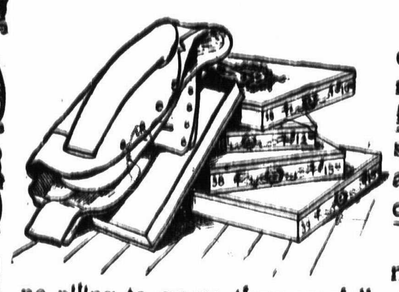
Unwrinkled and Flawless



Each suit or overcoat kept in a roomy box, after inspection of seams, buttons, and linings, by a critical Tailor.

No dust to soil, no light to fade, no piling to crease, these carefully made garments, for there's a reputation at stake in every box.

The makers' brand and price on satin label, (sewn in left breast pocket) is a responsible pledge to the Wearer of fit, service, and value.

$10, $12, $15, $18
$20 per suit.

Book—"The Logic of Dress" free for the asking.

FIT-REFORM CLOTHING

THIS BRAND WITH RETAIL PRICE STAMPED ON THE MARGIN OF EVERY GENUINE GARMENT

Nearest Agencies—D. W. DOWNEY, Brockville,
THE KENNEDY CO., Limited, Montreal.

Here Are Some of The Lines

You can buy at the Clearing of the TAYLOR & CO. STOCK, and only Ten Days to do it in. Saturday, July 23rd, is the last selling day.

Black Kid Gloves, sizes 5½, 6, 6½, regular 75c and $1, for 49c pair.
White and Creme Kid Gloves $1, for 60c.
Colored Silk Mitts 25c for 15c pair.
Women's Half Sleeve Vests 5c, 10c, 12½c each.
E. & T., D. & A. Corsets $1, $1.25, for 75c.
50c Corsets for 35c pair.
Child's Waists 25c for 18c.
Shirt Waists $1 and $1.25 for 75c.
Women's Black Cashmere Hose 20c for 15c pair.
Women's Tan Cotton Hose 20c for 12½c pair.
Black Satin Merve 50c for 25c yard.
Plaid Silks 45c for 33c yard.
Shot Silks, light colors, 65c for 25c.
Whip Cord Silks $1.25 for 50c yd.
Stripe Cravenette, 54 in. wide, $1 for 50c yard.
Ladies' Cloth, colored, 50 in. wide, 75c for 50c.
Black Serge, all wool, 20c yard.

Light shades in Cashmeres, 25c for 15c yard.
54 in. Dress Tweeds, 75c for 40c yd.
All Wool Plaids $1 for 50c yard.
25c Velveteens for 20c yard.
50c " 35c yard.
75c Plush, 22 in. wide, for 35c yd.
Lace Curtains 60c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 pair.
Boys' Knit Shirts 35c for 20c.
Men's Tweed Pants 99c pair.
Men's Linen and Celluloid Collars 15c for 5c.
Men's Black Kid Gloves $1 for 25c pair.
Colored Border Handkerchiefs 10c for 5c.
Men's Neckwear 20c and 25c for 12½c.
Men's White Cotton Night Shirts 50c for 37½c.
Men's Cardigan Jackets $2.50 for $1.50.
Men's Overalls 50c for 25c.
Men's Smocks $1 for 65c.

Only a limited quantity of each line. The time to act is now. The last selling day is July 23rd—the last chance to buy from the

TAYLOR & CO. STOCK.

Auction Sale of Condemned Militia Stores.

UNDER DIRECTION OF THE HONORABLE the Minister of Militia and Defence, Mr. J. L. Hayock, M.P.P., Auctioneer, will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 28th July instant, at the Militia Stores, Kingston, certain condemned Militia Stores, comprising a number of marquees, old belts, pouches, saddlery, clothing, barrack stores, and various other articles.

Captain Strange, Superintendent of Stores, will furnish any further information which may be required.

Articles purchased must be removed within twenty-four hours after the sale.

Sale at 11 o'clock. Terms cash.

D. A. MACDONALD, Lt.-Col.,
Chief Supt. of Stores.

Department of Militia and Defence,
Ottawa, 12th July, 1898.

MORE BARGAINS.

Having recently purchased the greater portion of the stock of Fogarty Bros., of Montreal, one of the largest manufacturers of Boots and Shoes in Canada, at a very low figure, I am now in a position to offer to the public the greatest bargains in these lines ever offered in Kingston. Now is your time to take advantage. I have also great bargains in Ready-Made Clothing and Gent's Furnishings, Etc.

