TIMELY ANNOUNCEMENT.

# THE PROVINCIAL FAIR

Tenders for Booths and Privileges.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned, acting by instruction of the secretary of the Ontario Agricultural and Arts Association, until August 14th, 1888, for the privileges as follows:

1. The ground under the wing of the palace facing the entrance, to be divided into two or more compartments as the bidders require.

2. The dining room, capable of seating 125, and kitchen under the grand stand, large, commodious and well appointed.

3. The dining room and kitchen to the north of the societies' offices, capable of seating about 100, with the right of catering for the directors and officers of the fair in the dining room adjoining.

4. The ground around and close to the palace for booths of small dimensions, the rate per foot for the stand to be stated, and the probable space required.

5. Locations on the ground, and inside the race track, to be specified in the tender, the rate per foot to be stated and the space required.

Assignments of space to be made on the 14th, the tenders being satisfactory; if not satisfactory a public competition and auction of stands to occur.

R. MEEK,
Sec'y of Midland Agricultural Assoc'n.
Kingston, July 28th, 1888.

TENDERS FOR PRIVILEGES.

THE undersigned, for the Midland Agricultural Society, will receive tenders until AUG. 14th, for Advertising Space on the fair ground fence, the advertisements to be painted and on [illegible] ed and rate per foot.

R. MEEK, Secretary
Kingston, July 28th, 1888.

# FOLGER'S EXCURSIONS

THIS WEEK.

Wednesday, Aug. 1st

Maud, 3 p.m., down among the 1,000 Islands giving an hour at the Park. Home at 9 p. m. Fare 35 cents.

Friday, August 3rd.

Maud leaves Folger's Wharf at 5 p.m. for 1,000 Island Park, remaining there until after

WILL CARLETON'S READINGS.

FARE, 35 CENTS.

Saturday, Aug. 4th

MAUD'S REGULAR EXCURSION to the CAPE

FARE, 25 CENTS.

F. A. FOLGER.

CREIGHTON'S - RAMBLE - 32.

-D-E-S-E-R-O-N-T-O-

The Str. "MAUD" will leave Folger's Wharf

MONDAY, AUG. 13th, 1888,

at 9:30 a.m., sharp, calling at

MOUNTAIN LAKE AND PICTON

giving four hours at latter place for those desirous of visiting the Sand Banks.

TICKETS, 50 CENTS.

CARRIAGES TO SAND BANKS, 50c EXTRA.

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to 6 p. m., of

TUESDAY, 31st INST.,

For the several trades, works required in the erection and completion of a Church and School for the building committee of St. Andrew's Church.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Plans and specifications at our office.

POWER & SON,
Kingston, July 21st, 1888. Architects.

ALBERT - COLLEGE!

Belleville, Ontario.

"The best Training School in Ontario; 170 Students last year."

The College Buildings are being repaired at a cost of several thousand dollars. Send for circular.

REV. W. P. DYER, M.A.,
Principal.

NOTICE.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Messrs. J. F. Ward and Peters, millers, Cataraqui, has this day been dissolved. The business will, in future, be conducted by J. F. WARD.

July 30th, 1888.

F. NISBET:- BOOKSELLER + STATIONER.

NEW BOOKS!

The Strange Adventures of a House Boat, 25 cts; Illustrated, 50 cts, by Wm. Black.

The Fatal Three, by Miss Braddon, 25 cts.

Home Again, by Geo. Macdonald, 25 cts.

Rosebud Garden, (the summer number of the Girls' Own Paper,) 15 cts.

Summer number of the Boys' Own Paper, 15 cts.

Nisbet's Corner Bookstore

Corner Brock and Wellington Streets.

SECOND-HAND BOOKS

Second-Hand Books bought and sold by A. SIMMONDS, Princess Street.

ARE YOU GOING OUT

—OF THE—

CITY THIS SUMMER?

WHAT is more delightful than to get out into the fresh air of the country after a hard day's work, and when you have eaten a hearty dinner to get into a hammock and quietly smoke a "Creme de la Creme" Cigar? The flavour is so delicious and the aroma so intoxicating one feels as though life were worth the living after all.

