POST OFFICE NOTICE.

COMMENCING on MONDAY Next, the 31st instant, and until further notice

MAILS GOING EAST

By Day Express Train will Close at 1 p.m; Arrive at 2,15 p.m.

By Night Express Train will Close at 9 p.m Arrive at 2.30 a.m.

MAILS GOING WEST

By day Express Train will close at 2.30 p.m. Arrive at 4.15 p.m.

By night Express Train will close at 9 p.m: Arrive at 3.30 a.m.

BRITISH MAILS

Per Canadian Steamer will close on Fridays at 12, noon.

R. DEACON, P. M.

Post Office, Kingston, Oct. 29, 1864. 3in2

POSTAGE ON NEWSPAPERS.

One cent each. If prepaid at any post-office in the Province the following will be the charge per quarter:—for

Daily Journals	40 cents.
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THE DAILY BRITISH WHIG

is delivered to Subscribers Every Morning for a York-Shilling a week.

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The Daily British Whig

"Opifer per Orbem Dicor."

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 4, 1865.

LETTERS & TELEGRAMS.

B. C. D., Napanee; G. T. R. R., Montreal.

Public Meetings, Amusements and Sales This Day.

Inspection of Arms in the Armory this morning.

The Launch at Portsmouth.

THE WAR NEWS.

Fighting on a large scale is going on at Richmond and Petersburgh. It commenced on Thursday last and has continued ever since. Of course the Federal newspapers claim the victory, and it is probable they have gained it, for their numbers are ten to one of the Confederates. By all accounts General Lee is gallantly contesting every inch of ground, tho' losing ground, men and guns in every struggle.

The Peace News of the past three days seems to have resolved itself into smoke, for Mr. Lincoln, instead of being on board his Yacht in James' River, is on the Front with General Grant. There may have been negociations, but if there were any they amounted to nothing. It is difficult to gather the real state of things from the Telegraphic Reports, for they are so contradictory and so very partial.

Richmond has fallen!! The news came after the above was in type.

BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.—MEETING AT LONDON.

A meeting of the Board of Agriculture has been held at London. The Hon. Mr. Christie, Vice-President, occupied the chair. The following members were present—the Hon. Messrs. Alexander, Burnham and Ruttan, Dr. Richmond, Mr. R. L. Denison, Mr. J. C. Rykert, as President of the Agricultural Association, Dr. Beatty and Mr. H. C. Thomson, Secretary of the Board, Col. E. W. Thomson was elected President for the ensuing year, and the Hon. Mr. Christie, Vice-President. Mr. J. A. Donaldson appeared before the Board and gave some interesting facts relative to the prospects of the flax-crop during the ensuing season and the inducements for its culture. Mr. Donaldson's remarks were listened to attentively, and much interest manifested in the information he supplied the Board. On his retirement, a vote of thanks was unanimously accorded him.

The Chairman invited the attention of the Board to the late report issued by the Minister of Agriculture, in which some remarks, reflecting upon the Board, were made. The chairman, in commenting upon the passages having reference to the Board, demurred to the statements contained in it, alleging that the cause of the want of communication between the Board and the Bureau resulted from the fact that no one who had yet occupied the office of Minister of Agriculture was a practical farmer, and as a strange circumstance, one of the gentlemen who occupied that position had ever been present at the annual exhibitions of the association, except the Hon. Mr. Vankoughnet.

Hon. Mr. Alexander stated that the Board took every means to carry out the suggestions of the Hon. Mr. McGee at the exhibition last year, but when a vote was taken the amendments suggested by him were rejected.

Dr. Beatty stated that Mr. McGee had made the same remarks with reference to the Board of Arts, while nothing was more absurd. That body had cultivated a connection with the Bureau, but their letters often remained without an answer.

Mr. Davidson charged the fault on the employees of the Bureau, who since the death of Mr. Hutton, were incapable, from want of practical knowledge of agriculture, properly attending to the duties of the department.

Mr. Alexander stated that parties were now attempting to make the farmers of Upper Canada believe that the Board were acting against their wishes. He brought the late bill before the House, but would bring no other, as he clearly considered it the duty of the Minister of Agriculture.

The matter then dropped, and the members of the Board visited the buildings and grounds intending for the next exhibition. On returning, Col Thomson, who had arrived from Toronto, took the chair.

A report of the committee appointed to consider the subject of flax culture in Canada was read. It recommended the purchase of 500 copies of a phamphlet shortly to be issued by Mr. Henderson, together with thirty copies of a work to be published by Mr. Dixon, of London, England, both relating to flax culture, and also advised the engagement of Mr. Dixon to exert himself in promotion of this object, at a salary of $200 for this year.

