TELEGRAPHIC.

JAPAN'S DISPLAY.

New York, Oct. 29.—Japan advices via San Francisco report that preparations are on foot for an unprecedented display of Japanese productions in the American Centennial Exposition.

The American Bishop Williams, whose Diocese formerly embraced China and Japan, is now restricted to Japan alone.

MORE FAILURES.

Boston, Oct. 30.—The following failures are reported: Cyrus Carpenter & Co., furnace and ranges; Atwood Bros & Co., clothing; Chas. H. Parker & Co., Proprietors National Bridge and Iron Works, all of Boston; W. Parsons, builder, of Lowell; R. B. Fay, general store, Tunbridge, Vermont. In the official report of the Committee appointed to investigate the affairs of Shepard, Hall & Co., Shepard, Davis & Co., and Sall & Co., the firms made a proposition to pay thirty cents on the dollar, payments to be made in four equal instalments.

STORMY WEATHER.

New York, Oct. 30.—Severe snow and hail storms are reported from Iowa and Missouri. Last night at Rolla, Miss., hail damaged windows and buildings to the amount of $10,000.

ROGUERY.

A Washington despatch says Julius Wilkeowski, who recently obtained $26,000 from the Treasury for logs alleged to have been furnished for building fortifications near Nashville, has been presented by the Grand Jury for indictment. Ex-Congressman Negley, of Pennsylvania, and others implicated in the affair, have also been presented for indictment.

CHOLERA.

A Chicago despatch says that reports are received from various portions of Indiana, Mississippi, Illinois and other western States to the effect that hog cholera is taking off thousands of swine.

TAMMANY FRAUD.

Wheeler, a Peckham representative of Attorney General Pratt in suits against the Tammany Ring, has notified Field and Deyo, Attorneys for Tweed, that notwithstanding the amended answer of their client in a six million dollar suit, served on Peckham on Friday last, the case will be pressed on for trial next Monday. Field & Deyo have served on Peckham notice of a motion returnable on the third Monday in November in the Supreme Court Chambers for the discharge of the order of arrest granted against Tweed in the one million dollar suit against him.

Mayor Huffman, Charles Brownald, and Charles Bressfield, were taken before the U. S. Commissioner yesterday, charged with acts of fraudulent bankruptcy! They were held to answer in $20,000 bail each.

Boston, Oct. 29.—The creditors of the Amos Plow Company have decided that the Company shall continue business.

SALE OF RAILWAY.

Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 29.—Judge Wood, when sitting at the U. S. Circuit Court this morning, ordered the sale of the Atlanta & Richmond Air Line Railroad at the suit of first mortgage. The bondholders, first mortgage amounts to four million dollars and the accrued interest thereon is seven hundred thousand dollars.

RUSSIAN MINISTER.

Washington, Oct. 29.—J. M. Chickine, the new Russian Minister, was presented to the President by Secretary of State.

St. Joseph, Mo., Oct. 30.—Last evening seven prisoners escaped from the gaol in this city.

New York, Oct. 30.—The revival meeting at the Tabernacle was not so crowded this morning as on the previous ones.

London, Oct. 30.—The Leeds iron producers, Blockow, Vaughan & Co., employing in their colleries and works ten thousand men, have notified their employees in Yorkshire that owing to the depression of trade their engagements must terminate on the 13th of November.

FROM NORTH WENTWORTH.

THE ELECTION YESTERDAY—LEGAL TECHNICALITY.

Dundas, Oct. 29.—The following are the majorities: Beverly, McMahon 154; Dundas 78; Flamboro West, Miller 11; Flamboro East 87; majority for McMahon, 134. Objection being taken by a scrutineer at subdivision No. 1, West Flamboro village, as to the legal formality of the Deputy Returning Officer in refusing to open the poll in that ward until late in the day. Mr. Stock's majority in this subdivision (No. 1) last election was thirty.

FROM ODESSA.

A MAN POISONED—HIS DEATH.

Odessa, Ont., Oct. 30.—An old gentleman, named Presley was poisoned here last evening, from the effects of which he died.

PASSING THROUGH THE WELLAND CANAL.

PORT COLBORNE, Oct 29.

Down—Prop Armenia, Amherstburg, Port Dalhousie, sundries; schr M F Merrick, Detroit, Ogdensburg, wheat; Alpha, Ashtabula, Toronto, coal; Elgin, Port Stanley, Oswego, peas and wheat; Ella Morton, Cleveland, Hamilton, coal; Erie Belle, Kincardine, Kingston, wheat and salt; prop Champlain, Chicago, Ogdensburg, general cargo.

Up—Schr Perry White, Welland, Ashtabula, light; C H Walker, Oswego, Chicago, coal; Jennie Graham, Toronto, Buffalo, wet barley; Flora Emma, Belleville, do, barley; barge Sacramento, Allasburg, Port Colborne, barley, ex Jennie Graham; prop City of Concord, Ogeensburg, Chicago, general cargo; schr Brooklyn, do, Erie, iron ore; Wawanosh, Toronto, do, barley.