L. ABRAMSON,
232 Princess Street, next Carson's Wholesale.

A $30,000 Blaze.

GEORGETTE, Que., July 15.—Georgeville suffered about $30,000 loss by fire early this morning. At 2 a.m. fire broke out from a lamp explosion in the hotel Elephantis, a well-known summer resort owned by N. A. Beach. The guests and tenants had barely time to save their lives, and all lost nearly everything. The fire spread to the large Camperdown hotel opposite, and in a few minutes that great building was enveloped in flames. It was uncocupied, save by the caretaker's family. The wind blew a gale from the west, and despite the efforts of the local fire brigade W. N. Ives, grocery; Miss E. Chamberlains, millinery and dry goods; William Wright, tailor shop and residence; Charles Barbank, blacksmith, and several other buildings were burned.

Day For The Funeral.

THREE RIVERS, Que., July 15.—The body of the late bishop Laflèche lies in the chapel of his palace, from whence it will be removed to the cathedral Monday, awaiting interment, which will take place on Tuesday next. Most of the Catholic bishops of the province have signified their intention to be present at the ceremonies. Flags are flying at half mast, and the windows of the dry goods stores are draped in black and yellow.

Sugar Combine Formed.

PARIS, July 15.—A correspondent learns from good authority that the famous sugar refineries of Meaux, Say will be taken over by a limited liability company on July 23rd. The company will have a capital of 35,000,000 francs.

THE WOMEN OF AMERICA.

Nowhere, Says Max O'Rell, Are Women Shown More Deference.

London Times.

Max O'Rell gave on Monday afternoon the first of a series of "Humorous Comedy Causeries" at St. George's hall, Langham place. In his various books Max O'Rell has shown himself an acute observer of the social life and domestic peculiarities of the people of this island, our American cousins, and our colonists, and the entertainment of yesterday was an amusing transcript from his observations and experiences, and furnished food for comparative reflection on the characteristics of French people and those who on this or the other side of the ocean speak the English tongue. Opening with the observation that there are two nations in the world among whom the men are always in leading strings—viz., France and the United States—he illustrates in a striking way the different methods and the widely divergent results of feminine supremacy in the two countries. In France, by marriage a woman gained her liberty; in America she retained it; in these islands she sometimes lost it. But no woman understood the politics of matrimony like the French wife. She was by the French lawyer husband's partner in business; she kept his books, she invested his savings. Thus it was that wealth and happiness were so equally distributed in France—for women are no speculators—and that marriage was the beginning, not (as in the English novel and too often in English life) the end of courtship. In America the women had a natural charm and freedom which were elsewhere unknown. The beads of sweat on the overworked husband's brow were crystallized into diamonds for his brilliant and beautiful wife. Nowhere were women in all classes treated with the deference and respect which were shown them in America. Brilliant, witty, highly educated as they were, the women of America were too wise to forego, as the learned women of England were apt to do, the graces and allurements of their sex. He was bound, however, to admit that he had never known an American woman manifest gratitude for all the courtesy and self sacrifice which were paid her by the other sex. The main cause of the domineering portion of women in America was, he thought, the common education in her schools of all grades for the universities. Sitting side by side in the class-room, the girls were soon able to take the measure of their male competitors, and they surpassed them in the winning of distinctions. It was strange to observe that at every prize-giving in a girls' school the pupils were exhorted to train themselves to become good wives and mothers; but he never heard the duty impressed on boys of becoming decent husbands and tolerable fathers.

Four hundred men are out of work as a result of the strike of the employees of the Multinomah iron company and the Kerr engine company at Walkerville.

THE DAILY WHIG.

"Optifer per Orbem Dicor."

PARALLEL CASES SURELY.

Mr. Hardy, in addressing his memorandum to the lieutenant-governor for the calling of the legislature, pointed out that it was important to define the status of crown officers, and constables especially, in order that a doubtful point of the election laws might be settled. He pointed out that for thirty years constables had voted without any thought that they were committing an illegal act, and now that their votes have been attacked, that their service was regarded as having a disqualifying effect upon their citizenship, it was necessary to deal with the matter.

Mr. Hardy detailed the proceedings he had taken in order to get a ruling upon this point by the court of appeals, and to avoid the expense of a scrutiny of votes in all the constituencies in which the conservatives had attacked the constables' votes. Failing in these efforts he had called the legislature.

