G. T. R. TIME-TABLE.

Trains arrive and depart from the Kingston Station as follows:—

EXPRESS TRAINS GOING WEST.

Arrive at.....4:15 p.m. and 4:00 a.m.
Departs.....4:25 p.m. and 4:05 a.m.
Local Train arrives at 10:00 p.m.; depart at 7:00 a.m.

EXPRESS TRAINS GOING EAST.

Arrives at.....1:30 p.m. and 3:00 a.m.
Departs.....1:40 p.m. and 3:05 a.m.
Local Train arrives at 2:45 a.m.; depart at 6:15 a.m.

POST OFFICE TIME-TABLE.

MAILS GOING EAST

By Day Express Train close at 12:40 p.m.; Arrive at 2:35 p.m.
By Night Express Train close at 9 p.m.; Arrive at 7:00 a.m.

GOING WEST

By Day Express Train close at 3:35 p.m.; Arrive at 4:45 p.m.
By Night Express Train close at 9 p.m.; Arrive at 7:00 a.m.

FOR UNITED STATES

Via Cape Vincent, for New York, Boston and Ogdensburg, close at 1:30 p.m. daily, and arrive at 12:30 p.m. For Cape Vincent another mail close at 3:30 p.m., and arrive at 7:00 a.m.

BRITISH MAILS

Per Cunard Line, will be closed every Monday at 1:00 p.m.
Per Boston Line, every Tuesday at 1:00 p.m.
Per Canadian Line, every Friday at 12 noon.

(Papers and Letters should be marked for the Line on which they are intended to be forwarded.)

MONTREAL AGENCY.—Mr. Thos. F. S. Kirkpatrick, of the Newspaper and Advertising Agency, No. 104 St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal, is the authorized agent of the BRITISH WHIG in that city.

New Advertisements This Day.

Special Notice—Grace's Salve.
Paper Collars—Rigney & Slavin.
To Painters—W. H. G. Savage.
Notice—Court of Revision, Township of Storrington—D. J. Walker, Tp. Clerk.
Wants a Situation—Apply to J. K., British Whig Office.

THE DOMINION OF CANADA

The Daily British Whig.

"Gutter per Orbem Dicor."

THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 13, 1869.

LETTERS AND TELEGRAMS.—W. T. B., Trenton; J. B. F., Quebec, with rem.; F. E. G., Montreal.

REMINDERS.

SALES, MEETINGS, AMUSEMENTS, &c.

Court of Chancery opens again this morning at the Court House.

Public Accounts, 1867-8.

The public accounts up to the 30th of June 1868, have been laid before the House of Commons. Mr. Langton, in submitting them to the Minister of Finance, states that it has been necessary to include not only affairs properly belonging to the Dominion, but the clearing up of all the transactions of the Provinces of New Brunswick, and Nova Scotia, as well as Canada. This cannot, of course, include the arbitration of debt between the Provinces, but merely current expenses. There is a doubt in his mind whether compensation to seigniors and seigneurial incumbrances and townships should not be entirely charged to the Provinces. He says there remains in the statement of affairs several items which it is very desirable should be altogether written off, or considerably modified in the Dominion books, such as expenditure of Public Works, Grand Trunk Railway, and Northern Railway, and Interest Act.

The following is an analysis of the receipts and expenditure of the Dominion during the first year of existence:—

The gross receipts of the Dominion on account of the Province of Canada—the several Provinces,	$16,830,060 00
Less loans	2,994,600 00
Ordinary Revenue of Dom.	$13,835,460 00
Gross Expenditure of the Dominion	$13,704,170 00
Less Redemption	337,880 00
Balance	$13,336,490 00
Whereof, on account of Public Works chargeable to Capital	557,783 00
Balance	$12,778,707 00
Subsidies, Ontario and Quebec	$2,156,125 60
Add one year's interest on Trust Funds	177,162 64
Total	$2,333,288 24
Less interest on excess of debt (say $11,000,000)	535,000 00
Payable annually	$1,798,288 24
Actually paid	1,568,788 20
Excess payable beyond actual payments	$194,504 04
Ordinary expenditure of the Dominion	12,873,211 00
Surplus	$682,248 00
Total	$13,884,460 00

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

THE ALABAMA QUESTION.

London, May 11.

The Morning Standard, Conservative, has a leading article on the Alabama question. The writer asserts that the raids and other outrages perpetrated by the American Fenians in Canada, during the past five years, more than overbalance the depredations committed by the Alabama on American commerce. The government of Great Britain did all that could be fairly demanded, and to yield further would be an act of cowardice and irreparable degradation.

RESIGNATION OF O'SULLIVAN.

London, May 11.

Mr. O'Sullivan, the Mayor of Cork, has resigned his office. Mr. Maguire, member for Cork, announced the fact in the House of Commons to-day and stated that Mr. O'Sullivan had taken this action to prevent a re-election. The bill qualifying the Mayor from acting as a magistrate was in consequence postponed for one month.