NORTH WENTWORTH ELECTION.—By a private telegram we learn that No. 1 Polling Place, West Flamboro, was not opened to-day, consequently the election is void. The mistake occurred through the deputy returning officer's name being wrongly spelt, whereby he declined to open the poll.—*Hamilton Times.*

—A lady, thinking it time for her little girl to put away childish things, informed her that Santa Claus was a "made up person—that there was no such person at all. Upon wich the child, with becoming solemnity, asked, „Mamma, have you been teling me lies about Jesus Christ, too?"

—Messrs. Royal and Davis, representing the Government of Manitoba, have succeeded in making satisfactory temporary arrangements with Mr. Mackenzie relative to "better terms;" the Pacific railway route, and the Provincial roads.

—Too much rum is said to have been the cause of a disastrous fire at Yarmouth, N. S.

The Daily British Whig.

Opifer per Orbem Decor.

SATURDAY EVEN'G, OCT. 30, 1875.

REMINDERS.

SUNDAY Temperance Meeting—4 p.m.
Y.M.C.A. Prayer Meeting on Saturday evening; General Service on Sunday evening; Annual Meeting on Monday evening.

MONDAY EVENING.

MIDDEN LODGE.—Regular Communication at 8 p.m.
MEETING of Mr. Robinson's supporters at Victoria Hall.

TUESDAY EVENING.

MONTHLY Meeting of St. George's Society

ELECTIONS TO-DAY.

The country is supping full of elections. Treading on the heels of the North Wentworth election yesterday, the local election for North Grey and the Dominion election for Montreal West are being held to-day. North Grey is a Tory stronghold where the success of a Government candidate would be a very great surprize. Montreal West election is likely to be a very close one, the election of either candidate being quite on the cards. It will be a fierce and bitter fight, exciting great interest throughout the country—more interest than it deserves, as it is a squabble between two Protectionists to which the Government should give little attention; the vast majority of the country being Free Trade, and will remain so if every city in the Dominion went flat for the Protection fallacy—an artfully devised scheme for taxing the many to put money in the pockets of a few manufacturers.

NORTH WENTWORTH.

Telegrams to hand give as the result of the North Wentworth election the return of Dr. McMahon, the Reform candidate by a majority of 134. The Hamilton papers, however, say that the Returning officer in West Flamboro refused to act on account of some informality in the way his name was written in his warrant of appointment, and that, in consequence, the election is a nullity. By this criminal stupidity Dr. McMahon is probably cheated temporarily out of his election and the people of North Wentworth will be put to the annoyance of a new contest. This abortive election was made necessary by the unseating of Mr. Stock, who was also disqualified. Mr. Stock was a Tory, and the vote polled by Dr. McMahon shows that, had it not been for the stupendous blunder above referred to, he would have redeemed the Riding to the Government. There is the best chance of his doing so yet, on a new election being ordered, as it will have to be if our present information prove correct.

—The *Globe* of to-day states, as we learn by telegraph, that though some irregularity took place at one of the polling places yesterday the election will stand good.

THE MAYORALTY ELECTION.

The Mayoralty election campaign has opened early with us this year, a meeting having been called for Monday evening in the interest of Mr. Robinson, M.P.P. That gentleman has been induced to stand as a candidate only after urgent persuasion, the sacrifice already entailed upon him by his parliamentary duties being as great as his fellow-citizens could reasonably expect him to make. As a matter of duty to his friends only does he take the field, and not as one ambitious to fill the post, for his personal interests lie in quite another direction. Mr. Robinson is not so circumstanced that he can devote active attention to public affairs without feeling the sacrifice, but that sacrifice he has always been cheerfully willing to make to assist his party or his friends. In consenting to again present himself as a candidate for the Mayoralty Mr. Robinson has the advantage of an excellent record to appeal to. By his administration of our civic affairs Mr. Robinson proved himself one of the best Mayors Kingston ever had, and conspicuously in the matter of the streets, which have never been in as excellent a condition. No risk is run, then, by citizens replacing him in the Mayor's chair, for his capacity has already been tested, while he has added to his former triad fitness four years of parliamentary experience. While, however, acknowledging Mr. Robinson's claims for re-election—which are all the stronger because he does not seek it personally—we have no desire to reflect on Mr. Britton's qualifications. The latter gentleman has made a very useful member of the City Council, from which he could not well be spared, especially from its Finance Committee. He was a couple of years ago offered a nomination by an influential section of citizens, which he declined, and that section now, in turn, decline to support him. The temperance people, however, are understood to favour Mr. Britton, but the temperance people are by no means as strong as those directly opposed to them, and experience has shown, too, that many of them when politics comes in at the door, temperance jumps out of the window. Both the candidates, it is true, just now before the public are Reformers, so that there is no political choice between them, but it would be strange, indeed, if during the next two months a third candidate did not take the field and try to snatch a party victory. The game if tried is not likely to be a success, however, as the combination at Mr. Robinson's back is too strong to admit of it. Last year a peculiar combination of circumstances elected a Tory Mayor, but that intrigue can never again be played on the people of Kingston, and looking back at it there is little wonder that, in certain quarters, a determined attempt will be made to rebuke it by the election of Mr. Robinson.

