G. T. R. TIME-TABLE.

Trains arrive and depart from the Kingston Station as follows :—

EXPRESS TRAINS GOING WEST.

Arrive at.....4:50 p.m. and 4:30 a.m.
Depart at.....5:10 p.m. and 4:30 a.m.
Local Trains arrive at 10:00 p.m.; depart at 6:45 a.m.

EXPRESS TRAINS GOING EAST.

Arrive at.....2:00 p.m. and 1:15 a.m.
Depart at.....2:20 p.m. and 1:25 a.m.
Local Trains arrive at 4:20 a.m.; depart at 6:15 a.m.

(Montreal Time—15m. faster than Kingston time.)

The Train from Montreal on Saturday night lays over at Belleville till Monday morning, and that from Toronto lays over at Brockville.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

COMMENCING on MONDAY Next, the 22nd instant, and until further notice,

MAILS GOING EAST

By Day Express Train will Close at 1 p.m.; Arrive at 2.10 p.m.
By Night Express Train will Close at 9 p.m.; Arrive at 2.00 a.m.

MAILS GOING WEST

By day Express Train will close at 4.00 p.m. Arrive at 5.15 p.m.
By night Express Train will close at 9 p.m. Arrive at 5.00 a.m.

BRITISH MAILS

Per Cunard Steamers, via New York and Boston, will close on Mondays at 2 P.M., and per Canadian Steamers, via Quebec, on Fridays at 12 M.

UNITED STATES MAILS,

(Via Cape Vincent) will close at 2 P.M., and arrive at 1.30 P.M.

☞ Office hours, daily (Sundays excepted), from 7 A.M. until 6 P.M.

R. DEACON,
Postmaster.

Post Office, Kingston, 19th May, 1865.

SHOWS AND FAIRS TO COME OFF.

Show of the Township of Huntingdon at Town Hall, on Tuesday, the 24th October.
Cattle Fair at Harrowsmith on Tuesday, 24th of October.

The Daily British Whig

"Opifer per Orbem Dicor."

FRIDAY MORNING, OCT. 20, 1865.

LETTERS & TELEGRAMS.

A. & L., Montreal.

RIFLE MATCH.

PITTSBURG VS. KINGSTON—PITTSBURG VICTORIOUS.

The Rifle contest between the crack shots of this city and those of the Township of Pittsburg, came off on Wednesday (Thanksgiving Day) at the Butts on Barriefield Commons. The day was favorable for the match, although constantly threatening rain. Twenty-five men of each side fired; the ranges being 200, 400 and 600 yards; five rounds at each range. The men were divided into two squads, being under charge of Captain Drummond of Kingston, and Capt. Spring of Storrington. Both sides had strong teams and a finer body of marksmen could scarcely be found. Both parties was hopeful of victory, and the match throughout was one of unusual interest. The contest was keen, but the superiority of the country 'bhoys' was exemplified by an increased majority of points at every range. The totals at the conclusion were found to be 735 for Pittsburg and 653 for Kingston, a majority of 82 for Pittsburg. The Volunteers of Kingston were certainly disheartened, for it is unusual for a small township to crow over a large city in the way of rifle shooting, and left the grounds quite dispirited. The match throughout was carried out in the most friendly manner, and both sides worked together like bricks, striving to give a good turn to everything. Immediately on the announcement of the result, the stakes ($50) were handed over to the Pittsburg committee and an impromptu lunch was got up at Finley's in Barriefield. Brigade Major Shaw, who by the way was on the ground all the day, and acted in a very efficient manner, Mr. Martin Strachan, Reeve of the Township, Mr. William Ferguson, Jr., and Captain Hugh Spring made short addresses. Cheers were given for the Queen, (who if she knew she had such good shots in Pittsburg would send them lots of ammunition for practice,) the Officers of the Day, and also three good hearty cheers for the shots from Kingston. The whole day was a pleasant one to all concerned. The following is the score of the match:

PITTSBURG TWENTY-FIVE.

	200 yds.	400 yds.	600 yds.	Total.
William Baillie...	42444	42233	0a003—	35
William Nelson...	23224	02230	03023—	25
William Redmond.	23243	30340	23010—	32
Peter Graham.....	43334	30223	00220—	32
William Easford...	22334	43422	00233—	38
Edward Baillie....	03304	20240	30000—	21
James Hamilton...	00430	02402	20000—	17
Henry Ruttan.....	43233	32442	34330—	43
James Byrne.....	22243	34032	00203—	30
Thomas Allen.....	02330	04320	30002—	22
James Callaghan.	42444	24034	00200—	33
Thomas Stark.....	03242	20302	0.000—	18
John Baillie.....	34433	34243	04003—	37
Martin Strachan.	24332	40343	20303—	36
John Wilmot.....	23032	03232	03020—	22
John Allen.....	22233	22034	22000—	27
George Ramsay...	23333	40343	a0003—	31
William Allen....	33223	30222	30403—	32
W. LaChapelle...	34443	43233	24043—	46
Robert Dunlop....	22223	03420	C2020—	23
Dr. E. Ferguson.	33230	32030	03000—	22
Henry Wilmot....	22303	33004	00000—	20
R. W. Barker.....	44222	03004	303a2—	29
James Dickie.....	33442	32424	00200—	33
Henry Aykroyd...	23222	20033	34032—	31
				735

KINGSTON TWENTY-FIVE.

