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THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

The Daily British Whig.

"Opifer per Orbem Dicor."

FRIDAY MORNING, DEC. 12, 1869.

LETTERS & TELEGRAMS.—B. M., Toronto et J. C., do, with rem.

REMINDERS.

SALES, MEETINGS, AMUSEMENTS &c.

ANNUAL MEETING of the St. Andrew's Society at the British American Hotel, this evening at eight o'clock.

☞ TAX-PAYERS who have not yet paid their CITY TAXES are reminded to do so at once, and save costs.

Registration of Births, &c.

On the 1st of January the District Registrars are obliged by the Act to make their returns of births, marriages and deaths to the Local Government. From the accounts which reach us from all parts of the Province, there will be a woeful deficiency; in fact the Bill as it is at present worked, has proved an utter failure. To expect the Registrars to scour the municipalities and collect the returns for sixpence a head is perfectly absurd. Mr. Sandfield Macdonald should lose no time in amending this very useful and important Bill, by limiting the number of Registrars in cities at all events to one, securing him a small fixed salary, which, together with the fees, would give a very moderate remuneraton to him for devoting all his time to the work, and thus secure that it will be well and carefully performed. Although from the instructions given to the Registrars, it is apparent that the Government anticipate considerable difficulty in getting it into proper working order, and prevailing upon the public to pay that attention to its provisions, which its importance to their families, and as a public measure deserves. Still it was not from the educated classes and professional men that Mr. Macdonald could have expected this carelessness, and we should not be surprised if some of our clergymen and doctors should hear of it in a somewhat unpleasant manner, when their neglect to report comes under the cognisance of the Government when the Registrars make their returns. They have nearly two months yet to bring up their arrears. Let them take the hint in time.

The Madoc Railway.

Centreville, Nov. 10.

(To the Editor of the British Whig.)

SIR,—I had the honor in my travels of being present at a large and influential meeting of the rate-payers and others of the Township of Camden, held in the Town Hall, Centreville, on the 10th. Altho' the meeting had been convened some considerable time before I entered the hall, however, the Railroad question was warmly discussed by the Council of the Township, and also by J. N. Lapum, M.P., Mr. Caton, Reeve of Newburg, J. D. Ham, and Dr. McCammon. From the warmth of speech, and being also willing to come down with their bonus, it led me to believe that they were anxious to have the road run so that they might be benefited by it. There was a resolution submitted to the electors of Camden to grant a bonus of $10,0000, and $5,000 in stock, which was carried with the understanding, that the road would run through that portion of the Township that would most benefit a majority of the rate-payers. Now, Mr. Editor, I believe the route that would best pay is the route that the road should run, and being an old traveller, and thoroughly posted in the whole of the proposed route, my humble opinion is that if it runs to Sydenham, it should then be carried through Harrowsmith,—thence as near Colebrooke and Yarker as possible; then take the valley of the Napanee River as near Newburg as practicable, and thence to Tamworth by the way of Centreville. By running this route there would be a large amount of freight in lumber, &c., and Centreville station would be one of the largest grain and produce stations on the route. Now, Mr. Editor, I know you as an old inhabitant of Kingston, but still I fear that you are not conversant with the back country. If the road is run through by Bellrock from Sydenham, I would like to know where they ever expect to derive any benefit from it. Is it the object of wood that would cause the road to go there? If that is the main object, then I think that would fail, because it is a swampy and drowned land nearly all the way, and what is not swampy is barren, rocky and mountainous; the most of the settlers trying to drag out a miserable existence in grubbing amongst the rocks. And I venture to say that out of every hundred of the business men of the city of Kingston, there is not one that knows the country talk of running the road there, but I believe the route that I propose would be the best paying route, that is if the road will pay at all. I believe there is a possibility of catching the back country trade by having the road running through, either in the front or the centre of a township, but you cannot run a road in the rear of a township and carry the travel from the front, which has within its reach a good market town, and would be only one or two miles difference to the station or the town. But, Mr. Editor, I hope the inhabitants of Kingston will consider well what is to their own interest, and use their influence to have the road run through a good settled country. I believe in the event of their doing this, every ratepayer in Kingston would willingly throw in his mite to assist in carrying the road through. By the by, I forget to say that if the road runs to Centreville, there is the right of way of staff on tree, and also the right of way for the length of a 1 4 given free. Such liberality as this should be encouraged by the Kingston people, and I find other villages equally as liberal.

A TRAVELLER AND A RATEPAYER OF THE CITY OF KINGSTON.

Masonic.

We learn that it is proposed by leading Freemasons in Ontario to start, in December or January, an independent Masonic Journal, in opposition to the Hamilton Craftsman. Besides the promotion of the general interests of the craft, the new monthly will advocate the immediate recognition of the Grand Lodge of Quebec, and the early formation of a Grand Lodge for Ontario, of which "a large number of the brethren there" favor.—Mon. Star. Fudge!

