AUCTION SALE

OF

Household Furniture, Carpets Stoves &c.

I HAVE received instructions from MR. HENRY FIELD, to sell at his residence, No. 4, Barriagate Terrace, Clergy Street, on

WEDNESDAY, JULY 21st..

All of his Household Furniture, consisting of Parlor Set in Creton, Fine Tapestry Carpets, (nearly new), Fancy Tables, Centre, Side, and other Tables, B. W. Sideboard, Cane Chairs, Camp Chairs, Dining Table, Dinner Sett, Pink China Tea Sett, Crockery, &c., Fine B W. Bedroom Sett, Toilet Setts, Bureaus, Iron Bedstead, Gun Case, Mattrasses, Handsome B.W. Wardrobe, Cane Rocker, Stair Carpet and Rods, Oil Cloth, Mats, Gem Jars, Coal Stoves and Pipes, British Crown Cook Stove, Bear and Goat Robes, Step Ladder, Kitchen Utensils, &c., with a lot of other articles too numerous to mention.

Terms cash on day of sale. Sale at 10:30.

J. E. HUTCHESON,
Auctioneer.

July 14.

The Daily British Whig

MONDAY EVENING, JULY 19.

☞ **GAS CONSUMERS—Remember to pay your Gas Account by the 20th and save the discount.**

REMINDERS.

MONDAY.

MEETING of Prentice Boys—8 p.m.

MOONLIGHT Excursion of St. Andrew's Church—7:30 p.m.

The Australian Ministry has been defeated at the polls, but they have resolved on continuing in office until the New House meets and only to resign in obedience to a vote of non confidence. For this action on the part of the Victoria Government there is a preponderance of precedent, although it is contrary to the course latterly adopted both by Gladstone and Beaconsfield and by the Mackenzie Ministry of this country in 1878.

A motion has been carried in the British House of Commons deprecating the erection of a statue to the late Prince Imperial, as being inconsistent with the national character of the edifice and calculated to impair the cordial relations at present subsisting between England and Republican France. Mr. Gladstone stated that the Dean's authority in the matter was absolute, and that the House could not interfere beyond the mere expression of its own opinion and advice. This may be, but the Dean will hardly persist in this matter in the face of the will of the nation as expressed by its representatives in Parliament.

Dunn & Co's Commercial Agency has just issued the regular quarterly report, which shows an improvement in business statistics. The first quarter of 1880 gives the following: Failures, 1,432, liabilities $17,777,074, average $8,922. In the second quarter of 1879 the total failures were 1,534, liabilities $22,666,725, average 14,776. The second quarter of this year shows of failures 1,065, liabilities $20,111,680, average $18,884. The first half of 1880 gives a record of 2,497 failures, with total liabilities of $32,888,763, as compared with 4,058 failures, with liabilities of $65,779,390 in the first half of 1879.

The Canadian cricketers have been compelled by the general failure of their expedition to prematurely cut short their trip, which was originally intended to have lasted some time longer. An occasional gleam of success slightly redeemed and relieved the monotony of failure, but as was generally foreseen and predicted the whole expedition has been a most inglorious one. Carrying coals to Newcastle were not a circumstance to the folly of taking Canadian cricketers to England, with any expectation of anything but almost uniform defeat. Those who composed the team are much more open to the charge of hardihood than of cowardice, and their fate will prove for some time a standing warning against a repetition of their foolhardy experiment.

In re the Chapleau Pronunciamento scandal the former has made the damaging admission that he was cognizant of the fact that six per cent was really paid for the loan from Bank du Peuple five per cent being paid by Government, the remaining one per cent being furnished by Mr Seneca who has since been recouped with a fat situation. This thing has an ugly look about it especially in view of the fact that Treasurer Robertson disavows it, and declares he would not have touched the transaction had he been aware of the fact now confessed by his Premier. By this forced acknowledgment Mr. Irvine has fully made good the statement he made on floor of the House—a statement which was flatly challenged by ministers at the time, but which the Premier has now been compelled to admit.

Gen. Arthur, the Republican candidate for the Vice-Presidency of the United States, does not appear to be unduly exercised anent the pending contest. Coolly leaving his letter of acceptance with his Secretary he has started for Canada on a fishing trip. This may be Mr. Arthur's way of expressing his appreciation of the importance of the office to which he has been nominated. If so he is not far out, for the office of the Vice-President is a merely nominal honour, except in the event of the death of the President, in which case the 'spare man' becomes a personage of importance. Only in rare instances has this been the case, and with the exception that the Vice-President is figure head and Speaker of the Senate the office is a sinecure and has nothing in it to stir or to satisfy a man's ambition.

