The schooner Enterprize of Port Hope, Capt. Butler, was towed into port yesterday morning, in a disabled state, by the brig Napier. The Enterprize was laden with wheat at Oswego, and bound to Coburg, and while off Colborne on Thursday morning, had both her mast heads snapped off, carrying with them the entire rigging. She will be re-masted and rigged at the marine railway.

TERRIBLE CRIME IN THE SANDWICH ISLANDS.—We learn from the Honolulu Polynesian the particulars of a terrible tragedy at Ewa, it being the first murder, by a native Hawaiian, committed in that country for a period of thirteen years. The facts are narrated as follows:—

'Two women were living together at Ewa, gathering kukui nuts from the mountains; one of whom, by named Hunehune, appears to have had both a husband and a paramour, the name of the latter being Kanekauhi. On Thursday Kanekauhi came from Waipio to the house where the women were living, and inquired for a basket, which the woman Hunehune did not give him. An interchange of words ensued, and the man, greatly very angry, caught the woman by the hair, and pulling a knife from his side, stabbed her three times in the throat and once in the side. The other woman, attempting to interfere, was treated with the fate of the first; and a boy about nine years old, attempting also to assist his aunt, had the wrist of his right hand very badly cut, as also the side of his head.

On the outcries of murder and for help by Hunehune, the other woman ran down the hill to the water side, and aroused some fishermen who were there fishing to come to her assistance. While she was thus absent, Kanekauhi dragged the murdered woman away from the house, and set fire to it, and to two others, whereupon he cut his own throat with the same knife, close to his victim, and when the woman returned with the people from the foot of the hill, the last act of that horrible drama had been enacted, and two corpses and three burned dwellings attested the fearful consequences of unbridled passions.'

CHOKER.—The return match between the Royal Canadian Rifles and the Quebec Club came off on Wednesday, resulting in favor of the Quebec Club, with six wickets to go down.

Paris Gossip.

The 'Paris Gossip,' of the Liverpool Journal is of course, principally occupied with the war. It seems that the Zouaves are receiving too much flattery to suit the sober citizens of Paris, and the gossip hints that there is some secret reason for all this exaggerated praise, though the nature of that reason is not given. The own talk was of the expected return of the Emperor to Paris, an event said to be fixed for the 20th. The reasons given for this step are various. Some say it is the necessity of organizing the army of the Rhine. Others, who pretend to be better informed, declare that the Mayor of Garibaldi alone has caused the sudden measure of returning from Milan, until Victor Emanuel and the Italian chief shall have arranged their small plans together. Dissension is in the camp; Garibaldi is incapable of accepting the plans of Louis Napoleon in any arrangement to be entered into even against the Austrians. Louis Napoleon dreads like death the interference of Garibaldi. He knows well that the treatment received by the Italian patriot, at the hands of the French Republicans, has created eternal hatred and mistrust of all things French. A terrible scene took place at Alessandria between the Emperor and Garibaldi, wherein the latter spoke out and unbared his mind. He vowed eternal suspicion and hatred to France; owned his adherence to the Republic—the Red Republic, indeed,—and scoffed at the idea of annexation to Sardinia. The hurry with which the trick of annexation was performed, before Garibaldi could arrive at Milan, gives some alarm for the consequences. Garibaldi is open and sincere in his design of protecting the Republic, and eschewing the protectorate of France. Milan will not be able to contain two suns in the same hemisphere. Garibaldi has adopted the irresistible policy of ignoring the very existence of the French army in Italy, and will not fight in concert with the cunning foreigner, whom he avows to be more dangerous than even the Austrians themselves. It is wise, therefore, of Louis Napoleon to withdraw for awhile, as the populace of Milan would be sure to show a marked difference between the reception of the Emperor and that made to their idol. This is what the wise ones say.

Concerning the victory of Magenta, those who know the truth declare that the French army has suffered so immensely, that another such 'victory' as that of Magenta and it would be lost. An accident alone saved the Emperor and the whole of his guard from being taken prisoners; and of one regiment it is reported that only sixteen men are left. It is said that there is really gloom and melancholy in Paris, in spite of the news of victory, and the laudations of the Imperial army.

A sad report prevails and is published in Paris: It is said that General Espinasse met his death by unfair means in the melee, and that his untimely end was anticipated and talked of in the army before going into action. The story of the cannon-ball, and the horse's head being carried off by the same stroke is all an invention. General Espinasse was shot down by a stray ballet in the back of the neck while giving an order to his aide-de-camp, who, placed immediately in front of the General, was shot dead likewise at the same moment. The two shots came so quickly one upon another, that it is thought they were fired from the same revolver. This is the rumor; it is well known that Espinasse was hated most intensely in the army. His behaviour in the coup d'etat, of which he was foolish and vain-glorious enough to boast, had rendered him a marked man, and for a long time he had shared in these secret threats, received in anonymous communications, which have tended during the last few months to disturb the Emperor's mind, and make him fly to this war with Austria as a relief from remorse and the Carbonari.

