TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

K. & P. Railway—Trains go North at 3 p.m. rrive at 9 a.m.
For Picton and Belleville—Steamer Rochester at 3 p.m. Str Oswego Belle and Steamer Armenia.
For Montreal, &c.—R. M. Steamer at 5:30 a.m
For Hamilton, &c.—R. M. Str. at 5:30 p.m.
For Cape Vincent—Str Maud at 6 a.m & 3 p.m.
For Gananoque—Pierrepont, 4 trips per week
For Wolfe Island—Ferry Steamers—several trips per day
For Oswego and Belleville—Steamers Oswego Belle and Kincardine.
For Europe—See adv'ts of Cunard, And Dominion Lines.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Hours of Arrivals and Departures from Kingston Station Montreal Time;

GOING WEST.

	Arrive.	Depart.
Express	4:47 a.m.	4:52 a.m.
Express	4:05 p.m.	4:10 p.m.

GOING EAST.

	Arrive.	Depart.
Express	2:00 a.m.	2:15 a.m.
Express	2:00 p.m.	2:15 p.m.
Mixed	1:10 a.m.	6 a.m.

TRENAMAN, Station Master. JOSEPH HICKSON, Gen'l Manager

The Daily British Whig.

Opifer per Orbem Dicor.

SATURDAY EVEN'G, DEC. 2. 1876.

REMINDERS.

SATURDAY.

READINGS of Martin F. Tupper in City Hall.

SUNDAY.

ST. JAMES' Service at 3 p.m.
Y.M.C.A. Weekly Meeting at 8:15 p.m.
Meeting of the St. Vincent de Paul Society.
TEMPERANCE Meeting at 4 p.m.—City Hall.
ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.—Service at 2 p.m.

MONDAY.

CITY COUNCIL—8 p.m.
Y.I.C.B.A. Meeting at 8 o'clock.
MINDEN LODGE—Regular at 7:30 p.m.
WEEKLY MEETING of Y.M.C.A. at 8 p.m.
CHURCH Missionary Union Monthly Meeting at 8 p.m.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

Candidates in the Field.

FOR MAYOR, 1877:

Mayor B. M. Britton.
Alderman John McKelvey.

FOR ALDERMEN:

Sydenham Ward—C. F. Gildersleeve.
do do W. Power.
do do W. McRossie.
Cataraqui Ward—James Campbell.
do do —M. Morrison.
do do —Wm. Allen.
Ontario Ward—John F. McDermott.
do do —L. Clements.
do do —P. Harty.
Victoria Ward—H. Mooers.
do do —Richard T. Walkem.
do do —William Newman.
Rideau Ward—John McIntyre.
do do —Johnston Brown.
St Lawrence Ward—S. T Drennan.
Frontenac Ward—James McCammon.

Tax payers who have not yet paid their City Taxes are reminded to do so at once and save costs.

OUR WINTER PORT.

It has always been a mortifying reflection to Canadians, from a patriotic point of view at least, that during the months when our inland ports were inaccessible to sea-going vessels, our Atlantic seaport was unavailable because of the absence of rail-connection with the inlying Provinces. The Intercolonial is about to prove its utility by removing this difficulty. The general progress we are sharing in this railroad age will be demonstrated by the fact that our mail bags the year round, can be tossed from, aboard the steamship at Halifax to the mail car of the Intercolonial express, can be carried all the long distance that divides us from the sea through our own territory, and on our own lines, and finally be distributed here at least twelve hours earlier than would be possible by the Portland route. When considerations of time or money do not weigh heavily against a purely Canadian enterprise it should always receive the decided preference of people and government. Hitherto, the necessity of carrying our transatlantic mails via Portland was, of course, unavoidable. Our own road to the sea being now completed we shall be able to avoid the humiliating necessity of following the most circuitous route, and depending on the good offices of foreign, though friendly, hands in passing on the mail matter to Western Canada. Of course some interests will temporarily suffer from the change. It is very seldom that an important transfer like this is made without eliciting a loud protest from the losing party. So in this case, Grand Trunk and Portland people will probably dislike the change and be very likely to tell us so. But what the whole country requires must be had, and the inevitable may as well be submitted to with the best possible grace. The Government in this, as in other matters, have proven themselves alive to the best interests of the country. The case has been considered on its merits as presented by the arguments of our maritime friends, and on its merits it has been decided, in the face of adverse representations which were of course courteously considered, and then firmly and patriotically rejected. Among the journals which have awarded to the Administration a hearty meed of commendation for their action in this matter is our Toronto contemporary, the *Leader*, which says, with much force and fairness: "Of "course opposition was to be expected "from those who have a stake in "the retention of the present for- "eign port. It is highly "creditable to the Government that "they have turned a deaf ear to the pleas "put forward by these interested persons." These reliable crumbs of comfort are the more to be appreciated in view of the fact that, so far as we have seen, no other Opposition journal has volunteered a compliment, however qualified, in approval of this timely and patriotic action of the Government. It is well for Mr. Mackenzie and his colleagues, that that they did not delay or decline to accede to the request of Canadian Down-Easters in this matter. Had such a fatal step been taken, already the loud denunciations of Tory wrath would have swept by us as another precursor of the coming storm which it is protested is certainly brewing, and which it is fondly believed will clear the air of the political malaria which now infects it, and be followed by the happy and peaceful calm of a Tory millenium. Meantime let us be proud of our earlier mails, and be thankful.

