Contract Advertisers will please bear in mind the low rates charged for this class of Advertisements are conditional on pre-payment. When not pre-paid, tariff price is charged. Cash is the only equivalent to Cheap Advertising.

G. T. R. TIME-TABLE.

Trains arrive and depart from the Kingston Station as follows:

EXPRESS TRAINS GOING WEST.

Arrive at.....6:15 p.m. and 4:00 a.m.
Departat.....6:15 p.m. and 4:05 a.m.
Local Train arrives at 10:00 p.m.; depart at 1:00 a.m.

EXPRESS TRAINS GOING EAST.

Arrival.....1:30 p.m. and 3:00 a.m.
Departat.....1:30 p.m. and 3:05 a.m.
Local Train arrives at 2:40 a.m.; depart at 6:15 a.m.

New Advertisements This Day.

A Card—W. Newman, Barrie Street.
Fifth Week—MacNee & Waddell.
Odd Fellows—Baltimore Humanity—S. A. Cohn, Deputizer.
Fancy Goods, Toys, &c.—J. J. Linton, Auctioneer.

THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

The Daily British Whig.

"Optlor per Orbem Dicere."

FRIDAY MORNING, DEC. 10, 1869.

Public Business at Toronto is progressing favorably. As the Members of the House of Assembly are now assured of their $450, they are determined to lose no more time in talking, but are hard at work in passing the measures now before them. We might prognosticate a very early rising of Parliament were we assured that no more Public Bills would be brought in; but fresh ones are introduced daily, and the Session in all likelihood will not end Christmas.

News.

The revolutionary army now holds possession of the whole of northern Hayti.

In St. Thomas great excitement prevails on account of the scheme for annexing St. Domingo to the United States.

The German cable is already a failure on account of "the pitiable financial condition of the French cable."

The yachts Cambria and Fauvelle were the first boats to pass through the Suez canal after it was opened to commerce.

An English company is being formed to complete the telegraph communication between England and China by way of India, and extend it to Australia by means of submarine cables.

Austria demands the consent of the European powers to cross the Turkish territory, that she may reach Dalmatia by land and extinguish the rebellion.

The Czar has granted a concession for the formation of a company to lay a submarine telegraph cable from the coast of Asiatic Russia, to establish telegraphic communication with China and Japan.

At Paris an extraordinary meeting of the Council of State was held, at the close of which all the ministers tendered their resignations to the Emperor.

A hitch has occurred in the organization of the Episcopal Synod in Ireland. The bishops wish to sit by themselves, and vote as a separate order, but the lay-delegates insist that they shall sit and vote with the clergy, as one "order."

Later.

A Congress of Deists has assembled in Naples.

Shallow iron steamers are being built on the Tyne for the Suez Canal.

Discoveries of gold in considerable quantities have been made in Nicaragua.

Hon. Mr. Langevin and Hon. Mr. Aikens have been sworn into their respective offices.

Grand Vicar Thibault and Col. De Salaberry have left Ottawa on a mission to Red River.

Mr. Ashbury, the English yachtman, has been sounding the Suez Canal, and is of opinion that no vessel drawing more than 19 feet can pass through with safety.

The arbitrators on the McGreevy case have decided upon the amount they will award. The exact sum has not transpired, but, it is believed, it will not exceed $30,000.

The Blackfeet Indians in Montana Territory are said to be committing terrible outrages, and serious troubles with the Sioux are reported from Wyoming.

A large Fenian amnesty meeting was held at Dundee. The usual speeches and resolutions were adopted. Everything passed off quietly.

It is again reported that the Austrian Government has clear and overwhelming proof of the participation of Prussia in the recent Dalmation insurrection.

The appointment of the Rev. Dr. Temple as bishop of Exeter has been confirmed, notwithstanding the protests and arguments against it.

The Prince of Montenegro has protested against the intention of Austria to occupy his territory with troops. The Prussian government sustains Montenegro

The remains of Mr. Peabody will be removed from Westminster Abbey to her Majesty's ship Monarch to-day. The str. will sail on Sunday. The United States steamer Plymouth will not accompany the remains, but will return to the Mediterranean.

The Government of France has proposed to the English Ministry to make some modifications in the Treaty of Commerce existing between the two countries. The proposal, however, has been declined.

It is stated that the Hudson Bay Company's agent at Montreal, D. A. Smith, has been ordered by the Company by cable to go to Fort Garry to help Governor McTavish in arranging matters there, in consequence of the serious illness of the latter.

A soldier was recently gagged whilst under arrest in the guard house at Halifax. The unfortunate man died; and at the inquest the most brutal treatment was proved against the Sergeant, Corporal and two privates of the guard, and they were finally committed to take their trial for manslaughter.

Suicide.

AN AWFUL LEAP.

Clifton, Dec. 8.

