CONUNDRUM!

Where Can I Get Goods of the Kind I Want and for the Least Money?

AT A. MARTIN'S

CANTON TEA HOUSE.

He has one of the largest and most complete Stocks in the city, comprising

Teas, Sugar, Coffees, Flour, Corn Meal, Oat Meal,

And in fact everything that is found in a FIRST CLASS STORE.

☞ Don't forget the place—CANTON TEA HOUSE, opposite Horsey's Hardware Store.
Feb 12, 1877.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Hours of Arrivals and Departures from Kingston Station Montreal Time.

GOING WEST.

	Arrive.	Depart.
Express	4:47 a.m.	4:52 a.m.
Express	4:05 p.m.	4:10 p.m.

GOING EAST.

	Arrive.	Depart.
Express	2:00 a.m.	2:15 a.m.
Express	2:00 p.m.	2:15 p.m.
Mixed	1:10 a.m.	6 a.m.

TRENAMAN, Station Master. JOSEPH HICKSON, G.T.R. Manager

The Daily British Whig.

Optfer per Orbem Dicor.

MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 9, 1877.

REMINDERS.

MONDAY.

CITY COUNCIL.—Regular Meeting at 8 p.m.

LECTURE by Dr. Fenwick at Y. M. C. A. Hall at 8 o'clock.

MEETING in connection with Methodist Educational Society at 7:30 p.m.

MONTHLY Meeting of Church of England Missionary Union at St. George's Hall, 7:30 p.m.

TUESDAY.

FRONTENAC CHAPTER at 8 p.m.; R.A. work.

FRONTENAC Agricultural Society meeting at 3 p.m.

ST. JAMES' Church Temperance Society Meeting at 7:30 p.m.

The *News* in Saturday's issue does itself credit by acquitting the Premier of any desire to treat with contumely or indifference the workingmen of Ottawa. The men and boys, who, without the least fore notice of their intention, rushed pell mell into the corridors of the Parliament Buildings, and left it with cheers and groans, were only a disorderly rabble whom it was nobody's duty, except perhaps the policeman's, to recognize. In the course of an article justiying Mr. Mackenzie's refusal to be thus forcibly interviewed by these parties, our neighbour very fairly and truly says:

"There is a right and a wrong way of doing everything. This country is not governed by mob law. As subsequent events proved, after an arrangement had been made in a proper way, Mr. Mackenzie met the men and heard their complaint. Personally, he sympathized with them in their distress, but it was not in his power, as the representative of the Government, to fill their mouths with bread. He promised a subscription towards a relief fund. Had the labourers, in the first place, requested an interview with the Premier in a proper manner, we feel assured that it would have been cheerfully granted."

THE MEMBER FOR LINCOLN.

The coolest insult, of which even the audacity of Sir John Macdonald has for some time past been guilty, is his motion, set down for to-day, that a writ do issue for the election of a member for the county of Lincoln, in the room and stead of James Norris, who, the motion declares, has accepted a contract under the Crown. It has transpired that Messrs. Cooper, Fairman & Co. some time ago made a contract with the Government for the transportation of steel rails; that, thereafter, this firm made arrangements with the Merchants' Lake and River Steamship Company to carry this freight for them, and, finally, that Mr. Norris was an owner of some of the vessels belonging to this line. The line or Company itself consisted of an Association of forwarders, and, although not incorporated, were virtually, if not technically, as much entitled to carry Government or any other property without compromising the honour of any member of it, as is the Grand Trunk, Great Western or any other corporate commercial institution. And it has been under this impression that Mr. Norris has sat in the House, never trying to conceal his connection with the Company, and never dreaming of any breach of the independence of Parliament or of any auspicion on his personal honor as a member of it.

But what strikes us as the amusingly impudent feature of this affair, is, that even Sir John Macdonald could muster the necessary cheek to make a motion like the above, in the face of his own record. Does he expect House and country to forget the barefaced employment of Col. Gray, a member of parliament, and a slavish supporter of his own, to whom he caused to be paid, not a *yearly* salary, for that would be a contravention of the Act, but $300 *per mensem*, for codifying the laws? This and scores of similar violations or evasions of the law should forever deter him, at anyrate, from raising such a question as the above. If Sir John should prove the point his motion assumes against the member for Lincoln, that will be but a trifling and technical impropriety as compared with the damaging disclosures of the Northern Railway investigation. Where did the $2,500 to Sir John's own Tory testimonial come from, or the repeated subsidies of the *Mail*, or John Beverly Robinson's election fund, or Sir Francis Hincks', or the other 'poor young men' who were gallantly fighting public opinion in various constituencies with the favorite old weapon of the Conservative party! It was the very money the Gov't., of which Sir John was the head, lent the company that they were filching out again, and therefore under the very clumsy pretence of putting the public cash into the coffers of the Railway and then taking it out again, they were really rifling the public chest. We do not direct attention the these recently developed specimens of the rank corruption of the last Tory administration to call off attention from any Reform shortcoming, but to show that it is not at all in good taste for the ex-Premier to move in this matter, and that even assuming Mr. Norris to have erred, which we do not admit, and which remains to be proved, for Sir John to condemn him is too much like Satan reproving sin. When the motion has been discussed additional facts may be elicited to justify our return to this matter in a future issue.