A precedent is quoted, one established by the man who, in his day, was regarded by his party, as politically infallible, namely, Sir John Macdonald, in 1887. The Toronto News refuses to be guided by it. Why? Sir John, it says, had a larger majority of members behind him than Mr. Hardy has. What has that to do with the issue? Sir John Macdonald realized that a strange interpretation was given to the law of the time, that the deputy returning officers and poll clerks would be disfranchised if a current contention prevailed, that a large number of seats might be affected, and he called the commons, and had it add to the election law a clause which settled the law beyond dispute.

Sir John Macdonald, in acting as he did, displayed his wisdom, foresight and sagacity. Mr. Hardy, in following his example (in conservative opinion), is showing that he is "a desperate man," given to "a high handed piece of business," and aiming at "the crowning act of a corrupt government." St. John and Marter and McGuffin are frantic. A crisis is on. The world is going to the bad.

DOMESTIC SCIENCE.

The board of education has disappointed a good many persons by its premature report upon the question of domestic science. The matter was laid before it through the woman's council, and the presumption was that it would be considered in all its details. At a late meeting of the committee on school management the secretary was directed to write to various persons and places for information upon the subject, and this information had not come to hand, (but one letter), when the committee met again and adopted the resolution which it reported to the board meeting last evening. Subsequently, some of the text books asked for arrived.

Then why the haste in acting? Some member or members of the woman's council, with mistaken zeal, urged an immediate decision, so far as the committee is concerned. The committee should not have been forced into this position, should not have allowed anyone to divert it from its purpose to look into the subject of domestic science in all its bearings. If the ladies could not wait until the committee did this their course was plain. They could advise the Y. W. C. A., having the grant from the Lancasterian board, to experiment on its own account, and with the means at its disposal. But there was no occasion for impetuosity on the part of anyone. The old adage, the more hurry the less speed, has been demonstrated in this case. It is a business issue, and should be considered in a careful, business way, and when the books and facts asked for have come to hand. Every trustee knows, or ought to know, what domestic science is in theory; what he wants to know is how it can be introduced in connection with the schools, effectively, economically, and without a disturbance of class work.

The committee advances, as reasons for not now dealing with the question, the crowded condition of the schools and the expense it has incurred in connection with manual training, in sewing and wood carving. The crowding will go on—it is a contingency of the time, and a contingency that is bound to remain—and also the manual training and its expense. Therefore, domestic science cannot be taken up. But it is said that the resolution of the committee is of a "tentative" character, that the adoption of it will not prevent the committee, notwithstanding the crowding of the classes and the incidental expense of manual training, from resuming the consideration of it at any time. Perhaps the women's council, and those for whom they speak, will be satisfied with this proceeding of the board of education, but it is not what they expected. There is a demand for domestic science, for the teaching of it, properly and efficiently, and that demand must somehow be supplied.

Let the discussion on the subject go on, educationally, and in time, and it may be ere long, the women's council may see their cherished ideas put into practice. Some of our educationists are approaching domestic science as they approached the sewing question, but persistency in regard to the sewing triumphed, and the school board to-day is very proud of what it has accomplished in this respect.

EDITORIAL THOUGHTS.

The German physicians, fifteen thousand of them, at a great convention held at Wiesbaden, have declared against the licensing of women to the practice of medicine. Is this a sign of Germany's decadence?

The Mail now has it that Mr. Hardy purposes to "coal" the legislature. The opposition will see the necessity of organizing themselves into a special police force in order to prevent this thing. But suppose Mr. Hardy could steal the legislature where would he take it? It is usually regarded as something which a man cannot carry around in his pants' pocket.

Listen to this! A Vancouver despatch reports that the crack gunner of the British forces at Esquimalt has been offered $150,000 to join the American navy. Oh, what guff! The Americans want gunners, perhaps, but not at such a price.

The women's council will have more influence educationally if they interest themselves in the elections next January and see that they are represented on the school board. But they should be elected to the board, and then they will feel that they express public opinion.

The medical council of Quebec has been remodelled. The doctors of the province mustered in force and turned the old heads out. Something of this sort may occur in Ontario if the council is not more careful. The legislature, at any rate, will see the wisdom of referring offences against the profession to the courts for trial. There is too much of the star chamber and inquisition about the medical council.