It seems to us that election petitions are more speedily dealt with in the old country courts than with us. There is evidently lacking there the provision that no election protest shall be pressed while the House is in session, many seats having been challenged since the present session was convened. Up to July 3rd twenty-three election cases have been tried and disposed of, fifteen of these being Liberal and eight Conservative. Fourteen out of the twenty-three cases resulted in the success and the remaining nine in the dismissal of the petitions against the sitting members. In only one instance was the unseated member disqualified as well. In most of these places new elections have already been held, the Liberal candidates being returned in such numbers as to completely explode the cry about a Conservative reaction having set in within a fortnight of the general victory of the Liberal party at the polls.

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

General Hayes promised Civil Service Reform when he assumed the Presidency of the United States. There was no reason to doubt his sincerity. There was every motive in his case to do some politically virtuous thing which should in a measure make up for the act of usurpation to which he became a party when he accepted the office at the hands of a fraudulent commission. To render himself the more independent of professional politicians he also discreetly announced his intention not to offer for a second term, a quite unnecessary avowal since his party has never evinced any desire to renominate him. If Hayes has ever grappled with Civil Service Reform he has found machine politics too strong for him, and at the expiration of his four years' term the old system is as much in full swing af it ever was, employees being now taxed for the election expenses of Garfield, and promptly dismissed as 'inefficient' if they demur to the party assessment. Sir John Macdonald lately issued a commission in the ostensible interest of Civil Service reform, but who believes that it is sincerely meant to accomplish anything but the aggrandisement of his party? No one, in the first place, has the faintest suspicion of Sir John's sincerity in this matter. The drift of his whole political career has been in the opposite direction, and he is too far gone now, not only in years, but in chronic political immorality, to inspire the faintest hope of such a political reform at his hands. Even if this Commission were an honestly intended one, he would have the utmost difficulty in giving effect to it, beleagured as he and all his colleagues are with an uprising of importunate place-hunters. If President Hayes failed to carry into effect a possibly honest intention so would the present Canadian Premier. But the fact is that not one of Sir John's own admirers and supporters has faith in any intention of Sir John to bring about such a result. All his antecedents forbid the expectation, and the facts of the case will likely prove that the sole object in issuing the commission is to 'reform' certain officeholders of Liberal predilections out of their present places to make way for those who can properly pronounce the Tory shibboleth.

After his three years' 'tramp abroad, prosecuted as many still think with a view to his nomination for a third term at the White House, General Grant has now to knuckle down to business. Not from necessity, however, for his nest is so well feathered that he can doubtless worry along without any active employment for the balance of his natural existence. Still the circumnavigation of the earth and the style he found it necessary to sustain in his next to royal progress from one nation to another must have somewhat depleted his fat exchequer, and so he is going again into some lucrative situation. He has been offered the Presidency of the American Branch of De Lesseps Panama Canal Company at a salary of $25,000 per annum. It is said that he has declined this offer on the ground that the scheme will not pay during the lives of its present projectors. The public will find it hard to believe Gen. Grant to be troubled by so conscientious a scruple. If he cannot do better we think he will accept the $25,000 a year, and be quite satisfied that the promoters of the scheme shall wait indefinitely for any return for their enterprise and capital.

The Difference Between Them.

A good story is going the rounds of the London clubs respecting the difference of the personal methods of the past and the present prime minister. When Mr Gladstone intends to accept a resolution or an amendment proposed by a supporter, he frankly lets him know before it is brought on. Lord Beaconsfield knows human nature better—or thinks so. "Shall I write and tell him that you will accept his amendment?" his private secretary asked him, then a commoner, when he had expressed an opinion that it must be adopted. "By no means," was the reply of the then premier. "Tell him that I have been greatly interested by his letter on the subject which he is about to bring before the House, and that I shall listen with concern to the arguments which he may educe in his speech to support his cause. Letter written. Member flattered. Revised all his arguments, stirred by the thought that, whether he succeeds or not, one distinguished man in his audience will follow all that he has to say. When the night arrives he does his very best. When he concludes, the one person he hoped to convince rises with honeyed words to express his sense of the force and value of the eloquence to which the House has just listened. The arguments were irresistible, and the Government accepts the motion. You may be certain that the next time Mr. Disraeli spoke that member was convinced by his arguments.

A Startling Incident.

A native of Bossito, in Lombary, lately suffered bereavement by the death of his wife, and his grief was so poignant that his relatives deemed it expedient to prevent him from being present at the funeral. Returning to his house late in the evening after the burial, and entering his bedroom, he found to his horror and consternation the lifeless form of his wife, robed in its death cerements, reclining on the bier and still awaiting interment. The widower rushed into the street, and informed the police, who at first inclined to the opinion that sorrow had turned his brain. On accompanying him home, however, they soon convinced themselves that his extraordinary statement was in every particular correct. Inquiries showed that the village undertaker had 'forgotten' all about the corpse, and had nailed up an empty coffin, which had been subsequently conveyed and consigned to the grave with due religious ceremony and sorrowful observance.