Ben. Steacy.....	34343	20321	02000—	29
A. McAllister....	44234	34333	32003—	41
Peter Quigley....	32332	43323	00200—	30
Wm. Stewart.....	02443	00023	00002—	20
H. Connolly.....	24242	00334	20003—	26
A. Kirkpatrick...	33433	04332	30403—	35
Henry Manton....	22433	04222	00000—	24
G. Morrison.....	00003	20a00	00000—	05
— Mountstephen.	33324	42202	30000—	26
C. L. Stephens...	33333	23443	00003—	34
W. Morrison.....	04202	00002	0a020—	12
D. Fitzpatrick...	33223	23022	00030—	24
Richard Gage ...	42424	22334	00030—	30
Francis Tracy ...	a4340	20330	03002—	24
T. Johnston.....	03233	00020	20000—	15
Andrew McMahon	43333	43243	32220—	41
R. Carmichael...	32034	33200	20043—	29
F. Somerville....	33333	30332	02302—	33
Peter McIntyre...	22000	32202	24002—	21
William Manton.	22324	30203	00002—	26
F. S. Rees.....	40222	30203	33034—	31
John Laird.....	23233	30003	00200—	21
P. Slavin.....	22332	02242	00023—	27
W. Draper.....	42203	32203	00030—	24
J. M. Dunlop....	23333	04200	00300—	23
				653

The average of the Pittsburg 'Bhoys' was 29 10; that of the Kingston lads 26 3; and the average of the whole was 27 19 very fair shooting for country lads and volunteers. There is to be a match in the township of Storrington shortly, open to all comers and rifles, and it is likely that some of the Pittsburg shots will go out and show their skill. If they don't go out and carry home the prizes, the Storrington shots may consider themselves lucky.

A PREDICTION VERIFIED.

Many years ago, in 1834, at the solicitation of the late Mr. Drummond, one of the heavy contractors for building the Locks of the Rideau Canal, Dr. Barker wrote and published a book, being a Description of the Canal and the towns and villages on its line of route. A small edition was printed, which has been long out of print. In that little book Dr. Barker hazarded a prediction respecting the futurity of Bytown, a natural one enough at the time. Years rolled by, the prophecy was forgotten, and never would have been called to recollection, were it not for the recent publication of a Hand-book by the proprietor of the Ottawa and Kingston Line of Steamboats, in which this passage occurs:—

"From a little book published by Dr. Barker in 1834, the foregoing sketch is condensed. In this same little book, speaking of the future prospects of Bytown, Dr. Barker wrote with prophetic vision:—"When the resources of the Rideau Canal "become more developed, Bytown must become a place of the utmost importance; "and, should the two Provinces of Upper "and Lower Canada become united, it will, "in consequence of its inland situation, "stand the best chance of becoming the "seat of government." And an important place it has grown to, and in a brief space, and the prediction of Dr. Barker, at thirty two years ago, fulfilled in Ottawa of to-day—the Bytown of then—being the capital of United Canada."

THE FENIANS.

The evidence given before the Dublin magistrate who was charged with the task of examining the Fenian prisoners. The silly, blundering method in which the work was gone about, is fully revealed in the examination.—The Government have been able to furnish the evidence of two men who were regularly employed in the conspiracy, and who were able to identify the chief managers of the movement in Ireland. Considerable sums of money were sent over from New York in drafts of £500 each, and it would appear that a movement was intended soon to take place; but so far nothing has been discovered of the point where the first attack was to be made, or the manner of opening the ball. The massacre of the wealthier classes seem to have been one of the ideas formed by the leaders; but it is only charitable to hope that no such plan would have been carried out by the foolish and misguided men who took part in the movement. There was talk among the conspirators of depots of guns having been formed, but none have yet been discovered. Pike heads have been manufactured in considerable quantities, and these were probably the chief reliance of the conspirators—another proof of their silliness. The evidence adduced amply confirms our previous views of the petty character of the conspiracy, and the entire impossibility of any danger arising from it. A good deal of money collected at Fenian fairs and other gatherings in the States, has doubtless been expended in printing the Irish People, manufacturing pike heads, and paying the travelling expenses of a number of reckless Irish Americans in crossing the Atlantic; but we imagine that a good round sum must still remain in the hands of Mr. John O'Mahony, Head-Centre at New York, and his Executive Council. They will probably divide the funds among them, and turn the organization to the assistance of the Democratic party in oppressing the coloured people, and that is the last we shall hear of the Fenian movement.