EUROPE ILLUSTRATED.—The 23rd and 24th part of "Europe Illustrated, its Picturesque Scenes and Places of Interest," have been received, and Mr. James Stacey is delivering it to subscribers. Its steel engravings are beautiful.

ELECTORAL CURIOSITIES.

Things have come to a queer pass among our election-afflicted neighbors when a reported Republican majority of nineteen in the State of Florida is to defy and defeat more than a quarter of a million of Northern Democrats. The whole nation, after laboriously attempting the task for nearly a year, cannot elect a President, and yet the comparatively small State of South Carolina is revelling in the luxury of dual representation in its couple of Governors and two State Legislatures. These rival Governments are not now awaiting any official "count," but are both organized and in action. Both simultaneously occupy the State House, with their respective speakers—not in the same chair, it is true, but, at any rate, on the same dais. The Democrats are relying on the will of the people whose choice they claim to be, and upon the Supreme Court of the State to give effect to the people's choice. The Republicans rely on the friendly offices of the "Board of Canvassers" and the powers of the Federal troops stationed on the State House steps to keep out the men from the disfranchised counties, and to see that the colored Republican wing of the House is not annoyed or disturbed by any inconvenient intrusion from the rival Democratic concern. Grant's Cromwell, Gen. Ruger, may at any moment receive instructions to eject the intruders and leave the Republican minority, like the historical "Rump Parliament," to make laws for the State and perpetuate the supremacy of their party. So delicately are things adjusted, however, that not one Republican may absent himself from the House without spoiling the quorum and necessitating the entire suspension of business till he returns. Let us imagine our own Dominion with two candidates—we will select them impartially, say the Hon. George and "our own" Sir John—fighting for possession of Rideau Hall, for the next Gubernatorial term, each confident of his right and determined in his intention to go there. Also that some celebrity in provincial politics, for example the Hon. W. McDougall (who has had some little experience in this very line) serving notice to quit on Lieut. Governor Macdonald—who for this purpose shall be our "Chamberlain," with Reform and Tory parties organizing as separate Legislatures in the Ontario House on the same day. We will suppose that Batteries "A" and "B," the Foot "Gawds" from the Capital, with the Queen's Own and all the available military forces at the command of Lord Dufferin despatched to the scene of discord to see fair play and preserve order, with special instructions to Major General Smyth, in command, to expel the majority of the people's representatives, and to confirm the minority as the legally elected and properly constituted Ontario Legislature. When we bring matters home, they seem too absurd for realization or belief, but we at any rate gather thus some faint conception of the 'situation' in one of the many dead-locks from which our American Cousins are suffering. These are but a sample of the eccentricities of American politics. We shall take the liberty of selecting and presenting a few more in some future issue.

Exemptions From Taxation.

The Committee on Exemptions which was lately appointed by our City Council to consider the whole matter and communicate with other municipalities is going vigorously to work. It has sent to all the municipalities in the Province a form of petition to the Legislative Assembly of Ontario for the abolition of all such exemptions, and has urged upon the officials of all these municipalities to sign these petitions and have them in readiness for presentation as soon as the Local Legislature meets. Arrangements also are being made for a convention to be held in this city on the subject, provided there be anything like a general expression of a desire for such a meeting given by the different municipalities in response to the circular which has been also sent to them from Toronto. This united action if carried out vigorously and wisely will result in great good, and we doubt not will ultimately secure that in the matter of local taxation none shall be burdened and none shall go free.—*Globe.*

SABBATH REFORMATION SOCIETY.—The following are the officers moved at the meeting on Thursday evening and elected for the ensuing year for the Sabbath Reformation Society;

President—Very Rev. Wm. Snodgrass, D.D.

Vice-Presidents—Rev. K.M. Fenwick Rev. R.V. Rogers, M.A., and Neil McLeod, Esq.

Treasurer—G. S. Fenwick.

Secretary—Dr. Mair.

Committee—Ministers who approve of the objects of the Society; Messrs. H. Cunningham, Dr. Skinner, Dr. Dickson, R. V. Rogers, G. Chaffey, jr., Major E. B. Wilson, Geo. Robertson, John Shaw, A. Chown, J. C. Jack, S. Gaw, E. Chown, A. Macalister, R.M. Rose, Donald Fraser.

BREACH OF PROMISE.—Miss McCool, who lately sued one Murray, and obtained $200 for breach of promise, called to-day to give an emphatical personal denial to the statements made by witnesses, and purporting to emanate from here. She also requests us to say that the opposing counsel in the case used language quite unjustifiable. She requested other statements to be made, but really we think it not advisable under present circustances.

INLAND REVENUE.—Excise collections for November:—On spirits, $7,893.38; on tobacco, $6,752.20; on malt, $345.40; on bonded manufactures, $43,27; other receipts, $337.27. Total, $15,371.50. Collected for the same period last year, $14,440.52. Total collections since 1st July, $59,090.66.

