

"Perhaps You Think"

"Oh, tea is tea anyway, can't be much difference." Don't be sure or too hasty to pass an opinion until you have tried

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

It may prove a pleasant surprise to your taste. Sealed Lead Packets Only. 25c, 30c, 40c, 50c, 60c.

Winter

will catch you if we don't, but we want to catch you first and dress you up according to our idea of proper style, and we stake our reputation on being right when we have finished. We can sell you the

BEST OVERCOAT FOR \$12

that you ever saw, and if you want to raise the price to \$16 or \$18, why we give you such value and styles you have never seen anywhere. Just give us the opportunity to make your Overcoat and we will save you a snug sum.

J. TWEDDELL, Merchant Tailor, 131 Princess Street.

Everybody Was Pleased With Our

BIG HAT SALE on Saturday. We are now giving our attention to

Ladies' Cloth Jackets and Fur Ruffs.

GEO. MILLS & CO., 170 WELLINGTON STREET.

We've got a line of

Men's Goodyear Welts at \$2.75.

Russian Tan or Box Calf, Latest Style, That will interest you.

W. J. DICK & SON.

Boots, Shoes, Trunks, Valises.

You'll Smack Your Lips

Over our BREAD. It's always fresh and made by experienced bakers.

The Fruit season is not over yet. Choice Peaches, Pears, Plums and Grapes arriving daily.

TOYE'S, - KING ST.

A Nice Turnout

For business or pleasure. We manufacture Carriages, Buggies, Phaetons, Omnibuses, Dog Carts, Wagons, Etc. Jas. Laturney, 88 Princess Street. The warrens with the wheel windows.

THE WHIG--65th YEAR.

DAILY BRITISH WHIG published each evening at 36-38 King Street, at 8c per year, delivered in the city; \$3 by mail, if paid in advance. WEEKLY BRITISH WHIG, 12 pages, published every Thursday morning at 3c a year. Attached is one of the best Job Printing Offices in Canada; rapid, stylish and cheap work, nine improved presses. Edw. J. B. KESSE, Proprietor.

THE DAILY WHIG.

"Opiter per Orbem Diem."

REDUCING THE DEBT.

The revenue of the dominion gives the evidence of continued prosperity. The increase during September, as compared with the September of 1892, is about a million dollars. The increase for the three months ending with September, and corresponding with the three months of last year, is over three millions. The expenditure has been very large, especially on capital account, \$515,000 having gone in canal improvements, and \$499,750 in railway subsidies, during the three months. And, best of all, there has been a decrease of the public debt. This decrease, during September, amounted to \$814,784.

The average elector will rejoice at this. It is when a country is prosperous, when its revenues are large, that it should meet its obligations, and it is one of the things a Canadian must regret that the public debt has not been disappearing more rapidly, that, on the contrary, during a long succession of years, and largely under conservative government, there were annual additions to it, and, in some instances, to the extent of millions of dollars. The idea in some minds is that Canada must be developed before it can become great, and that its greatness is facilitated by the expenditure of money upon public works. Public enterprise is to be commended. Without it a country like Canada must be stunted in its growth. But there is such a thing as going too fast. The piling up of a huge public debt is not desirable. It is not a benefit. It is something which falls upon posterity. It is a drag upon the people all the while. The interest upon it is enormous, and when paid out makes a serious hole in the treasury resources.

It is a good sign when even a beginning has been made upon the work of reducing the debt. Would that the experience of September could be repeated during every month of the financial year, or the balance of it, for then would liberalism in Canada get a boom that would do it good.

THE WISER COURSE.

The member for Lennox in the local legislature has resigned; rather he has consented to the voiding of his election in account of corrupt practices. The proceeding was brief. An agent of the respondent admitted that, in a moment of weakness, he had acted illegally by offering money, a small sum, in order to influence a voter. It had not been accepted, but the offence was committed just the same, and it was registered against the member. To admit this meant the saving of expense in conducting a trial which would reach the same result.

The assumption that there was great corruption, on the spread eagle language of the conservative critics, is without foundation. The fact that many things are alleged in the bill of particulars does not count for much. It will be remembered that the Kingston election petition was buttressed by two hundred and eighty-seven terrible charges, and yet for lack of evidence the case was dismissed. Granted that the Lennox bill of particulars was similarly imposing the truth may be that it represented only the finished work of a lively imagination.