THE REPRESENTATION OF TWO MOUNTAINS.

L'Union Nationale states that M. Jean Baptiste Daoust, M. P. P., who was convicted of forgery some time ago, has never tendered the resignation of his seat for Two Mountains. Are there no means of compelling him to resign? There certainly ought to be. At present the constituency is unrepresented. M. Daoust, being imprisoned for forgery, is effectually removed from the parliamentary arena; and the constituency ought to be allowed to elect his successor. If there be no power of compelling the resignation of a member, under such circumstances no time should be lost in remedying this defect of the law.

MILITIA LEGISLATION.

Montreal, Oct 17.

After the usual parade on Monday evening of the "Victoria Rifles," private J. C. Telfer was called to the front and presented with a gold signet ring and a magnificent battalion silver medal, both of which prizes were carried off by private Telfer at the annual rifle match. The first prize was presented by Mrs. Osborne Smith, and the battalion prize by Lieut.-Colonel Smith, who took occasion to address the men of the battalion generally, informing them that he had reason to believe that in a few days they would have most satisfactory intelligence regarding militia legislation. By satisfactory intelligence he meant free uniforms, free rifle ranges and undiminished pay. In view of these things he was glad to inform the corps that nearly one hundred and fifty of the best class of recruits were waiting for official intelligence to join the corps. He regretted the uneasy feeling which certain rumored appointments had raised throughout the force, and reminded the men that these matters concerned the administration only, and that the duty of the force was to stick to its drill and its obligations.

RIFLE MATCH AT MONTREAL.

A very interesting rifle match took place on Monday at the volunteer rifle ranges' Point St. Charles, between two officers and thirteen men of the 60th rifles, and two officers and thirteen of the royal volunteer light infantry, Montreal. The ranges were 200, 400 and 600 yards. The result was in favor of the brigade, which won the match by 70 points. The score of the Royals was 550 points, averaging 36 66; and of the 60th Rifles 480 points, averaging 32 60 points. The firing of the Royals was splendid at the first ranges. The 60th Rifles stand highest on the list of target practice this year, and of course the Royals consider it an honor to have beaten them in this match. A large number of regular and volunteer officers were on the grown, who manifested great interest in the proceedings. The day was beautiful and very favorable to firing.

Burglars seem to be very active in the western part of the country. The house of Mr. Jacob Kitchen, at Grimsby, was among those robbed a few nights ago.

The New York World, in an article on the equipages of Central Park, has the following:—"Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher, whose repeated accidents with fiery horses has in no whit changed her fondness for them, takes her afternoon airing in a coupe, and oddly enough the next object that we behold is that of a Methodist preacher, driving a three minute horse. This is the Rev. Mr. Hare, of Newburgh, who has trotted his pony in 2.38, and thinks like Mr. Beecher, that what a man or a horse is called to do, he should do with all his might."

Jerome the ex-banker, makes a great display in New York. The World says:—"Princess of the Blood is an equine way, as he was announced long in Wall street, Mr. Jerome maintains the cleverest stable in the city; it is built beneath his private theatre on Madison avenue, and in its aisles of walnut stalls there are horses the price of each of which might build a ship. Above all the rest of our horse gentlemen, Mr. Jerome has taken rank; his drag cost two thousand dollars, his harness fifteen hundred dollars, and the total cost of the team and four he turns out is not less than thirty thousand dollars.—This it is to ride in triumph in the American Babylon."

BANQUET TO HON. MR. CARTIER AT OTTAWA.

Ottawa, Oct. 17.

At the banquet given to the Hon. Mr Cartier, at the Temperance Hall, this evening, by the citizens of Ottawa, about one hundred and fifty persons were present, including the Mayor, City Council, Roman Catholic Bishop, Episcopal Rector, Sheriff, Judge Armstrong, and the members for Russell, Charleton and Ottawa Counties. After the usual toasts, Mr. Cartier's health was drunk with much enthusiasm. In returning thanks, Mr. Gartier spoke at some length on the selection of Ottawa as the seat of Government by carrying out the Queen's decision. He spoke also of Confederation, the accession of the Hudson Bay Territory, and of the Ottawa canal. His speech was loudly applauded. At 9:30 a torchlight procession of firemen reached the Temperance Hall, and were addressed from the window by Mr. Cartier. Everything went off harmoniously.

Detroit, Oct. 18.—A fire broke out in the Michigan central freight shed at 8 o'clock to night, entirely destroying freight, buildings, and contents, from Third street to the old elevator. The loss is heavy as a great quantity of freight was burned. The fire originated from a barrel of kerosene bursting and becoming ignited.

