

CANDIDATE FOR THE MAYORALTY OF 1889.

Kingston, Nov. 1.

CONCERT AND SALE

Of First Congregational Church.

THURSDAY, Nov. 8th.

SALE OF USEFUL AND FANCY ARTICLES. Singing by MISS LAURA FOLGER,

Piano Solo, MR. R. HARVEY. Reading, MR. N. RAYMOND,

dmission at door 10c.

ONE PERFORMANCE ONLY. WEDNESDAY EVENING, NOV. 7

MR. A. M. PALMER Will present the great success of two seasons at the Madison. Square Theatre, New York, en-

"JIM, THE PENMAN," Written by Sir Charles Young. The time of the play is the present.

Acts I and II-Mrs. Raiston's apartment in the town house of the Raistons in Regent's II-The Library of Ardleigh Court, ct IV-Small Reception Room at Ardleigh PRICES Ground Floor, \$1; Balcony, 75c.

AUCTION

Household Furniture, Horse, Cutter, Harness, Robes, Persian Lamb Coat, Organ, Carpets.

mb Coat and Organ will be sold at 12:30 or Sale at 10 a.m. sharp.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BE ON THE LOOKOUT

For the great break in prices at Woods' Fair and 7c. Store for we have decided to totally ipse all our other great sales. Our first great ering will be 1,000 Gitt Band Coal Scuttles, ade from Gage's best iron patent, stamped ottomestrong iron riveted handle, only 25c. ach, worth \$1. Stove boards-\$1.50 board for out as we have not room to show them. Lamp Burners, medium. 7c., large burners, 10c., usual price 25c. The very best Lantern made 65c., usual price \$t. Lantern globes only lot of yarn at half its value. Jewelry, Fancy Plush Albums, Plush Boxes, Plush erfumery Cases. Frames in brass and plush. a good one for 9c., and a beauty for lac, in Vases, China Ornaments, Cups and aucers, Glassware in hundreds of different Musical Instruments. Tin Goods-Large Pieced Dipper 7c., Square Cake Pan, 7c., Tea Kettle, copper bottom, 45c., Dish Pan 14c., Milk Pan 7c. Hardware, Brushes, Brooms. 'wo fine Green Corn Brooms for 25c., worth double the money. Woodenware, all kinds; a full size washboard worth 25c., our price 10c. Mops, Clothes Lines, Lamps, 14c., 25c. and 50c., worth double the money. Dolls for the little ones, the finest lines ever imported in the city and so cheap. A Dressed Doll 7c. each. Knives. Sc., and the very best Buck Horn Handle for Sc. Pipes, Briar Root, a good one, 10c., and a Sc. pipe for 25c., with 3-inch amber mouth-Pocket Knives, a fine line. Glass Chimneys, flint to., large size 5c. Soaps, 7 bars best Electric Soap in the world 25c.; 10 bars tuby Soap 25c. This is one of the finest soaps n the market and regularly retails for Sc. per par, our price 10 bars 25c. ; a 34 lb bar Family Sump for 10c. ; a 10-ounce bar White Castile or Oatmeal 7c. : a fine wrapped cake of Oatmeal Skin Soap 5c., usual price 15c.; Baby's Own Soap 10c; Fatherland, 3 cakes in a fine box, 10c. per box ; Rose Boquet, this is a very handsome soap, regularly re alled at 60c. ; our price Sc. Eddy's Celebrated Matches 7c. a box : 3 dozen best hardwood clothes pegs 5c. A new importation of combs, over 100 different styles: see our unbreakable comb at 14c., a great bargain, guaranteed to saw cordwood without breaking. School Books, a full line; Scribbling Books, 100 pages, 3c.; 200 pages, 5c.; with each book we give an oil chromo. Copy Books, all numbers, 7c. ; 36 sheets Note Paper 6c. ; Envepes, 25 for 3c. : 12 sheets Foolscap &c. ; two ine cedar lead pencils for 1c. Rubber tipped ead pencils 4 for 5c. ; the best lead pencil in the world, usually sold at 8c. and 10c. each, will be sold this week at 3c. Automatic Pencils ôc. Pens, Ink, Mucilage, Glue, Time Books. 10 quart galvanized Pail 20c., worth 35c : Extra arge Galvanized 14 quart Pail 25c., worth 50c. for yourselves and you will find our counters loaded with bargains. We are prepared to supply the trade with special jobbing prices. 700DS' FAIR AND 7c. STORE, Corner o Princess and Wellington Streets. Kingston,

A dry preparation of Extract of Beef and Vegetables; a delicious, nourishing and economical basin of Soup in a few minutes; a ground-work for all Brown Soups, an excellent gravy, and an invaluable adjunct to Irish Stew. The Best and Cheapest Article of Diet Ever

Introduced to the Public,

For Sale by All Grocers Everywhere, In tins, 1th. 40c.; itb. 25c. itb. 15c.; and 2 oz.