TRAMPS.—There are several about the city, but the most important among them all is the chap who arrived here on Thanksgiving Day. He came in by way of King street, and sailed along so serenely as to satisfy those who observed him that he was a man who thoroughly understood the business. He had a full supply of pots and pans, ropes, &c., and seemed prepared to stay a few days by kind permission of the P.M. and public.

—The charter of the Montreal, Ottawa and Western Railway has been transferred to the Quebec Government, who have a new contract with Mr. A. P. Macdonald to finish the road at $28,000 per mile, which is $5,000 less than the contract made by the late directors of the road.

Thanksgiving Day Services.

CHALMER'S CHURCH.

The Presbyterians held a united service in Chalmers' Church, which was largely attended. Revs. Messrs. Gray, A. Wilson and Prof. Mowat conducted it. The opening prayer was made by Rev. Mr. Gray, who also read the portion of scripture, followed by prayer by Prof. Mowat and the singing of a hymn, when the preacher, Rev. Mr. Wilson, announced for his text the first verse of the xcvii. Psalm: "The Lord reigneth; let the earth rejoice."

After paying a tribute to the glories of nature, which none could comprehend, and the manifestation of God's presence in whatever is seen and transpires, he pointed out that God's government was visible in all things, in the works of all his creatures in all parts of the world. "The Lord reigneth." The text at once implies the government of God. There were two points to which he invited attention: 1st, the providential government of God. On this subject two very widely different but equally erroneous views are entertained of the nature of this government. The one regards the universe with all that it contains as a beautiful and admirably constructed machine, so regulated by principles or laws which the matter has established that it goes on constantly of itself, without any interposition whatever on the part of its great Creator. This view shuts God out of the operations, and tends to Deism. The other now goes to the opposite entrance and regards every effect and event as produced by the immediate agency of God operating everywhere, without any secondary causes, which is equally unscriptural and tends to Pantheism. Between these two extremes is the true doctrine of God's providential government. This was most beautifully and succinctly shown by the control by God's most holy, wise and preserving government of all his creatures on all occasions and in all their actions. In the first place it was universal. All motions of the heavenly bodies, the regular succession of the years, the growth and decay of earth's productions, the fall of the rain and snow are all by Him governed and controlled, wisely and beneficently. And the unusual as well as the usual operations of nature are all controlled and guided by Him. Tempests, pestilence, and the afflictions of mankind are governed by Him, and are under His providential guidance. The whole creation is under His government. He sustains all, supplies their wants and controls their actions. It was He who sustained Daniel and preserved him when cast into the den of lions, and restrained them from injuring his servant. Elijah by the same agency was fed and succoured in the wilderness, and God's own ancient people fed with manna and supported by providential measures. All were directed by Him. He held that a special providence attended the birth and life of each one. God regulates the birth of one under poor and another under rich circumstances; He rules that one should be born in an humble cot and another in a palace; one on this continent and another in Europe, Africa or Japan. He reviewed many events of religious history wherein God's people were aided at the most opportune times, and under singular circumstances. A man's heart devises his own ways; but the Lord directs his steps. His providence was plainly seen in the life and actions of the human family. His authority is so manifest that nothing can take place without his permission. Man's movements are circumscribed and overruled for the accomplishment of His purposes and the promotion of His glory. He instanced the cases of Pharoh, Joseph Moses as an exemplification of this argument. By the concurrence of certain events he held that the particular and special providential government of God was illustrated, in relation to the people and in relation to other things. But whether they looked to scriptural statements or to concurrent events they found evidence of the blessings of providence, and the accomplishment of divine ends. It is seen in the granting of prayers, the fulfillment of prophecy and other ways. And this providential government of God was carried on through the Lord Jesus Christ, whom God had exacted far above any other name, and put Him head over all things for the benefit of his body, the church, and He reigns over all things for the accomplishment of the great work of salvation. He sendeth for His Spirit who worketh and accomplisheth His will. The happy inference to be drawn from the text, was one to bring joy and encouragement and comfort to the soul. It had encouraged God's people for ages. They had, in relation to this doctrine, good reason to rejoice. Who placed us in the positions which we now occupy? Who regulated the circumstances in which we live? God in His wise Providence. Then why complain? Why be discontent? He controlled all our appointments and assigned each to the place for which he was best fitted and qualified, and it is ours to discharge the duties of that office faithfully and constantly, so that when our race is run we may expect the greeting, "Well done, good and faithful servant, enter thou into the joy of thy Lord." They were to take comfort from the text when subject to the difficulties and sorrows of this life. These afflictions did not come by chance, nor did they come from earth. They came from their all-wise heavenly Father. No loss, cross or disappointment was without his government. The doctrine was a happy one to contemplate when we come to depart from this life—to die—of which event we should not trouble as Christians, as it will be at the best time and place, and according to His own purpose. All should rejoice in relation to the stability and progress of the Redeemer's Kingdom. The Church of God was built upon a sure foundation, and the gates of hell itself cannot prevail against her. He enumerated many of the high privileges which we are permitted to enjoy, the kindnesses which we received, and the blessings which attended our labors on educational matters, mechanical achievements, arts and sciences. He then referred to the great neglect and recklessness of man, which deserved different treatment from that meted out by God. Even that day many were disregarding the object for which it was appointed, and overlooked an expression of joy and thanks for blessings bestowed upon them. They were ignoring God's providential government—bidding defiance to Him who rules the armies of Heaven and the inhabitants of earth. Christian privileges and enjoyments were trampled upon, in respect to the observance of the Sabbath as well as his holy word, his name profaned, and in numerous ways the commands of the Lord abused. In consideration of these facts it is little less than marvelous that God did not visit the offenders with punishment commensurate with their offences. Look at the national sins and social evils of the country and see if He has not been slow to anger. The subject teaches us that we should leave all to God, and whatever we are called upon to pass through should be accepted as for the best and for our good. We should trust Him with everything, believing that what transpires will be in our best interests and for His own glory. If He has protected us in the past he will do so in the future. That is comforting, particularly to the young. Let them cry unto Him "My father be thou the guide of my life." And when they come to say