The efforts of the friends of Rev. Prof Workman to secure his return to the staff of Victoria university for the approaching term have for the time being failed. Friends of the popular and gifted professor state that, for the present, nothing can be done, "owing to the attitude of two or three very prominent Methodists." How humiliating! Justice sacrificed for expediency! If the men who have the selection of college professors in hand have to bow before the "prominent Methodists," then the sooner the church knows it the better. But this is not the first instance that church officials have knelt before the golden calf and allowed the character and reputation of men to suffer rather than do justice and fear not.

MURDERED IN MADAGASCAR.

William Walmsley, Jr., Meets Death At The Hands Of Insurgents.

Picton Gazette.

William Walmsley, Waupoos, has been greatly agitated during the past two years as to the whereabouts of his son, William. A few days ago, in response to enquiries, he received a lengthy letter from F. N. Turger, acting British vice consul at Antananarivo, island of Madagascar, dated May 16th, 1898, conveying the sad intelligence that his son, with three other prospectors, were brutally murdered by natives of Imerina, the central province of Madagascar. The four prospectors—Sidney Geipel, D. McPhaden, William Walmsley and Lee Cameron—were employed by one John G. E. Track, a merchant, to go on a prospecting tour, who furnished them with a mining outfit and supplies. They were warned by their employer against then starting upon what might prove to be a perilous journey, as it was known that the province was in revolt, and there was danger of them being murdered. Contrary to the advice given by their employers and friends, the party left Antananarivo one Sunday, either at the end of June or beginning of July, 1896. The above is gleaned from the letter received by Mr. Walmsley, which proceeds "The party never returned, and it was generally accepted that the unfortunate men had been murdered by the insurgents; but it was not until a few days ago that I was able to get official information from the French government. About a month ago I made strong representations to the governor-general, with the result a searching inquiry has been made. It appears that the party reached a large village called Imerimandroso, two or three days' journey from here (Antananarivo), and camped there for the night. In the morning they were attacked by the native governor of the place, and were killed by gun shots and spears. Two were killed in the village in the house of a Hova soldier, and the others outside the village. They defended themselves bravely, and although being armed with the old fashioned Schneider rifles and revolvers, wounded four Malagasy. The three mules were also killed, and the baggage pillaged. The information was given by the perpetrator of the infamous deed, Rabemolar, the afore-mentioned governor, who stated that the unfortunate men were murdered by order of the Malagasy government, which at that time had not been deposed by the French authorities. The said Rabemolar is now under arrest, and it will be my duty to see that he is prosecuted to the utmost rigor of the law.

"Hova soldiers, who were sent by the governor general to investigate, found on arrival the village abandoned by the inhabitants, but discovered the corpse of a white man, unrecognizable, which was carefully wrapped in mats and taken to Tananarivo, where it was interred, but no traces of the other bodies were found. The searching party could not prolong the search.

"The government are now making diligent search for the remains of our ill-fated countrymen, and if they are successful a christian burial shall be given them, and the sacred rites of the church performed, as soon as further particulars are to hand legally establishing the deaths."

Although the tidings received are of a melancholy nature, and entitle Mr. Walmsley and family to the sympathy of the community, their feeling of anxiety is necessarily greatly relieved at the assurance that his actual fate has at length been learned.

Benevolence To Tramps.

(Correspondence of Westminster, London.)

The tramp nuisance around our fair city, London, Ont., has become intolerable, and should be dealt with in a more summary manner than that which has been in vogue for a few years. Tramps have been too well treated by our kind and hospitable christian people. There has been a great deal of mawkish speech indulged in by people who flaunt their ideas of love and charity in the face of a susceptible public. In consequence this worthless and vagabond class had asserted itself in very undue measure during the past few years, with the result that serious outrages and murders have been frequent. Let the Salvation army, ministers and christian workers generally, show love, but, in the name of justice and common sense, let the law be used for the protection of the upright citizen, rather than as a shield to the hoodlums who should be summarily disposed of.

Dr. Dechesnean, warden of the St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary, leaves to-night for Caledonia Springs to enjoy the scenery and the baths for a few days. He called on various Kingstonians to-day, and also visited the Whig office.

Mrs. E. Gualtier Perrin is summering at Maple Grove, the farm residence of her brother, J. D. Ferguson, Fredericksburg.

WELLINGTON WAFTS.

A Large Batch of News From That Lively Village.