THREE AMERICANS ARRESTED IN MONTREAL FOR BURGLARY—$20,000 IN THEIR POSSESSION.—Capt. Young of the New York detective police, who arrived here a few days ago, in search of the perpetrators of the $20,000 Express Central R. R. robbery, arrested last night in this city three young Americans on a charge of burglary and robbery. They are all three from Boston, and are named John Henry Clay, Charles Exley Morgan, and Geo. Madison. When the prisoners were arrested the sum of over $15,000 in greenbacks was found in the possession of Clay, who is only 19 years of age. Morgan and Madison had about two thousand each, making a total of a few hundreds less than $20,000 recovered altogether. The authorities have not yet determined upon what steps they will adopt in the matter.

North Renfrew.

FIRST DAY'S POLLING—HINCKS AHEAD.

Ottawa, Nov. 10.

The following are the figures of the first day's polling at North Renfrew:—

	Findlay.	Hincks.
Westmeath	118	49
Ross	82	43
Pembroke village	41	56
Pembroke township	18	34
Alice	19	34
Stafford	10	24
Dromley	12	66
Petawawa	7	6
Rolf	5	3
Wilberforce	26	29
Algoma	1	18
Total	347	362
		347
Majority for Hincks		15

The nomination of North Renfrew for the Local Legislature, takes place on Nov. 24, and the election on Dec. 1st.

The excitement in town over the election is extraordinary. Telegrams come in every hour. A large number here are bitterly opposed to Hincks and will much regret it if he succeeds. The polls were crowded up to a late hour last night anticipating the receipt of the first day's polling. This only arrived to-day at 11 o'clock, shewing 15 of a majority for Hincks, and leaving only about 50 to poll to-day.

LATER.

Sir Francis Hincks Returned.

THE GRITS IN TEARS.

Ottawa, Nov. 10, 2 p.m.

The last despatches received last night gave Sir Francis Hincks a majority of 16. His election is now considered certain, as the Findlayites have exhausted their strength, and the returns still to come in will show an increasing majority for Sir Francis Hincks. The following are the last returns:—

	Hincks.	Findlay.
Westmeath	49	115
Ross	43	31
Pembroke Village	56	41
Pembroke Township	34	18
Alice	34	19
Stafford	14	15
Bromley	66	12
Petawawa	6	7
Rolph	3	5
Wilberforce	29	26
North Algoma	18	1

9 p.m.—A telegram received from Sir Francis just now says that he has a safe majority of 75; probably a few more. But full returns cannot be had until later.

County Council.

Tuesday, Nov. 9.

A communication was read by the Clerk, from the Council of the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengary, forwarding certain alterations deemed advisable by a special committee on the proposed Common School Act.—The communication was referred to the Committee on Education to report.

Several accounts were produced and read by the Clerk, which upon motion of Mr. Spoor, were referred to their proper committees.

Mr. Burke handed in his report investigating the petitions presented at the last session of the Council for and against the separation of the township of Palmerston from Bedford. The report was lengthy, and Mr. Burke's investigation appeared to demonstrate that thirty-seven of the ratepayers signing the petition were in favor of the separation, and twenty-four against it.

Mr. Toland did not think that seventy ratepayers could support a municipality.

Mr. Spoor was of opinion that that was not the question for consideration. The law provided that a less number were entitled to a municipality if they requested it, and it was the duty of this Council to ascertain the wishes of the inhabitants of Palmerston, and if it was found that they wished a separation from Bedford it was its province to grant it.

Mr. Burt opposed the separation, contending that there were names of persons on the petition for the separation who were not consulted upon the subject.

Mr. Playfair denied that such was the case; he had conversed with but one person who was not willing and anxious for the separation.

After some discussion, it was

Moved by Mr. Nichols, seconded by Mr. Donaldson, that Messrs. Spoor, Toland, McRory, Mudie, and the mover, be a committee to consider and investigate, and report upon the subject of the separation of the townships of Palmerston and Bedford.—Carried.

The Council then adjourned until ten o'clock to-morrow.

Wednesday, Nov. 10.

The Warden took the chair shortly after ten o'clock this morning, and the following members were found present:—Messrs. Barr, Burke, Bowerman, Day, Godfrey, Lott, Mills, Mudie, McDonald, McRorey, Nichols, Donaldson, Playfair, Shibley, Spoor, Strachan, Fair, Toland, and Campbell.

After the clerk had read the minutes of last evening's proceedings, it was

Moved by Mr. Spoor, seconded by Mr. Bowerman, that the word 'report' be substituted on the minutes for 'petition,' in Mr. Burke's report of his action in carrying out the instructions of the Council at its last meeting to ascertain the feelings of the people of Palmerston respecting the separation from Bedford. The report contained the names for and against the separation in opposite columns, in the shape of petitions.