It will not straighten teeth, but SOZODONT will vitalize and beautify them, and impart a delicious fragrance to the breath. This preparation, in use so long, has not one enemy. It is a perfect Cæsar of a wash. It came, saw, and conquered. Its sale is widening every year, and will continue. When introduced on the toilet it remains.

SPALDING'S GLUE is a Caesar and a holder wherever it comes.

STEALING BOOKS.—A young girl, whose name we were unable to learn, was arrested this morning at Portsmouth charged with the larceny of some valuable books from the residence of Mr. Kennedy, a clerk in the Merchants' Bank. Constable Floody is looking up the matter. It looks as if Rennick was the thief as the books stolen by him are believed to be those belonging to Mr. Kennedy.

IMPERIAL LEGISLATION.

Mr. Gladstone's Triumph—The Whig Meeting—Irish Members' Support.

London, July 17.—In the House of Commons on Friday Mr. Gladstone's amendment to the Compensation for Disturbance bill, of which he gave notice on Monday, was carried by 225 to 25.

The Whig meeting seems to have been less important than at first believed. A number of gentlemen met on Thursday at Lord Fitzwilliam's house, and, after a brief conversation, adjourned to the House of Commons, where a larger meeting took place. It was not intended to communicate with Mr. Gladstone as stated. No formal resolution was taken. Some of those who attended the caucus afterwards voted in favor of the Government in the division on the bill. The Irish members supported the Government on the third reading of the bill, as it seemed probable it would have a large majority. With further changes in the bill in committee, or if the question of the limit of rent should determine the Irish against it, it will fail. If the bill reaches the House of Lords they will probably kill it or amend at the significance out of it.

The Hares and Rabbits' bill, the Employers' Liability bill, and the Vaccination Acts' Amendment bill are further Government measures which are scarcely likely to pass this session, though the Employers' Liability bill may get through if the compromise providing for contracts between employers and workmen for insurance against accidents, the employers contributing one third of the premium and deducting the other two-thirds from the amount payable in the case of death or disablement be accepted by its supporters. The progress of legislation has been very slow this week. Members are already arranging pairs for the rest of the session.

Mr. Gladstone is daily denounced in London drawing rooms as a revolutionist and Communist. Threats are already rife that no Government bill will be allowed to pass in the House of Lords. Report says that Lord Hartington's resignation was only averted by Gladstone's pledge that the Irish bill, if rejected by the Lords, would not be re-introduced in the House of Commons. Ministers nevertheless privately affirm that they fully intend to persist in refusing to adjourn till the leading measures, including both the Irish one and the game and burials bills, become law. The House is already thinning on account of the extreme heat and the approaching end of the session.

London, July 19.—It is understood that the Cabinet Council on Saturday decided to abandon the Hares and Rabbits and Preserve bill, with the Employers Liability bill.

It is stated that Dean Stanley formally communicated the resolution of the House of Commons to the Memorial Committee under whose orders the Napoleon statue was executed, as an indication that they must find some other destination for it. The chapels at Windsor and Chiselhurst are spoken of.

QUEBEC.

Last Winter's Accident to the Princess—Again Leaving Canada—Leopold's Departure.

Quebec, July 19.—The *Chronicle* has the following this morning anent the approaching departure of the Princess for England: Her Royal Highness Princess Louise, acting on the advice of her medical attendant, will sail from this port on Saturday, the 31st inst, by SS. 'Polynesian.' The members of the staff in attendance upon Her Royal Highness have received orders to be in readiness for that date. It is reported from the citadel that the physicians attending consider the indisposition of Her Royal Highness as a result of the accident sustained by her last winter in Ottawa when thrown out of a sleigh. It is understood to take the form of nervousness and sleeplessness. The Princess will most probable spend some time in Germany and then visit England before returning to Canada. The people of Canada, to whom H.R.H. has become so much endeared, will learn with regret of the cause which is to lead to her absence again from this country, and will unite in wishing H.R.H. a safe and speedy return to Canada in renewed health and strength. His Royal Highness, Prince Leopold, will probably sail with the Princess.

TURKEY'S SICKNESS.

German Alliance Untrue The Sultan's Troubles—Plain Talk of the Ambassadors.

London, July 19.—A Berlin despatch says the story about the plan of the German alliance with Turkey, attributed to the Sultan by English journals, is absolutely unknown here and cannot be true.

London, July 19.—A Constantinople despatch reports that some christians have been massacred at Adona in Asia Minor. The Montenegrin question is reported to have been amically settled. The Porte awaits the consent of the powers to an arrangements on receipt of which the Sultan will sign the papers.

Hobart Pasha has definitely refused to take command of the squadron sent to attack the Greeks.

The troops have just left Constantinople for the Dardanelles.

The Russian Ambassador has informde the Porte that the time has come for an answer in regard to the execution of the assassin, Col Commeroff.