St. Petersburg, May 11.

The government is considering plans for the reorganization of the Roman Catholic Church throughout the Empire.

PATENT.

New York, May 12.

The Tribune's London special says initial steps have been taken for an alliance, offensive and defensive, between England, France and Spain, against the United States. The rejection of the Alabama Treaty, the tone of Mr. Sumner's speech, the alleged filibustering tendencies of Gen. Grant's administration, and the reported connivance at expeditions from the United States against Cuba, being made the pretexts for a necessity for such an alliance.

Fire in Cannifton.

Belleville, May 11.

A fire broke this afternoon at Cannifton, destroying Fairman's Hotel and some eight or nine small wooden buildings adjoining. A high wind prevailed at the time and it was with difficulty that the fire was got under. The loss is estimated at $7,000—partially insured.

PARLIAMENT OF CANADA

House of Commons.

Ottawa, May 10.

Mr. Levesconte, the newly-elected member for Richmond, N.S., was introduced, and took his seat.

Mr. Langevin presented two returns, one relative to importation of American silver, and the other relative to the Ship Channel between Montreal and Quebec.

NEW BILLS.

Mr. Morris—A bill to incorporate the Dominion Mutual Life and Guarantee Insurance Co.

Mr. Macdonald, (Lunenburg)—A bill to incorporate the Merchants' Bank, of Halifax.

Mr. Walsh—A bill relative to the Intercolonial Bridge Company.

Mr. Blanchet—A bill to amend the act relating to inspection of leather.

Sir John A. Macdonald—A bill from the Senate respecting patents of invention.

Sir John A. Macdonald—An act from the Senate respecting joint stock companies.

In reply to Mr. Harris,

Sir John A. Macdonald said that the establishment of a Court Admiralty with jurisdiction in the western part of the Dominion or conferring said jurisdiction upon existing courts was under consideration.

THE CURRENCY.

Mr. Savary moved for copies of proclamations, &c., relating to the assimilation of the currency of the Dominion. He argued in favor of the adoption of one uniform system of currency for the whole Dominion, pointing out the difficulty under which Nova Scotia traders labored when dealing with New Brunswick or the upper provinces. They had to submit to a discount which they considered little less than robbery.

Mr. Rose admitted that the mover had not over-stated the inconvenience and loss which had resulted from our want of a uniform currency. He then referred to the bill of last session which looked to the assimilation of our currency to that of France, Great Britain and the United States, and to the fact that a bill was, about the period of our last session of Parliament, before the United States Congress, for the purpose also of assimilating the currency with the French 5 franc piece as the standard. Since then, he said, an Imperial Commission had sat in England, and the result of their deliberations was, the English sovereign, and not the French 5 franc piece, should be the standard of assimilation. The conclusions of the Commission had given general satisfaction in the commercial centres, and the advocates of opposite systems in the United States had admitted the soundness of the conclusions. There were strong grounds for those conclusions, the principal one being that England is the great money centre of the world, and the English sovereign the standard upon which all the great loans were effected; and it was thought if this standard was changed to one of smaller value, as the French 5 franc, the world at large would be greatly inconvenienced. He thought it would be our duty to submit to our inconveniences until the standard had been fixed upon by great nations.

RAILWAY SUBSIDY.

Mr. Connell moved for the correspondence between the Dominion and Local Government of New Brunswick, relating to the subsidy provided under the act of the legislature of 1864 of the said province to facilitate the construction of railways. The object of the motion was to ascertain if any correspondence between the New Brunswick governments, in which the latter were advised to submit a bill to the local legislature to do away with certain provisions of the subsidy act of 1864, by which aid was granted to the railroad connecting the European and North American railway with Albert county, and also to the road connecting with Canada.

Mr. Rose said when the province of New Brunswick came into the Union it had incurred large obligations in the shape of subsidies for building railroads. There were five or six or these railways going on, and although the Dominion has discharged these obligations as they matured, it was on the distinct and positive understanding, with the local government of New Brunswick, that these payments should be charged against her debt. The correspondence relating to these subsidies would involve a great deal of labor in preparing it.

The motion was withdrawn.

CIVIL SERVICE.

Mr. McKenzie moved for a statement of the names of officers of the civil service who had received any sum as an allowance for special or other services for the present year over their regular salary. He said a report had reached him of large amounts having been paid for special services.

The motion was carried.

COL. MACDOUGALL.

Mr. Mackenzie moved an address for a copy of Col. Macdougall's letter resigning the office of Adjutant General, and other correspondence relating thereto. He regretted that the country had lost the services of such a valuable officer.

The motion was carried.

THE STATUTES.

