MEDICAL.

ALL OVER THE WORLD NORWAY PINE SYRUP CURES COUGHS & COLDS

The most prompt pleasant and perfect cure for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Quinsy, Pain in the Chest and all Throat, Bronchial and Lung Diseases.

The healing anti-consumptive virtues of the Norway Pine are combined in this medicine with Wild Cherry and other pectoral Herbs and Balsams to make a true specific for all forms of disease originating from colds.

Price 25c. and 50c.

DON'T DESPAIR

DODDS KIDNEY PILLS

WILL CURE YOU

We ... Dodd's Kidney Pills to cure any case ... Disease, Diabetes, Lumbago, Dropsy, ... Heart Disease, Female Trouble ... money refunded ... by mail on ... box or Six Boxes $2.50 ... & CO., Toronto.

Indapo Made a well Man of Me.

INDAPO THE GREAT HINDOO REMEDY PRODUCES THE ABOVE RESULTS in 30 DAYS. Cures all Nervous Diseases, Failing Memory, Paresis, Sleeplessness, Nightly Emissions, etc., caused by past abuses, gives vigor and size to shrunken organs, and quickly but surely restores Lost Manhood in old or young. ... a package ... $5.00 ... written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Don't ... INDAPO. If ... will send it prepaid ... Chemists & Druggists, KINGSTON, ONT.

BLOOD POISON

HAVE YOU Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Aches, Old Sores, Ulcers in Mouth, Hair-Falling? Write COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill., for proofs of cures. Capital, $500,000. Worst cases cured in 15 to 35 days. 100-page book free.

WOOD AND COAL.

COAL

A word to the wise is sufficient, you know,
Although the thermometer's far from zero,
Take heed of the rhyme,
For now is the time
To order your coal while the prices are low.

Be Wise!

CRAWFORD

Is waiting to fill your order at the lowest price.

OFFICE—Foot of Queen St.

Telephone—No. 9.

COAL!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—BEST IN THE MARKET.

Yard No. 1—Ontario street.
" 2—Clarence street wharf.
" 3—St. Lawrence wharf.

Chief office—St. Lawrence wharf. Branch office—Cor. King and Clarence streets, opposite British American Hotel, Kingston. Prompt and satisfactory delivery a specialty. Coal all under cover and well screened. Telephone communication.

JAMES SWIFT & COMPANY

TELEPHONE NO. 133.

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(Successors to Breck & Booth.)

—DEALERS IN—

Coal & Wood

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

CORRESPONDENCE OFFICE—Corner Ontario and Queen streets.

SALES OFFICE & YARD—Corner Ontario and West streets.

BRANCH OFFICE } J. A. Hendry's Office, corner Johnston and Ontario streets.

INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE NOTICE,

London, Liverpool and Globe Fire Insurance Company.

Funds over $52,000,000. In addition to which the policy holders have for security the unlimited liability of all the stockholders.

FARM AND CITY PROPERTY insured at lowest possible rates. Before renewing old or giving new business get rates from

STRANGE & STRANGE, Agents.

W. J. FAIR, Special Agent, King Street under Ontario Bank.

THE ETNA INSURANCE CO.

HARTFORD, CONN.

Cash Capital $4,000,000 00
Total Assets 10,807,666 84
Losses paid in 72 years 86,271,000 00

For prompt settlement of losses and equitable dealing with policyholders this company stands unrivalled.

Wm. B. Clark, President; James F. Dudley, Vice-President; Wm. Harding, Sec'y; E. O. Weeks and F. W. Jenness, Assistant Secretaries.

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London & Lancashire Life Assurance Company.

PRACTICALLY A CANADIAN COMPANY WITH BRITISH SECURITY.

Reserves are deposited annually at Ottawa and now amount to one million dollars. Rates lower than the majority of offices. Many and choice plans of insurance offered.

MILLS & CUNNINGHAM, Sole Agents, Kingston and District.

Fire Insurance.

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W. R. GODWIN, AGENT

A Cosy ......WARM HOUSE

That's what you'll have this winter if you buy those PERFECT WEATHER STRIPS at

Strachan's : Hardware.

Get them on now while the weather is fine cause what comfort you'll have.

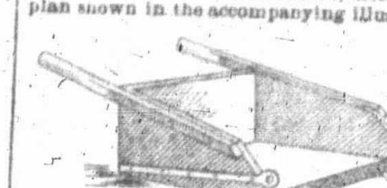
FARM & GARDEN.

DOES IT PAY TO DRESS HOGS BEFORE MARKETING?