The opening of Lennox gives the opportunity little gratification. It is the first success it has had since it undertook to crush the liberal government, the only glint of sunshine that has fallen across the pathway of weary political pilgrims. The man who will feel happier, for the moment, will be little Dr. Maccham, whose stature has even shrunk during the time he has been out in the cold, and the air for him has been chilly all summer. Perhaps he has an eye on the seat Mr. Aylesworth has just vacated, and which he formerly occupied, but he will have to be content with that. Lennox, in the last election, turned him down for good. He has had his day, and need not aspire to legislative honors again. Mr. Aylesworth, will, of course, be the liberal candidate, and he will be elected.

M. FAURE'S PRETENSIONS.

The president of the French republic has royal pretensions. He has been brought into contact with so many kings and emperors and princes that he is beginning to feel that he is a king or emperor too. At least his enemies allege, for every man has enemies, or persons who are envious of his success. But there is not much ground for the assertion.

M. Faure is a sensible man, and only lately, in talking with an American lady who had penetrated the Palace Elysee and talked with him, he dwelt with candour upon the circumstances of his rise in life. He did this in order to encourage other

boys and stimulate them to useful service. Other men had picked out certain responsible places, and worked towards them and made them the goal of their ambition. Not so with M. Faure. He did not have the presidency before his eyes. He simply laboured to improve himself, and to make himself fitted for any change which time might bring. He served as a lawyer, saving up his earnings until he was able to purchase an interest in his business, and finally the whole of it. Then, and only then, had he the leisure for the study he desired. From not being able to keep his books he developed intellectually until he could speak several languages and write them and do with almost any mathematical problem.

He was elected to the chamber of deputies, and, after serving in it for several terms, was elevated to the presidency, and has filled the office with great acceptability. "Too many men," said he, "have an idea that they are earning a place in the world if they give themselves enough to eat, but they make a great mistake. It is the duty of every man to make the most of himself, and we should never rest while we have strength to push along. Do you suppose that I shall retire and rest myself because I have been president? No indeed; I propose to work as long as I am able, serving myself and the world at the same time, for it is possible to do that, you know."

And M. Faure's adaptation of himself to circumstances, his performance of the things, or some of them, that have usually been reserved for royalty have given rise to curious criticism. He is accused of posing as a king and entertaining kingly ambitions. Judging the man by his record there is nothing in the imputation. He knows that France has had enough of men who ruled by divine right, who misused the power they possessed to gratify their personal whims at the expense of the people. It took time and revolution and sacrifice to evolve the government of today, the government which is subject to public opinion and can continue only so long as it is in harmony therewith. Suppose he has become intimate with the crowned heads of Europe, and carried himself imperiously in the strange and aristocratic company. It only shows that the man is true to his policy of widening the sphere of his influence and usefulness. Ho may, at the same time, provoke those who have a horror of imperialism as it was demonstrated before the republic, but the chances are that he will strengthen himself in the esteem of the people, and that, being re-elected, he will continue the rule that has been so beneficial, so far as he is concerned, for the French republic.

TUESDAY TOPICS.

Hamilton is concerned about the question, Shall we pay our aldermen an indemnity? Toronto has its rewards for the men who heat themselves in the public interest. Does it secure the city a better service? Pause and think.

An aldermanic indemnity would have the effect of bringing out as candidates some men who wanted the money connected with the office rather than the worry of it. Toronto has it. Hamilton wants it, Kingston has no need of it.

It is not true that Mr. Haycock is going to Austria to aid the agrarians, the farming party, by his eloquence. But all the same if he had the patron he would make a commotion in the land. A campaigner Mr. Haycock has made his mark.

The agrarians of Austria, (compared with the patrons of Canada), are making a lot of trouble. They demand the independence of Hungary and several small states. Will they succeed? Hardly. But on the whole they are very bold, and are reaching for the emperor's whiskers.

There never was so much talk about anything as about the illegalities of the prohibition vote. As gossip goes the returning officers opened the doors of the polls to everything that the law condemns. Does anyone believe that? Wrong were no doubt committed, but under some disguise.