"Thou art my refuge and my strength,
In straits a present aid,"

they can also say,

"Therefore although the earth remove,
I will not be afraid."

"The Lord reigneth; let the earth rejoice." May He be the guide of each one of us, our support in death and our everlasting portion.

The service closed with singing and the benediction.

PRIMITIVE MEGHODIST CHURCH.

The Rev. Mr. Wellwood, of Colinsby, preached in the Primitive Methodist Church, Brock Street, from the words of Paul to Titus: "Looking for blessed hope." The preacher introduced his discourse by a few happy definitions of the providence of hope in human life, after which he in terse and eloquent language detailed the characteristics, power and purpose of christian hope. The discourse, though not prepared for a thanksgiving service, contained many weighty and well put reasons why men and nations should stand in an attitude of grateful adoration towards the author of life and the giver of every good and perfect gift. The offertory was good for the size and circumstances of the congregation, yet it is very deplorable that after such preparation had been made for a religious service so few should avail themselves of its privileges. The audience attending the service was no doubt greatly profited by the holy sentiments advanced in Mr Wellwood's peculiarly felicitous style.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Rev. Mr. Graftey preached the sermon in the Baptist Church on Thanksgiving Day. Text: Ps. x., 7, 1—"Oh, give thanks unto the Lord, for He is good, for His mercy endureth for ever."

We often find words like these in the Psalms, in which we are called upon to perform a most delightful duty and avail ourselves of a most holy privilege. Every duty is also a privilege. Gratitude is a heavenly grace, and the manifestation of it heavenly employment. In this text we are told two things about God, and are exhorted to give thanks to Him. 1, God is good. That is benevolent and beneficent. We cannot look at our happy homes, where we are surrounded with comfort and our children have often more life than they know what to do with, without being reminded that God is good. Earth with its millions is fed by his goodness. God has given many of us enough and to spare of this world's goods, and, best of all, God has given us eternal life in His Son. We have also the blessing of political liberty, for which we give thanks. Three months' anarchy would make us all esteem more highly the blessings of good government. We may bless God that we have a Government of which we need not be ashamed. We have also the blessing of a little more religious liberty. Two hundred years ago John James, pastor of a Baptist Church in London, was condemned on one day for preaching, and hanged the next day. Three years later Rev. Benjamin Keach was made to stand in the pillory twice for publishing a book for children, instructing them in the Christian religion. Let us thank God for giving these men, and thousand mere who boldly and patiently suffered in troublous times, the courage to endure rather than do violence to conscience and deny the truth; and let us also thank God that we enjoy the fruit of the courage He gave them. We are told that the mercy of God endureth for ever. God is rich in mercy. Mercy among men means a diminution of punishment. But God in mercy puts all who believe in Jesus among His children—makes them heirs of God and joint heirs of Christ. He that spared not His own son but freely gave him up for us all will he not with him also freely give all things. We are exhorted to give thanks. In order that we may give thanks, let us try to count the mercies of the Lord to us. We cannot do it, but the very effort will be beneficial to us. Let us contrast the dealings of God towards us with our conduct toward Him, and we shall know that "He hath not dealt with us according to our sin, or rewarded us according to our iniquity." Cultivate a loving trust in the Lord Jesus Christ who changes not, but is the same yesterday, to-day and for ever full of mercy and love to every believer in him. Let us not give thanks merely in words but in deeds. When the Apostle St. Paul exhorted the Corinthians to benevolence to the poor, he wrote, "Ye know the grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, though He was rich, for our sakes He became poor; that we through his poverty might be rich." This is the true motive for benevolence. On every offering should be inscribed: "Thanks be unto God for His unspeakable gift."

