Lake.

Watertown, N.Y., Feb. 20.—At Redwood the water in Mud lake has frozen so hard and to such a depth that many fish have gone into the millrace, and it has been necessary to scoop the fish out in nets and remove them to Butterfield lake. About 2,000 pickerel and many bass were thus removed.

Henderson Was Discharged.

The case of assault preferred by Mrs. Jessie Davis, Wolfe Island, against Henry Henderson, of the same place, for horsewhipping and attempted assault, was heard by judge Price in chambers this morning. The evidence was not sufficient to convict, and the prisoner was discharged.

Heavy Snow Falls.

Jamestown, N.Y., Feb. 20.—About twenty inches of snow fell throughout Chautauqua county last night. Railway trains are blocked and country roads are impassable. The snow is new from three to six feet deep throughout the county.

Rubbers ! Rubbers ! !

An immense stock to chose from, the lowest prices, at A. Abernethy's.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

NORTH FRONTENAC MINES.

Interesting Narrative of Trip Through Mining Regions.

Tweed, Feb. 18.—(To the Editor): In my previous letter I promised to give a further account of our journey to the mines of Frontenac. After leaving Boerth mine, we retraced our steps about one-and a half miles, to the Barrie road, which we took, and for a short time, fancied we had reached a miniature prairie, the fields being nearly all level, and pleasing to the eye after such a long view of rocks and hills. However, we were soon undeceived, as all too soon we reached more corduroy roads and rocks, then passed into a strip of what must have been very fine woods only a short time before, when clothed in their autumnal dress. But now, alas! they were shorn of their gorgeous trappings, and stood up gaunt and bare, grim monarchs of the wilderness. Suddenly we emerged into a little clearing and found that there was another human habitation in sight. And so we found all along the road, nearly all the settlers being separated from each other by belts of woods, so that each one lives in a little world of his own.

We saw a number of small lakes near the road, and were told that the country is dotted with them, some of them teeming with game fish and others with frogs, blacksnakes and eels; the settlers catch the latter in racks, set in the little outlets of the lakes, and we were told they are considered quite a delicacy. We did not care to sample them, however, as a glimpse of the blacksnakes, which they resemble, lying basking in the sun's rays on logs beside the bridges, was quite sufficient for us.

From this point the country becomes rougher, with more steep hills, the latter being considered an advantage, as the farmer can cultivate both sides of his farm, while the man on level ground can only work on one side, the advantage being on the side of the hillside farmer, who had only to dig his potatoes or shake his apple trees, when, presto! they are at the bottom of the hills in heaps, all ready to be gathered. Then, if he is of an inquisitive turn of mind, he has only to glance down his neighbor's stove pipe to see what he has for dinner.

The country continued like this all the way to Chisholm's galena mine. Here, indeed, we found a scene of activity in the village, which has sprung up around the boarding house belonging to the mines. A great number of men were employed clearing land, sinking shafts and performing other duties which go to make up a miner's work. A great deal of machinery has been brought in, but the works are as yet in a state of embryo, as the company has not got all its machinery in working order. The company intends harnessing the outlet of Marble lake, generating power there for use in the mines in the form of compressed air, etc. The mines have not been operated to any extent. Shafts have been sunk to a depth of about 200 feet and it is reported that the ore is very rich.

The proprietor is a hale and hearty gentleman of about seventy years, very active and benevolent, much beloved by the people in the settlement, to whom he fills the part of protector, his sense of right and justice being keen and impartial.

It is fortunate that the country abounds in minerals, because after the forests have been denuded the inhabitants would have much more difficulty in existing than at present. As a farming country it will never amount to much. Farmers raise very good crops on the little patches they are able to till, but the land is so badly broken and so stony, that it is only by the very hardest labor they can make a living, while others, not so enterprising and thrifty, can scarcely manage to subsist at all.

After leaving Cloyne the soil is gravelly, but the country is more level than that which we passed through the previous day. Then it becomes very sandy. After a long, toilsome journey over the Bald mountains we at last reached Kaladar station, and realized that we had taken a circuitous route, but thought ourselves well repaid for our trouble by the sights we had seen.—J. B. HOBSON.

THE LAST SAD RITES.

