G. T. R. TIME-TABLE.

Trains arrive and depart from the Kingston Station as follows:—

EXPRESS TRAINS GOING WEST.

Arrive at.....6:15 p.m. and 4:00 a.m.
Depart at.....6:35 p.m. and 4:05 a.m.
Local Train arrives at 10:00 p.m.; depart at 1:00 a.m.

EXPRESS TRAINS GOING EAST.

Arrival.....1:30 p.m. and 9:00 a.m.
Depart at.....1:50 p.m. and 2:05 a.m.
Local Train arrives at 2:45 a.m.; depart at 6:15 a.m.

POST OFFICE TIME-TABLE.

MAILS GOING EAST

By Day Express Train close at 12:40 p.m.; Arrive at 2:15 p.m.
By Night Express Train close at 9 p.m.; Arrive at 7:00 a.m.

GOING WEST

By Day Express Train close at 3:15 p.m.; Arrive at 4:45 p.m.
By Night Express Train close at 9 p.m.; Arrive at 7:00 a.m.

FOR UNITED STATES

Via Cape Vincent, for New York, Boston and Oswego, close at 1:30 p.m. daily, and arrive at 12:30 p.m. For Cape Vincent another mail close at 5:30 p.m., and arrive at 7:00 a.m.

BRITISH MAILS

Per Cunard Line, will be closed every Monday at 5:00 p.m.
Per Bremen Line, every Tuesday at 5:00 p.m.
Per Canadian Line, every Friday at 12 noon.
(Papers and Letters should be marked for the Line on which they are intended to be forwarded.

MONTREAL AGENCY.—Mr. Thos. F. S. Kirkpatrick, of the Newspaper and Advertising Agency, No. 104 St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal, is the authorized agent of the BRITISH WHIG in that city.

INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGE OFFICE,

J. C. CLARK,

Corner of Ontario and Clarence Sts.

Silver, Gold, American Currency & Drafts bought and sold on the best terms.

Gold Drafts on New York at Par.

Kingston, June 22, 1869. 147

New Advertisements This Day.

Post Office Notice—R. Deacon.
Dissolution of Partnership.
Reyner's Organ & Melodeon Factory.

THE DOMINION OF CANADA

The Daily British Whig.

'Optimo per Orbem Dicor.'

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 30, 1869.

LETTERS & TELEGRAMS.—C. H., Lancaster, with rem.; C. B., Montreal.

REMINDERS.

SALES, MEETINGS, AMUSEMENTS, &c.

R. C. BANK.—Meeting of shareholders at the City Council Chamber this afternoon at three o'clock.

MILITIA.

General Orders.

Headquarters, Ottawa, June 24.

VOLUNTEER MILITIA.

No. 1. In order to adapt the system of paid drill instruction of the several corps of volunteers to the requirements of the force consequent upon the new regulations relating to drill for the current financial year, the following scale of allowances are authorized to take effect from and after the first day of July, 1869:

For the instruction in drill of each troop of Cavalry, $40.

For the instruction of each Field Battery of Artillery, who will also act as caretaker of the battery stores, $200 per annum.

For each battery of Garrison Artillery or company of Engineers or Infantry, $40 per annum.

The above allowances be paid to the Captain of the troop or company, as the case may be, except those for corps in city or town battalions.

The allowance for such batteries or companies as are in brigades of Garrison Artillery or Battalions of Infantry in cities and towns, will be paid to the officer commanding the brigade or battalion to enable him to provide instruction for the corps.

RURAL CORPS.

For drill instruction of rural brigades of Garrison Artillery or Battalions of Infantry, including provisional brigades or battalions of not less than four batteries or companies, there will be allowed each commanding officer thereof (in addition to the forty dollars per annum to be paid to the Captains as above, for drill instruction of the several batteries or companies), for each battery or company, included in the strength of the brigade or battalion, $25 per annum.

Commanding officers of corps to have the appointment and control of instructors, and to be responsible for the drills.

Allowances for drill instruction as above will be paid at the end of each half year, viz: on the 31st December and 30th June, to the commanding officer of each corps upon their respective certificates as to performance of service for which payment is required, approved by the Deputy Adjutant General of the District, stating that the corps has had the services of a competent instructor during the period for which the claim is made, and that such corps is efficient as regards drill.

No allowance is authorized by law for payment for instruction of Drill Associations, nor for drill instruction in College or Grammar Schools.

General Orders No. 1 of 25th January, No. 1 of 1st February, No. 1 of 15th March, and No. 1 of the 26th July, 1867, are hereby cancelled.

CARE OF ARMS.

No. 2. Forty dollars per company per annum, and sixty dollars per Troop of Cavalry per annum, will be allowed to the Captain or Commanding Officer, as the case may be, for the care of the arms of such corps as are not kept in public armories under charge of caretakers paid by the Department of Militia and Defence.