FURS.—The cold snap has brought its search for personal comforts, and furs are again sought after. Nothing looks so elegant as a seal jacket, and Mr. Wm. Groh now prides himself in offering one as elegant as was ever seen here. It is priced quite low.

CLERICAL EXEMPTIONS.—Kingston has the honor of owning a clergyman who has no wish to ignore his responsibility of contributing his share to the support of municipal institutions. Rev. Prof. Mackerras declines to take advantage of the law of exemption in favor of clergymen. He calls for his tax bill and discharges it like any ordinary honest man. There is consistency for you. A sermon from a divine like him wouldn't make the seat of a church pew so confoundedly hard as one from many a modern gospeller would.—*Beaver.*

ALCOHOL.

"Physicians should consider themselves the guardians of health," has been well said by somebody. Those who concieve that such a noble mission is theirs to carry out will ever be on the alert to discover sources of danger to the physical and mental health of the people, and effectually warn them against those sources, with a view of preventing disease and suffering.

Many good and noble physicians in every part of the world, are to-day warning people against the *use of alcohol* as a practice pre-eminently dangerous and one that is fraught with remote evils as terrible as its more immediate ones. And they are the more diligent in their labours in this direction, because the use of this dangerous drug has been nourished beneath the sheltering wing of "medical advice" and odium has at last begun to rest upon the profession because they have not arisen in their combined strength to exonerate themselves from the charge, and to set the matter in its true light before the public eye. While others are worthily exerting themselves in other departments of sanitary reform and winning deserved laurels by their self-sacrificing devotion to the pursuits of their choice, be it mine to unite with that noble but yet somewhat unpopular band of workers who are laboring to turn back that tide of liquid death that is overflowing our land in the shape of alcoholic drinks, by satisfying people that *alcohol* is their enemy and not their friend, their destroyer and not their saviour.

Listen to the following from the *Canada Lancet* for Nov. 1876, page 96: "Dr. "Mann, Medical Superintendant of the "Emigrant Insane Asylum, Ward's Island, New York, gives it as his opinion "that it is impossible to estimate the com- "plex influences exerted by intemperance "upon the production of insanity. He "states that he has traced intemperance "as a cause in almost every case of "general paralysis that has fallen "under his notice, and that others "have made similar observations. It is "estimated that 50 per cent. of all the "idiots and imbeciles to be found in the "large cities of Europe have had parents "who were notorious drunkards! Out "of 350 insane patients admitted during "two years at Charenton, insanity was at- "tributed to drink in 102 cases. (More "than 34 per cent.) According to the "statistics of all the insane asylums, fully "one-fourth of all the admissions are due "either proximately or remotely to in- "temperance."

And we are further informed that "a "case is now before the courts in Mon- "treal, in which insanity is pleaded in de- "fence in an action for separation for ill- "treatment, in which it is proved that "the defendant was under treatment for "*delirium tremens* which terminated in "acute mania, and ended in his being "sent to Long Point Asylum, where he "recovered under the treatment of Dr. "Howard."

From the "American Journal of the Medical Sciences" for July, 1876, page 260, at the conclusion of an interesting article by Professor C. Bintz, of Bonn, on the "Value of Alcohol as a Food in Fever Cases," and in which he holds that "it enables the patient to resist for a certain length of time the ravages of a severe disease where no other form of nourishment is accepted by his stomach," that it takes, in a measure, the place of fat in the system for a time, that it "certainly acts as a stimulant in conditions of extreme weakness . . . . . and furnishes the body with warmth and strength necessary to carry on its vegetative functions." We have the following very reasonable conclusions respecting its employment as a medicine: 1. That alcohol is very frequently a stimulant of transitory power. 2. That in relatively large doses it can serve as a vigorous antipyretic (that is a reducer of heat). 3. Alcohol given in small and oft-repeated doses is a food particularly adapted to cases where the stomach *can take in no other* 'combustible material' to supply warmth and working energy to the organism." But he says further ". . . . I do not hesitate to declare, with respect to the requirements of the healthy organism, that I consider *the use of Alcohol in health as entirely superfluous.* When the digestion is healthy, and where a sufficient transfer of nutritive material takes place from the food to the blood, the human body is capable of accomplishing all the functions for which it is designed, without the use of spirituous drinks.

"But the case assumes a different aspect as soon as these two conditions fail. A physician may therefore recommend *total abstinence* to healthy persons in *every instance,* but he throws away one of the most valuable *medicines* if he carries the principles of *teetotalism* into the sick-room."

Here then is the very doctrine we are laboring to teach, namely: That alcohol is a medicine in some cases, but that it is not a panacea for all diseases; and that it is not required by healthy men and women more than salts and senna or quassia bitters are required.

Yours, INDEX.

THE MAYORALTY.