ECLIPSE OF THE SUN.

To-morrow (October 19th), there will be and eclipse of the sun, visible as an annular eclipse in some places in the south and west of the United States, and as a partial one over nearly the whole of the continent of North America, the northern half of South America, and the whole Atlantic Ocean, and in parts of Western Europe and Africa. The central eclipse begins on the Pacific coast, near the mouth of the Columbia River, and the central line, extending across the continent in an east-southeast direction, comes to the Atlantic near Charleston, S. C., and crossing this ocean, terminates in Africa, near the western coast. This line passes very near to St. Joseph, Mo., Paducah, Ky., Nashville, Tenn., and Charleston S. C. The annular phase will be visible on either side of this line to a distance of about ninety geographical miles. In this belt is included all that portion of the States where the annular eclipse will be seen, or where the whole of the moon will be seen on the sun's face. Only along the central line will the ring be uniform in size. At the time of the eclipse the sun will be very near the earth, and the moon at its greatest distance, which will render the apparent diameter of the moon much less than that of the sun, and the width of the ring will be unusally great.

The position of the central line in this eclipse passing near to so many accessible places makes it a peculiarly favourable one for the observation of the phenomena at ending the annular phases; and expeditions have accordingly been sent to several positions on the line from the National Observatory, and from the offices of the Coast Survey and the Nautical Almanac.

The partial eclipse will be visable from a poin in or near Toronto, lat. 43 30. 4 min. north, and long. 5th. 17 min. 33 sec. west, as follows:—

1st contact.....8h. 28 4 min. a. m.
Greatest observation. 9h 58 " "
Last Contact,.....11h 37 min. "

The magnitude of the eclipse will be 72, the sun's diameter being 1.

All points further east the eclipse will begin and end a little later. In Montreal, for example, the first contact will take place about two minutes past 9 a. m., and in Quebec at 16½ minutes past that hour.—Toronto Globe.

*** Owing to the rain yesterday morning, there was almost a total eclipse of the sun here.

ITEMS OF NEWS.

ELECTION EXPENSES IN ENGLAND.—The London Spectator declares that no one need expect to get into Parliament for less than $10,000. It cost Tom Hughes lately over $5,500 in an election conducted by his friends with the strictest economy. Here is the bill:—Returning officer £138 15s 6d; agency clerks and messengers, &c., £217 16s; printing and stationery £251 0s 10d; bill sticking £78 3s; postage and letter delivery £77 8s 3d; advertising £63 2s 6d; rent of committee rooms, &c., £80 4s 9d; rent of rooms for public meetings, &c., £28 1s 4d; cab hire prior to polling day £18; cabs, couriers, inspectors and check clerks on the day of polling £155 8s 1d.—Total £1,103 0s 5d.

EXTRAORDINARY DESERTION.—SEVEN SOLDIERS OF THE 16TH GO FROM LONDON BARRACKS.—Seven soldiers of the 16th regiment—Corporal McIntyre, Bugler McIntyre and five privates—deserted from London Barracks on Monday night last, about ten o'clock. Beng absent at tattoo, inquiries were made concerning them, resulting however fruitlessly. The birds had flown, and were by that time probably far away. Private J. Davis was on guard duty up to nine o'clock, and had no doubt been cognizant of the intention to desert. The other privates were new recruits—having arrived out from Belfast depot in the last draft. Yesterday morning telegrams were despatched to all parts of the country, and it is not probable they will succeed in escaping detection long. Almost everyone is by this time aware of the reward attaching to the capture of deserters, and will no doubt be thereby, aside from the dictates of their patriotism, prompted to do their utmost in the cause of their country.—Free Press.

THE MILITIA GENERAL ORDER.—A general order appeared in the Official Gazette, of Saturday, dismissing from the service of the Volunteer Militia of Canada, Captain A. M. Ross, of the Goderich Volunteer Artillery. The cause assigned is his having made a public and insulting accusation against Captain Seymour and the Huron Rifle Company, and on being ordered by the Commander-in-Chief to retract the terms of his accusation, did so in a letter which was an aggravation of the first insult offered to the corps.

DR. BARRY.—In a recent number of the Medical Times and Gazette, we observe a letter by Edward Bradford, Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, in which he contradicts the statements going the rounds of the press, that the late Dr. Barry, so well known in Canada, was a female. From that letter we quote the following extracts:—

"The stories which have been circulated about him since his death are too absurd to be gravely refuted. There can be no doubt among those who knew him that his real physical condition was that of a male.

"The real marvel of his history is, that a being of a frame so feeble, without domestic resources, with a temper so irritable and even mischievous, in spite of frequent severe sickness in tropical climates, and constantly at variance with authority, should have attained the highest rank in the medical department, and have lived to the age of 65 years."

