

SATURDAY and MONDAY

Millinery Sale in Full Swing.

Trimmed Millinery half price. Hats for 25c, were 50c to \$1.

Boys' Blouse Waists 25c. Women's Blouse, Waists 50c, 75c, \$1.

Print Sale Continues. Summer Capes half price. New Veilings, New Ribbons.

HARDY & CO



Wecan furnish you with A Fine Residence

A Choice Building Lot Very Cheap.

We loan money at a low rate on city property.

McCANN'S

Real Estate and Insurance Exchange.

883 King Street, Corner Brook Street

DO YOU LIKE

To make Home Comfortable? Begin by papering that room you spend most of your time in.

ROBINSON BROS.

Wall Paper Specialists, BAGOT STREET.

COOKED HAM.

The people say our Cooked Ham is superior to any in the city.

THOMAS H. JOHNS,

276 PRINCESS ST.

MODE BARGAINS

Having recently purchased the greater portion of the stock of Fogarty Bros., of Montreal.

L. ABRAMSON,

30 PRINCESS STREET, next Curran's Wholesale.

FOR SALE OR LEASE. WELLS CORNER KING AND BARRIE

LOCAL MEMORANDA

The Daily Note Book For Whig Readers To Post Themselves by.

Frontenac Cafe, open day and night. Don't forget Lake Ontario Park Monday.

Vaudeville company opens at Lake Ontario park this evening.

Creditors having claims against the estate of Annie Sullivan should deliver the same to W. H. Sullivan on or before Tuesday.

Pay your gas and electric accounts on or before the 15th and get the benefit of the discount.

MONSOON INDO CEYLON TEA. Guaranteed to Give Satisfaction.

WOMEN WHO SUCCEED

In making a good cup of tea always use "Monsoon." It gives results far and away better than any other.

GRAND JULY OPENING, LAKE ONTARIO PARK,

MONDAY, 11th INST.

Under entirely new management, who have spared neither time nor expense in procuring one of the strongest VAUDEVILLE COMEDY TRUUPS.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY

Special Notice to Kingston Members.

ALL CITIZENS WHO ATTENDED THE meeting at Harrowsmith in January last.

To Contractors and Builders.

TENDERS WANTED FOR THE BUILDING of a Brick Vesper Church in Sharnot Lake Village.

A WOULD-BE PRIVATEER.

Spanish Attempt to Seize Vessels Returning From The Klondyke.

VANCOUVER, B.C., July 11.—The evidence is now convincing that the rumor of an attempt on the Klondyke gold fleet by a private Spanish privateer is not from being a fable, as it was characterized, is a truth of the most startling and deadly nature.

When Emanuel de Cruza, as he was locally announced, first came to British Columbia, heralded by a Spanish diplomat with extraordinary powers, it was supposed that his mission had to deal solely with the alleged furnishing of coal to United States depots by British Columbia colliers.

It is now known that, however, that an even more sinister design furnished the object of his visit, and that the hard won millions of the Klondyke argonauts was the glittering bait which lured him to this shore.

A vessel, a captain and a crew, all absolutely necessary to a scheme of this nature, could not be secured in a small port like this, even by the most astute of Spanish diplomats, without some indication of the more gradually leaking out.

The enormous prices offered for a competent pilot first attracted attention. The indignant refusal of the man considered most competent to furnish the expedition, was the weakest spot in the well-laid plans and soon after the entire details have come to light.

Capt. S. S. Scott, whose record for dash and daring is second to none in the Pacific ocean, was first approached with a most tempting offer. This included many thousands of dollars in advance money, a liberal share of the spoils and an estate and title of nobility in Spain upon the successful accomplishment of the privatizing design.

This Capt. Scott positively and indignantly disbelieved, but others were less scrupulous, and to day the swift trowelled Emanuel, of some 1,600 tons, is supposed to be waiting up the coast for a pilot, whom, it is positively stated on an impeccable authority, has, for the sum of \$5,000, agreed to guide the privateer on her voyage after her treasures.

The first man to give credence to this matter was A. W. H. McGowan, a steamboat agent, who states that Ouf Westerlund, a pilot whom he engaged on his steamer, stated that he had been offered \$8,000 cash to pilot a Spanish steamer through the Queen Charlotte islands for six weeks and he had refused. Mr. McGowan notified the American consuls at Vancouver and Victoria and the matter was investigated, but it was not until it had gone into by your correspondent that the true facts of the case came to light.