DEAR WHIG:—I am out for Mayor for 1877. It may surprise you but I hope not much. There used to be a time when we met in caucus—that is the influential boys—and we then picked out our man and got drunk. The fellows who are a-sparing for the Mayor's Chair have a cheaper way of doing the business now. Each man asks himself out. I, Timothy Bladden, have taken the liberty of inviting Timothy Bladden to run for office, and Timothy Bladden has consented very reluctantly. It is a bold venture, but if the city's credit is to be saved, the man that plays Mayor must be a nobler and a firmer animal. I am in colour what Cal Wagner would call a dark bay, but I have a plucky spirit. I have been fined three times for been too plucky, but nolens volens, Erin Go Bragh. I am no party man. Parties are too expensive now-a-days, and if there is going to be any corruption, I am going to lay the money out myself. If there are any shinplasters left they will line my own pocket. But I am not going to address the public on the questions of the day at present. I will merely ask the ratepayers to pledge no man until they hear from me. I have engaged the St. Patrick's Hall for the 14th, and will then expound my ideas. I am now preparing my speech. So far I have covered three quires of paper, and gracious knows how much more there is to come. Ratepayers, wait for my elucidation if you don't the first thing you know you'll know nothing, for a mighty collapse of the civic baloon at hand.

Yours obediently,

TIMOTHY BLADDEN.

Dec. 2, 1876.

N.B.—Your vote and influence solicited.

MARKETS.—The farmers' produce market was very largely attended to-day, the square being filled and rows of waggons extending up the streets leading therefrom. The grain market, to use a common expression, "has taken quite a tumble." Shipments have closed for the season, and barley did not sell higher than 55 cents.

CANADIAN TELEGRAMS.

TILTON IN MONTREAL.

Problem of Life and Annexation

BODY SNATCHING.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, Dec. 2.—Joseph Mackay, a retired merchant, has donated real estate property to the amount of $100,000 for the benefit of the Protestant Deaf and Dumb Institute, which was in in straitened circumstances. The Institution now occupied is to be sold and a new building erected.

Theodore Tilton lectured to a scanty audience last night in the Music Hall on "The Problem of Life." He was frequently applauded during its delivery, and referred to the possibility that Canada and the United States would at some future date be one nation.

Several cases of body snatching are reported from Cotes des Neiges cemetery.

The Molson's Bank authorities do not intend to compromise matters with the bank clerks, but let the law take its course.

Twelve engine drivers belonging to the Grand Trunk Railway from the west interviewed the officials of the Company with a view to ascertain if they were to be included in the reported general reduction. It is said they made a favorable impression in their interest.

McElroy, the notorious pickpocket, was again arrested this morning stealing pocket-books in Bonsecours market.

Capt. Roy, of the str. "Berthier," has been presented with a testimonial and handsome time-piece by the Mayor and citizens of Beathier.

The School Commissioners are contemplating the erection of a school for the French Protestants of this city in response to a petition from them.

QUEBEC.

Quebec, Dec. 2.—Two or three inches of snow fell last night.

At the meeting of the City Council the Finance Committee reported the details of the city loan negotiated with Baron Grant, showing that the security held by the city for that portion of the loan yet remaining in Grant's hands is satisfactory, and ensures the city from loss.

OTTAWA.

Ottawa, Dec. 2.—It is understood that Charleton Howley & Co. having failed to furnish acceptable securities for the contract of No. 15 Section of the Pacific Railway, the Premier has decided to call upon the next lowest tenders.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Dec. 2.—Probs: Falling barometer; fresh, north-westerly to northerly winds; cloudy and continued cold weather, with an occasional light snow storm. Warnings for lake ports have been discontinued for the season.

No news.

ATURDAY'S GLEANINGS.

—Pound parties are again to be fashionable here this winter.

—Montrealers are thinking about selling firewood by weight.

—Rev, Canon Bancroft, of Montreal, has gone to the South to recruit.

—They are talking of submitting the Dunkin Act to the ratepayers of Toronto.

—One Monck, a Spiritualist, has been sentenced in England to jail for three months, under the Vagrant Act.

—River navigation at Montreal is considered at an end for the season.

—Rumored that Hon. Mr. Garneau is to be made a member of the Legislative Council of Quebec.

—While a Texan was fighting a prairie fire near his house his daughter ran away with her lover and was married.

—The N. Y. State Dairymen's Association is to meet at Elmira, on the 13th and 14th of December.

—Dr. Dio Lewis thinks that 10,000 Chinese laundrymen could earn from $2 to $5 per day in Boston, New York and Philadelphia.

Out of 788 premiums awarded to the seventeen dependencies of Great Britain at the recent Centennial, 401 fall to Canada.

—A Dundas firm has sold a Centennial Turning Lathe to the New York *Times.* It beats all machines of its kind at the Centennial.

—The Chief of Police of Toronto asks for the discharge of all private watchmen and promises that property shall be safer than ever if this is done.

—The opening of the International Paris Exhibition has been fixed for April 1st, 1878. The main building will be completed at the end of next year.

—In Winnipeg a few days ago enraged female attempted to cowhide a man in his own store. He took it coolly, that is, the instrument of punishment, and she walked off without it or her vengeance.

