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CHRISTIANS AND THE CARS.

At Hamilton evidence has been taken in the case of Henderson vs. the street railway company, which is a suit to test the right of the company to run their cars on Sunday, according to the reading of the law by the Lord's Day alliance. Two points were made: (1) It was established by the plaintiff that the cars were run on Sunday, and that they disturbed the worshippers in some of the churches; (2) It was established by the defence that the cars were a great convenience to the church people, that without their service many would not go to church, especially in wet weather, and that some ministers and their parishioners, while in church, were in no wise, or not seriously, disturbed by the noise of passing cars. The argument in the case was deferred, and will take place in Toronto, at Osgoode Hall, at the convenience of Judge Rose. The significance of the trial, according to the evidence, lies in the justification which the company offer for the Sunday car service—that it is demanded by the people, and by the church people at that; the people who ought to be most in favor of a quiet Sabbath, a Sabbath free from desecration both labor and unrest, but people whose professions and practices do not seem to run in perfect accord. All of which goes to show that the real offenders (if there are any or when the meaning of the law, now going to a test) are not so much the company as the "Christians" of Hamilton.

CRIES TO HEAVEN FOR RELIEF.

The latest from Europe is to the effect that the Sultan of Turkey and his government are powerless to protect the Armenians, that the spirit (such as it is; probably bad, certainly not good) is willing to act according to the counsel of the nations, but that the flesh is weak. Turkey's government has, for many a day, been without power and effect. The sultan is a fitting representative of what the cartoonists picture as "the sick man of the east," attended by many physicians, given many remedies, subject to varied treatment, and still sick, very helpless and growing daily worse. Weeks have been spent in a diplomatic discussion of what can or should be done in the interests of those who are supposed to be under Turkey's protection, and still nothing is accomplished. There are too many interested in interference, too many for the sake of the sultan, who suffers quite as much from over-advice as he does from a lack of advice, too many for the sake of the Armenians whose wails of distress have alarmed all Europe. Meanwhile the butcheries go on, and the blood of the oppressed and dying people—dying amid scenes the most brutal and revolting of which there is a record—cries unto heaven itself for relief. It is time there was an end to Turkish government as it exists. It is time the Sultan and his office-bearers were sent into retirement, and that in place of them men were called to the administration of affairs whose authority will be exemplified in the restoration of peace and the preservation of human life.

THE OLD LADIES PROTECTED.

The legislative council of Quebec has for years been subject to hostile criticism. The desire of those in the assembly who know how useless the council is and how necessary it is to economize is to vote for the abolition of the upper chamber, and to no purpose. On Wednesday there was an illustration (1) of the encumbrance of the council, and (2) of the anxiety to protect it because of its notoriously partisan proceedings betimes. The council met, and, having nothing to do, and nothing in sight, immediately adjourned. At the same time the motion, of which notice was given by Mr. Cooke, touching the abolition of the council, was brought to a vote and disposed of. The government did not debate it, but, when Mr. Cooke had given his reasons for ridding the province of a chamber whose annual expense was very great and whose service was questionable to say the least of it, put up two of its supporters to move the previous question. The result was more or less confusion, the entanglement of some members in a vote which they did not understand, but the defeat of Mr. Cooke's motion. It is said that some members, voting different from what they did on previous occasions, account by their action by saying that they did not favor the consideration of the question when it was presented, though willing to deal with it later on. The economists of Quebec, (who do not appear to be represented by the government), are determined to have the question of maintaining a useless chamber dealt with by the members of the assembly. The issue must be faced fairly and squarely, and if the local house will not grapple with it the electors later on should make it the subject of their consideration at the polls. Quebec, of all the provinces in the Dominion, holds to the council as a relic of antiquity.

MR. FOSTER'S APOLOGIES.