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

The thanksgiving service in the Congregational Church was largely devotional in its character. The Rev. K.M. Fenwick addressed those present from Malachi iii. 10:11. The language of the text reflected in its imagery the fact that the Israelites chiefly derived their support from the products of the ground. The lessons on the passage were not thereby confined to those similarly circumstanced. Hence we may infer that the interests of commerce and agriculture are involved. The first principle taught by the text is that God claims to be the primary source of national prosperity. God "rebukes the devourer" and saves "the vine from eating her fruit." He gives commerce success and increases wealth. We have had an abundant harvest—for which let us devoutly thank God; he has sent commercial depression. Can our text enable us to understand the reason why he has done so? This leads to another principle taught in our passage. God's authority and right to service must be acknowledged in all our ways, the secular as well as the sacred, or he will withhold His blessing. It is well to be religious in turns and places appointed for devotion—well to appropriate a proportion of our means to the cause of God—but He demands more—He asserts the right to be recognized in our mercantile pursuits and in our every day employments. Commerce is apt like the Babylonian King to look from the roofs of his palaces and exclaim "By the might of my power and for the honour of my majesty have I done all this." When she thus exalts herself, like that King, God will humble her. In commercial prosperity we are prone to become proud, selfish, vain—it is not in adversity to recognize God's hand, our own sinfulness the claims of God on our worship, and the claims of humanity on our sympathy and on our help. The third principle of our text is—if God requires that we unite our worship with our daily work, he is ever willing to make his temporal gifts culminate in the still richer ones of his grace. The full storehouse and the "rebuked devourer, and the preserved vine are followed by the 'opening of the windows of Heaven.' All God's providential dealings stand related to "His unspeakable gift"—the gift of Jesus Christ. If God has given us so richly, let the poor this winter be practically remembered.

The Rev. C. Chapman, M.A., of Montreal, delivered an interesting and practical address on the way in which our gratitude to God should be expressed. He dwelt chiefly on the cultivation of living charity towards man, and of whole hearted consecration to God.

THE CHURCHES.

Oct. 31st.—*23d Sunday after Trinity.*—Hosea xiv; 2 Tim. ii.
Joel ii. 21; St. Luke xxi. 5.
" iii. 9, St. Luke xxi. 5.

Nov. 1st.—*All Saints' Day.*
Wisdom iii. to v. 10; Heb. xi. 33 to xii. 7.
" v. to v. 17; Rev. xix to v. 17.

The Rev. H. Mulkins will hold a farewell service at the prison chapel on Sunday at 9 a.m.

To-morrow is the fifth Sunday in the month.

TO-DAY'S GLEANINGS.

—The Quebec Bank has declared its half yearly dividend of four per cent.

—The Alabama Claims Commission sitting at Washington, have made a number of awards.

—November 25th has been proclaimed by President Grant as a day of thanksgiving throughout the United States.

—Aid is being rapidly sent to the sufferers from the disastrous fire in Virginia City.

—About 2,000,500 bushels of grain were shipped from Chicago last week in 51 cargoes.

—Mrs. Youmans has succeeded in forming a Ladies' Christian Temperance Association in Toronto.

—The number of cases of cattle disease in England and Wales during the past three months was over 500,000.

—The latest estimate of the loss of the Virginia city conflagration is put at between $5,000,000 and $7,000,000.

—There has been a severe gale on Lake Erie, causing the destruction of several barges and schooners, heavily laden with grain.

—Messrs. Ford and Bergne, acting under the Washington Treaty in regard to the Fishery question, leave Ottawa for England to day.

—Great anxiety is felt for the safety of the large lumber fleet on Lake Michigan during the recent gales. Nothing has been heard from it.

—Friday, December 10, is going to prove an unlucky day, indeed, to murderers, seven having been already sentenced to suffer death in the United States on that day.

—Mr. Thomas Jessop, ex-Mayor of Sheffield, has offered to build a hospital for women at an expense of £22,000, and tenders for the work have been received from contractors.

—A number of disasters to vessels are reported on the lakes during the gale of Wednesday. One vessel was lost on Lake Michigan, and her crew of eight perished.

—The people of Manitoba, have favorably received the proposal submitted to them by the Federal Government in reference of better terms.

—A battery of Abyssinian cannons and a quantity of amunition, sent from Quebec to Montreal, are said to be for use in case of a disturbance at Guibord's funeral.

—The New York Board of Brokers are making arrangements by which statements regarding the condition of all the companies whose stocks are on the Exchange list will be issued monthly.

Sir A. T. Galt, the Canadian Fishery Commissioner, will leave shortly for Washington, to confer with the United States authorities upon matters appertaining to the Commission.

