Post Office Time Table.

MAILS GOING EAST

By Day Express Train close at 12:10 p.m.; Arrive at 1:00 p.m.

By Night Express Train close at 9 p.m.; Arrive at 9:00 a.m.

GOING WEST

By Day Express Train close at 3:20 p.m.; Arrive at 4:00 p.m.

By Night Express Train close at 9 p.m.; Arrive at 8:30 a.m.

FOR UNITED STATES

Via Cape Vincent for New York, Boston and Canada, close at 9:00 a.m. daily, and arrive at 7:15 p.m. For Cape Vincent alone close at 2 p.m., and arrive at 11:30 a.m.

G. T. R. TIME-TABLE.

Trains arrive and depart from the Kingston Station as follows:—

EXPRESS TRAINS GOING WEST.

Arrive at.....4:50 p.m. and 3:40 a.m.
Depart at.....5:10 p.m. and 3:40 a.m.
Local Train arrives at 10:00 p.m., departs at 7:00 a.m.

EXPRESS TRAINS GOING EAST.

Arrive at.....1:30 p.m. and 2:10 a.m.
Depart at.....1:50 p.m. and 2:10 a.m.
Local Train arrives at 3:15 a.m.; depart at 6:20 a.m.

The Daily British Whig.

'Optimus per Orbem Dicor.'

FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 16, 1869.

REMINDERS.

SALES, MEETINGS, AMUSEMENTS, &c

VELOCIPEDE SCHOOL, Skating Rink, is open every day.

KINGSTON LA CROSSE CLUB—Annual meeting this evening at 7:15 o'clock.

Opening of the Dominion Parliament.

Yesterday afternoon, at three o'clock, His Excellency, Sir John Young, Bt., Governor General of Canada, opened the Session of the Dominion Parliament with great pomp and parade. He was received at the door of the House of Parliament by a Guard of Honor furnished by the Rifle Brigade, and a Salute of 19 guns was fired by the Volunteer Battery of Artillery. In the Senate Chamber he was attended by the Members of his Cabinet and the Senators, and by several of the Officers of the Army in Ottawa, all in full dress. Lady Young and a crowd of the Ottawa Beauties, including the rank and fashion of the Capital, graced and honored the occasion, and the whole affair was very handsome and dignified. After His Excellency had taken his seat on the Throne, the Usher of the Black Rod was directed to summon the Members of the House of Commons, many of whom, headed by their Speaker, promptly appeared, to whom and the assembled Senators His Excellency was graciously pleased to deliver his "Speech from the Throne."

THE SPEECH.

Hon. Gentlemen of the Senate; Gentlemen of the House of Commons—I have great satisfaction in having recourse to your advice, and I rejoice to think that on this the first occasion on which I have had the honour of addressing you, we may congratulate ourselves on the aspect of public affairs at home and abroad, on the prevalence of peaceful counsels amongst nations, and on the indications of agreement and tranquility favorable alike to the development of foreign commerce and the pro-ecution of domestic industry. The great scheme of Confederation was successfully inaugurated under the auspices of my predecessor; it is to me a source of pride to find my name in honorouble association with the the rising fortunes of the Dominion of Canada, and I shall count it a happiness as well as a duty to co operate to the utmost of my ability in furthering your efforts to strengthen the ties that bind the different provinces together, and to ensure the attachment of the people to the soil by the enactment of wise and equal laws. Your efforts in these directions now seem more than ever likely to be called into action, inasmuch as the terms upon which great accessions are offered to the Dominion will be submitted for your immediate consideration.

In consequence of the Duke of Buckingham and Chandos' despatch of the 8th of August last year, stating that his Grace proposed to enter into negotiations with the Hudson's Bay Company as to the terms on which they would be willing to surrender their rights to the North-west territory, Lord Mocck sent home to England two members of the Privy Council as a deputation to watch the course of the proceedings and attend to the interests of Canada. The conference in London and the correspondence on the subject have been brought to a definite issue by the proposal which at a full review of the circumstances Earl Granville made on the part of Her Majesty's Government for the consideration of the people of Canada and of the Hudson's Bay Company. I have received the intelligence that the Hudson's Bay Company has after some deliberation decided upon accepting the terms laid down by the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

I have directed that the report of the mission and all the papers connected therewith shall be duly laid before Parliament, and I commend them to your serious consideration in view of the great importance of the subject, no less than in the hope that this long vexed question may be closed without further delay.

I was much gratified by communications from the Governor of Newfoundland, expressing the desire for admission into the Union which prevails amongst the inhabitants of that colony, and especially by his despatch of the 20th March last, covering copies of resolutions which have been passed by the Council and Assembly and which set forth the conditions they consider it desirable to advance.

As soon as documents shall be furnished at one for the information of Parliament, and I hope that before the close of the session I may be in a position to submit the details of a provisional arrangement for your consideration.