THE "MECHANICAL" MAJORITY.

The organs of the Opposition think the country is all right, but they are death on the House. According to them the Reform members are as ready as so many hacks could be, to do the dirty work of the Ministry, or, with majority whitewash, to brighten up the latter at the faintest beck and on the shortest notice, no matter how begrimed or bespattered they may be with Opposition charges. It is really no use to impeach the Government with malfeasance of office or anything else, because its servile followers, after an affectation of deliberation, will bring in a verdict of "not guilty" anyway. Now we hold that the present Parliament, elected as a protest against corruption, and for the very purpose of condemning it, is at least as likely to retain an abhorrence of it as was the previous Parliament which was elected for the most part by means the most corrupt ever resorted to by a political party to pack the House with its own supporters. The last Parliament, bought in mainly by Pacific Railway money, necessarily represented in its majority the corruption of the country and of its public men. The majority of the present House was, on the contrary, elected as a protest against that very corruption and with instructions to punish with expulsion from office those who had been guilty of it. Notwithstanding the corrupt auspices under which it was created, even the Pacific Railway Parliament condemned the corruption of that Government when its disclosures were fully known. Is it at all likely, then, that a Parliament elected to condemn corruption would hesitate to discharge that duty if the circumstances of the case required it to be done? It would be more than their political lives were worth for Reformers to tolerate for a day a Government that could be guilty of but a modicum of the charges laid at the door of the present Ministry by Opposition journals and pic-nic politicians. It is reasonable to suppose that the Liberals in the House are not such renegades as to condone the very thing they were elected to condemn, nor such fools as to incur the certainty of committing political suicide for themselves and their party by pursuing such a course.

THE LIBERTY OF THE PRESS.

The *Mail* is enraged and defiant. Like the ancient war horse smelling the battle afar off, rejoicing in his strength, pawing ing in the valley, and swallowing the ground with fierceness and rage. So this Conservative champion mocks at fear, and is not affrighted as he goes out to meet the armed men, who are assailing the dearest liberties of the people in the rights of the press. It has been said that the Premier intends to arraign the *Mail* before the courts for libel, and forthwith, visions of coveted martyrdom heroism and undying fame dance before its delighted eyes. The very rumor has furnished it with a ringing war cry, quite as telling as M.C. Cameron's "civil and religious libery" in the Ontario Legislature. Says the great journal:—

"The greatest men Great Britain and Ireland have produced have exhausted their vocabulary when they have dealt with the importance of this theme. And, should the great thinkers of Canada, whose services have been secured by Northern railway subsidies for the staff of the Toronto organ daily behind their historical and contemporary *confreres* of the Old Land? Certainly not. So the *Mail* proceeds to exhaust its vocabulary in the following style: "Men who have all their lives been pulling the devil by the tail, find themselves in office and in a position in which they can make a fortune in a few months. The avenues to wealth which office opens up are short and numerous. The temptation is great. One can easily conceive of a Government becoming a little band of brigands"—and more to the same purport. This choice *morceau* of journalistic delicacy follows an admission that the tone of the press is sometimes coarse, and this is perhaps intended to prove that it is so. Of course the above is intended to apply to the present Government, for, though Sir John was himself for many years in the position where, the organ says, a fortune could be made "in a few months," yet he was proof against temptation, however great. "He never thought of going into a law court. He was conscious of rectitude. What does he do to-day? His conduct regarding the Secret Service fund shows him to be a man of scrupulous honour." Of course it does. With the most guileless innocence he kept and spent the money without voucher or record, both while he was in power and after he was expelled from it. So also it was with "conscious rectitude" no doubt that he revelled in the reeking corruption which culminated in the iniquity of selling privately a public contract of enormous importance for hundreds of thousands of hard cash with which to bribe the electorate to send him back to power and plunder again. In the midst of it all, however, he could raise his tarnished palms in the sight of all the people, and exclaim with a hypocrisy which would be sublime were it not so farcical and truth-insulting, 'these hands are clean.' To talk about "conscious rectitude" and "scrupulous honour," under such circumstances, is a downright insult to the public common sense. It is notorious that the present Tory claimant for power has sounded the lowest depths of political corruption ever reached by any Canadian statesman, and that by some strange spell he has dragged his too willing party with him through it all. The *Mail* has undertaken the enormous but congenial task of rehabilitating him and the party with political respectability. Its plan is not only to bepraise Sir John, but to belie and be-blacken Mr. Mackenzie. To do this it claims for the Press the license of unhampered misrepresentation. It declares "we are not afraid of Mr. Mackenzie. There is no power in Canada shall silence the utterances of the *Mail*." The liberty of the Press, like all other forms of freedom, is a boon well worth fighting for, but the line between liberty and license, between criticism and slander, should be drawn somewhere. We fear the present Tory tendency is to cross the line and fight on forbidden ground with the outlawed weapon of libel. It is high time the press of that party should be taught that journalism is amenable to the law; that it has its decencies and proprieties as well as its rights and liberties, and that its libellous atrocities will invoke upon it not only the ban of public opinion, but the condemnation of the law of the land as well.

