

STEAMERS, FERRIES AND TUGS FOR SALE, CHEAP.

Upper Cabin Steamboat, 3 Tons, and Tug in good condition. Particulars applied for by Thomas Fyfe, General Agent, Auctioneer, 100 Queen Street, East, Montreal, P. Q.

The Daily British Whig.

FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 5.

Mr. Parent, (Independent Liberal), was elected representative in the Local Legislature on Wednesday for Rimouski, Quebec.

A change of venue is suggested in the case of the trial of the prisoners charged with complicity in the Biddulph butchery. There is every reason for taking the trial away from a locality which seems to be so incalculably prejudiced or so prejudicially prejudiced as to be a hindrance to the plaintiff of testimony in the case of the question. The Coroner's Jury which has just decided to criminate any body is said to be a sample of any jury that could possibly be pitched together in the vicinity of the tragedy. Under these circumstances the trial should take place elsewhere if justice is to be expected or the outraged law of the land is to be vindicated.

Although he was astute enough to offer to make way in Marquette for Sir John Macdonald after the latter's humiliating defeat in Kingston, yet Mr. Ryan is not at all sure about that Manitoba Judge-ship, for some time has been hanging before him. Our opinion is that he won't get it, and, further, that so young a lawyer as Mr. Ryan can afford to wait for a term until some of his Tory seniors and superiors are first served. The Judgeship in question will in all probability fall to the lot of one of Sir John Macdonald's Ontario supporters, and Mr. Ryan will have to possess his soul in patience for his reward for withdrawing his support from the Liberal party and afterwards offering his seat to the defeat of Tory chieftain.

It looks as though the ends of justice will be defeated in the Biddulph tragedy. The Coroner's jury has not committed any body, despite the positive testimony of William Donnelly and the boy Connors identifying and incriminating several of the prisoners charged with the murders. We fancy the feeling of the neighborhood against the unfortunate family will render it out of the question for any jury under the control of land-lord influence in Ireland as Mr. Bennett could have desired. We think there is considerable nonsense about this contention. What motive the proprietor of the Herald could have to support the land-lord supremacy by giving over to this class the disbursement of his princely donation it is not very easy to see. But if what Parnell says is true in regard to his own wholesome influence over the Herald fund, it is at any rate equally true that public opinion in America wrought a much more decisive change in Mr. Parnell's own mission. He came out here as the agent of the Land Law League, and he began his crusade wholly against the land owners. The funds he expected to raise in America were expected to be devoted to this sole object. But public opinion, largely headed and directed by the outspoken utterances of the Herald, compelled Parnell to change his tactics, and, instead of raising money for the political part of his mission, he has had to drop it and confine himself to the collection of relief for the starving people. If then Parnell claims to have influenced the channels of communication through which the rival fund to his own funds is to the Irish people, much more certainly true is it that American public sentiment has capitulated all the Parnell plans and compelled him to abandon what at the first was the principal object of his present visit to America.

A WEDDING INCIDENT.—A wedding party had gathered at Bellevue, Wis., and just as the clergyman was about to commence the service the floor gave way in the centre and sank about three feet, mixing bride, groom, clergyman and spectators in one mass. The lights were extinguished, fortunately without any damage, and for a few minutes confusion reigned supreme. No body was hurt, and no damage, except that to the floor, sustained. The lamps were re-lighted, and the bride and groom again took their positions, the guests being this time arranged on a sliding scale, and the ceremony was conducted. Had there been a cellar under the floor the consequences must have been disastrous.

EASILY SETTLED.—John Gorman visited the St. Louis House of the Good Shepherd, picked out the best looking young woman found among the inmates, told her that he owned a large and well stocked farm, and proposed marriage. She asked for a few days to think the matter over, but he said, "Now or never," as he meant to take a wife home that afternoon. So she consented, and went out to buy some clothes. She met her affianced husband in the street, while shopping, and did not recognize him, but he introduced himself anew, and hurried her to a clergyman, who performed the ceremony.

A NEW ORGAN.—"The Coffee Public House News" is a weekly English journal entirely devoted to the movement to drive strong drink from the field. It is well got up, full of reports connected with the work in all parts of the globe, and abounding in suggestions and information, which must prove very helpful to all who are managing such houses, or are seeking to prosecute their establishment. The existence of a journal of such character is a proof of the magnitude of the movement.

THE SILVER CORONATION.

The czar of Russia must feel a sense of relief now that the "rejoicing" incident of the celebration of the 25th anniversary of his accession, is safely over. His enemies had sworn that he should never live to see the silver anniversary of his coronation, and, as a matter of fact, he did not. He is now free to devote his attention to his subjects as the Emperor himself no doubt would deem it, or good fortune as some of his friends would term it, has so far frustrated the well-laid schemes of the nihilist ringleaders, and the czar has lived to see and to celebrate the completion of the first quarter century of his reign.

