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Attached is one of the best Job Printing Offices in Canada; rapid, stylish and cheap work; nine improved presses.

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THE DAILY WHIG.

'Opiter per Orbem Dicor.'

SACRIFICED TO SERVICE.

The late Dr. Sweetnam is another of those who have been sacrificed in the profession of surgery. He was born in Kingston, but removed, when a mere lad, to Toronto, where his father was made inspector of post offices at that place, and preliminary to his appointment as chief inspector of the dominion.

Dr. Sweetnam was possessed of an honorable ambition to excel, and so he never ceased to be a student. He was adding to his knowledge, his skill, his competence to deal with cases of the most critical and complicated kind. He had reached an eminent place when, in amputating a gangrened limb, he contracted the poison that ended his career.

So many deaths have occurred in this way that one is apt to surmise that there has been carelessness. But it is not that. It is the malignancy of the disease, and the danger of many operations which are forced upon the surgeons in the larger cities every day. All honor to the men who face these dangers, who to save life freely offer their own, since they risk the contamination which is so often fatal in its effects.

They are heroes, whose sacrifice is not to be measured by words or acts or deeds.

RIGHTS IN OUR SCHOOLS.

The action of a Jew in Montreal, Joseph Pinsler, in taking action to compel the Protestant school commissioners to give him a scholarship, brings to notice the peculiar relationship of the religious denominations. The Jews are not taxed for education. But two classes are provided for—those who are Roman Catholics and those who are Protestants.

The Jews, having no affiliation with either party, have been occupying a rather anomalous position. They have been sending their children to the Protestant schools, 1,500 of them, and it is calculated that their education has cost $25,000 a year while the taxes received from the whole Jewish community are about $4,500. "Moreover," says the Montreal Gazette, "the teaching of Hebrew is held to be for these children the equivalent of religious instruction, and instruction in the language is specially supplied at the cost of $800 a year." Still more, "the whole system of schools has been built upon the assumption that every child belongs to one or the other of the two great christian divisions, and the existence of a large and growing non-christian section has not been reckoned with at all."

The Protestant school commissioners say they are willing to educate all non-Catholic children, but they want all the non-Catholic taxes. Meanwhile this question has been referred to the civic solicitors, "Have the children of non-tax paying men and of other non-Catholic citizens the same right of admission to our Protestant schools as the Protestant children?" It is not an easy question to answer, and the result, in any case, will provoke controversy.

Every day it is becoming clearer that Canada may some day have schools in which a sound, secular education will be given to all the children who attend them, leaving the religious instruction to the several denominations. The Catholics teach religion every day as well as Sunday in the schools. The Protestants provide for daily bible reading, but in such a way that it is doubtful if any good is accomplished by it. The denominations generally reserve their religious teaching for Sunday, without knowing and caring much even then about its quality. The Jews will, therefore, probably get redress in Montreal by becoming fair bearers of the cost of education. The Poles, Galicians, Turks, and Greeks are eligible for consideration upon the same basis.

SCHLEY AND HIS ENEMIES.

The Schley enquiry has been completed, and the report of the three admirals who composed the court has been fyled with the Navy department. Little has been accomplished by it. The court is divided in opinion upon the evidence, and Admiral Schley would have been as well without the investigation but for one fact—that it disposes, at once and forever, of the charge that he was cowardly in his conduct off Santiago.

It will be remembered that this was the allegation which a clerk in the Navy department incorporated into a work which the government was inclined to authorize as a text book for the Naval Academies. This work was designed to be a history of national development on the side of the navy, and of course reference had to be made to the glories it had won at Manila and Santiago. The author, from information which he received from some source and prejudiced against the admiral, intimated that the record would have been more brilliant but for Schley's defects. The admiral demanded an investigation, and the government honoured his request.

The curious feature of the result is the fact that Admiral Dewey both condemns and commends him. Admirals Benham and Ramsay find fault with his campaign, and state, very plainly, that he was not active enough in searching out and antagonizing the enemy, that he should have promptly obeyed the department's orders, that he did not combat the Spanish boats as quickly or as directly at he should have done, that he lost time and advantage by his famous loop-line that in short he was vacillating, dilatory, and lacking in enterprise. But he was self-possessed in the engagement, and he encouraged his subordinates, his officers and men, to be similarly minded.