Mr. Young moved the House into committe of the whole to consider certain resolutions on the subject of printing the statutes and printing and publishing the Canada Gazette. He had no fault to find with those who had done this work heretofore, but with the system. He understood that statutes cost about a dollar a volume, whereas at Ontario they had cost but little over forty cents. He was sure that at least thirty per cent. could be saved by putting up this work for competition. He instanced the experience of parliament and great saving which had been effected since the contract system had been adopted. In England the official Gazette was printed by the Government, and in 1866 the profits realized from its publication amounted to £15,405, which profits increased to £17,071 stg in the following year. At the request of Sir Geo. E. Cartier, the motion was allowed to stand.

Mr. Ross (Dundas) moved for a return of all grain imported into this country from the 1st of April, 1867, to the 1st of April 1869. Carried.

Mr. Harrison moved an address for copies of petitions and correspondence relative to the seizure of the schooner Macenpa at Detroit in 1854. The owner, Mr. Reid, had never been compensated by the American Government and the outrage had been perpetrated on a British subject by an armed body of Americans. He argued that the owner had right to compensation.

The motion was carried.

Mr. Harrison moved that the House go into Committee of the Whole to consider certain resolutions on the subject of Bills of Lading and Warehouse Receipts. He said his purpose in introducing these resolutions was to introduce a bill to make our law on this subject the same as the English law, and to give increased negotiability to warehouse receipts.—Carried.

PRIVATE EXECUTIONS.

Mr. Morris stated that as the Government had embodied the principle of the bill relating to executions within prisons in the criminal procedure act, he would allow his bill to stand for the present.

FIRST OF JULY.

On motion to go into committee on Mr. McCockey's bill to make the first of July a legal holiday.

Mr. Holton objected to the bill. As it affected the interest of labor and of commerce. It was in effect taking the money of the people.

Mr. Levesconte thought it was unfair to ask them to celebrate as a holiday the anniversary of a day on which they believed a most grevious burden was imposed on them. It was unreasonable to believe that Nova Scotia, the majority of whose people was against Confederation, would like to keep a day in honor of Confederation.

The Speaker ruled that the motion was in order. He could not understand that a holiday was a burden upon the people. (Laughter.)

Mr. Macdonald (Glengary) moved, seconded by Mr. Macdonald (Lunenburg), the six months' hoist.

Mr. Macdonald (Lunenburg) said if the measure were forced now he should certainly vote against going into committee. We had already too many holidays, and he was convinced that this bill, if passed would give great dissatisfaction in Nova Scotia.

Mr. Chapman had no objection to the people of Ontario, and Quebec and New Brunswick holding the 1st July as a holiday, but in Nova Scotia it would be one of lamentation. The Nova Scotians felt they were powerless, in this House, and if this bill were passed it would only be another proof of it.

Mr. Ferguson would assure the member from Nova Scotia that it was not the intention of the people of Ontario to impose the bill on them. He thought there were already too many holidays and he was opposed to the introduction of more. He would vote against the bill with great satisfaction.

Mr. D. A. McDonald argued against the bill because Confederation had been a failure.

Mr. Savary opposed the bill for several reasons, and argued that such a bill should not be forced through the House.

Mr. McCoukey said that after the very general desire of the House he would withdraw his bill.

INTEREST.

In reply to Mr. Bowell,

Mr. Rose stated that the government on Friday next would probably bring forward a subject of interest.

The House adjourned at 2:20.

Ottawa, May 11.

A number of petitions were presented, among them were several against any change in the banking law or interference with the bank circulation.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILROAD.

Mr. Langevin brought down a return to an address for copies of surveys and reports of engineers, &c., on the Intercolonial Railroad route.

THE IRISH CHURCH.

Mr. Holton gave notice of a motion to be offered on Thursday for an address to Her Majesty, expressing the desire of the House that Mr. Gladstone's bill for the disestablishment of the Irish Church should pass.

QUEBEC HARBOR.

Mr. Langevin introduced a bill relating to the Quebec harbor trust. He explained the provisions of the bill. The trust, he said, would be managed by five commissioners elected by the bondholders. All debts, duties and obligations were left without interference. The present system was, three commissioners were appointed by the government and two by the bondholders. By giving the bondholders the whole management they would take a greater interest in providing for the payment of the bonds.

The bill was read a first time.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE.

Mr. Rose on moving the third reading of the bill respecting the department of finance, said in relation to the Secretaryship of the Treasury board, that no salary would be attached to the office until the opinion of the House had been expressed upon the matter.

The bill was read a third time and passed.

The House went into committee on the act to give effect to agreement made between the Government of Canada and the Great Western Railway Co.

After some debate the several clauses were agreed to, and the committee reported.

Sir John A. Macdonald, on the order for the second reading of the Insolvency Bill, proposed to refer it to a special committee for amendments embodying suggestions of high authority from Ontario.