—At Jackson, Ohio, on Nov. 29th, D. C. Jones, A. Marsh and Wm. Marsh were killed, and Thomas Davis and Joseph Phillips seriously injured, by the explosion of a boiler in a new mill near Oakhill.

—Mr. John B. Gough has refused more than seven hundred applications to lecture during the coming winter, and intends to concel some engagements which he has made on account of his health.

—The Quebec Premier states that the Government had directed liquor licenses to be issued in Missisquoi after the passing of the Dunkin Act, and that twenty-four had been issued.

AMERICAN CUSTOMS SEARCHING.—An American lady visiting her friends in Canada, started for home the other day, and crossing the St. Lawrence River, at Cape Vincent, the Customs officer desired to look into her trunk. She offered no objection in the proceeding; and seeing her so willing, the officer asked her if she had anything in the trunk beside wearing apparel. A prompt negative came from the fair traveler. Her answer was scarcely uttered, however, before the officer had the trunk opened, and there lying at the very top of her dresses and lingerie were a dozen bottles of the finest Hennessy brandy. 'Do you call these apparel?" queried the officer, his eyes meanwhile resting longingly on the bottles. "You may call them what you please," said the rosy-cheeked lady, "but my husband uses 'em for night caps!" The officer "passed" the articles on account of her ready wit.—*Despatch.*

ASSAULTING A REPORTER.—Lieut.-Col. Fred. Grant is held to bail in a Chicago police court to answer a charge of assault upon a newspaper reporter who had the audacity to apply at Sheridan's headquarters for some information for the *Evening Journal.*

THE American House, Boston, always reckoned one of the best of Hotels, like good wine, seems to improve with age. Its location is unsurpassed for parties either on business or pleasure, and it has few equals in its thousand contrivances for the comfort and pleasure of its guests.

GENERAL DESPATCHES.

Address to the U. S. Citizens.

Ousting Supreme Court Pets

THE SOUTHERN LEGISLATURE.

COMMUNISTS PARDONED.

RUSSIA MOBILIZING HER ARMY.

War Between Her and Turkey Inevitable.

New York, December 1.—The *Times'* New Orleans special says a number of prominent clergymen, bankers business men and others have issued an address to the people of the United States, which says that, because of misunderstandings between fellow-citizens, induced and fostered by politicians, Louisiana has for years suffered grievous wrongs. It is their deliberate conviction that Louisiana is as truly loyal to the Union as any State within it, and that the people of Louisiana accept in which war left the colored people. They desire that the white and colored people should live together in peace and harmony, and that the people of the State have no wish to abridge a single right which the law gives to their colored fellow-citizens. They believe that the late canvass was a peaceable one. They know that a large number of colored voters changed their political associations, and that they were moved to such change by the embezzlement of those in power public funds appropiated to the education of their children they believe a large majority of honest votes was cast in favor of democratic candidates. They deprecate sending troops hither as if they were in some contingent danger of an outbreak, for whatever be the issue of the Presidential crisis, the people of Louisiana will not seek to change it, but by peaceful and lawful means. They close with an appeal to the love of constitutional liberty the enlightened good sense and right feeling of the American people of all parties, and to the great Ruler of nations.

London, Dec. 2.—A special from Constantinople says that an inundation has occurred at Advianople, by which a thousand houses were swept away.

A special from Vienna says that the Commanders of the four Russian mobilized army corps, have arrived at Kichineff.

The *Opinione* newspaper (of Rome) says the Marquis of Salisbury's declarations exclude the idea of England's going to war with Russia, but it regards the war between Turkey and Russia as inevitable.

The *Times* in its financial article remarks that a similar impression was almost universal in the London Stock Exchange yesterday.

A special from Pesth announces the arrival there of General Tchernayoff.

Washington, D.C., Dec. 2.—The President, in a conversation referring to the statement made by Senator Gordon and Wade Hampton, wherein they charge that Gen. Ruger had made pledges to them in regard to the non-interference of the military with the meeting of the South Carolina Legislature, which he had failed to keep, said he was satisfied Gen. Ruger had done no such thing. He knew the General to be a gallant soldier, high-toned and honorable man, who would scorn to do a mean act under any circumstances. In regard to the oft-repeated charge, that the Administration had used the military to interfere in the affairs of the Southern States to an extent not warranted by law, the President said the charge was not sustained by the facts. Commanding officers at all the military posts at the South were at all times instructed simply to sustain the legally constituted authorities and preserve peace. Where the military had gone further it has been clearly shown to be a misconception of orders, and the act promptly disavowed by superior authority. In regard to interference in elections there is not a single instance on record where the presence of the military had intimidated a single voter. On the contrary it had been clearly shown that both in South Carolina and Louisiana the presence of the military enabled all the colored people who wished to do so to vote the Democratic ticket. The President has no doubt but that the questions growing out of the Presidential contest, will be peacefully adjusted, that the counsels of the Govt. and patriotic men in both parties will prevail. In the telegram received yesterday from Gen. Ruger, asking for further instructions in regard to any future action on his part towards the rival Legislature, the Cabinet were divided, several members advocating the sending of instructions to General Ruger to oust the eight members who hold ceatificates of election from the Supreme Court, while other members contended that the Government had no right to that extent, that it was the duty of the Federal Government to simply sustain the legally constituted authorities and preserve peace. In this view the President agreed, and it was so decided. After the adjournment of the Cabinet a telegram was sent to General Ruger, announcing that his explanation of the action of the military on Tuesday last was satisfactory, and that his course was fully approved.

