The Daily British Whig.

"Optier per Orbum Dicor."

SATURDAY MORNING, DEC. 8, 1855.

Items of News, by the "America."

At the Crimea both the Allies and Russians were under cover, the former still expecting an attack from the Russians.

The contemplated bombardment of the north side of Sebastopol is to permit the allied fleet to winter in the harbor.

Marioupol, a town on the north coast of the Sea of Azoff was bombarded by the allies on the 13th of October. A portion of the town had been fired, when all the Austrian merchants hoisted the Austrian flag over their warehouses, and the firing was discontinued.

It was rumored that General Wrangel menaces the allied position at the Straits of Yenikale.

The allies had 30,000 men there, and were expecting large reinforcements.

A large allied force had embarked at Eupatoria, and sailed westward.

Nothing later from Kars. Omar Pasha's vanguard had reached Ikuni.

Admiral Dundas remained with a portion of the fleet at Kiel.

The allied steamers are watching for an American clipper, supposed to be in the Baltic, with a cargo of revolvers.

The Rumor that Russia is disposed to make the first advance towards peace, is considered unfounded. It is confidently reported, however, that the envoy to St. Petersburgh visited the Czar at Nicholaieff wit the view of inducing him to recognize certain conditions of peace, and that the Czar listened favorably.

When the Prussian cabinet made known the views of the Czar to the Western Powers, the latter deemed them sufficient; but as Russia and Prussia are still in communication on the subject, and as the court of Berlin is making the greatest efforts to induce the Czar to come to terms, the continuation of negotiations offered some chance of peace.

The destruction of grain on the Chrskiernan was effected by an allied flotilla sent for the purpose. The grain was intended for the Crimean army, and was packed in six tiers, which extended two miles along the coast.

The Czar has dismissed Prince Menschikoff, made chief of the staff, and appointed General Adlenburg in his stead.

Advices from Kars state that General Mouravieff, overcome by his defeat before Kars, has become insane, and General Bubusoff had been summoned to assume the command.

The bark Isabella, from Smyrna, for Boston, was wrecked near Cape Spartel about November 9th. The master and crew had arrived at Tangiers.

Three magazines belonging to the French army, had blown up near Inkermann, killing seventy soldiers and two officers, and wounding three hundred soldiers and ten officers. The magazine contained 40,000 kilogrammes of powder, 300,000 cartridges, and 300 charged shells, all of which were destroyed.

A large quantity of Russian grain had been destroyed on the Chrskiernan coast. A terrible fire had occurred in the government bakery. Twenty-eight thousand quintals of corn, and an equal quantity of flour and biscuit were burned.

Letters from Constantinople describe a bad state of affairs there. Numerous outrages had taken place in the open streets. In consequence of the fanaticism and ill-feeling against christians, the allied commanders have called upon the Turkish Government to prevent further outrages, under the threat of taking the police regulations of the city into their own hands.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 12th.—At last accounts from Asia, Omar Pacha was expecting a battle, having detached a division of his army, which was making forced marches for Kutais.

Mr. Labouchere has been appointed Secretary for the Colonies.

Four thousand three hundred Manchester operatives are on a strike, but as yet behave peaceably.

Sir Colin Campbell returns to the Crimea at the end of his leave of absence.

The King of Sardinia met with a favorable reception at Paris. The Pope's Nuncio left the city the same day in order to avoid meeting him.

On dit, that the Emperor has invited the Pope to baptize his expectant child.

All the French gun boats and mortar-vessels are to winter at Cherbourg.

The Czar arrived at St. Petersburgh on the 5th.

St. Petersburg letters state that it is believed that after the increased facilities for transport, great quantities of linseed will be sent overland, and that the general exports of December will be sufficient to effect a fall in the rate of exchange.

Great quantities of sulphur, saltpetre, and other contraband articles continue to be sent over the frontier from Memel.

King Otho opened parliament on the 12th. He promised to preserve neutrality.

Telegraphs from London on Saturday stated that Lord Palmerston was positively determined on the immediate dissolution of Parliament, and the calling of a new one in February.

Reinforcements of troops have been sent to Saragossa, where disturbances are apprehended.

The Spanish government reported unanimously in favor of joining the alliance, but the declaration is deferred.

The Sound Dues Convention opens at Copenhagen on the 20th November. Russia is the only power that sends a special Envoy. Other Governments accredited their Ambassadors.

COPENHAGEN, Friday.—Canrobert was expected the following day, to remain during the next week.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

The Liverpool Cotton market was dull, and a general decline had taken place upon the quotations advised per the Atlantic, reaching in some cases to 3-8d per lb.

In Breadstuffs a limited business had been transacted, and prices had undergone a slight decline, say to the extent of 2d on wheat, and 6d each on flour and corn.