POSTAGE AND STATIONERY.

No. 3. The Commanding Officer of each Battalion will be allowed five dollars per company for each efficient company in his battalion to cover the expense of stationery, postage, &c., during the year, and payment thereof will be made at the end of the financial year on the usual certificate of the Deputy Adjutant General of the district.

BANDS.

No. 4. Such battalions of volunteers as perform the annual drills, are reported efficient, and have maintained efficient bands during the year, will be entitled to participate in the appropriation for efficient bands, the distribution of which will be made prior to the 30th June, 1870.

SOUTH LANARK.—The nomination in South Lanark took place on Monday, when the Hon Malcolm Cameron and Mr. Macdougall, the latter the representative of the riding in the Local Legislature, were nominated. According to all accounts the contest is being carried on with great vigor on both sides, and each is confident of success. The voting takes place on Monday and Tuesday next.

EUROPE.

By Atlantic Cable.

Paris, June 26.

M. Schneider to-day resigned the Presidency of the Corps Legislatif, in consequence of the election of M. David, one of the Vice Presidents. The Emperor has refused to accept the proffered resignation.

Paris, June 27.

The Emperor has written a letter to M. Schneider, and his resignation of the chair has been withdrawn.

Zurich, June 26.

In consequence of the order forbidding Mazzini to reside in certain parts of Switzerland, he to-day departed for London.

London, June 26.

The Queen reviewed the Guards at Windsor to-day in honor of the Viceroy of Egypt. Twenty thousand spectators were present. There was great enthusiasm.

It is stated that it will cost the government six and a half millions pounds sterling to purchase the telegraph lines of the country as contemplated.

Madrid, June 27.

In the Cortes yesterday the Republican members were warned that their presence in the chamber was permitted as an act of patriotism, but they could not be tolerated as the accomplices in a scheme for building up a republic.

LATER.

FRENCH CABLE.

Brest, June 28.

Up to last evening the steamship Great Eastern had made 697 knots from Brest, and had paid out 775 knots of cable. The interruption noted a few days ago is now ascertained to have been owing to the imperfection in the land connections. The signals are still perfect.

FENIAN CONVICTS.

Dublin, June 28.

Large meetings were held yesterday in various parts of Ireland by those who favor the proposition to release the Fenian prisoners. At Cork there were 5,000 people present; and at Dublin 2,000. Similar meetings were held at Limerick, Enni, Mulligan, Drogheda, and in all cases able speeches were made and resolutions passed looking to the liberation of the Fenians.

IMMIGRANTS.

Liverpool, June 28.

2,600 immigrants have left this port for America last week.

The International Exhibition of Workingmen's labor will be held in London next year.

FLOATING DOCK.

London, June 28.

The great floating dock was towed down the channel to-day on its way to Bermuda. It is thought it will go through safely.

THE POPE'S ALLOCUTION.

Rome, June 28.

The Pope delivered an allocution yesterday, in which he reviews the condition of the church in Italy and other countries. He deplores the Italian subjecting clerical students to military conscription as an infringement of immunities, rights and liberty of the church. He dwells on the evils afflicting the church in Austria and Hungary, and on the complaints of the bishops in those countries. Events in Spain gave cause for sadness and mourning. The zeal of the bishop of Poland, undaunted by Russian persecutions, is a source of consolation. The allocution concludes in these words:—"Let the enemies of Christ consider the fate of his enemies! Let us pray that they may be restored to the paths of justice, and that the church may be crowned with fresh triumph."

BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

London, June 28.

In the House of Commons to-night Mr. Lowe, Chancellor of the Exchequer, announced that Her Majesty's Government intend to propose the quarterly payments of interest on the public securities.

The House of Commons have passed the bankruptcy bill to a third reading.

In the House of Lords Baron Westbury, gave notice of an amendment to the Irish Church bill granting out of present revenues £2,000,000 sterling to the Catholics, £1,000,000 to the Presbyterians, and the balance to the Irish Church.

VICEROY OF EGYPT.

The Queen gave a public breakfast in honor of the Viceroy of Egypt this a.m. at Buckingham Palace.

SPANISH REPUBLICANS.

Madrid, June 28.

The republicans propose to move a vote of censure against Minister Sagaster and Senor Herrana for their recent tyrannical conduct.

Prince Henri de Bourbon has taken oath to support the new constitution.

A battalion of soldiers in Barcelonia refuse to take the oath.

Florence, June 28.

A shock of earthquake was felt in Bologna to-day.

Londonderry, June 28.

The Nestorian arrived to-day.

FRENCH EDITORS IMPRISONED AND FINED.

Paris, June 28.