The Imperial, as well as the popular rejoicings on the great occasion, were evidently forced on the one hand and very well guarded and cautious upon the other. The Emperor was bound to show himself to his subjects on so apparently auspicious an occasion, but he did so with great reserve and not without every possible military precaution for his present safety. It must to him have been a time of tremendous trepidation, but he seems to have carried himself through the ordeal bravely and with dignity, and, as we dare say, delighted that it is over. Not that his life is any more secure now than before. New traps may and likely will be laid to take the Emperor's life and they will equal—though they cannot surpass—in ingenuity and audacity, though they may in success, the attempts which have already been made upon him. On the one hand we cannot imagine how the murder of the czar is going to help the popular cause. Personal violence of this kind will not promote the reforms on which the people have set their hearts. On the contrary such an atrocious act, as did the assassination of Lincoln would have the opposite effect of creating a revolution against a cause which would result to such a bloody means of securing revenge or success. On the other hand, however, the attempt so far made upon his life should satisfy the Emperor of the unpopularity of the existing condition of affairs throughout his realm and should prompt him to grant the demanded concessions to the people. If he is wise the czar will read the significant signs of the times and govern himself accordingly.

THE HERALD AND PARNELL.

Parnell is still hammering away at the New York Herald. He claims in his recent speeches to have materially modified the intentions of the managers of the Herald fund, and that now, thanks of course to his own efforts, the fund in question will be so completely under the control of land-lord influence in Ireland as Mr. Bennett could have desired. We think there is considerable nonsense about this contention. What motive the proprietor of the Herald could have to support the land-lord supremacy by giving over to this class the disbursement of his princely donation it is not very easy to see. But if what Parnell says is true in regard to his own wholesome influence over the Herald fund, it is at any rate equally true that public opinion in America wrought a much more decisive change in Mr. Parnell's own mission. He came out here as the agent of the Land Law League, and he began his crusade wholly against the land owners. The funds he expected to raise in America were expected to be devoted to this sole object. But public opinion, largely headed and directed by the outspoken utterances of the Herald, compelled Parnell to change his tactics, and, instead of raising money for the political part of his mission, he has had to drop it and confine himself to the collection of relief for the starving people. If then Parnell claims to have influenced the channels of communication through which the rival fund to his own funds is to the Irish people, much more certainly true is it that American public sentiment has capitulated all the Parnell plans and compelled him to abandon what at the first was the principal object of his present visit to America.

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COLD BATHS.—Eleven persons were recently baptized by immersion at Bridgeport, Conn., under the forms of the Second Advent Church. Five of them were men, three were women and three were girls. A bright sun was shining, but the air was keen and cold, the thermometer indicating only a few degrees above the freezing point. Each candidate, after immersion, was kept waiting in wet clothes while the others were immersed, so that those who went in first must have had something but a warm time of it.

Allen's Lung Balsam is warranted to break up the most troublesome cough in an incredibly short time. There is no remedy that can show more evidence of merit than this Balsam, for curing consumption, coughs, colds, asthma, croup, &c.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Public Works and Standing Orders—Salary and Intermittent Question—Insolvency Law, &c.

Sir Charles Tupper presented the papers relating to the election of the jointers for the Beaufort Canal. Mr. Haggart introduced the Bill relating to the Credit Valley railway and the employee difficulty at Toronto.

Mr. J. B. Robinson, as Chairman of the Committee on Standing Orders, moved in accordance with the Committee's recommendation that the order for receiving petitions be extended for twelve days. The motion was allowed to stand. Mr. Bechard again introduced a Bill, proposing certain reductions in the salaries and indemnities of Cabinet Ministers. The present Bill, however, proposes an addition to reduce the Governor-General's salary to \$50,000 to \$35,000.

Mr. Blake moved the second reading of the Bill providing for the more effectual prevention of crime. Mr. Baker, ex-Solicitor General of Quebec, spoke in support of the amendment. The Bill was described as a caricature on the English law, and as an infringement on the liberties of the subject.

Mr. James McDonald, Minister of Justice, spoke in support of the amendment, on the ground that the changes were too sweeping to be adopted by the House without further consideration. The mover of the amendment objected to the Bill as it was, and proposed to place persons twice convicted of common assault under police supervision.

Mr. Blake defended the various features of the Bill, and commented on the circumstances that although the Minister of Justice spoke in support of the amendment, he wished to be rejected on the second reading. After receding the amendment was carried on amendment.

The discussion on the second reading of the Bill by Mr. Groulx (Quebec) to realize marriage with a deceased wife's sister was resumed. The vote was then taken on the amendment by Mr. Thompson, of Halifax, that the Bill be read the second time that day six months.

The amendment was lost on a vote of 140 yeas to 20 nays, and the Bill was read the second time on the same division. The announcement was received with cheers. The House adjourned at 10:40 p.m.

