A COMPLIMENT TO THE LOYALTY AND GOOD SENSE OF THE PEOPLE OF KINGSTON.

One of the three Annexation journals published in Canada West is at the point of death, and unless assistance reaches it by Saturday, will be among the things that were. That Potter and his allies, the Fenians of St. Sacrament Street and the St. James' Club may rush to its assistance, we indicate the expiring organ as the "Kingston British American."

Its issue of Tuesday contains a pathetic history of its birth, life and misfortunes preceding the announcement of its probable decease. This production is naive, deliciously cool, and exhibits a total blindness to what others will regard as a confession of a discreditable career. The essence of the whole is that the British American was started three years ago as a Reform journal on a fund raised by subscription, during the reign of John S. Macdonald, and subsidized with the greater portion of the local patronage under government control. On this party favor and public plunder it throve and waxed fat; then came a frost in the shape of Coalition, and a decrease of government pap, followed shortly by total exclusion from the public crib, consequent on the opposition of the "British American" to the government policy on Confederation. Nor was this all; its patrons were divided in opinion on its course, and refused support; and its opposition to the defence of the province still further reduced the number of its supporters; the total of the whole being the danger of immediate death from want of aliment, unless an admiring and grateful public will come forward and assume a proportion of the losses incident to its existence.

However much we regret that any enterprise should come to grief, we cannot help regarding the failure of the British American as a compliment to the good sense and loyalty of the people of Kingston. Established and supported as a party journal, its conductor turned the means given him to the damage of its interests and those of the Province; his independence took the peculiar turn of using a trust to the injury of those who gave it and the furthering of his own peculiar views. In his attack on British connection and his eulogies on annexation he equalled the St. Catharines Post, although according to his own showing he had no right to go beyond the platform of the party which had established and so far supported his journal, and although he had abundant warning in the failure of support, that he was endeavoring to inculcate doctrines obnoxious even to those desirous of serving him. A newspaper may be either an organ of public opinion or of individual caprice; in the former case the public will support it, but in the latter the individual whose peculiarities it reflects will be left to remunerate himself. When the British American became Yankee American it naturally had to look for support among people of the like sympathies and aspirations; Reformers might loyally differ as to the wisdom or expediency of Confederation, or the advisability of a costly system of defence; but when opposition to both these measures was accompanied by unconcealed sedition, and open efforts to destroy the connection with the mother country, they could not doubt that all were evidences of rank disloyalty, which it would have been little short of treason to have encouraged; so they shook themselves clear of their former organ and left it to the very appropriate fate that will overwhelm it unless Potter and his friends fly to its rescue.—Montreal Telegraph.

*** We have reason to believe that an effort will be made to keep this newspaper in the land of the living. Messrs. Wood, Potter & Co., have come to its aid, and Annexation Principles will continue to be advocated for some short time. A very coarse adage comes pat to recollection—'The more a nasty matter is stirred, the more it stinks.'

The prospectus of a new Transatlantic Telegraph Company has been issued in London. The route selected is by Falmouth, Oporto, the Azores and Halifax. This scheme originated in New York and has this advantage over the line now laid down that the lengths of cable will be shorter and easier to work.

The cholera is raging in the south of France, and gradually extending northward. Two fatal cases have occurred in England. As the epidemic will probably reach the American continent by next spring, the special committees appointed by the recent report of the Health Committee, should take action, so that no time may be lost.

The Editor's Table.--No. 413.

A full fortnight has elapsed since last we cleared off Our Table, and even now there is nothing on it but a few Magazines.

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE for October. Reprint of L. Scott & Co., New York; John Creighton, Kingston. $3,00.

THE NORTH BRITISH REVIEW for September. L. Scott & Co., New York; John Creighton, Kingston. $3,00.

There are articles on the following subects:—1, Mr. Mill's Examination of Sir W. Hamilton's Philosophy; 2, Burlesque Poetry; 3, Carlyle's History of Frederick the Great; 4, Sir Benjamin C. Brodie, Bart.; 5, Mr. Russel on the Salmon; 6, Sensation Novelists, Miss Braddon; 7, Frost and Fire.