It is always a question as to which is the better way to sell hogs, dressed or alive. So this I concluded to experiment on a little, having three lots to sell. One litter of seven pigs weighed 1,605 lbs. alive, and dressed 1,335 lbs., which was 3 lbs. over a one-sixth shrinkage. One litter of five weighed 1,540 and dressed 1,280, losing exactly one-seventh, they being very fat. The sow weighed 517 lbs. and dressed 425 lbs., dressing away about 18 lbs. to the 100 lbs. I was offered $3.80 per cwt. live weight for all the pigs and $3 for the sow. Got $5 per cwt. for the seven pigs, $4.75 for the five pigs, and $4.25 for the sow, gained by dressing about $12.50 aside from lard and trimmings. Pigs were fed on wheat and corn ground, and sow on dry corn.—L. A. Porter, Michigan.

Home-Made Earth Scraper.

Iron shovels or scrapers for removing earth are somewhat expensive. A good substitute can be made at home, after the plan shown in the accompanying illustration.



It should be of hard wood, and the edge in front, should be covered with sheet iron, after which an old piece of crosscut saw may be fastened beneath the edge and turned up at the sides as shown in the sketch. The iron straps to which the chain is attached should go around the back as well as the sides of the scraper, to give strength. Such an implement is exceedingly handy on the farm for leveling off ridges and filling depressions, and for scraping up into heaps the manure that becomes scattered over the barnyard.

Dressing Furs at Home.

If the skins are dry, soak in perfectly cool water 24 hours. Do not put too many together, as the temperature of the water will be raised, which may cause the hair to come off. When soft take out and drain. Make a fleshing board of 1 or 1½-inch material rounded on the edges. On this stretch the skin, and with a large knife remove all the flesh and grease from the skin side. It cannot be cut off but may be removed by pushing. This is accomplished by holding the narrow width of the knife perpendicularly. For a skin the size of a dog skin, bring two gallons of soft water to a boil and add a bar of good hard soap, a lump of borax half the size of an egg and the same amount of washing soda. In this wash the skin, keeping the liquid as hot as the hand can bear it, until all the grease has been removed. Wring dry. While still warm rub into the flesh side a mixture composed of one teacupful salt, ½ teacupful alum and a tablespoonful of saltpeter. Then fold the skin closely together, flesh side in, and hang in a cool place away from the fire or sun. Turn over daily for four or five days, after which open out and pull a few minutes each day until it is dry. When fully dry sandpaper the flesh side. This makes a fine finish.

A Cheap but Durable Road.

Avoid all steep grades, and where sufficient gravel is not near to make a road that will not get muddy, put in a pavement of poles like the old corduroy roads and spike on this by beveled edges two steel rails about 12 inches wide by one-fourth inch thick, for the wheels to run on. At the present low prices of steel rails and spikes, the metal for such a road would cost but little over $4 per rod or less.—H. A. Sprague, Maine.

A Hoisting Device.

The accompanying illustration represents a simple device which is of great service when butchering. The upright a and b are 4x4's, of ordinary post timber 10 to 12 ft. long. These are set into the ground two or three feet apart. To the tops of these fasten e f with bolts or spikes. Place c and d in position, secure the upper ends at e and f, and set the lower ends firmly in the ground. For h use an old

shaft or a piece of hard wood and fasten it to c and d as indicated in the illustration. Attach one end of the two ropes x and y to h and run them through the pulleys attached to the crosspiece e f. Fasten these ropes to the hind legs of the animal to be lifted. If one rope and a gambrel is preferred, attach it to the middle of h and run through a pulley at m. Two ropes are preferable. By this apparatus one man can lift the heaviest carcass. A waggon box bottom side up may be placed between a and b for a platform.—H. O. Sorkness.

The Utah Experiment Station has issued a bulletin on the "Relative Value of Corn and Oats for Horses." The experiments and results were as follows: First—In this experiment with two sets of horses, one set fed a grain ration, principally of corn, and the other a grain ration, principally of oats, the horses sustained their weight the better on the corn ration. Second—The feeding was divided into five periods. Part of the time one horse was fed in each set, and part of the time two. In every period save one the corn-fed set did the better. Third—The feeding value of the rations seemed to vary directly as the quantity of digestible matter that each contained. Fourth.—A nutritive ration of 1 to 6.9 did better than one of 1 to 6.2. Fifth—To sum up the three experiments we find; First, that during the summer, corn and timothy were not so good as oats, wheat and clover in maintaining the weight of horses; second, that during the winter, corn and timothy did as well as oats, clover and timothy in maintaining the weight of horses; third, that during the spring and summer, corn, wheat, or bran and mixed hay produced more gain than oats, wheat, or bran and mixed hay.

