GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Hours of Arrivals and Departures from Kingston Station Montreal Time;

GOING WEST.

	Arrive.	Depart.
Express	4:47 a.m.	4:52 a.m.
Express	4:03 p.m.	4:10 p.m.

GOING EAST.

	Arrive.	Depart.
Express	2:00 a.m.	2:15 a.m.
Express	2:00 p.m.	2:15 p.m.
Mixed	1:10 a.m.	6 a.m.

TRENAMAN, Station Master. JOSEPH HICKSON, G.T.R Manager

The Daily British Whig.

Opifex per Orbem Dicor.

FRIDAY EVEN'G, DEC. 1, 1876.

REMINDERS.

FRIDAY.

ALMA MATER Meeting at 7 p.m.
HAPPY CAL'S Minstrels in City Hall.
SPECIAL Meeting St. George's Committee.

SATURDAY.

SALE at McMillan's Auction Rooms.
READINGS of Martin F. Tupper in City Hall.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

Candidates in the Field.

FOR MAYOR, 1877:

Mayor B. M. Britton.
Alderman John McKelvey.

FOR ALDERMEN:

Sydenham Ward—C. F. Gildersleeve.
do do W. Powell.
do do W. McRossie.
Cataraqui Ward—James Campbell.
Ontario Ward—John F. McDermott.
do do —L. Clements.
Victoria Ward—H. Mooers.
Rideau Ward—John McIntyre.
do do —Johnston Brown.

☞ ***Tax payers who have not yet paid their City Taxes are reminded to do so at once and save costs.***

SOMETHING NEW.

In their despair the Tory organs are again taxing their powers of invention to find a solution to the mystery of M. Laflamme's return. Driven to their wits end, they are actually advancing the startling theory that 'corruption' 'bribery' 'contracts,' 'intimidation,' and other like questionable expedients were resorted to by the liberals of Jacques Cartier to 'squeeze' their man back into the House again.

Now, much as we expected to hear of the mutual administration among the sufferers of all the ordinary solaces and cordials after defeat, yet, for the enunciation of the above original theories we were, of course, utterly unprepared. We denounce it as a brazen shame, that the fair fame of our public men and the unspotted record of Canadian politics should be compromised and smirched by charges of such unheard of crimes. Had anything of this kind ever happened in the history of our past electoral struggles, such reckless assertions would be less unpardonable, but to breathe suspicion, even to formulate a charge—worse than all—to name a sum, one of the organs significantly puts it at "$10,000," ripens the indiscretion into a libel on our politicians, which we should feel it our duty to impeach if we were only quite sure what Court possessed competent jurisdiction in such a case.

It strikes us, after all, that charges flung at random with such reckless flippancy imply not so much a knowledge of facts in the case of the recent election as a guilty recollection of experience with which the organs themselves are, possibly, too well acquainted. Even while we write some dim reminiscences of "Another Ten Thousand" than that above named recurs to us. We are reminded, also, that the call for it (which, in order to get it, was declared to be the last time of asking) was preceded by many a "ten thousand" more, procured by the same parties on the same plea and for the same purpose, and that a high and sacred public trust was debauched and betrayed as the exchanging consideration in the guilty transaction.

If familiarity in these things, as in some others, breeds contempt, then the contemptuous scorn with which Tory politicians turn up their noses at words and figures which describe and recall their own dark deeds is amply accounted for.

Y. M. C. A. VS. K. C.

The spirited, but not too dignified, discussion lately conducted by special permission in our columns by the respective champions of the above Societies has brought both into prominence and given to the last named the best possible advertisement of its organization. It is not often that a local Association is launched into the slightly rippled waters of its "native element" with the eclat of so much publicity as has marked the inauguration of the Kingston Club. Perhaps it was to be expected that a not unnatural feeling of rivalry would mark the relations of these institutions to each other, and that each, peering at the other through differently tinted spectacles, should fail so convey to the public ear a correct description of the rival concern. The dispute very strikingly resembles the fable of the Chameleon. On behalf of the club we think it will be considered as scarcely polite or fair at its very inception, and before its real intentions were developed either to pray or cry it down. Such a course seems too much like hanging a man and trying him afterwards, which we need hardly say would be a very unreasonable species of lynch law. The club, we think should have been allowed the usual courtesy of an opportunity to unfold its policy before the Opposition came on with a motion of non-confidence.

On the other hand it should be borne in mind that prayer in the meetings of the Y.M.C.A. is as recognized an element of the proceedings as discussion or conversation in a more secular society. These petitions embrace an almost unlimited range of subjects and objects, and so long as they have a benevolent tendency and do not degenerate into imprecations—which, of course, they never do—we cannot see why the involuntary subjects of them should complain.