Dr. Richmond then moved, seconded by Mr. Rykert—"In relation the report of the Minister of Agriculture, in which certain statements are made in reference to the relations existing between the Board and the Bureau of Agriculture, which was calculated to create the impression that there relations, in so far as the Board of Agriculture is concerned, have been, and are such as to be seriously injurious to the agricultural interest; that, in order to place the matter in a proper light, a committee, consisting of the chairman, vice chairman, the Hon. Mr. Alexander and the President of the Provincial Association be appointed for the purpose of preparing an answer to the statements in question, to report to the Board at the next meeting."

The resolution was carried.

A donation of a Bridsell's patent combined clover cleaner, valued at $300, from Joseph Hall of Oshawa, for competition at a ploughing match, was accepted, with the thanks of the Board.

A letter was received from Mr. James Johnson, placing at the disposal of the Board the following money and articles, to be given as prizes for ploughing, to be competed for at or near London during the Provincial Exhibition this year; the citizens of London and farmers of Middlesex, cash $100; Mr. G. W. Jackson, one of Gray's iron ploughs, valued at $25; John Campbell, a cutter, valued at $20; J. M. Cousins, a fanning mill, $28; John Elliott, a cultivator, valued at $18; M. Anderson, a Morden plough, $20; John Mason, cash, $15; Wm. Wade, pair of harrows, $14; W. and T. Platt, a single horse weigh, $12; J. A. O. McClary, a plough, $12. The liberal offer was accepted, and the prizes, as offered by Mr. Johnson, ordered to be inserted in the prize list, while the Board added $120 to the amount. The ploughing match was fixed for Tuesday of the exhibition week.

On motion of Hon. Mr. Alexander, seconded by Mr. Rykert, it was resolved that the attention of the government be called to the importance of remitting the grant to County Societies, for Agricultural Societies, before the first of August, as much inconvenience arises from the money not being sent.

The Hon. Mr. Alexander suggested that a meeting be held on Thursday evening of the exhibition week, to discuss agricultural matters.

Dr. Richmond suggested that the meeting of the delegates be held the same evening.

The suggestion was approved of and adopted.

It was moved that the President, Vice-President, Prof. Buckland, Hon. Mr. Christie, and Mr. Rykert be a committee to revise the prize list. A suggestion was made that the public be invited to address letters to the Secretary, giving suggestions for the improvement of the prize list. Any parties having such to offer will have them laid before the committee on their receipt.

It was moved that the exhibition be held on the 18th of September, and continued that week. Carried.

The Board then adjourned.

The Editor's Table—No. 388.

A single week's accumulations on an Editor's Table, even of a small 'Daily' like the British Whig, are sufficiently large to become troublesome; but what must they be on the 'Table' of a large 'Daily' like the London Times, the New York Herald, or the Toronto Globe or Leader? The duty of properly noticing all that gets thereon demands the entire attention of one man, and he will fairly earn his week's salary if he execute that really important duty well. Our own weekly task is by no means light, for commencing it by early candle-light, 'the wee sma' hours work well into the morning ere it is finished.

SOME OF THE MAGAZINES FOR APRIL.

HARPER'S MONTHLY for April. J. Creighton, Kingston. $4.00.

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE for April. C. J. Peterson, Philadelphia. $2.00.

THE JOURNAL OF ARTS AND MANUFACTURES FOR UPPER CANADA. W. C. Chewett & Co., Toronto. $1.00.

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY for April. J. Holmes Agnew, New York. $3.00.

THE PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL for April. Fowler & Wells, New York. $1.50.

THE AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST for April. Orange Judd, New York. $1.50.

OUR YOUNG FOLKS for April. No. 4. Ticknor & Fields, Boston. $1.00.

'BLACKWOOD'S' for March. Reprint of L. Scott & Co., New York; John Creighton, Kingston. $3.00.

The above are the remaining magazines of the month and all are favorites. 'Harper's,' as usual, is gay and instructive, tho' its Illustrations are not so numerous, nor so good as before the War. The depreciation of the currency and the high price of labor and paper will naturally account for this, and with Peace will come better times. 'Blackwood' is sparkling as ever. The present Number contains the beginning of a series of clever Papers, entitled 'Piccadilly, or Contemporaneous Autobiography,' which promise to be very good, judging from the first Paper. 'Our Young Folks' improves with every number.

GAZLAY'S PACIFIC MAGAZINE for April, being No. 4. D. M. Gazlay & Co., 34 Liberty Street, New York. $5.00.

This is a stray No. of a new magazine recently started in New York, mainly devoted to interests of the Pacific States. We don't admire the principle of sending the fourth number of a new periodical, thinking that if our criticism be worth anything, it might have been asked for earlier; but as the magazine is here, and we have looked over it attentively, we shall overlook the slight. The 'Pacific Monthly' is a very handsome, well printed and well illustrated magazine, of large size and 96 pages. Its Articles appear to be original, and certainly of much interest, particularly that on 'The North River, China.' Another excellent article is 'All about Hair and Beards.' The English of this addition to American Light Literature is readable, neither slipslop nor stilted. Let it be sent regularly, and if deserving of favorable notice the same shall be accorded. And also send the Back Numbers.

