POST OFFICE NOTICE.

COMMENCING on MONDAY Next, the 22nd instant, and until further notice,

MAILS GOING EAST

By Day Express Train will Close at 1 p.m.; Arrive at 4.10 p.m.

By Night Express Train will Close at 9 p. m Arrive at 2.00 a.m.

MAILS GOING WEST

By day Express Train will close at 3.50 p.m. Arrive at 5.15 p.m.

By night Express Train will close at 9 p.m. Arrive at 5.00 a.m.

BRITISH MAILS

Per Cunard Steamers, via New York and Boston, will close on Mondays at 2 P.M., and per Canadian Steamers, via Quebec, on Fridays at 12 M.

UNITED STATES MAILS,

(Via Cape Vincent) will close at 2 P.M., and arrive at 1.30 P.M.

R. DEACON,
Postmaster.

Post Office, Kingston, 13th Nov. 1865.

G. T. R. TIME-TABLE.

Trains arrive and depart from the Kingston Station as follows:—

EXPRESS TRAINS GOING WEST.

Arrive at.....4.20 p.m. and 4.30 a.m.
Depart at.....5.10 p.m. and 4.30 a.m.
Local Trains arrive at 10.00 p.m.; depart at 6.45 a.m.

EXPRESS TRAINS GOING EAST.

Arrive at.....2.20 p.m. and 1.15 a.m.
Depart at.....2.20 p.m. and 1.25 a.m.
Local Trains arrive at 4.00 a.m.; depart at 6.15 a.m.

(Montreal Time—15m. faster than Kingston time.)

The Train from Montreal on Saturday night lays over at Belleville till Monday morning, and that from Toronto lays over at Brockville.

The Daily British Whig

'Optifer per Orbem Dicor.'

MONDAY MORNING, DEC. 4, 1865.

LETTERS AND TELEGRAMS:

E. B., Chicago.

Public Meetings, Amusements and Sales This Day.

YOUNG BENDIGO, the pugilist, gives an exhibition in the Anchor Buildings this evening at eight o'clock.

MONTANA TERRITORY.

Montana is a district situated to the west of Nebraska, bordering on the British American North West, and embracing the most easterly spurs of the Rocky Mountains. It is about three years since gold was actually discovered in the territory, and from that time up to the present there has been a rapid influx of settlers, who have worked laboriously at the mines and whose labors have been amply rewarded. In the Nebraska Republican there appeared a few days ago a detailed account of the territory and of the operations which are carried on there, from the pen of a gentleman who has recently made a tour of inspection through the whole district. According to his account the territory is exceedingly rich in agricultural and mineral resources and facilities, and contains the elements of future greatness. Wheat of superior quality he says yields thirty bushels to the acre in the valley of Gallation, Bitter Root, Deer Lodge and Boulder. Vegetables are all very large and of excellent quality. "The six rowed corn of New England can be raised without difficulty. During the past season irrigation has been unnecessary, but all the valleys being well watered it can be effected at light expense. The agricultural regions are of sufficient extent, when cultivated, to afford abundance of everything needful for home consumption. The Deer Lodge valley is sixty miles in length by ten in width. The Bitter Root is about one hundred in length, and from fifteen to twenty in width. The Prickly Pear, Boulder, the River, Madison, Jefferson and Big Hole are smaller but equally susceptible of cultivation. Game is abundant, buffalo, elk, moose, antelope & bighorn are found in all the river valleys. The rivers abound in trout of superior quality, and all kinds of water and wood fowl are abundant. The hills—even the mountains themselves—afford the finest pasturage in the world.—Cattle run at large and grow fat upon the perennial grasses that cover the surface both winter and summer. The markets are filled with excellent beef, which is about the only article of food that can be obtained at a price corresponding to eastern prices."

The principal feature of the place, however, is found in its mineral resources. Gold is abundant, and several mines are now being worked with very great success. More than 30,000,000 grains of gold dust have been taken from the 'Alder Gulch.' From the 'Ore Gache,' specimens of quartz have been taken which have yielded an assay of $12,00 to the ton; and during one season alone the average amount obtained with the labour of a single man was $600 per week. There are also said to be large quantities of silver of a very superior quality in the Rattlesnake and other districts; white iron, copper, lead, cinnabar, bismuth, antimony,—all valuable minerals,—gypsum,—a most useful ore, and all found in paying quantities within the boundaries of the territory, and will doubtless be mined whenever the immense profits of gold mining are toned down by the influx of population; and the exhaustation of the most easily worked placers.