Granting an indiscretion in this particular case, the entire Association should not be saddled with the responsibility of it. The K.C. has yet to make its mark. The Y.M.C.A. has already done so, and proven repeatedly its efficiency and the necessity for its existence. It is only just to the Y.M.C.A. not only to judge it by its comparatively modest doings here, but from a more elevated standpoint to view its more extended operations. When we consider, then, that the North-American membership includes one hundred thousand young men engaged in the commendable work of self and mutual improvement, and spending for this purpose every year nearly half a million dollars, we are landed at the conclusion that it is an institution worthy of all encouragement and praise. Between organizations that do not necessarily interfere with each other's operations by all means let us have peace.

SUSPENSE.

For nearly a month the agony of uncertainty has been endured by the people of the United States. The active preparations for the contest on the part of the contending Republican and Democratic hosts, though of six months' duration, were to many endurable, and to some even pleasurable, up to the day of battle. The forces were so equal and the result so doubtful that neither the keenest partizan nor the coolest onlooker could forecast the issue. The possibility of victory—in fact the sanguine expectation of it—which each Party laid as a flattering unction to its soul sustained both alike with the highest hope to the very last. But not to know at the close of such a fray, nor for all this time thereafter, which party is entitled to carry aloft the crest of victory is a provocation which would have added to the tortures of Tantalus. The all-summer excitement of our neighbours, embracing a varied programme of orations, conventions, processions and many other curious and extravagant demonstrations, would, it was supposed, culminate in the great crisis of the 7th November, when forty millions of people were to be convulsed, with the throes of an electoral struggle for the chief magistracy of the nation. The result, instead of elating one party with the flush of victory and depressing the other with the bitterness of disappointment, leaves both in a far worse plight than before, and will go far to unsettle confidence of any decision which may be reached, in the minds of whichever party is pushed to the wall. This will be particularly true if the Democratic party should chance to be 'counted out' in the Electoral College. It is well-nigh impossible for fair play not to wish to see the best man win. Outsiders with strong Republican sympathies, as well as a vast number of American citizens who deposited Republican ballots in this election, look with alarm and regret on the wire pulling strategy by which it is sought to cheat the nation out of its choice. On all hands it is admitted that the country, by overwhelming odds, has declared, for a quadrennial term at least, it will have Tilden sent to the White House and the country governed under Democratic auspices. With our neighbours it is a principle that Government should bring the greatest good to the greatest number. They also hold that the 'greatest number' shall be the judges of that 'greatest good.' In other words, that the decision of the majority shall be the rule for all. This being the theory, it is a curious anomaly that they should employ an electoral apparatus that enables a minority to rule, by electing, in spite of the majority, its candidate for Presidential honors.

The election was expected to be close, and so far as the cumbrous representation of the people in the electoral college is concerned, it is still certain to be so, but a comparison of the aggregate majorities obtained in the States carried by the respective aspirants proves the election to be one-sidedly decisive, since Tilden is thus shown to have carried the country by majorities which have rolled up into an army of 270,000 men.

In the face of such odds it does seem suicidal in the Republican managers to try to "count in" the electoral vote of Florida by a total majority of less than a single score for Hayes, and South Carolina by disfranchising the adverse Counties; intending also, no doubt, to bring Louisiana into the same line by similar means. To obtain a great right by doing a little wrong is a rule of undoubted dishonesty, and of very doubtful utility; but doing a great wrong to obtain a little power is always much more damaging to those who perpetrate it, than to the opposing party whose triumph will only be the more decisive because it has been unjustly deferred.

TRENTON.

The Annual Fire--The Destruction Last Night.

(Whig Correspondent.)

Trenton, Dec. 1st.—Between four and five o'clock this (Friday) morning a fire broke out in the store of H. Wolfe, known as "Cheap John," who keeps a general store on Front Street. Mr. Wolfe, who, with his little son, slept over the store, discovered the fire down stairs, which had made such headway that he was compelled to escape through the window. In letting his son down the little fellow fell, fracturing his thigh and his jaw. The steamer was on hand and ready in about fifteen minutes after the alarm was given, and tried to confine the fire to Wolfe's store, but it soon crept on the upper flats to J. W. Millan's grocery on the north, and White's hardware on the south through the partition walls. Mullins' store was completely gutted on the upper story and badly injured. White's store was saved by the greatest exertion. His loss is very heavy through fire and water. The store is badly injured inside. He is insured in the National, Hand in Hand and Queen's on stock and building. The amount is not known. Mr. Wolfe was insured in the Commercial Union for $5,000 on the stock. R. Grass, who owned the building, is insured for $1,000 in the National and $1,000 in the Canada Fire. Total loss. Mr. Miller was insured for $1,000 in the Provincial saved part of his stock, but his loss is great, through water. D.R. Murphy, owner of the building, had no insurance. The buildings were all of brick, and made a good block in the town. The cause of the fire is unknown. Thanks to the Chatham engine for its work this morning, we have the finest brigade of any village or town in Canada, Kingston not excepted, though a city.