A man named James S. Pierce, an old resident of Suspension Bridge, N. Y., jumped off the Suspension Bridge into the rapids about 2 p.m. to-day. Intemperance and pecuniary embarrassments are the supposed cause of the suicide. He leaves a wife and three children.

Notes.

The London Times considers it a rather remarkable fact that at this moment three distinct appeals for the re-union of Christendom should be made from such distinct and even opposite sources as the Pope, the Patriarch of Constantinople, and the evangelical preacher, Merle d'Aubinge. The Pope prays for it in his letter to Archbishop Manning; the Greek Patriarch, while quietly informing the Archbishop of Canterbury that his theologians consider the XXXIX articles heretical, prays with equal earnestness for it; and, finally, the lesser light but still a power in the Genevan Israel—Dr. Merle d'Aubinge, not satisfied with his own prayers, invites all the evangelical churches to unite in prayer for the purpose.

The Viceroy, in order to gratify the Empress of the French, amongst other diversions, exhibited to her the feasts and pageantry of an Egyptian marriage. In that land the Viceroy is all-powerful and what he wills must be executed. One of the courtiers was selected to perform the chief part in the ceremony. And directions were given to find him a wife, a dowry, and every other requisite, including a violent attachment to his spouse. It would be a great relief if Eugenie would make a tour to other lands where bachelors who ought to marry swarm, and exercise her influence on the matrimonial market.

The British Colonies in Southern Africa have not been very fortunate in their Episcopal guardians. They have had Colenso, and now they have Bishop Tweedale. The charge made against this person is one which cannot be mentioned in these columns at least, and the official papers which will have to publish it need not be envied the "privilege." Bishop Tweedale has resigned his see into the hands of the Metropolitan, Dr. Gray, of Capetown. That gentleman very properly refuses to allow his resignation; for "had I accepted the bishop's resignation he would have quitted his diocese an innocent man, so far as any public act of the church was concerned." He therefore summoned him to answer, before the bishops of the province, the charges made against him.

RED RIVER.

The Insurgents Deserting.

St. Paul, Minn., Dec. 7.

A gentleman in the employ of the Hudson Bay Company, who has arrived here, publishes a statement that the reports regarding the course of the Hudson Bay authorities in the Red River troubles are false. On the contrary, they protested very strongly against the course of Real and others, and have repeatedly tried to impress upon the insurgents the advisability of withdrawing. It is difficult to ascertain reliably the number of men under arms; but, many of them have returned to their usual occupations during the past month.

FROM PEMBINA.

A correspondent at Pembina writes:

The twelve additional delegates called for by the Secretary (Riel) from the several parishes, to meet those previously organized on the 16th, responded to the call, but with the exception of two from the town of Winnipeg, are, it is stated, unfavorable to the views and actions of the insurgents. Governor McTavish's proclamation was handed into the meeting, and two hours spent in discussing it should be received and read. Finally the document was read, to the great dismay of the Riel party, and the meeting, at the request of the delegates, was adjourned until the 17th, to give the French party an opportunity of making known their policy. That day was also occupied in discussion, without any new light being thrown on the real policy of the rebels, and a further adjournment took place until the 22nd. In the meantime, the English-speaking delegates will hold public meetings in their respective parishes, that the voice of the people may be heard. The result of the meeting on Monday is looked forward to with great interest by all parties concerned.

The insurgents still keep a small guard at the barricade at Riviere Sale, but the main body is stationed at Fort Garry, and billeted on the Hudson's Bay Company, who begin to find feeding so many. Messrs. Richards, Provencher and Begg remain in the temporary lodgings they at first obtained, waiting for the completion of additions to the Governor's building. Capt. Cameron has secured a small log hut of one room. His horses and servant have been captured at the barricade in attempting to bring back a portion of his baggage containing some of Mrs. Cameron's clothing, which had been carried past towards Fort Garry. It is said the horses will be confiscated, as they had been already along with the Captain himself at the barricade, and sent back across the boundary line, with instructions to the Captain not to return again at his peril.

Later.

PACIFIC ASSURANCES.

Despatches received at Ottawa by the government from Mr. McDougall and Governor McTavish represent the difficulties in the territory to be subsiding. Governor McDougall will enter the territory as soon as the Queen's proclamation reaches him and the authority of the Dominion government, and the question of territory will at once be announced by him in a proclamation dated from Fort Garry. The Executive Council will meet at once and every reasonable representation from the half-breed population will receive the earnest attention of the government of the territory. The Globe has some information from a gentleman just arrived from Red River:—

It appears that Father Richot is the head and front of the whole movement by the French half-breeds. He is a parish priest at Stinking River, and a man apparently of strong passions. He is said to have declared, striking his hand upon his breast, that Governor McDougall should only enter the Settlement over his dead body. It is believed in the Settlement that Bishop Tache, who held a correspondence with Sir George Cartier some months ago, but who is now in Rome, is partly responsible for the movement. Possibly he wrote a letter which was misconstrued by some of his subordinates in the Territory; we do not believe that he contemplated the outrages which have since occurred. But there seems to have been some idea on the part of the French that they were about to be over-run by Protestants from Canada.