Admiral Dewey signed the report, "as a matter of form." Why? Must the president of a court sign something of which he does not approve? Surely not; and yet that is what he has done. In a separate report he justifies all that Admiral Schley did off Santiago, and seems to think that he acquitted himself with credit and honour to the nation. In a word, Admiral Dewey avers that to Admiral Schley is due the great victory which the American navy won at Santiago, and Dewey, as the hero of Manila, is the better able to judge of the situation and give an unbiased judgment.

The enquiry has been a disappointment all around. It is neither a vindication nor a condemnation; it is not even an intelligent compromise. As before the enquiry began the political friends and enemies of Admiral Schley will have views which in their strength and forcefulness are calculated to add to the heart-burning which the case has occasioned. Sooner or later the government will see the wisdom of running its war and navy departments on their merits, and then—and not until then—will scandal disappear from them.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The snow came in the nick of time. Santa Claus was despairing of even reaching the city in time for Christmas.

The Halifax trades and labour council wants Sir Wilfred Paurier to call a representative of workingmen to the government. The Halifax council should have gone a step further and nominated its man.

The war in South Africa can go on to doom's day so far as Paul Kruger is concerned. He has moved into a new house in Belgium, has laid in a big stock of tobacco, and started once more to smoke himself to death.

J. Castell Hopkins has it that there are just three issues before the people of Canada—corruption in politics, control of corporations, and prohibition of the liquor traffic. And on all three Mr. Whitney has yet to speak. Where is he anyway?

Liquor, under the new law, can be made in Manitoba, sold and shipped out of the province, and back into it again, and then consumed. The circumlocution of fire water may make it dearer, but there will be no difficulty about selling it.

J. Alphonse McCaffrey, who made a dead set upon Sir Wilfrid Laurier in the Club Letellier, whose speech was decidedly and unpopularly non-British, was severely set upon. Such was the manner in which the members of the club fell upon him that the motion was not picked up after it was read.

Score one for the militia department of Canada. All that it contended for when Maj.-Gen. Hutton was commandant of the militia, has been incorporated into the Australian engagement, and Gen. Hutton accepts it all as a matter of form. He has learned several things since he left Canada.

The American people are still guessing the word which Bourk Cochrane said Mr. Roosevelt could pass and that would put an immediate stop to the war in South Africa. Cochrane had better put the thing into the puzzle column of the newspapers, and offer a prize for the first correct answer.

Minority Will Be Recognized.

Ottawa, Dec. 16.—On Saturday, a delegation of the English speaking bar of Montreal district interviewed the premier on the desirability of the present representation of the minority in the court of appeals remaining unchanged. The premier, in reply, said he was interested in the views expressed by the speakers, and assured them the government recognized the importance of the minority in Quebec, both from its commercial, social and political influence. He was glad to assure them that there was no danger of any infringment on their rights.

A Schooner Lost.

Gloucester, Mass., Dec. 16.—The schooner Iolanthe, with her captain, Julius Olsen, and her crew of fifteen men, is believed to have foundered at sea. She sailed from this port twelve weeks ago for the Western Banks, on a fishing trip, and since then has not been heard from but once, when she called on her way to the banks, at Liverpool, N.S., to leave one of her crew, who was ill.

Ebony military brushes $2 a pair, including an elegant case, at Mitchell's.

Heavy knit-to-fit shirts, splendid heavy shirts, 75c., 90c. Bibby's.

THE AFFAIR OF THE HOUR,

TELEGRAMS FROM THE FOUR QUARTERS OF THE EARTH,

Matters That Interest Everybody—Notes From All Over—Little of Everything Easily Read and Remembered By the Dear Public.

The Christian Workers' tabernacle, erected in Hamilton at a cost of $6,000, was formally opened yesterday.

Senator Bernier expresses the opinion that the French race will soon dominate a large portion of Manitoba.

Signor Marconi has received signals by wireless telegraphy at St. John's, Nfld., from Cornwall, Eng., a distance of 1,700 miles across the Atlantic.

The war office has agreed to take two more squadrons of mounted rifles for service in South Africa, and nearly 900 men will be sent from Canada.

Frederick Schultz, a prisoner at Sault Ste. Marie, under sentence of death, attempted to commit suicide by cutting his throat with a piece of corset steel. He will probably recover.

Bret Harte, novelist and poet, is ill in London with pneumonia and almost in a dying condition. He was to have attended the funeral of his oldest son, Gris Harte, in Brooklyn, on Friday.