A debate ensued of six hours' length, after which the bill was read a second time and referred to a committee consisting of Messrs. Abbott, Gray, Wood, Irvine, Holton, Galt, E. M. Macdonald, Dufresne, Beatty, Workman, Savary, J. H. Cameron, Harrison, M. C. Cameron, Langevin, Langlois, Geoffrion, Levisconte, and the mover.

The House adjourned at half-past 11 o'clock.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.—The papers called for in connection with this Railway having been brought down to the House of Commons on Tuesday, it was expected that the great battle of the routes would come off last night.

Musical Entertainment.

The Military ladies and gentlemen of Kingston, who gave two Public Entertainments in the City Hall during the past winter, gave a third in the Music Hall on on Tuesday evening last. The Hall was by no means crowded, the Entertainment suffering the fate of all things of the kind given in Canada after the opening of Spring; added to which was the repugnance of Civilians generally to patronize Entertainments given by the Military, however excellent they may be. Altho' that of Tuesday was much better in every respect than many a Professional Concert, yet with the exception of a few Complimentary Admissions, hardly a soul was present except the Military and their personal friends. But let that pass.

The Four Part Singing of the Amateur Glee Club was really excellent, the time good, and the voices better. 'Spring Time,' by Mendelssohn, was beautifully executed. 'Dite alla Giovine,' by Mr. O'Callaghan and the Hon. Mrs. Dugmore, was nicely sung—the lady has a charming contralto voice, not much power, but great sweetness. Still better was a trio, 'Oh Memory,' by Mrs. Dugmore, Miss Deacon and Capt. Wilson, R.A., accompanied with much taste by Miss Depuy. Both pieces were redemanded. Miss Deacon, with many pretty fioriturí, executed Arditi's Valse, 'L'Estasie,' and was warmly and loudly applauded. She is a delightful singer, her voice so fresh and pure. Capt. Wilson, who managed the Concert, accompanied the other Vocal Music, and played a Pot Pourri from 'Faust,' in good artistic style; and if it sounded not quite so well as his former Piano Forte Solos, the fault was not his. The same gentleman, with Miss Yates, also played a Fantasia from 'Norma,' and both lady and gentleman vied in excellence. Mr. O'Callaghan sang a couple of Songs with his usual musical correctness; and Mr. Charles Gildersleeve sang a Sacred Song very pleasingly—all well received and appreciated. And we must not omit to notice the very charming Sacred Song sung by Mrs. Hibbert, 'Ruth and Naomi,' with exquisite taste, which was vehemently encored, and the lady complied with the call. This Entertainment had two pleasing characteristics differing from those preceding it—there was no unsightly exhibition of coat tails, and there were only two Readings.

However much the inhabitants of Kingston generally may have failed to patronize these Military Concerts, yet those of the public who did attend them, have to be thankful to the ladies and gentlemen who got them up, and so ably did their best to please.

Important Arrests.

On Tuesday night Detective Sergeant McAuley lodged in the county gaol, John and Allen Palmatier, two of the men charged upon the verdict of the coroner's jury, with the wilful murder of Patrick Whalen at Inverary, on the 6th of February last.

The circumstances will be clearly remembered when the main facts are stated. Whalen, who was a well to do farmer from Camden, was in Inverary on business, when he himself interposed on behalf of a man named Wm. Varney whom the Palmatiers were beating, when they all set on him, and a blow of a skull cracker from Allen Palmatier sent him after a week's suffering, to his last account. The assailants escaped arrest in the easiest manner possible.

After the jury had brought in their verdict, the coroner issued a warrant, which Detective McAuley and a county constable endeavored to execute. It was stated that the men had gone west, but it is firmly believed that they never left this or the adjoining county, being carefully concealed by their friends in a neighborhood possessing considerable sympathy for them. The matter rested till the week before last, when Detective McAuley, acting on well founded information, proceeded to the residence of the father of the Palmatiers, near the village of Erinsville, in the township of Sheffield, but in breaking in on the family in the night time, were disappointed in not finding the men, who probably slept out to avoid surprize. Further pursuit was in less and the party consisting of four officers returned. Nothing daunted, McAuley, still sure of his game being in the right quarter, left on Monday last on another expedition to Erinsville, accompanied by Policemen Bennett and Hoyle. The party arrived at the Palmatiers' before day-break, after a ride of 45 miles, and disposed themselves so as to observe all that was going on at the house without being themselves observed. They saw the men emerge from the barn and enter the house, and approaching nearer, watched patiently their preparations for the morning meal. Then, while seated at their breakfast, McAuley and Hoyle made a dash on the house, surprizing the Palmatiers, and taking them prisoners without a show of resistance. The prisoners were at once brought to the city. They gave no trouble, and are not the desperate fellows the charge would imply; in fact, are very quiet. The eldest is only 23 years of age. For the past three weeks they have lived in a free open manner, and anticipated a visit from our police.