J. M. FORTIER,

MANUFACTURER, - - - MONTREAL.



ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE BRITISH WHIG is published every evening, at 356 King Street, Kingston, Ontario, at SIX DOLLARS PER YEAR, strictly in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| For four lines, one or two insertions | $0 50 |
| For four lines, each subsequent insertion | 25 |
| Over four lines, first insertion | 10c per line |
| Each subsequent consecutive ins | 5c " |
| Once a week, subsequent ins | 10c " |
| Twice a week, subsequent ins | 8c " |
| Three a week, subsequent ins | 6c " |

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths 50c. each, unless when "booked," when $1 is charged.

Special notices in reading columns are charged at fifteen cents per line for each insertion.

Officers of unincorporated Associations or Societies will be held personally responsible for all orders they give.

The WEEKLY BRITISH WHIG, 8 pages 56 columns is published every Thursday morning at $1 a year, positively in advance, otherwise $1.50 will be charged.

Attached to the paper is one of the best Job offices in Canada; rapid, stylish and cheap work; eight improved printing presses.

*All charges for advertising, subscription and job printing are payable in advance; this must be distinctly understood.*

EDW. J. B. PENSE, Proprietor.


# THE DAILY WHIG.

*"Opifer per Orbem Dicor."*

### *MAKE THEM WORK.*

The *Witness* noticing the depredations of the Ohio tramps, the arrest of nineteen of them for shooting, and punishment at hard labour, says: "Why should not gangs of men be kept at work on the roads open to all who can get no work otherwise and with little or no renumeration beyond food and shelter. Those who after such provision were found tramping might be condemned to special ball and chain gangs for road work, by means of which in a few months they might be made, for the time being at least, very useful citizens." The old idea, revived with special power. What a pity it is that our gaol birds cannot be usefully employed on the streets? Were their occupations made humiliating and exhausting gaol walls will not be so charming to many.

### *NOT A WISE ACT.*

*On dit* that the orangemen of this district will agitate in the grand lodge for the passage of a resolution, calling on Bro. Sir John Macdonald to disallow the act passed by the Quebec legislature, for the endowment o the Jesuits to the extent of $400,000. Now, without debating the issue which the act affects—without pronouncing an opinion of the measure, other than that it is doubtful political expediency—we feel that the people of one province should not interfere with the local affairs of another except under stress of circumstance. The people of Ontario would not like the Quebecers to interfere with what did not immediately concern them, and the motto should be in political as in other things, "Do unto others as you would they should do unto you." This, we are sure, will be Sir John Macdonald's advice.

### *PAYING FOR PROTECTION.*

The Hamilton *Spectator* is continually making discoveries. Its last is that the Belgians can make water pipes so much cheaper than the Canadians because the wage of the one class is so much lower than that of the other. The argument would be rather plausible, but for the experience the United States. The tariff of the republic is high enough in all conscience—so protective that it makes the people pay into the treasury $100,000,000 a year more than the government knows what to do with—and yet the iron workers across the way can lay down pipe cheaper in Canada than the Canadian manufactures and with the duty of $12 added. That duty is $12 per ton, and for the contract given out by the city means an extra expenditure of about $10,000, of which the manufacturers get the benefit. The idea was spread that the workingmen got the benefit of the contract being awarded to a Canadian, but it is has not been explained how the moulders do not get wages equal in sum to the duty, that the American mechanics are better paid than the Canadian mechanics, and the productions of the United States sell cheaper than the productions of this country? You want the proof? Here it is: The St. Catharines *Journal*, (conservative,) tells us that cast iron pipe, made in the United States, has been laid down in St. Catharines, with the duty of $12 a ton paid upon it, for less money than the Hamilton maker of similar pipe wanted to charge. Does any one doubt the statement of the *Journal*? Not one. A verification of it can be easily made.