INDIAN BRAVADO.—Two Indian Chiefs, Little Six and Medicine Bottle, are under sentence of death at Fort Snelling, Minnesota, and will shortly be hung for participation in the massacre of whites on the frontier. Little Six on being asked if he was afraid to die, dramatically responded: 'As I have said before the Great Spirit placed me on the earth as a man, and I have the credentials to show for it. I never killed anyone and am partly a woman on that account. If they are going to kill me, I am ready. I am in a hurry for it—I am in a hurry for it. My name is all over the world. As far as I can understand I am on a pivot, and I am waiting for it to turn every minute.' Medicine Bottle was more sententious, and replied:—'I was never afraid to die and am not yet. The Great Spirit will let me know what time I have to die. He has charge of me. I consider myself a man, every inch of me.

DEATH IN MONTREAL.—We regret to announce the death of E. Demers, Esq., City Treasurer, which occurred very suddenly yesterday P. M. We understand he had just partaken of his tea with his family, when he suddenly fell to the floor and was dead in a very few minutes. Mr. Demers was 65 years of age. He has been 19 years City Treasurer. Montreal loses in him a good citizen and a faithful, zealous, upright and able servant. His management of the City Finances has been most laborious and careful. The citizens owe him a greatful remembrance, and a large number of personal friends will profoundly regret his loss.—Montreal Gazette.

SINGULAR SUICIDE OF A BRIDE.—An inquest was held at the village of Uppington, about two miles from Stamford, to inquire into the cause of a death which occurred there under peculiar circumstances. On the 14th instant Richard Barsby, aged 54, was married to Elizabeth Airby, a widow four years his junior. From the evidence adduced at the inquest it appeared that Barsby, who obtains a living by out-door manual labor, was on Wednesday engaged in his ordinary occupation, leaving his newly-married wife at home. On returning at night he was horrified to find his bride a corpse. She lay reclining in bed in her night clothes, and was quite cold.—In the room were found a couple of tumblers—one containing water, and the bottom of the other being covered with a precipitate, supposed to have been formed by the evaporation of laudanum. A letter was found, containing the deceased's wedding-ring. It was as follows: 'My dear friends, I am broken-hearted and cannot rest any more on this earth. I hope God will forgive me. Nobody can tell what I have gone through this last year. Hubbard will make a coffin. There's a sovereign and some silver, and some one must let Mary (her daughter) know my unhappy end, for I could not bear myself any longer. I never thought I should come to this untimely end; but I cannot eat nor sleep and the thoughts of being married I cannot bear, as I know I never should be happy any more in this world, I think. What a trouble it will be to my dear boy (a Church missionary in Rupert's Land) if this and news ever gets to him. I am no use in this world, for cannot work. I might have been happy; but it's no use now. I am quite broken-hearted. I hope the Lord will forgive me for all I have done wrong. Good bye and God bless you.' The jury returned a verdict that the deceased destroyed herself by poison while in a state of unsound mind.

THE CHINESE GIANT.—London is much excited about a Chinese giant, who has become a topic for editorial moralizers.—Chang Woo Gow's father, grandfather and great-grandfather was taller than he; he had a sister ten inches taller, and has a brother only six inches shorter; he has but a moderate appetite, is not thought to be very strong, but has insured his life in several offices on the most favorable terms.—His voice is not so loud or full as that of an ordinary man; finally he makes a little address to his audiences, in which he says:—"The fish dwell in the depth of the waters,
And the eagles in the sides of heaven;
The one, though high, may be reached with an arrow,
And the other, though deep, with a hook;
But the heart of a man, at a foot distance,
Cannot be known."

"Yet I trust my heart is known to you. It is full of thankfulness for your kindness, and kindness is more binding than a loan."

GREAT EATERS.

From Hull's Journal of Health.

Great Eaters never live long. A voracious appetite, so far from being a sign of health, is a certain indication of disease. Some dyspeptics are always hungry; feel best when they are hungry, but as soon as they have eaten they endure torments so distressing in their nature, as to make their unhappy victims wish for death. The appetite of health is that which inclines to eat moderately when eating time comes, and which, when satisfied, leaves no unpleasant reminders. Multitudes measure their health by the amount they can eat; and of any ten persons, nine are gratified at an increase of weight, as if mere bulk were an index of health; when in reality any excess of fatness is, in proportion, decisive proof of existing disease, showing that the absorbents of the system are too weak to discharge their duty; and the tendency to fatness, to obesity, increases until existence is a burden and sudden death closes the history. Particular inquiry will also invariably elicit the fact that fat persons, however ribicund and jolly, are never well, and yet how much they are envied.