All this is satisfactory. It is so far satisfactory to our American friends who have pluck enough to develop the resources which are found imbedded in their territory. Why is not the same thing done in the adjacent British possessions? Most careful observations of practical and scientific men have proved beyond a doubt that along the valley of the Saskatchewan, right onward to the Rocky Mountains, there are on the British side of the boundary line vast undeveloped stores of coal, copper, gold, and other valuable products; and, however rich the American mines may prove, those of Great Britain will equal them in wealth and in extent. Shall we the example of our neighbours, then, stimulate our zeal? They are forming settlements; they are spreading the benefits of mining operations and agricultural labour into regions hitherto uninhabited; they are extending the reputation and influence of their country, and are preparing for themselves and for their families a glorious future. Why should not British subjects do the same? They may; if they do not the fault will be their own. They have equal, if not larger resources to develop. They have means of transit by water and land as easy and cheap, if not more so. Their labour will be as productive. Their domestic comfort and social advancement will increase as rapidly and as surely. It wants only the indomitable will, the bold, energetic, enterprising spirit, which are necessary to render such an undertaking successful, and the thing will be done. There is no more time to be lost.—Globe.

BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES

The Board of Common School Trustees met on Friday evening at eight o'clock in the City Council Chamber.

Present:—Wm. Ford, Jr., Esq., Chairman, and Messrs. Phillips, Cunningham, Massie, Smith, Sherlock, McRossin, Gibson, Carroll, McMahon, Chown and Wilkinson.

The minutes of last meeting were read and approved.

Mr. Massie said that the Committee on Queen Street School had met to take some steps to relieve the over crowded state of the school, and had appointed Miss Stewart a Monitor to assist Miss Bibby.

A communication was received from the City Clerk, presenting one of the new maps of the city, on behalf of the City Council, to the Board. The Secretary was requested to acknowledge the map and return the thanks of the Board for the same.

The quarterly report of the Local Superintendent, reporting the number of pupils at present attending the schools in the city was presented. The number of pupils on the roll is 1767, and the average attendance during the quarter was 1333, with about an equal number of each sex. Report filed.

A report was handed in from the Committee on Officers and Salaries, recommedding the following as the roll of teachers for 1866:—

Mr. James Scott	$600
Mr. Alfred Bonny	350
Mr. Thomas Alexander	240
Miss Eliza Gordon Rose	360
" Margaret Graham	150
" Jessie E. Clark, assistant to do	100
" Butler, assistant to Miss Rose	100
Mr. William Tandy	500
Mr. Frederick Prime	300
Miss Carnochan	300
" Annie Thompson	190
" Margaretta Barclay	300
Mr. Thomas Wilson	400
Mr. Walter Johnson	200
Miss Annie Cranston	360
" Mary J. Bibby	190
" Sarah E. Greenwood	120
" Isabella McIntyre	120
" Maria J. Graham	250
" Maggie Bibby	130
" Annie O'Loughlin	250
" P. C. Ward	150
" Fanny Cranston	190
" Ann E. Woolard	175
Mrs. Margaret Harold	160

Objections were raised by some of the members, on account of the appointment of Miss Butler as assistant to Johnston Street School, as they thought it would not work well for the school, she being too young and not having had sufficient experience in teaching. They also objected to an advance in Miss Rose's salary, and her salary was left blank for further consideration. Being in ill health, Miss Rose is only engaged for three months, and if she does not recover by the end of this time, it will be necessary to replace.

Mr. Carroll moved, seconded by Mr. Cunningham, that the name of Miss Scales be substituted for that of Miss Butler as assistant teacher in Johnston Street School.—Carried. Yeas 7; nays 4.

The Report was then adopted as amended. Yeas 9; nays 2.

Mr. Smith referred to the necessity of a night school for the benefit of apprentices and others of this city, who cannot attend the day schools. In previous years the schools were successful, and again might prove so. Several young persons had spoken to him about the establishing of the school, and it was this which induced him to bring up the question.

Mr. Phillips moved, seconded by Mr. Cunningham, that a night school be established in Wellington Street School under Mr. W. Tandy, and that the Board appropriate $40 for its support, provided it prove successful after a month's trial, the school also to be under the control of the School Committee.

The Board adjourned at nine o'clock.

CONCERT AT PORTSMOUTH.