The motion was carried.

An uninteresting discussion was entertained for some time, when an alteration on the minutes was suggested by Mr. Bowerman, so as to make Mr. Burke's report appear as such, and not as a petition, which was adopted by the council, Mr. Spoor withdrawing his motion.

The Warden, by a vote of the council, signed the minutes in its altered form.

Several accounts were read by the clerk, which were referred to the proper committees.

Mr. Nichols, seconded by Mr. Toland, moved a resolution which called upon the committee appointed for the last session to report the probable costs in the county law suit.

Mr. Spoor, chairman of the committee, said that the committee had so far failed to obtain the desired information, but it was his intention to call upon the county Solicitor to-day or to-morrow.

The city Solicitor being present was called upon by the Warden, when he informed the council that he should be ready with his report in the afternoon or to-morrow morning; he also explained the reason which had caused the delay, which was, he said, to be attributed to no fault of his.

The Warden said he should wish a report in writing from the Solicitor, giving a detailed statement of the present position of the law suit, and the probably time of its termination.

After some further conversation among members, the Solicitor was instructed to send in the writ a report required, which that gentleman said he would have ready and hand in to-morrow morning.

It was moved by Mr. Donaldson, seconded by Mr. McRory, that the Warden and clerk be authorized to memorialize his Excellency and the Dominion Government, to build a bridge over the Rideau Canal, at Merrillsvray's Lock, Lower Brewer's, which is much needed.

The motion was carried.

The council then adjourned until two o'clock this afternoon.

Thursday, Nov. 11.

The Council resumed business shortly after ten o'clock. The Warden occupied the chair, and the following members were present:—Messrs. Barr, Burke, Bowerman, Campbell, Day, Donaldson, Fair, Godfrey, Mudie, McDonald, McRorey, Nichols, Playfair, Spoor, Strachan, Toland, and Mills.

—The minutes of yesterday's meeting were read and approved.

After some conversation upon the communication from the Committee for the alteration in the proposed school act, referred to the Committee on Education, it was suggested that Mr. Spoor take the place upon that Committee of Mr. Calvin, absent. That gentleman being already upon several Committees, said he was unable to officiate, when the names of Mr. Strachan and others were proposed to whom the same objection applied.

Mr. Mudie then moved that Mr. Fair be added to the Committee on Education.

Mr. Toland moved in amendment that Mr. Spoor's name be substituted for Mr. Fair's.

Mr. Spoor again objected, and gave several reasons for being unable to officiate upon the Committee.

It was finally arranged that both gentlemen should act upon the Committee.

A conversation ensued upon the illegal practices of licensed lumbermen, and the Warden exposed some of the tricks resorted to by them in the production of bogus certificates to procure their clearance, &c. This exposure he had made known to the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and had resulted, he said, in a beneficent alteration in the laws upon the subject.

Mr. Bowerman gave notice that tomorrow he should introduce a bylaw to authorize the county treasurer to pay the non-resident land taxes to the different municipalities.

Upon motion of Mr. Mudie the council adjourned for the benefit of committees until two o'clock this afternoon.

The Question of Disallowance.

The question of the disallowance, by the Dominion Government, of certain Legislature acts which have passed the Local Legislatures, seems likely to be brought up for discussion during the present session in Toronto. A number of documents bearing upon the question have been laid before the Legislature, upon which there is sure to be much diversity of opinion when they come up for consideration. These documents consist of letters from the Ministers of Justice, and the Attorney General of Ontario, respecting the disallowance of certain acts which had passed the Ontario Legislature, and a despatch from the Colonial Secretary bearing upon the same subject.

We are not disposed to enter into a discussion as to the propriety, or otherwise, of the disallowance of the acts referred to, in some respects there were strong reasons to justify the course; for other things it may have been regretted. But the question which seems now most likely to come forward is the right of investing any such power as this disallowance implies, in the Minister of Justice. Upon that question we have before expressed a most decided opinion in favor of the continuance of the power. We are disposed, even now, to repeat it. We hold that such a prerogative is in perfect agreement with the terms of the Confederation Act, and may be most usefully exercised on behalf of both the Province and the Dominion. This opinion is borne out by the despatch of the Colonial Secretary; and as a most important document, which must hereafter be referred to, we place it before our readers, it is dated May 9th, 1869, and, more or less, covers the whole ground involved in the dispute.

"I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your despatch of the 11 March, asking for instructions as to the course which you should pursue with regard to any Act of the Provincial Legislatures which might relate to any of the classes of subjects mentioned in the 7th paragraph of the Instructions, or which might, in your opinion, be unconstitutional, or in excess of the power of that local body.