The third man, Varney, is now south of the line 45°. The Palmatiers will remain in gaol until the Fall Assizes are held.

Banking Policy.

WHAT MR. ROSE CONTEMPLATES DOING.

The Leader says:—

The Banking policy to be submitted on Friday will provide for the general extinction of bank currency after July, 1871, at the rate of twenty per cent. per annum to be completed in 1876. The bank charters will be renewed for ten years, making the double liability of shareholders immediately available. The Government will pay interest on bonds deposited for note circulation. The banks will be required to keep twenty per cent. of gold for the redemption of their notes. The notes will be legal tender and not subject to discount anywhere. From the amount of bank capital now existing this arrangement, it is contended, will provide ample means for the expansion of the currency when required. It is probable that the Government arrangement will be well received by the banks.

The New Patent Law.

Board of Arts and Manufactures, P.Q., Montreal, 6th May, 1869.

(To the Editor of the British Whig.)

SIR,—I am directed by the Board of Arts and Manufactures of the Province of Quebec, to enclose you copies of a Petition to His Excellency the Governor General and Parliament of Canada, respecting the Manufacturing Industry of the Dominion, as effected by a proposed new Patent Law now before the Senate. On the strength of the object sought to be accomplished by means of the Petition, being a praiseworthy and patriotic one, I am instructed by this Board to request your co-operation, by having the Petition numerously and respectably signed by parties in your vicinity. If you will be good enough to do as requested, please procure the names at your earliest convenience, and return the Petition here to me. The proposed Patent Bill is not yet before the House of Commons, but will be soon; there is therefore no time to be lost.

FRANK E. GILMAN,
Secretary of Board of A. & M., P.Q.

*** With due submission to the worthy Secretary, surely it will be time enough to petition against the proposed law when it is made public. Nevertheless, we make his desire known. The petitions remain at our office for signature.

News Summary.

Small-pox is said to be making fearful ravages in Panama.

Several slight shocks of earthquake have been recently felt at San Salvador.

The Mount Vernon estate of General Washington is advertised for sale.

Congressman Fessenden has returned to Portland and speaks in high terms of the future prospects of Canada.

The Montreal Star hears it on good private authority that Sir George E. Cartier intends shortly to leave for Europe, there to permanently reside.

More fighting and skirmishing—marching up a hill and down again—going on in Cuba and Mexico, but nothing occurring likely to upset the balance of power.

A Cable despatch from Capt.-Gen. of Cuba to Spanish Minister says the insurrection is virtually terminated, and that not more than 12,000 insurgents remain under arms.

John Deery has won the champion cup at New York. Rudolphe second, Snyder and Foster tie for third, Rhines fifth. Foster has challenged Deery.

The "Mary Lowell" claim has been presented by the English Government for settlement, at Madrid. The Spanish authorities insist that the vessel was not on British waters at the time, being more than 3 leagues from the shore.

FRUIT CULTURE.—Some six thousand fruit trees were landed from the steamer last week at Picton, to be planted in the County. The Gazette says it is an evidence of progress that the farmers in that County are so generally turning their attention to growing fruit. The adaptability of this climate has been thoroughly tested in this respect, and were any one dubious as to the quality, variety and flavour of the fruit raised in this vicinity—which is yet, to a certain degree, in its incipiency—they would have those fears dispelled by witnessing the yearly display at our annual County Exhibitions as well as by the price and ready sale which fruit grown in that County invariably commands.

News Items.

EUROPEAN.

Victor Hugo is coming to America.

The Prince and Princess of Wales have arrived in London.

Lord Robert Grosvenor has laid before the Emperor of the French the plans, diagrams, &c., for a tunnel between France and England.

England has 1,000,000 more women than she has men; so it not much to be wondered at that they are beginning to think about their rights.

Lord Lyttleton, the Rt. Hon. C. B. Adderly, and Sir Lawrence Peel are to be nominated members of the new Colonial Order of Knighthood.

The Royal family of Belgium is in deep affliction on account of the lamentable state of Princess Carlotta's health. The Princess is now confined to her bed, and the most alarming symptoms have made their appearance. There is but very little hope of her recovery.

The half-yearly meeting of the Great Western Railway of Canada was held on the 28th ult., when the directors' report was adopted, and a dividend declared at the rate of 5½ per cent. per annum free of income tax, and payable in London on the 12th May.

Sgr. Orense asked in the Cortes what the Spanish Government was doing to obtain Gibraltar from the British. The Minister scarcely seemed to know, but ultimately said they must wait until the settlement of their internal affairs before negotiating with England for the cession of the rock. Probably so.

CANADIAN.

A large building of the Grand Trunk Railway is being fitted up for emigrants at Quebec.