McGowan reiterates his statements, while public curiosity should be given to them. The report that a Spanish privateer is hanging around British Columbia looking for United States boats is denied by the pilot who, according to the rumor, received an offer of a position on board the vessel.

Reaching A Clump. New York, July 11.—A special to the Evening Post from London says: The South Wales coal strike which has gone so far toward paralyzing English commerce and naval strategy on the high seas is at last reaching a close.

On Friday, the Kingston gun club, a new organization, shot at Ontario driving park with these scores: Theobald, 21; Watson, 21; Blyth, 21; Wilkesbarre, 20; Johnston, 18.

SANTIAGO ATTACKED!

The Bombardment Began on Sunday Afternoon.

SPANIARDS OPENED FIRE.

BOTH ARMIES ENTRENCHED IN STRONG POSITIONS.

Spaniards Have Been Further Reinforced By Troops From Manila.—It Will Be Made a House to House and Street to Street Fight.—Some of Sampson's Ships May Enter the Harbor to Participate.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The bombardment of Santiago by the big guns of Sampson's fleet and the siege mortars and field batteries of the 5th army corps began last evening in accordance in Gen. Shafter's ultimatum to the commander of the Spanish forces defending the city that unless Santiago surrendered without conditions the place would be attacked by land and sea at six o'clock. A despatch came to the department from Gen. Shafter saying that he would begin a bombardment about four o'clock in the afternoon.

In a few hours later another message informed the department that the attack had begun. Gen. Shafter's notification that he would make a sortie in force, and his defenses followed the receipt of a communication from Gen. Toral, commanding the Spanish forces, declining to surrender without terms. Early in the afternoon a despatch from Gen. Shafter said he had made a tour of the American entrenchment, nine miles long, and was able to report that the position of his forces was absolutely impregnable. This made the government officials feel very good, for their only fear over the prospect of a renewal of hostilities was that the enemy might make a sortie in force.

Altogether the president and the secretary of war, despite their anxiety, are feeling happy over the prospects that victory to the American forces will come within a day or two. Shafter is in better condition to take Santiago than he has been at any time since the operations against the city began. He was reinforced yesterday by two volunteer regiments, the 1st District of Columbia and the 5th Ohio. Shafter now has a force of about 27,000 men and is further strengthened by having six additional field batteries and seven mountain batteries in position. The Spaniards have been augmented by the arrival of 5,000 good men from Manila. These are the troops nominally under command of Gen. Pando, but that officer is in Havana. There have been several reports of their arrival at Santiago and as many denials, but the war department has not received positive information that they did succeed in reaching the city.

The Spanish army in Santiago at the time Shafter began his operations consisted of about 14,000 men and with Pando's corps and a few thousand other bodies that succeeded in getting in the town from the western side where the American lines do not extend. Gen. Toral has now a force of about 23,000. What places the administration most is that there is likely to be little, if any, loss of life to the American army, as the attack will be carried on as long range by heavy batteries. If the enemy attempts a sortie they will find the American troops strongly entrenched, and after the experience of a week ago, when the Americans, fighting in the open, drove back the Spaniards from off the works and blockhouses, there is little probability of an assault by the enemy under reversed conditions. The battleships and armored cruisers, and perhaps some of the other vessels under Sampson's command, will throw shells over the intervening hills into the Spanish defenses around the town, avoiding as much as possible damage to the town itself. Admiral Sampson may attempt to take some of the ships into Santiago harbor in spite of shore batteries and submarine mines if the bombardment from a distance is not successful. He has been anxious to force the entrance, and naval officers believe that it may be done without great loss of life if a quick dash is made.

A Despatch Posted. WASHINGTON, July 11.—At midnight the war department posted the following: "PLAY DEL ESTE, July 10.—Headquarters 5th corps. The enemy opened fire at a few minutes past four o'clock, with light guns, which we silenced by our very little musketry firing, and the enemy kept entirely in their trenches. Three men slightly wounded. Will have considerable accession to our force tomorrow; enough to completely blockade all the roads on the north-west. I am quite well. Gen. Garcia reports the enemy evacuated a little town called Desconino, about three miles from Santiago and near the bay. (Signed) SHAFER, major general."