CURRENCY.

—The oldest dead head at the theatres is Yorick's skull.

—The ferry boat is running between Belleville and Prince Edward.

—Rev. Dr. Swing is the guest of the Lord Bishop of Quebec.

—Crossing on the ice at Montreal is about over for the season.

—Boston has cut down city salaries $90,000 and nobody has resigned.

—A youth of 86 sues for a divorce from his wife of 70, in the San Francisco courts.

—His Excellency Lord Dufferin has quite recovered from his recent accident.

—The ice in the Bay of Quinte is expected to break up completely in a day or two.

—Now that he is going to be a man again, the New York papers call him Mr. Tweed.

—Alton, Ill., has inaugurated the custom of young women pall-bearers at the funeral of a companion.

—At the Walkerton assizes Arnold was convicted of the manslaughter of Edward Green; three months in jail.

—The Texas cattle drive this season is estimated at St. Louis at a quarter of a million head.

—637 young women obtained situations last year through the Montreal Young Women's Association.

—A daughter of Prevost Paradol has taken the veil; she became a Catholic on the day of her father's suicide.

—The Emperor William and Bismarck are officially stated to be in accord on the Eastern question.

—It is quite possible an amendment will be moved to Sir John Macdonald's motion for the issue of a writ for Lincoln.

—Henry Ward Beecher will close the Mechanics' Association lecture course, Utica, Tuesday, April 17. Subject, "Ministry of Wealth."

—Some people in Hamilton are ill-using the Chinamen who have started a laundry there. They can't see what people want laundries for, anyhow.

—The University of Michigan, at Ann Arbor, conferred degrees on twenty-eight ladies during the scholastic year just closed.

—Saturday was the ninth anniversary of the assassination of D'Arcy McGee, for the rest of whose soul masses were said that morning in the Roman Catholic churches.

—At the Vestry Meeting of St. John the Evangelist, Ottawa, the other day, a resolution was passed by a very large majority, that the chanting of the responses be henceforward discontinued.

—A state dinner was given on Saturday at Rideau Hall in honor of Sir Edward Thornton, British Minister at Washington, who is to spend a few days there.

—At a meeting of the Committee on Parliamentary Debates, on Saturday morning, it was decided to give the contract for publishing the *Hansard* next year to Messrs. Richardson & Bradley, the contractors now holding it. An increased grant of $500 will be recommended, in order that another reporter may be employed.

—An Ingersoll paper says: The cheese business this year will commence earlier than usual. High prices have already been offered for the first make, and factorymen are pushing forward to get to work as soon as possible. Some of the factories commenced on Monday last, and others will follow next week. In all probability the majority of the factories will be at work by the middle of April. As high as 12½c to 13½c have been offered for the first make of some of the best factories.

Northern Railway Investigation.

In the Northern Railway Committee, Mr. Cumberland was re-examined. He stated that Mr. Moberly held the office of chief engineer, and while holding that office was given various concessions, including the erection of the elevator and a full contract, amounting to $20,000. Witness did not think this extra work interfered with Mr. Moberly's duties, and believed the Company saved money by employing him. Mr. Moberly was granted a bonus of $400 at one time, while when he left the Company his account was overdrawn by $1,948. This was squared up by a bonus from the Company of $2,600. The item paid to Ald. Harman, of Toronto, was for services in connection with the Union Depot. Did not know what the payment of $100 to Ald. Barber was for. The Company had subscribed $110 to the Hincks' dinner fund, believing that they should assist in the recognition of services rendered by that gentleman. The $100 paid to Mr. Belford, of the *Mail*, every six months, was for reporting their semi-annual meetings. The sum of $180 paid to the same gentleman, and charged to Parliamentary expenses, was also for professional services. The $800 to Spence and Belford was in connection with a fuel contract. The money was paid in advance, and as Spence failed the amount was lost. The payments were all made to Spence. It was discovered that thousands of dollars had been paid for champagnes, cigars, &c., which witness explained was in extending the hospitalities of the company to distinguished individuals, companies, &c. He believed the money was well expended as an advertising medium. The two items of $25 and $270 paid the *Mail* for editorials and articles I believe to be part of Mr. Morrison's subscriptions. After some further examination the Committee adjourned.