THE CANADA FARMER for October. G. Brown, Toronto. $1,00.

THE GENESEE FARMER for October. J. Harris, Rochester. 50 Cents.

THE JOURNAL OF ARTS AND MANUFACTURES for October. W. C. Chewett & Co. 75 Cents.

LONDON SOCIETY for October. W. C. Chewett & Co., Toronto, Canada Agents. One Shilling Sterling.

Its contents are:—On the Medical Effects of Laziness; Matrimony over the Water; Tender and True and Tried, (with an Illustration;) The Story I heard in the Smoking room; From 'My Darling down by the Sea'; A Scene on Boulogne Pier, (with a sketch by C. Henley;) Among the Hop Gardens, (Illustrated by Edith Dunn;) Witty Women and Pretty Women of the Time of Horace Walpole; La Belle Sauvage, (Illustrated by 'Egomet';) More 'Witnesses,' (with six specimens drawn by W. Brunton); A Tale of Croquet; Partridge Day as it was and as it is, by an Elderly Sportsman; Salmon Spearing; The Earl's Daughter, A Non-sensational story; The Merchant Princes of England; Chapter XV. The Coutsses of Edinburgh and London, (with a portrait of Thomas Coutts,) Chapter I. Our Welsh Watering-places; Cupid at a Boating party, (with an Illustration;) Of the World, but not Worldly, (Illustrated by James Godwin;) Artists Notes from Choice Pictures; Hogarth's Marriage a la Mode, (with an Illustration;) The Courtship of Giles Languishe: an Autumnal Incident, (Illustrated by G. Purwell.)

THE CHURCHMAN'S MAGAZINE for October. W. C. Chewett & Co., Toronto, Canada Agents. One Shilling Sterling.

For Contents of this No. see Advertising Columns.

THE UPPER CANADA LAW JOURNAL for October. W. C Chewitt & Co., Toronto. $3.00.

HEALTH OF THE CADETS IN CAMP.—From the published report of Dr. Dufresne, Surgeon to the Brigade of Cadets at Laprairie, we glean the following details of the sanitary condition of the Cadets during their encampment at Laprairie, viz. 1st battalion—Number of admissions to hospital 16, number discharged from duty 4, number sent home before 4th and 5th Oct., 10; 2nd battalion—admissions to hospital 16, discharged from duty 14, sent home 4th and 5th Oct., 2; 3rd battalion—admissions to hospital 28, discharged from duty 26, sent home before the 4th and 5th Oct. 8, sent home 4th and 5th Oct. 12. The prevailing diseases were diarrhœa, tonsilitas and rheumatism. Of the outdoor patients, to the number of 479, there were reported for duty 275, and not fit for duty 204.

OUR HERRING FISHERY.—There are probably few, even among ourselves, who are aware of the value and importance of the Herring Fishery which is carried on at and near the foot of Lake Huron, immediately above Point Edward. Large quantities of herrings are caught there every season; part of which are sent fresh along the lines of Railway to the Towns and Cities, frequently as far as Hamilton, or even Toronto, and the remainder cured and packed by the fishermen for winter sale and exportation. This season the 'take' is larger than usual, and consequently the fishermen are more than usually busy. The other day as we have been reliably informed, Mr S. Hitchcock caught 15,000 at one haul. This is equal to over forty barrels of herrings, so that Mr. H. made a 'lucky haul' certainly, on that particular day. A new source of demand has lately sprung up, by which the fishermen get rid of large quantities of their fish, without the trouble of packing, or even sending them fresh by rail. Many of the farmers of the surrounding Townships come to the Lake with their teams, and take away loads of fresh fish, taking them home and curing them themselves for their winter supply. Meat is scarce and dear at present, and likely to be so throughout the season, and here is a good substitute, of which all may avail themselves at a very low rate, the price charged by the fishermen on the beach being only 50c per hundred. We understand several teams came from the Township of Lobo a day or two ago, and took away loads of fish on these terms; and now that we have given our farmer friends the hint as to how they may obtain a cheap substitute for meat, which will enable them to sell at high prices more than they would otherwise be able to dispose of, of the latter article, they will do well to improve it.—Sarnia Observer.