The sending in of surveyors before the transfer of the Territory to Canada, and the supercilious manner of some of the Canadian Government officials, seem to have been the great causes of the dissatisfaction among the British part of the population. If the Red River people had been conferred with by the Government Commissioners, and a proper share given to them in the management of the affairs of the Territory, there would have been no trouble.

The illness of Governor McTavish is said to be consumption; and there is believed to be no chance of his recovery. Had he been well, it is believed that Fort Garry would never have been taken. As it is, he is said to have done all in his power to stop the movements of the insurgents. There is the slightest desire for annexation among the people of the Territory.

The salt business is pushing Goderich ahead. Besides $80,000 tied up in the salt works, buildings to the value of $30,000 have gone up during the past year, and there is scarcely a single habitable dwelling vacant.

Legislature of Ontario.

In the Legislature on Tuesday, after the presentation of petitions, the Hon. Mr. Richards raised a discussion on the report of the Committee on Railways referring to the rejection of the Erie and Niagara Extension Railway Bill. The hon. gentleman, Mr. McKellar and others, who supported him, pressed for the production of the evidence on which the Committee had decided to reject the Bill. Mr. Rykert and the Hon. Mr. Cameron and others, opposed the proposal, but it was eventually agreed to.

The following Bills were introduced and read a first time:—

Mr. Pardee—Bill to amend the Act to provide for the Registration of Births, Marriages and Deaths.

Mr. Lauder—Bill to amend the Act respecting interpleading.

Atty.-General Macdonald—Bill to amend the Act respecting County Courts, intended to remedy the objection taken by the Dominion Government to the Act of last session.

Mr. Blake moved the House into Committee on the Bill to amend the Law of Evidence in civil cases.

The several clauses were passed after a slight discussion with small amendment.

Atty.-General said as the Bill was only an experiment, it would be well to limit its operation to two years, and moved the addition of a clause to that effect.

The amendment was lost, and the bill reported. Third reading to-morrow.

Mr. Calvin said he had lived under this law for many years, and he believed it would prevent litigation, as a man would not sue his opponent, because he knew that he knew as much about the matter as he did, and could swear accordingly.

The House went into Committee, and passed Mr. Creely's resolutions referring to payment of Justices.

Mr. Blake moved the second reading of his Bill, to make better provision for the realization of the debts of deceased persons out of their lands. It was referred to a Select Committee.

The following Bills were read a second time:—

Bill respecting the Primitive Methodist Connexion, and the Bill of the Presbyterian Church of Finch.

Mr. Blake withdrew his Bill to repeal the Privileges and Immunities Act which has now been disallowed. The Attorney General and Hon. Mr. Cameron expressed the opinion that ultimately the Act would be allowed.

The second reading of the Montreal Insurance Company Bill was taken up, and after a discussion, adjourned.

Mr. Sinclair moved the second reading of his Bill to notify the owners of lands sold for taxes of the sale thereof. After some debate the bill was read a second time and referred to the Committee on the Assessment Bill.

The Toronto House Building Association Bill—Mr. Cameron—was read a third time and passed.

Mr. Wood moved the House into Committee, on the bill respecting Law Fees and Trust Funds. Passed with slight amendments and reported, concurred in, read a third time, and passed.

The House went into Committee and passed the Bill—Atty.-General Macdonald—respecting the establishment of Public Fairs. The necessity of these fairs was evident, but under the present law there was no authority for their establishment by the Lieut.-Governor. The Committee reported.

The House adjourned at 11 o'clock.

Consumptives, try Dr. J. Briggs' Throat and Lung Healer. It will relieve and cure you. For all diseases of the Throat, Chest, and Lungs, nothing can surpass its beneficial effects. Sold by E. H. Parker and R. White, Kingston; and all Drugg sts.

United States Congress.

RESOLUTIONS IN REGARD TO THE RED RIVER DIFFICULTY.

Washington, Dec. 8.

In the Senate to-day,

The resolutions previously offered by Mr. Ramsey asking for information concerning the presence of Mr. McDougall in Dacota territory and the opposition of the inhabitants to his assumption of office of governor of the Red River territory, was taken up.

Mr. Howard said he thought the resolution unnecessary, inasmuch as the interests of the United States were not involved in the local disturbance which had arisen in the Red River country. The disturbance was confined to one of the remote possessions of the Dominion of Canada. He had been informed that Mr. McDougall had received no appointment to exercise authority in the Red River country, but was acting as a private citizen, though having received an assurance of future appointment as governor of portion of British America, known as the Red River country.