A REMINISCENCE.—To-day Mr. E. H. Miles, well and favorably known as for many years the proprietor of the *Hastings Chronicle*, and now engaged in this establishment, celebrates the 58th anniversary of his birth. Mr. Miles is one of the oldest printers in Canada now in the business, being a son of the late Rev. Stephen Miles, who started the first newspaper in Kingston in the year 1810. He entered his father's office at an early age, and on his 16th birthday, in a type-setting race with the late Samuel Rowlands, won the match with the excellent record of 10,000 ems in ten hours, or the handsome average of 1,000 per hour. According to the usual decree of nature, Mr. Miles ought to be in the "sere and yellow leaf;" but he is a marked exception to the average of men, being hale and hearty, and vigorous almost as ever, in proof of which he set his 1,000 ems in one hour this morning. We place on record these facts concerning our old and esteemed friend with pleasure, wishing him at the same time many happy return of the day, adding hope the hope that it may be many, many years ere his right hand begins to forget its cunning.—*Intelligencer.*

*** Mr. Miles having doubtless a long list of family records and a pretty accurate knowledge of Kingston newspapers, old and new, might do the present generation a service, by disclosing the names of the publishers and something about the style, politics and prominent features of the *Daily News* or *Chronicle* and *News* of 1810, and thirty years succeeding—lately so much talked of by Provincial papers, upon the unimpeachable authority of a neighbor of ours upon Princess street.

THE Grand Central Hotel, New York, receives well-merited terms of praise from its thousands of patrons, who enjoy its reduction from $4.00 to $2.50 and $3.00 per day.

—Divorces are so cheap in Chicago that an active and enterprising man can have fifty-two wives a year and no funeral expenses.

GENERAL DESPATCHES.

LOUISIANA'S DUAL LEGISLATURE

SPLIT IN THE REPUBLICAN RANKS.

TWEED'S COMPLICATIONS

CORRUPTION IN HIGH PLACES

Cincinnati, April 9.—Gen. Cary, late Greenback candidate for Vice-President, was charged with buying a Colorado mine for $22,000, and charging the stockholders $50,000. The Court decides Cary must account for the balance of $28,000.

New York, April 9.—The *Tribune's* New Orleans special says the Commission has induced some members of Packhard's Legislature to forward the settlement, by uniting the duel legislature. This is without Packard's approval. Nicholl's party firmly opposes the union.

The *Times* says the President will spend his summer months at the Soldiers' Home near Washington.

The *World* says: At a Conference of Chamberlain and Patterson, with the Northern Republicans, on Thursday, it was decided that Chamberlain should hold the State House and compel the use of troops to install Hampton. No doubt exists that Blaine, Butler and Otter intend to assail Hayes' policy.

New York, April 9.—The *Tribune* says special Treasury agents are investigating a conspiracy to import millions worth of silks at New York by conspiracy for wholesale undervaluation. This is accomplished by manufacturers and agents in Europe, and, it is believed, by connivance of New York customs officials. A. T. Stewart & Co. and other large importers have been unable to compete with this combination.

The German Government has tendered Minister Washburn one of the high orders of knighthood in recognition of his services to suffering Germans in Paris during the siege. Under the constitution Washburn cannot accept it, but it is retained for him in case of his resignation.

The *Tribune's* London special says Oakey Hall obstinately refused an interview to the correspondent.

Cornelius Scanlan was bound hand and foot and thrown from a second story window of a tenement house last night. He cannot survive. The occupants of the premises were arrested, but deny any knowledge of the affair.

The *Tribune* says Tweed's confession is expected to show that Judges Folger and Andrews, both Republicans, of the Court of Appeals, were elected by fraud in New York. $250,000 were certainly paid to five Senators for the passage of the Tweed charter. In Sweeney's recent interview with Hall, he assailed the latter bitterly for endeavoring to effect his own release and then deserting his comrades. Hall's flight is attributable to this interview.

Samuel Richardson died yesterday from the bite of a strange cat.

The body of James Hower, who disappeared on Saturday, was found in the East River yesterday with $6,000 in bonds in one of the pockets.

Henry McGinnes fell 6 stories down the Grand Central Hotel elevator on Saturday night, and was mangled to death. Since the opening of this hotel, seven years ago, six boys have been killed by the elevator.

EUROPEAN.

DERBY'S TURKISH POLICY

The Porte Rejects the Protocol.

What the Bulgarian Massacres Mean

Edinburgh, April 9.—A London despatch says Derby's appendix to the protocol will be the point on which the Opposition leader will challenge the Government.

London, April 9.—A despatch from Constantinople says the Porte rejects the principal clauses in the protocol and refuses to admit the Russian declaration of the disarmament and also declines to send an envoy to St. Petersburg and finally insists upon being left alone in dealing with Montenegro. War is now considered inevitable and very imminent.