Stunted by Coffee Drinking.

Some respectable statisticians hold that the strong marked tendency of the inhabitants of Saxony to become dwarfed in stature is in a great measure one of the mischievous results of over-indulgence in so-called coffee, which in the families of the poorer classes is drunk from early morn to dewy eve, and is a substitute for tea, soup, flesh meat, dessert, etc., like the miraculous manna of the ancient Hebrews. The stuff employed in Saxony, which plays such havoc with the nation, has, of course, little, or nothing, in common with the beans of Mocha, whose jollifying effects upon the unsuspicious goats that chewed them first drew the attention of Mahometan monks to the wonderful properties of the berry.

Most articles of food are liable to adulteration, especially when they do not happen to be primary necessaries of life, merchants and middle-men acting on the principle that it is always profitable to mingle the useful with the agreeable. But few, probably none, have had so many excellent "substitutes" offered in their stead as coffee, in which not a particle of the original article has a place.—London Telegraph.

Pianos Tuned

By H. Cunningham from Chickering's. Leave orders at McAuley's bookstore.

SUPERSTITIONS OF THE PRESENT DAY.

A frog is a sign of gold.
Itching lips mean kisses.
A long scratch, a long ride.
Get a letter, see a stranger.
Lose your bird, lose your luck.
Crosses knives mean a quarrel.
Always put on your left shoe first.
"Marry in Lent and live to repent."
The full moon is lucky for all events.
Its bad luck to walk under a ladder.
"Thrice a bridesmaid, never a bride."
Find a knife and get a disappointment.

A mole on the right foot means wisdom.

Kill a spider and disaster will befall you.

Don't sit with closed fingers; it's unlucky.

It's bad luck to meet a cross-eyed person.

Two spoons in one cup signify a wedding.

Dream of the dead and you'll hear of the living.

Kill a robin and one of your friends will die.

Don't get married in May; it's unlucky to do so.

Kiss a fool or be in danger if your nose itches.

It's unlucky to change the date set for a wedding.

Find a four-leaved clover and you'll find good things.

It is unlucky to sweep out the house you are leaving.

Bubbles rising in a cup of tea or coffee mean money.

Itch on your hands and you will have no ill fortune.

Don't injure small spiders. They are money spinners.

Spit on money and its lucky powers will be enhanced.

A clock and a bell ringing together indicate a parting.

Unseasonable cock-crowing is an omen of trouble.

Don't take the old broom to the new house. It's unlucky.

To be the seventh son of a seventh son is extremely lucky.

If a black cat comes to you, take it in. It means good luck.

It's more than ordinarily lucky to be born on Good Friday.

Never open an umbrella in the house. It's always unlucky.

To put on a garment wrong side out means anything but luck.

If your finger joints crack someone is doing you a kindness.

A sign of death is the blossoming of a tree twice in one season.

Put your left sock on wrong side out and you'll have good luck.

Sneeze between 12 and 1 and a stranger will cross your path.

June and October are the luckiest months in which to be wedded.

You can expect wealth and health if you have a mole on your neck.

Every gambler knows it is lucky to rub the back of a hunchback.

If the sole of your foot itches you are going to step on strange soil.

Stumble when starting on a journey and you will have no luck at all.

If the water boils away on the stove it's a sign that it is going to rain.

If a bride weeps profusely on her wedding day she will always be lucky.

If the cock crows before the door during a rain storm it's going to clear up.

If you want to ward off evil always carry a rabbit's foot in your pocket.

To be born with a caul is one of the luckiest things that can happen to you.

Eat goose at Michaelmas and you will have money all the rest of the year.

Kill a swallow and destroy its nest and bad luck will soon overtake you.

Throw an old slipper after a bride and bridegroom and bring them good luck.

If you break a looking-glass some one in the family is sure to die within a year.

Don't cross knives at the table. It is very unlucky to do so at any time.

Expect strangers if you leave the lid off the teapot without meaning to do so.

It's always lucky to find a horseshoe. Hang the shoe with the points upward.

The bridesmaid who catches the bride's bouquet will be the first to be married.

"Sing on a morning, cry before night." "Sing before breakfast, cry before supper."

Have money on New Year's Day and you'll have money all the year through.

If you can't cut a pie through in a single sweep of the knife you will die an old maid.

Let rats gnaw your clothing and nothing can keep off the bad luck that threatens you.

To break friendship all that you have to do is to take a ring off another person's finger.

If it rains on the first Sunday of the month it is sure to be rainy every Sunday but one.

