EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.*—Sold only in Packets labelled, "JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London."

CHILBLAINS and LUMBAGO. INSTANT RELIEF and cure by USING "DREDGE'S HEAL ALL." Prepared by BARCLAY & SONS, 95, Farringdon-st., London, whose name see on the stamp. Of all Chemists. Price 1s, 1½d. per bottle.

The Daily British Whig.

Oblfer ur Orbem Dicor.

THURSDAY EVEN'G, DEC. 13, 1877.

REMINDERS.

THURSDAY.

LECTURE by the Rev. W. H. S. Aubrey, Congregational Church at 7:30 p.m.

FRIDAY.

PROF. BELL'S Readings at 8 p.m.
MINDEN LODGE.—Emergent Meeting at 8 pm
CHALMERS' Church Sale at 2 p.m., till night

The Maritime Provinces are again moving among and within themselves in regard to their own legislative amalgamation into one united Province. It is a good move, and one which will be approved by consideration of identical interests and also of economy in men and means, in fact of all their legislative resources. It is said that little Prince Edward Island fears to go into the union lest it may prove to her a spider's parlour. We fancy this is quite a groundless danger. She was not swamped when at the length she consented to enter Confederation, and we should think there would be still less danger of it in entering the smaller Maritime union.

A great step towards the fraternal reception of the errant South, back to the confidence of the relenting north, is the erasure of the "ironclad oath" from the Congress Statute Book. This rigid test was intended to exclude from public office of every grade, those who had participated in the rebellion. For some time past this prohibitive bar has been overleaped by the ex-rebels, and the trespass has been winked at by U.S. authority. The law being practically obsolete, and withal no longer necessary, Congress has done well to repeal it, and thus remove a possible occasion for irritation and heartburning between the sections of what ought to be now a reunited nation.

We are glad to note that the Hamilton Y. M. C. A. has not been scared by white chokered jealousy from its settled purpose of giving the citizens of the ambitious hamlet a series of elevating entertainments. The puerile anathemas, fulminated against the commendable 'course' by one of the local divines, were only calculated to excite contempt of such silly and gratuitous advices. Completely regardless of this impertinence, the Christian young men of Hamilton are doing well to keep on the even tenor of their way. Miss Nella Brown, of Boston, Dramatic Reader, is the star next to appear in the proposed course. Entertainments of a first class literary and musical nature cannot fail to conduce to intellectual improvement and moral refinement, or fail to prove of efficient assistance to pure and undefiled religion in the best sense in which that term can be employed.

NEW WESTMINISTER.

The *Globe* of to-day editorially remarks that among the members of the House of Commons who, it was alleged, had contravened the provisions of the Independence of Parliament Act, as interpreted by the Committee on Privileges and Elections, was Mr. James Cunningham, the member for New Westminister, British Columbia. The Act of last session relieved all such parties of the pecuniary penalties to which up to the time of its passing they had become liable, but it did not touch in bthe least the question of their right to sit and vote, supposing that by having had any commercial transactions with the Government their seats had been vacated. Consequently all such persons would be placing themselves at the mercy of whoever might sue for penalties if they again appeared in their places at Ottawa. Mr. Cunningham had, it appears, as a merchant, supplied some goods to agents of the Government, in total ignorance that he was thereby affecting his status as a member of Parliament. And in order to avoid any difficulty he has resigned his seat and offered himself for re-election.

PRETENTIOUS.

Count Andrassy, the Austrian Premier, has been indulging in some rather loud protestations on behalf of the country over whose destinies he has the honour to preside. He says the factor of force must be considered in the relations between European Powers as the only element that can make treaties valid. He then grandiloquently announces that Austria is the Arbiter of her own destinies; that no European state can more reliably count on obtaining the recognition of its just demands; he repudiates the imputation that Austria is acting under the influence of Germany, and finally declares that no Power in Europe can undertake the settlement of the Eastern Question without the co-operation of Austria. Bearing in mind the opening axiom above cited from him that force is the most efficient factor in the settlements of all international disputes, and recalling in connection therewith the fact, that in Austria's last tussle with Prussia, she was most thoroughly worsted, the boasting in which the Austrian Premier indulges is scarcely warranted by the facts of the case, or the recent martial history or condition of his country. If military prowess be the element which must first give shape and then impart stability to international treaties, we fear Austria will have to fall back from the vain-glorious position to which Count Andrassy assigns her in the final settlement of the Eastern embroglio.

A COVETED CONSTITUENCY.