London, April 9.—Specials report that Saxet Pasha told foreign representatives that Turkey objected to the protocol because the Bulgarian massacres were the result of intrigues by foreign agitators, and because Turkey was carrying out promised reforms. Another says the Porte simply object to Schouvaloff's appendix to the protocol. The Montenegrins have yielded Nicoseo, but still ask for Spuss and right bank of Maratashua River. The Turks think these demands unjust. The French and Russian representatives have been particularly urged upon to accept the protocol, not as a question of preliminary disarmament, but of coming to an understanding with the Russian Porte, will probably refuse.

A *Pall Mall Gazette* leading article says that unless Turkey yields to all or nearly all that Russia ever demanded, there will be war before many days.

A despatch from Constantinople says the Turkish expedition has left Schurate to put down the uprising of the Miridites in Albani.

CANADIAN SUMMARY.

—It is rumoured that fifty Royal Fusileers of Montreal will visit Ottawa or Quebec on Dominion Day.

—The mixed train leaving Island Pond for Montreal yesterday morning ran off the track at Norton Mills. No one was hurt.

—The *Globe* will be printed from stereotyped plates to-morrow or the following day. This will be the first daily ever stereotyped in Canada.

—Tramps broke into the G.T.R. station at St. Liboire last night and stole everything worth stealing.

—A young girl at Montreal who was arrested for stealing wood became so terror stricken at the prospect of being locked up that she went into hysterics and exhibited signs of mental derangement.

The Richelieu River navigation opened to-day. The first steamer bound for Belyil left Sorel this morning with flags flying. The ice does not usually remain a week longer than the opening of navigation on the Richelieu River.

LAST NIGHT'S NEWS.

—The date of departure from New York of the combined Canadian and United States pilgrimes to Rome is fixed for the 21st of April.

—Militiamen who served in the war of 1812 15 and have not sent in their claims, are notified to forward them to the Militia Department by the 10th of May, or they will be too late to participate in the grant.

—Mr. Doutre, Q. C., of Montreal, has been summoned to Ottawa to hold a consultation on the fisheries question with the Minister of Marine. This, coupled with Sir Edward Thornton's presence at the capital, is considered to denote action with regard to the Fisheries Commission.

Department of Marine and Fisheries,
DOMINION OF CANADA.

Report of observations taken at Kingston for 24 hours, ending April 9th, at 7:30 a.m.:—

Bar.	Temp.	Wind.	Vel.	Min.	Max.
30.056	46.8	N.E.	6		
30.100	37.6	N.E.	3	25.6	48.6
30.120	38.1	N.E.	2	31.1	

Rain 0.00 inches. Storm drum ordered up this morning at 10:27.

S. WOODS.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, April 9.—11-15 a.m.

Bank of Montreal—174 1-2, 173 3-4, 25 at 172 1-2, 125 at 175, 175 at 174 1-4, 114 at 174 1-2, 50 at 174.

Merchants Bank—75 3-4, 75 1-4, 9 at 75, 50 at 75 1-4.

Bank of Commerce—117 1-2.

Ontario Bank—102 000, 25 at 102 3-4.

Bank of Toronto—173, 170.

Consolidated Bank—92 1-4, 91 3-4, 7 at 92.

Montreal Telegraph Company—111, 110 1-4, 100 at 110, 35 at 110 1-2.

Dominion Telegraph Co—86 1-2.

Union Bank—00.

National Bank—000.

Quebec—00.

Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Company—65, 63.

City Passenger R. Company—871-2, 85, 40 at 87.

New City Gas—148, 147 1-2.

MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKET.

Montreal, April 8.

Flour receipts 1953 barrels; market quiet but firm, holders generally asking an advance of 5 to 10 cents per barrel. Sales 300 choice strong bakers at 6.75; 100 do at 6.65; 100 spg extra at 6.40; 50 Haxall at 8.25; 200 American bags at $,12 1-2; 200 do choice at 3.55. Grain and previsions unchanged. Ashes 4.10 to 4.15.

CONVENIENT alike to the business centre and the best resident portion of Philadelphia, and conducted as a model first-class hotel, the Colonnade has achieved a deserved and enduring popularity.

OPENING.—On Wednesday next Mr. J. T. Anglin makes his spring opening of fashion novelties. The goods for variety and style are among the prettiest and most attractive in the country.

—The nearer the crisis of the Eastern question comes the more uncertain is the prospect for peace. Turkey seems to have consented to consider the protocol already signed by Russia and England, but the Porte is disposed to make demands respecting it, to which Russia, it is affirmed, will never consent. The Turkish Ministry are making vigorous war preparations, and, to add to the complications of the situation, no further efforts has yet been made to patch up a peace with Montenegro.