It appears that M'Mahon is to be named commander-in-chief during the Emperor's absence. Another schism in the army is the consequence. Baraguay d'Hilliers and Canrobert are both passed over. Baraguay d'Hilliers, already aggrieved at the apparent neglect which had set him aside, had been purposely chosen for the combat at Marignan, in order to give him an opportunity of shining; but here, according to the private letters received on all hands, he committed "bêtise sur bêtise," which ended, not in the glorious victory (about which, however, to own truth, as little is said as possible,) but in a regular drubbing, the Austrians pursuing their way, which the French journals call running, from the French, and Baraguay d'Hilliers returning broken down and out of spirit, with an immense loss of men and cannon, besides that of hundreds of prisoners into the bargain. The French bulletins are said to be copied by in Paris, even to be sent for approval to the Emperor before they are issued to the public. A correct official list of the killed, wounded and prisoners was promised, but delayed by the Bureaux. It is said that the number of prisoners is so much greater that the official reports had dared to announce, that this humiliation, the greatest of all to French amour propre, must be avoided at all events, and exchanges to a large extent are being made in order that the lists may not prove so formidable when they do appear.

A burlesque aspect of the war is a feminine squabble at St. Cloud. Madame Niel and Madame M'Mahon are at daggers drawn. Madame Niel will not speak to Madame M'Mahon, because general Niel has not got the baton, which M'Mahon has grasped in the confusion. Madame M'Mahon will not accept the title of Duchesse de Magenta; considers herself insulted by the grand, and forbids the assumption of her name coupled with the humiliating designation. What she the wife of the Duke de Castries, whose family may be traced for centuries as the Kings and the princelets of every different birth to the one reigning himself on the throne, to accept a modern, new-fangled title de pacotille, such as bestowed by Napoleon I. on the soldiers of his army who had risen from the very mire of the gutter! The thing is impossible. She tosses her chin in the air, and resolves to remain Madame M'Mahon to the end of her days, rather than be called Duchesse de Magenta for one single hour. The situation is so embarrassing for the Court, that Madame M'Mahon has been strongly advised to retire to the country for a while. All this says the 'Paris Gossip.'

THE ONLY ARTICLE UNRIVALLED IN MARKET,
WITH IMMENSE HOME AND EUROPEAN DEMAND.

The reason why, is that by Nature's own process it restores the natural color permanently after the hair becomes gray; supplies the natural fluids; and thus makes it grow on bald heads, removes all dandruff, itching, and heat from the scalp, quiets and tones up the nerves, and thus cures all nervous headache, and may be relied upon to cure all diseases of the scalp and hair; it will stop and keep it from falling off; makes it soft, glossy, healthy and beautiful, and if used by the young two or three times a week, it will never fall or become gray; then reader, read the following and judge for yourselves:

New York, Jan. 8, 1858.

Messrs. O. J. Wood & Co.—Gentlemen: Having heard a good deal about Professor Wood's Hair Restorative, and my hair being quite gray, I made up my mind to lay aside the prejudices which I, in common with a great many persons, had against all manner of patent medicines, and a short time ago, I commenced using your article, to test it for myself.

The result has been so very satisfactory that I am very glad I did so, and in justice to you, as well as for the encouragement of others who may be as gray as I was, but who having my prejudices without my reasons for setting it aside, are unwilling to give your Restorative a trial till they have further proof, and the best proof being conclusive demonstration, I write you this letter, which you may show to any such, and also direct them to me for further proof, who any in and out of the N. Y. Wire Railing Establishment every day.

My hair is now its natural color and much improved in appearance every way, being glossier and thicker and much more healthy looking. I am, yours respectfully,

HENRY JENKINS,
Cor. Columbia & Carroll sts., Brooklyn.

Livingston, Ala., Feb. 14, 1858.

Prof. Wood—Dear Sir: Your Hair Restorative has done much good in this part of the country. My hair has been slightly diminishing for several years, caused, I suppose, from a slight burn when I was quite an infant. I have been using your Hair Restorative for six weeks and I find that I have a fine head of hair now growing, after having tried all other remedies known, to no effect. I think it the most valuable remedy now extant, and advise all who are afflicted that way to use your remedy.

You can publish this if you think proper.

Yours, &c., S. W. MIDDLETON.
Philadelphia, Sept. 9, 1857.