The conservatives of Smith's Falls had a great meeting, at which the speakers were Messrs. Foster, Haggart and Montague, the apologists of the government. There was a great flow of language—there always is when Monty is around—but there was a great deal said to every little purpose. The speech of the day was made by Mr. Foster, who posed as a philosopher, and proceeded to say that the position of the government on the school was not one of choice, but one forced upon it in observance of the constitution and its requirements. Said he: "I tell you plainly, on the broad principle of it, I am in favor of the public school. I am not in favor so much of the separate school, but I stand here, not as a private citizen, but as a member of this government, and as a public man, not free to carry my personal likes and dislikes into a settlement of a question which is lodged in the very kernel of the constitution, which I am sworn to settle according to my belief as to how the constitution meant it." What a profound respect some men have for the constitution on special occasions! Time was when the government, in intro-

ducing its national policy, was warned that an anti-British tariff would be a severe strain on British connection, and, incidentally, a great strain upon the constitution by which this connection was maintained; and the answer, from the oracle of the Tory party, was that if British connection could not stand it so much the worse for British connection. And this is the party, for which Mr. Foster speaks and the loyalty of which he is so anxious to preserve. The constitution is all right, but the government of Canada is all wrong. The constitution expects it to do justice to all parties requires it to remedy any school defects in the Manitoba system so far as the minority are concerned, but requires it to act only after it has made itself familiar with the facts of the case. The efforts of Mr. Foster to hold that the school question as a mere incident of government will not do. He is an incident of the government himself, and still, in his own opinion, a mighty important one.

AFTER LIEUT. GOV. MINTOSH.

The Regina Leader is a conservative paper. It was established by Mr. Davin, and for many years reflected the wit and humor of this distinguished gentleman. A recent editorial in the paper reads like the scold of its former member, or of one who has imbibed his independent and outspoken spirit. It deals with Lieut.-Gov. McIntosh, who appears to have given great offence by his desire to shirk the responsibilities of office.

It seems that the crisis resulted from his neglect to close up the accounts of the exhibition which he projected, and which led to a loss of thousands of dollars. The creditors have wanted to see him about their claims, and have been unable to find him. "They cannot," says the Leader, "even see or hear from the one by whom the debt was contracted. They telephone him; he is not at his office. They write him; he does not reply. They go to his house; he is shooting." The main way is to meet a difficulty face to face, says the critic, and thrash it out or take a thrashing. "For a humble individual to skulk around a little difficulty would be contemptible; for a ruler, a sovereign, it is unpardonable."

Nor does the Leader stop there, but accuses Mr. McIntosh of a persistent neglect of duty. It recalls some of his alleged interviews with the press, respecting the hard work he is doing, work which only a constitution of adamant could stand, and says that those who have watched him, and know whereof they speak, declare that "he has not been in his office half a dozen times in half as many months." And taking all things into account, the Leader feels called upon to say that "the conduct of business by the present chief magistrate in the territories is bringing scandal and contempt upon the honorable office which he holds," and that "for the honor of an honorable and picturesque institution, and for the preservation of its own prestige, the government cannot too quickly recall the lieutenant-governor of the territories."

Will it do this? Not much. But it will probably suggest to Mr. McIntosh the advisability of attending to his office, and of performing its important duties. Were he an elective officer he would not be so indifferent to public opinion.

EMIGRATION MOVEMENTS.

"Information" gives some interesting details respecting emigration movements in the west: "A considerable party of people who years ago settled in Nebraska are on the move to Georgia this fall; Kansas people are moving to Nebraska; and a great many Norwegians are moving from Minnesota to the Canadian North-West. The migration of farmers across the international boundary is pretty constant. Manitobans come over into Minnesota and the Dakotas, and discontented folk from these states move into Manitoba."

The exchange of population just now appears to be in favor of Canada, and the tide has been running so high in that direction that S. A. Thompson, in the New England Magazine for October, endeavored to account for it. He spent some weeks in a journey through Manitoba, Assiniboia, Alberta, and a portion of British Columbia, in order to talk with the settlers. And the causes for the change he sums up thus: "Exhaustion of land rights—pre-emption and timber culture—and the practical exhaustion of all the public lands available for individual settlement and cultivation by ordinary methods, without irrigation." The lesson suggested to the Americans is in order to turn back the ever-rising tide of immigration, was the reclamation of the arid lands.

"For Canada," says Mr. Thompson, "the hour of destiny has struck. She has the physical basis for an empire, and the stream of immigration which has now begun will swell into a mighty movement of population like that by which our central west was occupied, until her fertile lands shall be the home of millions of prosperous people. Thus far American immigrants are largely in excess of those from other lands outside of the British Empire, and American thought will have a mighty influence in molding the character of the coming commonwealths of the Canadian North-West. The English speaking immigrants outnumber many fold all those of other tongues; and thus it is made sure that both the great republic and the nascent nation of the north will be loyal to the ideals of constitutional liberty and, standing side by side, will work together to advance that Anglo-Saxon civilization which seems destined to dominate the world."