If your right ear burns some one is talking well of you if your left, some one is talking ill.

TRUTHS IN A FEW WORDS.

Borrowed troubles are the heaviest.

Rich in fit epithets, blest in the lovely marriage of pure words.

Every man has just as much vanity as he wants understanding.

The world will pity you for what you lose; never for what you lack.

A lie is the blackest thing outside of the pit.

Wit is the god of moments; but genius is the god of ages.

More water glideth by the mill than wots the miller of.

As a mode of suicide, killing time is still very popular.

Behind the shadow there is always a light.

The youth of the soul is everlasting and eternity is truth.

The mind conceives with pain, but it brings forth with delight.

Wyld.—"Can't you overcome your thirst for rum?" Tramp.—"Yes, sir, with a dime."

"So this is the end of our engagement, is it?" "Oh, no, not necessarily. I shall be here again next summer."

As land is improved by sowing it with various seeds so is the mind by exercising it with different studies.

Possibly the only case where coming out on top doesn't imply triumph is that of the bald-headed man.

Smithers (approvingly).—"Fine old wine, this." Rinktum.—"Old? Well, I've owed the dealer for that wine for seventeen years."

Worth $5.00 A Bottle.

Sirs,—For five years I have been troubled with neuralgia and tried everything I could see or hear of. At last I was advised to try a bottle of Yellow Oil and refused because I thought it was like all the rest—a failure. A half bottle was given me, however, and I found it helped me, and bought a bottle which cured me. If it cost five dollars a bottle I would not be without it.—Thos. Quinn, Gravenhurst Ont.

Charged With Perjury.

Guelph, Dec. 2.—George Ross, Minto, who testified at the election trial for West Wellington that George Tucker treated at Wilson's hotel, Palmerston, was arrested for perjury, and appeared before the police magistrate. Bail in $1,000 was granted, Ross to appear next Friday.

Catarrh Cured.

Health and sweet breath secured, by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price fifty cents. Nasal Injector free. At Wade's.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Marvels of Popularity

In Seasonable Style and Fair Figures.

We are reaching out for more trade with irresistible inducements, beyond the whisper of competition or comparison.

Come and see for yourself.

Brass and Onyx Tables, only $6.50.

Mahogany Parlor Setts, only $45.00.

Solid Oak Extension Table, only $9.00.

High Back Oak Chair, only $1.00.

JAS. REID

The Leading Undertaker and Furniture Manufacturer.

254 & 256 PRINCESS STREET.

R. J. REID, Manager. KINGSTON

FOUNTAIN PENS...

Eagle Fountain Pen, 15c.

Caw Fountain Pens, Gold Nibs

Caw's Lady Fountain Pen, $1.25.

Caw's Dashaway, $2.00.

Caw's Safety, $2.50.

Faber's Britannia, &c., &c,

F. NISBET'S

The Corner Bookstore.

Shot Guns, Rifles and Revolvers.

Do You Want One?

We have them in many makes and sell all sizes of ammunition. Being experienced in this class of goods we know what to sell you.

In Guns and Rifles we have reduced many lines and can let you have one at $2.75, $4.00, $4.50, $7.00, $8.25, $9.00, $12.00, up to $90.00.

And those Reversible Jackets for Hunting or Driving—the warm kind You may have one for $3.00, $5.00 $8.50 to $12.00, all sizes.

At the experienced Sporting Goods House.

J. ROUTLEY'S

173 PRINCESS STREET.

AIDS DIGESTION ALLAYS THIRST

ADAMS' Tutti Frutti Gum

A VERY INTERESTING NOVELTY

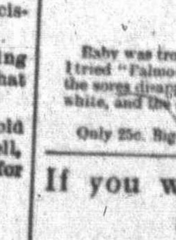
For three 3c. stamps ADAMS & SONS CO., 11 & 13 Jarvis St., Toronto, will send a set of 16 paper dolls, with changeable heads and bodies.

We Are Showing

A fine line of Pure Felt, Red Felt and Chamois Chest Protectors. Also, we have just received a large supply of Choice Chamois. When you are wanting anything in this line, just remember that our stock is A. No. 1 and prices are right.

HOAG'S

Drug Store, Opposite Windsor Hotel.



ALL MOTHERS WHO HAVE USED PALMO-TAR SOAP KNOW THAT IT IS THE BEST BABY'S SOAP for healing the Delicate Skin of Sores.

ONLY 25¢ BIG CAKE

Baby was troubled with sores on head and legs. I tried "Palmo-Tar Soap." In a very short time the sores disappeared, skin became smooth and white, and the child got perfectly well.