While great eaters never live to an old age, and are never for a single day without some 'symptom,' some feeling sufficiently disagreeable to attract the mind's attention unpleasantly, small eaters, those who eat regularly of plain food, usually have no 'spare flesh,' are wiry and enduring, and live to an old age. Remarkable exemplifications of these statements are found in the lives of the centenarians of the past age. Galen, one of the most distinguished physicians among the ancients, lived very sparingly after the age of twenty-eight, and died in his hundred and fortieth year.

Kentigern, who never tasted spirits of wine and who had worked hard all his life, reached 185 years. Jenkins, a poor Yorkshire fisherman, who lived on the coarsest diet, was 165 years old when he died. Old Parr lived to 153; his diet being milk, cheese, whey, small beer and coarse bread. The favourite food of Henry Francisco, who lived to be 140, was tea, bread and butter, and baked apples.—Ephriam Pratt, of Shutesbury, Mass, who died aged 117, lived chiefly on milk, and even that in small quantity, his son Michael, by similar means, lived to be 103 years old.

Father Cull, a Methodist clergyman, died last year at the age of 102, the main diet of his life having been swine's flesh (bacon) and bread made of Indian meal. From these statements, nine general readers out of ten, will jump at the conclusion that milk is healthy, as are baked apples and bacon. These conclusions do not legitimately follow. The only inference that can be safely drawn is from the only fact running through all these cases—that plain food and a life of steady labor tend to a great age.

We must not expect to live long by doing any one thing which an old man did, and omit all others but by doing all he did, that is, work steadily as well as eat mainly a particular dish.

ATTEMPTED BURGLARY IN LONDON.

On Monday night an attempt was made to commit a burglary at the house of a Mr. Glackmeyer, Bathurst street, London. It appears that a previous attempt had been made to break into the house, and the Chief of Police at once laid plans for the capture of the thieves should they again make the attempt, by stationing himself in the house.—About ten o'clock some persons were heard to enter the house, and in a short time the burglar made his appearance and was at once seized by the Chief. He turned out to be Wm Kerr a native of Hamilton. In his possession were found a number of instruments commonly in use among housebreakers. As soon as he was placed in confinement, inquiries were made as to the whereabouts of 3 novel confederates of his named Claypole, Schram and Hamilton. They were found after some time playing billiards, and after a desperate resistance, taken to the Station House, where a conflict of a terrible nature took place between Schram and the policemen. He struck at them right and left, and it required the full force present (some five or six) besides the picket of the 16th Regiment, to keep him from doing serious mischief. He was removed to the cells, however, all torn and bleeding, after much struggling, by four policemen, the other suspected parties going before.

BRITISH TROOPS IN CANADA.

The following is the list of British troops in Canada:

Quebec—Seventh Royal Fusileers; 1st Battalion Rifle Brigade; 4th Battalion Rifle Brigade; portion of 10th Brigade Royal Artillery; and two Field Batteries of Armstrong guns.

Montreal—60th Rifles, 4th Battalion; 28th "King's own Borderers"; 30th Light Infantry, 2nd Battalion of Field Artillery.

Kingston—Royal Canadian Rifles; two Garrison Batteries, detachment of the 10th Brigade, Royal Artillery.

Toronto—47th Regiment; Battalion D. and G. 4th Brigade, Field Artillery, and 40 men 10th Brigade.

Hamilton—Right wing and headquarters 1st Battalion 16th Regiment.

London—Left wing of 1st Battalion 16th Regiment and one Field Battery.

Windsor—Detachment of Royal Canadian Rifles.

THE POPE AND FREEMASONS.

The Pope has condemned the Fenians in the consistory, but he has oddly connected with them in his censure the Freemasons, an order of which the Pope cannot have any knowledge, and which he probably dislikes, in the proportion that good masons dislike humbug, however pretentious. The Pope, however, does not include in his consistorial censure the Jesuits, of whom he is more afraid than of the Freemasons, and who noiselessly move the springs of human action throughout the world, even using the holder of the Fisherman's Seal himself as a tool, and sometimes defying the Pope and conclave.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

Wednesday, the Day of General Thanksgiving, was observed with due solemnity. The shops and stores were all closed, and the Churches of all denominations were crowded. The day in Kingston was as quiet as a Protestant Sunday usually is.

UNLICENSED HOUSES.—A well informed person has made out a list of parties in this city, known to keep shebeen shops, and make a trade by selling liquor without license. He altogether counts a few over a hundred—a fine state of morals—while the licensed houses are only about half that number. This is owing to the fact that under the present law, a great number cannot obtain licenses, although able and willing to pay for them, and are bound to make a living by the 'drop,' whether licensed or not. The License Inspectors also are tired of bringing parties up for selling liquor without license, for it is so difficult to convict them owing to the false swearing of witnesses, and when a conviction is made, the defendant appeals, and the case goes to the Recorder's Court, where the chances are decidedly in favor of the appellants gaining their causes. A little alteration might be made in the license law making the license to be issued unlimited, and providing for the conviction of guilty parties in a surer manner than the present.