Liverpool, Dec. 2.—The steamer "Batavia," which sailed for New York today, took out $1,250,000 in gold.

Washington, Dec. 2.—The accounts of Jay Cook, McCulloch & Co., financial agents in London, of the Navy Department, has been settled in the Treas'y and paid in full.

London, Dec. 2.—The decline in the United States five per cent. funded loan is caused by heavy sales on Dutch and German account.

The Marquis of Salisbury embarked at Brindisi to-day for Constantinople.

Paris, Dec. 2.—An official decree has been published commuting or reducing the sentences of 107 Communists. Several have been granted full pardons.

New York, Dec. 2.—Another *World* special reports the rumor that Secretary Robeson yesterday received the full amount of the two millions which it was said he had lost in the advance made to Jay Cooke & Co. just before the panic of 1873.

A *Times* Washington despatch says a law of Nebraska makes the Legislature meet to proclaim the electors. The Governor and other Republicans forgot there was such a law, and Senator Morton is said to have reminded them of it by telegraph. The Governor has summoned the Legislature in extra session.

Berlin, Dec. 2.—Ruski Mir states that Prince Tcherieaski has been designated Chief Civil Commissioner in Bulgaria duaing the term of Russian occupation.

New York, Dec. 2.—A number of prominent clergymen have issued a call for a meeting on Monday at noon, the hour of the assembling of Congress, to invoke the presence of the Holy Spirit in wisdom and peace with our Legislators in their deliberations.

Washington, Dec. 2.—There was a short session of the Cabinet this morning. It is understood that official reports from Gen. Ruger were read by the Secretary of War. It was believed that there was no necessity for any additional official action by the Government at present.

New York, Dec. 2.—A Washington special says that in an interview to-day President Grant said he did not apprehend any difficulty over the settlement of the Presidential question. He thinks Governor Hayes is undoubtedly entitled to the Electoral vote of South Carolina, and Florida and Louisiana, but about the latter State, he thinks there may be some doubt on account of the many complications surrounding the action of the Returning Board, but eminent gentlemen of both parties who have been witnesses of the operations of the Board, he thinks, ought to be able to agree upon a verdict that will satisfy both parties throughout the counts.

Omaha, Neb., Dec.—The Governor has called an extra session of the Legislature to meet on December 5th, for the purpose of canvassing electoral votes. The Democrats are manœuvreing to carry the matter to the courts, as the law on the subject previous to the adoption of the new State constitution and that of the new constitution differ very materially.

Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia has been used by myself and family with satisfactory results. Recommend it to all persons suffering with pains or aching of any kind. It surpasses anything I have ever used. G.H. MILLER, Pres't. Real Estate and Savings Bank Baltimore, Md.

MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKET.

Dec. 2.—Flour receipts 1000; sales 800 barrels, market quiet and steady. Sales 100 superior extra at 6,15; 100 do choice at 6,25; 100 extra at 5,70; 20 choice fancy at 5,70; 100 choice at 5,70. Grain and provisions are unchanged. Ashes are steady at 4,20 to 4,30. Pearls—nominal.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, Dec. 2.

Bank of Montreal—185 3-4, 185 1-4, 33 at 185 1-2.
Merchants' Bank—33, 92 1-2. 2 at 93, 1 at 92 3-4.
Bank of Commerce—126 1-2, 126, 25 at 126 1-4
Ontario Bank—103 3-4, 102 3-4.
Bank of Toronto—189, 185.
City Bank—99, 98, 5 at 98 1-2.
Montreal Telegraph Co—135 1-4, 134 3-4, 25 135.
National Bank—00.
Quebec—000.
Richelieu Bank—90, 89.
Dominion Telegraph Co—96, 93.

THE WINTER PORT.—Messrs. H. & A. Allen have received from the Government, at Ottawa, the threatened notice that their steamers will be required to carry the Canadian Mails between Great Britain and Halifax. The scheme came into operation to-day, when the Peruvian will take the first mails brought over the through Canadian route. This change involves a delay of some twelve hours each trip, and a higher rate of insurance.

MERCANTILE.—Trains on the Montreal, Ottawa & Western Railway will probably be running to Grenville before the 1st January.—A writ of attachment has been issued against E. B. Eddy, the wells-iknown lumberman of Hull. His affair have been in a state of uncertainty since the summer of '73.—Messrs. E. Hudon, Fils & Co., wholesale dry goods merchants, have assigned. Their troubles commenced some eight or nine years ago through the failure of J. G. Tranchemontagne, of Berthier, a heavy operator in grain.—*Journal of Commerce.*

BIRTH.

At Storm's Corners, Ernesttown, on the 19th instant, the wife of Mr. James Lee, of twins, sons.

At Ernesttown, on the 14th instant, the wife of Mr George Fraser, of a son.

