## Irish Society.

A MEETING will be held in St James' School House on **FRIDAY EVENING Next** at 7:30 o'clock, on behalf of the Irish Society.

An address will be delivered by the Rev. Joseph S. Bell, Rector of Kells, County Meath.

A collection will be taken up on behalf of the Society. The public are cordially invited.

Sept. 22.

## FALL FAIRS.

Midland Central, at Kingston, Oct. 5, 6, 7 and 8.
South Victoria, at Lindsay, Oct. 1 and 2.
Central, at Port Hope, Oct. 5, 6 and 7.
Provincial, at Hamilton, Sept. 30 to Oct. 2.
Lennox County, at Napanee, Oct. 12 and 13.
Prince Edward County, at Picton, Oct. 15.
North York, at Newmarket, Oct. 12 and 13.
North Ontario, at Uxbridge, Oct. 12 and 13.
West Kent, at Chatham, Oct. 12 and 14.
West Hastings, at Belleville, Oct. 5 and 6.
North Hastings, at Garner's Huntingdon, Oct. 7.
Addington County, at Newburg, Oct. 16.
Sophiasburg Township, at Demorestville, Oct 16
Ameliasburg Township, at Roblin's Mills, Oct. 9.
Camden, at Centreville, Oct. 9.
Trenton, at Trenton, Oct. 12.
Ernesttown, at Odessa, Oct. 9.
Crosby and Bastard, Elgin, Oct. 1 and 2.
Rear of Leeds and Lansdowne, Oct. 7 and 8.

Daily British Whig.

"Opifer per Orbem Dicor."

Conkling although so deeply chagrined at his failure to carry Grant's nomination at the Chicago convention has taken the stump in New York State. It is more in opposition to Hancock, however, than in favour of Garfield, to whom it is said he seldom makes any personal reference in his speeches. Senator Conkling's influence is said to be very great in New York, but so was Blaine's in Maine, and we fancy it will take more than all Conkling can do to carry New York State for the Republican cause in November.

The Toronto *Telegram* confesses to the necessity of other attractions than the mere exhibition to bring people to the city in large numbers, and points to the largely increased attendance on the days when these special features were appointed to take place. Such was the case, of course, on the day of the Oddfellows' monster parade, and hence it is strongly urged that next year a similar display on the part of the Masonic Order should be made. Can something of this sort—we will not say in connection with what society—be done in Kingston to enhance the interest and increase the attendance at the Midland Central? Or will the merits and attractions of our exhibition be so strong as to render such adventitious aids unnecessary?

Inspector Langmuir has completed and published the results of an exhaustive investigation into certain loose charges of inhumanity which had been preferred against the management of the Penetanguishene Reformatory. The report of the Inspector completely exonerates the Warden and all connected with him from the charges made. The latter were based on the flimsiest hearsay, and those who had given the most circumstantial accounts of the alleged cruelties backed clear down and disclaimed all knowledge of the matter when put under oath to give genuine evidence. It is a matter for congratulation, that an institution intended to check young prisoners at the threshold of a career of vice and turn their feet into paths of honesty and morality, has been so abundantly vindicated from these ugly, but, as it happily proves, unfounded charges.

There are some exceptions to the proneness of Conservative journals to shut their eyes to the lesson of the Liberal gains in the votes of West Toronto and North Ontario. For example the Fort William *Herald* (Conservative) alluding to these elections says: "They clearly show that, despite the ranting of the *Mail* to the contrary, dissatisfaction with the conduct of the Government is increasing. * * * We can no longer disguise the fact that Ministers are treading on dangerous ground, and therefore must exercise great caution or else at the next election they will surely be engulphed in ruination." These are candid words, and they are prophetic too, and we have no doubt whatever of their fulfilment. Other Ministerial organs than the one we have quoted are disquieted with the same misgivings only they haven't the honesty to avow them.

The latest joke on Langevin is that he expects to be made a Baronet. He has been waiting and aching a long time to be knighted; he fully expected the honour last Queen's Birthday, and a year before that, but he has been cruelly doomed to repeated disappointments. We offer a suggestion. Let the Hon. Hector make a clean breast of that dark looking $32,000 business, and mayhap such a repentant effort would be recognized by the bestowment of the long withheld Imperial distinction. He has tried the secretive plan a long time without success, and our opinion is that so long as he adheres to the policy of concealment the title disbursers will not be in the "giving vein." Let him now but let out of the bag that long hidden Pacific Railway cat and who knows but that the Imperial Government may relent and ornament him, if not with a Baronetcy at least with such a title such as has been long worn by his accomplices in the grandest job ever perpetrated in the British Empire.