S. HYMAN is showing the newest and nobbiest Styles of English and American HATS at prices to suit the times. An extra quality SILK HAT $4, former price $5.

MARRIED.

In North Kingstown, Rhode Island, on March 21st, by the Rev. John Slocum, Mr. Jeremiah Smith and Miss Lucy B. Vaughan, both of Kingstown.

At Millford, on the 13th ult., Joseph W. Whatton, to Miss Adelaid, Anaetta Hicks, all of South Marysburgh.

On the 20th ult., Mr. Henry Whattom to Miss Clarinda Ostrander, all of South Marysburgh.

DIED.

At Renfrew, on the 8th instant, at the residence of her brother-in law, the Rev. Robert Campbell, Maggie, third daughter of the late Lieut.-Colonel Thomas Drummond, of this city, aged 19 years.

The funeral will take place from the Grand Trunk Railway Station, to Cataraqui Cemetery, to-morrow, Tuesday afternoon at four o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

This Monday morning, Mr. Richard Nursey, aged 73 years.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, Union Street. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

In this city, on Sunday morning, Thomas Augustine, infant son of Mr. John Halligan, aged 8 months and 8 days.

ORANGES AND LEMONS

A CONSIGNMENT of 18 Cases of Fine Valentia and Messina Oranges and Lemons just to hand and must be sold at once for cash by the case or dozen.

I am now receiving by Express from Portland each Tuesday and Thursday afternoon FRESH COD and HADDOCK, packed in ice, and shall after a few days have daily consignments of Fresh Whitefish, Salmon Trout, Pickerel, Black Bass and Pike, all of which are kept in my new ice box which contains 1500 pounds of ice. I shall altert his week deliver Fish to any part of the city DRESSED READY FOR USE, without extra charge.

I shall in a few days have one of the largest and most complete stocks of CANNED GOODS ever shown in this city, comprising Fruits, Vegetables, Sardines, Salmon, Lobster, Mackerel, Oysters, &c.

Always in Stock—FRESH OYSTERS, can or quart. McEwan's Finnan Haddies, Prime Yarmouth Bloaters and Pickled. Fish Fish, Oysters and Canned Goods are my specialities and I mean business.

W. W. RIDEOUT.

April 9, 1877.

MODES DE PARIS

Spring Opening.

ON WEDNESDAY, THE 11TH INSTANT we will have our first opening for the Season of

French and English Millinery,

WHEN WE WILL EXHIBIT

THE VERY LATEST STYLES

IN AS GREAT VARIETY AS ANY OTHER HOUSE IN THE COUNTRY.

J. ANGLIN,

Wellington Street.

Kingston, April 9, 1877.

FOR SALE,

A GOOD ROW BOAT of medium size. Apply at the BRITISH WHIG OFFICE.
April 9, 1877.

Wanted,

A GOOD PLAIN COOK. Apply to Mrs. Von Straubenzie, Portsmouth.
April 9, 1877.

LOSS OF APPETITE.

A lack of desire for even the most wholesome food is always observable when there is a weak and disordered stomach, consequently dyspeptics rarely take good food enough for the proper nourishment of the body and run into a decline. By toning up the stomach to the performance of its proper functions, the appetite soon improves, digestion goes on, and a marked improvement takes place; for this purpose there can be nothing better than PHOSPHOZONE. Ask your Doctor what he thinks of it. Full particulars on applying to Evans, Mercer & Co., Montreal. For sale by all Druggists.

HENRY BAWDEN,

AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, Kingston, Ont. OFFICE—Montreal Street.

SPRING STOCK COMPLETE

AT WALDRON'S.

60 Pieces Black Cashmere, all Wool—50, 60, 65, 75, 80, 85c. 1.00.
Navy Blue and Seal Brown Cashmere—60, 65, 70, 75c.
150 Pieces Black Lustres from 15c—cheapest ever offered.
New Edt Matalasse Cloakings—Beautiful Designs $1.50, 2.00 and 2.50.
Cheap Black Silks, bought at auction, 60, 70, 80, 90c, $1.00, 1.25, 1.50.
400 Pieces New Prints—Fast Colors—7c.
300 Pieces Cambric Prints—10c.
Beautiful New Serge Dress Goods—15c, 18c, 20 and 25c.
Handsome Shades, Lustres and Alpaccas—15c, 18c, 20c and 25c.
The Newest Navy Blue Bunting, all wool—30c.
75 Pieces Canada Tweed from 30c, less than cost of manufacture.

R. WALDRON
WILSON'S BUILDINGS.

April 9, 1877.

R. & J. GARDINER

ARE SHOWING

The Latest Novelties

—IN—

Silk & Worsted Trimming Braids.

Silk and Wool Fringes.

Dress Trimming Buttons, new styles.

Silver and Gilt Buttons.

Ladies Silk Scarfs, Collars & Cuffs

Chenilles and Silk Spot Veiling Nets.