SHAFER, July 11.—Four transports arrived here Saturday bringing 3,000 troops under the command of Gen. Wallace F. Randolph, to reinforce the army now before Santiago. Their aid will be very valuable in the expected attack on the city. The transports brought six batteries of artillery of four guns each. The work of getting the artillery to the front is being pushed as rapidly as the circumstances will allow. Two batteries of siege guns have been landed at Manzanillo and are now on the way to the front.

Information is being constantly received from the front that the Spanish proposals are simply a ruse to gain time. It is positively known that the Spaniards are making preparations to evacuate Santiago. They are seeking the city before it falls into the hands of the Americans.

An Expensive Pleasure Trip. PORT SAID, July 11.—Excepting the Palapa and the San Augustin, the whole Spanish fleet has put to sea. These two have been retained here to transfer coal in the harbor.

Including the canal pilotage the towage amount paid to the Suez canal company by the Spaniards now amounts to \$25,160. The Carlos V's chief engineer died in the canal Sunday morning, and was buried in the afternoon.

Notes Of The Day. Captain's squadron is on its return voyage to Spain.

About Friday the collars will join the squadron going to Spain and they will proceed at once. As soon as Santiago falls

the Oregon and Massachusetts will follow across the Atlantic.

Refugees from Santiago say Spaniards are erecting barricades in the streets and piercing houses with loop holes, indicating an intention to die hard and make a house to house and street to street fight.

The statement that the Cubans have selected Col. Castillo, of Garcia's army, as governor of Santiago after its fall, calls forth much adverse criticism at Washington. A high official says no one save Shafter will be made military governor.

According to Madrid newspapers the Spanish minister for foreign affairs, duke Almodovar de Rio, has declared that no European power is disposed to intervene in behalf of peace unless the belligerents make a request to that effect.

Sampson has cabled the navy department that three of the Spanish vessels near Santiago may be saved. The Colon is certainly in good condition, he reports, and there are reasonable hopes of saving the Maria Teresa and the Vizcaya.

Sampson forbade Shafter to telegraph to Washington his version of the victory on July 3rd. The trouble between the two officers is acute and the fleet is buzzing about it.

Spain has issued a note denying that any peace negotiations are being carried on. She recognizes the justice of the army's desire to avenge the destruction of the squadrons.

There are 2,000 Americans in the hospital outside of Santiago, half of them suffering from mountain fever. An uneasy feeling pervades the medical department, as there is need of supplies of all kinds.

Senator Chace, Blanco's secretary at Kingston, J. A., has received a cable from Blanco saying that the Conception had reached Manzanillo and would endeavor to run to Montego bay. Chace's Ramon Pastor and Pilot have gone to Montego bay to meet her.

The liberal newspapers of Madrid say the cabinet is considering the signing of a ten days' armistice to facilitate the peace negotiations.

The Spanish government is conferring with the British cable companies for the re-opening of communication with Cuba and Manila.

Great difficulty is experienced by the navy department in communicating by wire with Sampson.

It is asserted that emperor Francis Joseph is disposed to try once more to secure peace.

It is said that the Italian government has given permission to admiral Camara's squadron to take two days' supplies of coal at Massowah, to enable the ships to reach the Red Sea.

It is said the deaths from starvation at Guantanamo average fifteen daily. Gen. Perz, the Spanish commander, has given up hope, and the town could easily be taken.

President McKinley has received official information that the pope is trying to induce Spain to assent to an armistice for ten days.

Expecting Santiago to fall, the administration is hurrying plans for the Porto Rican expedition, which Gen. Miles will lead.

Gen. Merritt will declare Manila open to commerce on his arrival in the Philippines, and put into operation a new American tariff.

Gen. Shafter's complete report of the two days' fighting at Santiago shows that twenty-two officers and 208 men were killed, and eighty-one officers and 1,203 men wounded. Seventy-nine privateers are missing.

In London financial circles it is asserted that the end of the war is not in sight. A cablegram from Shafter was received at the war department over night, stating that the bombardment of Santiago would begin to-day. It appears that yesterday's affair was only a preliminary artillery scrimmage. The fleet began the fire yesterday afternoon, and after a half hour's practice found the range and dropped many shells into the city, spreading great ruin.

A despatch from Siboney says that at the conference held yesterday between Gen. Shafter and his officers a majority of the latter, Gen. Wheeler leading, declared themselves in favor of accepting the offer made by the Spanish commander, Gen. Toral, to surrender Santiago if the Spanish garrison was allowed to march out with its side-arms and to have twenty miles start without molestation, on the ground that the Spaniards could march out to the westward anyhow, and could burn the city and destroy all the vessels, guns and ammunition before leaving.