The indications are that the proposed combination of straw board and wood pulp factories of the United States will be effected at a meeting of representatives of the various plants to be held at Buffalo this week.

As a result of the flood in the Richelieu river at Sorel, the Richelieu steamers Canada, Berthier and Saguenay and tugs of the Sincennes McNaughton company, were torn from their winter quarters anld carried out into the St. Lawrence. The tug Ethel was sunk.

A large delegation of Montreal and Hull barristers waited on the federal government, asking for the appointment of an English-speaking judge to succeed justice Wintele should the latter resign to take the chairmanship of the commission to revise the dominion statutes.

YELLOW JOURNAL CORRECTED

Absurd Stories About the Coronation.

London, Dec. 16.—While Britain is pleased that United States is manifesting such keen interest in the forthcoming coronation, it cannot restrain its amusement over the absurd stories printed in New York newspapers. Londoners have been surprised to learn this week through the medium of a recent issue of New York's most prominent representative of yellow journalism that "six actress-peeresses are not to be permitted by the king to attend his coronation."

As a general proposition this statement is not a startling surprise for, as everyone knows, the peerage has been largely reinforced by the stage, and queen Victoria was never inclined to encourage the ladies who have exchanged the tinsel robes for the real ones. But as regards the six particular peeresses named in the yellow journal's lists, United States may be relieved to learn that they have not at present applied for permission to attend. This feeling of retiring delicacy and shyness is especially manifest on the part of those of them who happen to be dead.

Pew Suit Appeal.

The suit of the trustees of Carleton Place Methodist church vs. Keyes, is in the divisional court, Toronto. J. J. Maclaren, K.C., appearing for the defendant from the judgment of the county court of Lanark. The suit concerns the ownership of pew No. 64 of the aforesaid church, which the defendant maintains as against the trustees. Another plaintiff one Young claimed the pew. Judgment was reserved.

France And Turkey Again.

Constantinople, Dec. 16.—New difficulties between the porte and France appear to be imminent. The governor of Tripoli has sent troops to occupy Belma, on the frontier of Sahara. M. Constans, French minister to Turkey, has informed the porte that a serious rupture of relations will ensue unless the troops are immediately withdrawn as Belma is the centre of the French zone.

White Caps Active Again.

New Albany, Ind., Dec. 16.—News has reached this city of an outbreak of the white caps in Crawford county, near English. During the week, William Cunningham, a former justice of the peace; Jessie Tyre and Miss Alice Haycock, all of Sterling township, have been taken from their beds by a mob of masked men and whipped with hickory switches.

Fifty Years A School Teacher.

Norristown, Pa., Dec. 16.—Teachers, scholars and graduates of the local schools to-day took part in a reception held in celebration of the semi-centennial anniversary of Miss Lizzie Walker as teacher in the Norristown high school. Miss Walker's friends claim for her the distinction of being the oldest school teacher in point of service in Pennsylvania, if not in the entire country.

A Senator's Opinion.

Washington, Dec. 16.—Senator Foraker calls the Schley verdict "disgraceful" and "shameful." He says: "I read every word of the testimony, and there is nothing in it that justifies that censure of Schley. He may have erred in some ways, because of imperfect knowledge, but he succeeded in the end."

Darling Succeeds Hackett.

Washington, Dec. 16.—Charles H. Darling, of Vermont, to-day assumed the duties of assistant secretary of the navy. Judge Darling succeeds Frank H. Hackett, who recently resigned his position to accept an appointment in connection with the St. Louis world's fair.

You save time these busy days trading at one price store, and time is certainly money. Our boys' suits are right in price and quality. Splendid serge suits at $4.50. Bibby's.

Fresh New York chocolates, 3 lbs. for $1. E. C. Mitchell.

INSTITUTION VINDICATED.

Charges of a Chicago Paper Bluntly Refuted.

In the associated press despatches, published all over, about a fortnight since appeared a telegram alleging cruelty at the Illinois state reformatory, at Pontiac. The report was based upon a news report of the Chicago Chronicle, but it is challenged in its entirety by statements here given:

Pontiac, Ill., Dec. 12 —(To the Editor): My attention has been called by a Canadian friend to two items which appeared in your paper relating to myself personally and to the Illinois state reformatory, of whose board of managers I have the honor to be president. The two items are false in every particular. I therefore, enclose a correction, which I feel sure you will at once publish and, as far as possible, undo the mischief which may have arisen from their publication. As bishop of the church in Canada, as well as in the United States, such items are a reflection on my character which cannot be overlooked. Yours very truly, Samuel Fallows.