### *A JUDGE'S EXPLANATION.*

It is just and right the *amende honorable* should be made when the circumstances warrant it, and the circumstances certainly warrant it in the case of Hon. Mr. Justice Wurtele. It will be remembered that he tried two men, McCabe and Cosgrove, whom the attorney-general of Quebec accused of a misappropriation of public moneys; that upon their admission of guilt he sentenced them to a few hour's imprisonment each, a punishment out of all keeping with the offence; that the newspapers freely criticised his action, and attributed to him the exercise of political motives. Justice Wurtele has not silently submitted to the injustice, but made an explanation which is acceptable by every one. He says that on the morning of the trial he was called upon by the counsel for the crown and the defendant and informed that the accused would plead guilty to one indictment, the least serious, while the other eleven would be withdrawn, and Mr. Fitzpatrick, for the crown, said the government would be satisfied with a nominal punishment, not desiring so much to punish particular prisoners as to show that it would not longer tolerate the irregularities which had become widespread in connection with the distribution of colonization moneys. Judge Wurtele, acceded to the views presented by the crown and the defence, and agreed to impose the penalty of a six hours' imprisonment suggested by the parties. In open court the parties pleaded guilty to obtaining money under false pretences. Their counsel stated that the funds entrusted to them had been expended on colonization roads, that they had not benefitted personally to the extent of one cent, that they pleaded guilty because of the absence of the book-keeper who could vertify their statement. Mr. Fitzpatrick withdrew the charges of forgery and embezzlement and did not contradict in any way the statement of the defendant's counsel.

Addressing the accused Judge Wurtele said it was time the community understood that in dealing with government moneys the same rules should be followed as were usual in business intercourse between private parties; and that though in the cases then before him there was no indication of moral turpitude, still, in view of their plea of guilty and of the irregularities admitted to have been committed, he was constrained to inflict some punishment in order to make it known that courts could not countenance or condone the deception which they had practised.

In his remarks Judge Wurtele stated that the government would have been wanting in its duty had it neglected to prosecute those who used public funds in a manner which, before proper explanations had been made, appeared to be criminal; and in reference to a paragraph in the presentment of the grand jury, that these charges were tinged with [illegible] say that inside the courts politics and their various tints and shades should be unknown, that the eyes of justice were bandaged, that every one would receive equal justice without reference to religious, national or political distinction, and that it should be well understood that the machinery of our tribunals would not be set in motion for political purposes.

These explanations put a new aspect on the question, and the WHIG hastens to present it since it contained the first reports injurious to Judge Wurtele. The press claims the right of criticising the judges as it does other people, but of doing so correctly.

### *ACTION IS BEGUN.*

The American congress has very quickly acted on the recommendation of the secretary of the treasury, and has had placed before it by Mr. Dingley a bill authorizing the imposition of discriminatory tolls upon Canadian vessels passing through the Sault Ste Marie canals. That action has been deferred at all has been suggestive, and of nothing so much as a reconsideration of the whole subject by the American and Canadian governments. It is alleged that the dominion administration violated the Washington government in spirit and in fact when it adopted the method now in use of encouraging traffic by way of the St. Lawrence canals. The government, with a desire to promote the export trade *via* the St. Lawrence, has passed an order-in-council granting a rebate of tolls on all good passing through the Welland and St. Lawrence canals to Montreal for shipment thence to Europe. If goods pass from Lake Erie through the Welland canal only they pay a toll of 20 cents a ton whether their destination be a port on the Canadian or American side of Lake Ontario; while if they pass on down through the St. Lawrence canals, whether in Canadian or American vessels, a rebate of 18 cents a ton is granted. So far, therefore, there is no discrimination practised against our neighbours. But inasmuch as goods can be carried from Lake Erie through the Welland canal by way of Oswego to tide-water, and when so carried are subject to the full toll of twenty cents a ton, whereas if taken to Montreal a toll of only two cents is exacted, the claim of an unfair discrimination against American trade is set up.