News From The North. VANCOUVER, B.C., July 11.—The Athenian brings news from the north of the wreck of a three-masted schooner five miles west of Carmanah point. Her name could not be made out, but it was soon seen the schooner was aground inside of a sand bar.

It is learned from Skagway that Col. Steel, of the north-west police force, has expressed an opinion that \$5,000,000 of Klondyke gold will be brought down the Yukon river to Lake Bennett and come over the White pass.

Rev. Walter L. Lyon, the first Church of England clergyman to go north, is reported to have been driven in a White Horse rapid while making for Selkirk.

Floods Carry Away Homes. ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 11.—A special to the Republic from St. Louis, Mo., says: A heavy rain Friday afternoon caused a flood along the valley south of the railroad track, and some fifteen families with their houses were carried along by the sweeping current. Some houses were destroyed, while men, women and children were found in trees and drifts far at least a mile along the valley. Three miles from Marysville, Mo., the heavy rain from the swollen Newaway river surrounded the homes of John Nolan, a farmer, and Mrs. Nolan and her mother, Mrs. Phoebe Josly, were drowned.

A Theatre Destroyed By Fire. PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 11.—Fire last night, which originated in a stable in the rear of the World's theatre on Federal street, Allegheny, destroyed the theatre and from there rapidly communicated to adjoining buildings. The blaze took possession in ten minutes, and the loss, which the special trial is to be made in laid out at the upper end of the government trial course and is twenty miles long. The contract calls for a forty-mile run under forced draught and the speed requirement is an average of twenty-two and one-half knots an hour. On her recent builders' trial she averaged twenty-three knots an hour and it is expected the result to-morrow will prove her to be the fastest ship of her class in the world.

A Starch Plant Consumed. CHICAGO, July 11.—Fire destroyed the plant of the Western starch manufacturers' association at West Hammond yesterday. The buildings covered seventeen acres of ground and had a capacity of 100,000 pounds of starch a day. Loss, \$250,000; well insured.

NEWS OF THE WORLD.

What Comes to Us From All Quarters.

CONDENSED PARAGRAPHS.

TELEGRAMS FROM THE EARTH'S FOUR QUARTERS GIVEN.

Little Matters That Interest Everybody.—Notes From All Over.—Little of Everything Easily Read and Remembered by The Dear Public.

The Winnipeg industrial fair has commenced. Work on the Montreal harbor improvements will be begun to-day.

The Laplante murder trial has resulted in the conviction of the prisoner Guillaume.

Germany, the United States and England have consented to the return of Matanzas to Samoa.

Austin Smith, St. Catharines, is locked up awaiting trial on two separate charges of arson and theft.

The water in the St. Lawrence river is two and a half feet higher now than it was at this period two years ago.

Mrs. McCarty, Hannah street, Hamilton, an elderly lady, fell down stairs, sustaining a broken arm and bad cuts on the head.

Sir Oliver Mowat will lay the corner stone of a new Methodist church in Jarvis, Hamilton county, on Wednesday, July 20th.

King Leopold, of Belgium, starts in August on a long yachting cruise, adding that he will make a considerable stay in the United States.

The executors of the Massey estate are to erect a workmen's club for the benefit of the 12,000 employees of the Massey-Harris company, Toronto.

During a severe storm off the coast of Cuba, eighteen lighters, en route to Santiago, in tow of tugs, were swamped and lost. So far as known, no lives were lost.

Hatton and Shoemaker's five story brick factory building at Boone and Diamond streets, Philadelphia, was entirely destroyed by fire Sunday. Loss about \$100,000; fully insured.

Judge Muir, it is said, has resigned from the judgeship of Wentworth county, and that J. F. Monek is shortly to be appointed to the place. Judge Muir has been in ill-health for some time.

Counsel for the owners of the British ship Cromartyshire which was in collision with the French liner La Bourgoigne, have lodged a claim for damages against the Canadian General Trans Atlantic.

Elgin A. Angell, a prominent commercial lawyer of Cleveland, Ohio, and formerly a resident of Canada, was on the ill-fated La Bourgoigne. The deceased was at one time a student in Belleville college.

A French-Canadian woman has been arrested near Montreal for complicity in the Napanee bank robbery. She is alleged to have had some of the stolen money in her possession. The police refuse to divulge her name.