REPORT OF THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE OF CANADA for 1864. Blue Book. 8vo. pp. 158.

This Report of the Hon. McGee has been a long time coming, but it here at last. It makes a heavy tome, the Appendices being much more voluminous than the Report itself. Mr. McGee writes in his usual clear and forcible style, and furnishes the public with the best report on the Agricultural Statistics of the Province that has yet appeared, but it gives far more comprehensive descriptions of the various farming districts of Lower Canada, than of the Upper Canada counties. Mr. McGee pitches into the Board of Agriculture at Toronto, and we think, very unwarrantably. But as the Board at its Meeting in London took up the cudgels for themselves, and as we have to-day published the report of their proceedings, we shall say no more.

DEBATE ON THE FISHERIES BILL OF THE HON. ALEX. CAMPBELL, IN THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL, ON THE 9TH ET 10TH OF MARCH. Reported for the Quebec News, and published at that office. 12mo pp. 28.

Mr. Campbell is taking the utmost pains to let the Canadian public know the great value and importance of the Canadian Fisheries, and since his Bill on that subject had to lie over until the next Session, he has had the Debate that appeared in the Quebec News re-published in pamphlet form for distribution and perusal, ere Parliament re-assembles. A Copy of his Bill, as amended in Committee, accompanies this pamphlet, and together they afford most ample information. We recommend all who are interested in the Fisheries of Canada, to make themselves acquainted with the provisions of the Amended Bill, so as not to be taken by surprise when it becomes law, as in all probability it will next Session.—Mr. Campbell is deserving of the thanks of the community for the great pains he has taken with this important measure.

THE SECTION OF G. DAVIES, ESQ., ON THE TRADE OF THE ST. ALBAN'S RAIDERS. Reported by Mr. R. J. Watson, Montreal. 12mo pp. 60.

Mr. Davies has brought prominently the Speech he made against the St. Alban's Raiders, while acting as Counsel for the United States in their Extradition for the Condition of Lieut. Bennett H. Young and others. Of course we are not going to argue our readers with the legal arguments of an important case. Sufficient for them to know that Judge Smith, once Attorney General East, has decided that these prisoners cane not be surrendered to the United States. It is greatly to be regretted, that in Upper and Lower Canada the Judges of the land should entertain different opinions on a most vital subject. If Lieut. Young and his Companions are entitled to British Protection and must not be surrendered, then poor Burley was sent away to be hanged very illegally. What is sauce for the gander in Montreal, was not sauce for the goose in Toronto. We can give no opinion as to the merits of the two cases, but can only express regret, that in the two sections of the Province the same legal decision had not been given. If Judge Smith be correct in his law, then poor Burley is sacrificed, and the ire of Great Britain will be great and loud when told of his execution; unless indeed proper interest be made with the United States Government to view his offence with leniency, now that it has the prisoner in its power. But did the United States Government ever act honorably or with leniency?

THE SPECTATOR, of March 31st. A Daily Newspaper.

We are pleased to see this favorite Conservative Journal in an entirely New Dress, and it looks extremely well. It is only by continued success that a Daily Newspaper can afford new Type, and the Spectator exhibits the true sign of its increasing prosperity.

THE MERCHANT, OR FANCY GOODS TRADE REVIEW AND PRICE CURRENT. No. 1, Vol 2. April, 1865.

For the first time in its short existence has this Commercial Journal visited 'Our Table.' It is a handsome folio sheet, well got up, and abounds in useful mercantile information. Toronto can well be proud, when, in addition to its large and influential Dailies, it can support a purely Business Newspaper.

NEW MUSIC

From Messrs. Oliver Ditson & Co., the large Music Publishers of 277 Washington Street, Boston, we have received a dozen Sheets of New Piano Forte Music, all of it new, popular and fashionable:—

LOST AND FOUND. Aria for Soprano. Words by J. Palgrave Simpson; Music by W. B. Balfe. 3.

JOSEPHINE TO NAPOLEON. A Ballad by Mrs. Onslow. 3.

'O KING, THAT DEED OF MERCY.' From Donizetti's Opera of 'Don Sebastian.' 3.

THE COQUET GALOP. By Charles Coote. 7½.

AN ANDANTE, from Beethoven's Fifth Symphony. Transcribed by Batisti. 5.

'WON'T YOU TELL ME, IF YOU LOVE ME?' A Tenor Song by Stephen Glover. 3.

'COME WITH ME, MY GENTLE MARY.' A Ballad by George Barker. 3.

'HOMEWARD, WE GO, NOW, NOW.' A Boating Song. Music and Words by N. J. Sporle. 4.