Death Of Mrs. A. H. St. Germain. A very wide circle of warm friends will learn with sincere regret of the death of Mrs. A. H. St. Germain, who passed away at her home in North Toronto on Saturday after a comparatively brief illness. As was well known, Mrs. St. Germain had enjoyed remarkably good health all her long life, never having been ill for a single day. About two weeks ago, however, acute peritonitis set in and she failed to rally from its effects. The deceased lady, who was in her second year, had lived in Toronto since her marriage in 1853. She was born at Castle Cornet, Kilkenny, Ireland, and was the daughter of Thomas Costen, who, when she was only four years of age, emigrated to Canada and afterwards became deputy warden of the penitentiary at Kingston. Her mother is Thomas Costen, of the firm of Thomas Costen & Co., Montreal. She married Mr. St. Germain over forty-five years ago, and her children, a son and a daughter, passed away before her. During her long residence in the city and in North Toronto Mrs. St. Germain became very generally known and loved for her many estimable qualities.

In A Fight Place.

A Horace writing in the Kingston Whig asks: "Is it dressing in modest apparel to have three yards of cloth in a sleeve when a yard will answer the same purpose?" Is it not a waste of the Lord's money? "And if you please, Mr. Horner, isn't it a waste of the Lord's money to wear pants that take three yards of cloth when by making them skin tight you can get along on one and a half yards?"

Cough Stoppers.

For coughs, colds, bronchitis, hoarseness and all other throat troubles. 10c. at McLeod's drug store.

Must not be confounded with common cathartic or purgative pills. Carter's Little Liver Pills are unlike them in every respect. One trial will prove their superiority.

ASHORE IN THE RAPIDS.

The Big Steamer Aragon Grounds In A Dangerous Place.

For the past two days the Dannelly salvage and wrecking company has been waiting for a change of wind to raise the water in the Coteau Landing to assist in taking the steamer Aragon down safely. Last evening the wind lulled and at once the tug Rival started down the rapids. John Dannelly, jr., in charge. The tow passed the Cedar rapids and the dreaded Split Rock rapids in safety and under the skillful pilotage of George Haines, was rapidly passing through Cascades rapids when the large steamer took a sheer and, before the tug could check her, struck and stranded at Cascades Point. The tug Rival rounded alongside the stranded vessel and it was found that the latter had run out six inches at the bow. The tug Galoisia, with Capt. John Dannelly, sr., on board, was just behind with the barge Becker in tow, and as soon as Capt. Dannelly noticed the stranded steamer he ordered the Chief-stain to round to, which she safely did along Coteau de Lac wharf. To-day the two tugs working at the stranded vessel, New members of the Dannelly firm say she will be in safety before night. This steamer is as large as the steamer Rosemount, and nothing like such dangerous work has ever been attempted before.

Forced To Settle Her.

To-day saw one of the fiercest gales which swept the harbor this season. About midnight the wind veered around from the east, and came out of the south with increasing velocity. In a short time it had risen to a gale, which lashed the waters of the lake and harbor into a tempestuous sea. The harbor presented a white scene at daylight this morning, the white crested waves rushing pell-mell in a wild race, and dashing against the wharves, threw their spray high in the air, which, being caught by the wind, was carried for some distance in drizzling clouds. It was a wild night on the lake for several hours. The schooner Kate and W. J. Saffell, bound for Osgoode, were obliged to run back to the shelter of Four Mile point, where they could ride out the gale in perfect safety. The steamer Bohemia and consort Valencia, from Charlotte to Prescott with coal, were caught out in mid-lake, and experienced an exciting trip across. The sea caught them on the starboard quarter and tossed both boats about like cork, rolling across the decks at intervals. They weathered the gale well and rounded the point this morning. The schooner Eliza Fisher, captained by John W. Fisher, yesterday, as her bills of lading reached the city by mail this morning. No signs of her were to be had to-day, and if she left Charlotte yesterday, her experience on the storm-tossed lake was by no means an enviable one. The schooner Fabiola had a rough batch at the water works wharf during the night, as she had struck her keel on the wharf, and she had to be towed to the wharf to prevent further damage to the government tug St. Fran. It was secured to her to her to one of the M. T. company's slips, where she could not affect her. The most serious damage done, as far as can be ascertained, was to the schooner S. H. Burton, which discharged her cargo of coal at the Kingston hosiery mill wharf yesterday. Instead of pulling out to an anchorage after unloading, the captain allowed the schooner to remain at the wharf, which is exposed to the gale. She pounded so heavily that her starboard side was crushed in, and to save her from further damage it was necessary to scuttle her.