The members of St. Andrew's Society in Trenton sat down last night to a sumptuous repast at the Gilbert House. Some forty persons were present, who, after the cloth was removed, passed the evening in speeches and songs.

The river Trent was frozen over last night, and the Bay had a coat of ice half way across.

A TRAVELLER.—Should always carry on a journey, to use in case of sudden indisposition, caused by taking cold, by change of water, bilious attacks, &c., a bottle of STANFON'S PAIN RELIEF, which can always be relied upon, to give immediate relief.

The Shabot Lake Trip.

The 'big push' of business yesterday cut short our report of the Sharbot Lake excursion. The return, home, we have said, was made under very pleasant auspices, rapid travelling and bright moonlight. But speed and light were but trifles, light as air compared with the pleasantness inside the car in the line of enjoyment. Indeed they were but a faint reflection. True there was a shadow of sorrow thrown over the party as the departure from the hotel took place. A bottle of champagne was detected in the last spot you would imagine it to be—the pocket of a temperance alderman. Good men crossed themselves and bad men felt themselves encouraged. Very little was said upon the matter, because of its painful aspect, but the depth of inward thought will never perhaps be guessed at, much less measured. We hope that in the coming election disputations the electors will be equally considerate. The champagne was confiscated, and distributed about to those who "don't care if they do" so that the excursion should not have the sin to answer for of having placed temptation longer in the way.

Soon, however, the spirits of the party were restored by a lively incident in which a high officer of the Crown proceeded summarily to execute playful vengeance upon a crowd of mercy makers, who had intrenched upon his almost irreproachable good nature. He succeeded beyond the fondest anticipations of the tormentors, and both sides expressed themselves as abundantly satisfied with the apologies, and stated their firm belief that they never met companions of more gentlemanly instinct and keener sense of dignity. The assemblage of so many local politicians gave occasion for the keenest speculations and closest making-up of slates for the coming elections. One Alderman was fully assured that he would be returned by acclamation for Ontario Ward in spite of the—Old Gentleman. One candidate for the Mayoralty played off for it—with dominoes of course—and got beaten—an incident trifling, yet ominous enough to be contested by him most seriously. Another candidate for the big chair played off with Ald. Allen for the choice, and the latter, with that modesty characteristic of the public representative of 30 years, refused to win when victory perched directly over each hand he held when nearing the climax. The chief of "the boys" declared it was "very polite of him." Songs were the order of the evening, and many were sung, though repeated calls failed to elicit from Ald. P.H. the celebrated operetta, "And was it very polite of her?" or the noble national ballad from Ald. McKeivey of "Brittons never shall be Mayors." All went merrier than a marriage bell till the city was reached, when each particular guest stepped off as straight and as independently as porcine on ice.

One element of the trip deserves most earnestly and seriously to be spoken of—the cordiality exhibited on the trip between gentlemen who at the Council boards and on political platforms have been estranged by the asperities of debate, but who possess the good nature upon all public social occasions to bury their feelings within the public halls. When politics were introduced during the day there was no serious intent; good humor reigned supreme.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

—Hon. Geo. Brown was fifty-eight years old yesterday.

—Diphtheria is still continuing its ravages in Nova Scotia.

—Sir Bartle Frere has been appointed Governor of the Cape of Good Hope.

—The Lord Bishop of Ottawa has gone on a pastoral visit to Pembroke.

—The insolvent estate of Sparks and Crawford realized at auction $8 550.

—The Prince of Wales has Australia and New Zealand on his visiting list for 1878.

—The Hamilton *Times* contends that a journalist, charged with contempt of court, should have the trial by a jury.

—Vessels are laying up at Napanee, and no more grain will be shipped by boat from that port this season.

—Rumours have been set on foot that the financial position of the *Canadian Monthly* is a critical one.

—A Parisian artiste was recently hissed to death at the Marseilles theatre. She became hiss-terical and died a few days later.

—A little boy died the other day in New York from hydrophobia, arising from the bite of a cat. The fact is sworn to by Dr. Hammond.

—The Czar has instructed General Schouvaloff to inform Queen Vivoria that he desires peace. His Imperial Highness wants to Schouvaloff the responsibilities.

—The Quebec Govenrorment are urged to establish a School of Navigation at Quebec. A grant of $1,000 has been promised towards carrying out the object.

—The troop-ship *Tamar* has arrived at Halifax with the first battalion of the 20th Regiment, which will relieve the 87th, now in garrison at that place.

—A Fremont (Ohio) voter deposited an order for a barrel of flour in the ballot-box and carried a Democrat ticket over to the grocery store.

—John Kelly, mate of the schooner A. B. Moore, of Hamilton, was fatally shot in a row amongst a gang of roughs in Chicago, last Sunday.

—The Queen has granted medals to all those persons who served on the Alert, Discovery and Pandora in the Arctic expedition.