A BOGUS LOTTERY.—On Wednesday about fifty unpaid letters from a bogus lottery house of New York were received at the Kingston Post Office, and many parties, taking them for business advices, paid the postage on them. They were found to contain a circular, a printed immitation of a confidential letter, and an envelope to address the head of the lottery in New York, Seymour & Co. The greatest inducements are held out by the company, which styles itself the "Library Association Lottery Company of Kentucky" to adventurers and represents the prizes as high as $40,000 are to be drawn on the next lottery day.—The whole concern is a very plain swindle, and the parties will find very little support in Canada. The people should guard against such impositions, for it would break down a country to carry on a lottery such as this one is reported to be.

THE BRITISH AMERICAN, ALIAS THE DESPATCH.—When a newspaper condescends to lying abuse, it is high time to cut its acquaintance. Three years ago, Mr. Carman came to Kingston to publish a Daily Newspaper, avowedly to destroy the British Whig, and take its place as one of the two dailies of Kingston. In this ill-natured attempt he broke down, and after the failure, the only retaliation the publisher of the British Whig took was to have a jolly good laugh at his expense. Instead of grinning and bearing his mishap, as a sensible man would do, Mr. Carman, as a man of his kidney should not do, commences a course of blackguardism, which he will be allowed to have all to himself, with the present single exception, in saying, that had Mr. Carman made any enquiries into the facts of scandals he desires to revive, he would have found that 'the boot was on the other leg.'

LAUNCH OF THE SHIP THURCASTON.—The ship Thurcaston was launched from the Portsmouth shipyard yesterday after noon about five o'clock, in the presence of a large number of spectators. The vessel glided beautifully off the ways with an easy and graceful motion, and without meeting with the slightest impediment. The christening ceremony was performed by Miss Bourchier. The Thurcaston was thoroughly painted, but not rigged, having only the mizzen mast in. She is to be rigged in the same manner as the other vessels of the "Portsmouth Fleet," and is of the same tonnage and dimensions as the Sparkenhoe and the Quorn. The Thurcaston is the eight sea-going vessel which has been launched from this shipyard, and the last to be launched this fall, although there is still on the ways another vessel pretty well advanced, and the same size as the Thurcaston.—News.

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK.—We learn that more than the necessary amount for establishing the Kingston Branch of this bank has been subscribed, and steps are being taken to commence operations as soon as possible. A couple of months will probably elapse before everything is ready. An office has been secured on Clarence street, opposite the Post Office.—News.

FATAL ACCIDENT ON THE GRAND TRUNK.—On Tuesday morning, what might have been a very serious and fatal disaster occurred on the Champlain and St. Lawrence Road, three miles on this side of St. Johns. It appears that at this point the Company are ballasting the road, and have a temporary siding upon which the cars, when a train is due, shunt off, until the down train has passed. When the train which left Montreal in the morning reached the place in question, the switch had not been turned and the engine and four out of the eight cars attached went off the track. The sudden shock unfortunately threw off the engine driver, who was instantly killed.—Providentially the cars were not overturned, else the disaster might have been frightful, for the third class were crowded with emigrants. The manager of the Company, on hearing of the accident, immediately telegraphed to have the switchman arrested. A Coroner's inquest will at once be held.—Montreal Transcript.

DIED.

In Kingston, on the 13th inst., Mr. Robert Mellhern, aged 39 years.

In Toronto, on the 15th inst., Mr. Samuel Morphy, late of Brantford, in the 43rd year of his age.

In Toronto, on the 16th inst., Mr. John Young in the 81st year of his age.

In Brockville, on the 10th inst., John H. Lee, aged 60 years.

In Augusta on the 17th inst., Mary Gertrode McAuley, aged 26 years.

In Edwardsburgh, on the 5th inst., Mr. George Weir, for many years an extensive contractor, aged 58 years.

At Hamilton, on the 14th inst., Maria Catharine, the wife of Peter Warren, Esq., aged 34 years.

In Toronto, on the 18th instant, Joseph McCanlly, aged 58 years.

At Scarboro', on the 18th instant, William Ewer Young, youngest son of the late Robert S. Young, of Clonsingle House, Newport, County Tipperary, Ireland.

GREAT SILK SALE

AT THE

MONTREAL HOUSE, KINGSTON.

On Monday Next, the 23rd October,

WILL BE SHOWN THE CONTENTS OF

One Case of Rich Black Silks,

Widths from 24 to 32 Inches.

As this is the Largest Stock of Black Silks ever shown in this City, and as the prices are fully one-fourth under present rates, the Ladies are politely requested to avail themselves of this special opportunity.

☞ The Sale will continue until the above Stock of Silks is cleared off.