In Wetland Canal.

PORT COLBERT, Oct. 10. - Schooner Dan, Toledo to Kingston, timber; steamer Niagara, ReBy to Toronto, lumber; barges Ritter and Melvina, Detroit to New York; Brown, Wall, Camden, Cleveland to New York; steamer Rogue, Chicago to Prescott, corn.

Marine Items.

The schooner Anandale cleared for Charlotte yesterday. The ship Dandy, with oats from Gananoque, was unloaded at Richardson's elevator to-day. At Richardson's elevator to-day cars were loaded with 20,000 bushels of wheat for eastern points. The first and largest Venetian steamer had a rough trip to-day. The latter went around the foot of the island. The ship Madcap arrived from Wolfe Island last night and discharged 1,500 bushels of oats at Richardson's elevator. The steamer Bohemia, from Charlotte with coal, dropped her consort Valencia at Garden Island this morning, and proceeded to Prescott. During the year ended June 30th, 1893, there were 10,000 tons of goods and merchandise in the United States 332 net vessels of 180,438 gross tons, compared with 991 vessels of 232,233 gross tons in the preceding fiscal year.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.

Examination Of Witnesses In The Case Against Young Man Horn. The young man Horn, charged with obtaining money from Rev. W. Short under false pretences, was arraigned at the police court this morning. He was represented by A. B. Cunningham and pleaded "not guilty," electing to be tried by a jury. Examination of witnesses was proceeded with.

Rev. W. Short gave evidence, being examined by J. L. Whiting. Prisoner came to him on Thursday last, representing himself to be an agent for the Canadian savings loan and trust society. Witness took ten shares at \$100 each that day, and on the day following paid premium of \$50 in cash and gave him a cheque on the Ontario bank for \$250. Would not have given prisoner the money had witness known he was not an agent of the company. Suspicion was first aroused upon seeing prisoner under the influence of liquor the next morning. Telegraphed the general manager, J. P. Hamby, Toronto, and learned that Horn was not connected with the company; had been discharged two months ago.

T. J. Wright, superintendent of agencies for the company, knew prisoner, who ceased to be an agent of the company in July last. Difficulty arose over a collection made by prisoner at Lindsay from a man named Flood. No account of the collection was made to the head office. Witness was present at the head office when Flood complained and produced receipts given by Horn. Horn was thereupon discharged by the general manager. Witness produced a letter received from a general manager the morning, touching upon Horn's discharge. The police magistrate said he had been given to understand that Horn had \$250 in his possession when arrested. Horn was committed for trial by jury at the first court of competent jurisdiction.

Mrs. G. Howell, Dana, Ont., says: I find Miller's Worm Powders a good medicine. Sold by all druggists.

Rev. Mr. Brown will represent Princess street Methodist church christian endeavorers at the Hamilton convention.

THE END AT LAST.

The Rival Teams Drop Out of the Ontario Football Union.

For upwards of two years trouble has been brewing in the ranks of the Ontario rugby football union. Various happenings have occurred to widen instead of closing the breach between the executive and the different teams. Too much criticism was practised for one thing, and the fact that it was impossible for a team to secure justice, unless it had a big pull with the executive, was also another ground for complaint. Besides the executive was bossed by a number of wire pullers, who ran things to suit themselves, and actual footballists had little or no say in affairs of the union in the interests of which they were deeply concerned. Fully eighty per cent. of those who composed the executive committee have no experience in a football match, and naturally the footballists rebelled at being ordered about by those men who constructed rules to please their own fancy and suit their own interests.

Rather than submit to the dictates of such a faction the college clubs, with the exception of Osgoode hall, dropped out, and in conjunction with McGill, formed a strong and popular union amongst themselves. This was the beginning of the end, and on Saturday the crash came. Representatives from the four big remaining clubs in the union, Ottawa city, Hamilton Tigers, Argonauts and Osgoode, met by pro arrangement at the Walker house, Toronto, and adopted a resolution severing themselves from the O.R.F.U. and deciding to form one of their own, yet to be named. The action of the union in deciding to retain one fifth of all gate receipts was given as an excuse for the action of the players, but there are other grievances underlying the decision.