It's a pretty thought and will be accepted for what it is worth—American thought is commanding attention but British character and tenacity and progressiveness are equally commanding, and the best qualifications for the people of our great North-West.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

On dit that Judge Killam, of Winnipeg, is to be transferred to the supreme court at Ottawa, and that T. M. Daly is to become a judge. That would be the making of Mr. Daly. As a politician and minister he has been a prodigious failure.

At Toronto, whether he and Mr. Haggart went on political business, Dr. Montague was asked if the government calculated to win in the bye-elections, and declined to be interviewed. It's a pretty bad outlook when Monty's fountain of verbosity has dried up.

Mr. White resigned his seat in parliament because he could not support the proposed remedial legislation of the federal government, but he has no hesitation in going to Cardwell and asking the electors to favor Mr. Willoughby, a Toronto lawyer, who can go the party ticket every time. Mr. White is, therefore, a trifle peculiar.

A medical writer in the Boston Babyhood discusses the question "Are Children's Falsehoods Wicked?" and arrives at the conclusion that in many cases physical de-

fects—notably of the eye and the organs of digestion—are responsible for so-called children's lies. But how would he account for a Kingston lawyer's life habit of fibbing? He's not a child by any means.

The Montreal Star has been a supporter of the government's fiscal policy, but it seems to be weary of the small talk of the ministers and their supporters. It sees the manifest desire of some men to become settled in life in anticipation of the breakup of the cabinet after the next election, and it likens these to officers deserting the ship in stormy weather, regardless of what is to become of it and the crew. Hear it further: "No impartial outsider can fail to see, whatever he may think of the conservative party, that its leader is at present suffering scurvy usage at the hands of the men whose battle he is fighting." The article concludes: "Such a ridiculous scamper for the places of safety is a cowardly betrayal of the men who must yet go down to fight the general elections."

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

The Hospital Givings.

KINGSTON, Nov. 15.—(To the Editor): While the discussion regarding hospital offerings was confined to Kingston, I did not desire to add to the burdens of the press, but since a feeling seems to have been carried abroad to the injury of local churchmen, as shown in the comments by a Toronto paper, it is a duty to state the position of the Church of England towards the hospital. This church has not received the treatment it had a right to expect, and therefore what it has done for the general hospital has been very much in the line of the fairest generosity. Four years since the proportion of nurses in training was something like nine Presbyterians to one Church of England and one Methodist, and not a few were accustomed to speak of the institution as virtually a Presbyterian hospital.

This feeling was corrected as a result of board changes and a fair proportion was secured of nurses in training, with the result that the Church of England continued its help in the many ways in which it has been useful. In 1891 and 1892 the Church of England led in hospital Sunday givings; in 1893 and 1894 the Presbyterians led. In the four years the Presbyterians gave \$1,020; the church of England gave \$988. There were in four years seventy-three contributions from Churches of England, and thirty-two from Presbyterians, while fifty-seven Methodist churches contributed. Comparisons are odious, but they are sometimes necessary when invited. Since so many Anglican churches contributed in proportion to others it is evident that they are endeavoring as a class to do their duty.—A WORKER.

Mrs. Cooke's Experience.

WESTBROOK, Nov. 14.—(To the Editor): I noticed in a recent issue of the Whig a letter styled, "Living Witnesses to the Power of Christian Science." I wish to add my testimony also. I invested \$17 with Mrs. Kinnear for treatment in July last and while under the delusion I fancied myself better, but in a few days after returning home I found myself very much worse from the treatment, and have remained so ever since from my experience. Others that I have talked with have similar expressions of treatment.—(MRS.) JOHN COOKE.

Premiums Wiped Out.

Those Canadian insurance companies which have been taking cargo risks on the upper lakes this season have made several very heavy losses recently, losses which will, it is said, wipe out their entire premiums for the year's business. All lines of marine insurance are reporting disasters to the underwriters this season. For several months there was a good profit in insuring grain in the Canadian trade from Fort William, and the Canadian pool in grain insurance did very well. The late losses, however, more than exhaust all the premiums taken in on Canadian grain the present season. The latest loss is that of the steamer Missoula, which left Fort William on the night of Oct. 31st with a cargo of grain for Buffalo.

A Happy Event at Camden East.