NEWS OF THE DAY. "The Silent World" says there are between 3,000 and 5,000 deaf mutes in Canada. A public meeting will endeavor to get the Evening Post, of Montreal on its feet.

One Major is committed for trial at Montreal for telegraphing votes in a municipal election. Following the example of London, Ont., the enterprising little town of St. Thomas is to be the first to have a city council.

A company of forty-five military cadets has been formed in connection with the Collegiate Institute at London, Ont. As a result of the late revival in St. Catharines, the churches have had a large number added to their member ship lists.

A disagreement between the Premier and Sir Charles Tupper, has arisen from the latter's administration of the Railroad Department. Some persons threw a fire cracker at the carriage of the Queen of the Belgians as she was returning from the theatre. He was arrested, and will be treated leniently.

RUSSIA.

Paris, March 5.—The journals publish what purports to be a manifesto of the Russian Revolutionary Executive Committee, expressing regret at the death of the czar, and the necessity of clarifying that such catastrophe are inevitable as long as the army is the bulwark of the Imperial autocracy. It says the revolution is forced upon Russia by the Government's repression of intellect. The development of the struggle must continue until the czar abdicates or grants a constitution. It declares "We will triumph at all cost."

London, March 5.—A Paris correspondent says Hartmann probably will be arrested. The Russian Ambassador is assured that the French Government's decision will not affect the relations between France and Russia. A St. Petersburg special states that the Bill (which is probably a bill for Vladivostok) which first arrested behaved so as to suggest mental derangement. A surgeon was sent for to ascertain whether he was under the influence of poison, but pronounced him well.

When he appeared for preliminary examination he had fully recovered self-possession and said he was a native of Minsk aged 30, and became a convert from Judaism because it was impossible for him to live in St. Petersburg. He had nothing to say and did not want to be troubled any more. He wanted the matter finished. Depositions were then read, the prisoner withdrawing to his cell. The case was adjourned to the 11th inst.

Mr. Mowat moved the House into Committee to make some verbal amendments to his Bill to abolish the priority of clearing that such catastrophe are inevitable as long as the army is the bulwark of the Imperial autocracy. It says the revolution is forced upon Russia by the Government's repression of intellect. The development of the struggle must continue until the czar abdicates or grants a constitution. It declares "We will triumph at all cost."

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ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Yesterday's Session—Municipal Act—The Closing Business etc.

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NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, March 5. Stocks strong. Cotton firm, 13-18. Flour dull; receipts 1,200, sales 7,000; 4.80 to 5.35 super state and western; 5.40 to 5.85 common to choice extra state; 5.55 to 5.85 do western; rye flour steady at 4.80 to 5.25.

Wheat—spring quiet, unchanged; winter—quiet; receipts 7,000; sales 72,000; No. 3 red April 1.49 to 1.50; Rye dull, 95 to 97 1/2 state and Canada. Corn dull; receipts 35,000, sales 18,000; sales 30,000; 67 1/2 to 70. Barley dull, two rowed state 65 to 75; six rowed 40 to 84; No. 1 Canada 87 to 100; No. 2 do do bright 1.05 to 1.08.

Oil—steady; No. 1 white Michigan 1.43 to 1.44; white state 1.39; red 1.41. Corn—steady; Mixed Western 57 to 57 1/2; State 52 to 52 1/2. Barley—firm, but quiet; Choice Canada high 85; No. 1 Canada 87 to 88; No. 2 Canada above grade 77 to 77 1/2. Rye—Quiet and scarce; Canada nominally 80 to 88 in bond. Cornmeal per ton—bolts 25; unbolted 22. Mill feed—shorts 00 to 20; 00; ship-stuffs 00 to 20; middlings 00 to 20; 00 per ton.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET. Montreal, March 5. Bank of Montreal—142, 140-4. Merchants' Bank—94 1/2, 94; sales—42. Bank of Commerce—118 1/2, 117 3/4. Ontario Bank—73, 72. Bank of Toronto—130, 125. Nelson Bank—80, 80. Exchange Bank—46, 35. Montreal Tel. Co. 91 1/2, 91.

REMITTANCE. FRIDAY. Mrs. Siddons at the Opera House—8 p.m. LENTON SERVICE at St. Paul's and St. James Churches—7:30 p.m. MURDER OF MORGAN'S "KIDNAP"—7:30 p.m.

MARRIED. At St. Paul's, on March 3rd, Mr. D. Doolittle to Miss Patricia Pearson, both of Hiller.

TO LOAN. \$60,000. In Small or Large Sums, on Mortgage on Farm or City Property. Apply to THOMAS BRIGGS, Manager Providence Loan & Inv't Society, Kingston, March 5th, 1880.