Mr. Ramsey said the portion of people he represented enjoyed considerable trade with the Red River country, and that the people of the latter locality were in a state of discontent and revolution. The United States was represented there by the collector of revenue and other officials, and it seemed important that the exact condition of affairs there should be ascertained.

The motion was carried.

An English journal considers that there are only two persons in the United States who have not communicated their views on the Byron question to the newspapers, and they are citizens of Cape Cod, who went off mackerel fishing ten weeks ago, and have not returned.

Frosted Feet, Chilblains, Corns, Bunions, Bad Nails, &c., are positively cured by the use of Dr. J. Briggs' Modern Curative. This remedy has been compounded with great care, and, used as directed, never fails. Sold by E. H. Parker and R. White, Kingston; and all Druggists.

Consumption is a distressing and fatal disease, characterized by cough, debility, emaciation, purulent expectoration, and hectic fever. It chiefly attacks the young, the fair, and the amiable, and is generally considered incurable. In certain northern latitudes it prevails with the greatest violence, owing, probably, to the frequent atmospherical changes from heat to cold, dryness to dampness, &c. It is also found to exist in some warm climates. Some persons consider it contagious; this, however, if true at all, must occur very rarely, and only among those who, having a predisposition to the disease, sleep with a patient in whom the disease exists in an ulcerated stage, and is attended with fetid expectoration, and cadaverous night-sweats. For restoring to health or relieving the sufferer, when this fearful disease is too far advanced, Dr. J. Briggs' Renovator, the Great Throat and Lung Healer, stands unrivalled. A few doses prove its excellence. Dr. J. Briggs & Co., Proprietors. Sold by Druggists and County Dealers. Office, 208 Broadway, New York; and No. 6 King St. West, Toronto.

Inverted Toe-Nails are a very painful disease, generally the result of wearing tight shoes, and is usually accompanied with more or less inflammation, and, at times, ulceration. The great toe is the one usually attacked. At first, there is only a little uneasiness, which ceases when the shoe or boot is removed from the foot; after a time the part becomes tender or inflamed, and the corner or edge of the nail is narrow, and arched across. Ulceration eventually ensues, proud flesh appears, and the pain becomes very severe. For the sloughing off of the proud flesh, healing the ulceration, and eventually curing the toe, use Dr. J. Briggs' Modern Curative, according to directions. Sold by Druggists and Country Dealers. Dr. J. Briggs & Co., Proprietors, 208 Broadway, N. Y., and No. 6 King St. West, Toronto.

President Grant's Message.

THE ALABAMA CLAIMS.

London, Dec. 7.

The message of the President of the United States was transmitted by Atlantic telegraph last night, and is published this morning.

The Pall Mall Gazette, in reference to the Alabama claims, says:—"Americans are ready to accept apology in lieu of the old damages, they demand. But England cannot do more than she has done. Time will amend American sensitiveness. Such events as the demonstration in honor of Peabody will tend to mitigate irritation." The Gazette concludes that the Message on the whole is friendly, and thinks the President's suggestion that new negotiations be entered upon to prevent similar troubles will be approved in England.

The Daily News, infers that the Americans want indemnity for their feelings rather than for their trade of pockets. This may be given. Diplomacy may oil this international friction and remove a sentimental grievance without compromising British interests or pride.

The continental press generally applaud Secretary Bourwell's plan for the resumption of specie payments.

Lord Byron Writing from Hades in his Own Defence.

(From the Glasgow Weekly Mail.)

Among the thousand-and-one articles and pamphlets on the Byron Scandal, in prose and verse, we have seen nothing approaching for wit and pungency, a clever jeu d'esp it just issued from the London press. It is entitled "Lord Byron's defence," and professing to be written by His Lordship himself, is appropriately dated, "Hades, MDCCCLXIX." The title page contains portraits of Lord Byron and Mrs. Stowe—His Lordship, beautiful as Apollo, being represented as almost eclipsing a coarse scandal-mongering face intended for that of his detractor, Mrs. Stowe. The following extracts, selected at random, will give our readers a sample of the flavor of this Byronesque production:—

Who is this Mrs. Stowe? her name,
thank God,
Was never one familiar to my ear;
Her country was a land I never trod.
Although I travelled often far and near,
They say that she is a woman, that is
odd—
To women, as a rule, my verse is dear.
Per chance she's some forlorn neglected
beauty,
Or else—her husband doesn't do his
duty.

I can't console her in the flesh, I can't
Revisit "Glimpses of the moon" to
make
Poor Mr. Stowe unhappy; and I shan't
Leave good men in these shades for
woman's sake,
So Stowe may rest in peace. I only want
To know why all this trouble she should
take.
I might have needed once a moral teacher;
N'importe—but damn this sanctimonious
Beecher.

Whoever was a moral man, I know—
I did some things were far beyond defending;
For Virtue always was so cursed slow,
I flew to Venice, just as my soul was
mending,
And ham rightly punished; Mrs. Stowe,
Sensation and obscurity so blending,
Has scatter'd lies with dirty prodigality,
And made me blacker even than reality.