Napanee Beaver. On Wednesday, 13th Nov., a large number of friends and neighbors gathered at the residence of William Saul, Camden East, to witness the marriage of his daughter Nan to Manuel Orser, township of Kingston. The presents were very numerous and costly, and indicated very clearly the high esteem in which the bride was held by her numerous friends in the community. The bride was given away by her father, and the ceremony was pleasantly performed by Rev. R. McCulloch, Newburgh. Highly complimentary speeches were made by J. S. Haydon, Mr. Stover, Mr. Milsap and Rev. McCulloch. The wedding supper was everything that the most fastidious could desire, and William Saul and family made all their numerous guests feel quite happy and at home.

A Mighty Fee.

Prof. E. A. Furler, director of the college of civil engineering at Cornell, received the largest fee ever paid to an engineer—\$120,000. For planning a system of sanitation for the city of Santos in Brazil, the output city for Brazilian coffee, where the death-rate from yellow fever and similar diseases has averaged 205 to the thousand annually. The city must be practically torn down and built over on sanitary principles, and the cost to the Brazilian government will be between \$3,000,000 and \$4,000,000. Professor Furler had under him from fifty to sixty engineers working on the spot, and employed a large force at Cornell university to draw up plans.

Hamilton's Bitternut Pills—Mild, Efficient, Safe—One a Dose.

These pills are not small but they are not drastic, irritating cathartics, as small pills must needs be. They contain active, vegetable extracts which have direct remedial action upon the stomach, liver and bowels. Avoid irritating, drastic pills by using Hamilton's. Sold by all dealers, and at Polson's drug store.

Principal Grant's Prophecy.

London Advertiser. Principal Grant does not tremble to any great extent over the Week's vision of war between Great Britain and the United States. He says: "I believe the child is born who will see a moral reunion of the English-speaking race, commercial union based on free trade, a common tribunal and a common citizenship, if not more."

A Physiological Phenomenon.

Georgetown Herald. Did you ever notice that more people get drunk when it is raining than at any other time? This was shown in town last week. The wetter some people get outside, the drier they get inside.

GOOD NIGHT FOR THE KNIGHTS.

A Son of Jonathan Knight Weds a Daughter of Major Knight.

"A very pretty wedding" was the universal criticism of the merry or more guests present at the marriage ceremony, and attending festivities, of Miss Flora Knight, only daughter of Major Knight, to Alfred Knight, only son of Jonathan Knight. The happy event took place at Major Knight's residence, near Cataract, in the magnificent home with its spacious parlors and drawing rooms being especially adapted for the accommodation of the large number present.

Shortly after 8:30 o'clock the merry peels of "The Swedish Wedding March" skillfully executed by Miss Edith Chapman gave notice of the appearance of the bridal procession which passed the entire length of the drawing room. First came six maids of honor, cousins of the bride, prettily attired, marching two and two, at some distance from each other. Those on each side carried a rope of wedding ribbon and on entering the drawing-room turned facing each other thus forming the "bridal arch." This feature in the ceremony was something new, exceedingly unique, and had a most pleasing effect. The groom and his assistant, A. Knight, jr., took up their positions at the east end of the drawing room and immediately the bride, blushing, but not embarrassed, entered supported by the manly figure of her father. The bridesmaid was Miss Annie Munsie, New York city. With a dispatch, the outcome of practice, the knot was well and truly tied by Rev. Mr. Stewart, and immediately his functions were performed the orderliness of the scene was changed as friends flocked around the happy bride, showering her with congratulations and best wishes.

Presently the newly-married couple led the way to the immense dining room, where a most sumptuous repast was in waiting. Three large tables, handsomely decorated with flowers, bore the various tastefully arranged viands. The menu was exceedingly recherche and the whole spread a marvel of neatness and skill.

After the wedding feast had been enjoyed a short but pleasant social time was spent enhanced by rare musical selections, vocal and instrumental, rendered by Miss Cook and Miss Munsie, organist and musical director of First Presbyterian church, New York. About 11:30 o'clock Mr. and Mrs. Knight amid a deluge of rice, antiquated foot wear, etc., left to catch the 12:40 train. They will enjoy a protracted honeymoon in the east.

