TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 13, 1865.

LETTERS AND TELEGRAMS.

A. & L., Montreal; E. C., Pittsburgh; M. & Co., New York; B. & B., Georgetown; E. C. & Co., New York; M. D., Prescott.

THE FRONTENAC ROAD.

Most of our readers are aware that the Bush Highways, called Colonization Roads, have been in progress of construction for some years, along which Government grants Free Lots to actual settlers. Three of these Roads go from the rear of the Counties of Frontenac, Lennox and Addington, and Hastings, towards various points on the Madawaska River, which runs into the Ottawa. One of the main difficulties affecting the utility of these Roads is that of getting on to them; for Government has only made them through the unsettled Townships, leaving the Municipalities to construct the roads through their localities. The consequence has been, that through poverty or other cause, no sufficient Road has been made through the rear of Portland and the whole of Hinchinbrooke, to connect with the Frontenac Colonization Road, so as to make its usefulness more tangible. This great defect is now happily in a state of amelioration.—During the late Session of Parliament, through the influence of the member for the Electoral Division (the Hon. Alexander Campbell), and that of the County Member (Mr. Ferguson), a grant was obtained from the Colonization Road Fund, to render the Frontenac Road more beneficial; and this spring, a large gang of men, under the direction of Mr. Joseph Watson, of Portland, has been at work making good the connection. The work is begun at the Southern end of the Frontenac Road, and comes forward towards Kingston, and a distance of twenty miles will have to be thoroughly repaired and made good through the townships spoken of, ere any passable road can be said to extend from this city to the Madawaska River. How much will be done this season, we cannot say; but the grant is a tolerably large one, and will all be expended; and probably when Parliament again assembles, something further may be obtained to complete the work. Mr. Joseph Watson is a man fully capable of laying out the money judiciously, and the work could not be placed in better hands.

THE COUNTY COUNCIL.

Mr. Whig,—

The Frontenac County Council will meet this afternoon, and I wish to bring a particular fact before them, so that the business transacted at this sitting may be deemed legal. The Municipal Law enacts, that when a member of the City or Township Councils becomes bankrupt or insolvent, his seat thereby is vacated. The statute is plain enough and equitable, and numberless instances continually happen where the law is carried into effect. Still, there is no act of parliament passed, but what a skilful lawyer can render it inoperative, and a case occurs just now. A certain member of the County Council fell into difficulties this spring, and had to make an affidavit that he was not worth a dollar, either in real or personal property. I am told that his good sense prompted him to resign his seat in the Township Council; but he was overpersuaded by a few political partizans, backed by the opinion of a lawyer, that the law declaring his seat vacant, for some reason or other, would not hold valid, and he might continue to take his seat in both Councils, he being the Deputy Reeve of his own Township. In this view of the law he is clearly wrong, and as in the opinion of many eminent jurists, his illegal sitting in the County Council will emperil their transactions, I think it right to bring the matter to the notice of the members. Such is the position of the affair. The Councillor alluded to will take his seat, however illegal the act may be, and then the mischief I fear may follow. The Council should make immediate enquiry into the facts I have stated, and if they find them to be substantially true, a resolution should be passed forthwith declaring the seat of that Councillor vacant. If, on the contrary, some provision in the Municipal Law enables an Insolvent to retain his seat, that fact should also be made public, as the knowledge may affect the esteem and respect which the public entertain for the Council.

A Looker On.

Township of Kingston, June 13th, 1865.

The Editor's Table---No. 598.

COMPANION POETS FOR THE PEOPLE.

Household Poems. By Henry W. Longfellow. With Illustrations by John Gilbert, Birket Foster and John Absolon. Ticknor & Fields, Boston. 16mo. pp. 96.

"The series of Companion Poets for the People, of which the present is the initial volume, has been begun by Ticknor & Fields, to answer an almost universal demand for cheap literature of a high class. The plan of the series is to present the choicest and most deservedly popular poems of the best poets in a tasteful and elegant style, and at the same time at a price so low as to bring the series within the reach of every household. The present volume contains all Mr. Longfellow's shorter poems on domestic nature, with illustrations by leading English artists. The next volume—"Songs for all Seasons," (which will be issued June 15,) will contain the exquisite lyrics and songs which are scattered through the pages of Tennyson. Other volumes will follow, according to the announcement on the cover, to which the publishers invite the attention of all into whose hands this volume may fall." So far say the publishers of this very pretty and well printed volume. For our part, we heartily hope their enterprize will be successful, for what can be nicer than to have the choicest poems of the choicest poets in so companionable a form as the one before us.