It would seem to be the darling purpose of the Conservative heart to defeat the Hon. Mr. Cartwright at the next election. There are two difficulties, at least, in the way. One is the want of a 'likely' candidate, that is to say, a candidate that, to say nothing of winning the race than which nothing is less likely, would stand some slight chance of not being hopelessly and ridiculously distanced. Among the names which have been nominated as fit and proper persons to receive an electoral trouncing at the hands of the Finance Minister, we have before noticed that of Mr. Grange, the local member for the County, who, however, has avowed his intention of declining the intended honour. Now the names of Hon. Lewis Wallbridge, of Belleville, and Mr. Thos. White, jr., of Montreal, are submitted. A defeat from Reformers would exactly chime in with the eternal fitness of things in the case of the former. It is just what he richly deserves, and what he would be sure to get were he to tempt the fates in Lennox. But on the other hand we cannot avoid giving the preference of nomination to Mr. Thomas White. By a long series of electoral reverses, he has earned the right to the championship of defeat, and nothing could be more suitable than his candidature against Hon. Mr. Cartwright, who could so easily inflict another upon him. By all means let Mr. White enter the lists if it is only to be beaten. It will, at any rate, be the means of sparing the feelings of some one more sensitive or less case-hardened to the chagrin of failure. Another suggestion. Sir John himself claims to exert almost omnipotent influence in the County of Lennox. This being so, why would the Chieftain not try a tilt with his erstwhile "Dear Cartwright." The foeman is quite worthy of his steel as the issue of the battle would abundantly prove. Whenever the Chieftain has lent his great influence in the county to the Tory candidate, Mr. Cartwright's majority has been increased many hundreds by the operation, a fact which would doubtless become much more so were the Tory leader to gird up his loins and run for himself in competition with the Finance Minister. We have seen the straits to which the Tory party is reduced to find a suitable candidate. There is another and more insuperable difficulty, however, at which we have already hinted. Given a candidate, the Tory trouble will be to seduce even a respectable minority of the electors into voting for him. By all means, however, let them try it. Though it may cost considerable effort to induce any one to face sure and certain defeat for the good of the Tory cause in Mr. Cartwright's county, still we would like to see it done. Nothing would more clearly demonstrate the undiminished popularity of the Finance Minister in his own constituency.

AN INLAND HIGHWAY.

To-day the ratepayers of Toronto vote upon the question of granting a bonus of $300,000 in aid of the proposed Toronto and Ottawa Railway. The Toronto Press gives much interesting information in regard to the project, which is one to which these midland counties can scarcely afford to be indifferent, inasmuch as the proposed line will run through the rear or northern portions of several of them, certainly through the back townships of Frontenac. Should the Toronto by-law pass the Company will then lack but $100,000 of assured municipal assistance to the extent of $5,500 per mile for the entire length of the road. Then the Company confidently expects Government assistance to the extent of $4,500 per mile, making, from municipal and Government sources, $10,000 per mile. This will be just one-half of its estimated expense, but being empowered to issue first mortgage bonds for $15,000 per mile they will be able—if they can get the expected Government grant (which is, perhaps, the most objectionable feature, since, at the expected rate per mile, the whole road of 225 miles in length would absorb over a million dollars) and the Toronto bonus—to commence actual operations on the road during the next ensuing summer. As a very important section of the network of Ontario Railways there can be no doubt, whatever, of the utility of the proposed line. If it should bring grist to the mill of the Queen city and prove the passage of the bonus by-law to have been a good investment, we shall not grudge Toronto its deserved good fortune, but in addition to this merely local advantage the line may prove of Provincial benefit. For local traffic it will compete to some extent with the Grand Trunk, but for the most part it will create a trade for itself. It will run through the inland portions of the Province at present intersected by no other line. It will place the at present almost inaccessible rear townships of far stretching frontier Counties in easy communication with the Dominion and Ontario capitals, and, of course, bring the latter into direct and quick communication with each other. More than this, by bridging the Ottawa this communication can readily be extended to Montreal. Altogether the projected road is about the most important enterprise (with the exception, perhaps, of the Grand Trunk itself, and certainly the Kingston and Pembroke, which must always with us, take the first place) that has for many a year been submitted for the public commendation or become a claimant for Municipal or Governmental assistance. Situated though we are upon the frontier, and on the line of the Grand Trunk, we yet cannot join in the uncompromising hue and cry that is being raised against the project. While we cannot wholly approve of the proposition to claim out of the Ontario surplus the sum of 4,500 per mile for the entire length of the road, or 225 miles, we yet cannot see that the road will prove to be so entirely in the interest of the cities of Toronto and Ottawa as to provoke the opposition of every other locality. Injurious competition with our main commercial artery, the G.T.R., is certainly to be deprecated in view of the vast service which the latter has been to the country, yet even these considerations should not prevent a fair field for the new undertaking.

—There are 95 applications for admission to the Hamilton police force.

THE BLUE RIBBON.

Special Sermon by Rev. W. W. Carson.

