Daily British Whig.

TUESDAY EVEN'G, SEPT. 18, 1877.

☞ GOLD is New York at 3 o'clock 103

☞ *A. A. LEVEY, Wellington Street, is now offering CLOTHING AT COST. Call and be convinced before purchasing elsewhere.*

CITY AND VICINITY

CUTTING DOWN.—At a meeting of the Ottawa Salaries Committee it was decided to reduce the salaries of Corporation officials, with one or two exceptions, 12½ per cent.

THE SHOW.—We are requested to state that the prizes awarded at the late meeting of the Electoral Division Society, and printed James Fisher, should have read Joseph Fisher.

FIRE.—About one o'clock this morning the dwelling house of Mr. Andrew Gibson, Amherst Island, caught fire, it is supposed from ashes kept in a little house adjoining it. Nothing of any importance was saved.

PROBABILITIES for the next twenty-four hours for the lower lake region and upper St. Lawrence: Fresh to brisk westerly to southwesterly winds, clear to fair and slightly warmer weather. For the lower St. Lawrence: Brisk westerly to southerly winds and clearing weather.

MUSICAL.—There is another applicant for public honours in the musical line. He is a distinguished foreigner, and he plays upon a number of common glass tumblers, arranged and toned. But the honors come in very slowly. The musical market has been glutted of late.

A RELAPSE.—This morning the Division Court was adjourned in consequence of the inability of Judge Burrowes to attend. We are very sorry to learn that His Honor, though feeling better on his return from a change of climate, has had a serious relapse, and is again confined to the house.

THE SMELTING WORKS.—The opening of the Works on Friday is expected to be attended by a good deal of ceremony. Sir John Macdonald is invited, and he may attend. The opening will be followed by a banquet, the whole forming a very important and interesting event.

ACCIDENT.—We understand that the tug Chieftain suffered an accident in her machinery yesterday on the River St. Lawrence which disabled her. Her place on the line has been taken in the meantime by the Wren, which has been chartered for that purpose by Messrs. Calvin & Breck.

FIELD MUSEUM.—The tenting season is not over yet. Pullman & Hamilton announce the coming of their Field Museum on Friday, the 28th. It is described as a two tent combination, including melo-dramatic miracles, theatrical transformations, etherial groupings, unearthly effects, &c.

MASONIC EXCURSION.—This morning the prop. Oswego Belle passed here en route to Picton and Lake on the Mountain, with an excursion under the auspices of the Leeds Masonic Lodge. The boat was late in her arrival at Gananoque, which fact had a tendency to lessen the number of pleasure seekers. The party was composed of about 150 persons. They were accompanied by the Garden Island brass band.

Y.M.C.A.—The weekly literary meeting took place last night. Mr. Jas. Galloway was in the chair. The meeting was opened with devotional exercises. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved, after which Mr. J. M. Dupuis read his essay on the "Solar System," which was very well received. The meeting was closed with singing and prayer.

MORAL.—The physiogs inform us that they do not intend to commit any offences in their proposed turn out. They disown any connection with the outrage recently committed at the residence of Rev. A. Wilson. We understand that they are becoming so moral that at their meeting on Saturday evening last they passed a resolution, to the effect, that unless the street cars stopped running on Sunday they would cease to patronize them.

A LITTLE JOB.—We cannot say it was with connivance of members of the band, but it is a fact that certain individuals in Watertown deputed a friend to propose a little jobbery in connection with the band tournament at the Midland Central Fair here—that is, the Watertown City Band, it was alleged, would come over and compete, on condition that they were promised and guaranteed the first prize. Such an unholy alliance was of course rejected, to the credit of the managers of the local exhibition.

RAILWAY EXCURSION.—Mr. Mayor Williams, of Napanee, has an excursion on the tapis which should be a success if a favorable outlook is any indication. The trip will not be confined to the Grand Trunk only, but the same reduced rates will be current on all the roads. The excursion will leave Cornwall on the second of October, and will end at Niagara Falls; but those who wish to visit the central towns of Hamilton and Guelph will be carried to and from these places at one fare. Fare from Kingston to Toronto, $2;85; to Niagara Falls, $3,85.

OTTAWA SHOOTING MATCHES.—Sergt. Baillie and Sergt. Millar have been very successful in their competition in the Ottawa shooting matches. In the merchant's match Sergt. Baillie took the 11th prize, $3, and made 43 points; in the Vice-President's match, (small bore,) he made 17 points; in the Corporation match he stood twelfth on the list, won $3, and made 45 points; in the Mayor's match Sergt. Millar, 47th carried off a prize of $4 and made 74 points, Sergt. Baillie taking $3, and scoring 73 points. In the extra scores of the same match Sergt. Baillie was awarded the twelfth prize, five dozen quarts of Carling's ale (24 points); and Sergt. Millar was given the sixteenth prize, a pair of gilt spurs, having made 19 points.