The Concert in aid of the funds of the Separate School at the village of Portsmouth last night was in every respect a great success. The spacious Town Hall in the village was jammed, and many persons who arrived late could not get admittance, the crowd was so dense. The programme was a formidable one, embracing many different selections from popular Operas—duets and solos, both grave and gay. The singers were mostly ladies, and for amateurs acquitted themselves admirably. Where every one did so well, it is invidious to particularize, but mention cannot be omitted of Miss Hickey. This young lady really sings charmingly, and in a manner to excite surprise how any concert in Kingston could be considered complete without her assistance. Why wasn't she selected to sing at the late St. Andrew's Concert? If Scotchmen expect to have their Concerts patronized in future, let them procure amateurs like Miss Hickey, to the exclusion of some of their own Scotch minstrels who annually make St. Andrew's night merry. The audience at the Portsmouth Concert was a most appreciative one and knew when a good song was well sung, irrespective of its claimed nationality. Dr. Macdonell sang a couple of songs very prettily. But after all it takes an Irishman to sing an Irish song; a native of Glengarry can't come the Tipperary—the fraud's apparent. A Kingston gentleman sang a selection from the Opera of Verdi with his usual expression and grace. This gentleman can no longer be claimed as an amateur; he is an artist; his song was clamorously redemanded. Mr. Cunningham accompanied him on the piano, as Mr. Cunningham only can. Miss Legassie, Mr. Beel and other lady and gentlemen amateurs, assisted at the Concert, and in the hackneyed language of the reporter, their efforts to amuse and entertain the audience were thoroughly appreciated. A Scotch gentleman sang a very humorous comic song, "Struck He," which brought down the house. The song is the creation of the singer's own fancy, and its rendition by him was exquisitely funny. Why didn't this gentleman also sing at the Scotch Concert, instead of some others? A duett by Misses Harrington and Lenca was a gem, prettily sung, and with great taste. The Brothers' School Band was in the Orchestra, and contributed in no small degree to the success of the Concert. Under the leadership of Professor Fleck, this Band is rapidly acquiring proficiency, and some of the pieces were executed by them last night in a manner that defied criticism. Mr. Franks, it was before forgotten to mention, sang the "Fine Ould Irish Gentleman," and afterwards introduced his pupil, Mr. Alex. Robb, (with an apology for his bad English) who sang a Dutch version of the same song. Mr. Robb, notwithstanding the defect of language, exceeded himself as a Dutchman, and the pupil got more applause than his master. Mr. Robb was in character Dutch to a pipe. His song was well given and very much applauded, and deservedly so. The Concert altogether was a fine thing, and must have netted a handsome sum.

CITY DARKNESS.

DEAR WHIG,—

Do our City Fathers intend to permit our residences to be robbed? Are they aware that commencing with blowing open and plundering safes in offices, our dwelling houses in the midnight gloom may be next attacked? I am not like "the man of Ross," very much frightened and therefore trying to terrify others. But I think there is cause for alarm. The Burglars are travelling eastward, and it is the bounden duty of our Corporation to afford its tax payers every protection. Why are the Gas Lamps extinguished at midnight, just when the evil disposed lurk about and the honest citizen is hushed in sleep? The idea of putting out the lights at that hour, is a piece of civic economy which never was and never could be arrived at in any other city but in good old-fashioned Kingston. Burglars dread the light; in darkness may perpetrate the crime, for if interrupted in their nefarious work, the gloom covers their escape and detection is almost impossible. Each city lamp when lit is better than a policeman, for it is always on its post, ever vigilant. See how the city Banks appreciate the advantage of having the lamps in front of their buildings burning all night, and not put out when protection is most needed.

I earnestly appeal to our worthy Mayor and to the energetic Chairman of the Committee on Fire, Water and Gas, to infuse a little public spirit into our City Fathers, and take a popular measure of safety at once, by having our Gas Lamps burning all night, and not bye and bye when perhaps too late apply the remedy.

Yours,
TAX PAYER.

Kingston, Dec. 2nd, 1865

ITEMS FROM HOME.

The Times says of the Shenandoah:

The transfer of the Shenandoah to the Federal Government, and the release of her officers and crew, have been followed by the publication of Captain Waddell's letter to Lord Russel. The consummate assurance displayed in this document is, to say the least, quite as unprecedented as the position in which Captain Waddell, by his own account, finds himself placed. One peculiarity of his narrative is that it contains no allusion to the ruse by which the Sea King was converted into the Shenandoah, and equipped from, though not actually within this country. It merely recites that Captain Waddell commissioned the ship in October, 1864, under orders from the Naval department of the Confederate States, and proceeded to cruise against the commerce of the enemy. Not a word is said of his visit to Melbourne, or to any other events before his arrival, in obedience to the same orders, in the Ochotsk Sea and the. Arctic Ocean. We earnestly hope that the officers and men of the Shenandoah have not been liberated without communication with Mr. Adams. It is for the American Government either to prosecute them under our law, or to claim them under the Extradition Treaty. Captain Waddell's own statements are not strictly veracious, and if those made by the Captain of the General Pike be correct, his conduct and language towards the unfortunate men whom he captured in the waters was singularly brutal. At present we decline to accept Captain Waddell's statements as true. We should not in the least have pitied Captain Waddell had he fallen into the hands of the American Navy, and we should not pity him now if he should be convicted of a felony at common law.