On Sunday evening last Rev. W. W. Carson, who is President of the Rine Total Abstinence Club, Brantford, preached a special sermon on the blue ribbon movement. The *Expositor* reports him as saying:—

"In opening his subject the proposition was laid down that every reformation in social, moral and religious life depends on actual and philosophical causes just as much as the movements of all the varied forces in nature. The text was adduced to show the experience of a people who had been in the most abject slavery to relentless oppressors, but who were now emancipated and aspiring to higher and nobler attainments. The causes which led to this revival were analysed in a few brief and pointed sentences, and they were shown to have arisen from a direct interposition of God's power and guidance. While the preacher paid a high tribute to the advanced civilization to which the ancient Egyptians attained he also as severely censured the cruel servitude in which they held the children of Israel. As Mr. Carson traced the years of sorrow and groaning under which they labored, it was with a feeling of intense relief that we followed him in a word picture of the deliverance which came, and which was traced to the hand of God directing his people. The present attitude of the temperance question and its history in the past were given in a concise and impartial manner. The crusade in Ohio of certain women who went forth in the strength of an unfaltering trust in God, and in that strength the cause was inaugurated that the power might be seen to be of God and not of man. The spread of hallowed influence over lake and river and ocean evoked the most eloquent sentences. "The ribbon of blue," commended in the text, was traced in its relationship to higher and exalted subjects. Historical allusions were made to show how such tokens had been worn to indicate a separation from others who surrounded them. The wearing of such a badge would also be a constant reminder to all to be faithful to the vows assumed. His hearers were urged to wear the badge of reform, as it would prove a safe guard to them. The effect of the Union Jack, as a badge of British supremacy, in subduing a band of hostile Indians, was cited. Activity, and even excitement was inculated, as the only way to accomplish any great results. The text was appealed to as teaching activity and perseverance in well doing.

"Go thou," said Mr. C., "to the outcast and lost, and help them out of their degradation." Cæsar and his Barbarian followers, trusting to their heathen Gods to save them from impending shipwreck, were contrasted with those who have the God of nature and providence and grace to lean upon.

GLEANINGS.

—The excitement over phosphate runs high in the Ottawa region.

—$2,000 damage done by fire at the Victoria oil works, of London.

—Great uneasiness in Paris all gunsmith shops ordered to be closed.

—The Canadian Wesleyan Missionary Society supports 436 missionaries.

—It has been found impossible to haul off the barque Liverpool ashore on Bic Island.

—Seventy-four persons were interred in Montreal cemeteries last week; 9 small-pox cases.

—A deserter from the Bellerophon confesses to the murder of Campaghe, the Beauce informer.

—Hamilton householders are treated to four and a-half inch lizards, which are sent them through the water pipe.

—The St. Thomas abortion case has ended in the conviction of Lydia Jane Collins who procured it. Sentence deferred till General Sessions.

—A New York court has decided that a wife has a right to ask her husband for a kiss, and if he refuses she can hit him in the face, and he can't have him fined for the blow.

—During the present year the United States sent 105,000,000 yards of cotton goods abroad ten times more than was expected the year before.

—An old man aged 86 years went over the hills to the poor-house in Kansas the other day, and was tenderly received. In two days he died, and they found $900 in the pockets of the venerable pauper.

—There is so much water in the Michigan woods that lumbering operations are seriously interferred with. In some of camps above Saginaw the men have to carry supplies five miles on their shoulders.

—Edward Hanlan, in a letter, expresses his willingness to meet any of the cracks next summer. He says: "It is my hope that I may meet both Trickett and Courtney for a trial at the car—that aquatic court of last resort—during the coming season."

Barley Exports.

A noteworthy feature of the Canadian grain trade this season is the unusual quantity of barley shipped to Great Britain. There have been large sales for export this week; one firm sold on Wednesday ninety cars bound across the ocean; and it is stated that not less than a million bushels have been shipped to Britain of Canadian barley thus far this season, the bulk of it from New York, but some of it via Portland. This is a greater quantity by far than that market has ever absorbed of our barley in a single season. It is important to notice, too, that the bulk of it, if not the whole, is of the grade known as No. 2. American customers for our barley lay great stress upon its color, and insist upon having No. 1. The British market, on the other hand, is only concerned that it shall be of a certain weight per bushel for malting purposes, and regards the color as a minor matter. The effect of this new and capricious outlet is to bring up the price of No. 2 barley to much nearer the figure of No. 1. By our to-day's market report it will be seen that No. 1 declined upon the close of navigation from 70 to 71c. last week to 65 to 66c. this; while the grade next lower, which we quoted last week at 59 to 60c., is considered worth the former figure still. So long, therefore, as we can meet the views of British buyers of barley, with respect to weight and price, that long we are reasonably sure of a market in the mother country for a material proportion of this important cereal. The matter has gone beyond an experiment, and the prices obtained are evidently satisfactory. Oatmeal is another of our alimentary products which has gone across the Atlantic this season in unusual quantity. The shipments have been larger this year than for a number of years past. The quality is good, and it would seem that an opening has been made for a permanent trade of very considerable proportions in this staple article for the Scottish market.—*Monetary Times.*