WIND WAFTS.

—The physiogs meet this evening.

—The harbour is filling up with grain vessels.

—It seems as if Old Proba. is working up a dash of rain for the Central Fair.

—Read Rev. Mr. Andrews' discourse on the second coming of our Saviour.

—Yesterday was Atonement Day in the Jewish Church.

—The Central Fair opens to-morrow morning remember.

—Several of the Kingston delegates to the Provincial Synod have returned home.

—Chicago charters to Kingston: Schrs. S. J. Luff, J. S. Richards, J. Magee and Abercorn for wheat at 8c.

—A Brockville bachelor has advertised for a wife of not less than eighteen years old.

—Why is it that so few men have handsome chins? Is it because they give all their time and attention to the cultivation of cheek?

—Rev. Mr. Wilkins, of Kingston, is preaching temperance in Hamilton. Who is Rev. Mr. Wilkins? In what part of the city does he live?

—Mr. Plumb is to be at the Brockville Conservative Demonstration. That means some more poetry, for

His heart never quails
About the steel rails.

—Sir John, indeed anyone, can be a great statesman. Gen. George B. McClellan's claim to the honor rests on his having lived in more states than any man of his age in the country; therefore the more of a statesman he is.

Grain Fleet.

We yesterday intimated that a very large fleet of vessels were bound down through the Canal grain laden; and that the largest part of these shipments are consigned to Kingston, which may be gleaned from the following telegram, giving a list of the vessels passing through the Welland Canal:

Schr. Mary Jane, Clairville, Kingston, timber; London, Toledo, do, do; Nellie Wilder, Chicago, do, rye; G B Sloan, Chicago, Kingston, wheat; Pandora, Toledo, do, corn; E W Rathbun, Detroit, do, wheat; Ayr, Kingsville, Collins' Bay, timber; A Muir, Toledo, Kingston, corn; Rising Star, Chicago, do, wheat; Sea Gull, Detroit, Kingston, wheat; J C Leighton, Chicago, do, corn; Jessie Drummond, Toledo, do, do; Augusta, Toledo, do, timber; Hartford, Chicago, do, wheat; Senator Blood, Detroit, Kingston, do; Hoboken, Chicago, do, do; Westside, Chicago, do, do; Trenton, Cleveland, Cape Vincent, coal; Nellie Hunter, Cleveland, Kingston, coal; Mary Battle, Detroit, do, wheat; Arabia, Chicago, do, do; E H Rutherford, Port Huron, do, staves; Jennie Matthews, Chicago, do, wheat; Havana, Chicago, do, corn; Grantham, Detroit, do, wheat; Sheniffer, Toledo, do, do; H Fitzhugh, do, do; O Mowat, do, do, corn.

CATHOLIC APOSTOLIC CHURCH.—The *News* says that on Sunday morning and evening services were held in this Church, at which ministers who are now visiting the Church in America addressed the assembled congregations upon subjects connected with the belief of its members. At 10 a.m. forenoon service was held and immediately after this that of the Holy Eucharist was administered. The ceremonial is highly ritualistic, resembling somewhat that of the Church of Rome or the 'High' Church of England. In the afternoon there was held a service called the 'Ministry of the Four' at which four short homilies were delivered by the Rev. Mr. Caird, of London, England, Coadjutor to the Apostle; Rev. Mr. Andrews, of Hartford, Connecticut, Evangelist; Rev. Mr. Hester, Prophet; and Dr. McMichael, Q.C., of Toronto, Archdeacon. Dr. McMichael is the only member of the Church in Canada who has permission to enter the Council of Ministers.

A SHOCK.—About 3 o'clock this afternoon the alarm of fire was given. But there was no occasion for this sensation or shock, since the blaze was confined to a little ball of pitch in the yard of Mr. McMahon, painter. Some people are easily amused now-a-days, and the acme of pleasure and ambition seems to be reached by some when they strike the fire telegraph and make a commotion among the firemen.

GREEDY TORONTO.—Just what we expected has happened. The Toronto people, not content with having its turn of the Provincial show, is now agitating for the permanent establishment of the exhibition there. A public meeting was held yesterday, and a site selected for the building. This site belongs to Government, which is to be asked for a deed of possession. Now for the finale.

COLLISION.—This morning as the prop. "Oswego Belle," engaged on the Masonic excursion, was calling at Garden Island for the brass band, she run into the steamer "Pierrepont," lying at the dock, and damaged her upper works considerably. The wind was blowing briskly at the time, making the handling of the steamer a somewhat difficult matter.