JAMES DAVIS.

Montreal House, Kingston, October 19th, 1865. 244

FRUIT!

CROP 1865.

THE "DEODAR" has arrived at Quebec, with New Crop Fruit,

DIRECT FROM MALAGA,

which we offer

FOR SALE

delivered

In Montreal or Here,

in lots to suit buyers.

6622 Boxes Layer Raisins,
1077 hlf. do do do,
1108 qr. do do do,
2803 Boxes MR do,
712 hlf. do do do,
920 qr. do do do,
20 Kegs Sultana do,
850 Boxes Figs,
Oranges, Lemons,
377 Bars Lead.

J. CARRUTHERS & CO.

Kingston, 19th Oct., 1865. 244

Insolvent Act of 1864.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM RUDSTON AND SON.

ALL persons indebted to the above named estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned; as all debts remaining unpaid on the first day of December next will then be put in suit.

HENRY CHARLES VOIGT,
Official Assignee.

Kingston, Oct. 16th, 1865. 242&243

Orange Bazaar.

THE KINGSTON LADIES' PROTESTANT ASSOCIATION will hold a Bazaar for the Sale of Useful and Ornamental Work, in the City Hall,

ON FRIDAY, SATURDAY & MONDAY, the 3rd, 4th and 6th days of November, prox.

Contributions to the Bazaar and Refreshment Tables will be thankfully received by any of the following ladies:—

Mrs. Horatio Yates,	Mrs. George Brown
Mrs. Edward Stacey,	Mrs. Wm. Robinson
Mrs. Wm. Shannon,	Mrs. Edward White

ON MONDAY, THE 6TH,

At 7½ o'clock P.M. the proceedings will be wound up by

A Grand Orange Soiree.

Tickets 1s 10½d, may be obtained of any of the ladies having Tables, and at the door.

The entire proceeds will be devoted towards the erection of the proposed Orange Hall in this city.

MRS. E. WHITE,
Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Kingston, Oct. 17th, 1865. 243&42

CREDIT SALE

OF

FARM STOCK & IMPLEMENTS.

THE Undersigned is authorized to Sell by Public Action, on the farm of Mr. JOHN G. STRACHAN, Township of Pittsburgh,

On Tuesday, November 1st, 1865.

Surplus Stock consisting of as follows:—

1 Span of Grey Horses, 1 Mare, 1 Horse, 2 Colts, 2 Cows, 3 Heifers, 60 Fine Leicester Breed Sheep, Waggons, Ploughs, Harrows, Cultivators, Sleighs, and several other articles worthy the attention of the public.

☞ N.B.—Several Horses and other Cattle will be offered at auction after the above Sale.

TERMS.

Under $25, Cash; from $25 to $50, three months; over $50, 6 months, by furnishing approved endorsed notes.

SALE AT TEN O'CLOCK.

☞ For particulars see Posters.

JAMES LINTON.
Auctioneer.

Kingston, Oct. 17th, 1865. 42&243

14 CATTLE STRAYED!

FROM the premises of Wm. & J. Elliott, 7 or 9 of them Marked letter E, the remainder Marked letter H. Any one giving such information as will lead to their recovery will be suitably rewarded.

WM. & J. ELLIOTT,
Butchers, Kingston.

Kingston, Oct. 17th, 1865. 42&243

Small Farm to Rent or Sell.

WILL be Rented or Sold, a fine Farm of Fifty Acres, within seven miles of Kingston, being part of Lot 14 in the 2nd Concession of Pittsburgh. There is an excellent stone house on the premises, with good barn and outhouses, orchard, well of water, &c., &c. The whole in excellent order. For terms apply to the Subscriber.

RICHARD GENGE.

Barriefield, Oct. 16th, 1865. tf 242

Smokeless Lamp Chimneys.

ECONOMY in the use of Oil, as well as a chimney that will not smoke, are guaranteed by the manufacturers of this article.

The Subscriber has received a large supply of the above which he offers for sale, both wholesale and retail, at a slight increase in price over the common chimney.

G. S. HOBART,
Medical Hall.

Kingston, Oct. 14th, 1865. 242

CABINET MAKER WANTED.

WANTED immediately a first-class Cabinet Maker, to whom constant employment and liberal wages will be given. A MARRIED MAN PREFERRED. Apply immediately to George A. Coulson, personally or by letter, No. 99 Rideau St., Ottawa City, C.W.

Ottawa, Oct. 12th, 1865. 239

I *Beat all Canada* Or Any Other Man,

I HAVE received a case of most excellent Sugar Cured Hams, I never sold better.

I have received fresh ground from the Thistle Mills

50 Barrels XXX Pastry Flour,
150 Barrels Extra Family Flour,
400 Bags Extra Family Flour,
1000 Pounds Wheat Meal,
500