In provisions no change of moment had occurred, and the market closed steady.

In the London money market there was continued stringency, but notwithstanding this drawback, the closing quotations for consols were 88¼ a 88 7-8—an advance of nearly one per cent upon the rates current at the departure of the last steamer.

Movements of the Armies at Sebastopol,

THE EXPECTED ATTACK ON THE ALLIED LINES.

[Camp (Nov. 3) Correspondence of the London Times.]

Yesterday afternoon a younker, or cadet, who, according to his own account, as for some slight offence taken from his regiment, and attached, as a punishment, to the Cossacks, came over to us, and, and other valuable information, brought the news men, had received orders, and was preparing to attack our lines, especially our right, from Tchorgoun to the extreme right, on the 6th or 7th of this month; orders to evacuate the Crimea, and to take up its position at Kherson and Nicholaieff. According to the accounts of the younker, who seems to be marvellously well informed of everything, the preparations for this retreat are already made. The heavy position guns which were in the batteries on the Mackenzie heights have been removed, and replaced by others of lighter calibre. The heavy baggage has likewise gone.

So here we are, two months aft er the fall of Sebastopol, settling down for the winter under an apprehension of a Russian attack! The fact speaks for itself. A victorious army, which has driven out the enemy from the strongest position behind which soldiers ever fought—an army which is as numerous, if not more so, than when it gained this victory is reduced to defend itself against the vanquished army. The attack may take place or not, but the circumstance that an idea of it, although very improbable, is not impossible, is nearly as significant as if the attack had actually taken place; it is the judgment on our "operations," during the last two months. We have left the enemy time to recover from the effects of their rout, and two months of undisturbed rest is quite sufficient for a Russian army to repair any breakage in the perfect machinery of their military discipline. They have as well as we ourselves been relieved from the harrassing trench work, which imposed upon them such sacrifices, and, not being pressed from any side, there is nothing to prevent them from making an attack, if this should enter into their plan of operations. It seems much more difficult to understand why they should forsake their advantageous defensive position, and risk everything on the slight chances of a successful attack. It is a well known fact in Russian military history that her success in arms has always been owing to the perseverance and tenacity with which she fired out her adversaries rather than to any brilliant acts of daring; and whenever she attempted any of the latter she nearly always failed. She gains her point by the weakness of her opponents, and not by her own strength. The present war confirms this fully. On the Danube she kept the whole Turkish army at bay with a considerably inferior force; but when she tried the offensive by besieging Silistria her armies were unable to overcome a handful of Arabs and Arnout Irregulars. In the Crimea the Russian army, notwithstanding its repeated efforts, could never gain back an inch of ground which it had once lost. Even recent events in Asia prove the same. As long as the Russian army was satisfied with investing Kars the place seemed lost, and one may say it has been relieved by the Russian attack. It would be wonderful if the Russian generals, who have formed the military system of the empire, were not aware of its strength and weakness; and if, instead of profiting by our faults, they should think of commiting themselves to one which may be fatal to them, they must have entirely forgotten the maxim of Peter the Great, who, after the disastrous battle of Narva, consoled himself with the idea that it would be the faults of the Swedes which would teach him how to win—an idea fully realized by the battle of Pultowa.

Besides this, the source from which the information about an impending attack comes seems to be suspicious. The younker, as I have said, is marvelously well informed about everything which the Russians intend to do; this is the more surprising as he formed part of the most advanced Cossack posts, who can know less about the movements of the army than the little the troops in the rear may gather from what they see. If one adds to this the slight cause which he gives for his desertion—namely, his punishment to serve for a time with the Cossacks, in consequence of a love affair—one cannot help doubting the the information which he brought.

The Leader and the British Whig.

At the time of yesterday's remarks on the conduct of the Leader, we had not seen that the Globe had taken up the cudgels in defense of that unfortunate paragraph. The Globe's article we append. It is possible that some Head of Department may have directed the Leader to do the dirty work it has done, and yet it is difficult to believe that any man professing to be a gentleman could be guilty of such baseness.