"The prohibitions in the 7th paragraph of the Royal instructions, with one qualification, rest on grounds of Imperial policy, and therefore the Governor-General of the Dominion is not at liberty, even with the advice of his Ministers, to sanction or assent to any Provincial law in violation of them. He would indeed be bound to instruct the Lieutenant Governor of the Province not to give such assent.

"The qualification to which I have above referred is this, that while the Governor-General is not at liberty to sanction the passing of a law making any donation or gratuity to himself, it would be for his Ministers to consider whether they should advise him to consent to a donation by the Province to the Lieut.-Governor, and he would be at liberty to follow that advice.

"With regard to the second point, if the Governor-General were advised by his Ministry to disallow any Provincial Act as illegal, or unconstitutional, it would in general, be his duty to follow that advice, whether or not he concurred in that opinion. If he were advised by his ministry to sanction any Act which appeared to him illegal, it would be his duty to withhold his sanction, and refer the question to the secretary of State for instructions.

"The same course might be taken if the Act recommended for his sanction by his Ministers appeared gravely unconstitutional; but it is impossible to relieve the Governor-General from the duty of judging with respect to each particular case, whether the objection to an Act not of doubtful legality is sufficiently grave, as under all circumstances, to warrant a refusal to act at once on the advice tendered to him."

The seventh clause of the Royal Instructions to the Governor-General, referred to in the above dispatch, requires the Governor-General to reserve the real assent, for the signification of Her Majesty's pleasure, to Bills of the following class:

1. Any divorce Bill.
2. Any Bill, whereby any grant of land or money or other donation or gratuity may be made to the Governor-General.
3. Any Bill whereby any paper or other currency may be made a less tender, except the coin of the realm, or other gold or silver coin.
4. Any Bill imposing differential duties.
5. Any Bill that may appear inconsistant with Treaty obligations.
6. Any Bill interfering with the discipline or control of the Army or Navy.
7. Any Bill of an extraordinary nature and importance, whereby the Royal Prerogative, or the rights and properties of her Majesty's subjects not residing in the Dominion or the trade and shipping of the United Kingdom and its dependencies may be prejudiced.
8. Any Bill containing provisions to which the Royal assent has been once refused, or which has been disallowed by Her Majesty.

These principles and instructions seem remarkably plain; and although it may not always be pleasant for the Local authorities to have their measures set aside by the superior power invested in the Governor General, still the provision made is necessary for the harmonious working of the Dominion, and we shall regret to see any attempt to set it aside.—Spectator.

Military Schools.

Having served their purpose for the present, would it not be well to close the Military Schools? They were opened in order that militia officers and others might receive instruction in military matters. As a sufficient number have "graduated" to officer the militia four times over, what necessity is there for continuing the expense? It may safely be calculated that one half of those who attend the Schools are youths who are after the money, rather than after a knowledge of military duties. Some of them have passed through all these schools; and, no doubt, they would pass through three hundred of them if they were paid at the same rate. They receive their certificate and the cash, and that is an end to their soldiering, unless, on the strength of the certificate, they can procure commissions in the army of His Holiness the Pope, or some other army of adventurers. The people of Canada have enough to do with their money without expending it in fitting idle fellows to fight for the Pope or any one else. The Military Schools have, no doubt, done much good; but, at the same time, in some respects they are a farce. As they have educated officers enough to supply the country for the next ten or fifteen years, the necessity for them no longer exists. They involve a considerable annual outlay, which is simply so much money thrown away. The sooner they are closed the better.—Telegraph.

Legislative Assembly of Ontario.

Wednesday, Nov. 10.

The Speaker took the chair at ten minutes to eight.

PETITIONS.

Hon. Mr. Cameron, from the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway Company, praying for certain amendments in their charter.

Mr. Barber, from the Town Council of Milton, praying for the establishment of an Opthalmic Hospital.

Mr. Perry, from the Town Council of Woodstock, praying the same.

Mr. Clemens, from the Town Council of Galt praying the same.

Mr. Barber, from the Town Council of Oakville, praying the same.

Mr. McKeiar, from the Town Council of Bothwell, praying the same.

Mr. Evans, from the Township Council of Ekfrid, praying the same.

Mr. Evans, from the Township Council of London, praying the same.

Mr. Lauder, from the Rev. John Potts and others, of Hamilton, for an act to vest certain lands in trustees.

COMMITTEE ON PRINTING.

Attorney General Macdonald moved that a select Committee on Printing be appointed, to consist of Messrs. McKellar, Galbrath, Fraser, Beatty, Scott (Ottawa), Tett and McLeod.

AUDITORSHIP.

Hon. M. C. Cameron presented a return to the address for copies of orders relating to the office of auditorship.

CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS.

Mr. Blake introduced a bill relating to Controverted Elections, and to prevent improper practices at elections. Read first time and ordered for second reading this day week.

LAW REFORM ACT.