ITEMS OF NEWS.

In the year 1664, on the 5th December, a boat in crossing the Menia Straits with 81 passengers, was upset, and only one of the company named Hugh Williams, was saved. On the same day in the year 1735, was upset another boat containing about 60 passengers, and every person perished with the exception of one, whose name also was Hugh Williams; and on the 5th August, 1820, a third boat met the same disaster, but the passengers of this were no more than five, and singular to relate, the whole perished with the exception of one, whose name was Hugh Williams.

A ROMANTIC MARRIAGE.—Here is a case to which the Rev. Mr. Cross might refer as a precedent. The head of a well-known noble house, whose name is familiar to us all, some years since was out for a morning drive, accompanied by his daughter, blooming in her teens. The nobleman stopped the carriage to call on his tailor, and the young lady went with her father into the shop. The tailor was good looking, 'the pink of fashion and the mould of form,' and the young lady there and then fell in love with the tailor aforesaid. Subsequent interviews deepened the impression, though the fashionable tailor was unaware of his good fortune. At length the young, lady, who was not of those who never tell their love, but let concealment, &c., told her father. The nobleman was astounded, but he loved his daughter too much to thwart her, on finding that Time the healer only inflamed the wounds of Cupid's arrow. The result was that the tailor was induced to give up his splendid business, had a short University curriculum (having been previously well educated,) and in less than a year was married to the nobleman's daughter. Some future social historian may be able to add, "and they lived happily ever afterwards;" for the marriage is believed to have been a very happy one, despite a difference of station which would, doubtless, horrify the world in general —Court Journal.

The Times, speaking not without warrant we suppose, makes public the importance fact that the information in virtue of which the late action against the Fenians was taken, was furnished by the Washington Government to the British authorities. The Times adds that the deluded youths who have been saved from plunging further into rebellion have reasons to be thankful to Mr. Seward for having denounced them and their plans.

THE CHOLERA IN ENGLAND.—The Times is informed on most unquestionable authority that a decided and undoubted case of Asiatic cholera, with a fatal result, has occurred in Southampton. The victim was a maximaned Rose, about thirty years of age, residing in Brewhouse-court, Brewhouse lane, who died on Sunday, about thirty-six hours from his first attack, the symptoms at every stage being those of the most virulent form of this dreadful disease. The unfortunate man himself dated his illness from having been engaged a few days previously in cleaning out a very offensive cesspool. Another case, that of a woman living in a different part of the town, is also reported as presenting similar symptoms. Although these cases, should they both prove to be Asiatic cholera, may not presage an immediate prevalence of the epidemic, they are sufficiently alarming to call for vigilant and energetic measures, without an hour's delay, on the part of the local authorities, and, if neccessary, the Government itself.

Annexation. While we have an avowedly annexation paper is in our midst, it may be as well to read what the Montreal Gazette says on this subject:—

The fate of Texas twenty years ago ought to be full of instruction to Canada. Already we are not without indications in our midst, that the preliminary slaver is being spread over the intended victim. In the first days of Mr. Lincoln, we find here a secret American agent in the person of the Hon. Geo Ashmun, President of the Lincoln Chicago Convention. He, however, committed himself soon after the arrival, and on Lord Lyons' complaint, was called home. Subsequently, the Hon. Robert J. Walket, ex-Secretary of the U. S. Treasury, was employed on a confidential mission to Canada, which was also brought to an early termination by the premature disclosures of the newspapers. The consultations with leading merchants, which Mr. Consul General Potter had, before his escapade at Detroit, are another link in the chain. And, although happily the result has been in this neighbourhood a total failure, the persevering attempts made during the last three or four years by American emissaries to introduce the treasonable Fenian organization among our Irish-born population must not be overlooked.—If as many efforts had been made to burn down any one's residence, or place of business, in our midst, would not a searching examination into all the facts be made? And why not something of the kind in this infinitely more important concern? We believe—indeed we are assured on good authority—that the Queen's Canadian Government are not inactive or uninformed as to all the facts of the intrigues in our midst. But the attempt being directed not towards official persons, but against the fealty of classes and sub-divisions of the people, it behooves members of those classes not to devolve their own duties on the Government. The first thing to be ascertained is how far has this propagandism already reached? How many disciples has at now? How many weaklings have been manipulated? How many (if any) scoundrels have sold themselves as traitors? This is an imperative duty which a community like ours owes to itself, and upon which it were well that an early and emphatic expression of public opinion should be obtained.