RINE.—The meetings of this gentleman in Belleville have been so crowded that the inaugurators of the movement have secured the use of the big Methodist Church. On Saturday evening hundreds were turned away from the Opera House. Very few men are capable of creating an agitation like Mr. Rine.

STORMY.—"Old Proba" was very correct in his predictions of a storm last evening. While the elements were in a disturbed state they made outside occupations very unpleasant; indeed for a time the wind blew a perfect gale. We may expect the equinoctials next week.

BOLD ROBBERY.—Burglars broke into the City Hall Station of the Northern Railway, Toronto, and secured $400. The thieves broke into the Station Agent's bed room, and took his keys out of his pant's pockets. They then unlocked the office door and opened the safe, and abstracted the money. The Agent found his trowsers on the platform in the morning.

THE POPULAR POLITICIAN VOTING.—This sort of business is becoming irritating. Mr. Mackenzie and Sir John must by this time have between them enough easy chairs, ice pitchers, and walking sticks to satisfy the needs of a few scores of people. Monopoly is detestable. These gentlemen should be compelled to disgorge.

CENTRAL FAIR.

Opening of the Show To-Morrow.

On the eve of our annual Exhibition, or Central Fair, we cannot but hope that the result will be fully equal to anticipation. The ties and connections with the Provincial Show being virtually sundered, it should be the aim of the city and county people to make it answer to them all that its parent enterprise was in the past. We are very glad to notice so much interest taken in the matter, and we certainly expect the best results. First, we do fervently hope that fair weather will attend the Show. We confess that we are always haunted by apprehension about this time, especially as our experience in the past has been such as to create these fears. Last year, our readers will remember, overcoats and umbrellas were all the rage and the most popular thing going, barring the mud. This year the prospects are more encouraging.

The entries have been pouring in at a lively rate, but the goods will not arrive until the morning, so that it will be afternoon before order will be made out of chaos, and regularity out of dire confusion. The Judges will be placed at work immediately, and we fancy the majority of the awards will be made on the first and opening day.

Of the local industries there will be a good representation, and we are given to understand the produce of the district will be offered in fair display.

Of all the features by way of amusement the band competition will be most interesting. But two bands are entered at present—the city band and that of "A" Battery." The competition will be on Thursday, but the bands winning the money are required to play on Friday afternoon as well. Ho for the fair ground! will be the prevailing exclamation for the next three days.

BELLEVILLE REGATTA.

A GALE HEADS OFF THE CUTHBERT AND PLAYS HOB GENERALLY—THE DAUNTLESS, SURPRINE AND MYSTERY THE WINNERS.

(*Special Correspondence.*)

Belleville, Sept. 17.—The regatta at Belleville to-day was a decided success. Plenty of boats, plenty of wind, and no accident. In the first race five boats started—the 'Annie Cuthbert,' 'Dauntless,' 'Victorine,' 'Pioneer,' and a beautiful new boat just launched by Cuthbert, called the 'Madcap.' From the start the Cuthbert had it all her own way, and walked away from the rest of the boats until coming home to the winning flag, when a violent squall came up, which caught her out in the bay, and threw her back, the Dauntless and Madcap being under the lee shore. The Cuthbert came in a long way ahead, but having to allow the Dauntless several minutes, the latter succeeded in securing first money, second going to the Cuthbert, and the third to Madcap. The Victorine and Pioneer gave up the race.

The second class race was well contested, and towards the finish was very exciting. Six boats started—the 'Surprise,' 'Resolute,' 'Emma,' 'Peerless,' 'Kathleen,' and 'Katie Gray.' All the boats kept well together, the first time round, and coming home to the winning flag the Surprise led, with the Peerless and Kathleen close behind. The Surprise rounded the buoy just in time, for the Peerless close behind was struck by the squall and although her bowsprit was over the line she was driven back on the shore, where her canvass was reefed and she started out again, but was unable to get home on account of the violence of the wind and waves. She had, however, lost all chance of winning second place, as several persons on shore assisted her crew whilst they were reefing her canvas. The 'Kathleen' succeeded in getting home second, and the 'Katy Gray' third. The 'Emma' made a good race, but her crew wisely ran for shelter when all chance of winning was gone.