"The last Leader vents as much revengeful ire on the Kingston Whig, as he thought would not be observed to be revenge, and at the same time advances a new doctrine in justification of the present "Heads of Departments" neglect of business, because they may be asked for employment by or for some one. Strange reasoning indeed. A merchant may not go to his store and neglect his business, because some friend may call upon him that he would as soon would stop away, or other disagreeable "little trifles" may come in his way; but the Leader here knew well such arrant nonsense would not pass, consequently he nearly gives "the lie" to the Whig, who had said that 12 o'clock appeared to be the hour when the "heads" make their appearance. Now if the least consolation can come out of it, the Whig's statement may be said to be "under the mark," as days even pass nearly away, and some of these "Heads" cannot be seen; in short they, as far as business is concerned, are *sleepy heads*. The writer of this has every reason to believe that that self-same article of the Leader was, if not dictated by one of those "Heads of Departments," at least directed; but neither the Leader nor his employers can long keep the general voice still on these matters. One man or two may take it quietly, while loafing in the passages, awaiting upon the waking up of those "sleepy Heads," but all men will not. A few may attend 5 days at the Public Offices to do 5 minutes' work, and bear it, but many will not. A number may call 15 or 20 times ere a "Head" can be seen, but all will not. Certainly it is no pleasant duty of any intelligent person fit for an Editor in one of our Canadian towns or cities, to fulfil the duty of letting the public know that their business is neglected. This it not really a political question. Of course, if the Leader dreads the effect upon the "Coalition," it cannot be helped. It's his friends, the "Cealated Heads," that are looked to.—Every intelligent member of society knows that the Ministry are responsible for attention to business of every one of the heads. We are an industrious people; we want industrious "rulers;" in short, we want our public departments open, and public business attended to from 10 to 4 o'clock, every dawful day. No "Head" is any office need bring up such a hopeless plea as the Leader in his issue urges, and be cleared. Public opinion in this country is not so low, and public men or "public prints" must not scar too high. In public business, as in private, we want attention and civility."

THE THEATRE—MR. LEFLER'S BENEFIT.

To-night, Mr. Lefler, the Manager of the Theatrical Company in town, takes his Benefit. Mr. Lefler is an exceeding good Comenian, and judging from our knowledge of him, is a very honest man. He has done his best to amuse the citizens of Kingston; he has brought here a large Company, which hitherto has paid its way. He now appeals to the liberality of Kingston, and upon their veto to-night will depend the proper appreciation of his services. The pieces played to-night, are "The Forest Rose," in which Mr. Lefler will take his favorite character of "Jonathan Ploughboy," the farce of "the Review," and to conclude with the Yankee farce, of the "Yankee Ticket Taker in London" Together, with two beautiful Dances by Miss Wright. The whole under the patronage of the Kingston Fire Brigade.

☞ Some scamp who has been reading Hiawatha, shoved the following, on the Shawl nuisance, through the keyhole last night:—

PSHAWLS.

After LONGFELLOW.

Brother Wadsworth Hiawatha!
Let me steal thy charming metre,
Metre fit for whopping Tom Cats
Four feet high to chaunt their loves in,
Though their dismal caterwaulings,
Caterwaulings of the Tom Cats,
Scarcely can be called good chaunting,
Scarcely can be called good singing.
Honor be to every Scotchman!
Scotchmen with their plaids and tartans,
With their fillabegs and tartans,
With their kilts and hose and tartans,
With their flowing plumes and tartans!
Honor be to every Scotchman!
But confusion worse confounded
Fall upon the shallow sconces,
Of the race of ninnyhammers,
Mocking birds and ninnyhammers,
Who would ape the valiant Scotchman—
Mocking birds who would be eagles.
Shame upon you, "bloods" and "fast men!"
Shame upon you for depriving
All your pretty friends and sisters
Of the shawls they need for Winter,
Winter of this northern region,
Region of thick ice and snow storms,
Where their furs can scarce protect them,
Scarce can save their ruddy noses
From being bleached by Jack Frost, snow-white—
Region where the Squaws wear blankets,
Where the Indians too wear blankets,
For the coldness of the Winter,
Of this biting northern region.
Must you shame your sex, you gamp-heads!
Laughing stocks be for the women,
By your shawl appropriations?—
Why, you're neither men nor women,
Can lay claim to neither gender,
With your soft appropriations,
Your hermaphreditish notions.
Let the women wear the breeches,
They've a right to wear the breeches,
In this biting northern region,
And their shawls, too, ninnyhammers!
Have you not your Pilot-cloth-coats,
Bear-skins, Cassimeres, and Sheep-skins,
Have you not your spotted Calf-skins,
For your recreant limbs, young lions?
Fox-tails, Muskrat-skins, and Deer skins,
From the great Canadian Forests,
From the Forests of the North Wind?—
If not, go right off to Tweddells,
They have Buffalo robes at Tweddells,
Go to Green's or to Chisachi's,
Or Clark Wright's, in Brock Street, boobies.
Leave your soft appropriations,
Leave your shawls, upon the door steps,
And do honor to your gender.
Dress yourselves like men, not women,
Birdlings! Hiawatha's Chickens!
Beardlings! Mother Carey's Chickens!
If you don't do something manly,
If you won't do something manly,
If you'll not be men but women,
I would say to the Fair Maidens
That you swindle of their wardrobe:
"Maidens of this northern climate,
Club together, seize the saplings,
Strip the shawls from off their shoulders,
And if they attempt resistance,
If they kick, or bite or scratch you,
Take them by the heels and souse them,
Souse them in the Cadaragua!"
Be it so, Oh! stalwart maidens!
Maidens of these northern regions.