WHOLESALE DEPOT: 30 St. Sacrament St., Montreal.

Book -- post free on application. A FIRST-CLASS PHOSPHATE LOT: ply to WM. DORAN, North Bay.

EDWARDS' ECONOMIC COOKERY-a Valuable

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Ing. at 336 King Street, Kingston, Ontario, at \$13 DOLLARS PER YEAR.

EDW. J. B. PENSE, Proprietor.

Whig's Telephone, Number 229,

THE DAILY WHIG. " Opifer per Orbem Dicor."

TO-MORROW'S ELECTION.

is near a climax. To-morrow the voting occurs, and a few hours later it will be known which party is in the ascendancy. It may be a couple of days before the details have been accurately secured, but by midnight Tuesday it will be fairly well MARTIN'S - OPERA - HOUSE. known which side has carried certain states the doubtful and others, and this to the posted ones is all the information they desire until the excitement somewhat subsides. The Whig will have the returns as quickly as they can be ascertained, and will bulletin them until a late hour.

FORMAL DISMISSALS.

A great many precedents have been quoted in justification of the action of the United States government towards Lord Sackville West, but they are not to the point. Edward Charles Genet, during the reign of Washington, sought to influence American public opinion against England and in favour of France, and was recalled, but not before he had added to his offence by denouncing the administration and the congress by which it was sustained. Mr. Yenbecause he expressed, through the press, his opinion on a boundary question then in dispute. Mr. Jackson, representing Britain at Washington, got into a personal quarrel with the officers of the state department, accused them of falsehood and duplicity, and was, by request, recalled. Major Poussin, French minister, in 1846 had two difficulties with the state department, (1) in presenting the claims of a French citizen in Mexico, and (2) in resisting the claim for salvage arising out of the rescue of a French vessel by a United States man-of-war. In one case peace wassecured by the withdrawal of the offensive language; in the other case reconciliation could not be reached, and he had to go. In the second instance there was an appeal to the French government, of which M. de Tocqueville was the premier. it, and the answer then given that the government saw no reason to remove Poussin, that there was as much fault to find with one side as with the other. But the government of the United States did not think so, and handed the gallant major his passports. Finally, during the administration of Gen. Grant, M. Catacazy was removed because he and the state department could not agree on anything. All these precedents are without special significance. They show that, for | to power. cause, any diplomat can be removed, but they do not show that for so little cause, as in the Sackville West case, has the power of the government been used to the humiliation of any diplomat. The indiscretion which Lord Sackville West committed has been magnified out of all reason, and this for the most ignoble of political purposes. When the election is over Mr. Cleveland and his secretary of state will be moved to apologize to the British minister for the disgraceful treatment he has received.

MINISTERIAL SALARIES.

The Globe, stimulated to criticism by the Mowat case, the necessity on his of part continuing the practice of his profession, declares that the salaries of the ministers of the crown in this important, wealthy and well governed community are disgracefully low. The premier is paid only \$5,000 a year, the other ministers \$4,000 each. "Mr. Mowat in active practice," it says, "can earn his \$20,000 a year, with less exertion than he puts into the premiership. Messrs. Pardee, Hardy and Fraser also have given to the public the use of the highest legal talent. The ability and industry of Treasurer Ross would be thought cheaply purchased by any large financial institution at We can enumerate but very few of the bargains we will offer this week, but come and see \$15,000. Hon. G. W. Ross' executive ability and clear judgment would earn for him in any large private concern a salary compared with which his present pay is a mere pittance. And the new minister of agriculture, with a good farm and a fair amount of capital, could earn more money at farming than the nation pays him for his services. Why should the public service be the worst remunerated work in the service? Is the fame accompanying the money sufficient payment for all the faithful work between elections and the terrific strain of the contests, accompanied with the liability to Highly recommended by the Medical Profes. be bounced incontinently by the freakish public not only without reason but for reasons that ought in fact to be reasons for retention rather than dismissal? The universal judgment will be, that our ministers are shabbily paid. It is a pity that party spirit keeps Mr. Meredith from recognizing the situation and himself giving notice of a reso-

lution on the subject." The plea for an increase of the ministerial salaries may be well regarded by all friends of the government, but it is too much to expect the opposition in the legislature, and | tees a first-class fit.

