CHEAP VESTS.

100 Boys' Linen and Marseilles Vests at 50c.
150 Men's Marseilles Vests at 75c.
Worth Double the Money.

F. X. COUSINEAU & CO.

CUSTOMS SALE.

On Saturday, 19th June, 1880,

Will be sold at the Auction Rooms of J. E. Hutcheson, Kingston, at eleven o'clock a.m. the following goods seized for infringements of the Revenue Laws

One Skiff,

One Package, containing a few Dry Goods,

Five Fishing Nets.

Also the following Goods unclaimed:

One Musical Instrument, addressed E. M. Berry,

Two Barrels Ground Coffee, Addressed Asylum for the Insane, Kingston,

W. B. MINGAYE,
Collector.
Custom House, Kingston, 12th June, 1880

1,000 Baskets Strawberries

To Arrive Tuesday Morning

AT THE BAZAAR.

Cheap Enough for Everybody,

REES BROS,
Manufacturing Confectioners
June 11th, 1880.

KEEP COOL!

Everything to keep you Cool and Nice, whether in your Dwellings, in the Garden, or by the Banks of the River.

Plain Soda Water, Ginger Ale, put up in two doz. cases for pic-nics.

Clarets.

Lime Juice.

Raspberry Vinegar.

Lemon Syrup.

Strawberry Syrup,

&c., &c.,

FOR SALE AT THE

Golden Lion Grocery

WHERE IT CAN BE GOT!

The Best Pound of Tea,

The Best and Cheapest Sugar,

The Best Pure Coffee,

The Best Sugar Cured Ham,

The Best Barrel of Flour,

The Best Oatmeal,

The Best Fresh Butter,

The Best and Finest Ales,

The Best Porter,

The Best Cheese,

AND THE BEST OF EVERYTHING,

— AT THE —

Golden Lion Grocery

May 25, 1880.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

A LIGHT CARRIAGE PONY, with Phaeton and Harness, if desired. Apply at the Whig Office.
Kingston, June 12th, 1880.

MONEY TO LEND.

SIX THOUSAND DOLLARS to lend at seven and one-half per cent.
SMYTHE & DICKSON.
May 24, 1880.

WANTED.

FOUR CHAMBERMAIDS. Apply at the Albion Hotel.
June 7, 1880

To Whom it May Concern

PARTIES requiring the services of the City Sweep will kindly send their address to W. FOLLETT, Williamsville, or to the Police Station. It will be promptly attended to.
April 17th, 1880.

ADAM M'ARTHUR,

ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR AND ACTUARY. Office on the premises of Messrs. McNaughton & Co., Corner of King and Princess Streets, Kingston.
Kingston, May 6th, 1880.

SAFES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, TWO IRON SAFES, of good size, one with combination lock, the other by a New York maker. Apply at the Whig Office.
Kingston, June 2nd, 1880.

CARD.

I AM prepared to do all kinds of House Painting, Glazing, Paper Hanging, Kalsomining, Graining and Sign Painting.
Perfect satisfaction guaranteed as to Material, Workmanship and Price.

F. C. MILO.

167 Queen Street, four doors above Montreal street.
Kingston, May 29th, 1880.

☞ Mr. J. H. RATE's, Newspaper Advertising Agent, 41 Park Row (Times Building), New York, is authorized to contract for Advertisements in the "British Whig" at our best rates.

☞ For Railroad and Steamboat Time Tables see Fourth Page.

The Daily British Whig.

TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 15.

CITY AND VICINITY.

ABOUT $600 has been collected, outside the Council grant, for the Dominion Day celebration.

THE WINNIPEG "TIMES" confirms the report that Mr. Joseph Ryan, M. P., has been appointed Post Office Inspector for the Province of Manitoba.

PROBS.—Fresh to strong easterly to northerly winds, continued cool weather fine in northern Ontario and cloudy to partly cloudy weather, rain areas in southern St. Lawrence.

STRAWBERRIES.—To-morrow morning Mrs. Mockridge, of the Excelsior dining rooms, will receive 1,000 boxes of strawberries which will be offered at 10 cents per box. Send in your orders at once.

THE K. & P. R. R.—It is reported that the present Kingston and Pembroke Railway Company will this year extend the road so far as the Ontario Government have granted a bonus for it. Good news.

THE Rev. F. W. Macdonald, of Bristol, England, co-delegate with Rev. W. Arthur M.A., to the Canadian Methodist Conferences will preach in Sydenham St. Church at the usual evening service to-night.

PARK IMPROVEMENTS.—Tenders will be received until Thursday next for persons willing to widen and roll the drives and pathways in the park. The improvements are to be completed by Dominion Day.