In the third class seven boats entered. The 'Mastery,' of Kingston; the 'Ramsay,' of Gananoque; and five other boats the names of which I have not got. The Kingston boat outsailed them all, and although last crossing the line at the start was a long way ahead coming, with the 'Ramsay' second. The usual protest was entered about rounding a buoy the wrong way, or something of that sort, but Cunningham says that he went round the way he was told to, and I think by this time he has the first prize in his pocket. On the whole the regatta was quite a success. Everything passed off quietly on shore. No wet groceries, except what some members of the Committee had in their pockets, and partook of by themselves on the sly behind the bushes. The Dunkin Act being in force in Prince Edward nothing stronger than 'Lager' was allowed to be sold on the ground. Yachting is all the rage in Belleville, and seems to be the only live institution in this ambitious but overstocked and overestimated town.—AMATEUR.

Court of Revision.

TUESDAY.—Present: Ald. McIntyre, Chairman; Alds. McCammon, McRossie and Pense.

Appeal of R. Bird, Frontenac Ward; improperly charged; confirmed, his remedy being against the landlord.

Mrs. Ann Purdy, over-assessment on lot in Williamsville; the figure of 1875 confirmed; free for 1876 and 1877.

Mrs. Clayton, Mrs. Davis, Mrs. Prince Phillips; asking remission. Granted.

Miss Lynch, improper assessment of income. Remitted.

Mr. Carroll, of Davidson, Doran & Co., and Mr. G. J. Tandy appeared to ask the same favor of reduced assessments as competing foundries receive. They were under the impression that some new establishments were being under-assessed as a bonus arrangement, but as the foundries are now all paying full taxes upon valuation, the Court decided that there was no cause of complaint.

The appeal of Prof. Ferguson was not allowed.

Capt. Dix asked for remission on ground of vessel being idle in 1875; confirmed.

Wm. Jones, Ordnance Street; reduced one half.

The arrears for 1874 on Collector's roll were examined and many figures struck off as uncontrollable.

BAND.—The Band of "A" Battery will play the following programme in the City Park at 7 p.m.:

1. Overture—Nebuchadnezzar—Verdi.
2. Quadrille—Caledonians—Scholes.
3. Selection—Il Trovatore—Verdi.
4. Valses—Winifred—Marriat.
5. Selection—Semiramidi—Rossini.
6. Galop—Always Joyful—Hecker.

God Save the Queen.

A.H. RACKETT,
Bandmaster.

THE FUTURE PARADISE.

A Remarkable and Interesting Sermon.

Last evening Rev. Mr. Andrews, of Hartford, Conn., preached the second of his series of sermons on the coming of our Lord. For his reading lesson he took the LIX chapter of Isaiah, commencing at the 16th verse; and after the singing of a hymn he said. Last night he had shown them by scriptural quotation that there is to be a second personal and bodily coming of the Lord Jesus Christ; that it was clearly declared so by the Lord Himself on several of the most important and interesting occasions of His life; that on His ascension into Heaven, indeed in the very act of going up, the same truth was sent as a message to the wondering disciples, and scripture ended with the declaration, "Behold I come quickly," and the prayer, "Even so, come, Lord Jesus." He proposed to enquire into the object of Christ's coming. For what purpose should he leave the throne of the Father, the blessedness of the Heavenly place, the homage of the encircling angels, and the glories of the Holy fellowship? Why should he come back to earth, so defiled, scarred with the wounds of a thousand conflicts, infested by enemies, full to the neck, as it were, of human miseries and human woes? Why not rather call away the saints from earth to Heaven, that they may be with Him in His glory, and let

THIS EARTH PERISH,

fall out of existence and cease to receive His attention? It is because He is the man Jesus Christ, because he was born of a woman, because earth was His birth place, His home for many years, the theatre of those wonderful works by which free redemption was wrought out, and the foundation of which was laid in his grave and resurrection. It was because the earth was created by Him, because He is the heir of it, because when the Father drew out the plan of the Universe, before the golden compass was used for the spanning of the abyss, the earth was marked out for the Lord's inheritance, and if man, placed in it as His steward, failed, He did not repudiate the acts of that man, but assumed the responsibilities, threw down the gauntlet of battle to the serpent who intruded upon His inheritance and declared he would bruise his (the serpent's) head. They might have noticed that through history there runs a tangled thread of prophecy; sorrow and adversity on one side, and triumph, glory, blessedness and eternal joy on the other. They saw in the first promise given—that the seed of the woman should bruise the serpent's head—three elements of prophecy which were afterwards unfolded. First then was the declaration that the deliverance should be made by man, and he should be of woman born. The second element was in reference to His suffering. He should be bruised to his heel. And the third element was the bruising of the serpent. These elements, which entered the germ of God's prediction, He has unfolded and expounded through his revelation. They had the prophecy of His suffering brought before them in the Psalm he had read, in the utterance of his cry by anticipation; in the offering of Isaac by his father as a victim on the altar; of Joseph's betrayal by his brethren and placement in prison; in David's flight from the angry king, and made to hide himself for shelter. He remarked but briefly on the glory and the

TRIUMPHS OF THE MESSIAH.