IMPORTS.

December 5th.

Str. Napier, Cape Vincent—2 boxes, J. Stephenson; 2 casks rice, 1 barrel oil, 33 boxes herrings, W. Harty & Co; 15 barrels molasses, 1 dry barrel, 10 boxes tobacco, 2 boxes tea, 40 boxes herrings, 6 barrels syrup, D. Sullivan; 11 boxes tacks, Fraser & George; 2 melodeons, A. W. Murdoch; 4 bales bags, MacNee and Waddell; 6 baskets wine, H. A.; 40 packages, Express Company.

Propeller Oliver Cromwell, Chicago—11,731 bushels wheat, Walker & Berry.

EXPORTS.

December 6th.

Schr. J. Stuart, Oswego—126,000 foot pine lumber.

ARRIVALS AT THE BRITISH AMERICAN HOTEL.

Dec. 6th.—G Ferrin, Cape Vincent—G P King, Boston—G Furman, England—H Lodge, New York—M W Forward and Lady, Oswego—John Boyes, Amherst Island—J O Roe, Montreal—G H J Godard, St. Johns, N B—C H Bell, Perth—John Steel, Quebec—J Bull, Belleville—Mrs Haughton, three children and servant, Toronto—P J Charlson, Quebec—John Man, Montreal, A McFaul, Wellington—F W Alport, Belleville—H Labeele, Montreal—J Leduc, do.—A G McFaul and Lady, Syracuse—P W Hartigar, Quebec—J Rose, Montreal—H Waters, Chatham; H Pilgrim, Montreal—G Morton, Brockville—Mr Watt, Montreal—Robt Wight, Montreal—A Campbell, Napanee—Miss Campbell, do.—Mr Taylor, do.—C Doyle, New York, Mr & Mrs Brown, Philadelphia—H Sitslone, New Orleans—Mr and Mrs Littlefield, do—J Johnston, New York—J J Fralick, Picton—J D Shute, New York—Mrs Covell, Prescott—H Greensheelds, H Bull, J Bull, Belleville—F Hogue, Montreal—S Faufar, Barthier, C. E.

ARRIVALS AT IRONS' HOTEL.

Dec 4th & 5th.—G C Tremaine, Kingston; H Moffatt, Watertown; R W Ainsworth, Cape Vincent; G H Failing, Watertown; G Chaffey, Brockville; A G Gaton, Governeur; William McCullough, Brockville; J Moffatt, Newborough; M H Williams, Rednorsville; J Gorman, Belleville; M C Whitcomb, Napanee; H O Hitchcock, Wolfe Island; G Sole, New York; R M Esselstyne, Clayton; H C Benedict, Oswego; E Brady, Consecon; C F Staples, Watertown; E Brown, Oswego; H L Swift, Syracuse; P D Gross, Syracuse; R Gordon, Belleville; J McGill Chambers, Adolphustown; J Nelson, Brighton; A B Dunning, Peterboro'; H Huff, Picton; Revd. G A Anderson, Tyendinaga; Revd R G Cox, Wellington; E Chaffey, Toronto; Wm Prendergast, Montreal; J W Switzer, Montreal; J D Minto, Montreal; C Casselman, Williamsburgh; J Tait, Montreal; A Metcalf, Seneca Falls; T Livingston, Brockville; H D Smith, Merricksville; C J Curlett, Adolphustown; D McWhirter, Adolphustown; H Allison, Adolphustown; A Devonshire, Lancaster; W Lansley and family, Montreal; A Cameron, Brockville.

KINGSTON MARKETS.

Friday, Dec. 7.

	s.	d.		s.	d.
Flour ℔ cwt	15	0	to	17	6
Wheat ℔ bush.	0	7	6	0	8
Oats ℔ bushel	0	2	0	0	0
Rye	0	5	3	0	5
Barley	0	3	3	0	5
Peas ℔ bushel	0	4	0	0	0
Indian Corn do.	0	4	0	0	0
Indian Meal	0	12	6	0	13
Oatmeal	1	1	3	1	3
Potatoes do.	0	2	0	0	2
Turnips do.	0	2	0	0	2
Carrots and Beets do.	0	0	0	0	0
Onions do.	0	3	6	0	4
Butter ℔ lb.	0	1	0	0	1
Beef ℔ cwt.	1	2	6	1	5
Pork do.	1	15	0	2	0
Beef ℔ lb.	0	0	5	0	0
Pork ℔ do.	0	0	6	0	0
Ham and Bacon ℔ lb.	0	0	7½	0	0
Mutton ℔ lb.	0	0	3	0	0
Lamb ℔ lb.	0	0	3	0	0
Veal ℔ lb.	0	0	3	0	0
Cheese ℔ lb.	0	0	6	0	0
Eggs ℔ doz.	0	0	10	0	1
Turkeys each	0	2	6	0	5
Geese each	0	1	9	0	2
Fowls ℔ pair	0	2	0	0	2
Ducks ℔ do.	0	2	0	0	2
Apples ℔ bushel	0	1	6	0	2
Fresh Salmon each	0	1	3	0	2
Hay ℔ ton	2	10	0	3	0
Straw do.	0	0	0	1	2
Timothy seed ℔ bushel	8	9	0	10	0
Clover Seed per bushel	0	0	0	0	0
Wood ℔ Cord	0	6	0	0	0
Pot Ash ℔ cwt.	0	0	0	0	0
Hides ℔ cwt.	1	7	6	1	10
Sheep Pelts each	0	2	6	0	0