Prof. Wood—Dear Sir: Your Hair Restorative is proving itself beneficial to me. The front, and also the back part of my head almost lost its covering—was in fact bald. I have used but two half-pint bottles of your Restorative, and now the top of my head is well studded with a promising crop of young hair, and the front is also receiving its benefit. I have tried other preparations without any benefit whatever. I think from my own personal recommendation, I can induce many others to try it.

Yours, respectfully,
D. R. THOMAS, M. D.,
No. 464 Vine Street.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of 3 sizes, viz: large, medium and small; the small holds half a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least twenty per cent more in proportion than the small, retails for two dollars a bottle; the large holds a quart, 50 per cent more in proportion, and retails for $3 a bottle.

O. J. WOOD & CO. Proprietors, 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market St., St. Louis, Mo.

And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. 3m-d&w-130

Cory's Stomachic Bitters.

A SALUTARY AND RELIABLE FAMILY MEDICINE.

THE ONLY POSITIVE CURE FOR DYSPEPSIA, LIVER COMPLAINT, JAUNDICE, SICK HEADACHE, COSTIVENESS, LOSS OF APPETITE, HABITUAL CHOLIC, CHRONIC DIARRHŒA, GENERAL DEBILITY, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DIZZINESS, DISGUST FOR FOOD, FEMALE IRREGULARITIES AND COMPLAINTS, and in short, all Diseases and Indispositions arising from, or growing out of an unhealthy state of the Stomach and Liver.

These Bitters are recommended to the public, after having been used by one of the Proprietors in an extensive practice for the last thirty years, and is only now put up in its present form, at the urgent solicitation of others, that they might at least relieve a portion of the human family of many of those diseases for which it is confidently recommended.

In placing this medicine before the people, we do it with the feeling that it will do a vast deal of good. We know there is no disease for which it is recommended that it will not relieve if taken according to the directions which accompany each bottle.—It has been put in its present shape only two years, and from the reputation it has obtained in so short a time, we are confident it must come into general use, and find favor with every family throughout the country. In composition, these Bitters are purely vegetable, and are warranted to do no injury under any circumstances, so that the most prejudiced against Patent Medicines (so called,) need have no fear to give our Bitters a fair trial, as they are not a Patent Medicine; all we ask is that they may have a fair chance, and come in general use, solely upon their own merits, knowing that an appreciative public will sustain so good a remedy. We are daily receiving voluntary certificates from different parts of the country testifying to their merits, and the positive benefits derived from their use.

Dyspepsia is one of the prevailing diseases of this climate, and thousands are this day suffering from its effects. There are a great many indispositions growing out of this disease, that are quite as annoying, and must be met promptly in order to save the patient from years of sickness and ultimate death. Dyspepsia, if not checked in the outset, produces a constipated state of the Bowels, painfully known to thousands as Costiveness. What is more tedious and annoying than this disorder? This and all the diseases enumerated in the list above, do grow out of Dyspepsia, and can be cured by the use of Cory's Stomachic Bitters, taken as directed.

We know this medicine wherever used, will be used again, and we say to all those suffering from any disease mentioned above, to call upon our Agents and get a Pamphlet, which gives a history of many of these diseases—their symptoms, causes, effects and CURE.

This Pamphlet is entitled 'A Treatise on Dyspepsia, and the Indispositions growing out of the same,' and may be had of any of our Agents, Gratis.

Manufactured and for sale, Wholesale and Retail, by

B. S. CORY & SONS,
No. 174, South Clark Street,
Chicago.

Price $1 Dollar Per Bottle.

Agents: Lyman Bros. & Co., Toronto; E. H. Parker and C. P. LaSerre, Kingston. 6m-d&w-132

A new, speedy, and most successful mode of treating Spermatorrhœa, Nervous Debility, and all Urino-Genital Diseases.

Seventy Engravings. Price 1s through all Booksellers, or post free from the Author, for 14 postage stamps.

THE MEDICAL ADVISER on decay, both mental and physical, arising from excesses, infection, climate, &c.; remarks on the use of the Microscope, and the devices of certain quacks to alarm the too sensitive invalid; observations on Marriage, the prevention and removal of certain disqualifications, rules for self treatment, &c. By Walter De Roos, M. D., of the Ecole de Medicine, Paris; Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London; Licentiate in Midwifery, &c., &c., &c., 10, Berners-street, Oxford-street, London. Hours for personal consultation daily from 1 till 4. Sunday excepted.

Sold in Dublin by Beaty, 162 Great Britain street; Edinburgh, Robinson, 11 Greenside st.; Glasgow, Love, Bookseller, and by all the Agents.