Everywhere, he said, they beamed and flashed out and were made manifest. Everything which was written of Him by the prophets would be revealed and come to pass. Everywhere in the Bible the predictions of the man of sorrows had turned out exactly as was said they would. His birth became a reality. His entrance into Jerusalem riding the ass was fulfilled to the letter. So was everything else fulfilled which related to that period of His life. Now was it presumption to say that when He comes a second time the other class of predictions, those relating to His glory and triumphs, will take place, exactly as they were prophesied. Why, men talk sometimes as if prophecy were a kind of East India jungle, thro' which no man could thread his way. If men only took the life of the Lord as sketched in the Gospels, and compared it with the prophecies which went before, from the comparison they could deduce canons by which interpretations could be made with the greatest exactness. But Jesus Christ did not come to annihilate the earth, which was the dream of so many. The final scene was pictured as a great conflagration, by which the earth would be burned until nothing of it remained, at which time all the saints would be carried to some distant region of the Universe, to enjoy pleasures suitable to their disembodied souls. Will Christ destroy His own inheritance? Was not the earth made for Him? Did not He make it the theatre of His work for the redemption of man from sin, and can He destroy it? From the beginning to the end it was declared that the earth was for the salvation of the Lord, that it was wrapped up in the original promise. For Satan became an usurper on earth and cursed it, and unfitted it for the habitation of the just and perfect, and when Christ promised to bruise the head of the serpent did He not imply a loosening of the enemy's grasp, and its recovery for the use of those for whom it was created? Of this

FUTURE EARTHLY INHERITANCE

it was foreshadowed in the Scripture, which said that the apostles should judge of the twelve tribes of Israel; Paul said the whole creation should be delivered into the liberty of the Son of God; St. Peter spoke of the new heaven and the new earth, wherein righteousness should dwell; and Revelations closed with an insight into the Holy City, where "there shall be no more curse; but the throne of God and of the Lamb shall be in it, and his servants shall serve Him." No more curse! Christ came to bear it, and he did bear it, of which the crown of thorns was emblematic; he went down into the grave with it, consequently when he rose victoriously He brought ransomed creation with Him. The earth is not therefore to be annihilated, but redeemed. One of the first things which the Lord shall do on his return to earth will be to cast out the old enemy, the serpent, the original rebel, who first raised the standard of rebellion in Heaven, who has been plotting against God's counsels from the beginning, and who is determined to drag all with him if he can into the gulf of ruin. The Lord shows no mercy, and when He comes He will cast Satan into the bottomless pit. (See Revelations XX chapter.) Many were sceptical as to the

EXISTENCE OF EVIL SPIRITS.

He mentioned many instances of the presence in this world of such, who were wresting the earth, and seeking to keep it wrested from the hand of Him that made it. The devil exults in nothing more than in the belief of His non-existence, and the greater the scepticism the more active his labor. But what are God's purposes in respect to man? What promises were given to man, to be fulfilled on His second coming? Eminently those given to the seed of Abraham. He called the Patriarch to Him and promised him a land which which would be the everlasting inheritance of himself and his seed, and through them the families of the earth should be blessed. God did not mean that Abraham and his children should have a monopoly of these blessings, but that they should be a fountain out of which streams of living waters should flow. He referred to the four promises made to Abraham, and then spoke of the aptitude of some men to substitute Israel for the literal Church. If on the day of Pentecost the Christian Church took the place of the Jewish then the Jew should have disappeared from history, he should have mingled with the nations until no trace of him could be found. Was it so? On the contrary they heard of the Jews in the market places, in the exchanges, in the most prominent places on the earth, they were often men controlling public sentiment, and yet as a race they suffered the judgment of God, and were looked upon as a despised and exiled people. But they are to be gathered together, for Christ so promised it to the son of David. (II. Samuel.) Gabriel said unto Mary (Jesus being the son of a virgin) that unto her a son should be born, and unto him God should give

THE THRONE OF DAVID.

Christ rose from the dead, and ascended into Heaven, but did he ever sit on David's throne? It was then in ruins, the twelve tribes had been scattered by the Roman Empire, and hence he never exercised the attributes of royalty; when he rose from the dead he did not ascend his father David's throne, but the throne of Almighty God. He has not sat on the throne of David, but he will do it. When He comes again the tribes shall be gathered together, Jerusalem shall be rebuilt, and all the glorious words of the prophets shall be fulfilled. But there was another class of promises which are found in the New Testament. In consequence of His death and resurrection and ascension into Heaven there came a new dispensation. The Holy Ghost came from Heaven, and the old covenant people having rejected the Messiah God turned to the Gentiles. All knew that the Christian Church held a higher place than

THE JEWISH NATION.