ALSO, AN UNEQUALLED ASSORTMENT OF

JOSEPHINE KID GLOVES,

IN ALL THE NEW SHADES.

☞ An inspection respectfully invited.

☞ Sales for Cash. Strictly one price.

R. & J. GARDINER

PRINCESS STREET.

April 6, 1877.

AUCTION! AUCTION!!

To-Night at 7.30

BAWDEN WILL GIVE YOU

AN ARMFUL OF DRY GOODS

AT YOUR OWN PRICE,

—AT—

MACKAY'S

GREAT AUCTION SALE.

April 7, 1877. J. M. MACKAY, 82 Princess Street.

Y. M. C. A.

Course of Popular Lectures.

THE ELEVENTH OF THE SERIES OF Lectures under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association will be delivered by

DR. K. N. FENWICK

IN THE Y. M. C. A. HALL,

Corner of Princess and Montreal Streets,

ON MONDAY EVENING NEXT,

Commencing at 8 o'clock.

The public are cordially invited to attend.

A Collection will be taken up at the close of Lecture.

G. B. MEADOWS, Secretary

April 3, 1877.

To Let,

THAT DESIRABLE RESIDENCE, known as Prospect Hill, on Division Street, the property of the late P. C. Murdock, and now occupied by Mr. A. Nason. The lot contains 35 acres of land, a fine stone residence, good gardens, stone barn, out houses and Bakery. Any person renting the premises can prepare the land for spring crop at his convenience. For terms apply to John Brannigan, Kingston, or Mrs. P. C. Murdock, Prescott.

April 7, 1877.

FOR SAWS

SOLID AND INSERTED TOOTH,
SAW GUMMERS,
SAW SWAGES, SAW SETS,
ADDRESS
THE WATEROUS ENGINE WORKS CO.,
Brantford, Ont.

State where you saw this Advertisement

SALE

—OF—

Household Furniture,

7-OCTAVE ROSEWOOD PIANO, &c.

The Subscriber is favored with instructions from

Mrs. Sutherland,

To Sell by Public Auction, at her Residence, BARRIE STREET, near Princess Street, NORTH SIDE,

On Wednesday Next, April 11,

All of her Household Furniture, Dunham 7-Octave Piano, &c., consisting of Black Hair Cloth Suite, Centre, Side and other Tables, Tapestry Carpet, 3 Ply Wool do, 2 Ply do, Pictures, Sideboard, with Mirror Back, Hair Cloth Rocker, Wharnot, Dining Table, Cane and other Chairs, Clock, B. W. Bedsteads, Washstands and Bureaus, Mattrasses, Toilet Sets, Set of China, large lot of Crockery, English Oil Cloths, Star Hall Stove and Pipes, Meat Safe, lot of Tinware, Dumb Stove, Cooking Stove, Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c. The whole in very nice order.

Sale at 10:30 a.m. Terms cash.

J. E. HUTCHESON, Auctioneer.

April 6, 1877.

CALL AT R. M. HORSEY'S

And See the Improvements he is making in the uptown wrong side of the STREET

HARDWARE STORE.

New Goods in all Lines Arriving Daily

April 7, 1877.

For Sale,

THAT DESIRABLE CORNER LOT, opposite St. George's Church. It has 50 feet on King Street and the same on Johnson Street. Terms very easy. A greater part of the purchase money may, if desired, remain for years on mortgage. Apply to HORATIO YATES, proprietor, or Kirkpatrick & Rogers, Solicitors.

April 4, 1877.

To Let.

THE HOUSE at present occupied by R. T. Walkem, Esq., on Simcoe Street. Possession 1st May.

A. CAMERON.

Feb 23, 1877.

TWO HOUSES on the corner of Sydenham and Johnson Streets. Apply to

JOHN C. INNES, City Engineer

March 3, 1877.

THE STORE AND DWELLING on Princess Street, now occupied by G. W. Maxwell, Bookseller. Apply to

JOHN DUFF.

March 20, 1877.

TWO COUNTERS for sale, suitable for office or stores. Apply at the British American Hotel.

March 16.

A SMALL STEAM ENGINE, cylinder 4 by 6 inches, and Boiler, sold separately. Apply "A.B." P.O. Box 126.

March 13, 1877.

THAT HOUSE AND PREMISES on Pine Street, at present occupied by Wm. Reid. Lot 49x236, more or less; never failing well, good stable. A bargain is offered. Apply to the owner;

S. WOODS,

March 15, 1877.

THE HOUSE on King Street, formerly residence of the late Mr. Charles Penner. Apply at the BRITISH WHIG OFFICE.

April 6, 1877.

A STONE RESIDENCE on Ontario Street near the Water Works; desirable situation. Possession 1st May. Apply to

ISAAC NOBLE.

April 3, 1877.