Henry Rochfort, editor of the Lanterne, has been convicted of the charge of illegally introducing the journal into France. He has been sentenced to three years' imprisonment and to pay a fine of 30,000 francs. To these penalties are added the forfeiture of his rights to citizenship for three years, including the right to vote in any election or to occupy a seat in the Corps Legislatif.

Messrs. Simonon and Jourdan, editors of the Siecle, had been fined 5,000 francs each.

The editor of the Opinion Nationale has been condemned to one month's imprisonment and a fine of 500 francs, all for a violation of the press law.

TO BATHERS.—Since the bathing season has opened, the following suggestions to bathers recently issued by the Royal Humane Society of London will be found to be worthy of consideration:

"Avoid bathing within two hours after a meal.

"Avoid bathing when exhausted from any cause.

"Avoid bathing when the body is cooling after perspiration; but bathe when the body is warm, provided that no time is lost in getting into the water.

"Avoid remaining too long in the water leave the water immediately if there is the slightest feeling of chillness.

"Avoid bathing altogether in the open air if after having been a short time in the water, there is a sense of chillness with numbness of the hands and feet.

"The vigorous and strong may bathe early in the morning on an empty stomach.

"The young and those that are weak had better bathe three hours after a meal; the best time for such is from two to three hours after breakfast.

"Those who are subject to attacks of giddiness and faintness, and those who suffer from diseases of the heart, should not bathe without first consulting their medical adviser."

Cuba.

A BRUSH WITH THE INSURGENTS.

Washington, June 26.

Further particulars are reported concerning the fight at Puerto del Parre, between the Cubans and Spaniards. The victory of the Cubans was complete. The Cubans captured an extensive train, containing a large quantity of provisions, ammunition, clothing, and hospital stores. The loss of the Spaniards is over 200 killed. A number of Mexicans participated in the fight. The troops which have been concentrating here for some time on the south coast, numbering over 1,800, have all left for Cuba, and, it is believed, successfully landed.

AUDI ALTERAM PARTEM.

The accounts from the Spanish authorities, of the fight between the Government troops escorting a train of supplies, and the rebels on the road between Puerto del Parre and Las Tunas, say the insurgents attacked them, and endeavored to capture the train, but were unsuccessful.

AMERICAN NEUTRALITY.

It is rumored in Washington political circles that belligerent rights will be conceded to the Cubans within thirty days unless they should meet with some great disaster. Admiral Porter, Acting Secretary of the Navy, has in the meantime ordered the Admiral on the Cuban station to resist the seizure of any American vessels not actually engaged in taking troops or munitions of war to the Cuban coast.

A Useful Contrivance.

Great interest has been created in Liverpool by the arrival of the Westminster, Capt. Edward Berryman, on the 10th ult., from Zebue, Japan, after a voyage of six months. In order that our readers may judge of the cause of the interest in her appearance, and to spread abroad the knowledge of a contrivance which has kept this vessel afloat during nearly the whole passage, we will record the facts as we have been able to glean them from a letter written by the Capt. to his family in this city.

It appears that the ship Westminster left Zebue about the middle of November last with a cargo for Liverpool. When five days out she struck upon a coral reef not laid down in any chart, near the mouth of the straits of Balarac, and six or eight hundred miles from the nearest port. She was got off with great difficulty badly leaking from a hole which had been knocked in her bottom by the force of the force of the blow which she struck. The men were kept steadily at the pumps, but do what they would the water gradually gained upon them till hope almost sank of keeping the ship afloat during the night. The captain's wife was with him on board, and love and duty alike combined to urge him to put forth every effort to save his vessel if possible. Various devices were tried in vain to keep down the increasing water in the hold, and the strength of the men was taxed to the utmost, till nature could bear up no longer. In the last emergency Captain Berryman hit upon a plan which might prove successful, and every other having failed he determined to attempt before hope had entirely forsaken the worn out men. Accordingly a spar was rigged across the ship, the ends projecting some four or five feet beyond the vessel's sides. Upon the end of this shaft light paddle wheels were constructed thirty feet in diameter, and upon the centre a drum provided with an endless chain connected the whole with the pumps. As the ship moved through the water, the wheels revolved with sufficient rapidity to keep the pump free and thus from the 13th of November to the 10th of May the ship was kept afloat and taken into Liverpool. Many persons have visited her since her arrival, and great praise is awarded to Capt. Berryman for the simple yet thoroughly practicable means he employed for the safety of the ship, cargo and crew.

FROM OTTAWA.

The Reiffenstein Case.

Ottawa, June 28.