The English and French Ambassadors have spoken very plainly to the Sultan in regard to the decisions of the Conference. The French Ambassador told the Sultan that his throne would be in danger and the precedent of Egypt might be followed if he refused to carry out the decisions.

London, July 18.—A despatch from Constantinople says a number of Christians have been murdered at Aden, in Asia Minor, for resisting forcible means to convert them to Mohammedanism.

MARRIAGE OF MITES.

A Tiny Bridegroom and His Bride—Both Weigh Forty-Two Pounds.

Berlin, July 18.—Germany can justifiably boast of having produced the smallest couple that ever stood before an altar, in the persons of the miniature Marquis and Marchioness, who have for some time past on the place De Theatre at Odessa. The Marquis, a native of Kiel, is thirty years old, and weighs only nineteen pounds, while his fairy-like comfort, a young lady was born in Neumeister, some twenty-two years ago, and just turns the scale at thirteen pounds. Although they are both German born wonders, leased by their parents to travelling showmen, at an early age, they never happened to meet at fairs, and Kermessen their native land. But a year ago the Marquis, who had been on exhibition at Moscow, while Franklin's Ellie was starring at St. Petersburg, they became aware of one another's existence through reading newspaper notices which soon led to a rendezvous and ultimately in the contraction of a matrimonial engagement. They now take their professional rounds together, and are saving their earnings with the object of retiring into private life in the fatherland.

—During the observance of the French National fete at Bar-le-Duc a fire broke out, destroying eleven houses. Several persons were injured.

CABLEGRAMS.

News From Across the Ocean.

THE COLLIERY HORROR.

It is believed that the Risca Colliery explosion was caused by lightning striking its winding gear at the top of the shaft. Six hundred yards of pit have been explored up to this morning and seventeen bodies have been recovered. It will probably be some days before all can be recovered as about 100 yards of pit have fallen in.

RETIREMENT OF BRITISH TROOPS.

Cabul, July 19.—The seventh Bengal cavalry have left Cabul. This is the first step in the retirement of the British troops.

GREAT SHOOTING MATCHES.

Vienna, July 19.—Fifteen hundred riflemen are here from every part of the monarchy to celebrate the first shooting contest of the united riflemen of Austria. There will also be present the crack shots from all parts of Germany and Great Britain and a few from America. The prizes are valued at $20,000.

HEAVY TEA TRANSACTIONS.

London, July 18.—A private cable despatch from Hongkong states that the purchase of tea is going on freely, over 3,000,000 pounds up to the present having passed into first hands. This is remarkable, as the market here remains very quiet. The first crop is considerably better than that of last year.

THE JESUIT ORDERS.

Paris, July 19.—The Government apparently intends to leave the religious orders undisturbed till after the dispersion of the Jesuit schools on August 31st; 50 novices from the Jesuit monastry at Angers, Department of Main et Loire, have left for England.

Rome, July 19.—Numbers of the Jesuits expelled from France are daily arriving here.

A HEAVY FAILURE.

London, July 19.—Wm. Cliff & Co., merchants, Manchester, have failed; liabilities £54,000.

A CANAL BREAK.

Calcutta, July 19.—The great embankment in Scrinda, known as the Kusmore Bund, has given way. It extends from Kusmore to the mouth of the Bejari canal, forty miles. The embankment was constructed to protect a large tract from floods. It burst two years ago when the flood carried away several miles of the Indus Valley railroad. The present break can be easily repaired.

Calcutta, July 19.—The latest news from Afghanistan seems to point to an early evacuation of Cabul. All accounts agree that the mutineers who deserted Shere Ali at Candahar have been dispersed.

RIOTERS KILLED.

London, July 18.—Despatches received here state that there have been election riots in the Province of Perambuco, Brazil. The military fired upon and killed twenty persons.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

Condensed for the "Whig" To-day.

—The shipment of lumber is brisk. All the available barges and boats are pressed into the service at Ottawa.

—The *Canada Gazette* contains the appointment of Dominion Police Commissioners and Deputy County Judges. No revenue returns for June yet.

—The French Government has authorized its representatives abroad to assist with funds or otherwise any amnestied Communist who for want of money is unable to return to France.

—A fatal accident occurred at Napierville, Q., the morning. As Mr. Edward Jourdonnais was getting on a load of hay he fell between his horses and waggon, the wheels passing over his head. He was killed instantly.

—A number of bank, railway and other corporations in the city of New York have taken legal steps to procure relief from taxation. Should they succeed the valuation of assessable property in the city would be decreased by a hundred millions of dollars.

AMERICAN.

THE GRAIN MARKET.

The *World* states that for a month or more past France has been a large buyer of wheat in this market, and now the demand from that quarter has slackened. The British exporters, in consequence of the excessive rains in England and Ireland, have been buying freely.

YELLOW FEVER.

Memphis, Tenn., July 19.—A travelling salesman from Trenton, N.J., was taken sick here on Saturday, with all the symptoms of yellow fever. This is the first case this year.