"Fatalis incestusque judex" the
As Horace says (I ought to change her
gender)
"Et mulier peregrina" that to me
A comfort is. My fame needs no defender,
E'en in America, I think they'll see
The falsehoods uttered by this base pretender,
Who's heaped upon me such a huge indignity,
With fatuous, foolish, feminine malignity.

Sweet to the blushing bride a husband's
kiss,
Sweet to the old man dreams of youthful
vigor,
Sweet to the virgin thoughts of love's new
bliss,
Sweet is the hope of freedom to the nigger;
But sweeter far in spite of public hiss
To H.B.S. the cheque—a handsome
figure
Her publisher will pay—game worth the
candle,
For sheets befoul'd with literary scandal.

My sister! thy sweet soul has passed away
Where all this foul aspersion hurts thee
not;
Pure in the pure realms of eternal day,
Thy heart is free from every earthly
spot.
Of no avail the words that sland'rers say.
The fair escutcheon of thy fame to blot.
Curs'd be the greedy publishers who gave
This literary jackal to thy grave.

I care not for myself, my fame is far
Beneath this dual reviler's power to
dim;
My sister shone before her as a star
Shines proudly o'er the young moon's
crescent rim;
She wished our reputations both to tar
With the same foul brush; 'twas a
worthy whim
Of her who whitewashed hosts of feted
niggers,
To take such pains to blacken both our
figures.

'Tis said I awoke one miserable morn
And found that I was famous; speedily
I knew myself the target for all scorn.
Men called me infamous (the Lord
knows why).
What laurels this rude woman may have
worn
I know not, but the deed of infamy,
This lewd loquacious, literary antic,
Should blast them on both sides of the
Atlantic.

One would live on for ever, but a bore
One's life becomes ere many years roll
on:
And yet a man must feel a little sore
To think how he will suffer when he's
gone.
"Nil nisi bonum," said the man of yore,
"De mortuis," but how one's tomb
upon
Folks write foul words; in fact, there's no
denying
There something very dangerous in
dying.

Enough. I leave to all men's scorn the
lie
This insult to the living and the dead;
'Twas a proud task for woman's hands to
try
To heap defilement on a woman's head
The Stowe had scarcely dared to prate,
had I
Been living, but where'er her words
are read
Deep execrations must her name environ
Who dares to meddle with me.

Credo
BYRON.

Catarrh, a disease which distresses us and disgusts our friends, can be instantly relieved and quickly cured by using Dr. J. Briggs' Allevantor, an invaluable Remedy for all pain and inflammation. Sold by E. H. Parker and R. White, Kingston; and all Druggists.

Dr. J. Briggs' Pile Remedy is acknowledged by all who have tried it (and their name is Legion) to be the best, most successful and efficacious Remedy ever used for that disease. Sold by E. H. Parker and R. White, Kingston; and all Druggists.

Canadian Items.

In the Quebec Legislature, a message was received disallowing the Parliamentary Immunities and Privileges Bill.

Mr. F. M. Loomis has been appointed Vice Consul at Prescott, and Mr. W. A. Schofield, U. S. Consular Agent at Brockville.

London has a new wood by-law, a clause in which provides that any teamster who uses obscene, blasphemous, annoying or insulting language to purchasers, shall be arrested by the police.

One of the school teachers of the township of Sarnia, has been prosecuted by the local Superintendent for making a false and exaggerated return for the number of scholars attending his school for the half year ending 30th June last, and fined $20 and costs, $15.15.

At the Toronto City Council a water lot of 1,000 feet frontage was leased to the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway Company for 21 years at $2 per foot. A resolution was also passed offering a site for an institution for the blind free, in case the Government should determine to establish one.

It is believed that the struggle going on at Washington on the Tariff question will result in the admission of Nova Scotia coal free of duty. In view of this probability large sums have been recently invested in Nova Scotia coal mines by American operators.

A factory will shortly be established in Smith's Falls. Laborers are already at work excavating. The projectors are Messrs. Williams and Graham.

The materials for commencing operations on two light houses to light the new channel which is to be opened across St. Clair flats next summer have already been delivered. There is to be a light at each end of the dyke. Those showing the present channel will be removed.

The sensational story to the effect that a number of American female lobbyists had been employed to use their influence with M. P.'s for the Huron and Ontario Canal scheme is absolutely without foundation, no such parties having made their appearance.

COMMERCE AND MARINE.

Kingston Money Market.

Dec. 8.

FOLGER BROS., BANKERS, REPORT THE MONEY MARKET AS FOLLOWS:

American Currency buying	81	Bills.
" " "	82½	Silver.
" selling.	81½	Bills.
Silver buying,	2½	Dis.
" selling	2	"
Gold in New York,	125¾	
Sterling Exchange,	9	

Montreal Markets—Dec. 9th.