Printers are leaving the Typographical Union, at Montreal, and gradually returning to work at old terms.

Lord Cecil preached on Sunday at Montreal in the Mechanics' Hall, and shocked a great many people, who left the building in the middle of his address.

Fifty-six porpoises, valued at $4,000, were stranded a few days ago in the fishery of the Hon. Letellier de St. Just, Senator, at Rivere Ouelle, on the River du Loup line.

The sale of horses belonging to the officers of the 13th Hussars and Royal Artillery took place at Toronto on Monday and Tuesday. Seventy were disposed of. Most of them brought fair prices.

A Roman Catholic priest at Toronto, the Rev. J. M. Laurent, recently made an application to the Emperor Napoleon for aid in putting up a church on Dummer street. His request has been received, and a very handsome clock, with a bust of the Emperor, is now on its way to Toronto.

A man was shot at Peterboro on Saturday night. He was among a party of roughs who were at the charivari of a couple lately married. The ball entered the thigh about seven inches above the knee. He is now recovering. It is not known who fired the shot.

Army Reforms.

A debate lately took place in the English House of Commons on the subject of employing soldiers on the various works about barracks, so as to benefit those employed, and at the same time effect a saving to the country. The feeling was generally in favor of such a course as likely to keep soldiers from many temptations resulting from a life of idleness, and making them also more effective in time of war.

A new mode of punishment for drunkenness in the army has recently been introduced, namely, fining the men for each case of "drunk" according to the following scale:—1st case, optional to commanding officer; 2nd case, 2s. 6d., fine, with drill at discretion of officer; 3rd case, 7s. 6d. do; 4th case, 10s. do.; provided each case occurs within three months of the former; also absence from tattoo to reveille will be treated as a drunken chalk. This is a wholesome check on that bane of the army, for by taking the means from the man of unsteady habits, you withdraw the temptation to drink.

☞ One Hundred and Fifty Pieces of New Carpets at the Montreal House. Splendid Patterns and Low Prices.
JAMES DAVIS.

COMMERCE AND MARINE.

Kingston Money Market.

May 12.

FOLGER BROS., BANKERS, REPORT THE MONEY MARKET AS FOLLOWS:

American Currency buying,	72	Bills.
" "	74½	Silver.
" selling,	73	Bills.
Silver buying,	4	Dis.
" selling,	3½	"
Gold in New York,	138½	
Sterling Exchange,	9½	

Current Prices of Grain.

May 12, 1869.

Tho Grain Buyers of Ontario Street report—

Fall Wheat,	0 00 to 0 00	per Bushel.
Spring do.,	0 90 to 0 95	" "
Rye,	0 00 to 1 00	" "
Barley,	1 00 to 1 05	" "
Peas,	0 73 to 0 84	" "
Oats,	0 47 to 0 50	" "
Buckwheat,	0 45 to 0 50	" "

Montreal Share and Stock List.

May 11.

Shares.	BANKS.	Div. p	Closing Prices, per.
$200	Bank of Montreal	12	155½a156½
£50	Bank B. N. America	6	105 a105½
80	City Bank		101 a101½
50	Banque du Peuple	8	108 a108½
50	Molson's Bank	8	108 a109
40	Ontario Bank	8	100½a101
100	Bank of Toronto	8	117 a119
100	Quebec Bank	7	102 a104
50	Banque Nationale	8	105½ —
40	Gore Bank	—	35 a 37
50	Banque Jacques Cartier	8	109 a110
100	Merchants' Bank	8	107½a108½
50	Eust. Townships Bank	8	99½a101
50	Royal Canadian Bank	8	70 a 75
100	Union Bank	8	105 a106
50	Mechanics' Bank	8	93½a 94½
50	Bank of Commerce	8	101½a102½
	RAILWAYS.		
£100	Grand Trunk		15 a 17
20½	Great Western	4	13 a 15
	MISCELLANEOUS		
40	Montreal Telegraph Co	10	133½a134½
47	Montreal City Gas Co.	8	134 a136
100	Richelieu Nav. Co.	7	111½a112½
100	Can. Navigation Co.	20	101½a102½
100	Dominion Stock 6 p.c.		107 a108

EXCHANGE.

Bank on London, 60 days	109½a109¾
Private " "	108 a108½
Bank on New York	26½a 27
Private " "	27 a27½
Gold Drafts on New York	par to ¼ pm.

New York Markets.

May 12.