Mr. Carnegie, introduced a Bill to amend the "Law Reform Act of 1869." Bill read first time, and second reading set for this day week.

LAW OF EVIDENCE.

Mr. Blake introduced a Bill to amend the law of evidence. Read first time. Second reading on Wednesday next.

REALIZATION OF DEBTS.

Mr. Blake introduced a Bill to make better provision for the realization of the debts of deceased persons. Read first time. Second reading on Wednesday next.

CO-PARTNERSHIPS.

Mr. Boyd enquired whether the Government intend to introduce a Bill (this Session) for the registration of co-partnership.

Attorney-General Macdonald said it was not the intention to do so.

IMPROVEMENT FUND.

Mr. Hays inquired whether the Government intended to pay over to the different Crown Land Townships in Ontario the amount of the improvement fund due to them, or what course is intended to be pursued as to the said fund.

Attorney-General Macdonald replied that this Government have not discovered any obligation on its part to revive the obligation of the old Government of Canada in this matter. There are no funds at the disposal of the Government for use in this way, and it is a matter of very serious consideration for the House, whether these claims should be entertained.

COLONIZATION ROADS.

Mr. Boyd moved for a statement of all contracts giving on the Colonization Roads, the names of the parties to whom the same were given, and the amount to be paid for the work to be done.

Mr. McKellar said it would be well, while asking information on the subject, to get also the names of the superintendants and their salaries.

Attorney-General Macdonald—And the names of the laborers too, and the hours they work? (Laughter). If the gentlemen on the other side of the house wish to keep clerks employed in getting up this sort of information, they must pay for them. It makes no difference to the Government; but the gentlemen opposite wanted more information than the members of any House he had ever sat in.

Mr. Boyd said that much information as this was often asked for. He had looked over the journals of the House for twenty years back, and had seen many instances where such questions were asked. Motion carried.

GOVERNMENT APPOINTMENTS.

Mr. Boyd moved for a return of names of all persons who have been appointed to any office of honor or emolument by the Government since the first day of July, 1867, shewing the date of their respective appointments, whether the appointment be temporary or permanent, the salary or fee to each case, so as to exhibit the actual income, so far as it is known to the Government; also, the name of each officer, and the Statute, Order-in-Council, or other authority under which each such officer or incumbent was appointed.—Carried.

CROWN LANDS, MINES AND FORESTS.

Mr. Blake moved for copies of all Orders-in-Council and Department orders, touching the Crown Lands, mines and forests.

Mr. Richards wanted to know how long back this was intended to extend, and if there was any object in going beyond last session.

Mr. Blake said the intention was to ask for the papers since the hon. gentleman who just sat down assumed charge of the Department.

Attorney General Macdonald said the custom was to state the date.

The motion was carried.

The House adjourned at twenty minutes past eight.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

The following notices have been handed in:—

Mr. Boyd—Bill to repeal section six of chapter one, 32nd Victoria, intituled, "An Act for granting to Her Majesty certain sums of money for defraying the expenses of Civil Government for the public service in 1868, and for other purposes."

Mr. Carnegie—Appointment of a Select Committee, to inquire into and report upon the usefulness and cost of Wooden Railways, as a means of hastening the settlement of the country.

Attorney General Macdonald—Appointment of a Select Committee to assist Mr. Speaker in the direction of the Library.

Mr. Blake—Bill to repeal the Act to define the privileges, immunities and powers of the Legislative Assembly, and to give summary protection to persons employed in the publication of sessional papers.

Mr Blake—On Thursday after next, that the senate by members of this House of emoluments of profit in the gift of the Executive, whether such profit be or be not payable out of the public funds, will tend to subvert the independence of this House, and should be that the participation of members of this House, in contracts for supplies to Provincial institutions, sustained and controlled through the Executive, will tend to subvert the independence of this House, and should be prohibited.

That the selection of sites for Provincial Institutions, established by the Legislature, should be made solely in the public interest, and should not be to any extent dependent on favor or on the political opinions prevalent in the locality, and that to make it so dependant, will tend to impair the morality and to subvert the independence of this House.

Mr. Ferguson—Inquiry whether it is the intention of the Government to establish Fairs in county places.

Mr. Ferguson—Inquiry if it is the intention of Government to introduce any Bill this session, to amend the Assessment Law of last year.

Mr. Ferguson—Inquiry if it is the intention of Government to introduce a Bill to amend the Drainage Law of last year.

Items of News.

On her last trip the steamer Etna took from Halifax to Liverpool two boxes of Nova Scotia hat goods valued at over $6,800.

People in England now find it necessary to furnish cards denying that they have written anything on the Byron controversy.

The gunboat Prince Alfred made her first appearance at Malden on Saturday, from Sarnia, calling at Windsor. Four Armstrong guns will be placed on board at Sarnia, on her return to that port, instead of the mooth-bore now in use.