PROSPECT.—The price of this mineral has advanced to $10 per ton. Messrs. Richardson & Sons have now about 700 tons piled of it upon their wharf. The first shipment for Europe this season will probably be made this week.

FIREMEN'S INVITATIONS.—The Chief Engineer has been informed that the Oswego firemen cannot visit Kingston on Dominion Day, several members of the Department being now on leave. The Kingston firemen have been asked to visit Trenton on July 1st. The invitation must be declined.

ANOTHER CHANGE.—The President of the London Conference visited London a few days ago and conferred with the Dundas ~~East C. M.~~ congregation regarding the appointment of Rev. Dr. Sanderson. An effort is now being made to induce Rev. T. D. Leith, of the Hamilton Road Church, to change with the doctor.

THE OPERA SEASON.—Mr. Pitou, lessee, of Toronto, has just paid a visit to New York, and arranged with a large number of first-class companies to appear in Toronto, the Canadian circuit being as follows. Montreal, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Hamilton and London.

ROYAL ARCH MASONRY.—The newly installed officers of Mount Sinai Chapter, Napanee, are:

Z. E. Comp. Jas. Ferguson
A. " " Jas. Walters.
J. " " Dr. Alysworth.
S. E. Comp. E. S. Lapum.
S. N. " Dr. Miller.
P. S. " A. McLeod.
Treas. " H. Allison.

MILITARY COLLEGE.—Col. Straubenzie and Lt-Col. Worsley are holding at the Military Park the semi-annual examinations for entrance to the Military College. The candidates are Mr. Cartwright (son of Rev. C. E. Cartwright) and Messrs. Saunders (sons of a District Judge in British Columbia,) who have been educated so far at Yorkshire, Eng.

FISHING AT SHARBOT.—This morning Mr. B. D. Adsit, of the Watertown *Times*, returned to the city from Sharbot Lake where he was pleasantly occupied in fishing. A party, composed of Mr R. P. Flower, New York; Dr. Munson, and Mr. Scripture, of Watertown, went out to the Lake this morning, but only for the day.

IRON ORE.—The prospects of the ore business are expected to brighten shortly. Canada has a mine of wealth in her ore and is just now beginning to reap the benefit of it. The fact that Kingston is the proper outlet for the ore is fully established. Vessels that come here loaded with grain take ore cargoes in returning west.

FROG MARKET.—It is not generally known that quite a trade has sprung up between Kingston, Albany and New York in the sale and exportation of frogs. Nearly every day the 'Maud' takes to Cape Vincent a quantity of dressed frogs, for which there is a good demand on the American side. The frogs are captured at Sharbott Lake and prepared there for shipment.

THROWN INTO THE LAKE.—This morning early the schr. 'Comanche' dumped the first grain into the harbor. There was only four bushels damaged and as the Captain wanted to go back to Oswego, he could not return it to the port whence it came. The Captain positively refused to pay the duty and the waiter would not sign his clearance until he destroyed the grain.

INTERIM SESSION.—At an interim session, held in the Judge's Chambers this morning, John Marlow was charged with house breaking and stealing from Mrs. Halligan. He pleaded "not guilty." He was sentenced for three months. His wife was given a similar term for receiving property knowing it to be stolen. A little child of the prisoners has been placed in the Orphans' Home.

DIOCESE OF ONTARIO.

MEETING OF SYNOD—EVEN SONGIN THE CATHEDRAL—SERMON OF REV. MR. BOGERT—BISHOP'S ADDRESS.

To day the eighteenth session of the Synod of the Diocese of Ontario opened in St. George's Hall. As usual divine service was held previous, evensong being held in the Cathedral last evening at half-past seven o'clock. The Bishop was attended by Canon Jones, his chaplain, who carried the pastoral staff. Canon Jones, who is also Diocesan Precentor, intoned the prayers. The psalms were chanted. The Archdeacon of Ottawa, Dr. Lauder, read the first lesson, and the Dean of Ontario the second. The sermon was preached by Rev. J. J. Bogert, Rector of Napanee, Rural Dean, who took for his text:

"So when they were dismissed, they came to Antioch; and when they had gathered the multitude together they delivered the epistle;

Which, when they had read, they rejoiced for the consolation.—Acts, xv, 30, 31.