THE SECESSION POST.—The Niagara Mail alludes as follows to the annexation and secession sentiments of the St. Catherine's Post, which the Mail says "is one of the most contemptible of the seditious rags, and which starving for lack of legitimate support from Canadians, it is kept alive by a clique of Yankee skedaddlers, who repay the country that protects them by trying to undermine its institutions. Is it not outrageous that a parcel of foreign scribblers, who have been roaring themselves hoarse in denouncing the rebels" of the Southern Confederacy, and making Secession to be the embodiment of the seven mortal sins, should turn round and propose Secession to Canada? as if treason against Queen Victoria was a virtue, but a horrible sin against Abe Lincoln! Truly, St. Catharine's has something to answer for allowing such a paper as the Post to be supported among them!

*** The same remarks apply equally to Kingston and the falsely called *British American*.

A Montreal paper says,—On several occasions lately we have noticed from the report of the proceedings before the Police Court at Kingston, that vagrants charged with being drunk and disorderly have either been ordered by the Magistrate to be sent to Montreal, or been released on promising to come here. We have plenty of vagrants of our own without receiving those of Kingston.

*** No tramps or vagrants are sent to Montreal or elsewhere from Kingston, unless they hail from the place and ask to be assisted there.

LATE FROM QUEBEC.

Quebec, Oct. 14.

The Administrator of the Government receives gentlemen on business, on Mondays and Fridays, from two to four p. m.

Captain A. Ross, of the Goderich volunteer artillery company, by the orders of the Commander-in-Chief, is dismissed, from the militia, for having made a public and insulting accusation against Capt. Seymour and the Huron Rifle Company. It is alleged that Capt. Ross wrote in an offensive manner in the newspapers, and that his conduct was subversive of military discipline.

Newfoundland papers to the 4th Oct. are received. They state the general election was engrossing attention, and candidates were issuing addresses.

Halifax papers expected General Williams to arrive shortly to assume the Lieutenant-Governorship.

A telegram from St. John, N. B., in a Halifax paper states that Attorney-General Smith has been elected for Westmoreland County.

As indicated yesterday, a meeting of the Executive Council took place to-day for the despatch of routine business.

The removal to Ottawa is advancing rapidly. The contractors expect to clear off all the effects by the end of next week. The exodus of officials is going on rapidly. Quebec may be said to be decapitalized.

Five or six decks from the camp at Laprairie, had a narrow escape from drowning. Having left here for St. Paul, they were overtaken by a squall, and the schooner overturned within sight of their destination. After several hours' exposure they were relieved.

LATE FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, Oct. 14.

The Sergeant-Major of the 30th Regt. left in his house a box with $200, in charge of a soldier. Some time after the soldier went to the barracks and represented that it was stolen. He, being suspected, is arrested.

The Metropolitan has returned from the Episcopal Convention at Philadelphia, where he received very great attention. When he visited a navy yard a ship gave a salute of 17 guns.

The arson case is still unfinished. This is the sixth night that the jury have been locked up.

There has been a fire next to Great St. James Street Methodist Church, is thoght much damage.

ARRIVAL OF THE NOVA SCOTIAN.

Father Point, Oct. 15.—The steamship Nova Scotian, from Liverpool at 2:30 p. m. of the 5th, and Londonderry on the 6th inst., passed this point this evening.

The steamships Teutonia, City of Dublin, and City of New York, from New York, and Hibernian from Quebec, arrived out on 3rd inst. The steamship America, from New York, arrived at Southampton on the 4th.

GREAT BRITAIN.

A meeting had been called at London of persons interested in such of the old American securities as have been in arrears previously to or in consequence of the war, with a view of forming a committee. The securities in respect of which this agitation is commenced, are bonds of Virginia Louisiana, Tennessee, North and South Carolina, Georgia and Mississippi, and various railways and banks in those States, the whole of which represent a very heavy amount.