The London Quarterly Review for April. Reprint of Leonard Scott & Co., New York; John Creighton, Kingston. $3.

Contents:—No. 1 Galleries of the Louvre; 2. Classical Learning in France; 3. Sir Edward B. Lytton's Novels; 4. French Education; 5. Our Ships and Guns; 6. Bishop of London's Fund; 7. Clerical Subscriptions; 8. Travels in Central Asia; 9. Libel and the Freedom of the Press; 10. Parliamentary Reform.

Journal of Education for Lower Canada for May. E. Senecal, Montreal. $1.

Blackwood's Magazine for May. Reprint of L. Scott & Co., New York; John Creighton, Kingston. $3.

Contents:—No. 1 Sir Brook Fossbrooke, Part I; 2. Life of Sterne; 3. Cornelius O'Dowd, Part XV.; 4. Miss Majoribanks, Part IV; 5. The Rate of Interest; 6. Piccadilly, Part III; 7. To a Lark; 8. The State and Prospect of Parties.

The Spritz—a Punch Paper. No. 1. C. E. Holiwell, Publisher; G. D. Desbarats, Printer, Quebec.

This print is perhaps the fifteen attempt to produce in Canada a Punch Paper. And strange to say, it is the only one now extant. All the others have died the death of the ungodly. Their sins have killed them.—'The Pick,' the pick of the whole, may possibly be resuscitated, but all the others are gone to the tomb of all the Capulets! And why? Because their wit and humor descended to licentiousness and scurrility, and their patrons, the public, would not stand it. It is a great and perilous undertaking to set up and sustain a Punch, and those who attempt it, are not aware of its extreme difficulty.—There are but two living in the world—Punch in London, and Figaro in Paris; for 'Fun,' and the 'Owl,' and other things of the kind, are but in the early stage of their existence, and how long they may live is doubtful. It is however fair to say, that the 'Spritz,' judging from the first number, is neither licentious nor scurrilous. Its wit is not First Chop, neither is it much below par. Quite as good as what was found in the Punches that have deceased. The Introduction is well written and humorous, and several good political hits are strewed through its columns. The names of the publisher and printer are assurances that the 'Spritz,' will never prove very wicked, and therefore let us hope it will live longer than its predecessors.

NEW MUSIC.

Messrs. Oliver Ditson & Co., of 277 Washington Street, Boston, the great Music Publishers, have kindly sent us the following Pieces of New and Fashionable Piano-Forte Music:—

"Under the Cliff by the Sea." A Ballad for Tenor Voice. Words by Mortimer Collins; Music by J. L. Hatton. 3.

"Then Turn thy Thoughts to Music Soft." A Duett for Soprano and Tenor. Arranged by C. A. Ingraham. 4.

Au Revoir. A Polka Redowa. By J. S. Knight. 3.

Matrimony. Mr. and Mrs. Brown. A Comic Duett. Words and Music by C. W. Glover. 4.

Morning Dew—La Rosee du Matin.—Morceau Brillante. By Sidney Smith. 7½.

The Savoyard Melody, (From Mirella.) A Transcription by Brinley Richards. 4.

What can be said of the above? Very little, because they have been so short a time on 'Our Table,' as to cause their melodies not to delight our ears. Music to be liked must be familiar, and the more an opera is heard, the better musicians admire it. Of the new things Messrs. Oliver Ditson & Co. have sent us, the pretty ballad 'Under the Cliff' is the prettiest; and to those who don't sing, there is the Transcription of 'The Savoyard's Melody' a very pleasing and popular melody. All the pieces can be procured through the agency of Mr. S. Black of Princess Street.

☞ The Ministerial Delegation.—Ministers have had a good time of it in London. By the Times we see that they attended the Queen's Court, also attended the Queen's State Concert, and a Levee at which Her Majesty was present. They dined once with the Prince of Wales, with the Colonial Club, and made a visit to Oxford, where they were specially entertained. Major Bernard was with them everywhere. Mr. McGee joins them in London on the 26th of May.