This afternoon Reiffenstein's case was postponed. Mr. Scott, his counsel, asked that the investigation should be put off till Friday. As far as has been hinted at to the public, the nature of the discovery of misappropriation is somewhat as follows:—Mr. Hodge, who died a year or two ago, had charge of the municipalities list, and checked off payments when made. After his death, the debt was transferred to Reiffenstein, and it is supposed that this gave facility for fraud. The municipality, or clergy reserve fund, was apportioned in such a manner that the total amount distributed showed only about $137,000 instead of $156,000. It appears that so far as about $16,000 duplicate payments have been discovered since July, 1866. Before that time no duplicate payments are discovered. On comparing the public accounts of last year figures have been transposed so as to appear that the full amount was drawn. The member for York, Mr. Wright, said by the public accounts, that a larger sum was charged to the municipality of Markham than received, viz.: $1,704 instead of $704. He called the attention of the Audit Office to this discrepancy, when it was found that $1,000 was necessary to balance the accounts. Rumor was busy attributing blame here and there. About twenty cases of discrepancies have been discovered. The case has created a great sensation in the city. Before the Police Magistrate, to-day, Reiffenstein appeared cool, although it was evident that it has cost him a great effort. A thorough investigation of the books will be made for years back.

The Privy Council sat this afternoon, and will sit again to-morrow, after which several ministers will visit their respective homes.

Mystery at Gananoque.

Gananoque, June 29.

This morning the body of Thomas Dempster, Esq., was found in the creek near the Railway Bridge. A Coroner's inquest will be held this afternoon by Dr. Crum. Particulars to-morrow.

Quebec.

Quebec, June 28.

Quinn's sentence has been commuted to imprisonment for life. He was to have been hanged on Friday.

The Roman Catholics have been warned by their pastors against attending the performance of the La Grande Duchesse and La Belle Helene by the Holman opera troupe.

A shipmaster was assaulted by a city councillor in the open street. The offender was arrested and gave bail.

Prominent citizens are organizing a public dinner to the Governor-General on his arrival.

The Master of the Barkentine Niagara, for Hamilton, abandoned at sea, arrived here yesterday with eight of his crew. The remaining four were sent to Hamburg by a Dutch vessel.

ENDOWMENT OF QUEEN'S COLLEGE.—The movement in behalf of this object continues to make satisfactory progress. Last week subscriptions amounting to $600 were obtained in Waterdown and Nelson, and $300 in Milton, Hornby and Trafalgar. The week before last the deputation from the College visited the Niagara district and obtained $1,200, of which the people of Clifton gave $720. During the present week the friends of the College in this city will have an opportunity of showing their interest in this important and laudable effort. We shall be disappointed if their response do not prove to be both a liberal and a cheerful one. A meeting is to be held this evening in St. Andrew's Church, commencing at 8 o'clock, which will be addressed by the Rev. Principal of Queen's College, and also by Professor Mackerras.—Hamilton Spectator.

POOR CARLOTTA.—The French journals tell a painful story. A few days back a lady, elegantly dressed and wearing many diamonds, drove up to the house of a gentleman at Eighion, a village near Paris, and, presenting herself as the Queen of Spain, said that she desired to rest his house, and wished to be allowed to visit it. He proceeded to show her over it, but her manner was strange, and after a while she addressed him as "Sir!" He naturally came to the conclusion that she was a lunatic; but was embarrassed as to what he should do. Presently, however, two well dressed men arrived. The Lady at first started on seeing them, but followed them quietly, and they took her away. They told the gentleman that she was a very great Lady, that her mind was affected, and that she had escaped from Paris on her way to the Pyrenees, where she had been ordered by the physicians. The gentleman subsequently learned that she was no less a personage than the sister of the King of the Belgians, the sister-in-law of the Emperor of Austria, the cousin of the Queen of England—she was the widow of Maximilian, Emperor of Mexico. She is, it appears, hopelessly mad.