As so much conscience money Peter Redpath, the Sugar Refining Millionaire, has disgorged a considerable sum out of the pile he has made from the sugar tax and donated it to McGill College, Montreal. It is the money of the people, and only a small fraction of what he has made out of them, which this monopolist is handing over for the benefit of a public institution, just as much so as was the subscription of the Northern Railway Company to the testimonial purse to Sir John Macdonald. A great hullabaloo would have been raised had the legislation voted a large sum of money for McGill or any other College, at any rate this would be so in Ontario, but this is just as much the people's money as though it were given out of the coffers of the Legislature. It is well, of course, for monopolists to refund to some useful public institution a portion of their enormous grabbings out of the pockets of the people, but it is only fair that those who have been fleeced under the tariff for the benefit of these monopolists should share the credit of the donation.

### *A FALL SESSION.*

The *Mail* intimates the probability of a Fall session of the Dominion Parliament to consider the terms of the Pacific Railway bargain, and to ratify the formation of the syndicate. We see no particular necessity for this step, as there will certainly be precious little utility in it. With the present large and mechanical majority for the Government in Parliament it will be sure to blindly register and endorse the action of ministers no matter when it may meet for this purpose, so that the summoning of a special session of Parliament to go through the form of considering the compact between the Government and the new company will be a quite unpardonable piece of legislative extravagance. A better plan by far would be for Sir John Macdonald to frankly state the terms of the bargain to the people and let the question be thoroughly discussed in the press prior to the meeting of Parliament. It has been feebly pleaded that such a course would be inconsistent with, in fact, would an insult to the dignity of Parliament, but what about the dignity of the sovereign people by whom all Parliaments are created and to whom they are all amenable? We maintain that whenever Parliament may meet, whether called together as intimated in a Fall session, or at its usual time in February, it is the first duty of the returning delegates to take the people into their confidence and to tell them all about this thing that they may be able to understand and intelligently discuss it. In a matter of this magnitude it is an insult to the people to withhold from them for a single day the fullest possible information in reference to a question in which they are so deeply interested.

### *EFFECTS OF WHISKEY.*

Another horrible case of parricide has occurred near Stratford, Ont., and in this case liquor was undoubtedly the inciting cause of the crime. The father and son in the earlier part of the day had been seen together quietly attending to the business which took them to Stratford, but towards night the drink demon got possession of both of them, and on reaching the homestead a fierce quarrel culminated in a murderous blow by the son from which the father never rallied. It is not too much to say that a tavern keeper named Kastner, at whose house they stopped for more liquor on the road home, should be held responsible for a share of the dreadful tragedy. When they called there the old man was so helplessly drunk that in staggering to the bar for more liquor he stumbled and fell, striking his head violently against a bench. In spite of the condition he was in he was supplied with more drink here, so that he had to be carried bodily out of the house and dumped into the waggon. After dealing his father the fatal blow in the back yard the embruted murderer went into the house, ate a hearty meal, and went to bed, and was in a sound sleep when the officers arrived to arrest him. The direct testimony against the prisoner will be that of a younger brother, who overheard the quarrel and saw the blow struck, but who in mortal dread of the murderer fled to the neighbours, who in turn secured the constables that effected the arrest. It is indeed a dreadful crime, and drink, as we have said, is clearly responsible for it.

### ADVANCED CLASSES.

*To the Editor of the Whig.*

SIR,—The comparison which you made in last night's issue of the WHIG between the cost of education in the Collegiate Institute and that in the Public Schools is unfair. On looking into the matter I think you will agree with me that the following is a more correct one:

| | |
|---|---|
| Mr. Summerby's sixth class | $ 900 |
| Miss McIntyre's fifth class | 450 |
| Miss McDowall's senior fifth | 300 |
| Total cost per annum of fifth and sixth classes | $1650 |
| Deduct Government grant, $1 per pupil | 150 |
| Balance paid by city | $1500 |

The average attendance in the fifth and sixth classes for the past year has been, say 150 pupils, making the cost of educating each pupil in these classes $10 each. This is only reasonable since the higher the class of education the more expensive it becomes.

The city pays $2,000 to the Institute. The number of pupils in attendance at the Institute last year was 184, therefore the cost to the City Council for educating each pupil was $11.

The unfairness in your editorial of last evening was in making it appear that the city paid $60 per pupil, whereas it was clearly shewn by Alderman McCammon, at a meeting of the City Council last winter, that the total cost of educating each of the 184 pupils at the Institute was $21 per annum. This statement should be made clear to the public in justice to the Board of Institute Trustees.

Yours truly,

A. P. KNIGHT.

Collegiate Institute, 24th Sept.

*** We have only to say just now that the above letter is much more unfair than the statements of which our correspondent complains, inasmuch as he makes us say what certainly never appeared in this journal. He says: "The unfairness of your editorial of last evening was in making it appear that *the city paid* $60 per pupil." We simply said nothing of the kind, but on the contrary enumerated the Government grant, the city grant, the fees from pupils, and other sources of income, and expressed the opinion that from all these put together the annual cost of education in the Collegiate Institute could not "fall much short of $60 per pupil, or 12 times that of the cost per pupil in our public schools;" and this Mr. Knight does not attempt to deny. The correction of this glaring error in Mr. Knight's letter will suffice for the present, but we may have occasion to recur to this subject. Meantime, however, we would like to know if at the present there are 184 pupils in the Institute, as the number of pupils has of course much to do with the average annual cost of their education.

THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich. will send their celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts to the afflicted upon 30 days trial. Speedy cures guaranteed. They mean what say. Write to them without delay.

## PRESBYTERIAN COUNCIL.

### The Opening Proceedings—A Tremendous Crush.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 23.—This morning the great Pan-Presbyterian Council was formally opened, in the presence of thousands of people, in the Academy of Music. The delegates entered the house, led by Postmaster Hartranft, and Wm. P. Breed and other members of the committee of arrangements. After all had been accommodated, and the parquette doors were open to all, the people began pouring in and soon the house was crowded to suffocation. Mr. Jenkins, on behalf of the committee of arrangements, apologized for the unseemly delay, but so strong, he added, has been the Presbyterian spirit here, that it has passed through our lines and caused us some little trouble in finding accommodations for the clergy who have thus been deprived of the seats selected for them. Dr. W. M. Paxton, of New York, arose, and after delivering the Lord's Prayer while the great audience stood on their feet, read an appropriate hymn which was sung in congregational form. Dr. Patton then read a portion of the fourth chapter of the epistle to the Ephesians. He also read from the Gospel of Matthew, fifth chapter. The Rev. Principal Rainey, of Edinburgh, made prayer. The congregation then sung the hymn beginning, "The Lord is my shepherd I shall not want." Dr. Paxton preached. At the close of the sermon the Council adjourned until three o'clock.

In the evening Dr. Grant read a paper on "Religion in Secular Life." He maintained that in religion, as in secular matters, probability will not do as a ground for belief. Religion, to be vital, must be on the foundation of spiritual certainty. His conclusions were that the relation of religion to the secular was not arbitrary but natural, with absolute freedom as a condition for its successful working, the test being obedience to Christ, and finding His commandments joyous and not irksome. A portion of this paper was devoted to "heresy hunters," of whom Dr. Grant said that they substituted passion for reason, and necessitated resolutions of results which, however valuable in certain respects, may be measured by the remark of a great general about victories, of which the latter had said, "They are the saddest things in the world except defeats."

### NOTES AND COMMENTS.

Picton *Times*: The Conservatives declare that the exodus from Canada is over. So far from this being the case mechanics who left in the spring and returned a short time ago in the hope that they would now be able to get work at home have been obliged again to emigrate in order to make a living.

London *Truth* is of opinion that the judges should be given power to sentence persons convicted of bribery at elections to terms of imprisonment. At the last election in the county of Durham the candidates spent an aggregate of $151,055, a sum which by no possibility could be disbursed in legitimate expenses.

*Le Petit*, one of our Montreal contemporaries, says the railway syndicate is composed of Messrs. Donald A. Smith, Duncan McIntyre, George Stephen, R. B. Angus and a Mr. Hill, all of whom are residents of the country. At the back of these gentlemen are the English and French capitalists, who have undertaken to put the bonds of the syndicate on the market but not to risk any of their own money in the enterprise.

London *Advertiser*: Mr. Mackenzie was blamed for his too close devotion to the office duties of the Department of Public Works. When the underlings are liable to be "tipped," and the interests of contractors placed before those of the public, it would seem that a Minister would be better employed in looking after the interests of his constituents than in spending his time in holiday tours at the public expense.

Toronto *World*: Principal McVicar has written a letter in answer to the criticism of Father Stafford on his address to the school teachers of Ontario more than a year ago. It amounts in substance to a plea of justification, and the Principal proceeds to quote and argue that the people of Quebec are very low in the educational scale, and attributes this to their system, which is one-sided, unnatural, and unsymmetrical in the last degree, and practically directed by the Jesuits.

### Alleged Wife Poisoner.

The trial of Dr. Albert G. F. Goerson, charged with the murder of his wife, Elizabeth E. Goerson, by poison, was begun in the city of Philadelphia on Thursday morning. The prisoner at the bar was the son of the late Dr. Goerson, homœopathic physician in the upper part of the city. When the father died the prisoner in a measure succeeded to his father's practice. He had himself attended several lectures in so-called colleges in Philadelphia, and professed to have some little knowledge of medicine. In 1879 he went to board in the house of Mrs. Elizabeth Souder, whose daughter, a school teacher, he afterward married. Mrs. Elizabeth Souder was the widow of John E. Souder, who left a will in favor of his wife and daughter. In the early part of 1880 the mother-in-law of the prisoner was taken sick and was induced to make a will in favor of the prisoner and his wife. The will was in the handwriting of the prisoner. The mother-in-law died soon afterward, but the will was never admitted to probate. A few days after the death of Mrs. Elizabeth Souder her daughter, although she had been in excellent good health for some time previous, was taken sick and died within five days. The prisoner was the only person who prescribed for her. By the death of his mother-in-law and his wife the prisoner fell heir to the entire property, and the Commonwealth alleges that the prisoner poisoned both of them in order to possess himself of it.