In regard to the published list of peasons suffering by the Confederate loan, additional denials are put forth.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.—The market was quiet but firm. Richardson, Spence & Co., and the usual authorities quote flour quiet but firm. Wheat firm. Corn inactive, at 29s. to 29s. 6 d. for mixed.

CANADIAN MEATS FOR THE ENGLISH MARKETS.

(To the Editor of the Canadian News.)

SIR,—For the last few weeks I have been interested in the correspondence which has appeared in your paper under the above heading, and as I should be glad to see any new good arising to our outlying farm of Canada, I may perhaps be permitted to say a few words on the subject.

In January last I travelled through the province from Quebec to the waters of Lake Huron, and from thence I came home through the States via New York. In almost every town I visited its market was an institution of interest, as exhibiting the resources of the people, their interchange of commodities, and the supplies of food at their command.

Both in Canada West and the lower province I found the supply of animal food most abundant, poultry in particular, and the prices in comparison with English markets seemed so insignificant, that for the novelty of the thing I determined to bring some winged edibles home with me.

Having made an investment at very moderate figures in turkeys, chickens, prairiehens, and quails, my next consideration was the means of transport. For this purpose I procured an ordinary cask, in which I had holes bored with an auger at the top, bottom, and sides. The poultry had been packed in layers, but between each layer a couple of small sticks were placed crossways with this object in view, that if any gases generated on the voyage there might be free ventilation throughout the cask.

On my arrival in London the birds were as fresh as ever, and they were sent as presents to friends in Scotland and Cornwall, and over cross country roads into Somersetshire. The excellent condition in which these denizens of the backwoods made their appearance after travelling over three thousand miles, created considerable astonishment, but they were in so good a state of preservation that several of the birds were kept many days before they were cooked.

As far, therefore, as poultry is concerned, cases might be sent in any quantity, and surely the venture is worth the experiment, seeing in your impression of to-day the retail prices quoted at Galt market for chickens are 25c. to 37c. each, or say in English coin 2s. 6d. to 3s. a couple; ducks, 31½c., or 1s. 6d. per pair; turkeys, 50c. to 62c., or 2s. 1d. to 2s. 7d. each; while in London these prices are doubled trebled, and quadrupled.

Hind quarters and ribs of beef, sides of mutton and pork, would easily bear carriage in the way I have described, and an equally safe market may be obtained for other articles of produce. Sugar-cured hams and bacon would command a very long price, spiced tongues and briskets of beef a ready sale, while the white fish of Lake Huron, cured with common salt or kippered Norway fashion, would very successfully compete with dried haddock of the north and the bloater of our eastern coast fisheries.

The fruits and flowers of Canada might get a new market also in England if sought for. Preserved peaches would pay their carriage if sent in sufficient quantities, either dried or in common syrup for winter use, exactly as we send pickles to the colonies. Buckwheat flour is comparatively unknown in this country, and yet buckwheat cakes are so good that it makes one's mouth water to mention them, and for invalids this flour is invaluable, being the most easily digested of all common food. Well-selected potted butter, lards, and honey would all find a ready market if but the beginning was made. In fact, as the great agricultural districts of England and Scotland now send their surplus productions to London, so could Brantford or Brockville. There are plenty of appliances, plenty of capital; and if there was only plenty of energy, Canada might for half the year send her growth to the mother-country as well as Carlisle or Cork.—I am, Sir, yours obediently,

DUM VIVIMUS VIVAMUS.

London, Sept. 21, 1865.

The British and North American

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS,

Between New York and Liverpool,

CALLING AT CORK HARBOR,

And Between Boston and Liverpool,

CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR,

CUBA,	leaves Boston	Wednesday,	11th October.
PERSIA,	" New York,	do.	18th do.
CHINA,	" Boston,	do.	25th do.
SCOTIA,	" New York,	do.	1st Nov.
AFRICA,	" Boston,	do.	8th do.
JAVA,	" New York,	do.	15th do.