Funeral of the Late Dr. Lavell—Profusion of Flowers.

Until its removal from the house to-day the casket containing the mortal remains of the late Dr. Lavell reposed beneath a profusion of lovely flowers, tenderly placed there by the hands of bereaved friends. The air was heavy with the perfume of the sweet-scented flowers—in themselves so typical of the resurrection, of Christ's mastery over death. The funeral, at 2:30 p.m., was of a private nature. In this respect the wishes of the deceased were strictly observed. Rev. James Elliott, B.A., of Queen street Methodist church, conducted the service at the house, after which the remains were tenderly laid to rest in the vault at Cataraqui cemetery.

All the children of the deceased were home to attend the last sad obsequies. The floral contributions were very handsome. There were wreaths from Michael Lavell, Smith's Falls, son of the late Dr. W. A. Lavell and grandson of the deceased; from the quarterly board of the Queen street Methodist church; from Mr. and Mrs. Henry Cunningham; flowers from Dr. Sparks; from Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Birch; from Mrs. Nelles, Toronto, widow of the late principal of Victoria university; from the children and other friends.

Telegrams of condolence were received from R. L. Borden, M.P., Halifax, the new conservative leader; T. D. Monk, M.P., Jacques Cartier, George Taylor, M.P., Gananoque, and from numerous friends in Toronto and elsewhere. The faculty of the medical department of Queen's college attended the funeral.

Are Coming Home.

The undermentioned men of the Canadian special service corps in hospital in England, have been invalided to Canada, and discharged from further service in South Africa. "C" battery, Gr. G. R. Sweeney, Toronto; "D" battery, Gr. E. Hutchinson, Kingston; "E" battery, Br. J. McAskill, Kingston.

Drove To Odessa.

The young men's class of Queen street Methodist Sunday-School conducted a driving party last evening to the residence of Mr. Baker, Odessa. A very pleasant time was spent in games and other amusements. Refreshments were served at midnight by costumed waiters. The city was reached at 4.30 a.m., all voting the affair a success.

INCIDENTS OF THE DAY.

PARAGRAPHS PICKED UP BY OUR BUSY REPORTERS.

The Spice of Every Day Life—What the People Are Talking About—Nothing Escapes Attention.

Col. Schuyler has defeated a rebel garrison on the Cavite coast.

Rich and prominent persons have been arrested in the Philippines for aiding the enemy.

Abram Campbell, Middletown, N. Y., is under arrest for inhuman treatment to an orphan boy.

James Marshall, New York, goes to the penitentiary for three years for training boys to beg.

Thomas McGinness, late with John Laidlaw & Son, this city, has secured a good position with a Buffalo, N.Y., wholesale dry goods house.

The soldiers' wives' league held a regular monthly meeting at the new armouries, transacting routine business and spending a short time in sewing.

Sincere sympathy is expressed for Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Sears, Alfred street, in the death of their bright infant daughter. The little one was stricken with pneumonia.

The Genesee national savings and loan association, at Rochester, N.Y., has gone into the hands of a receiver. The liabilities, which are about $200,800, are more than double the assets.

Miss Eva Lowe, Renfrew, returned home this morning. She came to the city to sing at the Christian endeavor tea in Brock street Methodist church. Her sweet voice was heard with great delight by Kingstonians.

Queen's have received official notice of Wellington's default. They hope, however, that the Toronto hockeyists will reconsider their decision, and play the game. The dates of the matches should matter little to either team.

At the dinner of the engineering society, last evening, Pauline, the hypnotist, was a guest and entertained the assemblage by a exhibition of his skill. He is a very popular entertainer; can tell a good story, sing a good song, etc.

The farmhouse and contents of the farm of William Arnold on Three Mile Point, N.Y., about two miles from Chaumont, was destroyed by fire of unknown origin, on Tuesday. The house was occupied by James Cummings, and the loss is about $800.

Be True To Yourselves.

It would help home merchants if everyone would buy all their goods in their home city. At this season people are constantly receiving catalogues from mail order houses, and too often they yield to flattering offers, sending their money to people whom they do not know; when the goods arrive disappointment often greets them, for they are no better, and often not quite as good, as they could have gotten right at home for the same and, may be, less money.