At Napanee, on the 17th instant, the wife of Mr. Thomas Tremble, of a son.

MARRIED.

At Napanee, on Nov. 14th, Mr. Daniel Dovie, of Prince Edward, to Miss Patience Chamberlain, of the same County.

DIED.

At Napanee, on the 18th instant, Mrs. Slicer, relict of the late Capt. Slicer.

THE NEW BOOKSTORE.

PRANG'S GOODS ARRIVED—All Styles and Colours.
London Banking Life, by Purdy.
Mystic London, Davies.
Splendid Advantages of being a Woman, by one who know them.
Hamblin Smith's Arithmetic.
Chapman's Geology of Canada.
Billings Almanax.

The Christmas Packets Have Arrived!

You ought to see the dissolving Views among them.

Fans with Christmas and New Year's MOTTOES.

CHRISTMAS

Lead Pencils. Carpenter's Pencils, Mercer's PENCILS.

SCRAP ALBUMS, PEARL ALBUMS, WRITDESKS, Glove Boxes in Satin, Morocco and Russia.

The Best Value in Boy's Pocket Knives in Canada.

STATIONERY!

All the above are direct importations from the London market.

Vol. XII Wedding Bells, Little Sunbeam, British Juvenile.

Illustrated Books and Handsome Gift Books in every style.

Canadian Almanac for 1877.

Look out for the next number of BELFORD'S MAGAZINE.

The Library of the Late Rev. P. Grey on View and For Sale at the New Book Store.

S. WOODS.

Nov 20, 1876.

NOTICE.

PARTIES wishing to have SHIRTS before the Holidays should leave their orders now. The public will save 20 per cent by buying at the Factory.

A Full Line of Gents' Furnishings at ASHLEY'S SHIRT FACTORY.

Nov 29, 1876.

WOOD, WOOD.

For Sale:

IN LARGE AND SMALL QUANTITIES

Hard and Soft Wood.

Hardwood from $3.50 to $4.00.

JAS. CAMPBELL,

ONTARIO STREET.

Aug. 1867

Removed.

THE Subscribers beg to inform their friends and the public that they have Removed their offices to the McRae's Golden Lion Block, WELLINGTON STREET.

POWER & SON, Architects &c

Oct 26, 1876.

Wanted,

A HEAD MASTER for the Sydenham High School, to begin work January, 1877. Applications to be sent to the undersigned.

NEIL DUNLOP, Chairman of Board, Loborough, Ont

Nov 4 1876.

Y. M. C. A. ANNIVERSARY.

THE ANNUAL PUBLIC MEETING OF the Young Men's Christian Association will be held IN THE CITY HALL,

On Thursday, 14th Inst.

G. B. MEADOWS, Gen. Secretary.

Dec 2, 1876.

St. George's Society.

(INCORPORATED.)

THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING of the above Society will be held in St. George's Hall, on TUESDAY EVENING NEXT, 5th inst., at 8 precisely. As matters of the greatest interest will be brought forward every member is expected to attend.

By order.

S. HOWARD GRAFFTEY, Secretary.

Dec 2, 1876.

YOUNG IRISHMEN'S MEETING.

THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING of the Young Irishmen's Catholic Benevolent Association will be held in the St. Patrick's Hall, on MONDAY EVENING NEXT, at 8 o'clock. As business of importance is to be transacted a full attendance is requested.

By order of the President.

P. BARRY, Sec. pro tem.

Dec 2, 1876.

LADIES

Will Find the BEST PLATING MACHINE

At Cunningham's Sewing Machine Rooms,

OR AT MY STORE.

William W. Rideout.

No charge for looking at it.

Dec 2, 1875.

CREDIT SALE

—OF—

SEWING MACHINES

THE undersigned will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION.

At Hutcheson's Auction Rooms

BROCK STREET, KINGSTON,

ON THURSDAY, DEC. 7TH,

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

New and Second Hand Sewing Machines, 1 Armor Knitting Machine.

TERMS—One year credit; small sums Cash.

A. BRIDGE.

Nov 23, 1876.

TO THE ELECTORS OF VICTORIA WARD.

GENTLEMEN,—I intend to be a Candidate for the position of Alderman for your Ward for the ensuing year and I ask you for your support.

RICHARD T. WALKEM.

Dec 2, 1876.

TO THE ELECTORS OF VICTORIA WARD.

GENTLEMEN,—Your solicitations requesting me to represent you as one of the Aldermen for this Ward, I give my consent to. I thank you kindly for the same and will do the best to deserve your approbation.

Yours, &c.,

WILLIAM NEWMAN.

Dec 2, 1876.

TO THE ELECTORS OF ONTARIO WARD.

GENTLEMEN,—As the Municipal Elections are approaching, I again ask your votes and support as a Representative of your Ward. I have represented you for five years, and again hope to be favoured with an expression of your confidence.

P. HARTY.

Dec 2, 1876.

TO THE ELECTORS OF ST. LAWRENCE WARD.

GENTLEMEN,—I once again offer myself as a Candidate for re-election, and solicit your votes and influences.

S. T. DRENNAN.

Dec 2, 1876.