A BUNGLER.—Minister Welsh, the newly appointed representative of the United States at the Court of St. James, has arrived in England. Pierrepont, the late Minister, was not very popular in England, even with his own countrymen. He changed his name so as to spell it after the style of an old titled family, and made himself the laughing stock of the American people by writing letters to a spiritualistic medium with the object of finding out from some of his ancestors if he was not of noble birth. He made a great fuss over Grant when the ex President was in England, and rather put his foot in it by putting Grant, in the table of precedence, ahead of those whom he should have followed.

WAR TELEGRAMS.

Turkey Will Fight to the Last—Russia will not make the first advance for Peace—Greece Warlike.

(*By Telegraph To day.*)

London, Dec. 12.—The announcement made yesterday that the Porte would immediately commence negotiations for peace, in consequence of the fall of Plevna, is contradicted by a Constantinople despatch, asserting that at a council of war held yesterday it was decided to fight to the last. On the other hand, the retention of Edhem Pasha and Mahmoud Damad Pasha, is regarded as evidence of a disposition to negotiate. Russia requires that Turkey should make the first advance in this direction, and she will listen to no offers of mediation until this is due. The news of the fall of Plevna has caused a renewal of the warlike demonstrations in Greece, and the Cabinet is deliberating on the course to be pursued, while the King has joined the army at Chalcis.

A Plevna special says:—For three days the Russians knew that Osman Pasha's provisions were exhausted, and that a sortie was preparing. It was learned on Sunday that he would concentrate his whole army near the bridge over the River Vid, and the news was confirmed during the night by Shobeleff, who discovered that the Turks had evacuated the Krishina redoubt and their positions on the Green Hill. Shobeleff occupied these. In the morning Osman crossed the Vid by two bridges and attacked the Russians with such fury that they captured eight cannons, and in a few minutes almost annihilated the Siberaky Grenadier Regiment. The Turks then found themselves under the fire of a hundred cannon of the Russian second line, and were attacked by the Grenadiers, who resolved to re-capture the guns. The Turks were driven back after fifteen minutes' bayonet fight, but continued the fire from the shelter of the banks of the Vid until noon, when the firing ceased on both sides, and soon after Osman treated for surrender. Osman's wound in the leg is not serious

Edinburg, Dec. 13.—A London correspondent telegraphs that from a most influential quarter the suggestion has been laid before the British Cabinet that Constantinople be made a free city, under the guarantee of the European powers.

London, Dec. 13.—A despatch from Bucharest says that a great battle between Rustchuck and Metchka is believed to have resulted favourable to the Turks.

Constantinople, Dec. 13.—No overtures for mediation have yet been made to the foreign embassies. Chakir Pasha, appointed to replace Mehemet Ali, has resigned on account of ill health.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Political Excitement in Washington—Opinions of Republican Leaders.

(*By Telegraph To-day.*)

Wheeling West, Va., Dec. 13.—Two children of a coal miner named Robert Dennis, living at Benwood, fell into a tub of boiling water yesterday and were fatally scalded.

Washington, Dec. 13.—The Senate, in the Executive Session yesterday, rejected the New York city nominations of Roosevelt and Prince by 32 to 25. This is considered a victory for Senator Conkling over the Administration.

New York, Dec. 13.—The *Tribune* says the proceedings of yesterday's Executive Session are the town talk. Blaine made a ringing speech. He compared the history and record of the two political parties. He said he was in favor of Civil Service Reform, but is it Civil Service Reform to remove good, capable, honest, experienced officers, and to put in their places inexperienced men, however honest, who do not represent the people nor the party? Conover, who voted in favor of confirming said Senators, could not see who were friends of the party, looking with a significant gesture towards Conkling. Conkling made a brilliant speech, in which he said the proposed removals were intended to break him down and dishonor him politically. He made few assertions he did not support with documentary proof. He showed by most positive assertions that both the President and Sherman removed Arthur and Cornell in consequence of the Jay report, and yet neither the Secretary nor the President had ever read that report. He had not recommended appointments in the New York Custom House during the last eight years, and defied the authorities to show the contrary. He said Roosevelt was his bitter personal enemy, who had lost no opportunity of denouncing him, and he appealed to the Senators to protect him. Four millions of people he represented.

The *Herald* says Morgan, of Alabama, made a speech yesterday which was thought to sound very much like repudiation, at least a general and deliberate discrediting of Government obligations.

The *World* says there is a feeling of regret, not to say indignation, among Democrats generally that any Democratic Senator should have contributed to perpetuate Republican machine politics in New York at the mere bidding of Conkling.