PORTSMOUTH HARBOR.

(To the Editor of the British Whig.)

Sir,

As a resident of Portsmouth I must concede to Mr. Edward Berry the credit and justice of acknowledging that he confers great benefit, indeed, on that locality, by his ship building operations there; yet it will not be believed, that, while the interests of the Bay are thus promoted by him, his own are over-looked so entirely in his calculations, as to justify his arbitrarily closing the port against all traffic with the world beyond, by blocking up the whole harbor with his rafts. There is nothing to hinder Mr. Berry from booming his timber at little or no expense and trouble, so as to permit the passage of small craft to and from the shore, and if this is delayed much longer, the question will have to be asked the Corporation of the Village (if there be such), why the evil has been permitted to exist so long?

Trusting, however, that this simple hint will be sufficient to correct such evil without unpleasant remonstrance,

I remain,
Dear Sir,
Your respectful servant,
Portsmouthian.

Portsmouth, 12th June, 1865.

LATEST FROM THE SOUTH.

GENERAL LEE INDICTED FOR TREASON.

RIOT IN WASHINGTON.

New York, June 10.

The Post's special says:—Although the Treasury Department is about to issue a limited number of certificates of indebtedness, yet the gross amount is gradually decreasing, as the Department is taking up more matured certificates than it proposes to issue.

Mr. Hartley, who takes Mr. Field's place as Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, has been Chief Clerk in the Treasury Department for many years. Another experienced clerk, Mr. Hoffman, will take the position of Chief Clerk.

The certainty that General Lee and others have been indicted for treason at Norfolk causes great excitement in Washington.

Boston, June 10.

The steamer Admiral Dupont, from New York for Fortress Monroe, was run into and sunk on the night of the 8th inst., by the British ship Sudacona, from Philadelphia for St. John, N.B. The steamer sank in ten minutes after the collision. The crew and passengers with the exception of 15 or 20 were saved. Captain Simon Pepper and all the officers of the steamer are safe, and have landed at Nantucket, together with other survivors.

Washington, June 10.

To-day between 150 and 200 soldiers made a series of assaults on many unoffending persons of the 7th ward. They visited the disreputable houses and tippling shops occupied by both colored and white persons indiscriminately; attacking the inmates, driving them away, breaking up their furniture, helping themselves to liquors, edibles, and committing various other outrages. The rioters showed particular animosity against colored persons, who were severely beaten and robbed. The negroes rallied for resistance and to protect themselves, when a fight occurred, the soldiers using their revolvers as did their antagonists.

Hartford, June 10.

Mrs. L. H. Sigourney, the poetess, died in this city this morning. Her age was 76 years.

New York, June 12.

The Herald's Savannah correspondent says Sedden, the rebel Secretary of War, Judge Campbell and R. M. Hunter, have been taken to Fort Pulaski for confinement.

Washington, June 12.

The rebel Governor Smith has surrendered himself and been released on his parole.

A witness was called in to-day who showed that O'Laughlin was with him on the night of April 13th, and not at Secretary Stanton's, as has been previously testified.

Boston, June 12.

By arrivals here advices are received from Hayti to the 28th May. The revolution was still in progress without decisive results. The recent report of the defeat of the rebels was not confirmed. There had been some fighting near Gonaves, and it was thought the national troops would abandon that place and fall back upon St. Marc. President Jeffrard was making great exertions in forwarding troops from Port au Prince and neighboring towns.

The World's Florence correspondent says a reconciliation has taken place between the Pope and Victor Emmanuel, and that the latter will be crowned Emperor of the Romans by the former.

An arrival from Buenos Ayres brings the announcement that the Argentine Republic has become involved in the war which has for some time being going on between Paraguay on the one side and Brazil on the other. The Paraguayans, without previous declaration of war, invaded Corientas, one of the Argentine States, surprised and captured two armed vessels, and killed in cold blood all the officers and crew. Of course this act compelled the Argentine Republic to take part with Brazil and Uruguay, and will change the course of sympathy which was setting in favor of Paraguay against that country.

New York, June 9.