THE CAPTAIN. A Quick Step for Violin and Piano Forte. By Sep. Winter. 3.

THE DELTA PSI WALTZ. By H. W. et A. T. S. 3.

ANTICIPATION. A Morceau, by L. H. Southard. 7.

The whole of the above, or any one of them, can be procured per mail from the Publishers at Boston, or through the agency of the Music Stores. The price is indicated by the figures, reckoning every number ten cents.

A NEW PHOTOGRAPH.

We are indebted to the kindness of the young farmers composing Sergt. Major Franks' Mounted Police, for a handsomely framed Photographic Picture, taken by Mr. Sheldon a day or two before this small Troop was disbanded. It is executed in Mr. Sheldon's best style, and is a faithful likeness of the five gentlemen who composed the Troop. And it is but fair to add, that although their two months' service happily passed off without occasion for their services, yet had the case been otherwise, they would have done their duty as became their station—in life; for it is on the Yeomanry of Canada that its safety depends.

HAMILTON ASSIZES.

March 30th.

The Queen vs. Wm. Gage.—This was a case of the same nature as that with which Lucas was charged,—breach of the Foreign Enlistment Act. The prosecutor in this case was a young man named David Munroe, a blacksmith, by trade. The parties, it appeared, were slightly acquainted, and meeting casually in Sarnia, on the 2nd of February last, prisoner asked witness what he was doing? To this witness replied, that he was not doing much, but would like to get a job. Prisoner said he could find him one; and on being asked its nature, told him to visit and skedaddle. Further conversation ensued, and further inducements were held out by prisoner, who ultimately offered to give Munroe $400, if he would go over the river with him and enlist in the American service.—This Munroe declined, and as soon as he had an opportunity, lodged information against prisoner, and had him arrested; and he was subsequently committed for trial. The same course was pursued by the defence in this case as in that of the Queen vs. Lucas, namely, to endeavour to impeach the witness' testimony, by showing that his reputation for veracity was bad; but it did not prove so successful in this as in the former case, for the Jury believed Munroe, and rendered a verdict of "Guilty." To the usual enquiry put by the Judge before passing sentence, whether he had any thing to say why it should not be passed, the prisoner implored the leniency of the Court. This, His Lordship, considering prisoner's age, and the circumstances connected with the case, was willing to extend as far as possible, consistent with securing the ends of justice; and after a suitable admonition, sentenced him to two years' imprisonment in the Provincial Penitentiary.

*** We cannot keep thinking that the punishment of this crimp is too severe.—The Legislature at its last session, regarding the offence as a misdemeanor, fixed the penalty at six months in jail, and a fine of $200. Sending a man to the Penitentiary and blasting his prospects for life is too great a punishment for doing what Lord Cochrane, Admiral Sartorius, Sir De Lacy Evans, the British Ambassador at Washington, the British Consul at New York, and the British Consul at Cincinnati have all committed, and some of them with impunity. There is a mighty difference between entering a service for amusement and enlisting men for a Foreign Service.

LATE FROM QUEBEC.

Quebec, March 31.

The following resolution was introduced by the Nova Scotian Government into both Houses on the 22nd of March, being the day they relinquished their hence on the 24th inst.

"Whereas, under existing circumstances, an immediate union of the British North American Provinces has become impracticable, and whereas a legislative union of the Maritime Provinces is desirable, whether the larger union be accomplished or not: Resolved,—That in the opinion of this House the negotiations for the union of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island should be resumed, in accordance with the resolutions passed at the last session."

Fredericton (N.B.) papers of the 24th inst. state that Mr. Tilley had not yet resigned.

The St. John Telegraph says that the former personal differences between Governor Gordon and Mr. Smith will induce the former to call on some one else to form a Government.

Halifax papers state that the Cunard Company had offered to carry articles to the Dublin Exhibition from Nova Scotia, free of charge. The Canadian line from Portland has not modified its rates, as regards the shipment of articles for Dublin.

The Halifax Unionist, of 22nd March, throws policy of Nova Scotia, on account of the recent rapid increase of the public debt and the future prospects of diminished revenue.

The failure of J. & J. Woodley, it was supposed here would involve S. Woodley, of Hamilton. The latter is now here, and has arranged with his creditors, getting a slight extension of time, and paying twenty shillings to pound with interest. No anxiety is felt here in commercial circles."

An unusual amount of timber wintered here, but every liability upon it has been faithfully met. There has been no speculation in timber here during the winter, as was anticipated.

Messrs. Tasse, Ferris and O'Neil, prison inspectors, have been here some days, preparing their annual report for 1864.

Mr. Cartier returned here from Montreal this morning.

A Council of the Ministers in the city was held to-day.

Quebec, April 1st.

Thirty thousand acres of land in Enniskillen and other townships in the oil region, will be sold for cash, by auction at Sarnia, on the 4th of May next.