The entire patronage of any community is due the home merchant, because he has invested his capital and adds to the general wealth of the locality by the value of the stock he carries and by his business ability. The merchant in the average small city is a man much abused, for when some consumers have money to spend they go somewhere else, but when they want credit they come to him. Every dollar that leaves your city makes that community poorer.

On the other hand, the merchants in the smaller cities are to blame for a greater part of this out-of-town buying. The big city stores go after trade. They have the best ads. they can get. They get out attractive circulars, good catalogues and handsome booklets. They argue, coax, explain and insist—they get the business. Recently a leading dry goods house, not one hundred miles from Kingston, sent out a four page circular with over one hundred errors in it. What must the public have thought of the quality of the merchant and the goods?

A Boer Prisoner At St. Helena.

Mrs. John Richard Green in The Nineteenth Century.

"How could you face war?" I said to a trembling old man of sixty-five, who had volunteered to fight. "I prayed to the Lord," he said, "I gave myself and my family to His care. And it was wonderful to see how He strengthened us. There was not a tear. One daughter carried my rifle, the other my bandolier, and my wife (she is sixty-three) carried my bag. They were all quiet; you would never have thought I was going away. I did a soldier's duty, I did what I had to do. It is strange, in the heat of a fight you do not care what happens. You shoot, and you do not care. How it should come that a thing like that does happen to a man. But, oh, it is a bitter thing to think of afterward! When I think of what I saw all around me I shiver with horror. Believe me, I can scarcely keep the tears out of my eyes at night when I think of the sufferings I have seen. I grieve as much for the widows in England as for those of our own people. I know I am a prisoner, and must be obedient" he added. "I have my parole and can go a little way out of the camp and sit down quietly to read. I am thankful they give me that liberty." I said a word of sympathy. "It is well," he answered gently, "that we have the bible left."

Boys And Cigarettes.

The teachers at Louise public school have complained to inspector Kidd concerning cigarette smoking by the small boys. These gather in the outhouses at noon and recess, and hold frequent "smokers." Three or four of the youngsters were cited before the inspector yesterday afternoon, confessed their sins and promised to smoke no more. They declared they purchased the cigarettes from a man on Princess street, who sells them as a side line. It has not yet been decided what action should be taken.

Jailed For The Murder.

Leavenworth, Kas., Feb. 20.—The four farmers arrested yesterday for complicity in the saloon raid at Millwood, that resulted in the killing of Mrs. Hudson, the bartender's wife, have been lodged in the county jail to-day. To-day the county attorney says he will make a complaint against them in the first degree.

Sold By The Sheriff.

Sydney, C.B., Feb. 20.—The Post, a daily newspaper, started here some months ago, and which lately suspended, was sold by the sheriff, to-day, to J. A. Gillies, ex-M.P., for $4,100.

BATTLES OF NATURE.

Unceasing Struggles, Which End in Survival of Fittest.

Contemporary Review.

We read the tablets of long ago which the geologist has deciphered for us, and we find them an endless story of battles. The successful species which occupy the great geological horizons have come out of great tribulation. The trilobites and stone lilies of the silurian period, the gigantic club moss and fluted sigillarians of the coal age, the enormous ammonities of the jurassic and chalk epochs, the mighty elephants and majestic deer forms of the tertiary era, are magnates of the times, and masterpieces of the struggle. They had been redeemed at great price, even of a thousand species and tens of thousands of individuals, who fell short of the typical fitness and were killed out. These magnates, each in its turn, were pioneers of progress, like the scouts of a great army and were caught in a physiological ambush.

The pedigree of the horse, in the most recent past, has been made out, traced shall we say, for a hundred thousand years before man came on the scene (for lord Kelvin has asked the geologist to hurry up and not be too lavish with time, or we should have said 250,000 years before man.) The fleetness, grace, and strength of the horse are owing to his ability to walk on one toe, to which have been correlated the wonderful instincts by which he has become the partner of man in his industries and struggles. He has been derived in almost a strict gradation from the two-toed, three-toed, four-toed, and five-toed ancestors, which flourished in the ages which preceded man. Myriads of individuals, and all the species and varieties, died out to make room for the one-toed selection, to enable this favorite to occupy the ground, unthwarted by crossing or by recurrence to average forms. He was redeemed at a great price, and has come through a great tribulation.