From long practical observation of the treatment pursued in the various Institutions of London and Paris for those diseases referred to in the above work, the Author has had somewhat unusual facilities for acquiring that accuracy of diagnosis, and uniform success, which has characterised his practice for so many years in this country, in which the lamentable neglect of these diseases by medical men generally, and their futile attempts to cure by mercury, copaiba, sarsaparilla, &c., have produced most distressing results. Lasting benifit in such cases can only be reasonably expected at the hands of the legally qualified medical man who devotes his chief attention to their removal; and to him only who can show his possession of the necessary qualifications, can confidence be safely extended. Dr. D'R. refers with pride to the numbers he has been instrumental in restoring to health and happiness, and to those who may be in need of such aid he offers every assurance of speedy restoration.

Persons residing abroad can be successfully treated by correspondence, on sending a full detail of their case, with a Bank note, or Bill on a London house for £5, in order to have a packet of medicine sufficient to meet the exigencies of the case, sent out by next mail, thus avoiding unnecessary loss of valuable time, and much suffering which might otherwise occur.

The Great European Remedy for Nervousness, Relaxation and Exhaustion.

Protected by Royal Letters Patent of England, and sanctioned by all the great Continental Colleges of Medicine.

DR. DE ROSS' GUTTÆVITÆ; or LIFE DROPS, are the great remedy for Spermatorrhœa, Exhaustion, Nervousness, Debility, Aversion to and Incapacity for Society, Study or Business, Shaking of the Hands and Limbs, Indigestion, Flatulence Shortness of Breath, Asthma, Consumptive Habits, Dimness of Sight, Dizziness, Pains in the Head, Eruptions, Sore Throat, Pains in the Bones, and all those diseases for which mercury, sarsaparilla &c., are too often employed to the utter destruction of health. Their almost marvellous powers must be felt to be believed. Hundreds of apparently hopeless cases have been cured and thousands almost miraculously relieved, when everything else had failed; and they must sooner or later supersede all those questionable remedies which have hitherto been the sole reliance of English medical men.

Price 11s. and four times the quantity at 33s. per bottle of the Agents below. The £5 packages containing twelve 11s quantities, (by which £1 12s. are saved) will be sent from the Establishment only, on receipt of the amount, per draft on a London house or otherwise.

CAUTION.—Sufferers must guard against the recommendation of spurious or other medicines by unprincipled vendors, who thereby obtain a larger profit. The words "Walter De Roos, London, are printed in white letters on the Stamp affixed to the above, by order of Her Majesty's Honorable Commissioners, to protect the public against fraud, as without this none can be genuine, and to imitate which is felony.

Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Gout, Disease of the Kidneys and Bladder, Stricture, &c.

DR. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS are a well known safe and speedy remedy for the above dangerous complaints, Discharges, and Diseases of the Kidneys and Urinary Organs generally. Possessing tonic properties, they agree with the most delicate stomach, improve the health, and in three days effect a cure when copaiba, cubebs, and all such dangerous medicines have utterly failed. 2s. 6d., 4s. 6d., 11s. and 33s. per box, of the Agents below, or post free on receipt of the amount by Dr. DE ROOS, 10, Berners Street, Oxford Street, London.

The superiority of these celebrated Pills over every thing of the kind is universally acknowledged and the extraordinary demand for them without precedent.

Many there are, who from natural diffidence, or fear of discovery, would silently bear their afflictions rather than apply for aid to those from whom they may reasonably expect relief. With the above Pills, the sufferer may, without the knowledge of a second person, cure himself speedily, privately, and at the least possible expense.

Sold at Langley's Drug Store, Hollis street, Halifax, Nova Scotia; by Huszard, Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island; Ward, News Office, Sidney, Cape Breton; Ashton Richardson & Co., Mount Road, Madras; Hulse & Nephew, Agra; Treacher & Co., Poonah and Kurachee; Smith & Co., Clark, Romer & Co., Scinde; Dodsworth & Co., Clark, Romer, & Co., and Cawin & Co., Columbo and Candy; Lyman & Co., Montreal; Pestonjee & Co., 1, Military Square, Bombay; R. Ross Laboratory, Falmouth and Lawton, Advertiser Office, Kingston, Jamaica; Beichmann & Tatt, Port of Spain, Trinidad; Heagan, Weekly Register Office, Antigua; Haylock, Belize, Honduras; E. H. Parker & Co., Kingston, Canada; Strickland & Co., Mobile, Alabama; Stampa, Constantinople; Paisey & Fryer, 384, George st., Sidney, and Ford, Chemist Swanson street, Melbourne, Australia, of whom also may be had 'THE MEDICAL ADVISER,' or should difficulty arise in procuring any of the above, enclose the amount by draft or otherwise to 10, Berners Street, Oxford street, London, and they will be securely packed per return. 70

1859.

WHARFAGE AND STORAGE.