Dissolution of Partnership. THE Partnership heretofore existing between George A. Thomas Mills, Hatters and Furriers, under the name of Mills Bros., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be carried on at the old stand and under the same firm name (Mills Bros.) by Thomas Mills, who will collect all accounts and assume all liabilities of the late firm.

READY FOR THE SPRING WORK. I AM now prepared to do House Painting, Gilding, Paper Hanging, Balcony, Gilding and Staircase Painting. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed as to Material, Workmanship and Price.

NOTICE. THE Merchants' Company, No. 3, will meet at the Drill Shed, 100 Queen Street, on MONDAY EVENING at 7:30 o'clock. Every member or intending member must be present.

SEAMEN'S UNION. A MEETING of the Seamen's Union will be held at the Commercial Hotel, on MONDAY EVENING, at 7:30 o'clock. A full attendance is requested, as business of importance will be transacted.

WANTED. ON the 1st day, A HOUSE of about Nine Rooms, with good Drive House and Stable attached, address, with particulars, P. O. Box 171, City, March 5th, 1880.

ADDINGTON LICENSE DISTRICT.

A TAVERN LICENSE. Authorizes the Sale of Liquors in quantities of less than one quart which may be drunk in the Taverns.

A SHOP LICENSE. Authorizes the Sale of Liquors in quantities of not less than three half pints, none to be consumed within the building of which such shop forms a part, by persons not usually residing therein.

Applications for Licenses. For the year 1880 (beginning 1st May) must be filed with the Inspector on or before the 1st of April, 1880. Blank Forms of Application may be had of the Inspector. Published by order of the Board of License Commissioners for Addington District.

RICHIEU & ONTARIO NAVIGATION CO. TENDERS FOR PAINTING. TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, will be received until THURSDAY, the 11th inst., for the painting of the tugboat, Spartan, Spartan Algerian and Magnet, now lying at the Port of Kingston. Parties desiring to tender will be furnished with a copy of the specification on applying to the Company's Agent, Mr. C. H. Hatch.

FIRE AND LIFE Insurance Company. This is one of the Best Insurance Companies doing Business in Canada. Invested Funds—\$29,000,000. Investments in Canada 900,000.

COOKERY. UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF H.R.H. THE PRINCESS LOUISE. MISS DODS. Who holds a First Class Diploma from South Kensington, London. Will deliver a Double Course of Lectures on Cookery in REFORM HALL, Golden Lion Block, commencing March 8th, 1880.

SPRING HATS—'80. THE LEADING SHAPES ARE NOW IN, and for Style and Value are away ahead of anything yet offered. Call and see the new Hat.

THE FEATHERWEIGHT. ONLY 3 oz. Acknowledged by all to be the Lightest and most Comfortable Hat ever introduced. Stock fully assorted and embraces all the Novelties in the Trade.

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R. & J. GARDINER HAVE JUST RECEIVED New Black Brocaded Silks, New Coloured Brocaded Silks, Coloured Gros Grain Dress and Trimming Silks, Large Quantities of New Goods Arriving Daily, And marked at LOW PRICES.

R. & J. GARDINER AT HENDERSON'S BOOKSTORE. The Girls' Own Paper. Part II. Interest. Full of the most interesting and instructive Reading, and Illustrated with Numerous Engravings.

Bow Bells, Every Month, And Several Others of Latest English Magazines. JUST ARRIVED. CHEAP REPRINTS. Of the Contemporary Review, Fortnightly and Nineteenth Century received every month; 25 Cents each.

Two Books in One, FOR FIFTEEN CENTS. "Spurgeon's 'John Ploughman's Talk' and 'Carlyle on the Choice of Books' in strong paper wrapper. These books, bought in ordinary way, would cost about \$1.75.

HENDERSON'S BREAD. BREAD BREAD BREAD. For Good Bread. R. H. TOYE, FANCY BREAD AND CAKE BAKER, MARKET SQUARE.

WITHEWASHING, Kalamazoo, Ontario. Coloursing, Restoring, Staining, Work and General Jobbing. All kinds of Tinting for inside walls done CHEAP and NEAT to suit the taste.

HENDERSON'S BREAD. BREAD BREAD BREAD. For Good Bread. R. H. TOYE, FANCY BREAD AND CAKE BAKER, MARKET SQUARE.

NEW MAPLE SUGAR, VERY FINE, RECEIVED TO-DAY, R. H. TOYE, FANCY BREAD AND CAKE BAKER, MARKET SQUARE.

FRONTENAC LOAN. INVESTMENT SOCIETY. THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Frontenac Loan and Investment Society will be held in the Society's Office on WEDNESDAY, the 17th DAY OF MARCH, 1880, at the hour of two o'clock P.M.

A GOOD OPENING. FOR SALE the Latest Furniture and Good Will of the well known BAY OF QUINTE HOUSE. Satisfactory reasons given for selling.