THE FRENCH CRISIS.

MacMahon Humbled—The Difficulty About Surmounted.

(*By Telegraph To-day.*)

New York, Dec. 5.—The *Herald's* Paris special says the French crisis is ended. A deputation of members of the Right told MacMahon last night it was impossible to form a Ministry from their ranks. MacMahon was deeply moved and said he must resign. His friends, appalled at this prospect, authorized him, on condition of his retaining the Presidency, to do whatever he pleased to terminate the crisis. Finally he promised to summons the Ministry from the moderate Left and gave Dufre carte blanche to form the Ministry.

Paris, Dec. 13.—MacMahon agreed to Dufere's terms and the crisis is over.

NEWCASTLE.

Destructive Fire—Loss $20,000.

Newcastle, Dec. 13.—A destructive fire broke out this morning about 1:30 in the rear of John Arnold's bakery, the flames quickly spread to the adjoining buildings and consumed the entire square except the residence of Mr. Sales. Total loss about $20,000.

MONTREAL.

Merchants' Bank Capital Stock to be Reduced.

(*By Telegraph To-day.*)

Montreal, Dec. 12.—A special meeting of the Merchants' Bank was held to-day, when the Directors were authorized to apply to Parliament for power to reduce its capital 25 per cent.

DR. GILES' Your Liniment Iodide of Ammonia gives perfect satisfaction; we have sold large quantities of it; every one speaks in its praise; Neuralgia, Swelled Joints, Rheumatism, Pain across the Kidneys, and, in fact, we could not enumerate the cases it has cured. BROWN, DOTTY & Co., Druggists, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

25c., 50., $1 a box. Agents, Heath & Gunn and E. H. Parker.

OAKVILLE.

A Lover's Quarrel—Suicide.

(*By Telegraph To-day.*)

Oakville, Dec. 13.—Last night about eleven o'clock William Hardy Roche, a young man twenty-one years of age, took his own life by shooting himself through the right temple, and died about twenty minutes afterwards. Deceased was bookkeeper in Reed's Tannery. He went there last night, was admitted by the night watchman, with whom he had a conversation, and said he had had a serious row with his girl. He asked for his revolver, and set a lamp chimney on top of the scales and fired one shot at it, remarking that it worked well. He then went into the office and wrote two letters, one to his employer and one to Miss Annie Anderson, a young lady to whom he was engaged, and with whom he had words earlier in the evening. He then went out into the hall and shot himself in the head.

COUNCIL OF HOWE ISLAND.

Howe Island, Nov. 16th.—The Council met at 10 o'clock a.m., all the members present except Mr. Simpson.

Moved by Mr. Clixby, that the petition of John Driscoll and others be adopted, and that no action be taken on selling the road north of the base line, between lots 25 and 26.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Kane, that the nomination and election for the year 1878, be held in school house No. 2, and that By-law No. 40 be filled up to that effect.—Carried. By-law passed.

Moved by Mr. Clixby, that a job of work be given out at the north end of the new road, leading to the ferry scow at the foot, and that the Reeve and Mr. O'Brien be authorized to give out said job.—Carried.

Resolved, that Mr. O'Brien gets the culvert repaired on the road between lots 5 and 6, north range, Howe Island, and also that Mr. Kane gets the culvert repaired on the road, between lots 10 and 11, north range, Howe Island, said work to be charged to the municipality of Howe Island.

The bills for deeds and registering for the new road, amounting to $9,55, were ordered to be paid.

The Township officers were ordered to be paid for the current year.

Resolved, that the selectors of jurors be paid $1 each for the current year.

Moved by Mr. Kane that Mrs. Melville be granted $5 for her trouble for the current year.—Carried.

The Council adjourned sine dine.—M. MELVILLE, Tp. Clerk.

Another Elopement.

THE POSTMASTER AND A WELL-TO-DO CITIZENS' WIFE THE PARTIES.

A few days ago we published an item from the Detroit *Free Press* regarding the elopement of two married persons living at Amherstburg, Ontario, giving the man's name as Johnson. The reporter was misinformed in that respect. The woman is the wife of J. C. Thompson, a wealthy and highly respected citizen of Amherstburg, and her companion is Ernest Park, postmaster at that place. Park has deserted a wife and four children. Mrs. Thompson has no children. Last Sunday Mr. Thompson and Detective Bishop found Mrs. Thompson and Park at 310 Lafayette street, in Detroit, where they were known as Mr. and Mrs. Beatty. While Thompson was interviewing his runaway wife Park fled to Windsor, from which place he telegraphed to Mrs. Thompson on Monday as follows:

Windsor, Ont., Dec. 3, 1877.

M. M. Beatty, 310 Lafayette street, east, Detroit:

Come at once without fail. You must. I will send for baggage.

[Signed] ERINE.