The Herald's correspondent says John A. Wise, brother of Henry A. Wise, who admits that his son had been in the rebel army till its surrender, and that he and his family had done all they could towards the success of the rebellion, recently wrote to Gen. Gordon, commanding at Norfolk, demanding that the Government should supply him and his family with farming implements, horses and seed, and applying for a restoration of his citizenship rights, and complains of his suffering and losses during the war, and that his sons were not allowed to wear their rebel uniforms. Gen. Gordon's reply to this impertinent letter gave him to understand that he and his sons had been traitors to the Government, and were entitled to no favors from it, but would receive such as in its leniency it might see proper to grant.

Special to the Herald.—Washington, June 8th.—It is not to be inferred from the fact that Jeff. Davis has been indicted in this district that he will certainly be put on trial here. The impression that he was indicted in this district was at the instance of the Government is without foundation. The indictment was returned by the Grand Jury at the instance of the District Attorney alone, who acted without consultation with any member of the administration. He is equally liable to indictment in Maryland and in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, and if indicted in either of said districts will doubtless be tried in that one to which the government may see fit to turn him over.

New York, June 9.

A pilot boat yesterday, 50 miles east of Cape May, fell in with fragments of the steam transport Admiral Dupont. Two boats belonging to the steamer, and the captain's watch in part of a writing-desk were also picked up. The Admiral Dupont left here on the 7th for Fortress Monroe, to take troops to Texas.

Washington, June 9.

A letter from Sabine Pass, dated May 27, says the forts at Sabine Pass, Texas, have surrendered to the United States steamer Awasso.

Secretary Seward walked to the State Department to-day from his residence, for the first time since he received his injuries. His lady, who has been confined to her bed for a week past, is quite low.

Nashville, June 10.

At about two o'clock this afternoon the extensive building used for quartermasters and commissariat stores, corner of Summer and Broad streets, known as Taylor's Depot, was discovered on fire. Capt W. W. Wainwright, in charge of the building, had two or three inches of water on the fire before the arrival of the fire department. The firemen, however, rallied to the scene, but found it impossible to stay the flames until half of the immense building was destroyed. The other half, filled with commissary stores, was saved from destruction only by the most strenuous exertions of the firemen. The loss to the government is estimated at from four to five millions of dollars. Several dwellings near the scene of the fire, with their contents, were also destroyed. So great was the heat from the flames that approaches to the burning buildings were almost impossible. Two or three employers of the Quartermaster's Department are supposed to have perished in the flames.

Later.—The destruction of Government property at the great fire to-day it is now believed will amount to from $8,000,000 to $10,000,000. Within the walls of the Quartermaster's building were stores sufficient to supply an army of 80,000 men for two years. The quantity of rope alone consumed was valued at upwards of $1,000,000. The building was the largest in the country, being 800 feet front and 200 feet deep. It was partitioned off by fire wall, which were suggested and built by Gen. J. L. Donaldson. By this precaution a large part of the building, five hundred feet front, was saved from destruction. Various rumors are afloat as to the cause of the fire, some maintaining it as the work of an incendiary, and others that it was the result of accident. A court of inquiry will investigate the matter. The fire spread so rapidly that the building was almost one sheet of flames before the firemen could get to work on it.

Washington, June 10.

Several witnesses were examined. One of them for the government testified as to George N. Sanders being an agent of the rebel government for the destruction of the Northern cities. There being no more witnesses the court adjourned till Monday, in order in the meantime to enable Dr. Nichols to examine Payne as to alleged insanity.

Several parties, imprisoned on suspicion of complicity in the conspiracy, have been released to day from the Old Capitol prison, together with witnesses in the case also confined there.

The Intelligencer also announces an early restoration of the writ of Habeas Corpus.

ARRIVAL OF THE PERUVIAN.

Father Point, June 11.

The steamship Peruvian, from Liverpool June 1st, and Bristol 2nd, passed this point at a late hour this evening.

The steamship Hibernian, from Quebec, arrived at Liverpool on the 31st.

The steamer America, from New York, arrived at Southampton on the 31st.

Political news is unimportant.

COMMERCIAL.

The rate of discount in the Bank of England has been reduced to 3½ per cent.

United States 7-30's were quoted at 67 to 67¼; Erie 50¼ to 51; Illinois Central Shares 76¼.

Liverpool, June 1st.