The Montreal *Gazette*, which has given the matter close attention, is sure that prudence and regard for the transportation and other interests of Canada will cause the removal of the shadow of a pretext for the proposed discrimination. "We have no canal at the Sault," says the *Gazette*, "and the Americans have us on the hip there during the season of navigation. A large and growing trade between Duluth, Port Arthur and other Lake Superior ports, and Canadian ports on Lake Huron, Lake Ontario, and the St. Lawrence has sprung up, anything in the nature of a deterrent or impost on which would produce serious consequences. It does, indeed, seem a hardship that Canada should be deprived of the liberty to encourage trade by the St. Lawrence in the manner adopted by rebate of tolls, but the alternative presented by the Americans apparently leaves no recourse other than the removal of the alleged discrimination. We must either place Oswego on a par with Montreal, or submit to the imposition of a toll on Canadian vessels, and produce for the St. Lawrence passing the Sault and St. Clair canals. That is the proposition of the Washington government, and congress is very apt to act upon it. We trust, however, that the mistake of rescinding the order-in-council, granting a rebate on goods passing through the Canadian canals to Montreal, will not be committed, and the full toll of twenty cents a ton charged on all goods, for that would be a case of cutting off the nose to spite the face." A remedy is suggested—that if the alternative comes of making the Welland canal free to all produce passing through it from Lake Erie, or imposing a toll upon all vessels regardless of these destination, it will be prudent to abolish the tolls.

The outcome of the case very greatly interests all who are engaged or interested in the river traffic. The abolition of the tolls, in the manner proposed, means a serious loss to the revenue, but they have to go, and the treasury must suffer if trade is not to do so, and it certainly could not grow and develop under the old condition of things. The Americans have really no grievance, but they have been led to believe otherwise, and surely the prompt adjustment of the difficulty as congress has now presented it will save the Canadian marine from an impost ruinous in its effects. Retaliation has been preached for a long time by the Americans, but up to the present without result. The legislators have now got to work. It's time the diplomats were busy also


L-A-D-I-E-S

We have just purchased a Wholesale Clearing Lot of

NEW FALL DRESS GOODS

3,000 yards, bought at less than bond prices. We will therefore offer

25c All-wool Dress Goods for 12 1-2c.
35c " " " " 20c.
40c " " " " 25c.
45c " " " " 30c.

This is without doubt the best opportunity you will have this season to procure a new dress at such low rates. All stylish colors. All stylish materials. No chance to duplicate them this season. Come at once and see them at

HARDY'S

ONE PRICE STORE, 88 PRINCESS STREET, KINGSTON.


## LOCAL CRICKET MATCH.

**The City Fellows Banging the Leather About the Field on Saturday.**

A local game of one innings a side was played on the cricket field on Saturday afternoon. There were eleven players in each team, one captained by A. Jones and the other by S. Field. Mr. Jones won the toss and went in. His side made a good stand, and scored 168 runs, towards which C. C. Payne contributed 47 in good form. He went in first, saw a majority of the side retired, and bid fair to carry out his bat. D. McIntyre came next with 27; and Jones, Williams, McNiven and Booth also played well and secured good scores. Several of the others also did well.

Field's side got 114 runs, towards which he made 47 (not out) in the most lively and dashing manner possible. Indeed it was the fastest scoring ever witnessed on the field. His hitting was heavy, clean, and finely done. He was missed once or twice. F. C. Ireland also scored a well-made 18. He and Field together made 65 runs and the remaining nine men 49.

The bowling on both sides was fairly good, especially that of Williams and McNiven, while the fielding varied much, some of it being good and some very loose. The throwing was poor and inaccurate, and this feature of the game should be regularly practiced here.

## CAMERON'S CUT.

**A Very Sad Accident—Drowning of Two Children—Crops Flourishing.**

July 28.—The rains has given a flourishing aspect to vegetation.—The root crops and corn never looked better. Haying is finished and the yield very small.—Grain will be light.—A very sad accident happened on Thursday last by the drowning of two children, Emma Grant aged 13 years and her little brother Freddy aged six years. They were drowned in crossing the Frost lake dam one mile above Bell Rock on the Napanee river. They were not seen falling, in but it is supposed Minnie was carrying her little brother over and missed her footing and both fell in together as they were found linked in each other's arms, a sad sight for their parents. They were son and step-daughter of Mr. Fred Conaway, of Bell Rock. Mr. and Mrs. Conaway have great sympathy in their sad bereavement.