In the order of proceedings of the Synod of this Diocese, the preacher said they found it provided that the first meeting of the Synod in each session was to be preceded by public morning prayer and sermon. They might take it for granted that the object the framers of this order had in view was to make the sermon a means, but not the only one, for preparing them for Synod work. He spoke in detail of the duties of the Synod, which were chiefly in connection with the temporalities of the diocese; but, he asked, did these exhaust the list. Were there no extra sessional duties; did it follow that because they met together with the determination to do their duties, and because their attention to work had proved this, that their obligations were at an end when the Bishop dismissed them with the benediction? Did they not return feeling that they had learned something of the proper way of working and received new strength and encouragement? Unless this session of Synod differed from all others they would find that it was taken up with the temporalities of the diocese. He spoke of the Mission Fund. Most of them had already learned that at the recent meeting of the Mission Board it was found necessary to decline new applications for grants, and to make a general reduction of ten per cent. in all grants. Ought not this report, he asked, to send them back to their homes pledged to renewed exertions in behalf of this fund? He appealed particularly to the lay delegates to use their influence with their fellow-parishioners in endeavoring to persuade them to use an extra effort to increase their contributions. The preacher then spoke of the stimulus in church work which they might carry away with them by a comparison of the work done in different parishes. There was a notice on the motion paper that an annual conference of clergy will be held on the day succeeding the meeting of Synod. It would be a long step towards a restoration of confidence in the church and in her rulers. He directed their attention to another lesson suggested, that they were members of a great brotherhood, engaged in holy work, and under one great officer, had mutual relations and confidence in one another, and a ready submission to their ecclesiastical superior. Another lesson he spoke of which should not be forgotten, the getting beyond that narrow congregationalism which centres all its efforts in a particular parish, and then, when they had substituted diocese for parish they were not to sit down and fold their hands. The reverend gentleman mentioned still another benefit which might be a result of their meeting together, viz, the strengthening of their faith in resisting that wave of infidelity which had swept over other countries and had reached our own shores. Lastly, the speaker, in alluding to the preacher of a year ago, said that the lives of some men spoke more loudly than the words of others. His memory was green and lovely in the minds of those whom he was then addressing. As a member of Synod he gave continual proof of his devotion to his master, love to his brethren, and loyalty to the church. He was invariably respectful and submissive to his Bishop, amiable to his brethren the clergy, and kind and considerate towards those of the laity. Attentive to the views of others he was modest in the expression of his own. His regularity in attending the meetings of Synod and his demeanor furnished a proof of the interest he took in his work, and his own parish was not alone in possessing evidence that that interest was fruitful.

After another hymn had been sung the Bishop pronounced the benediction.

TUESDAY MORNING.

Holy Communion was celebrated at ten o'clock in St. George's Cathedral by the Lord Bishop, assisted by the Dean.

The Synod did not open for business until 11:30 o'clock. The Rev. Canon Jones read the prayer for divine grace.

The roll of delegates was then called. The clerical delegates appear first, the lay delegates following. The attendance of clergymen was unprecedentedly large. The laymen are by no means numerously represented.