FATAL PISTOL WOUND.

Chicago, July 19.—Yesterday Chas. Rounds shot and killed George Lee in a house of ill repute. Both are colored. Lee was a noted thief, and the burglar was released from gaol on Thursday.

NEW YORK ICE FAMINE.

New York, July 19.—The ice famine has been added to many discomforts of the present heated term. Throughout the city the demand exceeds the supply.

DEATHS FROM HEAT.

Fifty-three children died from the effects of the heat on Sunday.

DEMAND FOR LABOUR.

The various employment agencies report that there has been no such demand for labor, skill and unskilled, for a number of years as at present. The wages here are considerably advanced.

DESTRUCTIVE STORMS.

Rochester, N. Y., July 18.—A terrible storm of wind, rain and hail, fell in the western part of this county and Niagara county a little after noon. Ten and twelve miles from Rochester the trees were stripped of foliage by hail, and barley, oats and corn, cut and beat down, many fields of grain being a total loss. Near Lockport the damage also was great. The lightning knocked fifteen telegraph poles down, completely shattering seven of them.

DR. TANNER.

Winning Many Friends—His Case free from Suspicion—Feeling no Hunger.

New York, July 19.—The *Times* states that even those who have expressed their conviction five days ago that Dr. Tanner was trying to deceive the public, have now abandoned that view and are taking a real interest in the case. Surveillance is more vigilant than at the beginning, and there is no opportunity to deceive even if the fasting man inclined to attempt it. Yesterday his person showed none of the signs of emaciation. He said he had lost all sensation of hunger, and was not suffering at all from want of food.

New York, July 19.—Tanner has entered upon the fourth week of his fast in good condition and sprite. His weight at one o'clock was 135 pounds, pulse 68, temperature 75°.

STEAMSHIP ACCIDENT.

The Hydaspes and Centurion Have a Collision—The Result.

London, July 19.—The Australian liner 'Hydaspes,' from London for Melbourne, with a general cargo and passengers, was run into on Saturday, during a dense fog, off Dungeness by the British steamer 'Centurion.' The 'Hydaspes' sank in a few minutes in sixteen fathoms of water. The passengers and crew were saved. The 'Centurion' had her bows damaged. The 'Hydaspes' was an iron ship of 2,100 tons register.

WIMBLEDON MEETING.

Visitors to the Camp Shooting on Saturday—Presentation of Prizes.

London, July 17.—Sir Garnet Wolseley was unable to visit the Canadian camp to-day, owing to the death of a near relative. He will pay a visit next week. Sir Alexander Galt and Lady Galt were among the visitors to day. Sir John Macdonald, Sir Charles Tupper, Lord Kimberly, and others are expected next Thursday. The weather to-day was fine, but in consequence of a thick haze the light was bad. Ogg and Sutherland, of the Canadian team, made 54 points in the competition for the Alexandra prizes, and won £2 each.

In a match between the Lords and Commons to-day, at 200 and 500 yards, the respective teams were composed as follows: Lords—Earl Ferrers, Lord Waldegrave, Viscount Massereene, Viscount Bury, Lord Lovat, and Lord Cloncurry. Commons—Sir Henry Fletcher, Colonel Loyd Lindsay, William Walroud, Arthur Vivian, Francis Moncton, and Edward Majoribanks. At 200 the Lords scored 249 and the Commons 262. At 500 yards the Lords scored 493 and the Commons 488. Total score—Lords, 732; Commons, 750.

The Canadians did but little to-day. In the Prince of Wales match at 600 yards McPherson made 82 and Todd 81 out of a possible 105. The top man, who scored 94, was disqualified for a light trigger. The next below him made 93.

It is expected that the Prince and Princess of Wales will witness the long range shooting. The Princess will be present to distribute the prizes in the afternoon of the 24th, and Lady Stanhope has asked her Royal Highness and the Prince to be there a little earlier, so as to see the last stage of the match.

MONTREAL.

Upset in the River—Mutiny—Stocks Advance.

Montreal, July 19.—By the upsetting of a boat last evening in the rapids of Back river, about ten miles from here, Elliott Bryson, aged 22, his brother Ben Bryson, aged 25; and their sister, aged 6 years, were drowned.

The rumor of the melancholy accident on Back River has proved well founded, and three members of Mr. Henry Bryson's family have lost their lives. It appears the following persons—Benjamin Bryson, 26, druggist; J. Elliott Bryson, 22, insurance agent; Alfred Bryson, 11; Harris Bryson, a girl of 13; Claude Bryson, 6, and Joseph Amiot, a French boy of 14, went out in a skiff for a row. Getting into the rapids the tiny boat upset and its occupants were left to the mercy of the boiling water. Three brothers, Benjamin, Elliott, and Claude Bryson, were drowned, and the others succeeded in getting ashore. All the particulars of the catastrophe have not yet been received. The parties all belonged to this city and were stopping at Back River for the summer.