DR. ROGERS' SYRUP OF LIVERWORTH, TAR, AND CANDY ALAGUA.—This unrivalled Expectorant, prepared without the use of Opium, is daily effecting the most remarkable cures of Bronchitis, Influenza, and other forms of Lung Diseases. It is prompt in its action, always safe, and may be given with perfect confidence to the youngest child or the most delicate female. It is for sale by Druggists everywhere. 287

☞ **Brilliant Discoveries**—Dr. James McClintock's Whooping Cough Remedy and his Diarrhea Cordial can be very truly termed family guardians. Whooping Cough, Croup, and also Diarrhea, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, and Summer Complaints at once yield to the powerful neutralizing properties of these great antidotes. They are tried prescriptions, culled from an immense and successful practice by the founder of Philadelphia College of Medicine.—Sold by E. W. Palmer, and E. H. Parker, Kingston. 287

☞ **The Brightest Gems of Life** are Good Health and Buoyant Spirits; but, in case of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, and their train of ills, Dr. James McClintock's Dyspeptic Elixir gives immediate relief, creates an appetite, and assists digestion. His Alterative Syrup is the Great Constitutional Remedy for Purifying the Blood, Eradicating Pimples, Blotches, Scrofula and all kinds of Taint from the System, and producing a healthy and blooming appearance.—Sold by E. W. Palmer, and E. H. Parker, Kingston. 287

☞ **The Sudden and Tremendous** Variations of temperature in this climate, are the frightful source of Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis, Consumption, and every variety of pulmonary disease. For all ordinary affections of the Throat or Lungs, Dr James McClintock's Cold and Cough Mixture will be found an absolute specific; and if, through neglect of these precautions of more fatal complaints, the seeds of Consumption or Bronchitis should have been sown in the system, recourse may be had to Dr. James McClintock's Pectoral Syrup, with the fullest confidence in a speedy cure. Sold by E. W. Palmer, and E. H. Parker, Kingston. 287

☞ **A Vast Increase of Fever and Ague Cases** is reported from all quarters; but, fortunately, we have the strongest medical and popular testimony that Dr. James McClintock's Fever and Ague Specific, with his Anti-Bilious Pills as an auxiliary, has been found to master the worst cases of the disease. All accounts concur in stating that, where these medicines are persevered in, the Chills are not only broken, but the complaint permanently eradicated. Sold by E. W. Palmer, and E. H. Parker, Kingston. 287

The above Medicines prepared under the direction of Professor James McClintock, late President of the Philadelphia (United States) College of Medicine, &c. from the purest and freshest materials, are strongly recommended to the afflicted. They may be procured in Kingston, of E. W. Palmer, also of E. H. Parker & Co., who are the duly authorised agents for the City of Kingston. 263

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS, an unfailing Remedy for all disorders of the Chest and Lungs. Oliver Thompson, of Kingston, C. W., was certainly in a most deplorable state of health ten weeks ago; his lungs, so the doctors told him, were completely gone, his chest, and in fact his body generally, had scarcely an atom of flesh on it, so thin had he become. In addition to this, he had a cough which completely shook him to pieces (these are his own words); he has just informed Professor Holloway, that all these complaints have been removed by Holloway's Pills, after he had used them for seven weeks and two days, and he now feels better than ever he did in his life. These Pills will readily remove all diseases of the stomach and bowels. 287

LIVER COMPLAINT AND DYSPEPSIA.

THOMAS LATCHFORD says:—

Covington, Ohio, Dec. 27th, 1853.

"My wife has been affected with the Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia for a number of years during which time I have spent a great deal for doctoring, but she received very little benefit therefrom, and finally the doctors said she could not be cured. Last year she concluded to try Hoofland's German Bitters; she took two bottles, and ever since taking them she has been able to attend to her business. I have sold quite a number of bottles through her recommendation, and as far as I can learn, it has given satisfaction to all."