The senior match played on Saturday was only exhibition event. There was some trouble between the union and the Brockville and Gananoque clubs over the appointment of a referee for Saturday's match. In this case the same despotism was exhibited on the part of the executive.

CALLED FOR CRITICISMS.

Unsatisfactory Condition Of Barrack Accommodation In Canada.

Attention is called in England by several correspondents to the wretched manner in which the English troops are housed, inferior to the meanest workhouse. These same remarks, said Dr. R. T. Walker yesterday, are applicable to the accommodation given the soldiers in this country. The arrangements made for housing and supplying soldiers and officers are of the crudest kind. The old-fashioned system of lighting, heating, etc., is adhered to and is in marked contrast to the American system. Dr. Walker recently visited Fort Wayne, near Detroit, and found that the quarters of the soldiers were exceedingly comfortable, equipped with wire beds, which were bright and well lighted. Splendid sanitary arrangements were attached to the barracks, and the food provided was very good. The old Post barracks have been particularly condemned over and over again for the unsanitary condition, and this trouble will be aggravated by the extension of the Montreal transportation company's wharf, as the water inside the outer line of the wharf will become almost stagnant and is sure to produce unhealthy conditions. The board of health long ago called attention to the necessity of having a flow of water close to the shore, which can be done by compelling wharf owners to have a space between the wharves and the shore open for that purpose.

Gleaner's Gleanings.

GLENBURIE, Oct. 8. - Farmers are gathering in potatoes, etc. To-day one of our most enterprising farmers, has been successful in carrying off several prizes at Harrowmouth and Caranquah fairs. Joseph Craig, recently of Yonkers, N.Y., is spending a few days at home. He leaves shortly to join his brother in Kewar, Rainy River district. R. Stones, Portmouth, is engaged in making improvements on A. Mcintosh's residence. Mrs. J. McKendry has been attending her sister, Mrs. A. Sharp, Mount Chenevix, seriously ill with pneumonia. Our cheese-maker, D. Hay, is producing an excellent quality of cheese and giving general satisfaction. M. Short has returned to college. Rev. Currie occupied the pulpit Sunday in the absence of the pastor, Rev. Laird. Mr. Bell, representing the Home knowledge and supply association, canvassed this section one day during the week.

Florida Fancies.

FLORIDA, Oct. 7. - Digging potatoes is the order of the day. Mrs. H. Walker has moved to Westbrook to spend the winter with her daughter, Mrs. A. Asselstine. J. Martin has arrived to live the remainder of his days with his daughter, Mrs. J. P. Peters. Visitors: Mrs. L. Gallagher, Wilton; Miss M. Paterson, Harrowmouth; J. N. Malme and wife, Inverary.

Cough Stoppers.

For coughs, colds, bronchitis, hoarseness and all other throat troubles. 10c at McLeod's drug store.

Have no equal as a prompt and positive cure for sick headache, biliousness, constipation, pain in the side and all liver troubles. Carter's Little Liver Pills. Try them.

Technical Art Instruction.

STUDENTS RECEIVED PRIVATELY OR IN CLASS, INSTRUCTION IN ENGLISH, DRAWING, Landscape Sketching and Painting in Oil and Water, French, German and Applied Arts (Designs, Block and White) Drawing of Books (Illustration), by F. H. HAWLEY, B.A., R.C.A. (late member of the Royal Canadian Academy of Arts) and the principal and practical art in the technique of the English and French schools, will be carefully taught, and examples from his pencil and brush will be given to each student. Forshaw Day has for a number of years represented Canada at all the great international exhibitions, receiving medals and distinctions both from the press and the highest prize in 1884 from the eminent art critic of Paris, Ernest Hebert. Also has had many distinguished pupils, several of whom are artists. Day and Evening Classes and Private Students at usual fees. Portraits in Oil from the Life, and miniatures in Tempera. Address: 124 Queen Street, Kingston.

Dollars and Dimes

Count up in buying Paints and Hardware. \$1.00 We make it an object to you to come to us every time. 10 90

CORBETT'S HARDWARE.

Cor. Princess and Wellington Streets.

WANTED--YOUR NAME and address. Write to the Manager, "Inventions Wanted," P.O. Box 100, All Free, Market & Queen Streets, Kingston, Ontario.