The Church of the body of Christ, the bride of the Lamb, is destined to have higher glory that will belong to the tribes of Israel. He then directed attention to the Lord's remarks on the eve of crucifixion, that He should be identified with them and they with Him, that the world might know wherein they had called Him. For eighteen centuries God was gathering the bride of His Son, and by and by, at the appointed day, all shall be gathered together, every member in his place, every lineament complete, and the second man shall have his bride, his Eve. When he does come he will raise the dead, change the living, receive the Church into His own glory, and the marriage of the lamb shall be celebrated. This to us is most cheering news, a glorious hope of coming joy, that Christ will be with the Church of his making. Those whom God has gathered together, and engrafted into the body of his Son, shall be lifted up before angels, archangels, seraphims cherubins in the presence of the Eternal Man. But all this cannot be accomplished without judgment. And before the Kingdom of Christ shall be established, he predicted the

DESTRUCTION OF THE APOSTATE

Church, and the downfall of the infant Babylon. The Church in many lands was forgetful of Christ in His absence, and did not long for His returning. It substituted wealth, and the pomps of this world, and the power of human intellect for the promised Kingdom, and the joy of the Holy Ghost. Beside Babylon, he spoke of the Anti-Christ, but of these he said he should speak more fully on the morrow (to-night), and of the signs and indications of the Lord's coming being at hand. He reminded them, however, of their duty. He pointed out that Christ would come again as the Lamb of God, once slaughtered for the removal of the curse, and if they were incorrigible in the rejection of Him, if they refused to yield to His dominion, they would perish before His face. The earth is His, He created it, He bought it with His blood, the Father gave it to Him in the presence of the assembled hosts of Heaven when He redeemed it. Therefore the coming will be attended with joy, and hope, and pleasant anticipation to those who yield themselves to His sway, but of terrible apprehension to those who persist in their rebellion against Him. Oh that the world and its wickedness, which reaches nigh to Heaven, would know that God hath made Him Lord. Those who shall not honour him on His returning shall perish, and the nation which raises its voice against the Lord shall likewise perish. The second Psalm told of such apostasy.

DOES THIS TROUBLE THE LORD?

It grieves Him, no doubt, but it does not make Him afraid. He would rather come with peace and salvation to every one, but if the kings of the earth and people shall array themselves against the anointed they shall be broken as potter's clay shall be broken. But the storm shall be short, and the sky shall become bright, the glory of the Lord shall shine down upon the earth, and for a thousand years it shall be full of righteousness and peace. The hills of Zion shall be jubilant with the praises of God. Light shall be shed to the ends of the earth, the tribes of Israel shall reward those who have oppressed and trodden them down, with blessings of salvation. Come Lord, then, that thy people may realize thy promises, and may the prayer of all be 'Thy will be done on earth as it is done in Heaven."

WILL CURE CONSUMPTION.—To all suffering from the following diseases a ray of hope is offered through the kindness of a missionary friend who has lent me the formula of a purely vegetable medicine which has long been used by the native medicine men of Hindostan:—for the positive and radical cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Throat and Lung difficulty, General Debility, Loss of Manhood and all nervous affections, its nervous affections, its power has been tested in hundreds of cases without a failure. I now feel it my sacred duty as far as possible to relieve human misery and will send the recipe FREE OF CHARGE—to any person who may desire it with directions for using. Sent by return mail by addressing with 2 stamps naming this paper, Dr. O. R. Brigham, Drawer 28, Utica, N.Y.

Great Condition Medicines—As a condition medicine for Horses Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy, has no equal, its effects in this respect are astonishing, many horses that were supposed to be broken down and almost worthless, have by the use of a few packages been restored to a healthy and sound condition, all traces of the disease having been completely removed, and have been sold for from $60 to $75 more than they would have been previously; when you want a horse medicine get "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy, we know you will be perfectly satisfied with the result. Remember the name and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Sold by all medicine dealers

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School Books, same new prices
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☞ After you have tried all the rest, try the STATIONERS' HALL, and you will save money by so doing. Yours respectfully,

T. McAULEY.

Sept 14, 1877.

OUR METHOD:

Not a few articles marked low as baits and up prices charged on others!

But Everything put Down to the Lowest possible Rates.

Excellence of qualities will go hand in hand with low prices to warrant the claim of Cheapness.

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF

Groceries, Provisions, Lamps, Crockery, Coal Oil, &c.

NICE APPLES by the barrell or measure.

☞ You find us opposite Wilmot's Blacksmith Shop, in Dr. Brown's Fire Proof Building, PRINCESS STREET.