HOW IT FEELS TO BE SCALPED.—WHAT A VICTIM SAYS ABOUT IT.—A vicum of Indian vengeance arrived in this city on Saturday night, departing, yesterday for his home in Monroe county New York. His name is Delos G Sandbertson, and he lost his scalp at the battle of Washita. Perhaps the sensations experienced by Mr. Sandbertson will interest and enlighten. Says he:—"I was in the infantry. Custer had command of the troops. There was quite a force of cavalry with us, but they were about a mile in the rear when we first discovered the reds. Some of the troops had been sent around so as to attack from the other side. The reds were camped in a sort of valley, and we were within eighty rods of them for half an hour before daybreak. Just in the gray of the morning the firing commenced on both sides, and we had it all our own way for a few minutes, the cursed snakes being much confused, and not knowing what was up. At length they rallied, and we could hear Black Kettle shouting and ordering. The vermin got into holes and behind rocks—anywhere they could find a place, and began to fight back with a will. We fired whenever we could see a top-knot, and shot squaws—there was lots of them—just as quick as Indians. We just went in for wiping out the whole gang. When it was fully day light we all gave a big yell and charged right down into camp. The lodges were all a standing yet, and lots of Indians in them. As we run through the alleys, a big red jumped out at me from behind a tent, and before I could shorten up enough to run him through with my bayonet, a squaw grabbed me around the legs and twisted me down. The camp was then full of men fighting, and everybody seemed yelling as loud as he could. When I fell, I went over backward, dropping my gun, and I had just got part away up again, the squaw yanking me by the hair when the Indian clubbed my gun and struck me across the neck. He might just as well have run me through, but he wasn't used to the bayonet, or didn't think. The blow stunned me; it didn't hurt in the least, but gave me a numb feeling all over. I couldn't have got to my feet then if I'd alone while the squaw kept screeching and pulling my hair out by handsful. I heard some of our boys shouting close by, and the squaw started and ran one of the boys killing her not three yards off. The Indian stepped one foot on my chest, and with his hand gathered up the hair near the crown of my head this way and that, and pinched like Satan. My eyes were partially open, and I could see the beads-work and trimming on his leggings. Suddenly I felt the awfullest biting, cutting flash go round my head, and then it seemed to me as if my whole head had been jerked clean off. I never felt such pain in all my life; why, it was like pulling your brains right out. I didn't know any more for two or three days, and then I came to find that I had the sorest head of any human that ever lived. If the boys killed the viper they didn't get back my scalp; perhaps it got lost in the snow. I was shipped down to Laramie after a bit, and all the nursing I got hadn't made the hair grow out on this spot yet.—Detroit Free Press, June 15.

Royal Canadian Bills taken at Par Value by JAMES DAVIS, Montreal House.

COMMERCE AND MARINE

Kingston Money Market.

June 29.

FOLGER BROS., BANKERS, REPORT THE MONEY MARKET AS FOLLOWS:

American Currency buying	72½	Bills.
" "	75	Silver.
" selling.	73½	Bills.
Silver buying,	4½	Dis.
" selling,	3½	"
Gold in New York,	137½	
Sterling Exchange,	9½	
Royal Can. Bank buying	..00	97 Bills.

Current Prices of Grain.

June 29, 1869.

The Grain Buyers of Ontario Street report:—

Fall Wheat,	0 00 to 0 00	per Bushel.
Spring do.	0 90 to 0 95	" "
Rye,	0 00 to 0 60	" "
Barley,	1 10 to 0 00	" "
Peas,	0 70 to 0 00	" "
Oats,	0 67 to 0 80	" "
Buckwheat,	0 45 to 0 50	" "

New York Markets—June 29.

Gold 137½. Money loans at 4 per cent. Flour heavy and 10c lower; sales 5,600 bbls at 4,85 a 5,40 for superfine state and western; 6,10 a 6,60 for common to choice extra state; 5,55 a 6,65 for common to choice extra western. Rye flour quiet at 4,26 a 6,25. Wheat slightly favour buyers, with less doing; receipts 58,000 bush; sales 46,000 bush No. 2 spring at 1,42 a 1,43. Rye quiet. Barley dull. Oats dull and declining; receipts 7,200 bush; sales 28,000 bush at 74 a 77c for western afloat. Pork quiet, but firmer. Lard quiet and steady.

Montreal Markets—June 29.

Flour—Super Extra, 0,00 to 0,00; Extra, 4,75 to 4,80; Fancy, 4,50 to 4,60; Welland canal super, 0,00 to 0,00; Super No. 1 Canada wheat, 4,45 to 4,60; Super No. 1. Western wheat, 0,00 to 0 00; Super No. 2 Western wheat, 4,10 to 4,20; bag flour 2,15 to 2,25. Wheat—Canada Fall 0,00 to 0,00. Spring, 1,04 to 1,06; Western, 0,00 to 0,00. Oats—per 32 lbs, 40 to 42. Barley—per 48 lbs, 00 to 00. Butter—Dairy 14 to 15c; stolepack 13 to 14c. Ashes—pots, 5,40 to 5 45. Pearls 5,60 to 5,65. Gold in New York at 12 o'clock, 137½. Pork, Mess, 00 00 to 00,00. Prime mess, 00,00 to 00,00. Prime, 20 00.

Flour market quiet, with very little inclination to note: sales generally unchange in absence of transactions. Provisions quiet at former rates. Ashes unchanged.

Our Marine Note Book.

Despite the absence of bustle and excitement, a deal of business is being done in the harbor, sufficient to make a favorable comparison with the transactions at a corresponding period in the best of former years, and to give rise to a pleasing contrast with the generality of seasons.

The grain arrivals on Monday were the schr. Morning Star, from Chicago, with 17,250 bush wheat. Glassford, Jones & Co.; schr. Azov, Chicago, 12,000 bushels wheat, Montreal Transportation Co.; schr. Pioneer, Oshawa, 8,100 bush peas, do.

Arrived from Montreal, tug Glide with five barges, one loaded with fish.