THE Subscriber having Leased those Commodious Fire Proof Premises, Stone, covered with Sheet-Iron, and Isolated, foot of Princess Street, Property of Messrs. Brown & Harty:

The superior position, and extent of the Wharf and Stores, enable him to offer great facilities to the Mercantile Community in receiving and Storing Produce.

JOSEPH DOYLE,
Atlantic Wharf.
Kingston, Feb. 8, 1859. 34

MEDICAL DISCOVERY OF THE AGE.

MR. KENNEDY, of Rochbury, recovered in one of our common Parish Weeds, a remedy that cures EVERY KIND OF HUMOR, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Simple. He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases, (both thunder humor.) He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston.

Two are bottles warranted to cure a running sore mouth.

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples on the face.

Two or three bottles will clear the system of biles.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth and stomach.

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of erysipelas.

One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure scaly eruptions of the skin.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworm.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate case of Rheumatism.

Three to four bottles are warranted to cure salt rheum.

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.

Chatham, N. H., Dec. 15th, 1855.

Dr. Kennedy—Dear Sir: In hopes to be a benefit to my fellowman, I write to you what your Discovery has done for me.

In December, 1839, I was taken with the Rheumatism; since then, I have suffered every thing but death for fourteen years.

I have paid $800 to different doctors, and never received any benefit, not even to the amount of one dollar.

Last June I heard of your Discovery. I told a man I would try it. He sold I had tried everything and there was no help for me, I was so old, being 78 years of age. He was a good doctor so called. I told him nothing ventured nothing made.

I got one bottle of your Discovery. Before I got it I heard the clock strike every hour for five nights. On the fourth night I took one spoonful, and the next morning I was in no more pain—no more than a child two years old, and have been gaining ever since. I am now, Dec. 15th, 1855, on my seventh bottle.

When I first took any of it I had to walk or hobble on two crutches; this day I can go and have gone over the floor without any crutch or cane, but I am yet weak in my hips; but I feel better every bottle I take.

If I had a sheet four feet square, it would not hold one half I could write. Had I the voice to be heard from the North to the South pole, I would proclaim it as long as I live. It it cures me it will any one in God's world.

You would not believe how much better I feel. I am now almost a new man made out of an old one.

There have been over 200 people to see me since I began to recover,—they are surprised. One man said, if all the men in Chatham had told him what his eyes now saw, he would not have believed them; but he must believe his own eyes.

ABRAHAM WEBB,
South Chatham, N. H.

CURE OF A HUMOR OF 12 YEARS STANDING.

Mr Kennedy—Dear Sir: I address you with feelings of heartfelt gratitude for the wonderful cures your Medical Discovery has done on me.

For fourteen long years I suffered with a humor of the most distressing kind. It would break out, covering my body with sores and blotches, out of which oozed thick yellow matter, of the most offensive kind. I was an object of disgust to myself and every body else. When it began to dry up a little, it would irritate and smart. I often felt that I could tear flesh off the bone; in this state I suffered during them long years, disconsolate and despanding of relief. Every winter the skin came off my face and the hair of my eyebrows came out by the roots. My ears looked like roasted meat, dry and black as a crisp, that I was an object of pity to all that knew me.

When I look back upon it I can hardly think that I am myself. When your Discovery first came to Maine, I looked upon it as a humbug and set myself against it; after a few months I heard of so many wonderful cures by it, that I concluded to try once more. I could hardly believe it when I was getting better. You will excuse me when I tell you that I was the last to believe it. It seemed so impossible that I could be cured.

I took in all five bottles. I am now as well as I ever was in my life.

BENJAMIN SMITH, Atkinson, Me.

Charlestown, March 22, 1855.

Mr. Kennedy; Respected Sir—It is now two years since I began to use your Discovery, and feeling that my health has been greatly improved by the use of it, deem it my duty to inform you how much I prize your valuable medicine. I had for a number of years been troubled with the Erysipelas, and having used a great many advertised medicines without success, I had almost despaired of ever recovering from the disease, when one day a friend gave me one of your Circulars, and after perusing it, I resolved to embrace the first opportunity I had in purchasing two bottles of the medicine. After using it, I found my health was improving; and since then I have continued the use of it in my family. It gives me great pleasure to certify to this, and it is my impression that through your instrumentality a great deal of human suffering will be relieved.

I am dear Sir,
Very respectfully yours,
JOS. T. HART.

Boston, Dec. 8, 1855.

Mr. Donald Kennedy.—Respected Sir: The first impulse of a man who has been restored from sickness to perfect health, is gratitude to the hand that has healed him.

Although personally you are unknown to me, and this correspondence is unsolicited by you, still I feel it a duty I owe to you as the discoverer of the "Medical Discovery," and to the public generally, to make a fair statement of my experience in the use of your valuable medicine.