Cotton sales for four days sum up 75,000 bales, including 23,000 to speculators and exporters. The market has been buoyant; prices of fair and middling qualities are ½d. higher.—The market closed firm with an upward tendency except for eastern descriptions. Breadstuffs—Flour dull and irregular. Wheat inactive, and 1d. to 2d lower for inferior; winter red, 8s. 6d. to 8s. 8d. Corn heavy and 6d. lower; mixed 29s. Provisions—Beef quiet and steady. Pork very dull and easier. Bacon quiet. Butter firmer with an improvement in inferior qualities. Lard flat and 1d lower. Tallow quiet. Produce—Ashes quiet at 28s. 6d to 29s. 6d. for pots and pearls. Sugar quiet. Coffee quiet and firm. Tea inactive but steady. Rice quiet.

Liverpool, June 2.

Cotton—the brokers report the sales of for the week at 108,500 bales. The market has been buoyant, and prices are ½d. to 1½d. higher. The sales to-day. (Friday) are estimated at 15,000 bales. Market closed excited, with an upward tendency. The authorized quotations are: fair up lands, 17½d. middlings, Mobile, 15½d; fair Orleans, 18d; middlings, Orleans, 16½d. Stock in port estimated at 440,000 bales, of which 46,000 are American. Breadstuffs very dull and all quotations tending lower. Provisions quiet and steady, except lard, which is still declining.

RIMMEL'S TOILET VINEGAR is far superior to any Eau de Cologne, as a tonic and refreshing adjunct to the Toilet or Bath, a reviving perfume, and a powerful disinfectant. Its useful and sanitary properties render it an indispensible requisite.

OTHER ARTICLES RECOMMENDED—
Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham flowers.
Rimmel's Jockey Club, Frangipane, &c., of exqisite fragrance.
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E. RIMMEL, Perfumer to H.R.H. the PRINCESS OF WALES, 96, Strand and 94, Cornhill, London.
Dec. 19th, 1864. 1awly299

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TARRANT'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF CUBEBS AND COPAIBA,

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278 Greenwich St., New York.
☞ Sold by Druggists all over the World.
New York, April, 1865. 1yd&w

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French Dyer & Scourer,

BEGS leave to return thanks to his friends in Kingston and its vicinity, who favored him with their patronage, and would, while asking for a continance of the same, inform them that he is now prepared to do whatever work may be intrusted to him in a very superior manner.

He has just received a large stock of the Best Dye Stuffs, &c. With increased facilities he will do his work on

THE MOST REASONABLE TERMS,
IN
A SUPERIOR MANNER,
AND
ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

Any article that can be colored or dyed at any other place can be done by him in a very superior manner.

☞ Do not forget 122, Princess Street, second block above the Scotch Church, two doors above Mr. G. Brown's Lumber Yard, nearly opposite Mr. Jenkins' Blacksmith's Shop; that is the place where you will find

STEWART MONTGOMERY,
The French Dyer.
Kingston, Feb. 15th, 1865. 6md&w37&

CAUTION.

THIS is to give notice to all whom it may concern, that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name by any person or persons without my written order.

HENRY CUNNINGHAM.
Birmingham's Corners,
Township of Pittsburgh, May 29, 1865. } 123

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March 18th, 1865. 56

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Between Boston and Liverpool, Calling at Halifax and Cork Harbor,

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AFRICA,	" Boston	do.	21st do.
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June 13th, 1865. 135

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Or to G. & D. SHAW, Royal Chambers,
Common Street, Montreal.
Kingston, 3rd June, 1865. 3m128

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

PROCLAMATION!

TO THE LADIES!
BOTH MARRIED AND SINGLE

The Oldest Regulator for Females.

There is but one GENUINE AND SURE CURE for GIRLS OR WOMEN who suffer from Irregularities or Obstructions; whatever may be the cause of those obstructions.

This Cure has been recognized for many year. THE ONLY SAFE RELIANCE is in DR. CHEESEMAN'S FEMALE PILLS, that Ladies have for relief from the suppression of those periods which, if kept up according to the calls of Nature, will GUARANTEE TO DR. CHEESEMAN'S FEMALE PILLS have never failed, and thousands of certificates to this effect can be found in all parts of the country. The proprietors of Dr. Cheeseman's long-tried recipe guarantee that

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will restore the natural condition of ANY FEMALE NO MATTER WHAT HER CONDITION OR AGE. Indeed so certain are DR. CHEESEMAN'S FEMALE PILLS, which have been popular and sure cures for OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY, to effect a restoration in a natural way, that ladies who are pregnant must not use them, as they will invariably produce a miscarriage. THEY CANNOT DO HARM in any other way.