Flour—Superior Extra 0,00 to 0,00; Extra 4,60 to 4,65; Fancy, 4,40 to 4,45; Welland Canal Super, 0,00 to 0,00. Super No. 1 Canada wheat, 4,25 to 4,40; super No. 1 Western wheat, 4,20 to 4,30; Super No. 2 Western wheat, 4,20 to 4,25; bag flour, 2,00 to 2,10. Wheat—Canada Fall, 0,00 to 0,00. Spring, 0,00 to 0,00. Western 0,00 to 0,00. Oats—per 32 lbs, 27 to 28. Barley—per 48 lbs, 55 to 65. Butter—Dairy 19 to 20c; store packed 18 to 19c. Ashes—pots, 5,15 to 5,20; pearls, 5,60 to 5,65. Gold in New York at 12 o'clock, 125¾. Pork—clear, 27,00 to 00,00. Prime Mess 00,00 to 00,00. Prime, 18,00 to 00,00. Dressed hogs 8,50 to 8,75. Peas, per 60 lbs. 70 to 72½. Rye Flour, 0,00 to 0,00.

Flour receipts 1,600 bbls; business of the most trifling character, and small sales of ordinary super at about 4,35, and of choice strong at 4,60. Grain—no transactions, rates purely nominal. Provisions—Pork unchanged; hogs in fair demand at former rates, but buyers resist any advance. Butter and cheese neglected. Ashes unchanged.

New York Markets, Dec. 9

Gold 125¾. Flour—the market is declining; sales 6,000 bbls. Rye flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat favors buyers; sales 24,000 bush at 1,32 a 1,35 for winter red and amber western. Rye quiet; receipts 7,000 bush. Corn le better. Barley steady. Oats dull. Pork quiet and steady at $32,00 a 33,00 for new mess. Lard dull.

Montreal Share and Stock List

Dec. 8.

Shares.	BANKS.	Div. p.	Closing Prices.
$200	Bank of Montreal	6	161 a 161½
£50	Bank B. N. America	3	106½ a 107½
$100	City Bank	3	88 a 90
50	Banque du Peuple	4	105½ a 106½
50	Molson's Bank	3	101 a 103
40	Ontario Bank	4	97 a 97½
100	Bank of Toronto	4	127 a —
100	Quebec Bank	3	100 a —
50	Banque Nationale	8	104 a 106
40	Gore Bank		55½ a —
50	Banque Jacques Cartier	8	106½ a —
100	Merchants' Bank	8	109½ a 109¾
50	Eastern Townships Bank	8	101 a —
50	Royal Canadian Bank		65 a 67½
100	Union Bank	8	107½ a 108½
50	Mechanics' Bank	8	90 a 93
50	Bank of Commerce	8	111 a —
	RAILWAYS.		
£100	Grand Trunk		13 a 16
20½	Great Western	4	— a —
	MISCELLANEOUS		
40	Montreal Telegr'ph Co.	10	138½ a —
47	Montreal City Gas Co.	8	140 a 142
100	Richelieu Nav. Co.	7	124 a —
100	Can. Navigation Co.	20	99 a 100
100	Dominion Stock 6 p.c.		106 a —

EXCHANGE.

Bank on London, 60 days	108½ a 109
Private " "	107½ a 108½
Bank on New York	18 a 18½
Private " "	18½ a 19
Gold Drafts on New York	dis. par.

THE NAVIGATION.—The navigation, like the weather, has its vicissitudes. Three days ago, when the ice began to take in the lower harbor, navigation appeared doomed for the season, tho' precedent and history were against such an early closing up. The agreeable change of yesterday gave it an apparent new lease of life for several days yet to come, but the re-action in the weather has been none the less eagerly availed of to put the last of the vessel fleet into winter quarters. Several vessels, which circumstances have kept out to the late period, are being hurried into their berths. Among the latest are the schrs. Kearsage Tom Martin, and Flying Scud, which arrived light from Oswego, and have found quarters at Messrs. J. Carruthers & Co.'s wharf. A schooner, grain laden evidently, passed here yesterday, bound for Ogdensburg. Probably the last vessel arrival of the season, though, was the schr Wave Crest, from Oswego, yesterday with coal for Messrs. J. Swift & Co. The Cape Vincent, Island, and Gananoque steamers continue their trips regularly.

Customs Imports—In Bond,

Dec. 8.

Schr Tom Martin, Oswego—2,000 hides, J Carruthers & Co; 1,000 hides, H Hamilton; 12 boxes, Pitcathly & Kelso; 1 box, J Coates; 13 cases, 30 bbls, R W Rosamond & Co.

Str Watertown, Cape Vincent—1 case, J A Otis; 1 pkl, Rapps, W & Co; 1 chest, J Ruttan; 1 box, T Thornton; 1 pkg, J Henderson; 1 pkg, E Stacey; 1 box, J Rymer; 1 casting, G Robertson & Son; 1 box, Miss Muckdwarth; 12 pcs, Express Co.