The Stopping Man.

—May be short or tall, but his curving back requires the loose-fitting Sack coat, full and wide at nape of neck, but rolling high and short over chest, which should thus be accented to offset back.

The special shape of "Fit reform" Sack suit, made for such men, is cut longer in front, so as to seem of even length at bottom, when worn, concealing the chest more prominent to the eye, thus producing the effect of more erect appearance.

Quiet colorings, and indefinite patterns, should be chosen, stripes or plaids of conspicuous design being carefully avoided. Close-fitting coats as "Morning," "Shooting," or "Frock" are undesirable, as they reveal broadly the curving back, by following too closely the waist line.



Nearest Agencies—D. W. DOWNEY, Brockville, THE KENNEDY CO., Limited, Montreal.

There Is a Reason For Everything.



The reason for these special prices is, miscalculation brought on by warm weather. Fall buying has been postponed. We expected that these goods would have been sold during September and to make room for other lines coming in and waiting to be opened, we quote these special prices for this week. No need to say more except that goods are reliable in quality, money back if they are not.

- 16 in. Crash Towelling at 5c yard. 20 in. Crash Towelling at 7c yard. 18 in. Bleached Linen Huck Towelling 10c yard. 58 in. Bleached Table Linen at 40c yard. 68 in. Bleached Table Linen at 50c yard. 70 in. Bleached Table Linen at 60c yard. 40 in. Unbleached Table Linen at 18c yard. 50 in. Unbleached Table Linen at 20c yard. 60 in. Unbleached Table Linen at 25c and 30c yard. 68 in. Unbleached Table Linen at 45c yard. 70 in. Unbleached Table Linen at 50c yard. Lot of odd lines in Table Napkins 50c dozen. 3 1/2 size Table Napkins at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2, \$2.50 dozen. 5 1/2 size Table Napkins at \$2.50 dozen. Best Feather Ticking at 18c yard. Large White Quilts 75c each. Extra large White Quilts at 90c each. 40 in. Plain Pillow Cotton at 10c. 44 in. Plain Pillow Cotton at 14c. 46 in. Plain Pillow Cotton at 15c. 72 in. Unbleached Twill Sheeting 15c, 17c, 18c, 20c. 72 in. Unbleached Plain Sheeting 12c, 16c, 18c, 25c. 72 in. Bleached Sheeting Twill 2 1/2c yard. Stair Linens 10c and 12c yard. Hand Loom Linen Table Cloths \$6, \$7.50, \$8, \$10, \$12, \$13.50 each. Hand Loom Table Napkins \$3.50 \$5, \$8 dozen. Linen Towels 40c, 45c, 60c pair. 32 in. Stripes and Plain Flannelettes 5c yard. 38 in. Fancy Stripes Flannelettes 7c yard. 38 in. English Twill Flannelettes 10c yard. 72 in. Flannel Sheeting 55c yard. Blankets 60x74 in. at \$2.60, 68x84 in. at \$2.70, 62x82 in. at \$3 pair. Single Bed Comfortors at 50c, 75c and 90c. Double Bed Comfortors at \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2 each. Eider Down Comfortors at \$1.50 and \$5. Mantles for Women and Maids. Ulsters and Reefers for Children.

If you bought by advertisement you would likely buy one in each store, because then you would have the best and cheapest. Almost 100 Mantles were sold from our stock last week, and yet you would not miss them. Would we have sold so many if there was not something about them that appealed to a buyer's judgment? You are welcome to compare values.

Starr & Sutcliffe,

FORMERLY RICHMOND & CO.

118 and 120 Princess Street.

Every One Who Sees THE NEW Imperial Oxford

KITCHEN RANGE is delighted with its perfection in every detail—its special patented features that give it superiority over all other Stoves.

HAVE YOU SEEN IT? We want you to examine our IMPERIAL OXFORD and note its front draw out grate, its diffusive construction, its draw out oven rack, its oven thermometer and the many other improvements it offers to add to your comfort and convenience, and save time, labor and fuel. Then you will agree with us that the IMPERIAL OXFORD is the finest Stove made.

You can choose from many sizes and styles at the very lowest prices consistent with their honest worth.

THE GURNEY FOUNDRY CO., LIMITED, TORONTO.

SIMMONS BROS., - Kingston Agents.