At the commencement of the present year and indeed for some months previous, a terrible Scrofulas humor broke out upon my neck—large swellings ensued, so that my neck and face presented an even surface. I was then at Lowell, Mass., and hearing of your "Medical Discovery" I purchased a bottle. I felt that it was benefiting me, and upon using a second bottle found myself perfectly cured. All I can say is, that whereas I was sick, now I am well. In all gratitude I remain, yours truly,

J. L. CLARK,
12, Lowell street, Boston.

CURE OF BOILS AND CONSTITUTIONAL HUMOR:

Mr Kennedy—Sir:—You know the condition in which I was when I began your medicine. I don't think you ever saw a worse case. I had boils in regular crops one after another in succession, frequently from two to three dozen at a time. By the use of your wonderful medicine, I got quite clear of them. I gave the medicine to my children, and I consider it to be true to its name—the greatest medical discovery of the age.

JAMES CARVER, Quincy

Dr Kennedy's Medicine—We are requested by Major Doughty, of Greenwood, in the county, to publish the following fact in relation to Dr. Donald Kennedy's wonderful Medicine.

Major Doughty states, that his wife was afflicted with a fever sore on one of her ankles, for about twenty five years, which most of that time deprived her of the use of the limb. In October last, she commenced using Dr. Kennedy's medicine, has taken four bottles, and is now, and has been for the last three months, in the enjoyment of perfect health; the fever sore is entirely healed up, and the ankle sound and healthy as the other.

Major Doughty feels under God, that he induced to use the wonderful properties of Dr Kennedy's Medicine for his wife, and is desirous that the public should become acquainted with the fact, and know where to apply for relief under similar circumstances. To the list of which he is willing to make himself at any time.—Norway Adv.

MORE MEDICAL JUGGLING.

GREAT EXCITEMENT AT THE ACADEMY OF MEDICINE!

FALSE THEORIES EXPOSED.

MEDICAL INCOMPETENCY PROVED.

The Cause of Whitney's Death Shrouded in Mystery.

THE TRUE SCIENCE REVEALED.

CONDITION AND FEELING OF MR. WHITNEY BETWEEN HIS LAST TREATMENT BY DR. GREEN AND HIS DEATH.

"December 14, 1858—About one in the afternoon, I was called to see Samuel S. Whitney; I found him surrounded by several members of his family, in a state of the most intense excitement, suffering, and terror; in answer to my inquiries as to what had happened, he answered. 'Sit down, Beales, and I will tell you the truth; I was such a fool as to go to Dr. Green to operated upon, and the d—d villain has killed me!'

See Dr. Beales' statement, before the Academy of Medicine, in the city of New York, as published in the N. Y. Herald, Jan. 29, 1859.

The unfortunate death of Mr. Whitney is another evidence of the uncertainty and uncertainty of the treatment, for the cure of the sickness practiced by the Medical Faculty. The death of this eminent and well-known citizen created an excitement of such magnitude, as to induce the Academy of Medicine to demand an investigation of the treatment the deceased had been under, and of the immediate cause of his death. Yet, after a thorough and searching post-mortem examination, by the most able skilled, and eminent Physicians of the Regular Practice—the Members of the Academy were unable to decide as to the 'immediate cause of death,' and, in their report to the Congress of wise Physicians there assembled, admitted their incompetency of solving this difficult problem. The sad case presented to us, in the painful death of Mr. Whitney, is by no means an uncommon occurrence. Thousands of human beings, who trust their lives in the hands of physicians, whose treatment and practice is based upon the theories followed by the Medical Faculty, are suddenly hurried off to that undiscovered country, from whose bourne no traveller returns.' From the testimony produced, before the Academy of Medicine we are not prepared to assert that the immediate cause of Mr. Whitney's death was produced by the application of the nitrate of silver, through the tube, or by the probang, but we do most emphatically assert that the death of the lamented Whitney was hastened by this treatment. We have always opposed this method of treatment; and, in our papers and Annual Almanac, warned the public against it.

See our Almanac, for 1857—page 4.

THE GREEN SYSTEM.

'There is another system of practice becoming quite popular in the treatment of 'Consumption,' namely that of the Green, or Burning method, which consists of syringing down the throat a solution of nitrate of silver for, the purpose of burning the concretions that may be there formed.

'We look upon this practice as dangerous as that of the inhaling; for, instead of healing the lungs, in removing concretions or tubercles, irritates, and produces sores, ulcers, &c. It is a blind, unsafe, and dangerous method of treatment, and will kill more than it will cure.'