It will be a sensible pleasure to me as well as a subject of general congratulations if at some early day the fine colony of Newfoundland, unrivalled as the nursery of hardy seamen and inexhaustible in its wealth of fisheries, becomes part of the Dominion.

In accordance with the suggestions of Her Majesty's government, an earnest attempt has been made to allay the discontent unhappily existing in Nova Scotia. The papers connected with this subject will be submitted for your favorable consideration.

In continuance of the course commenced last session, bills will be presented to you for the assimilation of the criminal law existing in the several provinces. No greater boon can be conferred on a country, than a well defined code of criminal law, of general application and easy ascertaining.

Among other measures, bills will be presented to you for the establishment of uniform and amended laws respecting Parliamentary elections, Bankruptcy and Insolvency, and patents of invention and discovery.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons—The estimates for the expenditure of the ensuing year will be submitted to you. They have been framed with every economy compatible with the efficiency of the public service. I have also desired that the financial accounts of the past year should be laid before you.

Honorable gentlemen of the Senate, and gentlemen of the House of Commons—The charters of several banks are drawing too close and the important subjects of banking and currency will be brought under your notice. In considering these questions which so deeply affect not only the immediate interests of commerce, but the daily transactions of life, I feel assured that you will endeavour to adopt such principles as in their application may ensure the greatest measure of safety to the public without curtailing the facilities requisite for the encouragement and extension of trade.

I have enumerated a variety of topics, but they are of moment, and press for decision within the limits of the Session. I commit them in all confidence to your deliberate judgment, earnestly hoping that a blessing may attend your counsels, and enable you to discharge with dignity and effect the great trust to which the order of Providence has called you.

Two Complaints.

(To the Editor of the British Whig.)

DEAR SIR,—No doubt you are aware that when the Cadets entered the Military School, it was with the full understanding that they were to be appointed to officer the Militia. Accordingly a number of well educated young men (some from the College) obtained first-class certificates, which certified they were candidates for officers, but when the appointments were made, they were passed over, and uneducated persons appointed. The consequence is that people have lost confidence in the system, and dissatisfaction generally prevails throughout the country. Now can those candidates be compelled to serve in the ranks of the Militia? If so, there is little doubt but the Dominion will be relieved of many of its most promising young men.

Neither is the Ontario Government without its faults, especially in the land granting department. A well known family resident here, descendants of the U. E. Loyalists, having a number of sons all loyal and true, and proved so in 1770, in 1812, in 1837 and at the Fenian raid. The father bought a claim in the rear of this county; obtained quit claim deeds from the several claimants three years ago; he wrote to the Government at Ottawa several times, offering to purchase the land, but got no answer. Last winter he wrote to the Crown Lands Office, Toronto. He received an answer at once directing him to go to the local agent and establish his claim, but was informed at the same time that the lot was under a timber license. Now he had no claim to establish more than he had, and further embarrassed with timber licenses, he merely wished to purchase, but could not in consequence of such clumsy business. There are about twenty young men leaving this county every week.

Yours truly,
A FARMER.

April 15th, 1869.

Bear's Grease.

(To the Editor of the British Whig.)

DEAR SIR.—In view of the increasing scarcity of Bears and consequently Ursina or Bear's Grease, I think it my duty to suggest to the principal druggists and vendors of this article a very innocent deception, and one which, with a very small outlay, would be highly remunerative. It is this: Let one of these druggists buy a young bear, feed him well, and put him in a small iron cage outside the door. This will assuredly draw a crowd about his door, and be a success as an advertisement. After the bear has been exhibited in this manner for about a week, he will place a ticket on the cage, 'This bear to be killed to-morrow.' Of course the bear will have to be taken in and kept out of the way for about a fortnight, and in the meantime the druggist must stock his window with his scented marrow, which will sell rapidly. This innocent deception may be practised for several times, when for fear some cunning rascal may recognize the bear, it had better be traded off to keep the ball rolling. It is my respect for chemists and druggists that suggests the above idea, by which a large fortune was made by a friend of mine in China.

Yours truly,
AXE.

Kingston, April 15th, 1869.

A Spanish Outrage.

A NUT FOR THE DON TO CRACK PRETTY SOON.

The commanders of the Spanish war vessels off Cuba seem to have very little discretion, and if they continue in their present course are pretty sure to get their country into trouble. A short time ago they committed an outrage in British waters upon the American brig Mary Lowell, and now even worse in its character is reported in the Nassau papers. The Herald of that place, in its issue of the 3rd, gives the following account of the affair:—

'By the arrival of the schooner Elva from the Banks to-day we have received the following startling intelligence:—The day before yesterday the Cuban privateer Commeditario, alias Yara, was wrecked on one of those dangerous reefs in the vicinity of the Berry Islands, where the crew went on shore. They had not long been there, however, when six Spanish men-of-war hove in sight, and immediately landed a number of marines and soldiers on the island who proceeded to scour over the whole island in search of the Cuban refugees; and not content with invading her Majesty's territories, commenced firing at our Bahama wreckers who happened to be in the neighborhood. This intelligence may be relied upon as authentic, and is nothing short of a declaration of war against Great Britain.'