Mrs. Hallman, Crediton

Only 25c. Big Cake.

If you want the Cheapest and Best FURNITURE,

Of all descriptions, call at

H. BRAME'S,

Princess Street, corner of Sydenham Street, Kingston.

Ladies Favorite

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

Is the only safe, reliable monthly medicine known. Druggists everywhere sell and recommend it.

One Dollar per box. By mail, One Dollar, Six Cents.

STOVES Of All Kinds

RANGES, HEATERS, COAL-OIL HEATERS

E. B. LOUCKS,

BIBBY'S OLD STAND. KING ST.

LITTLE CHIPMUNKS.

SOME OF THEIR INTERESTING TRAITS AND HABITS.

Cheek Pouches Stored With Nuts—October Finds Them in Well-Stocked Winter Quarters in Tiny Burrows Under the Ground.

Like their squirrel cousins, the chipmunks possess a vast deal of inquisitiveness, coupled with a far greater fearlessness of man, so that one gets very good opportunities for acquaintance. In these fall days the little striped fellows are full of bustling toil. New York's suburbs and the sparsely settled annexed territory contain thousands of merry chipmunks now making ready their winter homes, and if people would watch them a bit they would find them interesting and social little neighbors.

Their subterranean dwellings are begun as soon as the spring weather becomes well settled, usually late in April or early in May. If a pair of them begin building and are overtaken by one of the cold rains so frequent in the spring, they scurry back to winter quarters and resume their hibernating sleep. Owing to their social instincts they usually select a site not far from the home of another pair. Under a loosely piled stone wall or the roots of a lonely tree is a favorite nesting place.

Owing to the number of enemies who constantly hunt and destroy them, the 'munks have to build a rather elaborate burrow. At least, two, and sometimes three or four, entrances lead to the nest proper. These openings are usually made under a surface rock or a tuft of ferns or the roots of a tree, where they attract very little attention. By a devious course of sometimes twelve or fifteen feet the underground path leads to the den under the wall. The other path will lead in from an entirely opposite direction. The hole always plunges steeply down at first, far below the level of the den. This permits a gradual "up grade" to be preserved as the path, thus draining the burrow and preventing washouts after heavy rains.

After the young are reared and the August harvest days come on, the chipmunks enlarge their home by excavating pantries or store-rooms all along the paths. These are to hold the winter's provisions. Under the nest itself, which is about a foot high by two feet in length and warmly lined with fine, soft grasses, these little caves are roughly scooped out and left unlined.

Among the most provident creatures, these midgets relax their merry play about the time the grain fields grow yellow and begin to soberly work. Until then they seem to have not an earthly care. Now the games of "I spy" and "tag" are abandoned, and, with ridiculously swollen out cheeks, young and old begin to carry home grain and early nuts. Chincapins, hazel nuts, acorns and "pig-nuts" they lug in vast numbers. One chipmunk has been known to hold seven good-sized acorns in his capacious little cheek pouches, so when one realizes that each one makes a hundred or more trips a day to the burrow he will soon see what a store is being laid away.

Unlike the squirrels, these little fellows seem to dread the cold days. In late September, when the frosts have come, they spend only a short time each day outdoors, they rush out under a nut tree, grab the first prize in sight and scurry home as though pursued by fiends. Sometimes they hasten with reason too, for some late foraging hawk will have spied the striped jacket among the yellow leaves, and the race is for life. Weasels, too, are greatly dreaded. These slim marauders prowl right up into the very burrows and slaughter entire families in cold blood.

By the middle of October every chipmunk is snugly hid underground. No one has ever recorded seeing a chipmunk out doors in November, though the squirrels continue laying by their store until the snow buries and conceals the nuts. Perhaps it is their long, long slumber that makes these little animals so lively and pert and bright of eye in the first warm days, but, whatever the reason, they are about the merriest and wisest of our small furry friends.

The First Boy Born in Chicago.

Alexander Beaubien doesn't look much like the proverbial oldest inhabitant, but he has the honor of that position in Chicago's circle of early settlers. Beaubien is literally a part of Chicago. His father, John B. Beaubien, came to the lake town in 1809, accompanied by a brother, Mark. They had been reared in Detroit, and made the change of location that they might deal with the Indians here for the American Fur Trade Company, John Jacob Astor's concern. John B. Beaubien took up a tract of land extending from the lake west to what is now State street, respectively. His wife was Josette La Fronbois, a half-Indian, and the couple had eleven children. Alexander Beaubien is the oldest of the five that still live, and he will be 74 years old January 22 next.