E. COOK & SON,
GROCERS.

Feb 20, 1877.

SOMETHING NEW.

A Lamp that Burns Ten Hours for Three Cents, and Gives a Light Equal to Two Gas Jets!

☞ THE EXPERIMENT CAN BE SEEN EVERY NIGHT AT THE

MEDICAL HALL!

The Gas being lighted in one window and the Lamp in the other. Look in and judge for yourself.

G. S. HOBART.

Sept 15, 1877.

Preserving Peaches.

100 CRATES

Arriving To morrow Morning at the

BAZAAR.

Also, a large quantity daily during the week.

REES BROS.

Manufacturing Confectioners,
PRINCESS STREET.

Sept 10.

CONFECTIONERY

Wholesale and Retail,

—AT—

J. REID'S.

CHOICE CANDIES

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AND IN QUANTITY

☞ ALL FRUITS kept in their seasons. AT J. REID'S.

BEFORE BUYING HAIL STOVES CALL AT HORSEY'S HARDWARE HOUSE AND SEE THE

"QUEEN."

PRINCESS STREET, Kingston, Sept. 3rd, 1877.

NOTICE.

Frontenac, Loan and Investment Society.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED for LOANS of Money for large or small sums, granted for short or long periods on favourable terms Apply to

THOMAS BRIGGS, Manager.

Sept 6, 1877.

FOR SALE OR TO LET:

Two Brick Houses,

ON MONTREAL STREET.

Eight Rooms, Kitchen and Cellar, Very Comfortable and very Cheap.

B. M. BRITTON.

Aug 3, 1877.

For Sale,

A SMALL ENGINE and BOILER, about 4 horse power. Apply at BROKENSHIRE'S Atlantic Foundry, Ontario Street.

Kingston, Sept 8, 1877.

SPECTACLES

C. H. LAVELL & CO.

Have just received direct from France, a complete assortment of the Finest Convex and Concave Glasses, suitable for all ages and degrees of sight.

Also, Finest French Lavender and Cologne Waters,

With Lubin's & Coudray's PERFUMES, and Atkinson's English Perfume. Also by the same boat, SILK ELASTIC STOCKINGS AND Knee Caps, Bevelled Mirrors, French Horn Dressing Combs, &c.

Medicines obtained any time during the night by ringing the bell.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE FIRM OF C. H. LAVELL & CO., has been dissolved this day by mutual consent. All debts due the late firm must be PAID AT ONCE in order to close up the books.

The Drug business of the above will be carried on by C. H. LAVELL, who is authorized to receive all accounts and pay all liabilities of the late firm.

C. H. LAVELL & CO.

Kingston, June 2, 1877.

TWEEDS! TWEEDS!

GRAND CHANCE for CHEAP TWEEDS

McNAUGHTON & CO.

Are now offering SPLENDID BARGAINS IN TWEEDS, having a Large Stock on hand and desirous of Clearing them out before the Fall, we have Reduced them regardless of Cost to prices that will tempt the closest buyers.

Our Ready-Made Stock is Well Assorted and all Marked Down VERY LOW.

Just Received—a Splendid Assortment of HATS and CAPS. ☞ All Goods marked in Plain Figures, one Price asked and no less taken.

McNAUGHTON & CO'S.
Corner King and Princess St.

Sept 15, 1877.

FALL STOCK NOW COMPLETE

AT WALDRON'S.

800 Pieces New Dress Goods---New Styles.
New Mattalasse Cloakings, $1.00, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50 and 3.00.
New Fancy Dresses, 12 1-2c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 30 and 35c.
300 Handsome Wool Shawls--Extra Cheap.
Navy, Seal, Myrtle, Plum Cashmeres, 50c, 60 and 75c.
100 Dozen New Kid Gloves. 2 Buttons and 4 Buttons,
(These Goods are made to our own order and warranted.)

☞ All New Goods are Cheaper this Fall than for the last 15 years.

For Handsome Goods, New Goods and Cheap Goods, go to

R. WALDRON'S, Wilson's Buildings.

Sept. 14, 1877.

NEW GOODS,

NEW GOODS,

—AT—

HICKEY & ILETT'S

Princess Street.

New Black Silks.
New Black and Colored Cashmeres. very cheap.
New Tweeds, Cloths, and Fancy Coating.
Tickings, Table Linens, Sheetings, Towels and Towelling.
New Dress Goods in all the leading colours.
New Prints, New Winceys, Plain and Fancy.
New Shawls, Mantles and Mantle Cloths.
Flannels, Blankets, Cottons, and Shirtings.

(All New and Prices Lower than Ever.)

HICKEY & ILETT'S,
PRINCESS STREET.

Sept 10, 1877.