See Advertisement. 287

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age is Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

They don't help complaints, but they cure them.

One Box has cured the Dyspepsia.

Three Boxes have cured the worst cases of Scrofula.

Two Boxes have cured Erysipelas.

One Box always cures the Jaundice.

Three Boxes are sure to cleanse the system from Boils—often less than one does it.

Two Boxes cure the worst of Ulcers on the leg.

Small doses seldom fail to cure the Piles.

One dose cures the headache arising from a foul stomach.

Strong doses often repeated expell every worm from the body. They should be given to children, who are always more or less afflicted with this scourge.

As a gentle Physician they have no equal.

One Box cures derangement of the Liver.

Half a Box cures a Cold.

They purify the blood, and thus stake at the foundation of every disease.

As a Dinner Pill there is not their equal in the world.

They are purely vegetable, and can do no harm, but do accomplish an unaccountable amount of good.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Ms. and sold by every respectable Druggist in Canada and the United States.

Sold by E. W. Palmer, E. H. Parker, and all Druggists in Kingston and vicinity. 287-2m

Theatre Royal!!

CITY HALL.

Managers.....M. M LEFLER & CO.
Musical Director.....G. O'HARRA.

Benefit of Mr. Lefler.

Under the Patronage of the Fire Department.

One Member of each Company will appear on the Stage in the Last Play

This Evening, Saturday, Dec. 8th, will be Performed the

Forest Rose.

Fireman's Song.....Mr. Lefler.
Firemen's Address.....Mrs. Lefler.

MISS JULIA WRIGHT in Two Favorite Dances.

After which

The Review,

To conclude with the *YANKEE TICKET TAKER.* In which the Firemen will appear.

Doors open at 7½ o'clock. Performance to commence at 8 precisely.

☞ Front or Reserved Seats 2s. 6d. Back Seats 1s. 3d.

Kingston, Dec. 8th, 1855. 286

Deluge Company No. 1.

AT a Meeting of the Deluge Company, held on Wednesday Evening, the following Communication was read from Mr. Walker:—

To the Officers and Members of the Deluge Company No. 1.

MY DEAR SIRS,—

Allow me to tender my resignation as a Fireman and a Member of your good old Company, No. 1.

Having been now a Fireman for over twenty years, and during that time belonging to the same Company, I feel obliged by increasing years, to retire from the active and laborious duties of a Fireman, and spend the remainder of my life in humble occupation.

Allow me to thank you for the many times you have placed me in offices of trust and responsibility, and feel assured that although I am compelled to leave you, it is with feelings of sorrow and regret.

I remain, yours truly,

JOHN WALKER.

Kingston, Dec. 4th, 1855.

When it was Resolved that the following Card be presented to Mr. Walker, and inserted in the three City papers:—

MR. WALKER,

Dear Sir,—Your Resignation was received last evening, with universal regret; not only for the length of time you have served among us, and your untiring exertions for the last twenty years, to promote the welfare of the Company, but for the personal respect and esteem we entertain for you, induces us to hope you will consent to remain as an Honorary Member.

Signed, on behalf of No 1 Company,

MARK GOODBODY, Secretary.

Kingston, 6th Dec., 1855. 289

EXTENSINE AUCTION SALE OF

Fresh Teas, Sugars, Tobaccos, Buffalo Robes, Fish, Fruits, &c., &c. &c.,

ON WEDNESDAY, 12th December, 1855, at the Stores of MATTHEW ROURK, Princess Street, when will be offered to the Trade an assortment of FRESH GROCERIES.

Terms of Credit liberal.

Sale at One o'clock.

BAKER & McMILLAN, Auctioneers.

Kingston, Dec. 8th, 1855. 289

LOTTERY!!

ALL PRIZES!!!

Will be Drawn on the 20th December, 1855,

300 DOLLARS WORTH

Of Useful and Fancy Articles, suitable for Christmas Presents, comprising 26 splendid

OIL PAINTINGS,

In rich Gilt Frames, 100 Meerschaum Pipes and Portmonnaias, Fancy Segar Cases, Gent's Walking Sticks, and other useful articles.

TICKETS ONE DOLLAR EACH!

1	Prize of $20		$ 20
20	" of 6		120
4	" of 4		16
100	" of 1		100
175	" of 0,20c. or one shilling		35
300			300

The Lots to be drawn under the Superintendance of a Committee appointed by the Ticket Holders, at Mr. W. H. McGrath's Saloon, Princess Street, on the evening of the 20th December.

☞ That the articles put up have not been overvalued, may be ascertained on examination, and further particulars by application to

S. P. WHITE, Tabacconist, King Street,
W. ROUTLEY, Princess Street,
W. H. McGRATH, Ottawa Saloon, Princess St.

Kingston, Dec. 7th, 1855. 289

KINGSTON, PITTSBURGH AND GANANOQUE JOINT STOCK ROAD COMPANY.