Wellington, July 13.—Stanley Chadsley, Gananoque, is home for his vacation. Miss Beatrice Roirdon, for some months in Quebec teaching, is home. Mr. and Mrs. C. Lyons, Belleville, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Fitzgerald. Messrs. Drummond, of the Bank of Montreal, Picton, Baker and McAuly, were in town this week. Anthony Haight's barn, damaged by the recent storm, is again securely placed upon its wall. Mr. Baker has commenced repairing his dock. Mr. Gordon, Picton, injured by a horse-shoe nail running in his hand, had a narrow escape from blood poisoning. Mr. Cornell, of Jerome B. Rice & Co., Cambridge, N.Y., was here inspecting the pea crop. W. P. Niles accompanied him on a trip to Frankford, Wooler and other towns. Miss Maggie Roy, Peterboro, is spending the summer with Mrs. W. P. Niles. A. C. Dorland is visiting Whitby and Port Hope this week in the interest of W. P. Niles.

Mrs. W. W. Near, Montreal, visiting her parents for a couple of weeks, returned on Friday. Mrs. Lamb, an old and respected citizen, sustained injuries from a fall last week which have confined her to her room. Mr. and Mrs. William Jinks, Trenton, were visiting friends here this week. Wellington Williams, Utica, N.Y., book agent, is canvassing about here. Henry Dunning is still confined to the house. Frederick Harris, Chicago, is visiting friends and relations here. A petition is being circulated for the purpose of procuring a street sprinkler. Frederick Ackerman's drug store is being rapidly erected by W. W. Fitzgerald. Seran Johnson and daughter, Mrs. Talket, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Garratt Harris Wednesday. Peter McLean was in town on Thursday. Richard Hadden, Picton, was in town on Friday. Miss Lillian Hadden and Miss Lake, Picton, wheeled here from Twelve O'clock point on Thursday afternoon, and after a short rest proceeded to Picton.

William Head, Milford, was renewing acquaintances here this week. The quicksands at the Murray canal are beginning to fill in in some places which has made navigation somewhat difficult lately. Miss Pearle Werden accompanied her aunt, Miss Armstrong, to Campbellford to visit her mother. Mr. and Mrs. James Munns, Burrie, and Norma Clark, arrived on Saturday and will spend a few weeks with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Clarke. Roy Mr Harris, Bloomfield, exchanged pulpits with Roy J. C. Bell of this place. The Friends' annual picnic, both of Bloomfield and Wellington, was held at the Sand Banks on Tuesday last. A large number attended. A very lively game of ball was played here on Saturday between the married men and the young Professionals, which resulted again in the defeat of the latter by three runs.

Mrs. (Dr.) Garratt and son, Toronto, are the guests of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Garratt. Miss Minnie Pettingill Port Huron, Mich., is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Pettingill. Capt. James Savage arrived on Friday from Charlotte. Prof. J. E. Clark is still making wonderful cures in stammering. Dr. and Mrs. Platt were in town on Sunday. Gurney Bidford, late of Japan, was in town on Monday. Mrs. Betsy Harris, an old and respected citizen, wife of the late William Harris, aged eighty-four years, who has for some weeks been ailing, departed this life on Friday. The funeral took place at Bloomfield on Sunday at the Universalist church. The preaching service was conducted by Rev. Mr. Smith, Picton.

LOMBARDY LYRICS.

Spent Dominion Day In Smith's Falls—Some Local Items.

Lombardy, July 11.—Farmers have commenced haying and an abundant crop is reported. Nearly every one from here took in the demonstration in Smith's Falls on July 1st, and were well pleased with the achievements of the day. The fireworks at night are reported the best ever seen in Smith's Falls. Mrs. A. Stilwell and children, Smith's Falls, visited at William Kirkpatrick's last week. Richard Nichols has left our village and gone in the vicinity of Toledo to take up the occupation of farming for a number of weeks. Rev. N. R. Toppings and wife recently took a trip to Lansdowne to visit relatives. Miss Marie Docker is spending a few weeks with her relatives at Westport.