TO THE ELECTORS OF CATARAQUI WARD.

GENTLEMEN,—I have served you for many years in the City Council, and if you think I can be of service to you and the Ward in the future, I ask your votes and influence at the election shortly to take place.

WILLIAM ALLEN.

Dec, 2.

TO THE ELECTORS OF FRONTENAC WARD.

GENTLEMEN,—I again offer myself as a Candidate for the representation of your Ward in the City Council at the forthcoming Municipal Elections and solicit your votes and influence.

JAMES McCAMMON.

Dec 2, 1876.

TO THE ELECTORS OF CATARAQUI WARD.

GENTLEMEN,—At the desire of a large number of gentlemen of the Ward, I have today placed myself in your hands as a candidate for the approaching Aldermanic Elections. I solicit your votes and influence.

M. MORRISON.

Dec 2, 1876.

TO THE ELECTORS —OF— CATARAQUI WARD.

GENTLEMEN:—As one of the Aldermen of this Ward is retiring this year, I beg to offer myself as a Candidate independent of any party and having no object in view but to promote the interests of the Ward and those of the city generally. As such I ask for the support of the Electors.

JAMES CAMPBELL.

Nov 28, 1876.

R. & J. GARDINER

ARE OFFERING

A Large and Attractive Assortment of

Seasonable Goods at Low Prices

A LARGE STOCK OF BLANKETS AT unprecedentedly low prices.
A Large Stock of Red, White, Grey, Blue and Fancy Flannels at low prices.
A Large Stock of Shawls at low prices.
A Large Stock of Ladies Jackets at low prices
A Large Stock of Beaver, Matelasse Cloth.
And Imitation Seal for Ladies Wear.
Cheap Felt, Quilted Alpacca,
And Handsome Trimmed Satin Skirts, at low prices.
Breakfast Shawls.
Sleeveless Vests,
Ladies' and Children's Gaiters.
Ladies' Lamb Wool Under Vests.
New Silk Ties, Mufflings, Collars and Cuffs
All offered at low prices, for cash only.

R. & J. GARDINER

PRINCESS STREET.

Nov 7, 1876.

AN AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

Will take place at the Subscriber's Sale Rooms, ON SATURDAY MORNING NEXT, at 10 o'clock.

The above are all nearly new and belonging to a gentleman leaving the city.

CHAS. McMILLAN, Auctioneer.

Nov 30, 1876.

IMPERIAL MEASURES

FOR SALE AT

McKELVEY & BIRCH'S.

Nov 30, 1876.

WINTER! WINTER!

Water Works Notice.

CONSUMERS are hereby reminded to have their cellars and places where the Water Pipes enter their premises at once secured from Frost. Positively no allowance will be made on accounts for the stoppage of supply, if such stoppage is found to exist *without the line of street.*

J. WILSON, Manager K.W.W. Co.

Nov 29, 1876.

Rockwood Asylum Supplies.

TENDERS WANTED.

PARTIES desirous of tendering for the various Supplies required for Rockwood Asylum for the year 1877, viz.:—

Meat, Groceries, Forage, Hardware, Dry Goods, Fruit, Flour, &c., &c.,

Are requested to call upon, or write to the Medical Superintendent, who will furnish Blank Forms of Tenders and all necessary information.

Tenders will be received until noon of THURSDAY, the 7th day of December.

JOHN R. DICKSON, Medical Superintendent

Kingston, 30th Nov., 1876.

Come Along and Get Some LUNCH

FOR TEN CENTS.

MORE OYSTERS,

Famous N.B. Standards to-day for Saturday. A double supply at the old prices.

30 Cents a Can——35 Cents a Quart.

SOLID MEAT AND IMPERIAL MEASURE.

Leave your orders early as the boys are busy from 5 p.m.

J. C. HARDY

GOLDEN LION BLOCK.

Dec. 1

DOWN AGAIN.

Fancy Goods, Toys, Jewellery, &c Cheaper than Ever,

AT THE

BEE HIVE.

NAPKIN RINGS, CARD BASKETS BUTTER COOLERS—handsome designs and at extremely low price. Call and see them.

300 Mottoes and Book Marks,

FROM 2c EACH.

CHROMOS AT COST!

Pictures framed at Toronto prices.

C. J. MITCHELL,

Bruce Block, Princess St.,

Next to Foot's New Refreshment Store.

Dec 1, 1876.

St. Andrew's Anniversary.

THE ANNUAL SERMON of the St. Andrew's Society of Kingston, will be preached in Chalmers' Church, Earl Street, on SUNDAY NEXT, at 2 p.m. The public are cordially invited to be present.

A collection will be taken up on behalf of the Poor Fund of the Society.

JAS. YULE, Secretary.

Nov 30, 1876.

NURSE'S TREASURE

SAFE TEETHING.—Dr. T. D. Reed, Montreal, writes: Though averse to the indiscriminate use of patent medicines the Nurses' Treasure, I am satisfied, from its composition, which has been made known to me, is an excellent carminative, ant-acid, astringent and calmative. It may be given with safety to very young children according to directions. Sold by all Druggists.