The Nassau Guardian of the same date has a slightly different version of the matter:—

'The wrecking schooner Elva, Mingo, master, has arrived from Berry Islands. The master reports that four Spanish war vessels were at the Berry Islands yesterday, and that the steamer Yara was captured at Great Harbor on Thursday last. This vessel during the chase ran for the land, when her crew scuttled her and went ashore. She was then boarded by a party of Spanish sailors, who stopped the leak, and she was lying afloat when the Elva left yesterday. The master of the Elva also reports the landing of about three hundred men from the war vessels in search of the crew of the Yara; and further, that his vessel was fired at by the men-of-war and boarded by five boats, when his papers were demanded and his vessel searched. The Hon. E. B. A. Taylor, police magistrate, left to-day in Her Majesty's steamer Cherub to investigate the affair. A boat belonging to the steamer Yara was seized by the custom house boarding officer on Thursday night.'

The proceedings have caused great excitement amongst the people of the Bahamas and other British islands, and the press is severe in its denunciations of the conduct of the Spanish naval officers.

The Rev. Mr. Moffat.

We have great pleasure in publishing the following, which will explain itself:—

Kingston, 15th April, 1869.

Rev. W. B. Moffatt:

Rev. and dear Sir,—We, the members of St. James' Church, whose names are undersigned, desire to express our deep regret at your departure from amongst us, and in testimony thereof, would request your acceptance of the accompanying small sum of one hundred dollars.

Although sorry to be deprived of your zealous labors and kind services, we, nevertheless, rejoice to know that a field more extensive for usefulness has been opened to you; and trust that your labors there will meet with as great success as they have done here.

Hoping that Mrs. Moffatt and yourself will continue to enjoy health and happiness,

We remain,
Rev. and dear Sir,
Yours faithfully,
R. KENT, AND 31 OTHERS.

REPLY:

Kingston, 15th April, 1869.

My dear friends,—I beg you, in all sincerity, to accept my thanks for your kind address expressing your regret at my departure from amongst you; and also, for the liberal sum of money that accompanied it. Believe me, I feel very sorry to leave Kingston, and more particularly the Congregation of St. James'. During the year I have been with you, I am thankful to say that I have formed many valuable and dear acquaintances, which would, under any circumstances, render a severance the cause of regret.

It shall be my endeavor in my new field of labor, by God's grace and guidance, to continue in the same course as I have done here, and to maintain the faith and principles won and established at the glorious reformation. Wherever I am, I shall always entertain a warm regard for the good people of St. James', and pray that the God of all love will continue his presence with them.

I thank you for your remembrance of Mrs. Moffatt. Adieu for the present.

Yours, &c.,
W. B. MOFFATT.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

London, April 14.

Later advices from Yokohama and Hong Kong state that civil war was raging again with increased violence in the Japanese empire. The northern party or opponents of the Mikado are strong. The fleet was under command of the former Admiral in chief of the Tycoon, and made their headquarters in the Island of Yesu, of which they held complete possession. They have since captured Sado Sema, an important island in the western coast of Niphon, from which they can make incursions into the main land.

An earthquake has been felt in the Japanese Islands, but up to last dates no loss of life or property is reported, and the shocks were slight.

THE BAND OF FAITH.

A Curious Religious Sect in Illinois—Dependence on the Lord in Common Life.

A very remarkable society exists among the students of the Baptist Institution known as Shurtleff College, at Upper Alton, Ill. and is called the "Band of Faith." A correspondent says this band is composed of the theological students whose pecuniary means and opportunities for remunerative employment are so exceedingly limited, as frequently to reduce them to the sorest straits for the commonest necessaries of life. The society itself originated in the mind of one individual who, two years ago, found himself so impoverished that he was on the verge of abandoning his ministerial studies. He resolved to bring the subject directly before the Almighty through the medium of prayer; or in the words of Mr. Reed, "He asked God for a definite sum of money for the term of the College session." Shortly after the first term commenced, this brother received an invitation to preach at a church some distance away, and went. There he collected a few dollars; and from the parents of a dissipated youth whom he reformed, he was also favored with benefactions. In short, the plan succeeded, and a desire to follow his example on a larger scale spread among the students. A number met together, and decided to form the society. A house and a matron were needed; and as one of them fortunately had both these articles, he was asked to co-operate. His reply was, "I will talk to the Lord and my wife about it." The response being favorable, the work began, and has been continued up to the present time. The "Band" consists of about twenty-five members, having a common table and a common purse. A box for contributions is placed in the dining room, which the treasurer opens every day, and keeps a record of the receipts and expenditures. This officer also keeps a journal, one or two extracts from which we give:—

'Oct. 15—Bro. J. bought us a load of coal worth $6; Bro. D. pumpkins worth $3.