Sir Morton Peto, the newly-elected M. P., for Bristol, had returned from America. He had made a public address, in which, after a few words urging Earl Russell's claims to the confidence of the nation, he went on to speak of his journey. Referring first to Canada, he declared that in no part of England is there greater loyalty for the Queen than there is in Canada. Then coming to the Western States, he spoke of the extraordinary increase of population and industry, especially at Chicago, which a few years ago was but a village, and now contains 250,000 inhabitants. Turning Eastwards to Boston, he said that there no sign of the war could be seen, for during the war $5,000,000 had been spent on public buildings and improvements. Adverting to the National debt, he said that no one could doubt the ability of the people to pay it, and that any one who suggested the idea of repudiation would be scouted with indignant contempt. Fenianism he treated as utter folly. Finally he declared his belief that it would be impossible for two nations like England and America to imbrue their hands each other's blood, and he praised, Lord Russell's proposal for the appointment of a commission to investigate such claims as the two countries might agree to refer to it.

A Scamp has removed the amulet attached to the neck of the sacred cow, lately imported from India by Wm. Stark, Esq., and now at his farm in Piscataquog Village, New Hampshire. The amulet was placed upon the neck of the cow with imposing circumstances by the Hindoo priests, and the most terrible woes pronounced, not only upon the person who should dare to remove it, but also upon all the people round about.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

YOUNG BENDIGO.—The patrons of the manly art of self defence are not likely to be disappointed to-night, for Young Bendigo and Richard Judd will undoubtedly make their bow and put on the gloves to-night in the large room in the Anchor Buildings. This brace of Athletes returned to town on Saturday after a short but successful visit to Yankee land, (Cape Vincent and Watertown,) where their Exhibitions were greatly admired.

CLERICAL CHANGES.—His Lordship the R.C. Bishop of Toronto has made the following changes in the diocese, caused by the death of the late very rev. Dean Grattan; Very Rev. P. Mulligan, R.D. from Niagara falls and Clifton to St. Catharines; Rev. R. A. O'Connor from the Gore of Toronto to Niagara Falls; and Rev. W. J. White from St. Michael's Cathedral to the Gore of Toronto.

MORE ABOUT THE SHENANDOAH.—The San Francisco Courier asserts that the Shenandoah, having need of supplies, equipped one of its prizes, put on board a picked crew, and sent it into port San Francisco. Here the ship was loaded with provisions, and the various articles required by the Shenandoah, and, after obtaining a clearance for Victoria, sailed from San Francisco and safely rejoined her consort.

A MASTODON TUSK FOUND.—Some workmen engaged in digging sand from a pit at the head of Dewey street, New Albany, Indiana, struck with their shovels and picks an immense tusk of the purest ivory, seven feet three inches in length, and at the thickest part eight and one quarter inches in diameter. It weighed nearly one hundred pounds. The tusk is supposed to be that of a mastodon. In taking it out of the ground it was broken into several pieces, the ivory having become very much softened.

London, Nov. 30th.

Soon after ten o'clock last night, a man was found lying in Waterloo street with his throat cut, the blood flowing from it in profusion. He was carried to the Police Station, and medical attendance procured immediately, and was afterwards conveyed to the hospital. He now lies in a precarious condition. His name is James Moore. He is a native of the State of Vermont.

The Provincial Telegraph Company has completed the erection of the Telegraph poles between Kingston and Toronto, and will immediately proceed to string the wire. The line between Kingston and Toronto and to Ottawa is to be completed this fall, and in the meantime offices will be opened at the different towns and villages as fast as reached by the wire, which is strung at the rate of about ten miles per day.

Detective Armstrong publishes a letter in reference to the assault upon himself and of the version of it given by Mr. Halliday which was published in the Leader at the time. He says—"That statement is a pure fabrication, a string of falsehoods from beginning to end, and can easily be proven to be so. The clairvoyant lady, Mrs. Potter, therein referred to, never was in Ogdensburg in her life, and consequently could not have given entertainments there, either with or without my assistance. It is therefore apparent that Mr. Halliday's attempt to show that the parties who assaulted me were two men from Ogdensburgh, is utterly false and ridiculous:

The Berlin Telegraph says that Mr. James Scott, Deputy Reeve of Wellesley, has been committed to gaol for three terms of ten days each, thirty days in all, by Mr. Alfred Boomer. Mr. Scott, it appears, insulted and obstructed the justice in the due execution of his office, dashed his books off the table, swore at him, called him ill names, and would have struck the justice on the bench, only that he was prevented, and although duly cautioned, he repeated his attacks until three orders of commitment were made against him.

INCENDIARY FIRE.—The barn of Mr. Robert Cotton, near Port Credit, was destroyed by fire on Thursday night, together with a large quantity of hay stored in it. The property was insured for $500, but this sum will not cover the loss. There is no doubt that the fire was the act of an incendiary, for the horses were unloosed and turned out before the building was set on fire. Some of the residents of the neighbourhood have committed many depredations lately, and by his efforts to secure the punishment of the evildoers Mr. Cotton incurred their ill-will.