The surviving sons of Queen Charlotte received nearly £500 a year; those of George II., £220, and those of Queen Caroline, £170.

A fisherman of Montreuil, France, lately caught a fish, within which was found a breast pin ornamented with thirty precious stones, diamonds, emeralds, rubies, and sapphires, the whole valued by Paris jewellers at $300,000.

Prim is in constant dread of assassination. It is said that he changes his sleeping room every night, so that any who may be seeking his life will be likely to be misled; and wherever he goes he is constantly watched by fifteen picked men in disguise.

According to the last advices from Newfoundland the contest is likely to be a close one, and sure to be a bitter one. The papers on both sides are abusing each other just as if they were published in Toronto.

Rev. Mr. Chiniquy is again on a collecting tour through Canada. Last Saturday he spoke at length to a large audience in the Canada Presbyterian church, Martintown, interesting the people greatly.

There is a railway in Wales only two feet gauge, the engines and cars being correspondingly small, as well as the expense of running it. The experiment is successful, and is worthy of adoption on routes where roads on a more extensive scale would not pay.

Bootblacks stood in the streets of New York on Tuesday, promising a free shine to all who would vote for Mr. Greeley.

The style of wearing richer under-petticoats than the over-tunic is quite set for the winter. Thus a walking costume would be velvet in the maroon shade, with a cashmere overskirt, which is trimmed round with silk plaitings.

The murderer Taylor, who was hanged at Exeter, Eng., lately, stated during his incarceration, that the idea of shooting his victim was suggested to him by the picture of a similar occurrence in the Police News.

The London Globe says the small green parrquet has accustomed himself in London. Troops of them may been seen feeding with the sparrows in some places.

A girl of the period in Detroit promenades the street in a "stove pipe" hat and carries a cane.

'Fun' says Britannia rules the waves; but Gladstone controls the seas.

The barbarous old-fashioned uniform of the British army, it has just been discovered, has induced fatal heart disease in thousands of soldiers.

A London despatch says that Mr. Geo. Peabody died very happily, being surrounded with friends, and passed away quietly, as if going to sleep. He had suffered very much during the past month, and until very recently, refused to obey his physician's orders or take his medicine. He hated to be asked after his health or the expressions of sympathy. He expired in his lodgings in the house of his old friend, Sir Curtis W. Lampson, in Eaton square.

Four royal accouchements are expected in Europe either in the present month or in December, viz.:—The Princess of Wales, the ex-Queen Sophia of Naples, the Princess Margaret of Italy, and the Duchess of Parma. The Pope has promised to be godfather to two of the expected infants, those of the ex-Queen of Naples and the Duchess of Parma. Francis II. and his Queen have been hurrying back to Rome in order that the birth may take place on Italian soil.

COMMERCE AND MARINE

Kingston Money Market.

Nov. 11

FOLGER BROS., BANKERS, REPORT THE MONEY MARKET AS FOLLOWS:

American Currency buying	78	Bills.
" "	78½	Silver.
" selling,	79	Bills.
Silver buying,	1½	Dis.
" selling,	1½	"
Gold in New York,	136½	
Sterling Exchange,	9	

Kingston Marine.

J. H. Henderson & Co. report: Schr. Dauntless, 10,500 bushels wheat and peas, from Port Stanley, barque Geo Thurston, 15,500 bushels wheat, from Dresden and Detroit, arrived on Wednesday night; schr. New Dominion, of Port Rowan, with 13,000 bushels wheat, from Port Dover, arrived yesterday; scow Vision, with 4,000 bushels peas, from Picton, arrived yesterday afternoon; schr. Flora Jane, with 6,600 bushels peas, from Belleville, arrived yesterday afternoon, and will proceed to Montreal, per tug, to-day.

Customs Imports—In Bond.

Nov. 10.

Str Watertown, Cape Vincent—1 case, J Henderson; pkg, E Stacey; 1 box, J Creighton; 2 bxs, H Martin; 21 pkgs, Express Co.

Str Passport, Montreal—1 case, 3 casks, A Chown; 20 casks, A Livingston.

G T R, Coaticook—1 box, W R McRae & Co.

Nov. 11.

G T R, Coaticook—1 box, G M Wilkinson; 1 bx, R Town; 1 box, A Livingston.

Schr Geo Thurston, Detroit—3,479 bush wheat, J H Henderson & Co.

Schr Cortez, Chicago—3,479 bush wheat, Mon Trans Co.

G T R, Montreal—8 cases, W Martin; 5 qtr casks brandy, Beaufort & Son; 175 cases oil, 1 case soap, 3 bales, 1 cask, J Carruthers & Co; 30 cases, G Robertson & Son.

G T R, Prescott—1 case, H Skinner.

G T R, Portland—2 brls, R Town.