Six sailors belonging to the barque 'Katie Stewart' were arrested last night for mutiny. The difficulty is not considered serious and arose out of the captain refusing the men leave to go ashore.

Michael Davitt, the Irish agitator, has been invited to come here and lecture.

Another advance took place this forenoon in stocks. Bank of Montreal sold at 140, Merchants' 99¼, Ontario 84¾, and Montreal Telegraph 109¼.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, July 19.

Bank of Montreal—140 1-2, 140, 4 at 139 3-4, 123 at 40.
Merchants' Bank 99 1-4, 99, sales 70 at 1-2, 340 at 9, 25 at 1-4.
Bank of Commerce 121 3-4, 121 1-2; sales 80 at 1-2, 30 at 3-4.
Ontario Bank—85, 81 3-4, 35 at 3, 10 at 1-2.
Bank of Toronto 133, 128.
Molsons Bank 90 1-2, 90.
Banque Du Peuple—77 1-2, 75.
Banque Jacques Cartier 60, 73 1-2; 40 at 5.
Union Bank—60, 75, 45 at 5 3-4.
Exchange Bank 60, 41 1-2.
Montreal Tel. Co 109, 108 sales 55 at 8, 35 at 3-4, 125 at 9, 25 at 7-4, 350 at 9 10 at 3-4.
Dominion Telegraph Co 60, 60.
Montreal Gas Co 129, 128 3-4.
City Passenger RR. 104 1-2 103.
Rich. & Ont. Nav. Co. 60, 60.

MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKET.

Montreal, July 19.

Flour—receipts 4000 bbls, sales 500. Superior extra 5,75 to 5,85; extra superfine 5,60 to 5,65; fancy, 5,50 to 5,55; spring extra new ground, 5,70 to 5,80; superfine, 5 40 to 5 50; strong bakers' 6,00 to 6 50; fine 4 65 to 4,75; middlings 4 10 to 4.20; pollards 3,50 to 3,75; Ontario bags 2,75 to 2 90; city bags 3,10 to 3,15 delivered.
Wheat per 60 lbs—Upper Can. spring 1,20 to 1,20, nominal.
Corn per 56 lbs—49c to 49c in bond.
Peas per 66 lbs 90c to 90c.
Oats per 32 lbs 33c to 34c.
Barley per 48 lbs—55c to 60c.
Rye per 56 lbs—90c to 90.
Oatmeal per 200 lbs 4,25 to 4.35
Cornmeal per 200 lbs 2,50 to 2,60.
Butter steady to day, new West. 13c to 15c; Brockville and Morrisburg 15c to 19c; Eastern Townships 15c to 19c; creamery 00 to 00.
Cheese—9c to 9 as to make.
Pork—mess $17,00 to $17½.
Lard—10½c to 11c.
Bacon—9c to 10c.
Hams—11 to 13c.
Ashes—pots quiet; firsts 4 50 to 4.50; pearls nominal.

OSWEGO MARKETS.

Oswego, July 19.

Flour—unchanged; No. 1 spring 5,75 to 6,00; white state 5,12; red state 4.15; No. 2 Milwaukee spring 4,15; amber winter at 6,00 to 6,25; white winter 6.25 to 6,50; double extra 6,50 to 6,75; New Process at 7,50 to 8,00; Graham 6,00 to 6,25.
Wheat steady, sales No. 2 Milwaukee spring at 115; State easier, red nominal at 116; white 115.
Corn—steady; mixed western 48½ to 48¾.
Barley—nominal; No 1 Canada 00 to 00.
Rye—quiet; 00 to 00 in bond.
Canal Freights—Wheat and Peas, 5; Corn and Rye 4½; Barley 4 to New York; Lumber 1,75 to 1,80 to New York.
Lake receipts—lumber 1,311,000; corn 21,000. Grain in store—wheat 170,000; corn 280,000; barley 53,000; peas 23,000.

NEW YORK MARKETS

New York, July 19.

Stocks strong.
Cotton—uplands 11½.
Flour—quiet, steady; receipts 21,000, sales 11,000 Rye flour at 4,50 to 5,10.
Wheat—without any decided change; receipts 483,000; sales 104,000; No. 2 red July 1,15½; No 1 white 0,00.
Rye quiet, State 86 to 88.
Corn stronger; receipts 504,000, sales 30,000; 46 to 49½.
Barley quiet; two rowed state 63 to 70. Canada 90.
Oats heavy; receipts 28,000; sales 20,000; mixed western and state 32 36; 33½ to 41 white do.
Pork dull, 13,40.
Lard weak, 7,15 to 7,15.
Butter 13 to 25.
Cheese 6½ to 9½.

CHICAGO LIVE MARKET.

Chicago, July 19.—Lard 6,77½ to 6.80 for Aug.; 6 82½ to 6,85 for Sept. Wheat 90½ for Aug. Corn 37½ to 37½ cash. Pork 13,95 for Aug. Barley nominal; 80 cash.