LATE FROM MONTREAL.

THE KIDNAPPING CASE AGAIN.

GAOL CROWDING NUISANCE.

A VESSEL FROM MARSEILLES.

FALL IN PRICE OF FLOUR.

Montreal, Dec. 1.

The St. Andrew's banquet last night ended about 12 o'clock. Everything passed off agreeably. Mr. Cartier's speech was most amusing and highly complimentary to Scotchmen.

Last night about 8 o'clock, as three soldiers, with a boatsman, were crossing to the Island, the boat upset and two of the soldiers—William Good, of the R. A., and Daniel Nott, of the 25th, were drowned. The third soldier was rescued by a constable, when sinking. The boatsman clung to the boat and drifted to Molson's wharf. The bodies have not yet been found.

The gaoler refuses to give Blossom up, on account of Judge Monkelet's special order that the kidnappers should not be bailed. A writ of attachment against the gaoler, for contempt, was to have been asked for to-day but nothing was done.

Mr. A. M. Delisle, in opening the Court of Quarter Sessions, stated that 106 fires occurred here during the year—28 being the work of incendiaries. It is proposed to appoint an officer to enquire into the origin of fires and prosecute, by which it is expected $83,000 a year would be saved.

The gaol is overcrowded at present. Some vagrants are there ten months in the year. Two have been in that time during the past twenty years.

The L'Union, from Marseilles, arrived today—unprecedented event for a sea vessel to be in port so late.

Importations continue very heavy for the season.

Flour has fallen over 30 cents per barrel, this week. 40,000 bushels of Chicago spring wheat sold at $1 20. There is a brisk demand for ashes. Isaac Buchanan & Co.'s tea sale went off well.

Washington, December 1.—Special to World. Gen. Grant's views in regard to an increase in the regular army will be communicated to the military committee of Congress at the proper time. No one is at liberty to foreshadow his views in regard to that matter. He is in favor of reducing the army to the lowest point compatible with the public interest.

Toronto, C.W., Dec. 2.

An important case relative to the steamer Georgian, under seizure at Collingwood for a violation of the neutrality rights, is under consideration here. The legal agent of the United States Government has applied for an injunction restraining the defendants from interference, which has been granted, to continue ten days.

New York, Dec. 2.

The steamer Atlantic, with $88,000 specie from California, has arrived.

News from South America is important.

The Spanish Admiral Pareja continued to threaten to bombard the Chilian ports without carrying them into effect. He announces the blockade restricted to six principal ports Valparaiso, Calderа, C——, Herradura Iome, and Talcahuano. All other ports are left open to commerce. This new arrangement attacks the interests of foreigners exclusively, is an acknowledgment of the illegality of the former blockade, and leaves his Government subject to claims of neutrals injured thereby. The new President, Canseseo, sent to demand the surrender of Callao from Gen. Rivas. That night Rivas abandoned his post for a ship in the bay, and the city was soon in possession of the excited mob, who divided into bands, and robbed and plundered every principal shop and store in the place. What property could not be taken away was destroyed. Immediate steps were taken by citizens and foreign residents for protection. Next morning Payet's army appeared outside of the town, but disappeared before night. Payet with some officers escaped to an English man-of-war. Next day the fleet yielded. Order was established in Callao and Lima, and President Canseseo was in charge of the government. The new government will doubtless repudiate the treaty with Spain and make common cause with Chili, the overthrow of the Spanish treaty having been the object of the revolution. Central American republics are all at peace.

New York, Dec. 2.—The Commercial's Washington special say the President is greatly encouraged by news from North Carolina, which he regards as evidence of the of the ultimate success of his policy. The exception of the Southern States in the Habeas Corpus Corpus Proclamation is regarded as an evidence that the President does not regard the South as sufficiently pacified to allow of any complication on the Rio Grande. The White House is still besieged with applicants for the vacant collectorship.

THE NEW JERSEY RAILWAY COLLISION.

Easton, Pa., Dec. 1.

The accident reported this morning occurred about two miles west of the White House, Pa. It appears that a coal train going east, discovered a car of hay on the other track which had broken from a freight train. The express train, bound west, was due, and the engineer of the coal train and ordered the brakeman to stop the car or throw it from the track, as it was going down the grade pretty rapidly, and he desired to prevent an accident to the train coming west. After stopping the car he started his train, and found that part of it had become uncoupled. He then backed up to couple the cars, and, while doing it, the western express train bound east came around the curve and ran into the rare of his train. When the engineer of the western express train discovered the coal train it was about 800 feet from him, he reversed his engine immediately, but could not stop the train. He saw no flag warning. He did not jump off, but stuck to his engine to the last. No one on the engine or in the baggage car was injured. The baggage car was driven into the first passenger car and just swept, as it were, everything above the tops of the iron seat backs. On the bottom of the baggage car was two pieces of timber, which came directly over the seats on either side next the aisle, killing those sitting next to the aisle, but doing no injury to those sitting next the windows. A gentleman sitting directly in rear of Mr. Childsey saw the timber coming and dodged his head down below the top of the seat back, by which he saved himself from injury. The passengers in other parts of the train sustained no injury whatever. Some of the wounded have been brought here and every attention is being shown them by the officers of the road; most of the wounds are slight.