Col. Lake, quartermaster-general, has been declared to be senior officer upon whom the demand of the militia devolves in the absence of a general, and he has been gazetted acting general officer commanding the militia.

The results of the general election in British Columbia on Saturday are not yet fully known, but it would appear that neither the government nor the opposition can have a working majority, the house being so closely divided.

John A. McDermid, King's Road, Glenagry county, had his hand pierced with a large roller of wood, and though he sought medical aid; blood poisoning set in, and he died on Friday. Deceased was about fifty years of age and highly esteemed.

The hotel St. Joseph, at St. Joseph, Mo., was destroyed by fire Sunday morning. Of the forty guests and employees in the building all escaped except I. B. Benson, Loganport, Ind., who lost his life while trying to save office books. Loss, \$130,000.

Baseball On Saturday. Eastern League.—At Syracuse 2; Buffalo 6. At Wilkesbarre 5; Rochester 10. At Springfield (first game) 9; Montreal 1. At Providence (first game) 5; Toronto 6. At Providence 6; Toronto 7.

National League.—At Boston 2; Philadelphia 1. At Washington 3; Baltimore 10. At New York 3; Brooklyn 4. At Chicago 3; Cincinnati 3. At Pittsburg 3; Louisville 11. At Cleveland 9; St. Louis 2.

SUNDAY GAMES. Eastern League.—At Syracuse 1; Buffalo 4. At Providence 8; Toronto 6. National League.—At Cincinnati 11; Chicago 7.

Standing Of The Clubs. EASTERN LEAGUE. Per Wilschmatt 31 27 311 Montreal 32 28 351 Toronto 33 33 343 Syracuse 33 31 315 Providence 31 29 381 Rochester 31 31 426 Buffalo 33 27 471 Springfield 28 30 491

NATIONAL LEAGUE. Per Cincinnati 47 27 667 Boston 47 27 611 Baltimore 47 27 611 Chicago 47 27 611 Pittsburg 47 27 611 New York 47 27 611 Washington 47 27 611 Brooklyn 47 27 611 Louisville 47 27 611 St. Louis 47 27 611

Fastest In The World. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 11.—The Japanese protected cruiser Kamagi sailed from Cramp's ship yard at daylight, Saturday morning, for her official trial trip which is to be made off the New Hampshire coast probably tomorrow. The course over which the speed trial is to be made is laid out at the upper end of the government trial course and is twenty miles long. The contract calls for a forty-mile run under forced draught and the speed requirement is an average of twenty-two and one-half knots an hour. On her recent builders' trial she averaged twenty-three knots an hour and it is expected the result to-morrow will prove her to be the fastest ship of her class in the world.

FRACTURED HIS SKULL.

Street Railway Conductors Want \$1.50 Per Day—The Date Fixed.

OTTAWA, July 11.—The dismantling of the old Rideau rifle range and the unfinished condition of the new range at Rockcliffe caused grave doubts to be entertained all along as to the possibility of having the D.R.A. meet here place this year. These doubts have been removed by the action of the Dominion rifle association in announcing the date for the competition and providing for the preparation of the programme. The council met Saturday evening and decided that the annual matches should take place on the date originally fixed, namely, August 29th, an inspection of the new ranges showing that the work is in a sufficient forward state to guarantee completion by that date.

Joseph Piche, employed at Wright's brickyard on the Agincourt road, had his skull fractured Saturday night. He was driving down a hill with a heavy load of bricks when a wheel of the cart struck a telegraph post. The job displaced the seat and Piche was precipitated head foremost under the horses' feet. He was taken up in an unconscious condition and conveyed to his home, where it was found that he had fractured his skull.

The street railway conductors yesterday decided to stand by a demand for \$1.50 per day for nine hours' work. The company a few days ago refused their demand, and the decision yesterday was arrived at after the company's reply was considered.

A reservation has been made in the Prince Albert district for the Manitoba soldiers. The two reserves in Manitoba have been fully taken up.

Major Gen. Gascoigne will sail for England from Montreal on Wednesday next.

A BERLIN BLAZE.

Heavy Fire In The Ontario Town—Is Still Raging.

BERLIN, Ont., July 11.—About nine o'clock this morning fire broke out in the old button factory of J. Y. Shantz & Son, King street. Unfortunately the fire team was on the street watering cart and took a distance from the fire hall at the time. Consequently the flames had gained so much headway before the arrival of the brigade that it was found impossible to save the building and the efforts of the men were therefore confined to saving the machinery, stock, etc.

