

FIRE WORKS.

Excursion to 1,000 Island Park. THE STEAMER "MAID" will leave Kingston at 5:15 p.m. on Saturday, August 1st.

THE PACIFIC RAILWAY POLICY.

It is his boast that he can get a company to build the Canada Pacific Railway and run it when finished without costing the country a dollar.

THE AFGHAN WAR.

London, July 30.—In the House of Commons Lord Hartington read a telegram from the Viceroy of India which said that Gen. Sandeman had sent a message to the British Government.

TANNER'S CASE.

New York, July 30.—Dr. Tanner is reported in a pitiable condition this morning, but the doctor claims that there is no occasion for alarm.

MOSLEM STUPIDITY.

London, July 31.—At Tuesday's interview between the Sultan and Mr. Gousheer, the Sultan told Mr. Gousheer that he must leave the settlement of the Greek frontier question to the Porte.

DILLON'S MISSION.

London, July 30.—Mr. Parnell informs the Times that a correspondent of the Times had shown him a report in regard to the mission of the late Lord Dillon.

QUEBEC.

Quebec, July 31.—Her Royal Highness the Princess Louise embarked on board the Albatross at 11 o'clock this morning for England.

FOILED BY A BOY.

New York, July 30.—G. M. Branson, of M. Branson & Co., commission merchant, Jacksonville, Fla., was arrested yesterday.

DEPARTURE OF PRINCESS LOUISE.

Quebec, July 31.—Her Royal Highness the Princess Louise embarked on board the Albatross at 11 o'clock this morning for England.

DIED IN THE CELL.

A SINGULAR CASE.—BEATING A PRISONER.—THE RESULT. The Albany Times relates the circumstances of a recent case in which it is hoped will be thoroughly investigated.

THE THOUSAND ISLANDS.

To the Editor of the Mail. Sir,—The Thousand Islands have been the last two hundred years the property of Canada.

DEMANDING CONCESSIONS.

A member of the Quebec Assembly and a supporter of the Government is taking a somewhat novel plea of fetching his Premier to time.

JUSTICE VS. HEALTH.

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During his speech yesterday in Quebec, Lord Lorne, in alluding to his wife, said: "You are all aware that she is soon to leave for Europe."

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The disastrous results in two places.—Tremblings in Smyrna. July 31.—The earthquake here yesterday demolished five houses and damaged several others.

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That the members of Sir John's Cabinet did resign before the departure for England of the Ministerial list is true enough.

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SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 31.

REMINISCEMENTS.

SATURDAY.

THE BIRD in the City Park at 8 o'clock.

Excursion to Alexandria Bay at 5:15 p.m.

MEETING of the Reading Association at 8 p.m.

Capt. Scott, one of the candidates before the Conservative convention for nomination for Selkirk, has unlooked for the dead-lock by bolting from the convention and announcing his candidature.

The next trial of the Oka Indians, on which it seems the Quebec Government has determined, will make the sixth attempt to convict these poor people of a crime which cannot be brought home to them.

On each of these trials the witnesses for the prosecution get mileage and a dollar and a half per day, while the Indians, both "prisoners" and witnesses, get nothing whatever, and have either to pay their own way or have it done for them by those who commiserate their case.

As Canadianians we often boast of the superiority of our treatment of the Red men, but the persecution of these Oka men show us that our boasted superiority is hollow and Pharisaical one.

If we want to keep intact our good name for humanity to the Aborigines we should treat them with the same justice we would extend to white men under similar circumstances, and this certainly is not being done in the case of the Oka Indians.

At first the British Parliament voted virtually to exclude Bradlaugh from the House by refusing to let either swear or affirm. This seeming attempt at hardship and persecution created an immense outside reaction in his favor.

The circulation of his journal, which had previously been miserably small, was at once enormously inflated and became a source of great strength.

The French Radicals, on returning to Paris, started a political hallelujah against Gambetta and the Government which had just pardoned him. He started a new journal, 'L'Intransigeant,' for this purpose.

The Government did not, as he expected, suspend his paper, or in any way interfere with him, and the result is now declared to be that one half the impression remains on hand unaltered.

Putting these two cases together and the inference is plain that if it is desirable not to invest an agitator with undue importance, or to start him on the high road of notoriety towards success, the best plan is to let him severely alone.

Unable to say much against either of them personally the opponents of Hancock and English have latterly been circulating a rumor of a serious difference of opinion between the Democratic candidates on the questions of tariff and money.

The only reason we can see why the two men should be bound to hold precisely the same views on every question is that in the event of Hancock's death his successor may follow on the same line of policy.

Even this Andrew Johnson did not do, when, on the assassination of Lincoln, he stepped into the White House by virtue of the Vice-Presidency.

But this alleged disagreement is in all probability a Republican canard, started for the purpose of weakening their opponents by dissension.

Right after it came the announcement that General Hancock's letter of acceptance will be not shortly, and when it appears it will prove a quietus to all rumor and the battle between the two great parties, for the supreme rulership of over forty millions of people will begin in earnest all along the line.

An attempt is being made to revive Fenianism. This time it is in England, the Irishman Manchester taking the lead in the enterprise.

So far as Canada is concerned there is nothing to fear. Fenianism is as dead as a door nail in America.

In the first place the servant girls and laborers who were swindled out of their hard earnings to furnish the sinews of war to the Fenian forces, which were to liberate Ireland by capturing Canada, have been thoroughly aroused to the fraud and could never be victimized again.

Then, too, the raids that were actually made just across the line into Canadian territory were such failures as to effectually dampen all ardor for future irruptions.

On this continent the thing called Fenianism is past galvanizing into life and activity again. We don't suppose the outlook is any more promising in the old land where the Roman Catholic church has always opposed it.

If there is to be a banded effort of this sort to strike at England it must be christened by a new name and come out in a new guise, for there is nothing in the history of Fenianism to awaken enthusiasm, but everything to freshen unmitigated failure and disgrace.

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