Str Watertown, Cape Vincent—1 lot h h goods, F Glidden; 1 case, Rev W Shortt; 2 horses and buggy, D Hanison; 5 pkgs, Express Co.

Barque Valetia, Milwaukie—20,000 bush wheat, Mon Trans Co.

DIED.

At Ottawa on the 4th inst. Ann Jane, wife of Mr. William McNamara, aged 27 years.

At London, on the 7th Nov., Margaret, wife of Mr. Donald McDonald, aged 79 years.

At Thornhill, on the 6th inst., Thomas Cockerline aged 77 years.

At Montreal on the 3rd inst., Mr. Samuel G. Patton, aged 45 years.

THIS EVENING.

St. Andrew's Society,

KINGSTON.

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL PREPARATORY MEETING of the above Society, for the Election of Office-bearers and other business, will be held in the British American Hotel on FRIDAY EVENING, the 12th inst., at EIGHT o'clock precisely. A full attendance of members is particularly requested.

WM. STEWART,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Kingston, Nov. 11, 1869. 1in267

Now Ready

No. 1

OF THE

Canadian Illustrated News,

Containing Portrait of PRINCE ARTHUR and many other Illustrations.

PRICE, TEN CENTS per Copy, or FOUR DOLLARS a year.

Agent for Kingston,
JOHN HENDERSON,
Princess Street.
Kingston, Nov. 9, 1869. 263

AUCTION SALE

OF

Household Furniture!

PIANOFORTE,

Carpets, Glass, China, Plated and Crockery Ware, Cutlery, &c., &c.

J. J. LINTON has received instructions to sell at the residence of A. C. NEWMAN, Esq., R. C. R., Earl Street, between King and Wellington Streets, on

TUESDAY, the 16th instant,

all the Furniture, &c., contained therein comprising—

1 excellent Piano Forte (7 octaves), Drawing Room Carpet, Chairs, Sofa and Easy Chairs, Centre and Side Tables, Ornaments, Ornamental Clock, Whatnot, Pictures, Curtains and Cornices, Glass, China and Crockery Ware, Cutlery, Dinner Sett and Tea do., Drawing & Dining Room Carpets, Chiffoniers, Extension Dining Table, one Canteen, complete, Oil Cloth, Hall Box Stoves, Stair Carpet and Rods, Bedstead, Hair and Spring Mattrasses, Feather Beds, Washstand and Furniture, Bureaux, two Bed Room Setts complete, Looking Glasses, a large quantity of Bedding, Table and Bed Room Linen, one Refrigerator, one Tool Chest complete, one excellent Cooking Stove and Utensils, and an assortment of Kitchen Furniture complete.

The above articles are in good condition, and will be sold without reserve.

Terms Cash, before delivery.

J. J. LINTON,
Auctioneer
Kingston, Nov. 8, 1869. 264

Winter! Winter!

WATER WORKS NOTICE.

CONSUMERS are hereby reminded to have their Cellars and places where the Water Pipes enter their premises at once secured from Frost.

Positively no allowance will be made on accounts for the stoppage of the supply if such stoppage is found to exist WITHIN THE LINE OF STREET.

J. WILSON,
Manager K. W. W. Co.
Kingston, Nov. 8, 1869. 264

Lease of Premises,

Including Office, Dwelling House, and Office Furniture for Sale.

ALL those Premises formerly occupied by the Royal Canadian Bank, and the Office Furniture contained therein.

Possession on the 15th instant.

For further particulars apply to

J. J. LINTON.
Kingston, Nov. 4, 1869. 261

Wanted.

A COOK for the American Hotel, Princess Street. Good recommendations required. Apply to

H. GRINNELL,
Manager.
Kingston, Nov. 8th, 1869. tf264

SPECIAL NOTICE!

THE STANDARD

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1825.

CONSTITUTED BY SPECIAL ACTS OF PARLIAMENT.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA,

MONTREAL.

Manager.....W. M. RAMSAY.
Inspector.....RICHARD BULL.

Division of Profits, 1870.

THE EIGHTH DIVISION OF THE COMPANY'S PROFITS IS APPOINTED TO BE MADE

15th NOVEMBER, 1870.

And all Policies now effected will participate.

The Fund to be Divided will be the Profits which have arisen since 15th November, 1865.

THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS YEAR will close on the 15th, NOVEMBER, 1869, and in order to secure the advantage of this year's entry to the PROFIT SCHEME Proposals should be lodged with the Agents on or before that date.

THE STANDARD is one of the oldest and most extensive Institutions existing in Great Britain for the Assurance of Lives. It was established in Edinburgh in 1825, and its progress has been most successful. The Funds, invested chiefly in Mortgages on the security of Land, amount to TWENTY MILLION OF DOLLARS, and its Income at the date exceeds THREE MILLIONS AND A HALF OF DOLLARS.