offices, is struggling for it yet, and is quite willing to accept it with the salary at present attached to it. He certainly will not favor the motion fer increased salaries, and neither will his party. They don't think the success of the several honourable gentlemen composing the cabinet worth so much as the Globe estimates. Indeed it is the opinion of the average tory that the average grit is worth nothing and should not occupy a public office under any circumstances. Mr. giving notice of a resolution on the subject, indeed! Not a bit of it. The only notice he will be apt to give will be the following : "That whereas the Hons. O. Mowat C. F. Fraser, A. Ross, G. W. Ross, T. B. Pardee, A. S. Hardy and C. Drury, are higher priced men than this province can hope to properly remunerate, they dismiss themselves and allow their offices to be filled by some of the second-class material which in the opposition abounds." Whether such a motion would be in accordance with public opinion is, of course, another matter. Mr. Monadich has not been in touch with it on any great question in a great many years.

HIS RISING POPULARITY. The tide of public opinion is running strongly in favour of Mr. Gladstone, and it is only a question of time until he is restored to his old place in the counsels of the country. He is getting old, is already beyond the span of years enjoyed by most men, yet works away with undiminished mental and physical vigour, and his persistent adherence to a given course—the one which he thinks to be the best for the empire-is challenging general admiration. There is no doubt that at the next general election the few rebellious liberal members of parliament who refuse to recognize Gladstone as their leader, though the overwhelming majority of the party endorse his policy, will be retired. Mr. Courtney, one of the number, addressed a crowded meeting of his constituents at Bodmin the other evening, and a vote of confidence in him and the Unionist policy was met by a direct negative. The mayor, presiding, declared the resolution defeated by a large majority, and the announcement was received with proje, Spanish minister, in 1810, was retired longed cheers. Local papers interpret the vote as a notice to quit. "The progressive liberals of Great Britain," says a contemporary, "will not stand this continued playing into the hands of the upholders of class privileges. They will oppose Mr. Chamberlain in West Birmingham also. One of the liberal leaders will be asked to be the candidate of the liberal association in that division." It is not impossible to defeat the exradical leader. His great popularity depended upon his liberalism, his fealty to Mr. Gladstone, and now that he is no longer the ally and aide-de-camp of the old man eloquent he is not secure in his seat; indeed, it was the moderation of Mr. Gladstone towards him, and the disposition of the party to give him opportunity to repent and reform politically, that he was not opposed by some one of Mr. Gladstone's choice A month was taken for the consideration of in the last, election, and defeated. Mr. Gladstone owed the dismissal of his government to his precipitate action. He was too far-in advance of public opinion. The education of the masses on the Irish question, as viewed from the liberal standpoint, was not as complete as he thought it was. It has taken a long time to bring the people around to his way of thinking, but they are crowding up on his side, and the dissolution of parliament will be the signal for his return

COMMENTS OF THE PRESS.

The Cause Discovered. Belleville Ontario.

Why Belleville is so backward it is hard to conceive. We have great natural advantages, but our business men and capitalists are wanting in that push and enterprise that make a place boom.

It Has Great Advantages. Smith's Falls News.

Kingston offers to the farming community and the villages along the proposed route advantages Brockville can never offer, and while the construction of the proposed road may injure Brockville why should Smith's Falls or any of the municipalities to be benefitted sacrifice their interests to that of the Island city?

A WATCH IS RECOVERED.