"There are five members of my family still alive," said Mr. Beaubien. "The youngest is my brother, William S. Beaubien, who has been here fifty-nine years without ever leaving the confines of this city. Mrs. Keenan claims to be the first white child born in Chicago, having first seen the light of day within the picket lines of Fort Dearborn February 14, 1832," continued Mr. Beaubien. "This would make her also the oldest woman settler living at the present time, but I claim both honors for my sister, Mrs. Ellen M. Robinson, who was born in 1825. Between her and Mrs. Keenan there is also another sister, Mrs. Margaret Robinson who was born in Chicago early in 1828."—Chicago Times-Herald.

A Catch Somewhere.

A middle-aged woman called at an insurance office of a provincial town a day or two ago to announce that she wanted to insure her house.

"For how much?" asked the agent.

"Oh, about $1,000."

"Very well. I'll come up and investigate it."

"I don't know much about insurance," she said.

"It's very plain, ma'am."

"If I'm insured for $1,000 and the house is burnt down, I get the money, do I?"

"Certainly."

"And they don't ask who set it afire?"

"Oh, but they do. We shall want to know all about it."

"Then you needn't come up," she said, as she rose to go. "I heard there was some catch about it somewhere, and now I see where it is."—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

Origin of "Dago."

The slang term of dago, now applied to persons of Italian birth or origin, was first used in Louisiana and applied to Spaniards. San Diego was the patron saint of Spain, and the frequency with which Spaniards called upon his name caused them to be termed "Diegoes."

Effect of Fright on Lobsters.

Lobsters are not warlike creatures. They do not mind boiling, but have an extraordinary terror of the smell of powder and the sound of big guns. Such, at least, was the statement made last night at the weekly meeting of the Piscatorial Society in the Holborn Restaurant. It was affirmed by one of the speakers that during big-gun practice by coast artillery lobsters in the neighborhood become so terrified that their claws drop off from sheer fright. Other kinds of fish, more alert in their movements, also become alarmed at the sound of big guns and leave the locality of the range in millions to take refuge in the deep sea.—London Telegram.

That the wedding anniversary is an occasion for some remembrance, let the token be ever so slight.

That your [illegible] not responsible for the decline in [illegible] and the depletion of the gold reserve.

That the wonderfully bright sayings of your three-year-old are not always stress to "set the table in a roar."

That the average wife is as smart as you are, and can readily detect the genuineness of the fabric of your tale.

That it is an act of cruelty to the women folk to take home a newspaper from which something has been clipped.

That while it is true you are wedded to "the fairest of her sex," other husbands think that "there are others."

ANIMAL SUPERSTITIONS.

To kill a martin in all folk-lore is considered unlucky.

In all lands, ravens and crows have been considered birds of evil omen.

In South Italy there is a belief that the chameleon takes no food but air.

The natives of India believe that elephants have a religion and form of worship.

A hundred years ago all naturalists taught that the pelican fed its young with its own blood.

A great many country people believe that the screeching of an owl indicates impending calamity.

In the mountains of Italy there is a superstition that young vipers eat up their own mothers.

In England it is believed that hedgehogs foresee and by their uneasy actions foretell a coming storm.

In Dalmatia it is an exceedingly auspicious omen for a cat to sneeze when a bride enters her new home.

German children in the mountains of Silesia devoutly believe that beetles are both deaf and blind.

In India there is an idea that a lion can not be induced to attack a prince or any scion of a royal house.

In Wales it is believed that if any one kills a wren he will fall down and break a bone before the end of the year.

In France there is an idea that if a fisherman counts the fish he has caught he will catch no more during that day.

It is said that among the Mexican populace there is an idea that the lizard warns men of the approach of a serpent.

In England, Germany and Russia the country people generally believe that to meet a weasel is an extremely unlucky accident.

Many common people of England believe that the guinea pig has no ears. Its ears are very small and lie very close to the head.

In Egypt the natives believe that crocodiles cry and moan like men in distress in order to attract and make a prey of the unwary.

In almost every country the howling of a dog is regarded as a bad omen, generally predicting death to some person of the household.

In France it is believed that when a white pigeon settles upon a chimney the incident betokens speedy death for some inmate of the house.

Among the country people of England there is an idea that to touch food which has been nibbled by a mouse will result in a sore throat.

It is a common belief in the rural districts of all countries that when hogs carry straw or sticks in their mouths rain will soon follow.

In the New England States of this country there is a superstition that bees will never do well if the people of the house quarrel about them.

The early woodsmen of America devoutly believed that a she bear licked her cubs into shape, these being supposed to be born almost shapeless.