The discipline at the Illinois state reformatory is for the most part of a mild and humane character, according to bishop Fallows, although in the case of desperate inmates it is of a severe nature, but there is not a pillory employed.

Only in the case of such inmates who are guilty of murderous attempts on officers, harboring concealed weapons for these persons, or making conspicuous attempts to escape, open insubordination and the like is marked punishment inflicted.

No officer is permitted to strike an inmate except in self-defence, on pain of instant dismissal. Only about forty incorrigible persons out of 5,000 inmates in the ten years existence of the reformatory have ever been sent to the penitentiaries. Among them were some of the hardened offenders from Chicago, who were sent to the institution instead of going to Joliet.

Charles Miller, whose case was heard before judge Tuthill, had been an inmate for four years and a half, and had been guilty of many misdemeanors. He was not struck for these offenses nor treated with harshness. He was compelled to get a common school education and to learn the laundry business and become an expert stone cutter in spite of his opposition.

Pontiac, Ill., Dec. 12.—(To the Editor): Referring to the subjoined statement of the Right Rev. Samuel Fallows, I wish to add that the article referred to in the Chronicle is untruthful. In the first place, Charles Miller, a former inmate of this institution, was transferred from here to the penitentiary several months before I accepted the position as general superintendent. I had never seen Miller, until I met him in judge Tuthill's court. I was asked but one question on the stand, "Would I consider it detrimental to the discipline of the institution if the right to transfer boys from this place to the penitentiary was denied the board of managers," and I answered that I would consider it detrimental. There is no form of corporal punishment existing in this institution and, to the best of my knowledge, the pillory never has been used here. I wish to corroborate the statement in bishop Fallow's letter and to say that there is no man in the whole United States doing a greater work for humanity than he. Such statements should not be made concerning such a worthy man. Prior to my taking hold of this institution there was a gentleman by the name of I. O. Mallory and I presume that the similarity of names brought about the erroneous statement made by the Chronicle's reporter. I emphatically state that I did not corroborate any statement set forth in said article in the Chicago Chronicle. I trust that you will assist the board of managers in correcting false statements floating over the country. Very respectfully, M. M. Mallary, general superintendent.

MARRIED TO REGAIN CHILD.

Former Husband Kidnapped it—Returned After Arrest.

Glen Falls, N.Y., Dec. 16.—A case of kidnapping which resulted in a marriage was disposed of here by the discharge of Byron Place, who surrendered his child, which he was charged with kidnapping, to his former wife. He tried for a long time to obtain possession of the little one, and on Friday last he went with a confederate to the house where his former wife was living. While the confederate was engaging the mother in conversation at one door, Place sneaked in at another door, snatched the little one from the bed, wrapped some of the comfortables about it, dashed out and jumped into a waiting sleigh and was off. Before his arrest he had left the baby with friends in Saratoga Springs.

The first thing the mother did was to wed George Henry Blake, of Milton, as she thought he would be endowed with peculiar rights by the ceremony in the recovery of the child and upon his promise that he would pursue the former husband "to the ends of the world."

Another Policeman On Trial.

New York, Dec. 16.—In view of the recent sentence of Wardman Bissert to Sing Sing prison much interest is manifested in the trial of wardman Edward G. Glennon, which was commenced to-day in general sessions. As in the case of Bissert the charge against Glennon is neglect of duty.

Try us for extra heavy underwear, $1 garment. Of course we have stacks of underwear at 40c., 50c., 65c., 75c. Bibby's one price house.

Considering the weather the sale of goods from our 35c. window has been very good, but we have decided to extend it until Tuesday evening, in order to give everyone a chance to get a bargain. E. C. Mitchell.

Overcoats, overcoats, overcoats. It was certainly remarkable how many bought overcoats from us on Saturday. We are likely to run short of some styles of these overcoats at any time. Come in and take a look at the values. Bibby's.

The Canadian cork company's works at Montreal were damaged by fire to the extent of $75,000.

Hurrah for Real Christmas Weather.