FROM NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$132 50
Second Cabin Passage	80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$112 50
Second Cabin Passage	65 00

Payable in gold or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced Surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For freight, or passage apply to

E. CUNARD,
4 Bowling Green, New York.
E. C. & I. G. BATES,
103 State Street, Boston.

Oct. 12th, 1865. 236

REDUCTION OF FARES.

Montreal Ocean Steamship Co.

Steamship from Quebec to Liverpool.

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP

NORTH AMERICAN,

Carrying the United States and Canadian Mails,
WILL SAIL FROM QUEBEC FOR LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT LOCHFOYLE,
ON SATURDAY, OCT. 21ST, 1865.

☞ Through Rates of Passage from Kingston to Liverpool, Glasgow, or Londonderry
CABIN, $86 50.
INTERMEDIATE, $72 50 to $76 50.
STEERAGE, $28 50, including cooked provisions on the voyage.
Berths not secured until paid for.
☞ An experienced Surgeon is carried on each vessel.
For freight or passage, or further information, apply to

G. T. OLIVER,
Canadian Express Office,
Agent.

☞ Passage certificates granted to persons wishing to bring out their friends from England, Ireland and Scotland.
Kingston, Oct. 14th, 1865. 241

FURS! FURS!

& BUFFALO ROBES!

D. CHISACHI

RESPECTFULLY announces to the public in general that he has a large and very fine assortment of Furs of several different kinds and qualities, and is willing to sell his goods at reasonable prices, taking into consideration the rise in the price of fine Furs; and he will be most happy to show his goods to all that will favor him with a call, if they buy or not. In returning many thanks to the public, and Ladies in particular, that have favored him with their patronage for years past, he invites all of them and their friends to continue to call on him, assuring them that he shall at any time do all in his power to please them, either by selling his goods, ready made or made to order, at a small profit for Cash or by showing them his goods and prices in order that they may call on him whenever they are in want of anything in his line. Below will be found a list of the different kinds and styles of Furs:

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furs,

SUCH AS

LADIES' MINK CAPES, BOAS, COLLARS, TIPPETS, MUFFS, CUFFS, CAPS, &c., &c.,
Also, of Astrican Lamb, Siberian Squirrel, Persian Lamb, Russia Lamb, Crimean Lamb, Black and Grey Lamb Cloth, and several other kinds which will be made up in the different styles of the day.
A complete and well assorted Stock of Gentlemen's Furs, made up in Caps, Collars Mufflers, Gauntlets, &c., &c., in Otter, Mink, Persian Lamb, Russia Lamb, Astrican Lamb, Crimean Lamb, South Sea Seal, Natural and Colored Neutria, Russian Seal, North Seal, Colored and Natural Muskrat, Gennett, Lappen, &c., &c.

A Large Assortment of Buffalo Robes

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

N.B.—My Stock has been made expressly for the retail trade and the public may rely upon finding my Stock of Furs made up A No. 1. Orders of the different kinds of Furs made at short notice and they will not be charged any more than the goods of the same kind in store.

☞ *CASH PAID FOR RAW FURS.*

D. CHISACHI,
Princess Street, Opposite City Hotel.
Kingston, Oct. 11th, 1865. 238&41

SUPPORT HOME INDUSTRY!

THE SUBSCRIBERS, grateful for the liberal Patronage extended to them, beg to inform their friends and customers, that they have now on hand, of their own manufacture—

The Largest and Best Assortment

COOKING, PARLOR, AND BOX *STOVES,*

Steel Mould Board and Cast Ploughs,

Metal and Wooden Rollers,

Harrows, Cultivators,

POTASH KETTLES AND COOLERS,

Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware,

Ever offered in Kingston, which they will sell cheap for cash or approved credit.

CHOWN & CUNNINGHAM.

FOR SALE.

LUMBER AND SPRING WAGGONS,
BUGGIES AND SULKEYS,
SLEIGHS AND CUTTERS,
FANNING MILLS,
DOG POWERS,

☞ CHEAP FOR CASH OR APPROVED CREDIT.

CHOWN & CUNNINGHAM.

☞ A Choice Assortment of Parlor Grates at

CHOWN & CUNNINGHAM'S.