Amherst Island—Rev. W. Roberts, R. Montgomery.
Arnprior—Rev. K. L. Jones.
Almonte—Rev. F. L. Stephenson, Jas. Rosamond, sr.
Archieville—Rev. T. D. Phillips.
Augusta—Rev. F. Lewis, J. McMullen, John Dumbrill, D. Collins.
Barrisfield—Rev. R. Garrett, John Wilmot.
Bath—Rev. A. F. Ecklin.
Belleville—St. Thomas' Church, Rev. J. W. Burke; Christ Church, Rev W. C. Clark, Hon. L. Wallbridge, Edmond J. Sisson, J. W. Dunnett; St. John's Church, Rev. R. S. Forneri.
Brockville—St. Peter's Church, Rev. Canon Mulock, Judge Macdonald, J. Crawford; Trinity Church, Rev. E. P. Crawford, J. Reynolds.
Billings' Bridge—Rev. H. B. Patton.
Bell's Corners—Rev. S. McMorine.
Camden—Rev. A. Elliott, L. L. Price.
Carleton Place—Rev. G. W. G. Grout, W. Kelly.
Cornwall—Rev. Canon Petit, E. Cuen.
Cumberland—Rev. T. Garrett.
Elizabethtown—Rev. H. Austin, L. W. Coward, Joshua Gilroy.
Edwardsburgh and Mountain—Rev. W. J. Muckleston, John Muckleston, W. T. Benson.
Finch—Rev. J. R. Serson.
Franktown—Rev. S. Tighe, Jos. H. Butler.
Frontenac (rear)—Rev. H. Farrer.
Gananoque—Rev. J. Carroll, D. F. Jones.
Hillier and Wellington—Rev. J. Hallisell.
Huntley—Rev. F. Codd, A. J. Lett.
Kemptville—Rev. A. Spencer, T. Blackburn.
Kingston—St. George's Cathedral, Very Rev. J. Lyster, Rev. H. Wilson, Dr. Henderson, R. T. Walkem; St. James' Church, Rev. F. W. Kirkpatrick, Geo. A. Kirkpatrick, R. V. Rogers, E. J. B. Pense; St. Paul's, Rev. W. B. Carey, E. Rose, R. W. Barker, J. Shannon; All Saints' Church, Rev. T. Bousfield, J. Stacey.
Lanark—Rev. W. Cruden.
Leeds and Lansdowne—Rev. John Osborne.
Loughboro'—Rev. A. Dawson.
Lansdowne (front)—Rev. R. L. M. Houston, H. J. Young.
Madoc—Rev. M. G. Poole.
March—Rev. W. Fleming.
Matilda—Rev. G. W. White.
Merrickville and Burritt's Rapids—Rev. J. G. Low, H. Burritt.
Marysburgh—Rev. B. B. Smith.
Moulinette—Rev. F. Prime.
Napanee—Rev. J. J. Bogert, J. B. McGuin.
Newboro—Rev. W. Wright, John P. Tett.
New Edinburgh—Rev. E. A. W. Hanington, Dr. Wilson.
North Augusta—Rev. A. H. Coleman.
North Gower—Rev. A. J. O'Loughlin.
Osgoode—Rev. I. J. Christie.
Osnabruck—Rev. A. Jarvis.
Ottawa—Christ Church, Ven. J. S. Lauder, A. J. Cambie; St. Albans, Rev. Bedford Jones; St. John Evangelist, Rev. Pollard.
Pakenham—Rev. A. W. Cooke.
Pembroke—Rev. J. W. Forsythe.
Perth—Rev. R. L. Stephenson, A. J. Mathieson.
Picton—Rev. E. Loucks.
Prescott—Rev. W. Lewin.
Pittsburgh and Storrington—Rev. S. Foster.
Plantagenet—Rev. J. F. Fraser.
Richmond—Rev. A. C. Nesbitt.
Renfrew—Rev. H. E. Pless.
Rochesterville—Rev. G. Jemmett.
Smith's Falls—Rev. C. P. Emery, W. H. Jarvis.
Stirling—Rev. T. Godden.
Selby and Salmon River—Rev. D. F. Bogert, A. McLeod.
Stafford—Rev. Mr. Harvey, E. H. Smythe.
Tamworth—Rev. D. F. Hutchinson.
Trenton—Rev. Canon Bleasdell.
Tyendinaga—Rev. E. H. M. Baker.
Vankleek Hill—Rev. Joseph Elliott.
Wolfe Island—Rev. J. Godfrey.
Williamsburgh—Rev. C. Forest.

ELECTIONS.

The election of officers being next in order Judge Macdonald moved a suspension of the rules in order that the Auditors' report might be received before any election took place. He proceeded to speak, but the Bishop ruled that a debate on such a motion was out of order.

Judge Macdonald claimed the right to speak in explanation.

The Bishop—But then you may say things that require a reply.

The Chancellor sustained Judge Macdonald's contention. If any one objected of course the rule of order could not be suspended.

Judge Macdonald then explained that the unusual course he proposed might imply a want of confidence in the officers, but if these gentlemen were really desirous of the confidence of Synod they would court the fullest deliberation and investigation. In no corporation handling a great deal of money were officers elected until the financial statement had been submitted and approved. The confidence reposed in the officers of Synod was creditable to its members as men, but not as custodians of funds or managers of trust. The reports rife, (some of them not fairly spread it is true) had aroused the distrust of the laity, and friends of the officers would be doing them an injury if they endeavored at all to conceal the facts.

Voices of "carried", and it was so declared.

THE AUDITORS' STATEMENT.

Mr. Walkem read to a deeply interested Synod the following report:

We, the auditors appointed at the last session of the Synod, have the honour to present the following report respecting the accounts of the Synod for the financial year ending the 30th April, 1880.

Our audit was partially made in the month of November last, and was completed at the close of the year.

We have, as in former years, employed an accountant to assist in the examination of the accounts and the preparation of the necessary statements, but we have personally checked each item so as to assure ourselves as far as possible of the correctness of our report.

Some of the changes recommended by us in former years and by the Committee on the Auditors' Report at last session of Synod have been made in the mode of keeping the accounts.

A ledger account has been opened for each security, the principal and interest accounts have been separated, and the moneys received on securities have been credited, not as heretofore to the general capital or interest account, where it was difficult to trace them, but to the particular accounts of the securities on which they have been received.

At the close of the year the balance at the credit of the interest account of each security was transferred to the general interest account of the fund to which the security belonged.

Under this system it can be ascertained at a glance how much capital is due on each security, and what payments have been made on interest account.

A cash blotter was opened on the First of September last. In this book all moneys received and deposited, or paid out, are supposed to be entered at the time of such receipt, deposit or payment, and from these entries the cash should be posted into the several cash books belonging to the different funds.