Gold 138½. Sterling exchange 9½ to 10¼. Flour for shipping grades improving; receipts 4,200 bbls; sales 7,000 bbls at 5,70 for superfine state and western; 6,25 to 6,70 for common to choice extra state; 6,35 to 7,00 for common to choice extra western. Rye flour quiet at 4,75 to 6,80. Wheat quiet; receipts 15,000 bush; sales 12,000 bush at 1,48 to 1,49 for No. 2 spring delivered; 1,50 for white Michigan. Rye rather quiet. Corn firmer for old; new dull and heavy; receipts 9,000 bush; sales 49,000 bush at 80 to 82½c for new mixed western; 85c for old in store 86 to 86½c for do afloat. Barley dull. Oats heavy and lower; receipts 11,000 bush; sales 18,000 bush at 86½c for western afloat. Pork dull and heavy at 30,75 to 31,00 for new mess; 30,87 for old do. Lard firm and quiet.

Montreal Markets—May 12th.

Flour—Super Extra, 0,00 to 0,00; Extra, 4,80 to 4,90; Fancy, 4,60 to 4,70; Welland Canal Super, 4,40½ to 0,00; Super No. 1 Canada wheat, 4,40 to 4,50; Super No. 1 Western wheat, 4,42½ to 4 45; Super No. 2 Western wheat, 4,12 to 4,22½; bag flour 2,15 to 2,20. Wheat—Canada Fall 1,03 to 1,06. Spring, 1,04 to 1,05; Western, 0,98 to 0,00. Oats—per 32 lbs, 00 to 00. Barley—per 48 lbs, 0,00 to 0,00 Butter—Dairy 15 to 17c; storepacked 00 to 00c. Ashes—pots, 5,50 to 5,55. Pearls 5,50 to 5,55 Gold in New York at 12 o'clock, 138½. Pork, Mess, 27,50 to 28,00 Prime mess, 00,00 to 00,00. Prime, 00,00 to 00,00. Dressed hogs, 0,00 to 0,00. Peas, per 66 lbs 83 to 85. Rye Flour 0,00 to 0.00.

HARBOR ITEMS.—A number of arrivals were reported at Garden Island yesterday. The barque Superior and schr. Atmosphere arrived at Glassford, Jones & Co's., from Chicago with grain. The schr. Amaranth, having discharged her grain, has left for Chicago, light. The R. M. str. Champion down yesterday morning heavily laden; Passport up 6 p.m. The str. City of Ottawa has not arrived from Ottawa as expected, the break at Smith Falls not yet having been repaired. The schr. Flying Scud loads lumber to-day for Oswego.

☞ The Glasgow s.s. St. Andrew arrived at Quebec yesterday with 403 passengers. The s.s. Ottawa outward same day at Father Point.

Welland Canal.

The following are the vessels reported through the Welland Canal yesterday:

UP—Prop. Georgian, Montreal, Port Stanley; prop. City of London, Montreal, Kincardine; bark Southampton, Kingston, Wallaceburg, light.

DOWN—Bark Geo. Thurston, Dresden, Kingston, timber; brk. Gen. Burnsides, River Rouge, Clayton, timber; brk. Clyde, Wallaceburg, Kingston, timber; schr. H. P. Massey, Owen Sound, Kingston, wheat; brig Sir C. Napier, Wallaceburg, Clayton, timber; schr. T. Weston, Cleveland, Montreal, stone and wood hoops; schr. Geo. B. Dawson, Chicago, Kingston, wheat.

LAKE FREIGHTS.—Chicago, 8th.—Lake freights were quiet and unchanged. The charters reported were: Schr Monteagle, corn, 9½c to Oswego; schr Light Guard (from Racine) wheat, 11c, and schr Dreadnought, corn at 10c, to Kingston; prop Potomac, wheat 6c and oats 5c, and schr Hattie Wells, corn, 9½c to Buffalo; schr Harvest Queen, corn 4c to Buffalo.

A SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE Subscriber invites his Customers, and the Public generally, to visit and inspect his Stock of New Furniture and Cabinet Ware, at his greatly enlarged Premises in King Street, where he can show some of the Finest and most Highly Finished Sets of Drawing Room Furniture ever seen in Kingston.

G. BRAND.

Kingston, May 10, 1869. 110

BIRTH.

In Kingston, on the 12th inst., the wife of the Rev. William Babington Moffatt of a son.

DIED.

At Gananoque, Ont., at the residence of her brother-in-law, Mr. E. R. Coleman, on the 10th instant, Elizabeth Kate, the beloved wife of Mr. Benjamin Dales, Contractor.

The body will leave Gananoque at 9 o'clock on THURSDAY MORNING, and will be at the Tête de Pont Barracks at TWO P.M., on the way to Waterloo Cemetery. Friends will please accept this notice.

In Kingston, on the 11th inst., Gordon, eldest son of Mr. Emilius Hughes, Deputy Assistant Commissary General, aged 3 years.

In Kingston, on the 11th inst., Thomas Ramsay, Esq., aged 62 years.

In Kingston, May 8th, Sophia, wife of James Adams, aged 37 years.

Wants a Situation.

A STRONG, YOUNG WOMAN, who can do Household Work, attend to Cows, and do Plain Cooking. Apply to J. K., at the Office of the British Whig.