—The "Countess of Dufferin" still remains unsold, and Major Gifford is likely to be a heavy loser by his spirited undertaking to whip the champion yacht of the New York Club.

—The eucalyptus tree is doing wonders in purifying the pestilential Roman Campagna. Would it not be an excellent purifier for certain sections of our own city?

—Now that Quebec steamboats have gone to winter quarters the G.T.R. Co. have lost no time in raising the price of fares from $4 to $5.

—Mrs. Smith (Pearsall), of Wingham, on Sunday last took a dose of blue vitriol with the intention of destroying her life. She lingered in great agony till Wednesday afternoon, when she died.

—The Hon. William McDougall is to lecture before the Y. M. C. A. in Fredericton, and to deliver the opening lecture of the season at the Mechanics' Institute.

—Either disappointment in love of mortification occasioned by being drunk and having his fireman's uniform taken away from him while at a dance, caused Charids Rosette to shoot himself fatally at St. Albans, Vt.

CUSTOMS.—Duties collected or goods imported for the month of November, $17,382.86. Total value of goods exported, $149,796.

GENERAL DESPATCHES.

THE POLITICAL FIGHT IN THE SOUTH.

Lousiana More Democratic.

TWO HOUSES IN SESSION.

Columbia, S.C., Nov. 30.—The Democratic House took forcible possession of the State Legislative Hall this morning. The Republican House entered the Hall later; both Speakers on the stand. Gen. Ruger has notified the Democratic Speaker that to-morrow the Democratic members from Eagefield will not be permitted the floor of the House. The Democratic members have sent a protest to Gen. Ruger accusing him of violating his pledges made to them, that he did not intend to assume to decide upon the legality of any man's seat, and that he would not interfere unless a serious disturbance of the peace should occur.

New Orleans, Nov. 30.—Several persons testified before the Returning Board to-day that the woman Eliza Pinkston bore a very bad character.

A petition was received from a large number of New Orleans Republicans asking that the ballots cast in the city of New Orleans be recounted owing to defective and badly printed tickets and to the fact that a large number of votes were cast by illegally naturalized persons. The returns from seven polls in the East baton Rouge and Tangipaoa were received, but not being returned by the supervisors they were thrown out. By this action the Democrats lose 1136 votes in the former. On Tuesday next it is understood the Electoral and State vote will be promulgated.

London, Dec. 1.—Rev. Geo. Dawson, the popular lecturer, is dead.

J. P. Foster, metal merchant, of Birmingham, has failed. Liabilities estimated at $475,000.

Edinburgh, Dec. 1.—Col. J. A. MacDonald, Captain of the Scottish rifle team which recently visited the United States, has been appointed Solicitor General for Scotland.

Athens, Dec. 1.—A Ministerial crisis has been averted for the present Premier, having decided to await the debates in the Chamber.

London, Dec. 1.—The *Standard* in its money article to-day says:—"We understand that the bank has raised the selling price of American Eagles half a penny per ounce. It is not expected this will check the export of this description of gold to any appreciable extent. A vessel by which the gold for New York was to be shipped sailed yesterday, which accounts for the temporary cessation of the drain.

New York, Dec. 1.—The *Herald* says Tweed intends to dismiss all his counsel and let the law take its course.

Mrs. Mary Donnelly, of Williamsburg, interfered in a quarrel which took place between two men yesterday in her own house and was fatally shot by a man named McGleary.

A *Herald's* Columbia, S.C., special dated 1 a.m. says the Houses are still in session. The Democrats know that if they go out they will not be readmitted, and they propose to stay until twelve, noon, to-morrow, when the Laurens and Eaglefield delegations will doubtless be ejected by Federal troops.

The *Herald's* New Orleans special reports that Judge Dibbel, counsel for the Republicans, stated yesterday that the Republican count made Tilden 3,000 ahead and Nichols 2,500 as far as they had progressed. The count, as figured up according to returns at the close of the session yesterday, gives the lowest Tilden electors, 8980 over the highest Hayes. A statement will be despatched to this effect over the signature of a Democratic Commission, who are in high spirits and express for the first time confidence in the result.

New York, Dec. 1.—Justice Johnston to-day rendered an opinion in the great suits of the United States against against H. B. Claflin & Co., for the recovery of $1,500,000 penalties for the purchase of alleged smuggled goods, in which the judgment of the Lower Court for the defendants is affirmed.

Columbus, S.C., Dec. 1.—Both bodies have occupied the House of Representatives since 12 o'clock yesterday. Numerous propositions for compromise availed nothing. It is now half past one, and U.S. troops have not interfered. Democratic representatives from Eaglefield and Laurens are still in their seats. It is now likely a sufficient number of Republicans will unite with the Democrats, in which event the entire matter will be settled.

Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 1.—The main building of the International Exhibition, was purchased this morning by the International Exhibition Company for $250-000.

A despatch from Saintander says a great fire is now raging near the railway station. The Cathedral is threatened.