KING BEN'S VIEWS.

Wonders Where Some Aldermen Obtained Their Knowledge.

It seems that nothing can happen to mar the sublime serenity of Kingston's uncrowned monarch King Ben. He was around this morning as blythe and chirpy as though the city had decided to purchase the lighting plant, instead of rejecting the company's offer. Asked what he thought of the situation, he replied:

"My dear young friend, I have nothing whatever to say, only I wish the people would let us alone. The aldermen say our plant is not worth $273,000; I wonder how much they know of the value of such matters, or where they obtained their knowledge. In fact since reading the newspapers lately I have almost come to the conclusion, from the many opinions I find therein expressed, that 'I know very little about the matter myself.' I will bet a clothes pin to a saw horse that not one of the aldermen can estimate within $10,000 of the value of our meters; so how can it be expected that they can form an estimate of the value of the whole plant. However, I have just one thing to say, I believe we can furnish light to the people just as cheaply as the city. But, of course, we cannot prevent the city going ahead with its intention to arbitrate."

Brave Col. Johnston.

Col. Johnston, the genial manager of Pauline, hypnotist, is a real hero, having won claim to that distinguished title this afternoon. He was proceeding up Princess street and when near the corner of Montreal street, he witnessed an accident which threatened the life of a farmer named Sherwood, Pittsburg township. Stopping not to consider the risk he was taking, he rushed to the rescue and was successful in being of the greatest assistance. Sherwood was driving down Princess street when his team took fright at a street car and bolted. Swerving sharply around the corner, the sleigh upset, throwing out the farmer, who pluckily held on the reins. It was at this juncture that Col. Johnston rushed to the rescue. Catching the horses by the bridle, in spite of their rearing and prancing, he used his 225 pounds to good effect and succeeded in forcing the animals back on their haunches and finally quieting them. Col. Johnston's bravery won him words of praise from the many citizens who witnessed the scene.

The county council meets to-morrow afternoon at two o'clock.

COMMERCIAL.

The markets are corrected up to the hour of going to press.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE, FEBRUARY 20th
Forwarded by Metropolitan Stock Exchange.

	Opening.	Closing.
Missouri Pacific	84	85¼
St. Paul	143½	147¼
Manhattan	116	116½
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	75½	76
Sugar	135½	135
Federal Steel	46½	46½
Ontario & Western	21	21½
Tobacco	118½	118½
United States Rubber	19½	18
Rock Island	000	000
National Steel Co.	43½	42½

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL (Noon, Feb 20.—Wheat, No 1 N. Spring, 6s 4½; No. 1 Cal., 6s 2d to 6s 3d; Red Winter, 6s 1½d; Corn—new, 3s 10½d; old, 3s 1½d. Peas, 5s 8d. Pork, 63s 9d; prime western, 72s 6d. Lard, western refined, 38s 6d; Tallow, American, 25s 9d; Tallow, Australian, 27s 6d. Bacon, long cuts, heavy, 40s 6d; light, 38s 9d; short cuts, light, 38 9d. Cheese, white, 50s 6d; colored, 51s 6d.

MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKETS.

MONTREAL, February 20.—Flour receipts 1100 barrels; market quiet. Quotations: Patent Winter $3.80 to $4.00; Patent Spring, $4.25 to $4.50; Straight Roller, $3.30 to $3.50; Extra, $2.90 to $3.00; Superfine, $2.60 to $2.70; Strong Bakers, $4.10 to $4.25; Ontario Bags, $1.60 to $1.80.

Grain—Wheat, No. 2 Manitoba Hard, 88c to 90c. Corn, 46c to 48c. Peas, 70c to 72c. Oats, 30c to 31c; Barley, 50c to 51c; Rye, 55c to 56c; Buckwheat, 54c to 56c; Oatmeal, $1.60 to $1.70; Cornmeal, 90c to $1.00.