Applications for letters patent appear in to-day's Gazette, signed by T. Ledyard, of Toronto, and nine Americans, to organize a company with one million dollars nominal capital, to bore for petroleum, salt, and other mineral springs, in the counties of Lambton and Kent.

Mr. Edmund Meredith has has been appointed chairman of the Board of Prison Inspectors, in the place of the late Dr. Nelson.

14th Battalion Volunteer Rifles, Kingston.—Lt. Col. Shaw is permitted to retire from the command of this battalion.

LATE FROM MONTREAL.

MR. DAOUST FOUND GUILTY OF FORGERY.

Montreal, March 31.

Mr. Daoust, M. P. P., has been found guilty, but recommended to mercy.

There were fires in the store of Isadore Ash, hatter, Magill Street, and in a tavern at the foot of Little St. Joseph Street, last night.

Three men have been convicted of enticing soldiers to desert.

Edmond Deconda, lawyer, of St. John's, is undergoing his trial for discharging a pistol, with shot, at his wife, in a boarding-house here. They had, it is alleged, been living separately, and he was visiting her. Without any altercation he fired at her, scorching her arm, and, after rushing from the room, he attempted to commit suicide.

It is said the money voted by Parliament has been paid to the St. Alban's banks.

Mr. C. S. Schiller, who has been engaged by the government in connection with the case of the St. Alban's raiders, leaves tonight by train for Toronto, where he will be joined by Mr. R. S. Harrison, barrister, of that city, who will accompany him to St. Catharines. There, according to instructions previously received, an affidavit will be made by Mr. Schiller before some Yankee-sympathizing magistrate, who will issue a warrant charging all five of the prisoners now confined here with a breach of Canadian neutrality, altho' it is well known that none of the party except Lieut. Young ever was at St. Catharines at all. When the prisoners are removed to St. Catharines, the charge of breach of neutrality will be either dropped without trial, or if tried, will of course fail, whereupon the prisoners will be brought before some of the Toronto Judges on a demand for extradition, in hopes that they will be more compliant than Judge Smith has been found to be. The details of this plot have been discovered almost as a miracle, and are undoubtedly authentic.

Montreal, April 1.

Early this morning a telegraph extra was issued, heralding infamous conspiracy of the Provincial Executive for the extradition of the St. Alban's raiders. The charge is, to my unknown to modern times, is founded upon a statement that Mr. Cartier had sent Mr. Schiller to Toronto, there to get Mr. Harrison, and to go with him to St. Catharines, where warrants of arrest are to be obtained for the raiders for a breach of neutrality. Meantime the Court here is to be adjourned till Wednesday, when the warrants from the West will be at hand—those here being withdrawn—and the prisoners will be secretly taken away to be tried before Toronto Judges, willing to pollute the judicial ermine by subserviency to a foreign enemy, and to prostitute their office by vile conduct than witnessed since the days of Jeffries. The people are called on to prevent this infamous and damnable plot at any cost, and if they fail to punish it.

With all this attempt to create excitement the Court was not crowded this forenoon.

Mr. Devlin asked for delay till Thursday, owing to his clients not being at home. If he obtained instructions to withdraw the charges, he would at once communicate to the Court.

Mr. Abbott desired that the delay should only be till Monday. He supposed the delay was wanted till Mr. Schiller returned.

Mr. Devlin replied that they did not ask for thirty days like the defence. If desired he would say Monday.

It was agreed to adjourn till Wednesday, when the breach of neutrality case comes up.

Very few waited to see the prisoners come out.

Some extensive manufacturers are dismissing hands, and others are working half time, owing to the gloomy prospects.

There was a fire this morning in some dwellings at Point St. Charles, and at Macdonnell and Sons.

A true bill has been found against Watts for arson.

There was a large shove of ice to-day, and some streets in Griffintown are flooded.

THE ST. ALBAN'S RAIDERS.—THEIR FURTHER REMAND.

Montreal, April 1st.

These prisoners were this morning again brought before His Honor Mr. Justice Smith. It will be remembered that, on their being discharged last Wednesday, they were recommitted on a charge of shooting at, with intent to murder, Thomas Huntington of St. Albans, on the 19th of October, the day of St. Alban's raid.

Mr. Devlin rose to say that he regretted to be obliged to ask for a further delay until next Thursday. The reason for this application was because he had not been able to communicate with his clients at Washington. He wished to know from them whether they were resolved to proceed with the prosecutions. He might to-day or on Monday receive a communication stating that they were not going to proceed, and if such should be the case, he would communicate it to the prisoners' Counsel.

Mr. Abbott wished to know—since Mr. Devlin should know to-day or on Monday the course the prosecution meant to pursue—why the case could not come on Monday next instead of Thursday.