Cincinnati, O., Dec. 1.—A negro named Crutcher was hung by a mob in the woods near Nicholasville, Ky., last night, for attempting an outrage upon the wife of J. E. Cogar, (white) yesterday.

London, Dec. 1.—The Right Hon. Edward Horsman, Liberal Member of Parliament for Liskeard, is dead.

Providence, R.I., Dec. 1.—The General Assembly to-day elected Hon. W. S. Slater Presidential elector in place of Mr. Corliss, declared ineligible.

CANADIAN TELEGRAMS.

—A fire in Lindsay at an early hour this morning destroyed property valued at $25,000, and on which there was only an insurance of $13,000.

—The Treasurer of the Quebec Government was expected to deliver his budget speech at to-day's sitting of the Legislature.

—St. Andrew's Society ball in Montreal, last night, was a grand affair.

—Judges Johnson, of Montreal, is protesting against the overwork imposed upon the judges by the Government.

—Probs: Cold weather, with occasional snow.

—Hon. J. B. Robinson will bring up the Prison Labour Bill at the next meeting of the Ontario Legislature.

—A surveyor named Simpson, placed drunk in the police station at Ottawa, died in the cells.

—The entertainment of St. Andrew's Society, Ottawa, was attended by the Premier and Governor-General. The Premier made a speech.

—Mr. Fortin, the Liberal candidate, has been returned in the Quebec Legislature for Montmagny.

OSWEGO MARKETS.

Oswego, N.Y., Dec'r. 1st, 1 p.m.—Wheat firm; No 2 Milwaukee club at 1,31; No. 1 white Michigan at 1,50; No. 1 white Toledo at 005, extra white Michigan held at 000. Corn dull, sales at 58. Barley dull; sales No. 1 Canada at 1,09; shorts 13 to 14; ship stuffs 15 to 16; middlings 29 per ton. Lake receipts since 11 a.m., 13,000 bushels wheat; 5,000 bushels of oats; 16,000 rye.

MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKET.

Dec. 1.—Flour receipts 1060; sales none; market quiet and unchanged. Grain and provisions are unchanged. Ashes are steady at 4.26 to 4.30. Pearls—nominal.

TUREY'S TROUBLES.

The Situation Unchanged.

RUSSIA'S POLICY.

DRAFTING INTO THE ARMY

St. Petersburg, Dec. 1.—An exchange agitated upon the report that the Govt. is preparing an order, summoning to military service all able bodied men to age of 50.

London, Dec. 1st.—The *Standard* to-day announces that a telegram from the Admiralty had been received in Portsmouth ordering that the notices issued yesterday for the discharge of five hundred workmen be withdrawn, pending further consideration.

A special from Rome to the *Times* says Signor Melegari, Minister of Foreign Affairs, during his interviews with the Marquis of Salisbury used very friendly language. He said Italy was desirous of the co-operation of England at the Conference, and expressed a decided opinion against any foreign occupation of Turkish territory.

A special from Berlin to the *Times* says an order which is in preparation for calling out all Russians under fifty years of age is regarded as proof that the Government is preparing for all contingencies and has depressed the St. Petersburg course.

The Russian semi-official telegraphic agency accuses Colonel Kemball, the English military attachè, who accompanied the Turkish army, of having acted as military adviser of Abdul Kerrim Pasha.

By the latest telegram the balance of Eastern affairs still appears to be trembling between peace and war, the obstacles to a pacific solution of the Turke-Russian difficulty still appear to be a long way from removal. Russia has reiterated her assurances with regard to the question of the occupation of Bulgaria, disclaiming any idea of looking upon this step as the sole sufficient guarantee of the reforms promised by Turkey. She professed to be by no means averse to a joint occupation by the Powers, but she declares solemnly that no other satisfactory guarantee can be obtained, nothing will deter her from undertaking it. At Vienna, as at Berlin, we are told Lord Salisburg showed a conciliatory disposition, and an understanding appears to be established as to two points, viz., the absolute necessity of obtaining decisive concessions from the Porte, and of their being secured by substantial guarantee. In pursuence of the plan she has laid down for her conduct Russia has draughted a constitutation for Burlgaria, the provisions of which will make the latter an almost independent province; but it is something more than doubtful whether Turkey will agree to any such scheme. With regard to Servia, Russia has pursued a very different policy, which has the effect of bringing that Province completely under her thumb. Russia claims that Turkey is undeserving of consideration, inasmuch as she has invalidated the Treaty of Paris by her neglect to fulfil her engagements to ameliorate the condition of her Christian subjects.

The Pesth correspondent of the *Daily News* telegraphs:—"I hear from Bucharest that all hopes of peace have been relinquished there. Trade is at a standstill, and failures are numerous."