Kingston, Aug. 15th, 865. 191&33

NOTICE.

THE Farmer who took the Valise from near James Linton's Auction Room on Saturday, October 7th, will be Honest enough to return it to the Subscriber at once and save further trouble.

THOMAS BAKER.
Kingston, 10th, October, 1865. 2aw237

MONEY! MONEY!!

THE Subscriber requests that all parties indebted to the late firm of A. & S. Chown, either by Note or Book Account, will call and settle the same immediately to save costs.

ARTHUR CHOWN,
No. 7, Bagot Street.
Kingston, 21st Sept., 1865. 221

TOLLS TO LEASE

ON THE
Kingston and Napanee Macadamized Road,

ON SATURDAY, The 21st October,

AT 1 O'CLOCK P.M.

AT McCARTHY'S Hotel, Village of Waterloo, the Tolls receivable at the Gates on the above Road, for one Year, commencing at noon on the 12th day of November ensuing, and on the usual conditions, will be offered at Public Auction. Gate No. 1 will be offered at the upset price of $2,000.

ELIJAH JOYNER, Chairman.
HUGH SPRING, County Clerk.
GILBERT WOOD, Auctioneer.
County Council Chamber, Kingston, 5th October, 1865. 237

SAUCE.—LEA AND PERRIN'S WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

PRONOUNCED BY CONOISSEURS TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE AND APPLICABLE TO Every Variety of DISH.

Extract of a letter from a medical gentleman at Madras to his brother at Worcester, May 1851.

"Tell Lea and Perrins that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

CAUTION.

LEA AND PERRINS
Beg to caution the Public against spurious imitations of their celebrated
Worcestershire Sauce.

L. & P. have discovered that several of the Foreign Markets have been supplied with SPURIOUS IMITATIONS, the labels closely resembling those of the genuine Sauce, and in one or more instances the name of L. and P. forged.

L. and P. will proceed against any one who may manufacture or vend such imitations, and have instructed their correspondents in the various parts of the world, to advise them of any infringement of their rights.

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE.

*** Sold Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Messrs. Crosse and Blackwell: Messrs. Barclay and Sons, London; &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

Nov. 10th, 1864.

YOUNG LADIES' ACADEMY OF THE GREY SISTERS, OTTAWA CONVENT.

Under the Patronage of His Lordship the Right Reverend Dr. Guigues.

THIS INSTITUTION, established some Twenty years ago, is well calculated by its position between Upper and Lower Canada, to afford the greatest facilities to French and English Young Ladies, for acquiring a complete education in their mother tongue and at the same time, in another tongue that is foreign.

Nothing has been neglected that could contribute to attain this double end; and the ample and honorable testimony constantly rendered proves the effort to have been successful.

Among many means employed to develope the intellect and cultivate a literary taste, are a well regulated Post Office and a Weekly Newspaper, edited exclusively by the young Ladies.

In the Commercial course a practical emulation is excited by a Bank and Commercial Rooms, in which business is transacted in both languages.

It is a particular point of the rule that some of the recreations of the day are, each alternate week, strictly French, or entirely English, for those who are capable of speaking both languages.

Those who study Music will find everything that could secure them rapid and brilliant success; for this, it suffices to say that no fewer than Six Teachers are devoted to this Department, which embraces the Harp, Piano, Guitar, Melodeon, Organ, &c.

A similar number of Mistresses preside over the different kinds of Painting in Oil, Pastille, Poonah Painting, and the different kinds of Drawings, Embroidery, Wax Work, Artificial Flowers, &c. The Ornamental is not permitted to supersede the useful; for all the pupils are obliged to learn the theory and practice of Domestic Economy.

No distinction of Religion is made in the admission of pupils. Children of different denominations, though obliged to conform strictly to the order of the House, are not required to assist at the Religious exercises of the community.

☞ Circulars containing particulars can be obtained by addressing the Lady Superior.

The Classes will re-open on the First of September.

Ottawa, Aug. 10th, 1865 w3m193

The State of Amherst Island,
The State of Wolfe Island,
The State of Garden Island,
The State of Bell's Island,
and last, though not least,
The beautiful State of the Ducks.

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