### A Pilot's Discovery.

The pilot boat "Pet" which arrived in New York in the lower bay from a cruise, reports that on the 19th inst., in latitude 41 deg. 30 min. north and longitude 64 deg. 30 min. west, she fell in with a vessel bottom up. On approaching the overturned craft she lowered a boat, which went alongside. Her crew discovered that she was the schooner "Gladiator," and as she was in the track of vessels bound to this port it was advisable to cut a hole in her side so as to sink her. The necessary implements were accordingly furnished to the boat's crew and the work was about to be commenced, but a terrible stench was encountered from below, which compelled them to desist. As the boat was moving round the vessel a man was discovered with a rope round his neck hanging from the bowsprit. He was bloated with water and his features were decomposed. The effluvium from the sunken schooner was so noisome and overpowering that the conclusion was come to that the crew of the vessel were lying dead in her cabin. It is thought probable that she is the British schooner "Gladiator," which sailed from Barbadoes for Yarmouth, N.S., some time ago. She is no doubt the vessel reported by the pilot boat "Thomas N. Negus" (No. 1) as being seen in about the same position on the 17th instant.

## UNITED STATES DESPATCHES.

### Leading Events in the Adjacent Republic.

AGRICULTURAL PURSUITS.

Philadelphia, Sept. 24.—An adjourned meeting of the International Sheep and Wool Growers' Association was held last night, Commissioner of Agriculture Le Duc presiding. The Committee reported in favor of calling the attention of Congress to the necessity for making larger appropriations to the Department of Agriculture, to assist in distributing documents regarding sheep.

NEW CANAL—BEFORE.

Sandwich, Mass., Sept. 24.—Three hundred and eight men are at work on Cape Cod Canal. The force is to be increased to 2,000. The length of water way will be 42,000 feet, the breadth at the bottom 66 feet, at the top 250 feet, depth below low water 25 feet. Cost $10,000,000, saving of distance 150 miles. On a dangerous coast this makes Boston nine hours nearer New York by stream. The time for building is two years. The canal is to be a tide level water way.

PETITION OVERRULED.

Indianapolis, Sept. 24.—The Supreme Court has overruled the petition for a rehearing in the case involving the validity of the constitutional amendments. The State election will therefore be held in October.

UNITED STATES FINANCES.

New York, Sept. 24.—The *Times* says the number of gallons of distilled spirits produced in the United States during the fiscal year ending June 30th was 90,355,000, against 91,882,000 during the previous year. The Treasury Department's receipts for the fiscal year ended June 30th aggregated $333,520,000, against $273,827,000 in the preceeding fiscal year. The expenditures aggregated $364,847,000, against $266,947,000 in the preceeding year. A reduction of nearly ten millions was made in the annual charge for public debt interest. The surplus revenue for '79 was $6,879,000, and for '70 $68,678,000.

## EUROPEAN TELEGRAMS.

ENGLISH FAILURE.

London, Sept. 24.—William J. Taylor & Co., of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, insurance brokers, ship owners and corn factor, have failed; liabilities £71,250.

DISTINGUISHED PASSENGERS.

London, Sept. 24.—Among the passengers by the Inman steamer City of Richmond, which sailed from Queenstown to-day for New York were Archibald Forbes, the well known war correspondent, Madame Gerster, Mlle. Belocca, Signor Lugi Arditi, and other operatic celebrities.

THE BRADLAUGH SUITS.

London, Sept. 23.—The suits against Mr. Bradlaugh for having illegally affirmed instead of taking the oath, etc., will be tried in November. The Attorney-General will urge proof that up to the morning of the day he affirmed Bradlaugh was neither a Quaker, Moravian, nor Separatist.

SOUTH AFRICA'S TROUBLES.

London, Sept. 23.—The threatened troubles in South Africa have now become a sad reality. On Monday a body of 1,200 fighting men of the Basuto tribe attacked the Mohales Hock settlement. On the following day an army of 5,000 natives assailed the Mafeting settlement. The fighting was severe, but the colonists repulsed their assailants. However, at the time when the latest news left the Cape, it was reported the conflict was still going on and that the situation of the colonists was critical.

## TORONTO.

### Oddfellowship—Increase in Assessment—Vice-Regal Trip.

Toronto, Sept. 24.—The Bunker Hill Encampment of Oddfellows will visit Hamilton to-day and it is expected they will return to-morrow.

Mr. Manghan, Assessment Commissioner, expects to be able to show an increase of three millions in the assessment of the taxable property throughout the city for 1881, which has to be completed by the end of this month pursuant to statute. The bulk of the increase is attributable to the abolition of certain exemptions on lawns, farm lands, incomes and incorporated companies.