We have observed some discrepancies between the cash blotter, or day book, and the cash books, from which we infer that the former has not been kept as we think it should have been. There are some entries in the blotter which were not posted into the cash book, and some in the cash book which are not entered in the blotter, and between some entries which appear in both, and which should agree, there are differences of small amount certainly, but important in view of the necessity for keeping the accounts accurately. We are led to conclude from these discrepancies that the cash books have not in all cases been posted from the blotter.

It would be useless and indeed impossible in this report to note the discrepancies to which we have referred. In those cases in which they led to clearly established errors, we have had those errors corrected, but there is one case which materially affects the Clerical Secretary's cash balance, and which we think should be particularly stated.

There is in the blotter under date of the 5th January, 1880, an entry of a deposit in the Bank of Montreal to the credit of the Mission Fund of $120.00, and another to the credit of the Rectory Lands fund of $2,904.50. In the cash book of the Mission Fund we do not find any entry of the deposit of $120.00, nor does the Bank credit it. In the cash book of the Rectory Lands fund the deposit is entered as $2312.50, which agrees with the Bank book. The Clerical Secretary claims that he deposited the amounts mentioned in his blotter, but the entries in his cash books of the deposits have evidently been taken from the Bank book instead of the blotter and are opposed to his contention. The Bank declines to admit any responsibility for more than the amount entered in the Bank book and in the account as finally closed the Secretary is not credited with the disputed items.

The books shew that moneys received are not promptly deposited in the Bank. This irregularity has led to some trouble and confusion and to the creation of cash balances at the close of the year in favour of and against the Clerical Secretary.

These balances should not exist but they have been continued from year to year and now enter into all the statements except those of the Prayer Book and Clergy Trust Funds. In our last report we stated that there was an ultimate cash balance in the Secretary's favour on the 30th April, 1879, of $1,672.24 and we expressed our belief that this balance arose from the omission to credit moneys received as against the entries made of deposits in the Bank.

This balance was reduced by $95 omissions discovered before the statements were printed and which were charged to the Secretary, leaving the cash balance in his favour in the accounts as finally closed, $1577.54.

We find this year that our suggestion has been verified and that some further moneys which had been received on mortgages in former years had not been credited. The Clerical Secretary has debited himself with these moneys which amount to the sum of $1170.00 and his former credit balance is therefore reduced from that source by that sum.

As a matter of fact, however, the credit balance has during the past year become a debit balance, for the books shew the following cash balances:

	Dr.	Cr.
Mission Fund		$1,238 82
Episcopal Fund	$ 748 50	
Sustentation Fund	340 00	
Rectory Lands Fund	1,010 19	
Divinity Students F'd	192 22	
Widows and Orphans Fund	539 41	
Assessment Fund		489 21
	$2,830 32	$1,728 03
	1,728 03	
	$1,102 29	

The result is an ultimate cash balance against the Clerical Secretary of $1,102 29, which is caused by the entry above referred to of $1,170 00, and by the fact that the Secretary appears by the books to have received during the past year an amount considerably exceeding what he has deposited in the bank. This debit balance represents money in the Clerical Secretary's hands.

The entries in the books show that the interest on many of the debentures which accrued due on the 1st July last was not credited until the month of September, though one at least of the debentures which matured on the same date is credited in July. We have not received any explanation of this circumstance. The interest on debentures should, we think, be collected and credited immediately after it becomes due.

Very many of the cheques issued have not been signed by the Bishop. We have noticed this irregularity in our former reports, but it has increased during the past year. The Clerical Secretary informs us that the signature of the Bishop to the cheques cannot be conveniently procured and that for this reason the cheques are issued without it.

The payments in connection with the various funds were all vouched by cheques.

The Mission Fund is still largely overdrawn, but the debit balance has been materially reduced during the past year.

We may here state that on examining the securities in the joint custody of the Secretary and Treasurer we found that the following debentures had been taken from the securities of the Sustentation fund and had been deposited with the Bank of Montreal as a security for the Mission Fund overdraft.

County of Elgin, No. 172	$1,000 00
" Simcoe, " 122 to 128	7,000 00
" Grey, " 7, 8 and 94	3,000 00
" Frontenac " 46, 47, 48 and 49	2,000 00
	$13,000 00

The Manager of the Bank gave us a certificate that these debentures were held by the bank as collateral security for the overdrafts of the Mission Fund. The circumstances under which this transfer was made will no doubt be explained in the report of the Mission Board.

The interest of the Episcopal fund is still considerably overdrawn, though there has been a slight reduction in the debit balance since the date of our last report. This fund has been charged only with that part of the expenses which represent the Clerical Secretary's salary. We do not see why this should be, as the Rectory lands and other funds bear their share of all expenses.

We have had a statement of the expenses prepared in detail, showing the amount charged to each fund. This statement is satisfactory in proving that the business of the Synod is transacted at an exceedingly small cost. The whole expenses for the year, including the Clerical Secretary and Treasurer's salaries, printing, etc., amounted to the sum of $2651.04. The expenses have all been brought into the Assessment account.