It is not our design, in this article, to discuss the correctness of medication in the case of Mr. Whitney, under the treatment of Drs. Mott and Beales in the various symptoms exhibited from the 14th December to the time of his decease; but we do most religiously and sacredly believe, taking Dr. Beales' statement—who it appears, from the evidence given before the Academy of Medicine, knew more of the physical and constitutional condition of Mr. Whitney's system than any one else—that Radway's Ready Relief, Regulating Pills, and Renovating Resolvent would have saved his life.

STATEMENT OF DR. BEALES.

'Dr. Beales said: During the number of years that I have attended Mr. Whitney's family, I have not known Mr. Samuel Whitney to be seriously ill, so as to be confined to his bed; but he has for a long time been subject to various derangements of the digestive organs, such as want of appetite, torpidity of the bowels, debilency of the bilious secretions, and occasionally a bronchial cough.'

There are thousands and tens of thousands, throughout the United States, who have been similarly afflicted, and relieved from their difficulties by the use of Radway's Ready Relief, Regulating Pills and Resolvent. In fact, every day we are visited by patients, complaining of the same ailments, who become speedily relieved from their difficulties by the medication of these remedies.

Let us again refer to the statement of Dr. Beales, and endorsed by Dr. Mott, of the treatment in this case, from 1 p. m. of the 14th December. The case, as presented, is fully stated in the Herald of the 20th of January; and we find in this report, the patient, with numerous other symptoms, suffered severely from irritation and severe pain in the throat: his breathing was occasionally irregular, and almost spasmodic; coughing almost incessantly; speaking with great difficulty and pain, in a hoarse and unnatural tone of voice. Dr. Beales gave the patient medicine, for the purpose of producing a reaction; but the remedies given, it seems, utterly failed. Had he given, on the instant, Radway's Ready Relief, he would have secured the desired result.

Six hours later, the Doctor found his patient suffering severe pain, described to be in the larnyx down the course of the trachea to the chest, and round to the cervical vertebræ. Nothwithstanding the great excitement, nervousness and terror, with pulse at 112, the Doctor administered a preparation of Antimony and Morphine, for the purpose evidently of soothing the pain, exciting the skin to a more natural action, and allaying the nervous excitability of the patient. Had he applied RADWAY'S READY RELIEF, he would have succeeded; it is remedies, however, had the opposite effect. Eight hours after this medication, he applied to the throat of the patient an 'Anodyne liniment.' If Radway's Ready Relief was obnoxious to the Doctor, he should have applied the Anodyne liniment 24 hours earlier.

Dr. Beales states that he has for a long time been subjected to a derangement of the digestive organs, and torpidity of the bowels, which in other words simply a disordered condition of the Liver, and during this critical condition of the patient he had not a discharge from the bowels in three days. As a remedial agent, an injection was given which failed, after which a tablespoonful of Castor Oil—the operation some hours afterwards, leaving the patient excessively exhausted. Had Radway's Regulating Pills been given 12 hours after the previous operation of the bowels, the effect would have been different—the derangement of the liver would have been corrected, and a natural discharge from the bowels the result, without causing weakness, or in any manner exhausting the patient.

The sad and distressing case of Mr. Whitney, will, we hope and trust, serve as a warning to the public against trusting their lives in the hands of a clique who are diseased to lull the sick in the unconscious sleep of death on scientific principles. As we before stated, we are not prepared to assert that the cause of Mr. Whitney's death was directly owing to the treatment of the Green system; and, we furthermore believe, had Dr. Beales employed Radway's Ready Relief, Regulating Pills, and Resolvent in his treatment of the case, the life of Mr. Whitney would have been prolonged. As we have before stated, the case of Mr. Whitney is by no means an exception to the general rule that follows the medication as prescribed by the regular or official standard of medical law. Had the deceased been an obscure individual, his case would never have been brought to light. Thousands and thousands have been killed off through the ignorance of their physicians.

Let us again go back to the testimony of Dr. Mott, as regards the usual practice of physicians in making out their certificates of the cause of death to the City Inspector. If the doctor speaks truth, the greater part of medical certificates are medical falsehoods; and the perpetrators of these falsehoods deserve to be imprisoned like other criminals undergoing sentences for false pretences.

A warm debate then ensued during which Dr. Mott was pressed to state the cause of Mr. Whitney's death. In reply thereto, he stated that it was well known that the profession who are at a loss to define the cause of death from the symptoms presented. Doctors were often puzzled now to fill the necessary certificates for the City Inspector. The really manner in which Dr. Mott described these symptoms created a little merriment.—See remarks of Dr. Motta defence, Academy of Medicine, Jan. 20, 1859.