DIED.

At North Monaghan, on the 31st inst., Isabella, relict of the late Mr. Thomas Wilson, aged 78 years.

In Toronto, on the 27th inst., Bernard McMahon, aged 75 years.

In Toronto, on 27th inst., Mr. Daniel O'Hara, in the 45th year of his age.

In Woodstock, the wife of Thomas Clark, Esq., miller.

On Nov. 10th, at Tecumseth, Sondhead, George Galt Ramsey, Esq., formerly of Cookstown, in the County of Tyrone, Ireland, aged 69 years and two months; greatly regretted by all who knew him.

At Ontario, on the 29th inst., Jonathan J. Pettit, Esq., in the 80th year of his age.

In Athol, on the 23rd Nov., Mr. George M. Young, aged 31 years.

In Toronto, on the 30th ult., Mrs. Elizabeth Millar, widow of the late Henry Millar.

At Brockton, on the 28th instant, Mr. Wm. Larkin, aged 20 years.

At Toronto, on December 1st, Harriet Jane, the wife of John Barnes, printer, aged 33 years.

GREAT SALE OF BOOKS
BY AUCTION.

THE SUBSCRIBER will sell at his Sale Rooms, commencing on

TUESDAY EVENING, 5TH DECEMBER,

The Library of the Rev. JOHN MAY, A.M., consisting of College and School Books, Theological Works, Sermons, &c., &c., numbering in all over 800 volumes.

The Books may be seen on the first day of sale.

Sale to commence each evening at 7 o'clock.

Terms Cash as the sale proceeds.

JAMES LINTON,
Auctioneer.

Kingston, Dec. 2nd, 1865. 282

FOR SALE

AT THE KINGSTON FOUNDRY, a second hand

FIFTEEN HORSE POWER STEAM ENGINE,

with a Furnace Tubular Boiler. Both are almost new, and will be sold very cheap.

Apply to
DAVIDSON & DORAN.

Kingston, Nov. 25, 1865. 282

SYME'S SURGICAL WORKS.

NEW and complete edition, edited at the Author's special request, by his former Pupil and Assistant, Professor Donald Maclean, Queen's University, Kingston.

For Sale at the CITY BOOK STORE.

Price $4.75.

JOHN CREIGHTON.

Kingston, Dec. 2, 1865.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

WILL be Sold at MESSRS. ANDERSON & FORD'S WHARF, City of Kingston, on MONDAY, the ELEVENTH day of DECEMBER INSTANT, at TWO o'clock, P. M.,

THE SCHOONER HARRIET ANN OF MILFORD OF 21 TONS.

WITH ALL HER SAILS, RIGGING AND EQUIPMENTS COMPLETE.

Seized by virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias, at the Suit of FRANCIS BEZO, Plaintiff, and JOHN SWEET and CORNELIUS SWEET, Defendants.

The above Schooner may be examined by parties desiring to purchase, for three days previous to the day of Sale, at Messrs. Anderson & Ford's Wharf.

THOMAS A. CORBETT,
Sheriff County of Frontenac.
By JAMES FRIEL.

Sheriff's Office, City of Kingston, 2nd December, 1865. 282

WINES. WINES.

THE Subscriber will deliver in the city, or forward to any part of the province, carriage paid, on receipt of Ten Dollars,

A Christmas Case of Wines and SPIRITS,

Containing 3 bottles Port, 3 bottles Sherry, 1 bottle Pale Cognac, 1 bottle Brown Cognac, 1 bottle Scotch Whiskey, 1 bottle Irish Whiskey, 1 bottle Old Tom Gin and 1 bottle Jamaica Rum; all of which will be guaranteed to be of the purest and finest quality.

J. J. HAMILTON,
44, King Street,
Kingston.

Kingston, Dec. 1, 1865. 281

Insolvent Act 1864.

PROVINCE OF CANADA, County of Frontenac, to wit: } IN the County Court of the County of Frontenac.

IN THE MATTER OF JAMES McGUIRE, AN INSOLVENT.

Notice is hereby given, that on Tuesday, the Thirtieth day of January next, A. D. 1866, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, or as soon as Counsel can be heard, the undersigned will apply to the Judge of the said County Court of the County of Frontenac, for a discharge under the said Act.

Dated at Kingston, this 25th day of November, A. D., 1865.