We have again to call attention to two important matters in connection with the Rectory lands fund.

The first is the necessity for disposing of the balance at the debit of the expense account of that fund. This should be done at the present session of the Synod. The other is the necessity for keeping separate cash accounts for each Rectory or endowed parish. The Secretary in last year's statement of the capital accounts of the Rectories represented certain cash balances as existing in connection with each. We cannot certify to the correctness of these balances, nor of those issued this year, as they were arrived at by balancing the old ledger accounts of each Rectory, and assuming that the difference represented cash. The balances thus arrived at do not on being brought together agree with the general cash balance, there being a difference of $184.39. How this difference is caused it is impossible to ascertain without much labour, as it may have arisen many years ago. It would be well at once to open separate cash accounts for each Rectory, and while doing so to ascertain how the discrepancy is caused, and have it corrected.

This year the stock of the Diocesan depository has been taken, and we suggest that it should be taken every year, in order to ascertain what the depository gains or loses.

A difficulty has arisen in the Clergy Trust Account in connection with some of the mortgage securities belonging to that fund. The Treasurer is understood to keep the general accounts of that fund, and the Clerical Secretary the mortgage accounts. The payments on the mortgages have been made to the Clerical Secretary, who hands over the money to the Treasurer.

The Treasurer disclaims responsibility for the correctness of the mortgage account, stating that he has not the custody of those securities and merely credits what he receives. The Secretary produced to us a book, recently opened, which purports to contain ledger accounts of the clergy trust mortgages. This book does not, however, contain all the mortgages and has not been regularly kept, and in its present form is of no use.

One of the results of this confusion of accounts is that although the Treasurer, in his returns dated 30th April, 1880, states that part of the capital of the Clergy Trust Fund consists of $508.69 Warwick mortgages, these mortgages have, in fact, been all paid, and have been given up by the Secretary. This matter was, we understand, before the Clergy Trust Committee at its last meeting.

It appears to us that all the accounts and securties of this fund should be kept by the Treasurer.

We examined the securities of the various funds in the joint possession of the Treasurer and Clerical Secretary twice during the past year, once in November last and once at the close of the year. Those transferable by delivery we found to be in such possession with the exception of the debentures belonging to the Sustentation fund, which were pledged to the Bank of Montreal, for which the Bank Manager's vouchers was produced.

The other securities in such joint possession were also correct, with the exception of the following, which were not produced or accounted for:

Certificate of 2 shares of Dominion Stock belonging to the Shannonville Endowment, amounting to $200.00.

Deposit receipt of $250, belonging to Ameliasburgh Endowment.

We have examined the mortgages belonging to the various funds which are in the custody of the Clerical Secretary. They were all produced with the exception of those in suit, (for which the Solicitor's receipt was given us), and the following:

The Warwick mortgages.

George Thompson's mortgage belonging to the Matilda Rectory.

William Adams' mortgage belonging to the Ameliasburg Endowment fund.

Patrick Kelly's mortgage belonging to the Episcopal fund.

The Clerical Secretary informs us that he never had possession of Kelly's mortgage, that some time ago at the request of a member of the Synod in Trenton, he sent him a mortgage prepared by the Chancellor with a receipt for $50, to enable him to collect the first payment and have the mortgage executed, and that although he has received a payment of interest on the mortgage, he has not received the instalment of $50, or the mortgage itself. The Secretary desired us to make this statement so as to have the matter brought up and settled.

A statement of all the securities and the accounts accompanies our report. These statements have been so prepared as to give full information and be easily understood.

The Bank balance of the Mission fund agrees with that of the Secretary, except in so far as a difference is caused by outstanding cheques and by a charge of $50 which the Bank has made for payment of a cheques which the Secretary alleges he did not issue. This matter should be adjusted at once.

The Bank has also credited a sum of $90 belonging to the Widows and Orphans Fund to the Rectory land account. This credit causes a difference in both funds between the Secretary's and the Bank's balances. In other respects the balances agreed allowing for outstanding cheques.

The Treasurer has, under authority of a resolution passed at last Synod, drawn his allowance for the past year.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

(Sgd) RICHARD T. WALKEM.
J. MUCKLESTON.
Auditors.

Kingston, June 15, 1880.

THE ELECTION AGAIN.

Rev. E. P. Crawford rose to nominate a gentleman for the Clerical Secretaryship—the Rev. F. W. Kirkpatrick, R.D., it is understood.

Several members objected—Revs. Low, Lewin, Bogart and Wilson, and Mr. D. F. Jones. It was understood that the election would not take place till the Auditors' report was disposed of. It should be studied first.