NOTICE.

A MEETING of the Stockholders of the above Company, will be held at the Village of Barriefield, in the Township of Pittsburgh, on Monday the 10th day of December next, at Two o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing five Directors, pursuant to law and according to the provisions of a By-Law in that behalf.

☞ The above Meeting will be held at MR. BEGGS' INN, Barriefield.

JAMES AGNEW, Secretary.

K. P. & G. J. S. Rd. Co.

Kingston, Nov. 16th, 1855. 271

R. R. R.

Life and Death.

THE

Mysteries of Disease laid open to the People.

Health is the Principle of Life: Disease is the Principle of Death.

THE R. R. R. Remedies possess the great power to secure to the Human System Health and Long Life, and to free the Human Family from Pains, Aches, and all Bodily Infirmities.

The art of preserving Health and the method of curing disease by the R. R. R.'s.

Radway's Ready Relief is to be used in all cases where there is pain. The moment it is applied externally, or taken internally, it will allay the most torturing aches, pains, cramps, spasms, burns, scalds, &c., quicker than Morphine, Chloroform, Veratrine, or any other anodyne or remedy that has ever been used by medical men.

It is safer than these dangerous remedies.—The public will bear in mind that Chloroform, Morphine, Opium, &c., only stifle the pain by stupifying the senses, so that the perceptive faculties lose the power of feeling, and that after the influence of these narcotics have passed from the system—the pain again breaks forth with its terrible pangs, with renewed violence.

Radway's Ready Relief stops the pain and removes the cause of the disease that occasions it; it infuses new life into the weak and diseased parts. It braces up the nerves, and establishes in the system a reaction of health and strength in place of pain, weakness and disease.

As a counter irritant, Radway's Ready Relief applied to the surface of the body, where there is inflammation or congestion, it will instantly scatter the congested blood, equalizes the circulation, and in a few minutes the most excruciating pains are removed. This may be seen in cases of Lumbago, Gout, and Rheumatism, in their most terrible forms, where an application of Radway's Ready Relief will restore the patient to ease and comfort.

Cripled with Rheumatism, Arm and Leg perished—No hopes of his recovery—Timely use of R. R. R.—A wonderful Cure.

LETTER FROM ISAAC HUDDLESTONE.

Rapids Parish, La., June 10th, 1855.

Messrs Radway and Co.—Radway's Ready Relief has cured Peter May of Rheumatism when there was no hope of his ever recovering. I heard of his situation and I sent for him.—His right arm and leg were all perished. He had no use of them at all; but to the use of your medicine, in two months he was carrying the mail from Cherryville to Burr's Ferry. I objected. He said he must do something for a living. It has been fourteen months since he was cured. He is now well, and is working on his farm, and the whole cost of his cure for your medicine was five dollars.

ISAAC HUDDLESTONE.

RADWAY'S REGULATORS.

We here direct the attention of the public to our newly discovered remedy—Radway's Regulators; they possess the great curative properties of a Purgative, cathartic, aperient, audorific, anti-dyspeptic, corrector and Regulator of the system. They are in fact the only perfect purgative or cathartic remedy that has ever been discovered or given to the world.

Radway's Regulators will answer a better purpose than Calomel or Mercury, without entailing on the system the terrible injuries of these baneful drugs.

They are in the form of Pills, elegantly coated with gum, perfectly tasteless, and can be taken without sickening or nauseating the patient. They are to be used in all cases when the system is out of order, or under the influence of disease. One or two doses of Radway's Regulators has frequently checked the progress of the most terrible diseases, and restored the system to health and regularity.

They establish new and improved principles in medicine, and secure the great and important power of regulating to a healthy, natural and harmonious action, each and every organ in the body. This great controlling power has never formed any part of the popular Cathartic, Vegetable or Indian Purgative Pills, that have ever been in use.

Radway's Regulators rid the system from disease and restore the human body to health, on an entirely different principle to the weakening, sickening and griping method of the common cathartic and purgative pills.

One or two of Radway's Regulators will remove the cause that occasions pain or sickness, or any irregular or unnatural action or condition of the organs of the body, quicker, more effectual, and with less trouble to the patient than six or ten of the common cathartic or purgative pills. The moment Radway's Regulators are taken into the system afflicted with disease, their equalizing efficacy begins; they search out the element of disease wherever it may be seated, they act upon the whole surface of the intestines and bowels, attracting the foul and morbid humors from the blood, glands, secreting vessels, and expelling these seeds of disease from the body, restoring a healthy and regular action to the Liver, Bowels, Pancreas, Heart, Kidneys, Bladder, Skin, and all other Viscera.

THE BOWELS.