Miss Annie Docker, after spending some time in Montreal, has returned home. Series of revival meetings are being held in the tent which is pitched in William Gardiner's grove, two miles from here. Messrs Moag and Culver are the conductors. They draw good crowds and some evening meetings are held. Kinch E. Redmond, New York, was recently the guest of his brother-in-law, E. R. Bellamy. William Cavell and wife was the guests of R. P. Everatt on Sunday. Several of our villagers took in the excursion trip to the Burg last Monday. All report a pleasant time. Mrs. R. Bellamy Thomas Topping visited relatives in Newboro recently. Mrs. R. Bellamy visited relatives in Athens on Saturday and Sunday. She was accompanied home by her sister-in-law, Mrs. Kinch Redmond and daughter, New York.

No More Painful Corns.

If there is one thing more aggravating and annoying than another, it is a painful corn. Dr. Russell's Corn Cure has relieved more suffering humanity from this cause of annoyance than all other means combined. Bathe the foot in hot water each night and morning, then apply the Corn Cure for three nights as directed, then the corn can readily be taken out with the point of a knife, roots and all without the slightest pain. All druggists sell it. 25c.

The report of government analyst Ellis shows that paris green is fatal quantities was found in the stomach of Peter Blair, who died recently at Carleton Place.

Get the most For your Money

Not the greatest weight for that is not the proper way to estimate its value, it is the strength and flavor that determine it. What is called tea can be bought for a few cents per pound and yet it is expensive.

Ram Lal's Pure Indian Tea

has never been known as a "cheap" tea, yet it is economical because of its purity, flavor, and great strength. It will brew nearly double the number of good cups of tea that any other brand will. Cheap bulk teas not only lose their strength but the fine flavor is altogether wanting.

Ram Lal's Tea is a pure Indian Blend put up in sealed packets which retain all the strength, original delicate aroma and delicious flavor.

Here is a Snap

S. S. K.

in connection with our Semi-Annual Clearing Sale which will cause competitors to stand still and wonder how it is possible that such goods can be sold at such prices.

A WASH GOODS WONDER.

Dark Prints regular value 10c, for 5c yard.

Printed Batiste and Muslins regular value 20c, for 10c yard.

Yarn dyed Scotch Ginghams regular value 20c, for 8c yard.

All new goods just purchased for this sale. They will be picked up quickly.

Starr & Sutclifte,

FORMERLY RICHMOND & CO.

118 and 120 Princess Street.

EXCHANGE REMARKS.

We Have Heard Some.

Chicago Record.

Many a man who can talk beautiful English never says anything worth remembering.

Midsummer Manners In Belleville.

Belleville Sun.

If a Belleville man tells you a fish story these days just softly murmur in response the name of the present month.

Hard Times In The Professions.

Guelph Mercury.

The medical men may be consoled in the falling off in their remuneration by the thought that the baseball men all round are either losing their jobs or getting their salaries reduced. They are not the only profession "in the soup."

Cervera's Infatuation.

London Advertiser.

Cervera hints that the money intended for big guns for his ship went into the pocket of the chief of ordnance. It is noticeable that nearly every Spanish official acquires a competence. Perhaps this accounts for the incompetence of the rest of the crowd.

A Good Staying Color.

New York Tribune.

The fact is, Great Britain is holding her own and something more at every point. Her prospectors may not always make as much noise and show as more demonstrative people, but they have the good old Anglo-Saxon habit of "getting there all the same." The British red spreads steadily on the map of the world and wherever it spreads it sticks. That is true in Africa, from Cape to Delta, that is true in Asia and in the islands of the sea.

Fined For Kindness.

PETERBORO, Ont., July 13.—There are three hotel keepers in Peterboro who have very little faith in the promises made by the leading officials of the town as to the freedom which was to be extended to the members of the Canadian wheelmen's association. On the occasion of the provincial meet here on July 1st and 2nd the bicyclists arriving by train late at night wanted refreshments, and the hotel men gave them what they wanted. In the police court this morning the proprietor of the City, the Oriental and the Palace hotels were fined $20 and costs for helping the visitors out.

Substitution

the FRAUD of the day.

See you get Carter's,
Ask for Carter's,
Insist and demand
CARTER'S Little Liver Pills,
The only perfect Liver Pill
Take no other.
Even if
Solicited to do so.
Beware of imitations
of Same Color Wrapper,
RED.

Men Often Ask

How to keep cool. Our answer is wear an ENGLISH REGATTA SHIRT, as thin as tissue paper and strong as linen, worth $1 each, our sale price

48 Cents.

Headquarters for Men's Shirts and Collars.

Crumley Bros.

SATURDAY SHOPPERS

ATTEND

SUTHERLAND'S

BIG SHOE SALE