His Excellency the Governor-General, accompanied by his suite, arrived here this morning on the regular train from the east and left on a Great Western special for Hamilton at 10:30. Col. Gzowski and a number of prominent citizens were at the station to witness the departure.

The steamer "Empress of India" left Hamilton at 5:30 last evening for this city with a large number of passengers on board, and as she had not arrived at midnight some anxiety was felt by those who had friends on board as to her whereabouts. She arrived in port about three o'clock this morning, having broken her shaft when about half way across the lake.

### An Unusual Case.

A strange transaction transpired in Chicago on Tuesday. It appears that Mr. Henry C. Ranney, formerly of the firm of Ranney & Inglis, which failed some time ago, bought some grain of various dealers on Change Monday. The sales amounted to some $12,000, the sellers being Messrs. Baldwin & Stone, S. H. McCrea & Co., Low Bros. & Co., Stiles, Goddio & McMahon, Rosenbaum Bros., Chas. Ray & Co., and Geo. Webster. The latter received payment in checks on the Canadian Bank of Commerce, which were deposited Monday afternoon and passed through the Clearing House on Wednesday noon. Ranney having bought the grain on speculation, and having no cash with which to pay for it, transferred the grain to the Canadian Bank of Commerce as collateral security. When the checks on the bank were presented yesterday, having passed through the Clearing House, they were returned with the inscription, "No Funds." This unwelcome indorsement of course surprised the above-mentioned firms, but no one more than it did Mr. Ranney himself, who could not account for this action on the part of the bank.

Mr. Ranney and others at once proceeded to the bank to make inquiries. There Mr. Ranney and his commercial friends were informed that the old firm of Ranney & Inglis owed the bank money when they failed, and that the account had never been settled. The bank officials stated that they had taken the grain as collateral security, and also given the opportunity to settle the open account. Of course, Mr. Ranney was astonished at this proceeding, but was powerless to act for the time being.

Mr. Ranney at once consulted with his creditors, who assured him that they were convinced of his innocence in the matter, not believing that he had been guilty of any duplicity. A number of prominent Board of Trade men were consulted, and were surprised by the peculiarity of the case. Later in the afternoon the creditors held a conference and notice was at once sent to the bank enjoining them from selling the grain, or any part of it. The elevator proprietors were also notified not to deliver any of the grain upon presentation of the receipts.

Go to the Rathbun lumber yard for doors, sash and blinds. Price lower than anywhere else.

## OTTAWA.

### Drowning—Sitting Bull's Tour—Timber Business.

Ottawa, Sept. 24.—It is reported that Louis Comandant, an Indian, and a mail carrier for the Upper Ottawa from Mattawa, is drowned. His canoe, a mail bag and his coat were found floating about in the mountain rapids.

Major Walsh is in the city on business with the Indian Department. Mr. D.S. Booth, of Brockville, is one of the company for whom the Major has secured "Sitting Bull" for a tour of Canada and the United States.

The fact that Scottish capitalists have organized a company to control the lumber trade in the Ottawa district, as mentioned some weeks ago, has had the effect of greatly enhancing the value of timber limits. Limits that could be purchased last year for $20,000 and $25,000 are now held for $50,000 and $75,000 each. Within the past three months wages, too, have advanced, and men are getting scarcer every day. This, in a measure, is due to the large number of men who have been engaged to work in the Western shanties. It is estimated that over six hundred men have left the city for outside firms within the past two months.

Yesterday afternoon an Indian named Paul McDougall succeeded in getting a quantity of firewater on board, at the Desert village, and in the evening became very boisterous threatening to scalp several persons. He got into his canoe shortly afterwards, and in attempting to paddle to the other side fell into the river. He was too drunk to keep his head above water until assistance arrived and was consequently drowned.

No more deaths have been reported from smallpox on the Indian reserve. The Indians have been well supplied with provisions since the breaking out of the disease. After this month they will be able to take care of themselves.

## BELLEVILLE.

### The Regatta—"Katie Grey" First, "Emma" Second.

Belleville, Sept. 24.—The fifth annual regatta of the Bay of Quinte Yacht Club took place to-day on a course opposite the city. There were six entries, the "Gracie," "Katie Gray," "Kathleen," "Emma," "Una," and "Peerless." The latter two, however, did not start, the owner of the first named forbidding and the latter not arriving in time. The betting was in favor of the "Katie Gray." The start was made as follows: "Gracie" 11:47; "Kathleen" 11:47½; "Emma" 11:48½; "Katie Gray" 11:53. The yachts went off before a west wind toward camp meeting cove, and on the return to the point the "Katie Gray" was in the lead, the "Gracie" second, the "Emma" third and "Kathleen" last. The run to the west buoy and to the starting place was made without change of position, but a change in the distance between the yachts was plainly apparent. On the first round the "Katie Gray" led by about eight minutes, and at 3.35 was about twelve minutes ahead. The "Emma" had worked up to second place, the "Gracie" third, and "Kathleen" in the rear.