The schr. Princess Alexandra, from Clayton took on a cargo of iron ore for Cleveland.

From the Rideau Canal, barge Rose with 115,000 lumber; barges Shamrock and Thistle, from the Crosby Mines, each with 200 tons of ore; the barge Faugh-a-ballagh with 64,000 feet of lumber and laths; barge Hemlock with 16,000 tamarack railroad ties for the Grand Trunk Company and 16,000 feet lumber.

Judging from telegrams received, the steamer Merritt appears to have met with a series of accidents, and to have caused a considerable amount of damage to other vessels while on her last trip to the Lower Provinces.

Yesterday morning the steamers Corinthian and Abyssinian passed down; in the afternoon the Spartan called. The str. City of Ottawa arrived from the capital. The str. St. Helen, Trenton boat, passed down to Montreal on Monday night.

An attempt is to be made, 'tis reported, to raise the Lady Moulton, lately abandoned and sunk after collision off Long Point. She lies in nearly 200 feet of water, and the venture is doubtful.

The elevator Orb sunk again yesterday morning in her slip at the foot of Earl street. The heavy rain was too much for her. How's this?

Gurney & Ghidden report the schooner Wave Crest arrived yesterday from Oswego, light.

J. H. Henderson & Co. have had the barque Hector placed on the Marine Railway for repairs, and report the following arrivals yesterday: Schr. Magdala, Toledo, 10,000 bush. wheat, and schr. Belle Case, Bay of Quinte, wheat.

Glassford, Jones & Co., reported inwards yesterday morning the schr. Prince Edward from Toronto, with 6,600 bush peas; and three barges from Port Henry with 200 tons pig iron. Last night they despatched to Montreal the barge Powerful, 17,200 bush wheat, and barge Mary, with 6,600 bush peas and 3,000 bush wheat.

Chaffey & Bros. sent off to the Chaffey mine the steam barge Rose and 2 barges, light, to load.

The Montreal Transportation Co have one arrival, the barque Chenango, Chicago, yesterday morning, 19,000 bush wheat. On Monday night they despatched to Montreal four grain laden barges.

Garden Island reports give the following arrivals yesterday a.m.:—Schr. H. Rooney, Toledo, timber; barque St. Lawrence, Saugeen, do; schr, New Dominion, Toledo, staves.

Swift & Co have chartered the barque Chenango and schr. Azov, for iron ore from Coburg to Cleveland, at $1,25 a ton American currency f.o.b.

Chaffey Bros. have chartered the schrs. Wave Crest and Annie Minnes for ore to Cleveland also, from this port at $1 a ton, gold, f.o.b.

Detroit advices of the 26th report the charter of the schr. Wave Crest (?) for Canada staves from Dresden to Kingston at $33. Can. money.

At Chicago on the 24th freights were dull. Chartered for Kingston—Schrs. Marion Egan and Monterey, wheat at 11c. On the 25th rates were easier—ruling at 5c to Buffalo. To Kingston—Barques Mary Jane and Thermutis, schr. Sweepstakes, wheat at 11c, and schr. Czar, from Milwaukee, wheat at 11½c.

The str. Magnet having been overhauled and fitted at Montreal with a new engine and boilers will, it is expected, make her first trip to the Saguenay on the 1st July.

The Rothesay Castle arrived at Montreal from Toronto. She is to run as a Government boat on the New Brunswick coast.

Vessels Passed Through the Welland Canal.

Port Colborne, June 26

DOWN.

Schr Live Yankee, Chicago to Oswego, corn; schrs Florida, Milwaukee to Oswego, wheat; Marco Polo, Cleveland to Toronto, coal; props. Dromedary, Toledo to Quebec, timber; schrs Garibaldi, of Hamilton, Cleveland to Toronto, coal; T Y Avery, Chicago to Oswego, wheat; Star of Hope, Milwaukee to Oswego, wheat; Camanche, Chicago to Oswego, wheat; S D Hungerford, Toledo to Oswego, corn; Annie Falconer, Cleveland to Toronto, coal; Guiding Star, Milwaukee to Oswego, wheat; Daniel G Fort, Milwaukee to Oswego, wheat; Maboken, ditto; H U Todman, Cleveland to Hamilton, coal; Linnie Powell, ditto; W B Ogden, Milwaukee to Oswego, wheat; S Robinson, Chicago, to Kingston, wheat; Ada Medora, Toledo to Ogdensburg, lumber; A Allen, Toledo to Oswego, wheat; barque Prince of Wales, Toledo to Kingston, timber; schrs A L Whitman, Chicago to Oswego, wheat; Telegraph, Toledo to Ogdensburg, lumber; prop St. Lawrence, Toledo to Montreal, corn; schrs S T Atwater, Milwaukee to Oswego, wheat; China, Wallaceburg to Kingston, timber; H S Walbridge, Toledo to Oswego, corn; barque Cecelia, Windsor to Kingston, timber; schrs Three Friends, Cleveland to Toronto, coal; E S J Bemis, Chicago to Oswego, wheat; Florence, Cleveland to Hamilton, coal; Lumina, Cleveland to Belleville, coal; Olive Branch, Toledo to Oswego, lumber; Minnehaha, Chicago to Oswego, corn.