All of the common pills of the day, called Vegetable Indian, Cathartic, &c., claim that they cure disease by purging from the bowels. This is as far as they go—they act upon the bowels by irritating the mucous membrane, and thus obtain an evacuation in the same manner as the bowels are moved by eating something that disagrees with the system. This is truly an unnatural method of restoring the system to health by swallowing pills that disagrees with and irritates it. Those who have taken these common pills are well aware of the weak and debilitated condition their systems are left in. After the scouring operation of these drastic purgatives is over, the bowels are sore and feeble, and again become costive and bound up. Hence arise dyspepsia and a host of diseases—Radway's Regulators never leave the bowels in a costive condition, or occasion pain or weariness in their operation.

NO. I.

Diseases and complaints caused by Exposure and Atmospherical Changes, over which Radway's Ready Relief and Radway's Regulators possess the most remarkable curative powers, and which will readily yield to the R. R. treatment.

COLDS AND FEVERS.

When the system is first seized with a sudden cold, or a fever sets in. A dose of from three to six of Radway's Regulators should be taken—this is all the medicine, at this stage of the disease, that is required, in a few hours the system will be restored to sound health. But if the cold and fever is neglected and coughs, headaches, colds, chills, pains and aches in the limbs, joints, muscles, bones, side and back, sore throat, hoarseness, difficult breathing, follows the cold and fever—then Radway's Ready Relief should be applied externally, and a good dose of the Regulators taken. As soon as the Relief is applied a reaction will take place, and in a few hours the patient will be free from all pain or annoyance.

If these signs of the presence of disease in the system are unnoticed, and violent fevers break out in the form of Bilious, Typhoid, Scarlet, Ship Fever and other malignant fevers, such as Pneumonia, Lung Fever and Brain Fever, a more rigid treatment becomes necessary. The Regulators should be given every four hours, in large doses of from four to six, until free and copious discharges from the bowels are obtained. The relief applied will produce a salutary effect upon the skin, and, taken in water, will abate the fever.

If inflammations or congestions take place, Radway's Regulators and Ready Relief should be taken in large doses. A cure will quickly follow their use. In cases of Biliousness or Malignant Bilious Fever, or Bilious Pneumonia, Radway's Regulators, given in full doses, and the whole surface of the body bathed with Radway's Ready Relief, will effectually and speedily cure the patient.

IF RHEUMATI M

Attacking the joints and limbs, terrible piercing pangs of pain wi rapidity—changing about from jo and from limb to limb to limb, Lum ralgia, or Gout afflicts you, Rad Relief applied to the parts where feit, will quickly relieve you from it ating pangs. Radway's Regulators tually and speedily cure the patient.

SMALL POX—SCARLET FEVER—ne Radway's Ready Relief is not o for these infectious maladies, but w those who use the Relief and Re gainst the infection.

We have known the R. R. R. rid wh borhoods of the infection of Small Scarlet Fever. We have likewise in masters who have saved the lives of t and passengers, and entirely driven Small Pox and Ship Fever from the by sprinkling the Ready Relief thro infected ships. It is astonishing wh effects the Ready Relief will have sprinkled in places where these conta infectious poisons prevail.

We will guarrantee that if those wh suffering with fever and ague, or its will place their systems under the infl of Radway's Ready Relief and Regul cure them entirely of this distressing and to free them from the fever of ag now lingering in their systems, and to their bodies ague proof against rene tacks.

Those now suffering from Enlargem the Spleen, Engorgements of the Live other organic enlargements are promised deliverance from their miseries by the lief and Regulators.

We now direct the attention of the pub our second great discovery for the cu chronic disease.

NO. II.

R. R. RESOLVENT.

Humors—Chronic Diseases.

Diseases that have been lingering in the tem for a length of time, tainting the with impurities and covering the body sores and ulcers; diseases inherited by he tary descent, or contracted by inoculation transmitted by other diseases; over all of w said diseases and disorders in this second cl

RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT

Possesses the most positive curative pow

THIS ALL POWERFUL REMEDY

Has performed miracles in the way of cu It has made persons sound and whole, wh flesh was one mass of corruption, and were so disfigured by disease as to render th objects repulsive to the sight.

HUMORS—BAD BLOOD.

Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous and Syphil Complaints, Consumption, and other affecti of the Lungs and Throat, Indurations and ganic Enlargements, Chronic Rheuma Glandular Swellings, Hacking Dry Cou Cancerous Affections, Bleeding of the Lung Dyspepsia, Water Brash, Tic Doloreux, Whi Swelling, Tumors, Ulcers, Slip Diseases, F male Complaints, Gout, Rickets, Bronchit Liver Complaint,

AND ALL ERUPTIVE DISEASES.

The moment a dose of the Resolvent is take into the system infected with disease, the pa ti nt experiences the most delight