## SOUTH AMERICA.

### The War Feeling—Action of the Chinese—Earthquakes.

Panama, Sept. 16.—Advices from Lima Aug. 28th, and from Valparaiso Aug 13, report nothing of special interest in war matters. The Chinese in Lima caught the national enthusiasm, and a celestial guard has been formed of sixty of the richest Chinamen. A corps of six hundred of the best Chinese society is offered for the city's defense. The mission to South America of Minister Christiancy was only for the purpose of presenting the claims to Chili for the damage caused to American property during the war, so even this faint hope of peace is blighted.

At Valapariso, as the steamer was leaving, a severe shock of earthquake was experienced. The spire of a church at Vina Del Mar was thrown down. It is reported at Coquimbo, that the town of Illapel, in the interior, was destroyed by a shock and 200 persons killed.

A telegram from Lima says the Chilians had again bombarded Callao on Aug. 31st.

## MONTREAL.

### Ballooning—Vennor's Predictions—Stock Changes.

Montreal, Sept. 24.—Professor Grimley's balloon, in which were the Professor and Mr. Browning, a Montreal reporter, ascended last evening at five o'clock and landed near Chambly, at a town called St. Mary's. They had a splendid trip.

The Montreal and Champlain Junction Railway will be completed on the 15th November as far as St. Martine.

Vennor predicts cold and stormy weather for the remainder of September and part of October.

The Montreal Juniors beat the St. George's Club in one innings and nine wickets to fall.

The stock market was steady to-day with a fall in Richelieu of 1½ per cent., but all the others were firmer at the close.

## IRELAND'S CAUSE.

### Parnell's Visit to America—Land League.

London, Sept. 24.—Mr. Parnell intends to remain in Ireland and follow up the land agitation, and will not go to America as arranged.

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 24.—Mr. Davitt lectured before an immense audience last night on the land troubles in Ireland.

## TELEGRAPHIC SPARKS.

### The Latest Flashes Over the Wires.

Jos. Bosaraz, clerk, Eagle Pass, Tex., was murdered and his store robbed by unknown parties.

Marmot & Co's coal elevator, Cincinnati, was burned, and Lane & Bradley's machine works damaged by fire last night; loss $62,000.

A telegram from Smalensk says 3,000 workmen at Jarecow recently struck in consequence of a reduction of wages, and committed great excesses. Troops have been despatched.

It is estimated that 40,000 persons took part in the parade and over 100,000 persons witnessed the ratification proceedings of the Democratic party in New York last night.

The next party to Manitoba from the Ottawa district will leave on the 6th of October, and will number 160 passengers and sixteen cars of freight.

The Directors of the Bank of Montreal have suspended the teller through whose absence from the desk the $7,000 robbery was effected.

Several large frauds have been discovered in the Government offices lately. A census clerk, attached to the Home Office, has just decamped after embezzling $15,000.

Hon. R. W. Scott, of Ottawa, and Mr. E. A. C. Pew, of Welland, acting in conjunction with a syndicate of New York capitalists, have purchased the mining rights on Pie Island.

A change of venue from Ottawa has been granted in the case of McLaren v. Caldwell & Sons, involving the right of way on the Missisippi, and the case will shortly come up at Brockville.

## MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, Sept. 24, 1880.

Bank of Montreal—asked 153½, offered 152½ 10½, sales 2 at ½.
Merchants' Bank—asked 103½ offered 103 ½, sales 41 at ½, 8 at ½.
Bank of Commerce—asked 129, offered 128, sales 1 at ¾, 5 at ¾.
Ontario Bank—asked 86½ offered 86½, sale 72 at ½, 50 at ½.
Bank of Toronto—asked 137, offered 136, sales 60.
Molsons Bank—asked 99, offered 97.
Banque Du Peuple—asked 84½ offered 84½.
Banque Jacques Cartier—asked 99½ offered 99 sales 90.
Union Bank—asked 50, offered 77½.
Quebec Bank—asked 60, offered 60.
Exchange Bank—asked 55, offered 54, 10 at ½.
Montreal Telegraph Co.—asked 132½ offered 132, sales 40 at ½, 50 at ½, 150 at 132½, 25 at ½, 25 at ½.
Dominion Telegraph Co.—asked 78, offered 60.
Montreal Gas Co.—asked 189 offered 187, sales 50 at ½.
City Passenger RR.—asked 121, offered 120, sales 25 at 60, 70 at 60½, 25 at 59.
Rich. & Ont. Nav. Co.—asked 65, offered 56½, sales 25 at 60, 70 at 60½, 25 at 59.

## MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKET.

Montreal, Sept. 24.

Flour—receipts 1500 bbls, sales 300. Market quiet, prices unchanged. Quotations. Superiors 5.25 extra 5.15 to 20; fancy 5.00; spring extra 5.05 to 5.10; superfine 4.80 to 4.85; strong baker's 5.50 to 6.25; fine 4.15 to 4.25; middlings 3.90 to 4.00; pollards 3.50 to 3.75; Ont. bags 2.60 to 2.70; city, do 2.95 to 3.00.