UP.

Schrs Northern Belle, Oswego to Detroit, railroad iron; Australia, Oswego to Cleveland, fish; prop Bruno, Kingston to Chicago, pig iron; barque Valetta, Cape Vincent to Spanish River, light.

The Captain of the schooner Olive Branch reports one of his men, named Wm. Brotherton, of North Scriba, N. Y., was knocked overboard and drowned in coming down this trip off Long Point.

Customs Imports—In Bond.

June 28.

Str Watertown, Cape Vincent—1 pkg, R C Deacon; 1 pkg, R Pennock; 1 bx, J D Wallace; 2 bdls, B Buckmaster.

G T R, Montreal—4 bdls wire, S Muckleston & Co; 50 caddies tobacco, J Brown & Co.

G T R, Montreal—4 bdls wire, S Muckleston & Co; 50 caddies tobacco, Fenwick, Hendry & Co.

Str Watertown, Cape Vincent—1 trunk, H Allen; 1 bx; H Woolhart.

June 29.

G T R Road, Montreal—1 case fireworks, 2 cases firecrackers, R. Town.

Schr Magdala, Toledo—10,000 bsh wheat, 1 ton pipe, J Henderson & Co.

Str Corinthian, Hamilton—70 caddies tobacco, Geo Robertson & Sons.

Schr Wave Crest, Oswego—1 bbl blocks, Frazer & George.

Barque Chenango, Chicago—19,352 bsh wheat, Montreal Trans Co.

Str Abyssinian, Oswego—2 cases fireworks, 1 bskt strawberries, 1 ice cream freezer, 1 pkg, S T Drennan.

Str Watertown, Cape Vincent—3 bbls water, Pro H M Co; 1 pkg books, J Henderson; 1 box, Rapps, Weber & Co; 1 pkg, W Glidden; 1 pkg, J A Rawson; 1 bx, W S Judd; 1 casting, H Frelic.

Schr Azov, Chicago—1,858 bsh wheat, Mon Trans Co.

Brig H Rooney, Toledo—182 pcs oak, 2 pcs walnut, 1 pc ash, Calvin & Brock.

Schr New Dominion, Toledo—50,500 staves, Calvin & Brock.

Cheap Hoop Skirts at the Montreal House.

Ladies'	15 springs.	20 do.	25 do.	30 do.	35 do.
Sizes.	1a 34	1a 64	1a 84	2a 04	2a 34

All New Shapes.

JAMES DAVIS.

MARRIED.

In Kingston, on Monday, June 28th, at the W. M. Church, Sydenham Street, by the Rev. A. B. Ryckman, M.A., Rev. Thos. Kelly, of Napanee, to Emma, second daughter of Mr. Henry Foot, of Kingston.

DIED.

In Kingston, on the 28th June, Sarah Elizabeth, daughter of Mr. P. Lindsay, aged 14 years.

At Pembroke, on the 8th June, Mary, relict of the late Mr. Daniel O'Meara, aged 49 years.

Post Office Notice.

ON THURSDAY NEXT, (Dominion Day), this Office will be open only from 7 A.M. until 10 A.M

The Day Mails going East and West will be closed at 10 A.M

All other Mails for the Day will be closed at 8 A.M.

☞ The Night Mails going East and West will be closed (as usual) at 9 P.M.

R. DEACON,
Postmaster

Post Office, Kingston, June 29th, 1869. 152

REYNER'S ORGAN AND MELODEON FACTORY,

82 KING STREET.

NO AGENTS KEPT, which enables the Subscriber to sell at Factory Prices. The Cheapest House in the Dominion. Try them. Every Instrument guaranteed for five years.

Second-hand Pianos from $80
" Melodeons from $25

Dealer in all kinds of Musical Instruments and Musical Merchandize.

Tuners sent to any part of the country on reasonable terms.

Kingston, June 29, 1869. 152

TO-DAY.

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK.

THE Stockholders of the Royal Canadian Bank are requested to meet at the Council Chamber, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th inst., at 3 o'clock P.M., to receive report from Delegates.

Kingston, June 28, 1869. 151

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Partnership existing between the undersigned, under the name and firm of "R. WADDELL & CO.," has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be carried on by R. Waddell, who will pay and receive all debts due by or to the Partnership.

R. WADDELL,
F. X. COUSINEAU.

Kingston, June 29th, 1869. 152

1869.

ICE! ICE!!