Mr. Crawford contended that the suspension of rules was now ended, and the election was in order.

Mr. Low, seconded by Mr. Stephenson, moved that the Auditors' report be printed, and that the election of officers do not take place until it be disposed of.—Carried.

WELCOMED.

Upon motion the Rev. R. V. Rogers, of Huron; Rev. Dr. Whiting, of Central New York; and Rev. Mr. Findlay, of Albany, N.Y., were invited to seats in the House.

MINUTES.

The minutes of the last session were taken as read. A discussion took place upon a clerical error in one part, which was proven not to lie with the Secretaries or printer, but with the mover, the manuscript being produced.

BISHOP'S ADDRESS.

The Bishop presented a list of the parishes that he visited, and the number confirmed since last meeting:

1879.	Males.	Females.	Tot. Conf.
June 29.—Arnprior	9	18	27
July 3.—St. Alb's, Ottawa	13	15	28
" 6—Ch. Church, "	6	14	20
Aug. 31.—Portsmouth	3	5	8
Sept. 7.—Metcalfe	15	12	27
" 7.—Duncanville	11	12	14
" 8.—Finch	10	9	19
" 14—Hawksbury	5	11	19
" 14.—Vankleek Hill	9	5	
" 15—Caledonia Flats	6	16	22
Oct'r. 8.—New Edinburgh	9	18	27
" 10—South March	10	33	43
" 11.—Huntley	31	43	74
" 11.—Hazledean	7	18	24
" 12.—Richmond	24	9	30
" 12.—North Gower	29	42	71
" 13—Ashton	3	1	4
" 14.—Franktown	9	15	24
Oct. 15.—Carleton Place	15	30	45
" "—Innisville	11	13	24
" 16—Almonte	13	23	36
" "—Clayton	8	17	–
" 17—Pakenham	14	42	56
Nov. 16.—Pembroke	17	30	47
" 18.—St. Stephens Bathurst	9	23	38
" "—St John's, Drummond	9	23	29
" 19.—St. Pelise, New Bayne	16	25	31
" 20—Newboro	8	14	22
" 23.—Merrickville	16	20	36
" "—Burritt's Rapids	10	19	29
" 25.—Oxford Station	–	2	2
Dec. 2.—Lyn	6	4	10
" 4—Birmingham's	10	14	24
" 5.—Odessa	2	6	2
1880.			
Mch. 7.—Perth	35	49	80
" 14.—St Peter's, Brockville	7	12	19
" 25—Archiville	2	4	6
May 16.—St. John's, Ottawa	8	27	35
June 10.—Cornwall	17	31	48
" "—Moulinette	10	31	
" 11.—Osnabruck	29	54	78
" 14.—Cathedral, Kingston	7	34	41
	480	840	1223

The following churches had been consecrated during the past year:

Sept. 15, St. Paul's Church, Caledonia Flats.
Oct. 11, St. Paul's Church, Hazledean.
Oct. 13 Christ's Church, Ashton.
Nov. 19, St. Peter's, Church, New Bayne.
Nov. 24, St. Augustine's Church, Acton's Corners.
Nov. 25, St. Anne's Church, Oxford station.
Nov. 26, St. Paul's Church, Beckett's landing.

There have been also two burial grounds consecrated, that attached to Christ's Church, Ashton, and that of St. Paul's, Beckett's Landing.

A letter requesting aid for the Diocese of Rupert's Land was read from the Lord Bishop and referred.

Synod at one o'clock adjourned until three o'clock.

TECUMSEH HOUSE, LONDON.—Two well known hotel men, Messrs. Marsden and Moore, of the Campbell House, Napanee, have lately gone extensively into business, after a short release from the cares of hotel life. Mr. Marsden is one of the proprietors of the new "Windsor" here, while Mr. Moore has taken possession of that fine hotel, the "Tecumseh," of London, so favorably known over the Province. Mr. Moore, from experience and ability, will sustain its reputation well. The table will be of the very best, so that the great weakness in Canadian hotels generally will not be apparent in the Tecumseh.

A POINT.—The *News* reminds us that, contrary to prediction, a number of men of Battery "A" marched away yesterday en route to Quebec. As it has introduced the subject we do mind a re-consideration. Taking its own figures there were 115 men, 19 non-commissioned officers and 7 officers, therefore we don't see how any one man could get out of sight of an officer long enough to desert. The officers refused numbers of men their discharges though they begged to be allowed to pay for them. Let the *News* publish the muster role of six months ago and that of yesterday for comparison and that will tell the tale.

PERSONAL.—Rev. Wm. Briggs, Book Steward of the Methodist Church, and Rev. T. W. Macdonald, of Bristol, Eng., companion of Rev. William Arthur, passed through the city this afternoon on their way to Stanstead. During this afternoon they visited the Penitentiary and Asylum.