The bride, who carried a shower bouquet of orange blossoms, wore a dress of cream crepon draped with chiffon and trimmed with renelle ribbon and orange blossoms, the whole a marvel of elegance and extreme simplicity. Miss Munsie, the bridesmaid, wore a dress of organdie muslin trimmed with rare Viennese lace; she also carried a shower bouquet but of pink rosebuds. The presents were rare, costly and exceedingly numerous; among them we might mention a gold watch and chain from the groom and a Persian lamb coat the gift of the bride's mother. All the presents exhibited excellent taste as to their selection and cannot but speak volumes for the high esteem with which the bride has been and is held by her many acquaintances. Many a happy event like the present has been marred by the thought of long and distant separation, but on the present occasion no such melancholy marred the festivities as the groom will take his bride to his home a short distance from her father's residence.

CHURCH PARAGRAPHS.

News From All Denominations—The Filling of the Pulpits.

G. A. Sala, the British journalist, has embraced the Roman Catholic faith since his illness.

The Hornerites have rented the former Salvation army barracks, at Carleton Place, for a year.

Kemptville has five ministers and four of them are Maccs—Revs. McDonald, McDiarmid, McKinnon and McCann.

Rev. T. J. Thompson will be inducted into the pastorate of John street Presbyterian church, Belleville, on Nov. 26th.

At a meeting of the chapter of the rural deanery of Lennox and Addington, Rev. Albert Geen, P.D., Belleville, was elected secretary-treasurer.

Rev. R. C. Horner is said to be directly opposed to secret, and beneficiary societies and many of his converts are withdrawing from such connections.

Rev. Frank Du Moulin has resigned the curacy of Holy Trinity church, Toronto, to accept the position of assistant rector of Trinity church, Chicago, the most important Episcopal church in the windy city.

A convention of the national reform association will be held next month in Baltimore, to seek an amendment to the constitution of the United States, which will "suitably acknowledge the authority of our Lord Jesus Christ."

Rev. J. M. Hodson, former pastor of Bridge street church, Belleville, is now a doctor of divinity. The honor was conferred upon him by the Congregational college, Denver, Col. Dr. Hodson is now the pastor of the Reformed church (Presbyterian), of Fordham, New York city.

The Church of England rural dean of Lennox and Addington reports that the missions under his charge are becoming stronger and better equipped, new churches are springing up, old ones renovated, and general attention being paid to the equipments to carry on divine service.

LET US BE THANKFUL.

Text of the Canadian Proclamation For Thanksgiving Day.

The proclamation issued by the governor-general in the name of the queen is as follows:

"Whereas it hath pleased Almighty God, in His great goodness to vouchsafe unto our dominion of Canada, a bountiful harvest and other blessings, we, therefore, considering that these blessings enjoyed by our people throughout the said dominion do call for a solemn and public acknowledgment, have thought fit, by and with the advice of our privy council, and we do appoint Thursday, the 21st day of November next, as a day of general thanksgiving to Almighty God for bountiful harvest and other blessings with which Canada has been favored this year; and we do invite all our loving subjects throughout Canada to observe the said day as a day of general thanksgiving."

Pain Banished as if by Magic.

Nerviline—nerve pain cure—is a positive and an almost instantaneous remedy for external, internal, or local pains. The most active remedy hitherto known falls short of Nerviline for potent power in the relief of nerve pain. A trial will demonstrate.

Must not be confounded with common cathartic or purgative pills. Carter's Little Liver Pills are entirely unlike them in every respect. One trial will prove their superiority.

NUGGETS FROM NEWBORO.

Budget of Fresh News From the Thriving B. & W. Village.

NEWBORO, Nov. 15.—The B. & W. railway is handling some very heavy shipments of merchandise. We learn on good authority that George Taylor, M.P., has arranged that the work on the canal will be done by the government by day work. It was feared by some that it would be let by contract which would have given no employment to local men or teams. J. H. Singleton, who was delegate from here to the H.C. meeting in London, gave an interesting account on Monday evening of the work done by that body. H. Purvis, agent for nurserymen of Beebe Plains, Que., is canvassing the village. The steam yacht has made several enjoyable moonlight trips recently, and her machinery works to perfection. Nearly everybody who has a well on his premises took advantage of the dry season to clean the well out thoroughly. Robert Bolton, the popular lockmaster at Jones Falls, was in the village on Tuesday. Fishermen claim that the herrings have started to run in the Little Rideau. Those who attended the tea-meeting at Westport last week report having had a very enjoyable time. A petition in circulation and is being very largely signed, praying the postmaster-general to leave the mail service as it is. George F. Ackland, V.S., has been busy for the past week dehorning cattle, and he has still to operate upon 2,000 head. Navigation and all the lock gates on the Rideau canal close on Friday, 15th inst. W. T. Ferguson, of the Smith's Falls Partisan, called on his many village friends last week. There was a light division court docket here last Thursday, and in nearly every case the plaintiff won the suit. The B. & W. railway have done a good deal of work in the way of replacing old ties lately, under the supervision of W. H. Gorsline.