MARRIED.

In Tamworth, on July 12th, Gideon King, of Sheffield, to Mary Vanvolkenburg, of Kennebec.

TORONTO.

Credit Valley Strike—Bennett's Sentence—German Visitors.

Toronto, July 19.—A nine year old boy named Roberts, at to-day's police court, pleaded as an excuse for his running away from his adopted father that he had been starved and ill-treated.

Traffic on the Credit Valley RR. has been resumed.

The pleasure steamer Maxwell carried excursions to Burlington Beach on Sunday. The captain will answer the charge of profanation of the Sabbath.

Sheriff Jarvis this morning received a letter from the Secretary of State notifying him that the death sentence pronounced on George Bennett will be carried out, the Government declining to interfere.

Baron Von Weber, the German Minister of Railways, and Mr. Bohorstedt, one of his engineers, on a tour for information regarding narrow gauge railways, left to-day for a trip through the United States.

On Saturday E. Roach won the Dufferin medal and the championship of the Toronto Rowing Club from J. Philips and H. Morse.

Three gangs in Hamilton's pipe shop are on strike for full wages.

CITY OF KINGSTON

Market Tolls.

Sealed and Separate Tenders

Will be received at the City Clerk's Office, City Hall, until

MONDAY, 26th JULY last.,

AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON,

From Persons willing to lease the Charges Duties, Tolls &c., of

MARKETS NOS. 1 and 2.

Collectable under the provisions of City By Laws now in force in this behalf, for one year from the First Monday in August next to the First Monday in August, 1881, the first named day being inclusive. The Tenders to express in words at length, the sum of money to be given for the lease of each Market, and to be endorsed "Tenders for Market Tolls," No. 1 and 2, as the case may be. Two sufficient sureties will be required for the due performance of the lease, whose Real Not sureties must be subjoined to each Tender. No Tender will be received after 12 o'clock noon on the day specified for receiving them. Form of Tender can be had on application to the undersigned. The Council will not necessarily accept the highest or any Tender, and may accept the Tenders of the same person for both Markets.

The Lessee of the Tolls of Market No. 1 shall not be entitled to receive any Toll or Fee or other compensation for the occupation of any part of the Market No. 2 by any Circus, Show or Exhibition under license from the City Council.

No petition will be entertained by the Council for any reduction whatever from amounts stated in accepted Tenders.

The Lease shall be subject to any By Law which the City Council may pass permitting the sale of Fresh Fish in shops, and altering the present regulations respecting the same; and also, to any By Law consolidating and amending the By-Laws relating to the Public Markets; and also, to the right of the City Council to remove the Weigh House and Scales, Market No 1, to another site.

M. FLANAGAN,
City Clerk.

July 16, 1880.

DRAINAGE.

CITY PARK.

SEPARATE TENDERS for the construction according to plans and specifications, of Stone Drains and Tile Drains in the City Park will be received up to the following dates; viz.—

For the Stone Drains until WEDNESDAY, 21st instant at noon.

For the Tile Drains until 10th AUGUST next, at noon.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of T.W. Nash, Esq., P.L.S., on Clarence Street, opposite Custom House.

No Tender necessarily accepted.

Tenders to be marked "Tender for Park Drains" and to be addressed

W. COVERDALE,
City Engineer.

Kingston, 5th July, 1880.

F. X. COUSINEAU & CO.

Are Offering

2,000 YDS. HAMBURG EMBROIDERY

At 5 Cents a Yard, Worth 8 Cents.

F. X. COUSINEAU & CO.

July 19.

Wanted.

A COOK who is able to milk; also a Nurse. Must be well recommended. Apply to MRS. E. H. SMYTHE, Westbourne Terrace.

June 19th 1880.

Caledonia Springs,

BETWEEN MONTREAL and OTTAWA.
Atmosphere and Surroundings Perfect.

1880. The Grand Hotel. 1880.

This celebrated summer and health resort will be conducted on a more extensive scale than ever; reduced charges and entire change of management. Season from 1st June to October. Transient rates from $1.50 to $2.50 per day; weekly from $8 to $10.50; children under twelve half rates; under five with nurses free; reduced rates for nurses and servants. The Caledonian White Sulphur, Saline and Gas Waters and baths have a universal reputation; unfailing specific in all Rheumatic, Dyspeptic, Blood, Skin, Liver, Kidney and kindred affections, recommended by highest Medical authorities. Mr. Thos Dobb (for 20 years of the St. Lawrence Hall, Montreal) will have charge of the hotel, and parties desiring to make arrangements may communicate with him or for complete guide giving rates, fares, &c., send address by postal card to the Grand Hotel, Caledonia Springs, Ont.

March 17th, 1880.