It was then fixed that the prisoners should be brought up again on Wednesday next.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE VOLUNTEERS FOR THE FRONTIER.—Among the companies which proceed to the Frontier on the first of May, are two Companies from the Third Military District.—One of these will be taken from Belleville and the other from Picton. It will be thought there is a prejudice against Kingston because there are no Volunteers to be sent from it. Those whose term of service expires in May, were selected from Rifle Companies, while those to be sent in May belong to the Regimental Corps or Red Coats. It is only an equal distribution of the duties, between the Independent Companies and Regimental Companies.

THE NEW ORGAN.—The new organ of the Congregation Church was played for first time on Sunday at service. The instrument is of a brilliant tone. The specifications of the organ are—open diapason, stop do. treble, stop do. bass, clariana, harmonic flute, principal, fifteenth-trumpet, bourdon, octave couple, pedal couple, and bellows signal. Two of these, contained in no other organ in the city, the harmonic flute and clariana, are remarkable; the former for its clear ringing sound and the latter for its rich soft tones.

FUNERAL SERVICES.—The Sydenham Street and Queen Street Wesleyan Methodist Churches were draped in mourning on Sunday, in respect to the memory of the late Rev. W. Thornton, President of English, Canada and Eastern American Wesley Church Conference, who died a month since in London, Eng. A very impressive sermon was preached by the Rev. Mr. Gemley in the former Church at evening service, and another by the Rev. Mr. Clarkson at the evening service in the latter Church. The Churches were well filled in memory of the deceased.

Secretary's Office,
Quebec, 1st April, 1865.

His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to appoint Edmund A. Meredith, Esquire, to be Chairman of the Board of Inspectors of Asylums and Prisons, &c.

Thomas John York, Esquire, M.D., Associate Coroner, County of Wellington.

Alexander James McMaster, Esquire, M.D., Associate Coroner, United Counties of York and Peel.

Charles Tait Scott, Esquire, Associate Coroner, United Counties of Huron and Bruce.

LATEST FROM THE SOUTH.

TERRIBLE BATTLES AT PETERSBURGH.

THREE DAYS' DESPERATE FIGHTING.

HEROIC DEFENCE OF LEE'S ARMY.

THE FIGHTING STILL GOING ON.

THE FEDERALS SEVERELY PUNISHED.

THE ADVANCE ON MOBILE.

GEN. STONEMAN CAPTURES BOONE N.C.

WAR DEPARTMENT
WASHINGTON, April 1, 11 o'clock p.m.

To Major General Dix.

The following despatch from the President received to-night, shows that the desperate struggle between our forces and the enemy continues undecided, although the advantage appears to be on our side:—

CITY POINT, April 1.

Hon. Edwin M. Stanton, Secretary of War.

A despatch is just received showing that Sheridan, aided by Warren, had, at 2 p.m., pushed the enemy back so as to retake the Five Forks and bring his own headquarters up to Fort Borrseaus. The Five Forks, barricaded by the enemy, was carried by Diven's division of cavalry. This part of the enemy seem to be now trying to work along the White Oak Road to join the main force in front of Grant, while Sheridan and Wa ren are pressing them as closely as possible.

(Signed,) A. LINCOLN.

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON,
April 2, 6 a.m.

To Major General Dix.

A despatch just received from Grant's Adjutant General, at City Point, announces the triumphant success of our arms after three days' hard fighting, during which the forces on both sides exhibited unsurpassed valour.

City Point, Virginia, April 2, 5.30 a.m.

A despatch from General Grant states that Sheridan, commanding cavalry and infantry, has carried everything before him. He captured three Brigades of infantry, a waggon train, and several batteries of artillery. The prisoners captured will amount to several thousand.

(Signed,) T. S. BOWERS.

[OFFICIAL.]
War Department,
Washington, April 2, 11 a.m.

To Gen. Dix.

The following despatch from the President, dated 8 30 a.m., gives the latest intelligence from the front, where a furious battle was raging with continued success to the Union Arms.

(Signed,) E. M. Stanton.

City Point, April 2, 11 a.m.

Despatches are frequently coming in. All is going on finely.

Gens. Parke, Wright and Ord's lines are extending from the Appomattox to Hatcher's Run. They have all broken through the enemy's entrenched lines, taking some forts, guns and prisoners.

Sheridan, with his own cavalry, the 5th corps, and part of the 2nd, is coming in from the west on the enemy's flank, and Wright is already tearing up the Southside railroad.

New York, April 2.

The steamer Gen. Sedgwick, from Wilmington on the 30th, has arrived. She reports that on the 31st, off Hatteras, saw a steamer in shore on fire, which proved to be the Gen. Lyon, from Wilmington for Fortress Monroe, with from 400 to 500 troops and refugees on board. Wind blowing a gale. Could not launch boats, but went as near as her as possible, and picked up as many as could from boats, wood-work, &c. Seven were taken to the hospital at Wilmington.