HIS THUMBS SHOT OFF.

An Accident to a Young Man Handling a Gun at Hay Bay.

NAPANEE, Nov. 16.—A painful accident occurred on Thursday afternoon last, on the farm of Bowen Perry, Hay Bay, in which his nephew, George Shane, a young man of twenty-two years of age, will in all probability lose both his thumbs. It appears he was removing a double barrel gun, which had one broken barrel, from a corn stack, and in some unaccountable way the broken barrel exploded, and as he had both hands round the gun barrel the charge shattered both thumbs, one was completely blown away and the other so badly shattered that in all probability amputation will be necessary. Drs. Bissonnette and Leonard dressed the wounds and are trying to save one thumb. The young man suffered terribly and was under the influence of chloroform for nearly two hours, while the doctors were dressing and removing the broken bones.

Porter Preston sprained his ankle while practicing football one day this week and will be unable to kick with the boys on Thanksgiving day. Dr. and Mrs. Ming attended the funeral of Miss Wallace, of Belleville, aunt of Mrs. Ming, which took place on Friday afternoon last. Mrs. J. F. Ward is visiting her son in Boston this week. The estate of Benjamin & West, Yarker, was put up for sale yesterday, but was not sold, as the amount offered did not come up to the master's reserve bid. Charles Ross, cutter with J. F. McAllister for some time, has accepted a position in Suspension Bridge, N.Y.

Ferguson's Falls Flashes.

FERGUSON'S FALLS, Nov. 12.—It is our painful duty to record the death of Miss Ellen Maloney, daughter of J. Maloney, of this place, on Friday of last week. Deceased, only twenty-nine years of age, has been a sufferer for some time. Her funeral on Sunday to the Roman Catholic cemetery here was largely attended. The bereaved family have the heartfelt sympathy of the whole community. Miss Margaret Kehoe and Miss Annie Lally, of Perth, spent a few days with friends here last week. Mrs. Wm. Hall and Miss Mamie Hall, Almonte, and Mrs. Sheehan, of Pakenham, attended the funeral of Miss Maloney on Sunday last. Mrs. Robert Young, of Carleton Place, spent last week with her mother, Mrs. H. Morris. Rev. Father O'Rourke, of Carleton Place, and John Hollinger, of this village, spent a few days on a hunting expedition in Darling last week. They were very successful, bringing home three fine deer beside a number of partridge. J. and Miss Dattie Tully, Noble's Bay, were the guests of D. Pryce last week.

Athens Announcements.

ATHENS, Nov. 14.—There were six places of worship in Athens on Sunday morning last. Harry Elridge has returned to Athens from his home at Newmarket and will take his old position in G. W. Beach's. A number of the cheese makers of Athens have returned consequently houses are very scarce. The Citizens' band gave its last open air concert on Main street on Monday evening last. Rev. Mr. Scanlan, Brockville, will occupy the pulpit in the Methodist church on Sunday next. Subscriptions for the parsonage fund will be taken up. A new candy shop will be started in Athens next door to the bank. We regret to announce the death of Mr. Rogers who died at the home of A. Wilts.

Cataract Events.

CATARAQT, Nov. 14.—The telephone company have been doing a good deal of blasting through this locality to make places for their poles. Many of the houses have had their windows smashed by the jar of the explosions. F. Stewart left us yesterday for Montreal, where he has secured a good position as stenographer. Dr. Scott left this week for Toronto. Miss G. Nicol has returned from Pembroke, where she has been engaged in professional services.

More Grave Robbers.

Deseronto Tribune. Some ghouls, supposed to be medical students, stole the body of the late Mrs. Daniel Bowen from the grave in Oliver's cemetery in which it was interred. An effort will be made to locate the miscreants. In the meantime it will be well for cemetery authorities to keep a sharp lookout for the vandals of this stamp.

Milburn's Cod Liver Oil Emulsion with Wild Cherry and Hypophosphites is the surest and best cure for coughs, colds, hoarseness, bronchitis and asthma. Price 50c and \$1 per bottle.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.