The building, of late years occupied by the Berlin brush company and Oelschlaeger Bros., foundrymen, was completely gutted. The fire spread to adjoining properties, destroying a frame dwelling, and at this writing there is fear that I. E. Shantz & Co's foundry, as well as the Swedenborgian church on the corner, may go.

The loss so far is said to be about \$30,000. The bank of Commerce has the building, which is covered by insurance.

The fire was brought under control about 10 a.m. It originated in the second story of the brush factory, but the exact cause is unknown. The building was completely gutted, as also was a large frame dwelling to the west of it. The brush company's loss on stock is about \$2,000. Oelschlaeger Bros., foundrymen, estimate their loss at \$2,000. The brush company had an insurance of \$2,500. The building was insured for \$10,000.

VIOLENT AND ILLEGAL.

The Imposition Upon Hawaii of An Unrepresentative Government.

LONDON, July 11.—The Manchester Guardian says: "One can imagine the way in which Washington or Franklin would have regarded the series of actions concerning the seizure of Hawaii by an act as violent and illegal as the Japanese raid, the imposition upon 100,000 persons of a government in which only 3,000 had a share and the transfer of the islands and people, like a farm with the stock and cattle, from the oligarchy which seized them to the foreign government that coveted them. The American imperialists, with a smile of indulgent rather than apologetic comparison for his parents who clung to the highest ideals, does not censure Washington or Franklin, but makes great allowance for them, and is persuaded as firmly as Englishmen or Frenchmen or Germans that he intends to go about doing good to any people whose land comes in his way and has not yet been appropriated by other philanthropists."

BEING MYSTERIOUSLY CONDUCTED.

MONTREAL, July 11.—The police are keeping the woman arrested in connection with the Napanee bank robbery very close and will give no information as to her name or what they intend to do with her. She was kept in close confinement all day and was not brought up in court as expected. It is said the police do not intend to have her plead until they have caught the man who committed the robbery as the only accusation against the female prisoner is that of circulating the notes. The whole matter is being conducted in a mysterious manner and the police decline to say anything.

DEAD.

WOODCOCK.—In Deerport, on July 3rd, Nicholas Woodcock, Richmond, aged ninety years.

WANTED.

A THOROUGH EXPERIENCED COOK. Apply Miss SHANNON, Market Place.

A GENERAL SERVANT. REFERENCES required. Apply at 7 Wellington Street.

SALESWOMAN WANTED. ONE HAVING experience in Dry Goods wanted. JOHN LAIDLAW & SONS.

AN EXPERIENCED GENERAL SERVANT with references. Must be good cook and laundress. Apply at No. 2 Emily Street.

CERYANT GIRL WANTED. ONE WILLING to go to the country for the summer months. Cottage on the farm of B. D. Rogers, P. O. three miles below the city, on the river front. Must be well recommended. Apply at 189 University Avenue.

WANTED AGENTS FOR THE GREAT-est Canadian book, "Life of Gladstone," monumental edition, by Hopkins. Canvasser's prospectus now ready. Sells to everybody. Easy to make \$5.00 daily. Be first in the field. BRADLEY-GARRETTSON CO., LIMITED, TORONTO.

WANTED HONEST, ENERGETIC young men; farmers' sons, teachers, students, clerks and others who are admirers of Mr. Gladstone, and would like to spend the next three months in telling the marvellous story of his life. We teach you how to do the work and guarantee success. From \$2.00 to \$20.00 a day absolutely sure. There is no fear of failure and it will be enjoyable work. Particulars furnished free. BRADLEY-GARRETTSON CO., LIMITED, TORONTO.

BOARD.

ROOMS AND BOARD, 24 WILLIAM ST. With all modern accommodation.

FURNISHED ROOM, WITH OR WITHOUT board, at No. 439 Princess Street, Vaughn Terrace.

TABLE BOARD, ALSO PLEASANT ROOM (front) with modern conveniences. Central locality, quiet. 126 East-street.

An interesting game of poker was played in the city yesterday, a couple of Americans joining the game. In one "wash pot" there was \$75. One of the Americans went home minus \$65. The money remained in Kingston.

PERFECT SHIRT....

must be perfect in every detail, the material, the cut, the fit, the sewing, the style. Shirts with these essential points can be bought at a reasonable price at C. LIVINGSTON & BRO., Clothiers and Furnishers. 75 and 77 Brock Street.