The list given of the saved by the Sedgwick comprises only 28 names, including most of the officers of the Lyon, a few refugees and soldiers of the 99th and 89th New York, 52nd and 56th Illinois, 5th Ohio, &c.

New York, April 2.

The steamer City of Dublin has arrived. News anticipated.

The entire 13th corps was expected to join the 16th at Danby's Mills on the 23rd.

City Point, Va., April 2, 8.30 A. M.

Hon. E. M. Stanton:

Last night Gen. Grant telegraphed that Sheridan, with his cavalry and 5th corps, had captured three brigades of infantry, a train of waggons, and several battaries; the prisoners amounting to several thousand.

This morning Grant having ordered an attack along the whole line, telegraphs as follows:—

Both Wright and Parke got through the enemy's lines. The battle now rages furiously.

Sheridan with the cavalry, the 5th corps, and Miles' division of the 2nd corps, which was sent to him this morning, is now sweeping down from the west. All now looks highly favorable.

Gen. Ord is engaged, but I have not yet heard the result in his front.

New York, April 2.

President Lincoln's last despatch 11 a. m. shows a general smash up of rebel lines of works in front of Petersburg, by Wright, Parke and Ord who have joined in the fight. Sheridan's cavalry, the 5th corps, and part of the 2nd, are coming in from the west of the enemy's flank.

Washington, April 2, 12 p. m.

Major Gen. Dix.

The President, in the subjoined telegram gives the latest news from the front.

(Signed,) E. M. Stanton.

LATER.

FALL OF RICHMOND.

OCCUPATION OF THE CITY.

GRANT FOLLOWING UP LEE.

City Point, April 2, 2 p.m.—Hon. E. M. Stanton,—At 10:45 a.m., Gen. Grant telegraphs as follows:—Everything has been carried from the left of the 9th corps. The 6th corps alone captured more than 3000 prisoners. The 2nd and 24th corps captured forts, guns and prisoners from the enemy, but I cannot tell the numbers. We are now closing around the works of the line immediately enveloping Petersbug. All looks remarkable well. I have not heard from Sheridan; his headquarters have been moved up to Banks' house near the Boydtown road, about three miles southwest of Petersburg.

A. LINCOLN.

City Point, April 2, 8:30 p.m.—Hon. E. M. Stanton.—At 4:30 p.m. to-day, General Grant telegraphs as follows:—We are now up and have a continous line of troops, and in a few hours will be entrenched from the Appomattox below Petersburg to the river above. The whole captures since the army started out will not amount to less than 12,000 men and probably 50 pieces of artillery. I do not know the number of guns and men accurately however. A portion of Foster's divisions the 24th corps, made a most gallant charge this afternoon and captured a very important fort from the enemy with its garrison. All seems well with us and everything is quiet just now.

A. LINCOLN.

The Herald's Army of the James correspondent says:—On the 27th troops were selected for special service from the 120th corps and sent across the James under command of Gen. Ord. At sunset on the 28th they occupied a position vacated by the 2nd corps, which moved to the left. In the midst of the rain storm Gen Turner moved his division, just after daybreak, down the Vaughan road, crossed Hatchet's run, and pushed forward to make connection with the right 2nd corps. With no fighting this connection was made. Other commands were also moved so as to make a continuous line. Turner captured a line of rebel rifle pits with nearly all the rebels in them. Simultaneously Gen. Foster pushed forward a part of his division, materially aiding Turner's success.

War Department, Washington, April 3,—10 a.m.—Maj.-Gen. Dix. It appears from a despatch of Gen. Weitzel, just received by this Department, that our frees under his command are in Richmond, having taken it at 8:15 this morning. (Signed) E. M. Stanton, Sec'y of War.

(Official.)

War Department, Washington, April 3rd 12 noon.—Maj. Gen. Dix.—The following official confirmation of the capture of Richmond, and the announcement that the city is on fire has been received.

(Signed) E. M. Stanton, Sec of War.

City Point, April 3rd, 11 a. m.—To E. M. Stanton Secretary of War.—Gen. Weitzel telegraphs as follows. We took Richmond at 8 15 this morning. I captured many guns.—The enemy left in great haste. The city is on fire in one place. We are making every effort to put it out. The people received us with enthusiastic expressions of joy. Gen. Grant started early this morning with the army towards the Danville road to cut off Lee's retreating army if possible.

President Lincoln has gone to the front.

T. S. BOWERS, A A.G.

E. M. Stanton, Sec'y of war.

New York, April 3.

New York is again dressed in national colors, both public and private buildings are gaily decked, and the whole city is alive with joy and enthusiasm for the success of our arms in front of the rebel capital. Some ten thousand people assembled spontaneously in front of the Custom House this morning for mutual congratulation on the capture of Richmond. Speeches were made by Hon. Simeon Draper, P. M. Wetmore, Maj. Gen. Butterfield, W. M. Everett, Gen. Anderson and others. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed during the proceedings. The vast assemblage sang the old hundred. A grand celebration is in preparation for an early day in Union Square.