It now appears that Mr. Thompson besought his wife to go home to her mother in Ohio, but she refused, and the distracted husband left her to pursue her own inclinations. It is presumed that she and "Erine" are already re united.

Dairy Markets.

Utica, Dec. 11.—Cheese.—The market to day was the last of the season. It was quite active, about 3,000 of the 4,000 cheese offered being disposed of. About 900 of these went on commission. The range of prices was 10½ to 11¼, leading factories selling for 11¼c, and the average being 11¼c. The aggregate amount of cheese in the hands of factorymen selling on this market is estimated at not over 10,000.

Little Falls, Dec. 11.—Transactions were very light to-day. They amounted at only 2,000 boxes of factory, which sold at 11 to 11¼c. The great bulk went at 11c.

The Utica *Herald* says:—The annual reports of the cheese trade in this city and at Little Falls show that this great industry of central New York is yearly assuming more extensive proportions. The trade this year was considerably larger than that of last year, while the prices for all grades averaged better. Fully two million dollars' worth of cheese must have been produced in central New York during the season.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

(*By Telegraph To-day.*)

Montreal, Dec. 13.

Bank of Montreal—157 1 4, 157, 91 at 1 4.
Merchants Bank—66 1 4, 66.
Bank of Commerce—118 1 4,, 117 1 2.
do do Ex. div. 114 1 2 114.
Consolidated Bank—98, 97.
Dom. Telegraph—141, 138.
Montreal Tel. Co—122 1 2, 121 1 2.
Richelieu—67 1 4, 66.

DIED.

In Kingston, on Dec. 12th, of consumption, Patrick Joseph, youngest son of the late Mr. William Garde.

The funeral will take place from his mother's residence, Maple Row, Barrie Street, on Friday morning at nine o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

JUST PUBLISHED,

The New Popular Illustrated History of THE Dominion of Canada By Chas. R. Tuttle. D. Dowie & Co., Publishers.

The most elaborate and magnificent work ever issued in the country. Highly endorsed by the Press, and recommended by all our leading public men of all creeds and politics. Being the most complete, impartial and reliable History of the Counties of British North America from 1535 till 1877. Beautifully illustrated with 60 of the finest steel engravings of Canadian scenery, executed in London, Eng; 40 original wood cuts, 6 full page engravings of leading public men, together with a steel portrait of Her Majesty and Coat of Arms of the Dominion, in gold, as a frontispiece, and interspersed with 660 portrait engravings on stone of prominent public men of Canada, past and present.

Sold in bound volumes, or in 24 parts, monthly, at 50 cents each.

AGENTS WANTED in every town and country in the Dominion. For this and other standard publications, send for sample number or complete outfit. Address,

D. DOWIE & CO., Publishers,
162 St. James street, Montreal.

☞ Mr Dowie will be in Kingston in a few days in connection with the sale of the work.

GOLD FISH,
A NICE LOT
—AT—
M. Kirkpatrick's Fancy Store,
M'CAMMON'S BLOCK, PRINCESS ST.
Nov 20, 1877.

R. & J. GARDINER
ARE OFFERING
BARGAINS IN

BLANKETS—A Large Stock to choose from.

FLANNELS—A Large Stock to choose from in Scarlet, White, Blue and Fancy Colors.

SHEETINGS—A large Stock in various widths at low prices.

PILLOW COTTONS—A large Stock in various widths at low prices.

TABLE LINENS—A large Stock at low prices

TABLE NAPKINS—A large Stock at low prices.

WHITE COTTONS—The best makes of English and American at low prices.

Tickings, Towellings, Lace Curtains, Window Hollands. A first class Stock of Housekeeping Goods to select from at low prices.

Also a magnificent Stock of Embroideries in Edgings, Flouncings and Insertions at extremely low prices.

An inspection respectfully invited.
Sales for cash. Strictly one price.

R. & J. GARDINER
PRINCESS STREET.
Dec 13, 1877.

CARD OF THANKS.

I BEG to offer my most sincere thanks to the electors of Cataraqui Ward, who so kindly presented me with a requisition asking that I would allow my name to be placed in nomination as one of their representatives in the City Council for 1878, and whilst thanking them for this expression of confidence, regret that I cannot comply with their request, as I expect engagements already entered into will call me from the city during the greater part of the year.

WILLIAM HARTY.

Dec. 13, 1877.

CHURCH SALE.

THE LADIES' ASSOCIATION OF CHALMERS' CHURCH intend holding their Annual Sale of

Fancy and Useful Articles!

In the Lecture Room of the Church,

To-Morrow, (Friday) 14th Inst.,

TO OPEN AT TWO P.M.

They will have as usual, a large supply of CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S CAKES of all sizes. Tea served at 6 p.m., and Oysters during the evening.

Dec 13, 1877.

FOR SALE BY AUCTION

On Saturday, Dec. 15th.