JAMES McGUIRE,
Insolvent.
DANIEL MACAROW,
Attorney ad litem.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE, OTTAWA.

TO BE LET, by the night or week, for any respectable Entertainment, Dramatic or otherwise. Apply to

JOHN TOWNSEND,
Lessee.

Ottawa, Nov. 22nd, 1865. 274

TO-NIGHT.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

YOUNG BENDIGO
AND
RICHARD JUDD

Will give an Exhibition of the Manly Art of Self-Defence, in the Large Room of the Anchor Buildings,

On Monday Night, December 4th inst.

Kingston, Dec. 1st, 1865. 280

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Kingston Post Office, 30th November, 1865.

Burnett Mrs P	Minderhall Mark
Brewster Smith	Mogher J
Brown Eliza	Mills Alexander
Boswell Miss Mary	Martin Mary J
Botts George	Matthews John
Bockus C N	Marsden Wm R
Bassett Miss Fanny	Malcomson Saml
Campbell John	McMillan Mrs
Celley Mary A	McConnell James
Caffrey William (2)	McClements Thomas
Carpenter D	McCarthy & Co Jas
Chamberlain Thomas	McCormick Jas A M
Conway P	McCuaig Malcolm
Clenfraith W	McCray John
Clerk J R	McDowell Jane
Childs Chas H	McDonell Alx
Doulor Richard	McIntyre Henry
Drake E	McLean Robert
Davis Geo W	McLeod Mrs Donald
Darcy John	O'Brien Bridget
Dennison Jane	O'Donoghue Daniel
Ellis James	Punter Wm
Esson Miss M	Price David
English James	Phillips R
Fraser Miss Jane	Patrick Miss Elizabeth
Fleming John	
Fowler & Esselstyne	Patterson Wm
Fay Julia	Park Elias
Faers John	Pretty Wm
Grisman Mrs Maria	Roberson Barbara
Griffin Hiram	Reed Joseph
Gottfreidson I	Sivilliger Joseph [2]
Gibson William	Stewart Peter & Wm
Helleck James	Shirman Mrs
Henderson Daniel A	Smith E
Hamilton Elizabeth	Smith R H
	Smith Hiram
Harris John	Smithers Wm H
Hart J	Short Edward
Harper Mrs	Snell Bertha
Heward Ambrose	Scott Adline
Herchmer Robert	Sibclair John
Horne Capt Wm	Sauve J Batse
Hogan Miss Julia	Wright J W
Hogan George	Wilson C S (Miss)
Hunter Mrs Electa	Williams Sarah
Hynes George	Williams A
Jones Hannah M	Willson Sarah J
Jackson D M	Wiley Sarah J
Kniffen Thomas	Willing Thomas
Kearns Robert	Waller James
Long Mrs Louisa	Wartman John
Leslie John	Waggoner Steven
Lewis John	Warner Capt Geo
Law Charles	Walker Mrs
Morin Frank	Watson Joseph
	Waller John

ROBERT DEACON,
Postmaster.

Post Office, Kingston, 30th Nov., 1865. 281

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH, PORTSMOUTH.

A Bazaar

FOR the sale of Useful and Ornamental Work will be held (D.V.) in the

CITY HALL
KINGSTON,

On Wednesday, 20th December Next

and the proceeds to be applied towards the liquidation of the debt on St. John's Church, Portsmouth.

The door will be open from one o'clock P. M. to ten at night.

The Splendid Band of the Royal Canadian Rifles will be in attendance, by the kind permission of Lt. Col. Moffatt.

☞ There will be another Sale held the following afternoon and evening at the Town Hall, Portsmouth, for the same object.

Any contributions of Work or Refreshments will be thankfully received by the following ladies of the committee:—

Mrs. Allen,	Mrs. Evans,
Mrs. Berry,	The Misses Stoughton
Mrs. Clarke,	Miss Moyle,
Mrs. Dobbs,	Miss Wilson.

LECTURES.

WITH a view of paying off a portion of the debt on St. John's Church, Portsmouth,

MR. ALLEN,

Of Alwington, has consented to deliver a Course of three lectures on

'THE GREAT EARL OF STRAFFORD,'

on whose success or failure hung issues the most momentuous to the People of England.

The first lecture will be delivered, D.V., in the City Hall, on Friday, December 8th, the other two on the following Monday and Friday respectively.

Tickets for the course 50 cents; or 25 cents each at the door.

Doors open at half past 7 o'clock P.M. Lecture to commence at 8.

Kingston, Dec. 1st, 1865. 281

COUNTY COURT
AND
GENERAL QUARTER SESSIONS

County of Frontenac, TO WIT: } NOTICE is hereby given that the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace and County Court will be holden in the Court House, in the City of Kingston, on

Tuesday, the 12th day of December next, at 12 o'clock noon,

Of which all Coroners, Justices of the Peace, Constables, and all others concerned will take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

THOMAS A. CORBETT,
Sheriff Co. of Frontenac.