Sailors have an idea that a barnacle broken off a ship and thrown into the water will turn into a goose. The origin of this superstition is unknown.

In Sicily it is devoutly believed that a scorpion inclosed in a bottle or in some situation from which it can not escape will sting itself to death.

The beaver hunters of the early days of this country believed that the severity of the coming winter was indicated by the thickness of the beaver huts.

In Holland and Belgium to kill a stork is considered one of the greatest misfortunes that can happen to a man. Ill-luck is certain to follow him through life.

In some Southern localities the colored people believe that if a crow croaks an odd number of times, foul weather will follow; if even, the day will be fine.

Many of the East Indians, particularly among the Hindoos of South India, believe that monkeys can speak, but will not do so for fear they will be put to work.

In the Ural Mountains the peasantry believe that if a wolf sees a man before the man sees the wolf, the man will be struck dumb and remain so as long as the wolf lives.

SOME DON'TS IN DRESS.

Don't neglect quality for the sake of quantity.

Don't wear a white petticoat unless it is white.

Don't forget that long credit often brings discredit.

Don't trim good material with common trimmings.

Don't imagine that beauty will atone for untidiness.

Don't look a frump because you cannot look a swell.

Don't expect great bargains to turn out great saves.

Don't dress to startle people's eyes, but to satisfy them.

Don't make your own dresses unless you can do it well.

Don't jump into your clothes and expect to look dressed.

Don't achieve the grotesque while attempting the original.

Don't wear a fur or a feather boa with a cotton dress or skirt.

Don't dress your head at the expense of your hands and feet.

Don't buy cheap imitations if you can afford the genuine article.

Don't put cost before cut. Corded silk won't cover a clumsy fit.

WELL WORTH A GLANCE.

Three thousand marriages, it is estimated, are daily performed throughout the world.

Persons born in spring are said to have a more robust constitution than those born at other seasons.

The black ostrich is seven feet high, and easily carries a man on its back, with a speed equal almost to that of a horse.

Kansas apple orchards have made $100,000 clear profit during the last ten years for one fruit farmer in that center of calamity.

Matthew Lancaster, a well-educated negro of St. Louis, will head a colony of colored people which will take up Brazilian lands.

Squirrels have become a pest in the state of Washington, and the farmers complain that various kinds of vegetation are injured by their rapacity.

During the twelve years the Brooklyn bridge has been open to the public it has been crossed by about 360,000,000 people on an average of 30,000,000 a year. The total earnings from traffic have been more than $11,000,000.

Wood Yard.

James Campbell, corner of Wellington and Barrack streets, always has on hand a good stock of best maple, cut and uncut, dry slabs, pine and cedar blocks. All cheap for cash. Telephone, 116.

BE SURE YOU GET ONE! IT'S GOOD THE..... SUNLIGHT ALMANAC FOR 1896

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THE RAKESTRAW CURE.

RELIEVED BY FOUR DAYS KIDNEY TREATMENT.

Suffered for Fourteen Years and Was Cured by Two Boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Special to The Whig.

Bracebridge, Dec. 3.—At Germania, nine miles from this place, your correspondent drove to see an Edwin Rakestraw, whose case is much talked of in this locality. Finding him at his home he said.

"Yes, I have been cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I have suffered from a stoppage of water for over fourteen years and for the past two years could only be relieved by instruments.

"I was treated by doctors with medicine, but the only good done was to relieve me as just stated.

"My suffering has been great, and for a long time, but the relief has been prompt and lasting.

"I dared not leave home to remain over night because of this trouble, for years past.

"In four days after commencing to use Dodd's Kidney Pills I was relieved and I have never suffered since.

"I have only taken two boxes to effect my cure. These two boxes have been of untold value to me as I could not have lived without them."

DIVORCES IN THE EAST.

Burmese Separations Decided by the Aid of Candle or Rush Lights.

In Burmah when a couple desire a divorce the first step is a general summoning of the family relations of both sides, who commence proceedings by a discussion with a view to an amiable settlement. This, however, seldom takes place. Then the patriarchs of the village are called in, and they proceed as follows: They take two candles, wax, if possible, but generally rushlights, and apportion one to the husband and, the other to the wife. The candles are then placed upon the table, if there is one, and on the floor if there is not, and lighted. Great care is taken that neither is in any draught likely to interfere with or expedite its combustion. Then the husband, wife and relatives sit round to wait and watch. If the husband's candle burns out first, he and all his relatives walk out of the door and leave the wife in possession of the house and all the chattels. If the wife's candle goes out first, she and her relatives depart. The victor pays a small fee to the candle-providing patriarchs, and the divorce is complete. In Madagascar a husband can divorce his wife for the most trivial offence by giving her a piece of money before witnesses and saying: "I thank you, madam." In Japan the couple simply proceed to the nearest temple, each wearing a blue scarf across the left shoulder and knotted under the right arm. They bow thrice before the altar, unfasten their scarfs, and leave the temple by opposite doors, thus having loosed the marriage tie. In Cochin China the breaking of a pair of chopsticks in the presence of the couple is a legal form of divorce.—N. Y. Sun.