S&S K

Start your shopping now. Putting it off ma bring more rain. We're prepared for a great big rus Extra sales people, extra parcellers, and an extra b stock, a stock that will pay you to look at and pick fro Some things we're selling people tell us are half t prices they are elsewhere. Don't be afraid to come the store, there's always room for more. The cro you see at the door are buying Books, Calenda Games and Novelties. You'll want some too wh you see how fast they're going

SPECIAL BARGAINS THIS WEEK in Dre Goods and Silks.

Silk and Wool Waist Materials.
Women's and Children's Jackets.
Table Napery, Comforters and Blankets.
Kid Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neckwear.
Dress Skirts, Underskirts.
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Lawn Aprons, Women's Leggings.
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Silk Bibs, Fancy Bootees and Mitts.

STARR & SUTCLIFFE,
118 and 120 Princess Street. - - - Kingston, Or

Santa Claus
Leaves His Nothern Hom and Head s for Crumley's.

His Advance Agent has already left us waggon loads of pretty and u ful articles suitable as CHRIST AS GIFTS. Old St. Nicholas himself now on the way here with a big sleigh load. If his reindeers do not tire get stuck in the snow he will arrive in time to gladden the heart of many good girl or boy or their mother or father.

Red Overstockings, Mitts, Sashes and Toques for boys and girls.

Men's Christmas Ties and Overcoat Scarfs, Puffs, Knots and 4-in-Hand

Fur Collars, Caperines, Ruffs and Electric Seal, Coon and Astrach Jackets for Women.

Men's and Boys' Christmas Braces and Lined and Unlin Kid and Moca Gloves and Mits. Kid Gloves, Silk Initiated Handkerchie Dainty Muslin Embroidered Handkerchiefs for women and men.

Manhatian Silk Waists for women, $4 and $5 each, Evening Tints, a in Black.

New style in Women's Jackets, Golf Shawl or Fur-lined Capes.

Women and Children's Black and White Imitation Lamb Gauntle also in Sealette

Our store is verily a Christmas Exhibition. Light by day and with c new Kern gas clusters light by night. Walk in, take a bird's eye view goods exposed. If anything you want we will be pleased to sell.

CRUMLEY BROS.
132-134 Princess Street.

THE CHRISTMAS "TOYE" STORE

Here is fun a-plenty!---from Beau tiful dolls to railway cars---fro iron banks to monkeys--from wa riors to fancy pencil cases.

LISTEN!

They are all filled with Englis candy.

TOYE'S FOR TOYS, MARKET SQUAR

APPROPRIATE CHRISTMAS GIFTS.

SLIPPERS make very acceptable gi either for lady or gentleman The pick of th best makers are here for you to choose from.

D. J. McDermott, 175 Princess St., Next to Routley

ELIHU ROOT'S BROTHER WEDS

Dr. Oren Root and Mrs. Anna Quisenberry.

Carrollton, Mo., Dec. 16.—This is the date set for the wedding of Dr. Oren Root, of New York, brother of the secretary of war, and Mrs. Anna Ray Quisenberry, of this place. The wedding is to be a quiet affair, attended only by a few relatives and intimate friends of the bride and groom. Dr. Root is a former resident of Missouri, having been for a number of years professor of English and mathematics at the Missouri university. He is also a prominent mason, having acted as grand high priest of the Missouri Royal Arch masons, and grand commander of the Missouri Knights Templar. The bride-to-be is a daughter of Robert D. Ray, former chief justice of the missouri supreme court.

Heavy frieze ulsters, strong wool lining, $8, $9. Some as low as $5. Bibby's.

COMFORTABLE HOME.

DESIRABLE PROPERTY, SITUATED Stewart street, near Queen's College, one block from the Lake front, for sale. Lot has 75 feet frontage, is 132 feet d with a comfortable eight-room cottage, good condition, well shaded by large tr Good garden. Will be sold on easy te pply to H. W. RICHARDSON, foot Princess street, Kingston

DR. C. E. O'CONNOR

Late resident Surgeon, New York Eye Ear Infirmary. Specialist, Eye, Ear, N and Throat.

Office, - - - 279 King Stre

Found Guilty.

Oswego, N.Y., Dec. 16.—Fra White, colored, aged twenty-two, w has been on trial for two weeks f murdering his employer, George Cla at Lansing, September 15th, w found guilty of murder in the first d gree. Sentence will be pronounced t day.

Chocolates, in fancy boxes from 20c to $2. E. C. Mitchell's.