Oct. 31—$1 in the box. We shall need about $6 before 7 o'clock this evening to pay our servants, &c. We have only half that sum, but we trust the kind Master will provide the necessary amount before the time is up.

Nov. 3—We received $10 to be used for the band, provided none of our members used tobacco. On inquiry we are pleased to learn that all are free from this habit. This amount is a very timely relief, &c., &c.

Dec. 3—In the afternoon Bro. B. brought us a bushel of beans worth $1.50; about the same time some one else sent us a ham worth $1,75. Now notice how kind the Lord is; the beans would have been less agreeable for present use without meat to cook with them, and so he put it into the heart of another individual to send us the ham."

The steward likewise keeps a journal which is even more curious than the treasurer's. We append a few extracts:

"Oct. 27—This morning the Lord sent us a girl to help in the house—a direct answer to prayer, as it is very difficult to get help.

"Nov. 10—For a number of days we have been asking the Lord for wood, and just before we went out it came. Oh that men would praise the Lord!

"Nov. 13—God has prepared a barrel of flour, five pounds of brown flour, two bushel of turnips, a box containing coffee, sugar, bread, and cakes, valued at five dollars. We are out of corn meal; also $4 needed to pay the help to morrow. I have told God about it.

"Nov. 25—Upon going to the Post office I found a letter containing a bill of shipment of a barrel of molasses from Iowa, which came from an old debt, but none the less from the Lord. We are all fond of molasses, and have felt for some time that it was not an economical way of buying it by the gallon, and have asked the Lord to send it in larger quantities."

The social creed of the "Band of Faith" is embraced in three short sentences: 1. To ask no one but God for their supplies. 2. Never to contract debts for their supplies. 3. To be contented with what God gives them. Its membership comprises of nearly one half the students at Shurtleff College, and the project is that before the termination of another year, all will be gathered into the fold of a religious society which is certainly as remarkable in its machinery and management as anything of the kind that has ever come under our observation, in or out of books.

Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 14.

Hon. Mr. McDougall leaves for Toronto to-night, to be present at the interment of his late wife.

In the Assize Court to-day Mr. Devlin, counsel for Patrick Boyle, announced his intent on to object and challenge jurors on account of the prosecutor being a brother of the Sheriff, who he says cannot in law when interested in a suit be charged with the selection of jurors.

American Despatches.

EX PRESIDENT JOHNSON.

Nashville, April 12.

Ex-President Johnson is still in Nashville. He has abandoned his proposed trip to Europe, and proposes to devote himself in behalf of the disfranchised of the South. He will speak in all the Southern States.

CHEATING A BANK.

New York, April 13.

The Bank of the State of New York, in this city, was yesterday swindled out of $26,000 by a forged gold check on Jay, Cooke & Co.

GREAT FIRE IN MICHIGAN.

Houghton, Michigan, April 13.

Yesterday morning, a fire broke in a saloon in Hancock, which resulted in the almost complete destruction of the village—every store, business place, saloon &c., except the post office, tailor shop, and millinery store, being destroyed, together with about fifty private dwellings. The principal buildings saved were the Masonic and St Patrick's Hall, the Methodist and Catholic churches and schools, and the warehouses, buildings and docks under the bluff. The distance burned is about sixty-five acres, comprising six entire blocks, and containing one hundred and ten occupied buildings, besides the usual number of barns, &c. The loss will be not be far from half a million of dollars, and the insurance covers about one hundred thousand. Over two hundred families are left homeless, or have lost a large portion of their effects.

FOREIGN APPOINTMENTS.

Washington, April 13.

The President nominated to-day Thos. H. Nelson, of Indiana, Minister of Mexico; Henry S. Sanford, of Connecticut, Minister to Spain; Horace Rublee, of Wisconsin, Minister to Switzerland; W. A. Pile, of Missouri, Minister to Brazil; Freeman H. Morse, of Maine, Consul General at London; J. Meredith Reed, jr., of New York, Consul General at Paris; W. P. Webster, of Massachusetts, Consul General at Frankfort on Main. The following to be Consuls:—David M. Armstrong, of New York at Rome; W. A. O. Dart, of New York, Consul General for the British North American Provinces at Montreal.

Only two nominations were confirmed to day, namely: J. L. Motley, Minister to England, and Jno. Jay, Minister to Austria.

TREATIES WITH ENGLAND.

Washington, April 14.

The Senate in Executive Session to-day ratified the naturalization treaty with England; and the San Juan boundary treaty was discussed at some length without action. There is much opposition to this treaty, and it will be further debated to-morrow. Some of the Senators think it will be rejected.

The New American Minister to England.