TEMPERANCE.—Mrs. Youmans, living so near Kingston, should be invited to give one of her eloquent addresses which have been stirring the people to activity wherever heard. She is the leading spirit of the Women's Temperance Association of Picton, one of the most useful and energetic of organizations. It is wondered why such an association cannot be instituted here. Mrs. Youmans would be glad to solve the problem if asked to do so.—*Whig.*

If Mrs. Y. possessed the power of working miracles she might do something towards reforming the depraved Kingstonians, who, to judge from the police reports, are something awful. Would Mrs. Y. "solve the mystery," without using the universal solvent so popular there. It is vain for her to try, "Ephraim is joined to his idols, let him alone."—*Napanee Beaver.*

*** The *Beaver* must not suppose that Kingston is a bad place because of its police reports. It must not forget that the court is run principally for the benefit of delegates from Napanee, Brockville and such like places. If tramps from the surrounding towns were kept "to home," the reports wouldn't be so "awful."

THE RICH OLD FELLOWS.—Look here, this thing of saving up millions of dollars for your children to fight about after you are dead, ought to be stopped. We are going to stop it ourselves, so far as we are personally concerned, and we pledge to discharge from our employ every man who hoards up more than a million of dollars. The public have hardly recovered from the surprise occasioned by the revelations in the Detroit Ward will case, when the heirs of Issac Singer, the sewing machine inventor, go into court to quarrel about $13,000,000, which the old man was not able to take with him when he left this sublunary sphere. Like Captain Ward, Mr. Singer appears to have had several wives, and to have gone extensively into the divorce business, and the different families of Singers thus begotten are now in Court impeaching one another's legitimacy. The spectable is not an edifying one, and affords a fresh illustration of the trite truth that money does not always bring happiness.—*Spectator.*

THOSE TERMS.—The mission of Hon. Messrs. Davis and Royal to the Dominion Government has resulted so far as favorable to the prospect of a readjustment of the affairs of the Province of Manitoba, and it is extremely probable that the present subsidy thereto will shortly be considerably augmented. The accounts in connection with the administration of justice of the Province will be submitted to the arbitration of Hon. Mr. Burpee, on behalf of the Dominion, and the Hon. Mr. Davis for Manitoba. With regard to the Pembina Branch Railway, Mr. Davis has asked that either the Premier or some other member of the Government might visit the Province and inspect the line of route as projected. Mr. Mackenzie said that if it lay in his power he would make a Northwest tour, but that, in the meantime, until he received full reports from the engineering staff, the work of grading the line on the eastern side of the river, north of St. Boniface, would, for the present, be discontinued.

AROUND HOME.

—The liabilities of Messrs. Rosamond & Cuthbertson, of Douglas, who are insolvent, are over $35,000.

—On Wednesday morning last Mr. Joseph Collier, of Long Point, caught a huge sturgeon measuring six feet in length and weighing 100 pounds.

—The Rev. E. Loucks, Rector of Picton, has sent in his resignation to the Bishop, and will leave that place next week.

—On the 18th inst. Mrs. John Chapman, of the eighth concession of Ernesttown, in descending to the cellar fell and broke one of her thigh bones near the joint.

—Mr. Richard Baker, of Mill Point, has purchased over 50,000 bushels of barley since the 1st of September, for which he has paid from 70 to 85 cents a bushel, making in all a sum of about $40,000.

—In consequence of the elevation of Mr. R. A. Harrison to the Bench, the Hon. M. C. Cameron has been secured to watch the case on behalf of Mr. Clapp, and it is likely the protest trial will come off in a few days, says the Picton *Gazette.*

—21,800 bushels No. 4 barley was shipped from Northport on Tuesday last, per schooner J. G. Worts, by John Meaghar, Esq., of Kingston, for Chicago. Also, 13,500 bushels No. 4 barley were shipped to Toledo from Northport on Wednesday, by Mr. C. Gearing.

—The Lord Bishop of Ontario will hold a confirmation in St. Mary Magdalene's Church, Napanee, on Thursday next, November 4th, at 11 o'clock a.m.; and on the same day consecrate St. John's Church, Selby, and hold a confirmation, at 3 o'clock p.m.

—Last Thursday night Napanee suffered a little tempest of petty burglaries. W. R. McRae & Co.'s shop was entered through a skylight, and the sum of $15 taken from the till. St. Mary Magdalene's Church was entered on the same night, but no valuables were taken; and Mr. F. S. Richardson's dove-cot was despoiled of about $30 worth of pigeons—fancy birds, such as fantails, pouters, etc., etc.