An order has been received at Portsmouth Dockyard for the discharge of 500 labourers. The reduction of the working force in the yard is not unusual at this time of year, but that the Government is able to make it now implies that the necessity for the recently reported activity in naval preparations is abating.

CHINA'S COMMERCE.—The penetration of foreign commerce into China has been extended seven or eight hundred miles by the operating of three additional ports as a compension for the murder of Mr. Margary, the English commercial explorer. Although this seems at first bartering a life for an additional market in Manchester cottons, it is difficult to see what more fitting thing England could have asked than this extension of privilege to the whole world. The opening of ports to trade means their opening to all the influences of Christain civilization. Two ports of entry and six landings on the great river Yangise, extending hundreds of miles into the heart of China, are among the new concessions. All these new freedons of commerce are, in accordance with the present policy of England, as open to the whole world as to herself.

EMPRESS ENGENIE STARVING.—The Empress Engenie, it appears, is not in the immediate danger of starvation which the sale of her jewelry seemed to indicate to her admirers in this country. She has real estate in Paris valued at $1,065,000, on which there are mortgages to the extent of $240,000. Then in the provinces scattered about she has estates worth at least $1,600,000. Only one of these is mortgaged. Besides all these the Bonaparte family possesses large estates in Spain, Italy, Switzerland, Corsica and England. As for the personal property, estimates very, some of them reaching nearly $15,000,000, and others falling as low as $5,000,000. The Emperor was what the American housewife calls a "good provider."

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, Dec. 1.

Bank of Montreal—185 1-2, 185 1-4, 40 at 185 1-4.
Merchants' Bank—33, 92 1-2.
Merchants Bank—Ex Div 90 1-4, 89 1-2, 30 at 90.
Bank of Commerce—126 1-2, 126 1-4, 50 at 126 1-2.
Ontario Bank—103 1-2, 103, 30 t 103 1-2.
Bank of Toronto—182, 177.
City Bank—99, 98 1-2.
Montreal Telegraph Co—135, 134 3-4, 25 at 135 1-4.
National Bank—00.
Quebec—000.
Richelieu Bank—90 1-4, 89, 25 at 89.
Dominion Telegraph Co—97 1-2, 96.

Come Along and Get Some

LUNCH

FOR TEN CENTS.

MORE OYSTERS,

Famous N.B Standards to-day for Saturday. A double supply at the old prices.

30 Cents a Can——35 Cents a Quart.

SOLID MEAT AND IMPERIAL MEASURE.

Leave your orders early as the boys are busy from 5 p.m.

J. C. HARDY

GOLDEN LION BLOCK.

Dec. 1.

109

Princess Street.

PRANG'S 'XMAS and NEW YEAR'S CARDS,

RECEIVED BY

G. W. MAXWELL.

Dec 1, 1876.

CREDIT SALE

—OF—

SEWING MACHINES

THE undersigned will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION

At Hutcheson's Auction Rooms

BROCK STREET, KINGSTON,

ON THURSDAY, DEC. 7TH,

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

New and Second Hand Sewing Machines, 1 Armor Knitting Machine.

TERMS—One year credit; small sums Cash.

A. BRIDGE.

Nov 23, 1876.

DOMINION MART

SATURDAY MORNING

I will Sell at my Rooms A LOT OF FURNITURE, STOVES, CROCKERY, HARNESS, &c., &c

Sale at 10 o'clock. Owing to the coldness of the weather the Sale will take place inside.

J. E. HUTCHESON, Auctioneer.

Dec 1, 1876.

TO THE ELECTORS OF RIDEAU WARD.

GENTLEMEN,—I beg to intimate that I am a candidate for re-election for the year 1877, and solicit your votes and interest, at the same time, cordially thanking you for the generous support you have given me for the past five years.

JOHN McINTYRE.

Dec 1, 1876.

TO THE ELECTORS OF RIDEAU WARD.

GENTLEMEN:—I beg to offer myself as a Candidate for Alderman for the year 1877, and to solicit your votes and interest.

JOHNSTON BROWN.

Dec 1, 1876.

DOWN AGAIN.

Fancy Goods, Toys, Jewellery, &c Cheaper than Ever,

AT THE

BEE HIVE.

NAPKIN RINGS, CARD BASKETS BUTTER COOLERS—handsome designs and at extremely low price. Call and see them.

300 Mottoes and Book Marks.

FROM 2c EACH.

CHROMOS AT COST!

Pictures framed at Toronto prices.

C. J. MITCHELL,

Bruce Block, Princess St.,

Next to Foot's New Refreshment Store.

Dec 1, 1876.

THE NEW BOOKSTORE.

PRANG'S GOODS ARRIVED—All Styles and Colours.
London Banking Life, by Purdy.
Mystic London, Davies.
Splendid Advantages of being a Woman, by one who know them.
Hamblin Smith's Arithmetic.
Chapman's Geology of Canada.
Billing's Almanac.

The Christmas Packets Have Arrived!