THE NEW YORK CLOTHING STORE

WILL OFFER FOR THE NEXT TWO WEEKS,

THEIR WHOLE SUMMER STOCK AT COST PRICE AND LESS!

IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR THEIR FALL STOCK NOW ARRIVING.

Canadian Tweed Pants	$ 2.50
Fine Pants	3.00
A Good All Wool Suit	10.00
Tweed Vests from	1.00
Oxford Dress Shirts	1.00
White Shirts	1.00
Under Shirts and Drawers at Cost.	1.00

A Splendid Assortment of DIAGONAL and FANCY WORSTED GOODS will be sold very low. ORDER CLOTHING has always been a specialty of this House and our trade in that department is still increasing, from the simple reason that we keep a large variety of Goods, make them in a stylish manner and our prices are as low as any in the city. ☞ A full assortment of GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS always in Stock. A fresh arrival of TRUNKS. A complete assortment of HATS and CAPS.

Z. PREVOST,

BROCK STREET, Four Doors from the Market Square.

Aug 10, 1877.

A. ROSS

Has Reduced His Summer Dress Goods Very Low

And will continue to sell them at these figures DURING JULY and AUGUST. HE HAS RECEIVED A NEW LOT OF

KID GLOVES IN ALL THE LATEST SHADES!

Which he will sell at A DOLLAR PER PAIR, equal in quality to those sold at $1 25, and along with these have come to hand some NEW PRINTS extra wide and the very latest in the market. Call and see them if you want a nice stylish wrapper.

PRINCESS STREET, KINGSTON.

July 26, 1877.

To the Inhabitants of this City and the Surrounding District.

THE GOLDEN LION GROCERY

Is receiving its Fall Stock of New Teas, this years growth; Sugars, Syrups, Fruits, Pickles, Sauces, Lemon, Orange and Citron Peels, and the largest assortment of other Groceries and Condiments in Central Canada. We buy in larger quantities than any other house in the city, having greater facilities for disposing of Goods through the Golden Lion, and our Branch Stores in Belleville, Brockville and this City to a larger circle of people, thus enabling us to supply families to a better and cheaper advantage than others.

Notwithstanding the hard times which we hear so much about, our business has been larger this year than any year since we commenced business in 1855. This is evident proof that the people must be satisfied with our way of dealing and the value they receive for their money.

Golden Lion Grocery

W. R. McRAE & CO.

Sept 13, 1877.

L-A-G-E-R B-E-E-R

THE SUBSCRIBER IS NOW PREPARED to supply the public with the

BEST QUALITY LAGER BEER.

Manufactured by himself under the superintendence of one of the best German drewers, whose services can be employed.

Lager Beer is unequalled as a beverage, exhilirating but not intoxicating, and I am prepared to serve an article equal to any in the market. TRY IT.

P. BAJUS.

Sept 13, 1877.

TO ALL THE GENTRY OF KINGSTON!

THOSE WHO HAVE SECOND HAND CLOTHING TO DISPOSE OF WILL please leave their orders with WILLIAM DAVID, who will attend with THE CASH.

WILLIAM DAVID,

DEALER IN New and Second Hand Goods OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Opposite Mrs. Burgess' Fancy Goods Store PRINCESS STREET KINGSTON.

CHEAP JOHN

For Sale,

ONE LARGE FAMILY CARRIAGE and two Spring Waggons and Buggy. Apply to the owner.

WM. DAVID,

THE CHEAP JOHN, Princess Street, opposite Burgess' Fancy Store.

FOR SALE,

ON the Southwest quarter of Lot 24, in the 5th Concession of the Township of Kingston, containing 50 Acres of good cultivated Land, thereon, are two Dwelling Houses, (occupied) four Wells of water, and 4 Acres of an Orchard, in good condition, with fruit. There is one new Barn, lately built, size 40x48, the best in the Township. This valuable Property is situated near the Perth Road, five miles from Kingston. The property can be purchased by paying one third down. For further particulars as to terms or otherwise. Apply to

WM. DAVID Owner

The Cheap Broker, Princess Street.

Kingston, July 3rd, 1877.

For Sale,

LOT 963, according to the Ordnance Plan, most eligibly situated on Gordon Street, near Earl, adjoining the residence of William Mudle.

BAWDEN & MACHAR.

Sept 13, 1877.

Lost,

ON Cataraqui Bridge or near the Military College A LADY'S POCKET BOOK, containing money, tickets and papers.

The finder will be liberally rewarded at the WHIG Office.

Sept. 15.

Wanted,

TO borrow for five years on first-class security, $4,500; interest payable half yearly. Address J. E., BRITISH WHIG OFFICE.

Aug 31, 1877.