METHODIST CONFERENCE MISSION.—Iroquois, Oct. 27.—The annual meeting of the Missionary Committee of the Montreal Methodist Conference closed its sittings this afternoon. It consists of an equal number of ministers and laymen. They have carefully examined into the condition and wants of the mission within the bounds of the Conference, and have equitably distributed over $23,000. The missionary work of the Conference is extending prosperously, requiring increased liberality. The business is ably conducted by the President of the Conference, Rev. James Elliott, of Kingston. Judge Deacon, of Pembroke, was elected by the laymen as the Conference representative on the Central Board of Missions. The anniversary services of the Montreal Conference auxiliary were held in connection with the committee. The sermons were characterized by very great ability. The anniversary meeting was held in the Iroquois church on Tuesday evening. The President conducted the religious services. Dr. Lavell, of Kingston occupied the chair. Stirring and useful addresses were delivered by Rev. H. F. Bland, of Quebec, Judge Deacon, of Pembroke, Rev. W. J. Hunter, of Ottawa, and Mr. Wm. Clendinning, of Montreal. The most cordial vote of thanks given to Dr. Lavell for the able manner in which he had conducted the meeting.

☞ Go to Gordon's New Grocery Store for No. 1 Flour.—Very Cheap.

FARMERS MARKETS.

PICTON MARKETS.—Wheat $1.00 to 0.00; Rye 60c; Barley 50c; Oats 40 to 42c; Peas 70 cents; Butter, roll 19 to 22c; Butter, tub 18 to 19c; Cheese 10 to 13c; Cheese (factory) wholesale, 10 to 10 3-4; Eggs 15 to 17c.

NAPANEE MARKETS.—Wheat 1.00 to 1.05; Barley 50c No 1; 70c No 2; 60c No 3; Oats 35 to 37c; Eggs 15 to 18c; Rye 60c; Peas 70c; Buckwheat 50c; Cheese 8 to 10c; Hay $10 to 12; Straw $2 to 3 per load; Onions $1.00 per bushel; Wool 28c; Butter 16 to 18c; Potatoes 50c per bush; Honey 13c; Dressed Hogs $7.50 to $8.

BELLEVILLE—Wheat $1 to 1.05; Barley 60c to 87c; Peas 50c; Rye 57 to 58c; Oats 06 to 38c; Butter lub 17 to 18c; Butter roll 18 to 23c; Cheese 10 to 10c; Cheese (wholesale) 10½ to 11; Eggs 15 to 20c; Potatoes 50 to 65c per bag; Flour $5 to $5.25 per bbl; Flour, retail $5.50 to $5.70 per bbl; Hay 12 to $15 per ton.

PERTH—Wheat—spring, per bush 1.05 Fall do 1.20; Peas 60 to 65c; Barley 60c; Oats 30c; Rye 50 to 50c; Butter 18 to 20c; Cheese 9 to 10c; Eggs 12 to 13c; Potatoes per bush 30c; Wool 20 to 30c; Ashes per 100 lb 4.50; Hay $12 to 13.

MARRIED.

PAUL—CLOSE.—On the 18th instant, Mr William James Paul of the Township of Sheffield, to Miss Nancy Close, of Camden.

MCSHEA—CARL.—On the 21st inst, Mr Thos McShea, of Trenton, to Miss Josphine, only daughter of George R Carl, of Shannonville.

BRANT—SMART.—On the 26th instant, Mr Cherles Brant, to Miss Catharine Smart, all of Tyendinaga.

CLOUGH—BEGG.—At Napanee, on 27th inst., Mr C E Clough, to Miss Annie Begg, both of Napanee.

MCGREER—AULT.—At Port Burwell, on the 21st instant, Mr Thos McGreer, of Richmond (near Selby,) to Miss Alida Ault, only daughter of Mr E A Dunham, formerly of Napanee.

DIED.

On Wolfe Island, on Oct 26th, Mr Dennis Grodin, aged 60 years.

On the 23rd instant, Mr John D Slater, Sub-Collector of Customs for Pemoroke, aged 23 years.

At Tamworth, on the 22nd instant, Iana R Perry, of consumption, aged 20 years.

CITY HALL!

First Appearance in Three years, and positively for only TWO NIGHTS and SATURDAY MATINEE.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, Nov. 5th and 6th.

BLIND TOM

The Wonderful Musical Prodigy,

A thorough-bred NEGRO BOY, who, without instruction, played the piano when four years old, and now executes equal to the first artists. His "BATTLE OF MANASSAS" has been pronounced by critics as the finest descriptive piece of music composed.

General admission 50 cents; Children under 12 years 25 cents; Reserved Seats 75 cents; Children 50 cents. Reserved Seats for sale at McAuley & Co's Bookstore.

Oct 30, 1875.

Wanted,

A GENTLEMAN requires for the winter a bed room and board in a genteel private family, where he can have a comfortable home. Address Alpha, BRITISH WHIG OFFICE.

Oct 30, 1875.

Lost,

IN this city, on the 29th inst., on Gore street, near the Cricket Field, or between the Cricket Field and Barrie street, TWENTY DOLLARS IN BILLS: 4 fives. The money belongs to a poor old man, and the finder will confer a great favor by leaving it at the BRITISH WHIG OFFICE. The money is in an envelope.

Oct 30, 1875.

QUADRILLE BAND.