Mr J Lathrop Motley, the author and historian, a gentleman of world-wide reputation, and a fit representative of a great people, was born in 1814, in Massachusetts, and after a collegiate course at Harvard, was appointed as Secretary to the United States Legation at St. Petersburg. Returning home he engaged in literary pursuits, but in 1851 again visited Europe, residing at Dresden. Five years after he published his celebrated "History of the Rise of the Dutch Republic," to which, in 1860, he added a sequel under the title of "The History of the United Netherlands from the Death of William the Silent to the Synod of Dort." In addition to being a member of the leading learned societies in his own country, Mr. Motley is a member of the French Institute, and a D.C.L. of Oxford. In 1861 his varied attainments secured to him the appointment of Ambassador to the Court of Vienna, and now to that at London. There is every reason to hope that Mr. Motley will be found ranged among those whose highest pleasure is to further peace and good will among nations.

Session of the Dominion Parliament.

The Private Bill Legislation for the session is considerable. Notices of about 70 Bills already given, and as the session advances, it will no doubt be increased to one hundred. All of the leading banks of the country are applying for extension of their charters. Several of them ask for amendments and a few banks seek incorporation. There are four divorce bills asked for; over twenty bills for patents of invention, besides legislation on railways, insurance and telegraph companies. All this together with the measures to be brought forward by the Government, give promise of a pretty active session.

It is said the Government intend to close up the business of the session in two months, which would extend it to the middle of June. It is of course impossible to predict what the session may bring forth or what may be developed in its course.

Canadian News.

It is stated that a night line of steamers is to be established between Ottawa and Montreal.

The people of the south-western parts of New Brunswick don't like the northern route of the Intercolonial. Very naturally.

The imports at Montreal for the quarter ending 31st March, were $4,104,821, as just $4,89,432 in 1868; goods in bond $2,136,559.

Canadian tweeds are now so well got up and so cheap, that parcels have been sent to London and sold for the Australian market at a paying profit.

Dr. Freer, of Renfrew, was found dead on the road near that village a few days since. The horse and cutter of deceased was found a short distance from his body. Apoplexy was the cause assigned for his death.

L'Evenement, in connection with the rumored honors to Messrs. Macdonald, Cartier and Howe, advocates the establishment of a Vice-Royalty in the Dominion.

The Picton Times regrets to learn that two young men, a son of F. W. Mandeville, Esqr., and one of Mrs. Reed's, both of Wellington, were drowned in West Lake, on Saturday last.

A man was found on Friday, in the woods, eight or nine miles from Chatham, with his throat cut. Although papers and several articles were found on his person, his name could not be ascertained.

In Hants both parties seem to be pretty equally balanced; and whilst the chances are in favor of Howe, it would not surprise us—considering the influence at work—were he defeated. The members of the Government attach vast importance to the election, and have personally interested themselves in the struggle.

Mr. Gaudet, who has just returned from the Upper St. Maurice, speaks in very high terms of the quality of timber to be found in this unexplored region, and says there is pine enough there for a century. An unusually large quantity of timber will be shipped from Three Rivers this year.

A scene in the Toronto City Council was rather discreditable. Ald. Henderson told Mr. Baxter he would chastise him unless he behaved himself in future. On the motion made to admit reporters to the committee meetings these gentlemen were assailed so fiercely that they rose and left the chamber.

The Pays is speculating about the cause of the separation of our two ministers to England in their return voyage, one returning by Portland, and the other by New York. The Pays supposes that there may be some coldness growing out of differences of opinion either on the North-West question or the appointments to 64 vacancies in the customs; but all such speculations in the absence of anything to base them upon, are very unprofitable.

The Montreal St. Patrick's Society held a meeting on Tuesday night, and the second attempt at the election of officers was made. It was kept up until six o'clock in the morning. Councillor James McShane and Mr. F. B. McNamee were the two opposing candidates for the Presidential Chair. Both being strong party men, considerable interest has for some time existed among the members as to the result of this election, a good deal of money and any number of new hats being staked thereon. Mr McNamee carried the meeting by fifty one of a majority.

☞ One Hundred and Fifty Pieces of New Carpets at the Montreal House. Splendid Patterns and Low Prices.
JAMES DAVIS.

COMMERCE AND MARINE.

Kingston Money Market.

April 14.

FOLGER BROS., BANKERS, REPORT THE MONEY MARKET AS FOLLOWS:

American Currency buying,	73	Bills.
" "	78	Silver.
" selling,	76	Bills.
Silver buying,	4¼	Dis.
" selling,	3¾	"
Gold in New York,	132½	
Sterling Exchange,	7½	

Current Prices of Grain.

April 14, 1869.