For genuine Scranton No. 4 coal go to the gas works coal yard.


BOOKS AND MAGAZINES.

Make no Mistake About it!

HENDERSON & Co's

BOOKSTORE,

PRINCESS ST., KINGSTON, ONT.

Is the proper place to come to for anything in the

Sporting Goods' Line!

WE CARRY A FULL STOCK OF

Base Balls.
Base-Ball Clubs.
Catchers' Gloves.
Catchers' Masks.
Catchers' Body Protectors.
Heel Plates.
Umpires' Indicators.
Foot Balls.
Cricket Balls.
Cricket Bats.
Tennis Rockets.
Tennis Balls.
Tennis Nets.
Croquet.
Indian Clubs.

In fact each and every article in this class of merchandise.

X

John Henderson & Co.,

86 Princess St.

GROCERIES, LIQUORS.

THIRTY CENTS

—OR—

FOUR FOR ONE DOLLAR.

Having secured a large line of one of the Finest Japan Teas ever imported into this country we are selling it at the extremely low price of THIRTY CENTS PER POUND, or FOUR POUNDS FOR ONE DOLLAR. If you use Japan Tea try this one, and you will be more than pleased with it. It is first-class and makes a delicious cup of tea.

W. D. HENDRY & CO.

The Assam Tea Estate Depot.

The Barnoova Tea Estate.
The Loobah Tea Company.
The Mechi Tea Estate,

Established for the purpose of supplying pur

INDIAN TEAS,

Unmixed with China, direct from their estates

These teas stand without a rival for Purity, Strength and Flavour.

The undersigned has this day received a small consignment of these (the finest teas in the world) and will be happy to supply those of his customers, who desire something really choice, with a sample of the same.

JAMES REDDEN,

PRINCESS STREET,

Sole Agent in Kingston.

JUST - RECEIVED

Two Car Loads of the Ontario Brewing and Malting Co's superior

ALE AND PORTER

In Pints, Quarts and Small Kegs, which judges pronounce the finest in the city.

I also manufacture a superior quality of Ginger Ale expressly for family trade.

R. THOMPSON,

*No. 10 CLARENCE ST.*,

OPPOSITE BRITISH AMERICAN HOTEL.

BONANZA.

DAY'S is the place to buy Cheap Groceries.

Fine Turkey Prunes, 5c lb; Choice Mixed Pickles, 20c a qt.; Fresh Eggs, 17c a doz; Maple Sugar, 9c a lb, buy a cake. The ladies are delighted with our 40c Japan Tea, and the beautiful hand painted china plate given with every pound. 6 bars Electric Soap, 25c.; two 3 lb bars Laundry Soap, 25c. Lemons, Dates, &c, &c.

S. W. Day, 268 Princess St.

THE CELEBRATED

COOK'S FRIEND BAKING POWDER

IS A PURE FRUIT ACID POWDER.

It contains neither alum, lime, nor ammonia and may be used by the most delicate constitutions with perfect safety. Its great success arising from its being instrinsically THE BEST VALUE IN THE MARKET, as well as thoroughly adapted to the wants of the kitchen, has excited envious imitations of its name and appearance. Beware of such.

No addition to or variation from the simple name:

COOK'S FRIEND IS GENUINE.

Trade Mark on every package

- OPERA HOUSE -

Fruit and Fish Market.

Red, White and Black Raspberries and Currants, Cherries, Blackberries, Gooseberries, Blueberries.

W. H. CARNOVSKY

Telephone 21. 212 Princess St.

TRAFALGAR INSTITUTE

—FOR THE—

HIGHER EDUCATION OF YOUNG WOMEN

33 SIMPSON ST., MONTREAL.

The Institute will re-open on the 11th September. Fees, including Board, are $280, with no extras except for Music and Drawing. The Institute is affiliated with McGill University. The situation on the mountain side, in the midst of one and a half acres of grounds, laid out in lawns and flower beds, renders it very healthful. The accommodation for residents being limited, early application is desirable. Prospectus can be obtained on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL or the SECRETARY.