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Which is comprised in
DR. CHEESEMAN'S FEMALE PILLS!!!

These form the finest preparation ever put forward, with IMMEDIATE AND PERSISTENT SUCCESS.

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Pills sent by mail, promptly, by remitting the price to the proprietors, or any authorized agent, in current funds.

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BY-LAW No. 6

Of the Corporation of the Township of Loughboro, entitled a By-Law to raise, by way of loan, the sum of $1,200, for the purposes therein mentioned.

WHEREAS the Corporation of the Township of Loughboro are indebted to the County Council of the County of Frontenac for arrears of County rates due by this Corporation, and have been improving the roads of the said Township, and have incurred an expenditure of large sums of money in repairing the same, and it is expedient and necessary to make provision for the liquidation and payment thereof.

And whereas, to carry into effect the said recited object, it will be necessary for the said Corporation to raise the sum of $1,200, by way of loan, in the manner hereinafter mentioned:

And whereas it will require the sum of $654 to be raised annually by special rate upon the whole rateable property of the said Township of Loughboro, for the payment of the said loan or debt and interest thereon as hereinafter mentioned:

And whereas, the amount of the whole rateable property of the said Township of Loughboro, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said Township of Loughboro, is $245,699, irrespective of any income to be derived from the temporary investment of the sinking fund hereinafter mentioned, or any part thereof, or of any income in the nature of tolls, interest or dividends from the said work or roads, from any stock, shares or interest in the said work or roads, upon which the money to be so raised or any part thereof is intended to be invested.

And whereas, for paying the interest upon the said loan or debt about to be created, and for creating an equal yearly sinking fund for paying the principal of the said loan or debt of $1,200 and interest as hereinafter mentioned, it will require an equal special rate per annum of Three Mills in the Dollar, upon the whole rateable property of the said Township of Loughboro, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

Be it therefore enacted by the Corporation of the Township of Loughboro,—

1st. That it is and may be lawful for the Reeve of the said Township of Loughboro to raise by way of loan the said sum of $1,200 upon the credit of debentures to be issued by the said Corporation of the Township of Loughboro.

2nd. That it shall and may be lawful for the said Corporation of the Township of Loughboro to issue debentures for the said sum of $1,200, in sums of one hundred dollars each, which debentures shall be sealed with the Corporation Seal of the said Township of Loughboro, signed by the Reeve and countersigned by the Treasurer of the Township, and be made payable to any person named therein or bearer.

3rd. That the said debentures shall be made payable in equal proportions, in one and two years from the first day of January next, after this By-Law shall take effect, and after having received the assent of the electors of the said Township of Loughboro, at the office of the Treasurer of the said Corporation, and shall have attached thereto coupons for the payment of interest thereon semi annually, at the rate of six per cent. per annum, on the first day of July and the first day of January in each year, at the office of the Treasurer aforesaid.

4th. That for the purpose of forming a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures and the interest thereon, at the rate aforesaid, an equal annual special rate of three mills in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates to be raised, levied and collected in the said Township of Loughboro in each year, be levied and collected upon the whole of the rateable property in the said Township of Loughboro, according to the last revised Assessment Roll of the said Township of Loughboro, until the said debentures and all interest thereon are fully paid and discharged.

5th. That this By-Law shall finally pass and take effect on the 19th day of June, 1865, having first received the assent of the electors of the said Township of Loughboro, as required by law.

Dated the 13th day of May, 1865.

JOHN WALSH,
Township Clerk.

NOTICE is hereby given that the foregoing is a true copy of a proposed By-Law, which will be taken into consideration by the Corporation of the Township of Loughboro on the Nineteenth day of June, A.D. 1865, being more than one month from the first publication hereof, on the Eighteenth day of May, 1865, and the votes of the electors thereon will be taken on the Ninth and Tenth days of June, at the Village of Sydenham, at the house where the Municipal and other elections are held, at the hour of 10 o'clock, A.M., or each polling day.