The Grain Buyers of Ontario St. report as follows:

Fall Wheat,	0 00 to 0 00	per Bushel.
Spring do.,	0 00 to 0 92	"
Rye,	0 00 to 0 60	"
Barley,	1 00 to 1 15	"
Peas,	0 75 to 0 84	"
Oats,	0 47 to 0 50	"
Buckwheat,	0 45 to 0 50	"

New York Markets.

April 15.

Gold 132½. Flour declining; receipts 6,772 bbls; sales 5,400 bbls. Rye flour heavy; sales of 500 bbls at 5,90 a 6,00. Grain—market for wheat dull; receipts 21,000 bush; sales No. 2 spring nominal at 1,40 a 1,43. Rye dull; sales 1,500 bush prime Milwaukee at 1,35. Corn heavy and lower; receipts 28,108 bush; sales 57,000 bush at 86 a 87c for new mixed western; 85c a 88 for old do in store. Barley heavy; sales 83,000 bush Canada West private sale. Oats dull; receipts 11,630 bush; sales 12,000 bush at 75c for western in store; 78 a 78½c for Canada. Pork quiet and firmer at 30,80 a 30,87 for new mess; 30,75 for old do. Land firmer.

OPENING OF NAVIGATION.—Although the season of navigation can scarcely be said to be fairly opened, quite a number of steamers are on the move. The steamer Reindeer has commenced regular trips between Detroit and Amherstburg. The R. N. Rice has been making regular trips from Detroit to Cleveland, all this week; the Northwest will take her place on the Cleveland route this evening. The Dove started on Tuesday last for Lexington, and on the same evening the Marine City left for Alpena. The steamers Montgomery, B. F. Wade and Star, of the Sarnia and Chicago Line, will be ready for their regular trips during the coming week. The Dominion arrived at Detroit on Wednesday evening from Wallaceburg, and left on Friday morning for Chatham.—Dominion, Windsor.

MARRIED.

In Kingston, on the 14th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Mulock, Mr Charles Rappee, of the firm of Messrs. Rappee, Weber & Co., to Emily Jane, only daughter of the late Mr. George Robb, all of Kingston.

In Kingston, on the 15th inst., at St. Paul's Church, by the Rev. Mr. Mulock, Dr. Clement, of Kingston, to Leonora, daughter of the Rev. Mr. Rae, of Orillia. No cards.

DIED.

At Prescott, on the 12th inst., Mrs. Gibson, in the 63rd year of her age.

At Mountain, on the 23rd ult., Hugh McCargar, Esq., aged 74 years.

At Ottawa, on the 9th instant, Antoine Lachance, aged 69 years.

At Montreal, on the 12th instant, Francis X. Gallagher, aged 33 years.

A FEW HOURS DAILY TEACHING wanted by a young Lady. Branches English, including Algebra. Junior Pupils, French and Music. Apply to X.Y.Z., British Whig Office.
Kingston, March 30, 1869. 89

RUIN & DECAY.

JOURNEYMEN WANTED.

WANTED immediately TWO OR THREE JOURNEYMEN TINSMITHS. Apply to
WILLIAM ALLEN
Kingston, April 15th, 1869. 89

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.

TENDERS in duplicate (marked on the envelope "Tender for the Purchase of Accoutrements") will be received by the Senior Commissariat Officer at Montreal, until 12 o'clock, noon, on FRIDAY, the 23rd inst., for the Purchase of the undermentioned Accoutrements, viz:

Sergeants.	Pouches	Belts.	BLACK LEATHER.
Privates.			
Staff Sergeants.	Waist.		
Sergeants.			
Privates.			
Staff Sergeants.	Frogs for Belts.		
Sergeants.			
Rank and File.			
Sword Knots.			
Sergeants.	Pouches.		
Privates.			
Musket Slings.			
Cavalry.	Sets.	Old Pattern.	BUFF.
Infantry.			
Belts, Tunnel, S.S.			
Pouches, brown, for percussion caps.			

These Accoutrements are sold in consequence of their being of an obsolete pattern. They have never been in use, and can be seen at the Military Stores, Kingston.

Further information and forms of Tender can be obtained at the Military Store Offices at Kingston and Montreal.

Commissariat, Canada,
Kingston, 14th April, 1869. 89

New Dominion House.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, a good Salesman. A steady hand only need apply.
Kingston, April 15, 1869. 89

MAID SERVANT.

WANTED, a Good General Servant.—For address apply at the British Whig Office.
Kingston, April 14, 1869. 88

WOOD'S MOWING & REAPING MACHINES.

TWO GRAND GOLD MEDALS, and THE IMPERIAL CROSS OF THE LEGION OF HONOR, awarded them at the Paris Exposition, 1867. Also, FOUR SUCCESSIVE FIRST PRIZES AND DIPLOMAS awarded to the

SELF-RAKE REAPER

at the Provincial Exhibitions in London, 1865; Toronto, 1866; Kingston, 1867; Hamilton, 1868.