Kingston, May 12, 1869. 112

PAPER COLLARS,
EVERY SIZE! EVERY PRICE!!
AND
THE LATEST STYLES,
AT
Rigney & Slavin's.

HAVING been appointed Agents for the Albany Paper Collar Company, we are prepared to supply the Trade in any quantity, at

FACTORY PRICES.

Kingston, May 12, 1869. 112

To Painters.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, at W. H. G. Savage's Paint Shop, Brock Street, above Barrie Street, THREE First Class House Painters and Decorators.

Kingston, May 12, 1869. 4in112

NOTICE.

THE First Meeting of the Court of Revision for the Township of Storrington will be held at the Council Chamber, Battersea, on MONDAY, the 31st day of May, at 10 o'clock A.M.

DAVID JAMES WALKER,
Township Clerk.

Township Clerk's Office,
Inverary, May 11th, 1869. 112

Frontenac Brewery.

Tenders for Cordwood

WILL be received at the Store of the undersigned, up to 1ST JUNE, 1869, for One Hundred Cords of Wood, comprised of HICKORY, HARD MAPLE, BEECH and IRONWOOD; also One Hundred Cords, comprising BIRCH, HEMLOCK & BASSWOOD, all of which is to be delivered in equal quantities (if not otherwise agreed upon) at the FRONTENAC BREWERY.

A. LIVINGSTON,
Princess Street

N.B.—The above Establishment will be prepared, on and after 1st of JUNE next, to supply STEAMBOATS, HOTELS and PRIVATE FAMILIES with BOTTLED ALES & PORTER direct from the Brewery.

A. LIVINGSTON,
Princess Street.

IN connection with the above, the undersigned wishes the public to know that he is the Kingston Agent for the sale of the

Celebrated Penner's Cider.

A. LIVINGSTON.

Kingston, May 6, 1869. 107

THE "BIG SHOW."

GENTS, Youths & Boys,

SEE

McDONELL'S FANCY TIE WINDOW.

AMERICANISM VS. ENGLISHISM.

ENGLISH STYLES AGAINST AMERICAN STYLES

ON EXHIBITION

ALL THIS WEEK.

82 PRINCESS STREET. 82

New Dominion House,

Kingston, May 11, 1869. 111

FOR LONDON.

THE NEW FIRST CLASS POWERFUL STEAMSHIP

"DACIA,"

LOWELL, COMMANDER,

WILL BE DISPATCHED FROM

QUEBEC

ON

Tuesday, the 18th May.

For Freight or Passage apply to

ROSS & CO.,
Quebec.

Or DAVID SHAW,
Royal Insurance Buildings,
Montreal.

May 11, 1869. 111

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of the late Mr. Terence Connolly, of Wolfe Island, are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned Executors, and any to whom the Estate is indebted will present their claims for adjustment. Any parties indebted by note will call and arrange with the undersigned without delay.

THOS. CONNOLLY,
JAMES McRAE,
Executors.

Wolfe Island, May 11, 1869. 111

ROBERTSON BROS.
STEAM
Soap & Candle Works,
Coffee and Spice Mills,
GORE STREET,
KINGSTON.

B. W. ROBERTSON. | T. M. ROBERTSON.

Wanted, 40 tons Tallow, rough or rendered.

Kingston, May 5, 1869. 3m106

JUST RECEIVED,

Pine Apples, first of the Season,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Cocoa Nuts,
Fire Crackers,
Torpedoes,
Lobsters,
Sardines,
Fresh Oysters, daily.

Plantagenet Mineral Water, wholesale and retail, at

R. TOWNS,
Ontario Street.

Kingston, May 7th, 1869. 107

A VALUABLE LOT OF LAND
FOR SALE

IN PRINCESS STREET, adjoining Dr. Fee's. Enquire of

CHARLES JOYNER.

Sydenham, Loughboro, May 6. 2aw107

SALES BY J. J. LINTON

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Sale of Valuable Real Estate, positively without Reserve, as the Owner is leaving for Europe.

WILL be sold at the Kingston Auction Mart, on SATURDAY next, the 15th inst., all that Property situated at the upper end of Princess Street (Williamsville), comprising about one-third of an acre of Land, with a Two Storey Stone Dwelling House, with Outbuildings attached, erected thereon.

—ALSO—

A Large Field, comprising an acre and a half of Land, with Farm House.

The whole originally cost $3,000. The Property will be put up in one lot, or the Stone House and Garden separate, or in lots to suit purchasers. The whole will be sold without reserve.

For particulars and title apply to Mr. Ireland, Trust and Loan Office, or to

J. J. LINTON,
Auctioneer.

Terms at Sale.
Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.
Kingston, May 11th, 1869. 111

AUCTION SALE
OF
FREEHOLD PROPERTY!
In the