It Was Hid For a Time by a Boy About the Post Office.

the Atbion hotel, Belleville, had a handsome gold watch and chain, valued at \$125, stolen from his house. No trace was had of it | ning of April, and who reported that Stanuntil Thursday, when a boy was seen acting | ley had not arrived at Wadelai up to that very suspiciously about the post office. Of time. The messengers stated that in the ficer Martin searched the yard and was rewarded by recovering the missing watch, some vague and indecisive news of the exand chain secreted behind a water spout of | plorer, which had filtered through from tribe the building. He took the watch and sub- to tribe, but that the reports were very constituting his own, a silver one, proceeded flicting Some declared that Stanley, after into the third story of the warerooms of after losing a number of men and a large Pitceathly & Keiso, whence the yard of the portion of his supplies, was hemmed in by government building can be overlooked. He | hostile tribes between the Maaboda country was kept there for several days, when a boy named Sero was seen to collar the watch. He was arrested, but he proved his innocence. He said he ran into the yard to hide from a companion, and he saw a watch chain lying behind the water pipe. He drew out the article and appropriated it. Later "Tuite White" was arrested, identified as the person who had hid McGuire's watch, and sent up for trial.

Important Notice.

I adies who intend doing any house furnishing this fall should call at R. McFaul's and see the immense bargains he is offering in lace curtains. A curtain worth \$3 for \$2.25 ; a \$2.50 curtain for \$1.75 ; a \$2 curtain for \$1.50 : a \$1.50 curtain for \$1.10 ; a \$1.25 curtain for 95c.; a \$1 curtain for 75c. and a good lace curtain as low as 35c. Carpets and oilcloths always the cheapest in the city. Remember at R. McFaul's.

Prevost, at the New York clothing store. has received a splendid lot of overcoatings, consisting of fur knapps, meltons and beat vers. These goods are extra fine. His \$13 overcoats, or two for \$25, made to order

especially the leader of it, to think well of the same. Mr. Meredith has been struggling for years to get into one of these badly paid MANTLES

MADE TO ORDER

First-Class Fit and Finish Guaranteed!

All the New Materials in Stock. Sea. lettes, Plushes, Curls, Matalanes, Brocades, Cut Velvets, Cords and Fringes.



ONE PRICE STORE, 88 PRINCESS STREET, KINGSTON

TIS NO FICTION!

BUT SOLID FACTS

WE HAVE DECIDED TO CLEAR OUT OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF ALL

NEW WINTER DRY GOODS

WITHIN THE NEXT SIXTY DAYS. Come and see the Bargains we are giving. The goods must be sold.

COME EARLY.

LAMBERT & WALSH,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

110 PRINCESS STREET.

Good Goods. Guaranteed fit. Lowest Prices.

THE STANLEY EXPEDITION.

Its Suffering in Africa-And is the Great Leader Still Safe.

ZANZIBAR, Nov. 5.—Couriers from Tabora bring direct news from the Stanley expedition, a portion of which were met at the end of November, 1887, by Arabs trading between lakes Victoria, Nyanza, and Nzige and Tabora. These Arabs met Stanley's rear guard at a point west of Albert Nyanza, south-east of Sanga, just as the expedition was preparing to cross swamps caused by the radiation of the streams that abound in that country. The Arabs did not see Stanley. The detachment seen consisted of thirty men. They stated that Stanley was three days ahead. The expedition had suffered greatly on the march through a thick forest, where it was impossible to advance more than a mile and a quarter daily. They had also suffered in the marshes, where many had disappeared or died. Forty were drowned in crossing a great river flowing from east to west. One white man had died. Stanley was obliged to fight some tribes that refused to supply him with provisions. The expedition had often halted in the expectation of receiving reinforcements from the Congo. The rear guard at the time met had only been on the march five days after a halt of three weeks, due to the illness of Stanley, and a great part of the escort who had been attacked with fever. The Arabs estimate the total strength of the expedition after all losses at 250 men. The health of Stanley was good. The rear guard, which consisted of natives of Zanzibar, stated that Stanley had decided that he would no longer ad vance in a south-easterly direction, but would strike towards the north, hoping to

that the expedition was still strong enough to reach Wadelai. Note-It will be remembered that on Au-About a month ago James McGuire, of gust 1st information was received from Zanzibar that two messengers had arrived there who had left the interior about the beginmonth of March Emin Pasha did receive and the Albert Nyanza, while other rumors were to the effect that he had been attacked by the tribes on the Matongora Mino district, and after several conflicts had diverted his course in an unknown direction.

avoid the swamps. After getting a certain

distance north he intended to take an oblique

Wadelai, where it was thought he would

arrive fifty days later, about the middle of

January, 1888. The Arabs were of opinion

Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil With Hypophosphites.

FOR CHILDREN AND PULMONARY TROUBLES. Dr. W. S. Hoy, Point Pleasant, W. Va. says: "I have made a thorough test with Scott's Emulsion in Pulmonary troubles and general debility, and have been astonished at the good results; for children with Rick. ets or Marasmus it is unequalled." Put up in 50c. and \$1 size.