Dated this 13th day of May, 1865.

JOHN WALSH,
Township Clerk.
411&20 w1m

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FOR THE CURE OF
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Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all derangements of the internal Viscera.

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Warranted to effect a Positive Cure.

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PILLS
ARE COMPOSED OF VEGETABLE EXTRACTS PREPARED IN VACUO;
Superior to all Purgatives, Cathartic, or Alterative Medicines in general use,
COATED WITH GUM,
Which renders them very convenient, and well adapted for children, and persons who have a dislike to take medicine, and especially pills. Another great superiority of Radway's Pills over all other pills in general use, is the fact of their wonderful medicinal strength, being highly concentrated. One to six of these pills will act more thoroughly, and cleanse the alimentary canal, without producing cramps, spasms, piles, tenesmus, etc., than any other Pills or Purgative Medicine in use.

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It is a well known fact that Physicians have long sought to discover a vegetable purgative as a substitute for Calomel, and that would cleanse the Alimentary Canal of all diseased and retained humors, as thoroughly as Lobelia will the stomach, without producing sickness at stomach, weakness, or irritation of the mucous membrane.

In Dr. Radway's Pills, this very important and essential principle is secured. A dose of two to six (according to the condition of the system) of Dr. Radway's Pills will produce all the positive alterative change—from a sluggish or torpid, to a healthy action of the Liver—as the physician hopes to obtain by a dose of Blue Pills, or Calomel; and will as thoroughly cleanse the Stomach, and purge from the bowels the diseased and retained humors as the most approved emetic, or cathartic without occasioning inconvenience or sickness to the patient.

Professor Reid.—College of Pharmacy.

THE GREAT PURGATIVE.

The celebrated Prof. Reid, of New York, Lecturer on Chemistry in the College of Pharmacy, styles Radway's Pills as "the great Purgative," and the only Purgative Medicine safe to administer in cases of extreme Debility, and in Erysipelas, Small-Pox, Typhoid Fever, Bilious Fever, their action being soothing, healing, cleansing, purifying, instead of griping, irritating, debilitating, and nauseating. "After examining these Pills," writes the Professor, "I find them compounded of ingredients of GREAT PURITY, and are free from Mercury and other dangerous substances, and prepared with skill and care. Having long known Dr. Radway as a scientific gentleman of high attainments, I place every confidence in his remedies and statements. * * * *

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"Professor of Chemistry."

Dr. Sydny Stevens' Treatment of Cure with Radway's Pills.

Inflammation of the Bowels—Bilious Fever—Dyspepsia—Costiveness—Scarlet Fever—Low Fever, &c.

U. S. Invalid Hospital, New York.

Dr. Radway & Co.—I send you for publication the result of my treatment with your Pills in the following cases:

1st Case.—Inflammation of the Bowels. John C. Chapman, aged thirty-four, was seized on the night of the 22nd of October with inflammation of the bowels; was called at 10 P.M.; he had then been suffering over three hours; had not a passage for six days. I gave him six of your Pills, and applied the Ready Relief to the abdomen; in a few minutes the pain ceased, he fell into a calm sleep; at 4 A.M. he had a free evacuation; at 9 A.M. ate his breakfast; at 11 A.M. gave him six more pills, and for five days gave him three pills per day; he is now well and hearty. In all cases of inflammation of the bowels, I succeed in removing all danger by a single dose of from six to eight in six hours. In bad cholic, I give the pills in large doses—six to eight, and a teaspoonful of Relief to a winglass of water every three hours—it always cures.

2nd Case.—David Bruce, aged twenty-six, called at 6 P.M. on Nov 25th; found that he had been attacked with bilious fever for twenty-two hours. I gave him six of your pills every four hours, and gave him warm drinks of boneset tea. In twenty-four hours he was convalescent; is now at work and perfectly healthy.

3d Case.—Sarah Burns, aged six years, seized with scarlet fever, gave her two pills every four hours for twenty-four hours; applied the Ready Relief to her throat, gave her lemonade with half a teaspoonful of Relief as a drink. In thirty-six hours she was playing with her brothers and sisters. I have prescribed your Pills in cases of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Costiveness, Sluggishness of the Liver, or Torpidity, and have witnessed the