She Was Sentimental.

"You keep rings here, don't you?" he asked in a Woodward avenue jewelry store.

"Certainly," replied the clerk. "Something for yourself?"

"No, I'm thinkin' of gettin' suthin' fur my girl. Got anything fur about two dollars?"

"Yes, I can give you a plain ring at that price. Here is something very neat."

"I guess that would fit her all right. Kin I have sunthin engraved on to it?"

"Of course—what is it?"

"Wall, I want you to put on it: 'From Thomas J. to Helen H., who is not only the best lookin', but the smartest girl in the State of Michigan. My love will never, never grow cold, and should death overtake me, my last thought would be of you. Be good and you'll be happy, and please accept this as a token of love.' That's what I want you to put on."

"Good gracious, but you can't get all that on a ring!" exclaimed the clerk.

"Must have it on or I don't want a ring!" was the firm reply.

"But the usual way is simply to engrave: 'T. to H.' with the date after it."

"The usual way may be all right with some girls, but it won't work with mine. What she wants is sentiment—heaps of sentiment. So you can't get it on?"

"Couldn't possibly do it. You'd want a surface as large as your hand to get that on."

"Say!" exclaimed the young man, after a moment of reflection—"I have it! I'll buy her a silver belt-buckle instead of a ring, and I'll have 'em put on all I said and add to it: You are never absent from my thoughts, and a vision of your dear face rises up before me a thousand times a day. Be true—be true! Virtue is its own reward, and your mother kin live with us after we are married. No more at present—good-by!"—Detroit Free Press.

Everybody in King's Co.

Everybody in King's Co., N.B., knows Geo. S. Dryden, of Mitchell & Dryden, Sussex, N.B. He says: "Norway Pine Syrup is the best cough remedy I have ever used. My wife had a very bad cough that was most distressing for ten days. I tried the Norway Pine Syrup and one bottle cured her. I never found its equal."—Geo. S. Dryden.

Sick Headache.

Biliousness, constipation and all liver and stomach troubles are quickly cured by taking Wade's Mandrake Liver Pills. One pill a dose. 25 doses for 25c. Sold only at Wade's drug store.

Nerves on Edge.

I was nervous, tired, irritable and cross. Karl's Clover Root Tea has made me well and happy.—Mrs. E. B. Worden, At Wade's Drug Store.

Smart Weed and Belladonna, combined with the other ingredients used in the best porous plasters, make Carter's S.W. & B. Backache Plasters the best in the market. Price twenty-five cents.

Cold in the head and headache cured in five minutes; catarrh cured in seven days by using Dr. Hunt's magic snuff. In boxes 25c. Only at Wade's drug store.

We are cutting carpets all day and every day at R. McFaul's Kingston carpet warehouse.

Break Up a Cold in Time BY USING PYNY-PECTORAL

The Quick Cure for COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS, etc.

Mrs. Joseph Norwick, of 68 Sorauren Ave., Toronto, writes: "Pyny-Pectoral has never failed to cure my children of croup after a few doses. It cured myself of a long-standing cough after several other remedies had failed. It has also proved an excellent cough cure for my family. I prefer it to any other medicine for coughs, croup or hoarseness."

H. O. Barbour, of Little Rocher, N.B., writes: "As a cure for coughs Pyny-Pectoral is the best selling medicine I have; my customers will have no other."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., Ltd. Proprietors, Montreal.

DIAMOND DINNER PILLS CURE CONSTIPATION, BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, SICK HEADACHE, REGULATE THE LIVER. ONE PILL AFTER EATING INSURES GOOD DIGESTION. PRICE 25 CTS. THE DODDS MED. CO. LTD. TORONTO.

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No. 19 Mix	6:00 a.m.	No. 17 Mix	8:40 a.m.
No. 22 "	8:10 p.m.	No. 19 "	6:50 p.m.

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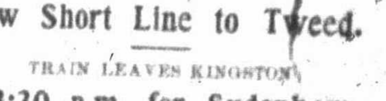

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