Sheriff's Office, Kingston, Nov. 21st, 1865. 272

STEAM DYE WORKS,

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED hereby notifies his

FRIENDS & CUSTOMERS

that for the next two months it will not be convenient for him to

Accommodate them as Usual with Work,

But that parties having goods at his place of business can call and receive them as usual. At the expiration of two months he will resume business again. In the meantime he intends to institute Extensive

Improvements in his Establishment.

STUART MONTGOMERY.

Kingston, Nov. 17th, 1865. 269

JAMES NEISH, M.D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Surgery, Bagot Street, next door to the British Whig Office.

Kingston, Aug. 12th, 1865. 3mdkw189

NEW MUSIC!

THREE BEST GALLOPS OF THE SEASON:

Three O'clock Galop,	40 cents.
Night Bell Galop,	35 cents.
International Galop,	30 cents.

TWO NEW SONGS:

Can I come Home from Canada	30 cents.
We've drunk from the same Canteen,	35 cents.

Elaine—song by Tennyson. The Exile's Farewell; The Spirit Bell, and other beautiful Songs and Piano Pieces, just received.

W. BURROWS.

Kingston, Nov. 30th, 1865. 280

GILDERSLEEVE & WALKEM,

Barristers & Attorneys-at-Law,

CONVEYANCERS, & NOTARIES PUBLIC.

RICHARD T. WALKEM,

Solicitor in Chancery,

OFFICE—CLARENCE STREET,
Kingston, C.W.

J. P. GILDERSLEEVE, LL.B. | RICHARD T. WALKEM.

Kingston, Dec. 1st, 1865. 280

COMMERCIAL BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 65.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND of THREE PER CENT upon the Capital Stock of this Institution has been this day declared for the half year ending 31st December, 1865, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its Branches, on and after TUESDAY, the 2nd day of January, 1866.

The transfer books will be closed on 15th December next, and re-opened on 2nd January.

By order of the Board.

C. S. ROSS,
Cashier.

Commercial Bank of Canada, Kingston, 30th November, 1865. 280

SHERIFF'S SALE
OF LANDS.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas issued out of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench, at the suit of

GEORGE HILL—Plaintiff,
vs.
PATRICK McGROGAN—Defendant.

I shall offer for sale at my office, City of Kingston, ON SATURDAY, the 16th day of DECEMBER instant, AT NOON,

Viz:—All the right, title and interest of the Defendant in and to the west half of Lot 11, in the 4th Concession of Loborough; Lot 22, in the First Concession of Kingston, now in the City of Kingston, lying on the west side of Beverley Street.

THOMAS A. CORBETT,
Sheriff,
County Frontenac.

Sheriff's Office, City of Kingston, 1st December, 1865. 280

L. W. JEFFERS'
BOILER WORKS
AND
BLACKSMITHING ESTABLISHMENT,
ST. LAWRENCE WHARF,
FOOT OF JOHNSON STREET,

IS now prepared to receive all orders in Building and Repairing Marine and Land BOILERS of every description, and Black-smithing in all its branches.

Repairs of Boilers strictly attended to.

Kingston, Nov. 24th, 1865. 274

SHEFFIELD HOUSE.

NEW GOODS

JUST RECEIVED,

Electro-Plated Tea Sets, new styles,
Electro-Plated Round and Oval Waiters,
Electro-Plated Sugar Bowls and Cream Pitchers,
Card Baskets, Fruit Baskets,
Breakfast and Dinner Castors, in 4, 5, 6 and 7 bottles.
Revolving do. do.,
Pickle Frames,
Toast Racks,
Butter Coolers, New,
Revolving do.,

New Vases and Toilet Bottles

IN

BOHEMIAN, JEWELLED, ANTIQUE

AND

PARIAN WARE.

CHARLES GRIGOR

Kingston, Nov. 29th, 1865. 279&48

FRESH

Arrivals of Fruit

AT

R. TOWN'S

No. 1 FRUIT AND OYSTER DEPOT
Corner of Ontario and Clarence Streets,

JUST RECEIVED—
Havana Oranges,
French Lemons,
Isabella Grapes,
American Winter Apples,
and Pears,
Can Fruits,
Lobsters and Sardines in tins.

Fresh XX and XXX Oysters received daily in cans and Patent Kegs.

Kingston, November 22nd, 1865. 273&47

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Kingston Agency of the Royal Canadian Bank will be opened for the transaction of business, on Friday, the 8th day of December, proximo, at their Banking office on Wellington Street, opposite the new St. George's School House, near the Post Office.

Interest allowed on current accounts, and small sums received from mechanics and laborers for safe keeping, on which interest will be allowed.

Kingston, Nov.