On the Market Square, at 12 o'clock, noon, ONE SPAN of excellent thorough bred FRENCH PONIES, sound and gentle. Also one thorough bred AYERSHIRE BULL, with pedigree. Terms cash, or approved notes with interest.

WM. MURRAY, Auctioneer.
Dec 13, 1877.

THE NEW BOOK STORE.

To be Opened To-Morrow.

ONE BEAUTIFUL SHOW CASE, containing $900 worth of genuine Pens, Pencils and Penholders. Also several with Ivory and Gold Holders combined, from the celebrated manufactory of John Foley, of New York.

Over 600 beautiful Scripture Text Cards at 20c per dozen, the best value ever offered.

BOOKS FOR BOYS—Every Work published by Marryat, Mayne, Reid, Kingston and Ballantyne, in neat cloth covers from 75c to $2 per vol.

BOOKS FOR GIRLS—The selected Works of A.L.O.E., Mrs. Marshall, Miss Mather, George Macdonald, &c.

BOOKS FOR THE YOUNG—All the Annuals in Cloth and Paper.

BOOKS FOR STUDENTS—Barnes' Notes, Fisk's Pulpit Eloquence, Spurgeon's Lectures, Crudur's Concordance and the selected Works of Hamilton, Macleod, McDuff, Horne, &c., &c.

☞ Beware of spurious imitations of the celebrated Brunswick Note Paper, ruled. The genuine article is plain, and closely resembles Pirie's Standard.

Vennor's Almanac for '77 & '78

S. WOODS.
Dec 13, 1877.

AT GAGE'S
NEW JEWELLERY,
WATCHES,
BRIDAL PRESENTS,
SILVER FILIGREE,
&c., &c.,
FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
M. GAGE.

YARKER'S OLD STAND

THE UNDERSIGNED TAKES GREAT pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Kingston and vicinity that he has on hand

A Large & Varied Stock of Skates

including the following styles

Acme, Barney & Berry's New York Club—all Clamp.

ROCKER, BROAD AND NARROW STRAPS

ALSO A LARGE STOCK OF

SLEIGH BELLS,

Body and Back Strap, the following patterns: ACORN! DEXTER!! CENTENNIAL!!! In Tinned, Nickle, Oroide and Gold Plate.

A call solicited before purchasing elsewhere.

JNO. H. ROSH
Dec 10, 1877.

LOWNDES & MOODIE
ARE SELLING
Two Button Kid Gloves
AT 60 CENTS!
Acknowledged equal to what other Stores are asking $1.00 for.

A FURTHER SUPPLY OF
Fur Trimmings
SPLENDID VALUE.
LOWNDES and MOODIE,
PRINCESS STREET.
Dec 11, 1877

FOR A GOOD, SUBSTANTIAL Christmas or New Year's Gift
GO TO BURGESS'

For Children we have:
Mittens, Tolkas, Jackets, Caps and Hood in Wool and Fur.

For Ladies and Misses we have:
The newest Styles in Clouds, Cuffs & Squares
Fur Muffs, Boas and Caps,
Lined and Fur finished Kid Gloves and Mitts
New Hats, trimmed and untrimmed
Silk Velvets and Velveteens—the Cheapest in the city.
New Flowers, Feathers and Ribbons just received.

For Gents and Boys we have:
Underclothing of all kinds.
Ties, Collars, Cuffs and Mufflers.
Fur Caps, Cloth Caps and Felt Hats.
Leather, Buckskin and Kid Mitts.
Gloves—splendid value.
New Tweeds for Suitings.

☞ We aim at giving the best Goods at the lowest possible prices.

S. BURGESS,
PRINCESS STREET.
Dec 12, 1877.

THE NEW
SPRING
DRESS IMPROVER
JUST RECEIVED BY
RICHMOND and BOYDEN.
Dec 12, 1877

L.S.L.
A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY
TO WIN A FORTUNE. FIRST GRAND DISTRIBUTION, 1878, AT NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, JANUARY 8.

The Louisiana State Lottery Company.

This institution was regularly incorporated by the Legislature of the State for Educational and Charitable purposes in 1868, with a capital of $1,000,000, to which it has since added a reserve fund of $350,000. ITS GRAND SINGLE NUMBER DISTRIBUTIONS will take place monthly. It never scales or postpones. Look at the following scheme:

CAPITAL PRIZE, $30,000.
100,000 TICKETS at TWO DOLLARS EACH.
HALF TICKETS—ONE DOLLAR.
LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Capital Prize	$30,000
1 Capital Prize	10,000
1 Capital Prize	5,000
2 Prize of $2,500	5,000
5 Prizes of 1,000	10,000
20 Prizes of 500	10,000
100 Prizes of 100	10,000
200 Prizes of 50	10,000
500 Prizes of 20	10,000
1000 Prizes of 10	10,000
APPROXIMATE PRIZES	
9 Approximation Prizes of $300	2,700
9 Approximation Prizes of 200	1,800
9 Approximation Prizes of 100	900
1857 Prizes, amounting to	$110,400

Responsible corresponding agents wanted at all prominent points, to whom a liberally remunerative compensation will be paid.