Dec. 9, 1869.

G T R, Costicook—1 box Smoked Fish, W, McRae & Co.; 1 box Smoked Fish, G M Wilkinson; 1 box Smoked Fish, A Livingston; 1 box Smoked Fish, F Somerville; 1 box Smoked Fish, H Mastin; 1 box Smoked Fish, A Begg & Co.

G T R, Toronto—5 bbls 7 boxes, G Wane; J G Stratton & Co.

DIED.

At Prescott, on the 7th inst., Isabella Rennie Dunlop, wife of Mr. Peter Byrne, of the Prescott Telegraph, in the 37th year of her age.

At Hamilton, on the 7th instant, Mr. Joseph J. G. Tuttill, in the 29th year of his age.

Fancy Goods, Toys, &c.

FOR SALE

BY AUCTION.

THE Subscriber has received instructions from Mr. John Cridford to sell at the STORE, next door to the above, on King Street, commencing on MONDAY EVENING Next, the 13th inst., and continuing each evening until all is disposed of. A large and varied assortment of Fancy Goods, Toys, Watches (Gold and Silver), Chains in great variety, Mantle Clocks, Musical Instruments, Lamps, and a general variety of valuable articles.

The Goods to be sold without reserve. Sale each evening at 7 o'clock.

TERMS CASH.

J. J. LINTON,
Auctioneer.

Kingston, Dec. 9, 1869. 291

A CARD.

THE SUBSCRIBER returns his sincere Thanks to his Friends and Customers, who have waited for him during the severe illness in his family. He will be prepared to attend to all Orders on and after MONDAY NEXT

Parties INDEBTED are requested to Settle their Accounts by Cash or Note of Hand during this or the coming week.

W. NEWMAN,
Carpenter,
34 Barrie Street.

Kingston, Dec. 9, 1869. 291

FIFTH WEEK

OF THE

Great Blanket Sale.

WE intend to continue this Great Sale all this month. Every person in want of Blankets should attend our Great Sale, and secure the Cheapest and Best Blankets ever offered in Kingston.

MacNee & Waddell,
Princess Street.

December Sale

OF

FANCY DRESS GOODS.

WE Commence To-day our Great Dress Goods Sale. Several Hundred Pieces brought forward from our Wholesale Stock, and Reduced to Cost Price.

MacNee & Waddell,
Princess Street.

FIRST WEEK

OF OUR

Great Cloth Sale,

AT

MACNEE & WADDELL'S.

All our Stock of Broad Cloths, Reduced in Price.
All Black Doeskins & Cassimeres, Reduced in Price.
All English and Scottish Tweeds, Reduced in Price.
All our Canada Tweeds, Reduced in Price.
All our Pilot Cloths, Reduced in Price.
All our Beavers, Reduced in Price.
All our Whitneys, Reduced in Price.
All our Fancy Cloakings, Reduced in Price.

GO TO

MacNee & Waddell's Great Cloth Sale,

And Secure Bargains.

FANCY SILKS Reduced in Price.

Fancy Silks	$8,00	Full Dress.	
"	9,00	"	
"	11,00	"	
"	12,00	"	
"	15,00	"	
"	18,00	"	
"	21,00	"	
"	24,00	"	

ANOTHER LOT

OF

W. FRY and SON'S Celebrated Irish Poplins

JUST RECEIVED AT

Macnee & Waddell's.

Slightly Soiled Blankets

AT

MACNEE & WADDELL'S

Great Blanket Sale.

This is the Fifth Week.

GREATER REDUCTIONS.

$3,75 Blankets for	$2,25.	
4,00 "	2,75.	
4,50 "	2,90.	
5,00 "	3,25.	
6,00 "	4,25.	
7,00 "	5,50.	
8,00 "	6,00.	
9,00 "	7,00.	

Kingston, Dec. 9th, 1869. 291

Odd Fellows—Baltimore Humanity.

ALL belonging to the Baltimore I. O. of I. O. O. F. are solicited to attend a Meeting at the City Hotel on MONDAY, December 27th, at the Hour of 7 P.M., for the purpose of organizing a Lodge in Kingston.

By order of the D.G.M. of Canada.

S. A. COHN,
Deputizer.

Kingston, Dec. 9, 1869. 291

CHRISTMAS AND New Year's Presents.