Claims have been paid in Canada amounting to $450,000.

Amount of Assurances accepted during the year 1868 (1,802 policies)	$ 5,300,000
Total Sum Assured at 15th November, 1868	78,000,000
Annual Revenue at 15th November, 1868	3,500,000
Accumulated Fund, invested in Mortgages, Government Securities, Land, &c.	20,000,000
Claims paid in Canada, upwards of	450,000

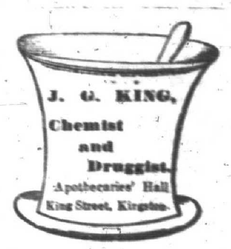
Near view showing the Investment of the Funds at 15th November, 1868.

Mortgages and other Landed Securities	£2,687,308 17 3	
Government Securities	64,548 19 0	
Assets of the Company's Branch within the United States	205,552 12 9	
Various investments, consisting for obligations of other Companies, by way of Re-Assurance	355,179 8 7	
Stocks and Debentures	280,475 6 7	
Bank Balances, Agents' Balances, and Premiums upon which days of Grace are current	273,906 9 9	
Invested Abroad in connection with Colonial business	84,439 1 7	
Life Annuities and Reversions purchased	35,694 16 10	
Miscellaneous Property	138,464 4 0	
	£4,095,589 16 2	

Persons can obtain Policies for the benefit of their Wives and Families free from the claims of creditors, in accordance with terms of the Act of Provincial Parliament.

Prospectuses, Annual Reports, Tables of Rates, &c., can be obtained on application at the Head Office in Montreal, or at any of the Agencies throughout Canada, where every information will be given on the subject of Life Assurance.

Agent for Kingston,
C. F. GILDERSLEEVE,
Clarence Street.
Kingston, November, 1869. 266



LETCHFORD'S GAS, Camphorated Congreve Matches, without sulphur.

Protection from Fire.

LETCHFORD'S SPECIAL SAFETY MATCH ignites only on the Box.

THE BEST COAL OIL always on hand, and for sale at the usual price.

J. G. KING,
Apothecaries' Hall,
King Street.
Kingston, Nov. 9, 1869. 265

TO BE LET,

THE Stone Dwelling forming the East corner of Queen and Sydenham Sts. Rent moderate. Apply to

I. H. PRICE,
Anchor Buildings.
Kingston, Nov. 3, 1869. 260

SECOND WEEK

OF THE

Great Blanket Sale

AT

Macnee & Waddell's.

Several Hundred Pairs Sold.

Everybody acknowledges them to be the best and cheapest Blankets ever offered.

RECEIVED THIS DAY,

NEW SATIN SHAWLS,
" " RIBBONS,
" " SCOTCH PLAIDS,
" " GERMAN do.,
" ALL WOOL SERGES,

At the store of

Macnee & Waddell,
PRINCESS STREET.

For the Best Value

IN

Scarlet and White and Fancy Flannels,

GO TO

MACNEE & WADDELL'S.

Buy Your Shetland Lambs Wool Pants and Shirts

FROM

Macnee & Waddell's,

And Save TWENTY PER CENT.

GO TO

Macnee & Waddell's

GREAT BLANKET SALE.

Kingston, Nov. 5, 1869. 259

EXTENSIVE

CREDIT SALE.

WILL be sold by Auction, on WEDNESDAY, November 17th instant, at the residence of Messrs. J. & M. McDONALD, Lot 19, Western Addition of Pittsburg, better known as the Water Farm, the following property, viz.:

2 Brood Mares and Colts, 1 Span of good young Working Horses, 1 Yearling Colt, 6 Superior Milch Cows, 4 three year old Steers (fat), 5 Spring Calves, 80 Ewes, 8 Store Pigs (extra), 2 Lumber Waggons, 1 Spring Waggon, 1 Buggy, 3 Lumber Sleighs, 1 Set of Iron Harrows, 2 Wooden Harrows, 2 Ploughs, 1 Hoe Rake, 1 Combined Reaper and Mower, 1 Sett of Double Harness, 2 Sets of Plough Harness, 1 Sett of Single Harness, together with Forks, Rakes, Scythes, &c., &c. Also a quantity of Hay and Straw.

The above will be sold without reserve, as the Owners have rented their Farm.

TERMS—Under $10 cash; from $10 to $50 six months; all over $50 twelve months' credit, by furnishing approved endorsed notes with interest at 7 per cent.

☞ Sale at 12 o'clock.

WM. MURRAY,
Auctioneer.
Kingston, Nov. 10, 1869. 266

BY

Royal Letters

PATENT.

ARDTULLY SKINS

FOR

GORING

We are showing to-day and to-morrow

One Case of these Beautiful Goods, to which we respectfully request your immediate inspection. They are not to be had in any other House in the Trade.

McDONELL'S

New