Grains—Wheat Canada Red and White Winter 1.08 to 1.09; Spring 1.15 to 1.15.

Corn 52½ to 55c in bond.

Peas 80c to 90c per 66 lbs.

Oats 30c to 30c per 32 lbs.

Barley 50c to 60c.

Rye 76 to 80c.

Oatmeal 4.25 to 4.30.

Cornmeal 2.60 to 2.75.

Provisions—Butter, Western 18 to 20c; B. & M. 20 to 22; E. T. 20 to 25c; creamery 25 to 27.

Cheese 11½ to 12c.

Pork—Mess $18.00 to $18.50.

Lard 11½ to 12½.

Bacon 9c to 10c.

Ham 11c to 12c.

Ashes—Firsts 4.65 to 4.70, pearls nominal.

### REMINDERS.

FRIDAY EVENING.

MISS ROBERTSON'S address at St. Andrew's Hall.

REV. DR. BELL'S address at St. James' Parochial School House.

SATURDAY.

THE GREAT stock of water melons at J. H. Metcalfe's auction room.

TENDERS for School Board alterations received at noon.

LOTTA at the Opera House 8 p.m.

### BIRTHS.

At Wolfe Island, on Sept. 23rd, the wife of Mr W. E. D. Argent, of a daughter.

### MARRIED.

In Kingston on Monday 20th Sept. at the residence of the Rev. Thos. Bousfield, Robert A. Davy, of Garden Island, to Sarah Youmans, daughter of the late Mr. William Hackett, of Kingston.

## WANTED.

A GOOD NURSE, with acquaintance to children. Apply to Mrs G. T. Robertson, Earl Street.

A GIRL to sew and do Room Work, must be able to run a sewing machine. Good wages. Apply to Mrs. D. Ford Jones, Gananoque, or to Mrs. Hodges, 112 York Street.

Sept. 22.

## LOST.

ON the corner of Bagot and Sydenham street **THE SUM OF $15.** The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at Mr Francis Little's Barrie Street or at the Whig office.

Sept 23.

ON Thursday between Tolsis and Kingston, on the Phillipsville Road, **A POCKET BOOK** containing a sum of money and a number of Barley Bills. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at Richardson & Son.

JOHN POTTER.

Sept. 24.

SOMETIME between August 6th and 10th—A PACKAGE containing a number of Promissory Notes and other papers. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at the Whig office, or addressing P.O. Box 66.

Sept. 3rd.

CONSIGNMENT OF

## Water Melons.

J. H. METCALFE, Auctioneer, will sell at his rooms, Market Square, TO-MORROW MORNING, a large consignment of the finest WATER MELONS ever offered in the city; also a few barrels of excellent Apples.

Kingston, Sept. 24, '80.

## MISS DOYLE & CO.

Having Engaged the Services of a

FIRST CLASS MILLINER,

Will feel grateful for a call from the public.

THE SHOW ROOM

**Will be open in a few days.**

Kingston, Sept. 24, '80.

H. S. SMITH,

## BOOKBINDER

**43 Brock Street, Market Square, Kingston.**

IN returning thanks for the very liberal support he has received since commencing business, begs to announce that he has secured the assistance and co-operation of MR. JOSEPH PATERSON, from the celebrated firm of Anderson & Robertson, Edinburgh, Scotland, and is now enabled to turn out work with greater facility in a style equal to any bound in Toronto.

The bindery office being furnished with every requisite for work of the best description, he solicits a continuance of the support and patronage he has already received.

REFERENCES PERMITTED.

The Very Rev. Principal Grant and Professors of Queen's College.
Lieut. Col. Hewitt, and Officers of the Royal Military College.
A. P. Knight, M.A., Rector Collegiate Institute.
S. S. Fitzpatrick, Public School Librarian.
The Very Rev. James Lyster, LL.D., Dean of Ontario.

## PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION.

Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Co'y.

The Steamers of the above Line will carry passengers

To and From Hamilton for $7.68.

*Meals and Berths Included.*

For Tickets and other information apply at the Lake and River Steamboat Office, St. Lawrence Wharf, foot of Johnson Street.

C. H. HATCH.
Sept. 24th. Passenger Agent

## HEATH & GUNN

Are the sole agents in Kingston for

**The Johnston Optical Co.'s Patent**

*Spectacles and Eye Glasses*

**Louis Black's SPHEROIDAL SPECTACLES**

and Lazarus & Morris' Celebrated

Perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses.

A large and well selected assortment now on hand, also Coquelles Colored Glasses and Oculets at the

PHARMACY,
**155 Princess Street.**

Sept. 24th.