☞ Manufactured at the Newcastle Agricultural Works, by
H. A. MASSEY.
Agent for Kingston,
R. M. HORSEY.
Kingston, April 9, 1869. 84

NOTICE.

BATH ROAD COMPANY.

THE BATH ROAD TOLL GATES will be Sold by Auction at WARD'S TAVERN on FRIDAY, the 23rd inst., at THREE O'clock P.M.
JOHN FRASER,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Kingston, 12th April, 1869. 88

SALE BY AUCTION OF A VALUABLE FARM IN PITTSBURGH.

WILL BE SOLD, at Public Auction, by William Murray, Auctioneer, at his Auction Rooms, Market Square, Kingston,

On SATURDAY, 17th April 1869, at 12 o'clock Noon.

the following valuable Farm, being Lot Number Two, and the broken front of the same, in the First Concession of the Township of Pittsburgh, in the County of Frontenac, containing 350 Acres, more or less, distant about three miles from the City of Kingston, and known as the McGuire Farm.

There is a substantial cut stone Dwelling-house and also commodious Outbuildings on the property, which is pleasantly situated on the bank of the River St Lawrence.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

Further particulars as to Title, Terms, &c., can be obtained on application to
WILLIAM MURRAY,
Auctioneer.
Kingston, 23rd March, 1869. 72

SALE OF

Stock, Farming Implements, AND Valuable Freehold Property.

WILL be sold by Auction, on TUESDAY, April 20th, inst., at the residence of WM. BEAMISH, Esq., in the Village of Cataraqui, formerly Waterloo, the following property, viz:

1 Span of Horses, 10 Superior Milch Cows, 2 Lumber Waggons, 1 Spring Waggon, 1 Buggy, 1 Phaeton, 1 Lumber Sleigh, 1 Cutter, 1 Wooden Roller, 1 Horse Rake, 1 Straw Cutter, 1 Grindstone, 1 Pair Platform Scales, 1 Combined Reaper and Mower, 1 Iron Plough (Wilmot's make), 3 Ploughs, with Steel Mould-boards, 1 Iron Harrow, 1 Wooden do., together with a lot of Articles too necessary to detail.

TERMS—Under $10, cash; all over $10, nine months' credit, with interest at 7 per cent, by furnishing approved endorsed notes.

Sale at 10 o'clock A.M.
WM. MURRAY,
Auctioneer.

—ALSO—

The LARGE STONE STORE, with a good dwelling over the Shop, lately occupied by Peter McKim, Esq., will be offered at ONE o'clock precisely; and if not sold a lease of the same will be given for a term of years, if required.

Terms liberal. Made known at sale.
Kingston, April 15th, 1869. 16

St. George's Day.

THE ENGLISHMEN of Kingston and Vicinity, and their Descendants, will dine together on St. George's Day, FRIDAY, the 23rd of April, instant, at the British American Hotel.

CHAIRMAN, DR. BARKER.

Croupier—WM. B. SIMPSON, Esq.

G. M. WILKINSON & R. M. HORSEY, Esqrs., Vice-Chairmen.

☞ The Dinner will be served at Seven o'clock, P.M., prompt. Dinner Tickets, including Wines (Port and Sherry), $3; can be had of
J. J. LINTON,
Secretary.
Kingston, April 7th, 1869. 81

AUCTION SALE OF Household Furniture, PIANOFORTE, CARPETS, GLASS & CROCKERY WARE.

J. J. LINTON has received instructions to sell at the residence of Rev. W. B. MOFFATT, upper end of Princess Street, on

Tuesday Next, the 20th inst.,

all the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., therein contained, comprising in part:—

1 excellent Pianoforte, (late J. C. Fox's manufacture), Hair Seat Chairs and Sofa, Cane Chairs, Brussels Carpets, Whatnot, Centre, Side, and Dining Tables, Curtains, Ornaments, handsome Sideboard, Lounges, Glass, China, and Crockery Ware, Bedsteads, Hair Mattresses, Feather Beds, Bedding, Bureaus, Washstands and Furniture, Baths, &c. Also, an excellent assortment of Kitchen Utensils, including 1 Cooking Stove and Furniture.

Terms Cash. Sale at 10 o'clock.
J. J. LINTON,
Auctioneer.
Kingston, April 13th, 1869. 87

TO LET,

A LARGE SHOP & SHOW ROOM and CELLAR, in the Masonic Buildings, Market Square, suitable for a first class Dry Goods or Grocery Store. Enquire of
R. TOWN.
Kingston, April 13, 1869. 6n87

The Peterborough Gold Mining Company.

THE FIRST MEETING of the above Company will be held at Caisse's Hotel, in the Town of Peterborough, on TUESDAY, the FOURTH day of MAY next, at TEN o'clock A.M., for the purpose of organizing under the Act of Incorporation.