BEE HIVE

Boot and Shoe Store.

WE HAVE GREAT PLEASURE IN INFORMING our friends and the public generally that we have OPENED THE BEE HIVE BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

IN MARTIN'S BLOCK,

PRINCESS STREET, with a select Stock of

Ladies,' Gent's and Children's Boots and Shoes,

Which for price and quality cannot be surpassed. Ordered work a speciality.

Parsons & Scorah,

MARTIN'S BLOCK.

March 24, 1877.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN

REQUIRING ARTICLES

Dyed and Scoured

WOULD DO WELL TO SEND THEM TO THE

RAINBOW DYE WORKS

Three Doors above Parkhill's, PRINCESS STREET, KINGSTON, ONT.

Carpets, Hearth Rugs and Sheep Skin Mats Cleaned and Dyed

IN A SUPERIOR MANNER.

☞ MOURNING ORDERS quickly executed.

W. OSBORN,

March 28, 1877.

Notice.

A GENERAL MEETING of the members of the County of Frontenac Agricultural Society will be held in the Council Chamber, on TUESDAY, the 10th April, at 3 o'clock p.m. Citizens in favor of holding a Central Fair are invited to attend.

HENRY BAWDEN, Secretary

April 5, 1877.

WONDERFUL!

Blue Glass Lamp Chimneys.

THE MOST WONDERFUL CURATIVE properties These Chimneys are made of the finest fire proof glass and dark Mazarine Blue FOR SALE AT

Corbett & Co's Hardware House

87 King Street.

SILVER STAR COAL OIL—the best in the Dominion for sale by WM. CORBETT & CO.
April 3, 1877.

Kid Gloves,
Kid Gloves,
Kid Gloves.

JUST ARRIVED:

Another Supply of our Two Button Kids,

JOSEPHINES—Second Choice, all Numbers at 65 cents.

JOSEPHINES!

First Choice—all Numbers in all Shades—from 3 1-2 upwards.

CHILDREN'S KID GLOVES,

Splendid quality from No. 1 to No. 6—Black and Colours.

Jeffery, Moodie & Co.,

PRINCESS STREET.

April 4, 1877.

LADIES AND ROSES!

What a world of beauty in themselves. The thought of one always suggests the other at this season of the year; no hand so well adapted to the cultivation of the beautiful as a lady's; no exercise more healthful and reasing.

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

Garden and Flower Seeds

OF EVERY VARIETY

AT DR. BROWN'S

NEW DRUG STORE

PRINCESS STREET, which must be disposed of as no stock will be kept over. ☞ Call, examine and take away.

A few pairs of Vases and Toilet Setts at COST PRICE.

Office hours from 7 to 10 a.m.; 4 to 9 a.m. Consultation free to poor.

April 6, 1877.

NEW BOOK STORE.

RECEIVED TO-DAY.

Fresh Supply Betsy Bobbet	0.30
do Ocean to Ocean	1.50
Cruise of the Challenger	2.50
Spencer's Faerie Queen with Notes and Vocabulary Books i xii	
Routledge's British Speller	0.30
H. Smith's Ex. Questions and Answers	0.75
Collier's Outlines of General History	0.75
Scott's Lady of the Lake	0.20

No. 121—6 vols., Cloth extra, $3.50.
1 Katie Johnstone's Cross.
2 Jessie Grey.
3 Old and New Home.
4 Sowing the Good Seed.
5 Emily's Choice.
6 Lucy Raymond.

No. 122—6 Vols. $1.75.
SELECT SUNDAY SCHOOL LIBRARY.
1 Ned Turner.
2 Bertie Corey.
3 Agnes Leith.
4 Hugh Nolan.
5 Lucy and her Friends.
6 The Cord of Love.

MR. WOODS has determined to make the supplying of Sunday School Libraries a special object, and has now on view over 5000 Vols. of the choicest and best Works, done up in boxes at from $1.50 to $3.00 per box of from 6 to 40 vols. Having bought these at a bargain he will sell them at such prices as cannot be beaten by any wholesale or other retail house in Canada. Send for catalogues and terms.

New Books arriving every day.

Postage and Bill Stamps in all varieties and quantities.

S. WOODS.

Kingston, April 7, 1877.

LIGHT COLORED SILKS!

—FOR—

EVENING WEAR.

RICHMOND & BOYDEN

ARE SHOWING A

Splendid Range of the Above

IN ALL THE FINEST SHADES AND QUALITIES.

April 5, 1877.

FRESH TEAS.

If You Want to Save Money Buy Your Groceries & Provisions

AT THE

Victoria Warehouse

Another Case FRESH BOLOGNAS arrived. Also BLOATERS—large and good.

BEAUTIFUL TABLE CODFISH.

SEEDS, SEEDS.

Spring is coming and you must have FRESH GARDEN SEEDS. We have got a large supply