THE largest, best and cheapest variety of CHRISTMAS GOODS in the City will be found at

Wm. McComb's Fancy Store,
PRINCESS STREET,

Everything Novel in Fancy Goods have been received during the past few weeks, comprising—

Gold, Silver, Jet, Rubber and Gilt Jewelry, in Brooches, Earrings, Pins, &c.
Electro-Plated Ware, in Cake and Card Baskets, Butter Dishes, &c.
China, Parian and Alabaster Vases, Toilet Bottles, Cups and Saucers, and Ornaments of all kinds.
Scotch Wools and Pearl Goods in Card Cases, &c.
Embroidered Slippers, Chairs, Ottomans, &c.
Berlin Wools, Canvas, &c.
Wax Fruit and Flowers, Decks, Work boxes, Cards, Chessmen, Dominoes, &c.

TOYS of all descriptions, Dolls, Drums, Games, Puzzles, Dissections, &c., &c. No finer Stock of Toys will be found in the City. Call and examine prices before purchasing anywhere.

WM. McCOMB,
Princess Street.

Kingston, Dec. 8, 1869. 290

Christmas Gifts At Henderson's.

MAGNIFICENT LOT OF NEW BOOKS AND FANCY GOODS,

Suitable for Presents,

Now being Opened Up at

HENDERSON'S

Bookstore and Bible Warehouse,
Princess Street.

THE YEAR BOOK for 1870 just to hand.

Kingston, Dec. 8, 1869. 290

TO BLACKSMITHS, Waggon Makers and OTHERS.

JUST RECEIVED a nice assortment of very superior Bar Iron, Sleigh Shoe Steel, Horse Nails, Files and Rasps, of the most improved makes, for sale cheap at No. 7 Bagot Street.

A. CHOWN.

Skates for Christmas and New Years.

THE Subscriber will sell his Stock of Skates, Boy's Sleighs, &c., at reduced prices.

A. CHOWN,
No. 7 Bagot Street.

JUST RECEIVED direct from England a large assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Trays and Waiters, which will be sold Wholesale or Retail at a small advance.

A. CHOWN,
No. 7 Bagot Street.

THE first lot of Snow Scoops, so much wanted at this season, just arrived at No. 7 Bagot Street.

A. CHOWN.

Kingston, Dec. 8, 1869. 290

The Largest and Most Valuable Stock of

HOTEL FURNITURE,

BEDDING, FIRE PROOF SAFE, &c.

Ever Sold by Auction in the City.

J. J. LINTON will sell on the Premises known as the "BURNETT HOUSE," Ontario Street,

On Wednesday, the 15th Inst.,

Commencing and continuing each day until all is disposed of, all the Furniture, Bedding, &c., contained therein, comprising:—The complete furnishing of Sixty-Seven Bedrooms, Four Parlors, Dining-rooms, Halls, Office, Bar-room, Laundry and Kitchens.

The above is the largest sale that has taken place in this city for some time, and will be made positively without reserve.

The following comprises in part the Furniture to be sold:—

CONTENTS OF FOUR PARLORS:

Excellent Piano Forte, Drawing-room Sets with Fancy Repp Covers complete, Hair-cloth Tete-a-tetes, Sofas, Lounges, Easy Chairs, Parlor Chairs, Centre Tables, Curtains and Cornices, Brussels Carpets and Rugs, &c.

DINING ROOM:

A very large assortment of Crockery, Knives, Forks, Spoons, Crosses, Side Dishes, Covers, Extension Tables, Table Clothes and Napkins, Chairs, a quantity of Glassware, &c., &c.

THE FURNISHING OF SIXTY-FIVE BED ROOMS:

New York Black Walnut and French Bedsteads, Spring, Hair and Excelsior Mattresses, Feather Beds, Bolsters and Pillows, 300 Blankets, 300 pairs Sheets, 410 Quilts and Counterpanes, Pillow and Bolster Slips, enclosed, up to and N. Y. Washstands and Furniture (complete), Wardrobes, Dressing and Plain Bureaus, B. R. Carpets, Rugs, &c., &c.

HALLS:

Floor Cloth, Matting, Mats, Screens, Waiters, &c., &c.

OFFICE:

One Fire-proof Safe, Desks, Settees, &c., &c.

All the Fittings of a First-class Bar-room, with the Kitchen and Laundry Utensils complete.

The Goods may be viewed the day previous to Sale.

Lunch at 12 o'clock each day.

Terms Cash in Bankable Funds.

The House will be thoroughly heated for the accommodation of intending purchasers.

J. J. LINTON,
Auctioneer.

Kingston, Dec. 8, 1869. 290

THE BIG RUSH

FOR

CHRISTMAS GOODS.

COMMENCES THIS WEEK

AT

McDONELL'S.

For New Dresses.	For New Shawls.	For
New Silks.	For New Silks.	For New
Mantles.	For New Replins.	For New
Jackets.	For New Clouds.	For New
Sontags.	For New Gloves.	For New
Stockings.	For New Laces.	For New
Velvets.	For New Fringes.	For New
Buttons.	For New Clothing.	For New
Shirts.	For New Mufflers.	For New
Tweeds.	For New Winceys.	For New
Flannels.	For New Blankets.	For New
Tickings.	For