ROBERT DENNISTOUN,
N. SHAW,
SIDNEY SMITH,
D. G. HATTON,
R. A. MORROW,
W. CLUXTON.
Peterborough, 10th April, 1869. 86

R. & J. Gardiner

ARE NOW SHOWING THEIR

Spring Importations,

PERSONALLY selected with taste and care by one of our firm from the leading manufacturers in the British Markets. We have much pleasure in inviting an inspection of our present Stock, which, for sterling value, appropriateness to present wants, and remarkable cheapness, has very rarely been equalled.

Black Lyons Silks,
Black Glace Silks,
Rich Moire Antiques,
Fancy Silks and French Satins,
Velvet and Velveteens,
New Colors in Waterproof Tweeds,
500 Pieces New and Cheap Spring Dress Goods,
French Piques and French Muslins,
French and English Prints and Brilliants,
Cotton and Marcellies Made Up Skirts,
Flowers, Feathers, Silk and Satin Ribbons,
Lace Collars and Cuffs, real Danish Cluny, and other Laces, Embroideries, Satin Sashes and Belts,
Satin Trimmings and Ornaments,
Silk, Fringes,
Jet and Bugle Trimmings,
Tang, Gilt, Jet, Silk and Satin Buttons, &c.,
Hosiery, Gloves and Parasols.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

Grey and White Cottons, cheap,
Cotton and Linen Sheetings, all widths,
Quilts and Counterpanes,
Table Damask,
Lace and Muslin Curtains, Fringes and Tassels,
Towellings and Window Holland, &c.,
With a complete stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Cloths, Tweeds, Novelties in Silk and Satin Ties, Shirts, Collars, Fancy Flannels.

BUT ONE PRICE MADE. GOODS SOLD FOR READY MONEY ONLY.

R. & J. GARDINER.
Kingston, April 10th, 1869. 85

FOR SALE.

A LOW PHAETON, in excellent condition, lately new. Will be sold cheap. Apply to
T. W. McCREA,
Carriage Builder.
Princess Street,
April 7, 1869. 81

Dry Goods Salesman Wanted.

AN EXPERIENCED, Steady Hand. Apply to
R. & J. GARDINER.
Kingston, April 8, 1869. 83

Macnee & Waddell INVITE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO THEIR New Stock of Carpets.

ROOM PAPER.

A VERY large arrival of ROOM PAPER of every description, consisting of Gold, Satins, Oaks, Marbles, Scenery, Plain Paper, Bordering, Window Shades, &c., which will be sold cheap at the

CITY PAINT SHOP AND ROOM PAPER DEPOT

Painting, Glazing, Graining, Paper Hanging, &c., done in the best style, cheapest rate, and shortest notice, at the CITY PAINT SHOP, Bagot Street, near the Medical Hall.
WILLIAM ROBINSON.
Kingston, April 4, 1869. 80

MACNEE & WADDELL

HAVE opened this week a new CARPET ROOM, with a splendid Stock of NEW CARPETS.

TO RENT,

A FIRST-CLASS STONE HOUSE in Queen Street, adjoining the premises of Wm. Ford, Esq., and lately occupied by Mr. B. M. Britton. Immediate possession. Apply to
ISAAC HOPE.
Kingston, April 7, 1869. 82

New Brussel's Carpets.

EXQUISITE DESIGNS AT

Macnee & Waddell's.

A FRESH SUPPLY of EPP'S COCOA just received and for sale by
J. GEO. KING,
Apothecaries' Hall.

PERFUMERY, Toilet Soaps, Sponges, Brushes, Mirrors, &c., &c., always on hand.
J. G. KING,
Apothecaries' Hall.

PERSONS wishing to remove Fleas from Dogs can do so by using KING'S FLEA SOAP.
Kingston, April 13th, 1869. 87

Insolvent Act of 1864 and Amendments Thereto.

In the matter of WILLIAM FERGUSON & CO., Insolvents.

A Second Dividend Sheet has been prepared, subject to objection, till TUESDAY, the TWENTY-SEVENTH of April current.
R. M. ROSE,
Official Assignee.
Kingston, 12th April, 1869. 86

CREDIT SALE OF HORSES, HARNESS, AND WAGGONS.

6 EXCELLENT HORSES, for Farm Purposes,
4 Double Spring Waggons,
1 Span of Colts, 3 and 4 years old,
1 Covered Stage Waggon,
A Lot of Double and Single Harness,
Four Thousand Feet of Inch Lumber.
For sale on Easy Terms of Credit.
H. MARTIN.
Kingston, April 1, 1869. 77

New Tapestry Carpets,

SPLENDID STYLES, AT

Macnee & Waddell's.

CITY MUSIC HALL.

MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 19th.

First appearance of the Monarchs of Minstrelsy from Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk and Richmond, the world-renowned

LA RUE'S

Carnival Minstrels,
BRASS BAND
AND
BURLESQUE OPERA