You ought to see the dissolving Views among them.

Fans with Christmas and New Year's MOTTOES.

CHRISTMAS

Lead Pencils, Carpenter's Pencils, Mercer's PENCILS.

SCRAP ALBUMS, PEARL ALBUMS, WRITDESKS, Glove Boxes in Satin, Morocco and Russia.

The Best Value in Boy's Pocket Knives in Canada.

STATIONERY!

All the above are direct importations from the London market.

Vol. XII Wedding Bells, Little Sunbeam, British Juvenile.

Illustrated Books and Handsome Gift Books in every style.

Canadian Almanac for 1877.

Look out for the next number of BELFORD'S MAGAZINE.

The Library of the Late Rev. P. Grey on View and For Sale at the New Book Store.

S. WOODS.

Nov 20, 1876.

IT IS TRUE!

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF

Dress Goods, Lustres, Winceys and for the

82 MACKAY & CO'S. 82

GREAT BANKRUPT SALE

—OF—

DRY GOODS.

Making it the Largest and Best Assorted Stock in the city. Call at once.

Splendid Striped Wincey only 12½c
do Felt Skirts 50c,
do Dress Goods 5c.
do Fancy and Check and Plain Flannel 20c.
Extra All Wool Tweed 50c.
do Tweed for Boy's Wear 25c.

This is the best line:
Good Ulster Coats only $7.50.
do Pilot Pea Jackets $5.50.
do Pilot Overcoats only $5.00.

J. M. MACKAY.

82 Princess Street.

Dec 1, 1876.

NURSE'S TREASURE

SAFE THING.—L. T. D. Reed, Montreal, writes: Though averse to the indiscriminate use of patent medicines the Nurses' Treasure, I am satisfied, from its composition which has been made known to me, is an excellent carminative, anti-acid, astringent and calmative. It may be given with safety to very young children according to directions. Sold by all Druggists.

R. & J. GARDINER

ARE OFFERING

A Large and Attractive Assortment of

Seasonable Goods at Low Prices

A LARGE STOCK OF BLANKETS AT unprecedentedly low prices.
A Large Stock of Red, White, Gray, Blue and Fancy Flannels at low prices.
A Large Stock of Shawls at low prices.
A Large Stock of Ladies Jackets at low prices
A Large Stock of Beaver, Matelasse Cloth.
And Imitation Seal for Ladies Wear.
Cheap Felt, Quilted Alpacca,
And Handsome Trimmed Satin Skirts, at low prices.
Breakfast Shawls.
Sleeveless Vests.
Ladies and Children's Gaiters.
Ladies' Lamb Wool Under Vests.
New Silk Ties, Muffings, Collars and Cuffs
☞ All offered at low prices, for cash only.

R. & J. GARDINER

PRINCESS STREET.

Nov 7, 1876.

Rockwood Asylum Supplies.

TENDERS WANTED.

PARTIES desirous of tendering for the various Supplies required for Rockwood Asylum for the year 18 7, viz.:—

Meat, Groceries, Forage, Hardware, Dry Goods, Fruit, Flour, &c., &c.,

Are requested to call upon, or write to the Medical Superintendent, who will furnish Blank Forms of Tenders and all necessary information.

Tenders will be received until noon of THURSDAY, the 7th day of December.

JOHN R. DICKSON, Medical Superintendent

Kingston, 30th Nov., 1876.

CITY HALL.

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

Friday Evening, Dec. 1st.

THE OLD RELIABLES!

Happy Cal Wagner's Minstrels

AND BRASS BAND.

1876. RE-ORGANIZED. 1877.

Largest and Most Complete Travelling Troupe in the World.

Standing apart from all Contemporaries and presenting a Programme of Rare Excellence, arranged to suit the tastes of our numerous patrons.

MR. CAL WAGNER

Will positively appear at each entertainment.

Reserved Seats on sale at customary prices. Admission—popular prices.

Nov 25, 1876.

IMPERIAL

MEASURES

FOR SALE AT

McKELVEY & BIRCH'S

Nov 30, 1876.

AN AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

Will take place at the Subscriber's Sale Rooms, ON SATURDAY MORNING NEXT, at 10 o'clock.

The above are all nearly new and belonging to a gentleman leaving the city.

CHAS. McMILLAN, Auctioneer.

Nov 30, 1876.

House To Let,

A TWO STORY new Brick Dwelling House to be let on Alfred Street, near Union Street, and near the Orphan's Home, just completed, with soft and hard water; rent low. Passession given immediately. For further particulars apply to the subscriber at the Agricultural Insurance Office.

R. W. VANDERWATER.

Nov. 30.

WINTER! WINTER!

Water Works Notice.

CONSUMERS are hereby reminded to have their cellars and places where the Water Pipes enter their premises at once secured from Frost. Positively no allowance will be made on accounts for the stoppage of supply, if such stoppage is found to exist *without the line of street.*

J. WILSON, Manager K.W.W. Co.

Nov 29, 1876.