Write for further information or send orders to

M. A. DAUPHIN,
P.O. Box 692, New Orleans, Louisiana.

or to

B. FRANK MOORE & SON,
317 Broadway, New York.

SECOND GRAND MONTHLY DRAWING, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1878.
Capital Prize, $1,000. Tickets $1 each; Halfs $1
Scheme of distribution same as above.

The Elocution Association
ANNOUNCE THAT A SERIES OF
Readings from Shakespeare
MODERN POETS AND HUMORISTS,
WILL BE GIVEN BY
DAVID CHAS. BELL, Esq
PROFESSOR OF ELOCUTION,
Author of "The Theory of Elocution," "The Modern Reader and Speaker," "The Standard Elocutionist," etc., etc.,
IN ST. ANDREW'S HALL,
On Friday Evening, Dec. 14th,
COMMENCING AT 8 O'CLOCK.
Admission 25cts.
J. B. BISSONNETTE, Secretary
Dec 12, 1877.

NOTICE.

Two Stone and One Brick House FOR SALE

THOSE two well built stone houses with fine cut stone fronts, on Sydenham Street, near Princess Street, in first class condition, will be sold singly or en bloc.

That well built and situated brick house on Earl Street, with every convenience and in one of the best localities.

Ordnance Lot No. 883, on the corner of Earl and Gordon Streets, near Mr. Bryson's

Indisputable titles. Other Lots for Sale. Apply at the BRITISH WHIG OFFICE.
Dec 10, 1877.

Twenty-Five Cents for Glee.

TWENTY FIVE CENTS OF CAREFULLY SELECTED
CHRISTMAS GOODS
opened out this week at the
City Book Store.

Best value ever offered in Albums, Easel Albums, Card Cases, Books, Stereoscopes, &c., &c., &c.

CHAS. E. WRENSHALL.
Dec 8, 1877.

W. W. RIDEOUT,
IMPORTER OF
Oysters & Fresh Fish
OF ALL KINDS.
☞ The nicest and finest Goods and the best value.
AT RIDEOUT'S.
Dec 11, 1877.

MRS. GRAFFTEY,
TEACHER OF
Pianoforte, Music, &c
WELLINGTON STREET.
☞ Vacancies for a few pupils, who will be given the closest care and attention.
Dec 3, 1877.

THE KINGSTON GYMNASIUM
WILL BE OPENED
Wednesday Evening.
AT SEVEN O'CLOCK.
☞ Members will please comply with rule Number 4.

CANADIAN ALMANAC
—AND—
Vennor's Almanac,
FOR THE ENSUING YEAR!
JUST RECEIVED.

CHRISTMAS
GOODS
—AT—
Henderson's Bookstore
PRINCESS ST., KINGSTON.

Read the Following (partial) List OF FANCY GOODS NOW opened out:

Photograph Albums from 10c to $24.
Easel Albums—splendid lot.
Scrap Albums—all styles.
Mark Twain's Scrap Book, already gummed and ready for pasting in.
Photograph Frames for Cards and Cabinets in Velvet and beautifully Enamelled Styles.
Rustic Mottoe Frames.
Enamelled do
Panel Mottoes, framed or unframed.
Panel Flowers do
Statuery on Back Ground do
Fancy Boxes of Note Paper and Envelopes—fifty varieties and kinds.
Japanese Note Paper and Envelopes—something entirely unique.
Brunswick Note Paper, all sizes
Envelopes for do
Brunswick Pens.
Colorado do
Gold do
Opera Glasses
Microscopes.
Reading Glasses.
Jewel Cases.
Desk and Work Boxes.
Ring Stands.
Flower Stands.

Toys and Jewellery
IN IMMENSE VARIETY,
&c., &c.

Further Lists of Books, &c., in in a few days,
—AT—
HENDERSON'S

ANNUAL VOLUMES
Just Received
FOR 1877,
AT HENDERSON'S

Sunday at Home,
Leisure Hour,
British Workman,
Little Folks,
Chatterbox,
Wide Awake,
Old Jonathan,
Family Friend,
Infants' Magazine,
Friendly Visitor,
British Workman,
Cottager,
Quiver,
Sunday Magazine,
St. Nicholas for Christmas,
The Adviser,
Peep Show,
Child's Companion,
Child's Own Magazine,
Kind Words,
British Juvenile,
Merry Sunbeams,
The Prize,
&c., &c., &c.

Easel Albums,
Scrap Albums,
Games