## NEW HARDWARE STORE.

Corner of Princess and Wellington Streets, has the

Cheapest & Best Selected Stock

IN THE CITY OF

*Shelf and Heavy Hardware,*

**Paints, Oils, &c.,**

DYNAMITE, DUALIN, POWDER, FUSE and Mining Tools a Specialty.

**W. M. DRENNAN,**

☞ Defy competition in Prices.

Sept. 24th.

## RETIRING

*From the FANCY GOODS Business.*

FINDING that our capital can be invested to better advantage in the Book and Stationery Business, we have decided to sell off at and under cost the stock contained in the Fancy Goods Department of our establishment, and commencing on Wednesday, September 21nd, we will offer

**Work Boxes,**
**Writing Desks,**
**Photograph Frames,**
**Ladies' Satchels,**
**Vases,**
**Mirrors,**
**Jewellery,**
**Accordeons,**
**Concertinas,**
**Violins,**
**Glove and Handkerchief Boxes**
**Toys of all Kinds,**
**&c., &c.**

*At Prices which must Ensure Sales.*

We do not intend to purchase any more of the above goods, and in the future, by devoting our whole time and energies to the

**Book and Stationery Business,**

Hope to be better prepared than ever to meet the requirements and supply the demands of our numerous patrons.

## Henderson & Co.,

Importers of Books, Music and Periodicals, Stationery, Room Paper, &c.

Sept. 21

## NEW BOOKS

AND

NEW EDITIONS OF POPULAR BOOKS.

A TRIP TO MANITOBA—Fitzgibbon—Paper 50c. Cloth $1.00.
The Undiscovered Country—Howells—Paper 50c. Cloth, $1.00.
Farm Ballads—Will Carlton—Cloth, 75c.
Farm Legends—Cloth, 75c.
Ephphatha Sermons—Farrar—Cloth, $2.
The Koran—Sale—Cloth, 70c.
Memorials of Francis Havergal—Cloth, $2.
Life Mosaic—Havergal—Handsome cloth, $1.25.
Royal Commandments—Havergal—Cloth, 35c.
Royal Bounty—Cloth, 35c.
Royal Invitation—Cloth, 35c.
My King—Cloth, 35c.
Daniel Quorm—Pearse—Cloth, 75c.
A Short History of the English People—Green—Cloth, $2.00.
Guido and Lita—Marquis of Lorne—Cloth, $1.50.
Manual of Freemasonry—Carlisle—Cloth, $1.00.
Life and Labors of Dr. Livingston—Stanley—Cloth, $1.50.

*Mailed to any Point, post free, on Receipt of Price.*

## STACEY & WALPOLE,

Importers of Books and Stationery, corner of Brock and Wellington Streets.

Sept. 24.

THE VERY LATEST

AT THE

## New Hat Store

"THE CIGARETTE."

—FOR—

**Polo, Base Ball, Bicycle, Rowing**

And all other Athletic Sports

*Opera, Theatre, Balls, Parties, Croquets, Lawn, Tennis and Pullman Palace Cars, night or day.*

Crush it all you like it won't destroy the texture, and by a few movements of the hand can be put in its original shape. $1.50 buys one. Come quick.

## MILLS BROS.,

Cor. Princess and Bagot Sts.

Sept. 23.

F. X. COUSINEAU & CO.

Are Showing a Large Assortment of

Ladies' Winter Skirts

IN FELT AND OTHER MATERIALS.

September 21.

## DANIEL REILLY, VIOLINIST.

HAS opened a School for the proper education of pupils on the Violin. His text books will include gems from the great masters, Paganini, Ole Bull, Ernst, Campagnolo, and Spohr, giving the touch and style peculiar to each style of music. ☞ Reilly Quadrille Orchestra open for engagements upon reasonable terms. Apply at Reilly's Barber Shop, Princess Street, Kingston.

April 9, 1880.

## Tenders For Fuel Wood.

TENDERS addressed to the undersigned will be received at this office until

**Thursday, 7th Oct'r. Next,**

For supplying the steamers of the

**Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Company,**

With Fuel Wood at the Port of Kingston during the navigable season of 1881, viz:

**Five Thousand Cords (5,000) of Hardwood and one Thousand (1,000) Cords of Soft Wood.**

The Hardwood to consist of Hard Maple, Birch, Beech, Iron Wood and Hickory, to be of good sound merchantable quality, and to be not less than four (4) feet in length from point to point.

Six hundred (600) cords thereof to be dry for Spring use, and the remainder to be wood cut green during the ensuing Fall or Winter.

The Soft Wood to consist of mixed soft, except Poplar and Basswood, which will not be received.

The quantity of Hard Maple delivered shall not be less than the quantity of Beech.

The said Wood to be delivered free of wharfage at such times and in such quantities and on such wharfs as the Company or its Agents may direct, and to be fairly and closely piled by the Contractor in piles of (8) forty eight feet in length and six (6) feet in height, and the said wood and piling to be to the satisfaction and approval of the Company or its Agents.

The Company sh