The Hotel Arrivals.

Arrivals at the British American Hotel-C. Myers, W. Shaver, New York; A. F. Bishop, H. C. Heimerdinger, G. R. Munro, P. Mitchell, W. P. Wheeler, F. C. Skelton, Montreal; W. Littler, London; A. E. Munson, Cobourg; E. A. Townsend, A. Grandy, S. A. Potter, Detroit; J. A. Morton, Miss Morton, R. Tyson, J. P. Dunning, Toronto; W. A. Flaws, Guelph.

A few more students may enter the evenare the best value in the city. He guarant ing classes at the Business college for shorthand and telegraphy.

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SCHOOL HONOR ROLL.

Colin

Mrs

Edit

Senior Department of Williamsville School -The Record of the Pupils. Result of the examinations in the senior

department, Williamsville school, for the month of October, 1888: Fourth class (marks obtainable, 363)-

Geo. Smith, 286 : Rose Bailey, 284 ; Douglas Gray, 213; Florence Brick wood, 184; David Prookes, 151; Torrence Harpell, 120; Jessie Gavine, 54; Scott Ellis, 29. Senior third (marks obtainable, 323)-Job

Rogers, 214; Edith Robinson, 211; Blanche Hyland, 203; John England, 187; Gertrude Metcalfe, 167; Valentine Lindsay, 159; Robert Porter, 157; Mand Haffner, 153; David Houston, 139; Mac Smith, 132; Geo. Lamb, 117; Martha Cruse, 113; Laura Campbell, 107; Sarah Roddy, 69; Mary Suddard, 48.

Junior third (marks obtainable, 215)-Wilson Reynolds, 169; Emma Peters, 167; Maud Stratton, 148, Bertie Bajus, 123; Jennie Bruce, 122; Victoria Wiltshire, 119; Wm. Rogers, 117; Jas. Hynds, 116; Mand Graves, 109; Etnel Shannon, 96; Thomas Gray, 92; Annie Van Luren, 88; Thomas Mercer, 77; John Hynds, 70; Eliza Cruse, 68; Frank Haffner, 67; Annie Lyne, 62; John Bews, 61; Melville Brickwood, 61; Geo. Shannon, 37; Thomas Waddingham, 13; Wm. Gavine, 12; Annie Roddy, 9; Nellie Rendle, 8.

Death in the Blood.

The essential requisites sor a sound body and a clear mind are few, for, given a liver that will properly perform its functions, and a stomach with tone and vigor unimpaired, and good health is assured. To retain so desirable a blessing resort should occasional ly be made to Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut. They stimulate the liver line to the eastward and go straight to into healthy action, give tone to the blood by expelling all poisonous germs, and thereby remove death from the blood. Hamilton's Pills are purely vegetable. Sold by Polson & Co., and by dealers every where.

What The Advertising Costs.

A single page in the Century, taken for advertising purposes, costs \$500, in Harper's \$400, in other magazines from \$300 down to A yearly advertisement of one column in the Chicago Tribune costs \$36, 000, in the New York Tribune \$39,554, to \$85,000, in the New York Herald \$38,202 to \$138,000, and still these papers are never at a loss for advertising. Thes figures will doubtless be of interest to the man who in vests \$2 or \$3 in a Canada paper and flatters himself with the idea that he is such a lib beral advertiser that he has a mortgage claim on the paper for life.

He Has Good Pluck.

William Stewart, B.A., has begun the tudy of law in Toronto. Mr. Stewart graduated with honors in 1878 in Queen's college, Kingston, and a few weeks later went to Montreal on a visit. The small pox epidemic was raging and the young man was stricken. He pulled through, but became blind. He determined, however, not to give up the profession of law which he had chosen. Two of his fellow-graduates-one of them now at the bar-will read law to him.

Brown v. Glidden.

The appeal of R. J. Brown against William Glidden, license inspector, was heard at the judge's chambers this morning before Judge Price. R. J. Brown was committed before Col. Duff, P. M., on October 8, for an infringement of the License act, in allowing persons in his bar room on Sunday, and was fined \$50 and costs. Brown appealed, and this morning Judge Price quashed the conviction. Mr. McIntyre, Q. C., for the appellant and Mr. Britton, Q. C., appeared for the respondent.