Provisions—Pork, $19.50 to $20.50; Lard, 7c to 8½c; Bacon, 12c to 14c; Hams, 12c to 14c; Cheese, 10c to 10½c; Butter, Townships, 22 to 23c; Western, 19c to 20c; Eggs, 18c to 19c.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKETS, FEB. 20.

	ASK.	OFF.
Canadian Pacific Railway	86	85½
Duluth	6½	5
Duluth Pref	16	12
Montreal Street Railway	264	261½
Toronto Railway	103	102
Halifax Electric Railway	93	90
Twin City	66½	66
Richelieu Nav. Co	109	108½
Commercial Cable	157½	156
Montreal Telegraph Co.	173	170
Bell Telephone	175	170
Montreal Gas Co.	224	222
Royal Electric	215½	214
Montreal Cotton Co.	150	144
Dominion Cotton	90	85½
Can. Colored Cotton	79	77
War Eagle	69	64½
Bank of Montreal	259	254
Ontario Bank	100	92
Molson's Bank	198	185
Merchants Bank	168	164
Merchants Bank of Halifax	120	117

It's Not Like Dr. Chase To Disappoint People

His Great Receipt Book Did Not Disappoint, and Dr. Chase's Kidney Liver Pills Have Astonished Physicians and People Alike by Their Wonderful Cures.

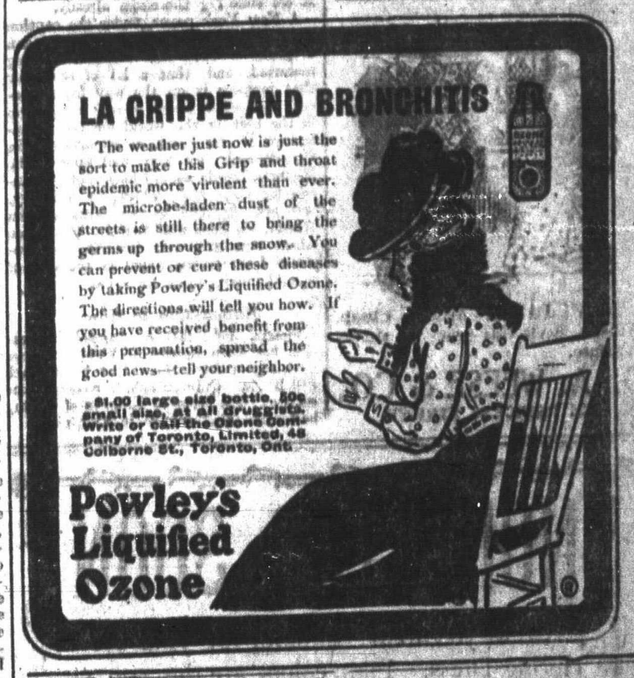
Derangements of the kidneys cause the most painful and the most dreadful fatal diseases to which man is subject. The symptoms are unmistakable and the evidence goes to prove that no treatment has ever been so successful as a cure for diseases of the kidneys as Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. Pains, aches or weakness of the back, deposits like brick dust in the urine, scanty, painful or scalding urination, puffiness under the eyes and emaciation are the indications of kidney disease.

Mrs. Pursley, 130 Lippincott street, Toronto, says: "I may say that Dr. Chase's Receipt Book has been the consulting physician in our house for years, as I have always been able to control any sickness amongst our children by using the receipts given in its pages. For the past few years I have suffered much with my kidneys, accompanied with severe pains in the back, almost unbearable at times. After using Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills for a time I am entirely restored to health, the pains in my back have left and I feel better in every respect. It is a pleasure for me to add one more testimony to the grand reputation of Dr. Chase's remedies."

James Clark, Consecon, Prince Edward County, Ont., states: "Eleven years ago I was taken with pains in my back, settling in my hips and extending up my spine. The pain was very severe, and at times almost unendurable, and many days I was not able to do an hour's work. Though I had consulted many first class physicians and tried several advertised medicines, I could get no relief.

"At this time my father-in-law told me to try Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and said he knew they would cure me. I secured one box and great was my surprise when I began to feel better after using only one box. I continued their use until I had taken about four boxes, which made me a sound man."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills will not disappoint you. They act directly and specifically on the liver, kidneys and bowels, regulating them and invigorating them to perfect action. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.



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