Grand Annual Pic-nic,

St George and Merrie England

THE ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY of Kingston will hold their 4th Annual Pic nic at

Channel Grove, Simcoe Island

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, JULY 21st.

Foot Races, Field Sports and Games of every description. See Programme and List of Prizes. Music and Dancing. 14th Battalion Band engaged.

DONKEY RACES, for which four donkeys have been specially imported by the Society from England at a cost of over $100.
Champion Yacht Race,
Two Quoit Competitions,
Wheelbarrow, Sack and Hurdle Races,
Five Boys' and Girls' Races,
Three Flat Races,
Four Jumping Matches,
Four Rowing Races,
Walking the Greased Pole,
Exhibitions by Sergt Morgans

Steamers leave the City at 10, 11, 30, 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 30 o'clock.
TICKETS—Adults 25c; Children 15c
Refreshments may be had on the Ground.

G. DURNFORD, President. A. LERICHEUX, Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN

Kingston July 14, 1880.

Moonlight Excursion

St. Andrew's Church, Kingston.

MONDAY EVG., July 19th.

STEAMER "WATERTOWN" will leave Fogarty's Wharf at 7 o'clock, and by the kind permission of Col Strange and Officers the splendid Band of "B" Battery will be on board. Refreshments will be provided.

TICKETS 25 CENTS

July 14

TRY MANHATTAN FEED.

Better and Cheaper than Oats.

TRY THE 100 LB BALES OF PRESSED HAY, SCREENED AND SELECTED.

I have this day appointed M. Morrison Sole Agent for the sale of the above.

I. H. RADFORD.

July 2nd 1880.

RECEIVED

AT

ROBERTSON BROS' NEW CROCKERY STORE.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

Dinner Sets in the Latest Designs,
New Toilet Ware,
New Glassware, and
The Solid Ring Gem Fruit Jars.

ROBERTSON BROS.,

Importers of China, Glass, Cutlery and Plated Ware, next door to Heath & Gunn's, Princess St., Kingston.

June 9th 1880

SEALE BROS.,

Merchant Tailors,

PRINCESS STREET,

HAVE GREAT PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING THAT

THEIR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE IN ALL THE LEADING LINES

Of Broads, Worsteds, Serges, Meltons and Tweeds, both Foreign and Domestic, and are prepared to fill all orders entrusted to them with Promptness and in First Class Style.

In the Gentlemen's Furnishing Department

WE ARE SHOWING

ALL THE LATEST NOVELTIES

In Scarfs, Ties, Gloves, Hosiery and Underwear, and a SPECIALTY made of White, Regatta, Oxford and Flannel Shirts, which can be selected from stock of made to measure.

Our Stock of Rubber Coats, Waterproof Clothing, Camp Sheets, Carriage Rugs are also worthy of inspection.

GIVE US A CALL

June 1st, 1880.

FOR SALE.

A SEMI-DETACHED HOUSE, in good repair. Nine rooms, besides Kitchen and Pantries. Modern improvements, Stone Stable and Coach House.

ALSO—Several Houses and Properties in the City; Farms and Mining Property.

JOHN FRASER.

Kingston, May 5th, 10.

Horsey's Hardware House,

ESTABLISHED 1850.

For the Best Value in

Paints, Oils, Nails, Locks, Hinges, Spades, Shovels, Forks, Rakes, Hoes, Stoves, Ranges, Grates, Pumps, Sinks, Bird Cages, Refrigerators, Lawn Mowers, Wire Flower Stands, Clothes Wringers, Cottage Mangles and other articles of Furnishing Hardware for the House, Farm or Factory call at Horsey's New Store, two doors above Heath & Gunn's Drug Store, Princess Street.

Agent for Somerville's Pure White Lead. Depot for repairs for the Massey Harvesters, Mowers and Rakes, and Cooley's Ploughs.

R. M. HORSEY.

June 3rd, 1880.

ENGLAND!

DR. GRAY, THE INVENTOR OF

VITALINE,

Was a celebrated physician of London, England.

VITALINE effected wonderful cures in his practice.

VITALINE continues to effect the same results on this side of the Atlantic.

VITALINE, $1 per bottle.

Sold by Heath & Gunn, J. G. King, H. Wade, N. C. Polson & Co., and all Druggists.

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,
TORONTO.

ADVICE.

TO THE UNDERSIGNED MAKES THE

PHOTOGRAPHS OF CHILDREN

A SPECIALITY.

We would advise Mothers to bring them to the Gallery early in the day, say from 9 to 3 o'clock, and if convenient, dress them in white.

The Tablet Photographs are all the rage.

Call and examine ours before leaving your order. Corner of Princess and Montreal Streets.

W. P. BELL.

June 19.

Excursion and Concert.

The Annual Excursion under the auspices of the LADIES' AID SOCIETY of the

Queen Street Church,

WILL BE HELD ON

FRIDAY, AUGUST 6th, 1880.

The STEAMER "MAU