Some few weeks since, we invited the Medical fraternity to a trial of skill in the curative art, against our Radway's Ready Relief, Regulating and Resolvent, guaranteed to pay the sum of $25,000 to the Mount Vernon Fund, if we were not more successful, in the treatment and cure of diseases—with our Three Remedies—than all the remedies and medicines employed by the medical faculty. We now since the exposure of the inefficacy, and we must add, trickery and deceptive practices of the medical fraternity, will, in addition to the sum of $25,000 to the Mount Vernon Fund pay the same amount toward building a Magdalene Hospital, if we do not, in a fair and just trial of skill with the Medical Faculty, in the city of New York, cure two cases to one, and in less than half the time occupied by any member of the Academy of Medicine.

RADWAY & Co's Medical office, No. 182 Fulton street, New York. 1.6

THE GREAT CONSTITUTIONAL REMEDY.

R. R. R.

(No. 5.)

A NEW LIFE-GIVING PRINCIPLE.

RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT

Heals Old Sores, Purifies the Blood, Instills within the System renewed Health, and Resolves and Exterminates all Chronic and Constitutional Diseases.

This great and glorious remedy should be hailed by the human race as a special gift from the Almighty, to regenerate dilapidated humanity.

Dr. Radway & Co. are the only Physicians and Chemists in the world that have succeeded in discovering a remedy that will effectually eradicate from the human system constitutional diseases and ailments, transmitted from parents to their children.

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Will eradically exterminate from the system

SCROFULA,	CANKERS,
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FEVER SORES,	RUNNINGS from the EAR,
ULCERS,	WHITE SWELLINGS,
SORE EYES,	TUMORS,
SORE LEGS,	CANCEROUS AFFECTIONS,
SORE MOUTH,	NODES,
SORE HEAD,	RICKETS,
INSANITY,	GRANDULAR SWELLINGS,
BRONCHITIS,	NIGHT SWEATS,
ALL DISEASES OF THE WOMB,	CONSUMPTION,
PROLAPSUS UTERI,	RASH ITCHES,
SKIN DISEASES,	HUMORS OF ALL KINDS,
SALT RHEUM,	CHRONIC RHEUMATISM,
	DYSPEPSIA,

And all diseases that have been established in the system for years.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. 10

THE BREWERY BELLEVILLE.

CLIFFORD AND STARLING

ARE NOW SUPPLYING THEIR

CELEBRATED PALE ALE,

AT 6 and 7 Dollars per barrel. Also GOOD BEER, at 5 Dollars per barrel. Cash payments for less quantities than 30 gallons.

3,000 Cords of Hard-wood wanted; part at the Brewery, and part at the Grand Trunk Railway Station.

Belleville, March, 1859. 1m-w-53

HENRY IRISH'S QUEBEC HOTEL,

No. 89, Saint Paul Street,

(OPPOSITE THE BONSECOURS MARKET,) MONTREAL.

HENRY IRISH, (late of the American House,) so widely known throughout the Canadas and the United States for many years as a hotel proprietor, has removed to the above commodious and excellent business stand, where he will be happy to afford every accommodation to his friends and the travelling public.

The house is newly painted, papered, and furnished in the best manner. A bountifully supplied Table, and in the Bar a choice stock of Wines, Liquors, Temperance Beverages, and Cigars will always characterize the Quebec Hotel.

Passengers conveyed in Carriages to and from the different Railway Stations and Steamboats at all hours.

Extensive YARD and STABLES are in connection with the premises.

Owing to the large number of buyers and sellers frequenting the Quebec Hotel, its very close proximity to the Market and various Market Boats, &c., the advantages presented to Farmers and parties wishing to dispose of or obtain horses, are certainly unequalled in Montreal.

Montreal, June 10, 1859. 136

Iced Soda Water.

IN the highest state of perfection. The coldest and most refreshing Soda Water from the Fountain, with a great variety of Choice Syrups, can now be had at

E. H. PARKER'S,
Late E. W. Palmer's,
Corner of the Market Square.

May, 1859.

DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE AND LIVER PILLS.

WE beg leave to call the attention of the Trade, and more especially the Physicians of the country, to two of the most popular remedies now before the public. We refer to

Dr. Chas. M'Lane's Celebrated

Vermifuge and Liver Pills.

We do not recommend them as universal Cure-alls, but simply for what their name purports, viz.:

THE VERMIFUGE,

For expelling Worms from the human system. It has also been administered with the most satisfactory results to various Animals subject to Worms.

THE LIVER PILLS,

For the cure of LIVER COMPLAINTS, all BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS, SICK HEAD-ACHE, &c. In cases of

FEVER AND AGUE,

preparatory to or after taking Quinine, they almost invariably make a speedy and permanent cure.

As specifics for the above mentioned diseases, they are Unrivaled, and never known to fail when administered in accordance with the directions.

Their unprecedented popularity has induced the proprietors,

FLEMING BROTHERS