Doctors Gave him Up.

"Is it possible that Mr. Godfrey is up and at work, and cured by so simple a remedy?" "I assure you it is true that he is entirely cured, and with nothing but Hop Bitters and only ten days ago his doctors gave him up and said he must die!" "Well-a day! If that is so, I will go this minute and get some for my poor George. I know hops are good.

Linen, Lustre, and Russell Cord Coats.

We are just through manufacturing our Light Goods for the warm season, which we are selling at the Lowest Living Profit.

100 Linen Coats, Single and Double Breasted.
50 Linen Ulsters, extra lengths.
200 Black Lustre Coats, all sizes.
100 Single and Double Breasted Russell Cord, best makes.

In the above Goods we defy any house in the city for quality, workmanship and cheapness.

☞ Please give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Z. PREVOST, New York Clothing Store, Brock Street.

40 CTS REDUCTION!

THAT 400 PAIRS WOMEN'S PRUNELLA BUTTON BOOTS,

Worth $1.25, Reduced to 85c.

☞ See Samples in our window.

This is part of the Wholesale Stock of R. B. Coulson & Co., of Montreal, which we bought at a Very Low Price.

HAINES & LOCKETT.

June 10, 1880.

Remember the Genuine Clearing Sale at 106.

The Subscriber, wishing to clear out the balance of his stock at as early a date as possible, will offer for the next few weeks

Tremendous Bargains in all the Different Departments,

And as he has paid special attention to having them well assorted purchasers can get a fine selection at Very Low Prices. Come early and get the first choice.
☞ HOSIERY A SPECIALTY.

GEORGE LAING, 106 Princess Street.

June 9th, 1880.

Gents' Furnishings, Cheap,

-AT-

WALDRON'S.

Men's Summer Merino Shirts at 30, 40, 50, 60 and 75 Cts.
Men's Summer Merino Pants at 40, 50, 60, 75 and 90 Cts.
Men's India Gauze Shirts at 40, 50, 60 and 75 Cts.
Men's India Gauze Pants at 50, 60 and 75 Cts.
Men's Cotton Under Shirts at 30, 40, 45, 50, 60 and 75 Cts.
Men's Cotton Pants at 35, 40, 45, 50, 60 and 75 C.s.
Men's Cotton Half Hose, Plain and Fancy.
Men's Merino Half Hose, Grey, Shetland and Drab.
Cheapest White Shirts $1 10, Best Cotton and Best Linen.

R. WALDRON, Wilson's Buildings.

June 8th, 1880.

ARRIVED AT LAST!

A Splendid Range of the NEW LAWN, BORDERED MUSLINS.

ALSO,

NEW SHEEPSKIN MATS, In all the Leading Colors.

CALL AND SEE THEM AT

RICHMOND & BOYDEN'S

A. ROSS

HAS ON HAND THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF CARPETS AND FLOOR OIL CLOTHS HE HAS YET EXHIBITED.

—ALSO—

A Well Assorted Stock of Lace Curtains,

Very Cheap, the very Goods for House Cleaning Time, and to be found at 130 and 132 Princess Street, opposite City Hotel.

May 7, 1880.

LUMBER

All Kinds of Dressed and Rough Lumber, Bill Timber, Lath, Shingles, Fence Posts, Pickets

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, &c., &c.

ALSO—Mill Wood, Land Plaster, Plaster of Paris, Water Lime, and Port'and Cement

—AT THE—

Rathbun Lumber Yard,

☞ OFFICE—Foot of Queen Street, Kingston.

TAKE NOTICE.

WE OFFER THIS WEEK TO

Merchants and County Dealers

SPECIAL VALUE IN

Envelopes, Note Paper, Blank Books,

AT PRICES

LOWER THAN THEY CAN BE PURCHASED WHOLESALE

In Montreal, Toronto or anywhere.

Send for Samples

STACEY & WALPOLE,

Corner Brock and Wellington Streets, Kingston, Ont.

June 14th, 1880.

172.

Removed to Wellington St.

W. J. MAHOOD

Will be found at No. 182 Wellington Street, second door from Waldron's Dry Goods Store, where his reputation for having

Fancy Goods

In great quantity and variety, retailing at wholesale prices, will be fully sustained. A large selection of FANS now offered, besides Children's Carriages, Vases, Toilet Goods, Jewellery and Baskets.

Kingston, June 10th, 1880.

SCALES.

ALL Parties using Scales and Weights will do well to have them adjusted at once, as the Inspectors are on the lookout for all Scales not inspected.

Having opened the store on the corner of Princess and King Streets I am prepared to adjust and repair all kinds of Scales and Weights on the shortest notice.

Scales and Weights for sale cheap. Coal Oil and Tinware