St. Andrew's Anniversary.

THE ANNUAL SERMON of the St. Andrew's Society of Kingston, will be preached in Chalmers' Church, Earl Street, on SUNDAY NEXT, at 2 p.m. The public are cordially invited to be present.

A collection will be taken up on behalf of the Poor Fund of the Society.

JAS. YULE, Secretary.

Nov 30, 1876.

TO THE LADIES!

REAL HAIR

Cheaper than ever — Half Price.

M. Kirkpatrick's Fancy Store,

Brock Street, Two Doors above McKelvey & Birch's Tin Store.

☞ REAL HAIR SWITCHES (made up) sold for 50 cents per oz. Call and see them before they are all gone.

Nov 28, 1876.

For Sale,

A LARGE STOCK OF FANCY PIGEONS consisting of Pouters, Trumpeters, Owls, Barbs, Turbits, &c., &c. Apply to

E. ASBERY, Kingston, Ont.

Nov 24, 1876.

GREAT CHEAP SALE

—OF—

NEW FALL

DRY GOODS

—AT—

FELIX SHAW'S,

Cor. Princess and Wellington Sts.

ALL OUR GOODS being bought for Cash and owing to the hard times and scarcity of money, we have decided to offer the whole Stock at such low prices that cannot fail to secure quick sales.

Dress Goods, very cheap.
Winceys, extra value.
See our Checked Winceys at 12½c.
New Merinos and Cords.
New Black Lustres, Cheap.
New Black Paramattas.
Blk Silks at the old prices
New Col Silk, choice shades
New Clonds, extra value.
New Searfs and Ties.
New Kid Gloves.
New Shawls and Jackets.
New Cloths for Jackets.
New Beavers and Pilots.
Cheap English and American Prints.
Cheap White and Grey Cottons.
Cheap Sheetings.
Good Blankets, very cheap.
Canton Flannels, extra cheap.
Cheap Canadian Tweeds.
Cheap Scarlet Flannels.
Cheap Can. Flannels.

Carpets, Carpets, Carpets.

The Cheapest place for Carpets is F. SHAW'S
BEST COTTON YARN only $1.00. Cheap Cotton Bags.

AT F. SHAW'S,

Nov 11, 1876. GLASGOW WAREHOUSE

FRUIT, OYSTERS

And Confectionery.

Everything in Season

CANNED FRUIT of all kinds. Also LOBSTER SALMON AND SARDINES AT MRS. R. TOWN'S.

Also a new lot of Beautiful Assorted Candies. Also fresh Dates, Figs and Maple Sugar,

MRS. R. TOWN'S

Fruit and Oyster Depot,

KING STREET.

Oct 30, 1876.

P. HARTY'S

SPECIAL SALE

—OF—

DRESS GOODS,
Shawls,
Cloakings,
Blankets,
Flannels,
and Sheetings,

(SLIGHTLY DAMAGED)

Great Inducements Offered to Cash Customers.

P. HARTY'S,

Nov 1, 76 MARKET SQUARE

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

CALL AT

McNEIL'S

And See the New Base Burner

SULTANA.

IT IS A REAL PARLOUR ORNAMENT For beauty of Design and excellence

It Cannot be Surpassed.

I believe it is the finest Stove in the Market. Call and see it and my

General Assortment of Stoves.

N. McNEIL,

Plumber and Steam Fitter, and Dealer in Stoves, &c.

Oct 21, 1876.

Wanted,

A SITUATION AS TEACHER by one holding a 3rd Class Certificate. Apply at the BRITISH WHIG OFFICE.

Nov 1, 1876.

THE TRAVELERS'

Insurance Company,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Assets - - - - Jan. 1st '74. $2,694,306.84.

Surplus as regards policy holders $861 824.00

Grants everything desirable in

Life and Accident Insurance,

On the most Favorable Terms.

The Travelers furnishes everything desirable in either Life or Accidental insurance. It has issued over 302,000 general accident policies and paid Nineteen Thousand Claims for death or injury by accident; the amount thus returned to policy holders averaging about $836 a day for every working day during the past seven years:

In its Life Department, it has written 11,156 policies, and its low rate Cash Plan is steadily growing in favour with the insuring public.

DEPOSIT WITH GOVERNMENT $140,000.

Foster We & Bunley, General Agents, 217 St. James Street Montreal.

FOLGER & HANLEY, Agents. Ontario Street.

1874.

MORE NEW GOODS

Just Received

—BY—

RICHMOND & BOYDEN.

Navy Blue Waterproof.
Black French Cashmere.
New Kisber Cloaking.
do Nap do
do Beaver do
Heavy Black and Coloured.
Military Braid for Dress Trimming.
Ladies L. W. Vests.
4-4 and 8-4 Wool Sheetings, &c.

Nov 1, 1876.