DIED.

Yesterday Afternoon, in Kingston, Ewen McEwen, Infant Son of Mr. J. J. Whitehead.

*** The Funeral will take place on Wednesday Afternoon, at three o'clock, from Mr. Whitehead's residence in Wellington Street to the Waterloo Cemetery.

In this city, on Friday, 31st ult., William Kelly, painter, aged 88 years, 53 years a resident of this city, and formerly of H. M. Dockyard here.

In Toronto, of consumption, on the 31st March, Hannah Winfield, wife of Thomas Winfield, aged 23 years.

At Point Levi, on the 30th ult., Mr. John End, aged 73 years.

In London, March 31st, Mrs. Elizabeth Harris, aged 71 years.

In London, on the 25th ult., Mr. Joseph Holmes, aged 54 years.

In Montreal, on the 31st inst., Robert Reid, aged 77 years.

CONCERT

AT THE

CITY HALL.

MISS HARTLEY

BEGS to announce to her numerous friends and patrons, that she will give

A GRAND VOCAL

AND

INSTRUMENTAL ENTERTAINMENT,

AT

THE CITY HALL,

ON

Tuesday Evening,

APRIL 18th,

Assisted by several Distinguished Amateurs.

Miss Hartley will, on this occasion, perform on the Harp, Harmonicorde and Piano.

Doors open at 7 o'clock; concert to commence at 8.

Tickets—Reserved Seats, 50 cents; Back Seats, 25 cents; can be procured at the City Book Store, Henderson's News Depot and at the Music Stores of Messrs. Black and Burrows, of Miss Hartley, Clergy Street, and at the door on the evening of the Concert.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Kingston, April 4th, 1865. 77

NOTICE

TO FARMERS BLACKSMITHS,

Carpenters, Painters, &c., &c.

MESSRS. GIBERTON & YARKER are determined to sell the undermentioned Goods, together with every thing in their line, as cheap as any house in Upper Canada:

Bar, Band, Hoop and Sheet Iron,
Spring, Blister and other Steel,
Cut, Wrought and Pressed Nails,
Oakum and Spike,
Pitch, Tar and Rosin,
Rubber and Hemp Packing,
Spades, Shovels, Forks and Hoes.
Boiled and Raw Paint Oil,
James' White Lead,
Cutlery, Files, &c., &c.

A. GIBERTON. JAMES S. YARKER,

Kingston, March 17th, 1865. 6

Bananas.

Oranges, Lemons and Cocoa Nuts

AT R. TOWN'S

No. 1

FRUIT AND OYSTER DEPOT,

CORNER OF ONTARIO AND CLARENCE STREETS

JUST RECEIVED—

20 boxes Messina Oranges,
10 boxes Lemons,
1 case Bananas,
1 sack Cocoa Nuts,
2 cases Fancy Candies,
2 cases Chewing Gum,
4 barrels S.S. Almonds,
4 do Filberts,
3 do Brazil Nuts,
5 do Pecan Nuts,
3 do English Walnuts,
4 bales Pea Nuts,
20 barrels Large Onions,
100 lbs Bright Maple Sugar, new,
50 barrels Winter Apples,

OYSTERS, SARDINES & LOBSTERS.

1 Case Lobsters, in tins,
1 Case Sardines,

XX and XXX Oysters received Daily by express, in kegs and cans, wholesale and retail at

R. TOWNS.

Kingston, April 3rd, 1865. 77

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

Finance Department,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863.

IT is directed by the Hon. the Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto—Such Notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada Gazette.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

Finance Department, Customs,
Quebec, March 31st, 1865.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorised discount is declared to be this day 33 per cent. which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

77 R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

New Novels, &c.,

JUST RECEIVED

At the City Book Store.

TONY BUTLER, Republished from Blackwood.

The Constable of the Tower, (New). By Ainsworth.

Too Strange not to be true. By Lady Georgina Fullerton.

Godey for April.

Sunday Magazine.

Chambers' Journal.

Cornhill.

New Song Books. A great variety.

New Joke Books.

Law and Practice of Whist. By Cavendish.

Jephthah's Daughter—a poem. By the author of Paul Coxe's Christian Ballads.

The Devout Churchman's Companion.—Edited by the Rt. Rev. W. H. Odenheimer, Bishop of New Jersey.

For sale by

JOHN CREIGHTON,
City Book Store,
King Street.

Kingston, March 29th, 1865. 73&13

KING STREET SKATING RINK.

NOTICE.

THE affairs of the Rink being about to be closed for the season, all parties having claims against it are requested to present the same for settlement on or before Saturday next.

Any persons who may have left their skates in the building are requested to call for them on