THE BEAVER QUADRILLE BAND, pronounced the favorite of Kingston, is now open for engagements for Balls, Parties, Assemblies, &c., in town or country. Charges moderate. All orders either by post or otherwise strictly attended to by John A. Greenwood, Princess Street, Kingston.

J. W. TRENDELL, Leader.

Sept 28, 1875.

TREMENDOUS SALE

—OF—

DRY GOODS,

AT BRAINARD & AISHTON'S,

(NOW GOING ON) TO CONTINUE FOR ONE MONTH. (NOW GOING ON)

Opposite Cage's Jewellery Store, Princess Street.

WINTER APPLES!

FULL SUPPLY

AT THE

"BAZAAR."

REES BROS.,

MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONERS.

159 Princess Street.

Oct 30, 1875.

KINGSTON

Coffee and Spice Mills

On hand and For Sale a choice lot of

Fresh Coffee & Spices, very Cheap

Comprising Black, Red and White Pepper.

KARCH'S

Celebrated Mixed Spices, Cinamon, Cloves, All-Spice and Ginger.

And a large lot of Ground and Granulated Chicory. Also $1.00 worth of GREEN, BLACK and JAPAN TEAS, which I will sell for less than the wholesale prices, the prices of Tea varying from 20 cents per lb up.

J. A. KARCH,

EARL STREET.

Oct 30, 1875.

STOP!

AND SEE

W. W. CHOWN & BRO.

WHO HAVE

A Full Assortment of

HARDWARE.

Oct 30, 1875.

FIRE! FIRE!

Cheap Kindling Wood

FOR SALE—500 Bundles Shingles, most suitable for making very handy kindling wood at 12½ CENTS PER BUNDLE. Delivered to all parts of the city.

JOSEPH DONNELLY, Star Grocery, Princess Street.

Oct 29, 1875.

1876. 1876.

MAYORALTY ELECTION.

A PUBLIC MEETING of the Electors of the City favorable to the return of WILLIAM ROBINSON, Esq., M.P.P., will be held in the VICTORIA MUSIC HALL

On Monday Evening, Nov. 1st,

AT 7:30 P.M.

Addresses will be delivered and Ward Committees appointed.

JAS. MARSHALL, Sec. L.R.C.

Oct 29, 1875.

To Let,

A NEW BRICK HOUSE on Regent Street. Apply to John McMahon, Builder.

Oct 25, 1875.

TO RENT,

A NICE comfortable two storey Brick House. Apply at the BRITISH WHIG OFFICE, or J. BROKENSHIRE.

Oct 27, 1875.

BUY THE BEST

COOK STOVES

For Wood or Coal.

THE LATEST BASE BURNER,

Which burns its own Gas. You can see it in working order at

GEO. CLIFF'S

New Tin and Stove Shop,

CLARENCE STREET.

All orders in the Tin and Jobbing line promptly attended to. LAMPS, BURNERS AN COAL OIL.

AT GEO. CLIFF'S.

Oct 14, 1875.

Business College.

ONTARIO BUSINESS COLLEGE,

BELLEVILLE, ONT.,

HAS ample accommodation for 250 Students, makes a speciality of Book-keeping as applied to every department of business, Arithmetic, Penmanship, Business Forms, Correspondence, Grammar, Spelling and other subjects required in transacting the business of every day life.

First prizes in both plain and ornamental Penmanship at the Provincial Exhibition.

College Journal and specimens of writing sent to any address.

S. G. BEATTY & CO., Belleville, Ont.

Oct 8, 1875.

Boarding.

NINE OR TEN GENTLEMEN Boarders can be accommodated with good Board at the large Stone House, corner of William and Wellington streets.

Oct 19, 1875.

Cape Vincent, Garden Island Wolfe Island and Gananoque

STEAMBOAT ROUTES, '75.

THE STEAMERS

Maud, Pierrepont and Geneva.

ONE of the above Steamers will leave Kingston for Cape Vincent at 6.30 a.m. and 2.15 p.m., connecting with Rome and Watertown Railroad, Oswego Railroad, Northern Syracuse Railroad and New York Central Railroad. Also with steamer *Frontenac* for Clayton and Alexandria Bay. Pullman cars from Cape Vincent, for East and West.

RETURNING, on the arrival of trains at 10 a.m. and 5 p.m., making close connection with Grand Trunk Railroad, Royal Mail Line, Bay of Quinte and Rideau Canal steamers at Kingston.

FOR GANANOQUE daily, at 3 p.m., (Sunday and Monday excepted)

Leaving Gananoque daily at 7 a.m., (Sunday and Monday excepted) calling at Howe Island both ways.

Leave for Wolfe & Garden Islands

Daily at 8.30 o'clock a.m., 11.30 o'clock a.m. and 3.00 p.m.

Returning at 9.15 o'clock a.m., and 4 p.m., and Saturday an extra trip at 8 a.m.,

SUNDAY:

9.30 o'clock a.m., 11:30 a.m., and 1.15 p.m

Returning, 10 o'clock a.m., 12:30