NO MONOPOLY.

J. MALONEY

IS prepared to supply his customers and the public generally, during this season, with a superior article of Ice, on very reasonable terms. Orders received at his Grocery and Provision Store, corner of Queen and Wellington Streets, Kingston, Ontario.

☞ Having a very large stock of Ice on hand, he is superior and is enabled to supply Hotels, Steamboats and private families better and on more reasonable terms than any other person in the trade. As he attends himself to the delivery, customers may rely on a regular and prompt supply. Ice kept constantly, day and night, at the Store.

J. MALONEY.

Kingston, May 20, 1869. 119

DOMINION NIGHT.

AFTER the Fire Works are over on Dominion Day, July 1st, the Band of the 14th Battalion, P. W. O. Rifles, will give a DANCE in the ONTARIO HALL, for which a Special Quadrill Band has been engaged.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Ticket 50 cts. No Single Tickets sold.

Kingston, June 29th, 1869. 151

NEW MUSIC AT HENDERSON'S!

Five Cent Series.

SMILES AND TEARS,
I have a Rose,
Good while you've young,
Gandalin Waltz,
Molly Bawn,
Juanita,
I'm not myself at all,
Beautiful Hope,
'Twas a beautiful night,
Of what is the old man thinking.

Six Cents.

Pretty Polly, if you love me do say yes,
The Fisherman's daughter that lives o'er the water,
The Lover's Letter Box,
I'll tell your wife,
Thy voice is near,
Blue Eyed Violets,
Up in a Balloon,
The Maiden and her Linnet,
Little Blue Butterfly,
Thady O'Flinn.

Ten Cents (Full Music Size).

Anvil Chorus,
My Soul to God, my Heart to Thee,
Wedding March,
It is better to laugh,
Orphee aux Enfers Galop,
Sleep well, sweet Angel,
The Delhi Galop.

Kingston, June 28, 1869. 151

AT THE

Great Sale

AT

McDONELL'S

FOR THIS WEEK

NEW MILLINERY,
NEW MANTLES,
NEW DRESSES,
NEW STRAW GOODS

GENT'S DEPARTMENT

NEW ALPACA CORDS,
NEW LUSTRES,
NEW DENNIN TWEEDS,

Ordered for the Hot Season.

NEW FANCY FLANNELS

FOR

DRESS SHIRTS.

New Dominion House,

82 PRINCESS STREET, 82

Kingston, June 11, 1869. 37

THE FLOUR OF THE FAMILY.

TRY a Sack of the Celebrated Family Flour, put up in Sacks of 50 lbs., and offered to the public sale by

H. MARTIN,
163 Princess Street.

Kingston, June 17 1869. 142

WANTED.

A Elderly Man Servant, to take charge of a horse, and to do general work around a gentleman's house in the country. Good character is required. Apply, by address, at the British Whig Office.

June 28, 1869. 151

Wanted.

A SMART, active young man, that can write, and has some knowledge of keeping Bar. Apply at the British American Hotel.

Kingston, June 28, 1869. 151

Wanted.

TWO EXPERIENCED SALESMEN, for the Dry Goods business.

Apply to

HARTY & CO.,
Market Square.

Kingston, June 28, 1869. 151

TO LET.

A DWELLING in Maple Row. Possession given immediately.

Apply to

JOHN FRASER.

Kingston, June 28, 1869. 150

CHEAP AND RAPID PRINTING.

THOSE who want their Printing done cheaply and promptly will do well to leave their Orders at the British Whig Printing Office, where, in addition to several of the best Hand Presses extant, three Power Presses are at work continually, viz:

Hoe's Press for Large Work;
Gordon's Press for Smaller Work; and
Hoe's Lightning Press for Cards, &c.

No delays, no detention, but Work done at once for Cash, and at Cash Prices.

Kingston, June 24, 1869. 148

CITY OF KINGSTON ELECTORAL DIVISION SOCIETY.

THE SUMMER SHOW of the above Society will be held in the KING STREET SKATING RINK, on

FRIDAY, 9th of JULY, 1869.

Doors open from 2 to 6 in the afternoon, and from 7 to 10 in the evening.

The Band will perform during the evening.

ADMISSION—Members of the Society and their families free. Non-Subscribers 25 cents. Children half price.

N.B.—Entries may be made with the Secretary until Tuesday, 6th July, after which date all entries must be made at the Skating Rink Building, from 10 A.M. to 4 P.M. Exclusively no entries will be taken on the day of the Exhibition.

ALBERT J. BRIGGS,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Kingston, June 25th, 1869. 149

GEO. D. SPOONER, M.D.,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c.

RESIDENCE:
Marble Block, over Johnston & King's Store, Princess Street,
KINGSTON, ONT.

Kingston, June 19, 1869. 144

REMOVAL.

THE Town Majors, and