The Daily British Whig.

TUESDAY EVENING, JAN 20.

REMEMBER to Pay your Gas Account and Save the Discount.

We clip the following from an English newspaper 1847 to show what was thought of electricity some thirty years ago by the country folks:

SOMERSETSHIRE.—At the recent election, the well-known electrician Mr. Andrew Crosse, of Broomfield, was a mobbed hooted at by some of the farmers present. One farmer was heard to say "He has raised the devil at his cursed house four or five times, to my certain knowledge, and the last time he was near setting the place on fire. There is no going near the place after night for his vagaries."

One of the beauties of the N.P. is recognized in the wholesale smuggling that is now being carried on between Montreal and various points on the American frontier. The ice-bridge affords every facility for smuggling, and it seems to be carried on with remarkable persistency and vigour. The Customs' officials have been instructed to increase their vigilance, and they have done so, but without checking and preventing the illicit traffic which is assuming alarming proportions.

The business men of the country are not averse to an insolvency law, but if a discussion of the Act in Toronto by a number of prominent commercial men can be accepted as an indication, changes in it of a radical and most important nature are essentially necessary. All the alleged defects in the law could not be summarized within reasonable space, but it is contended that provision is required to enable the creditors of bankrupts to obtain immediate and certain control of their estates; that all sales of assets should be made by public auction when the property is over $200 in value; that all sales should be made by the Assignee and Inspector conjointly; that greater security should be given by the Assignee; that every Assignee should be made to tax his account, and attest the statement of receipts and expenditure under oath; that the distribution of assets and the discharge of the bankrupt should be kept totally distinct; that the granting of discharges should be vested in a Superior Court judge. We, of course, cannot promise what the next Federal Parliament may do, but it is only natural to expect that the Insolvency Act will receive another turn by it.

The irregularities in the municipal contest in Toronto, in so far as the election in St. John's Ward was concerned, have forcibly demonstrated one fact—that in the selection of returning officers the desire to secure the best men is not always predominant, and that men are appointed at times to discharge important functions without regard to the eternal fitness of things. In the case cited the poll books were not properly made out, one was not signed at all, the blanks were not filled in, while the count of the ballots was more than unsatisfactory. In the late Kingston municipal elections some incidents occurred, the narration of which would be laughable were it not that they have a serious side. Suffice it to say that not a dozen out of the whole seventeen returning officers clearly understood their duties, the majority having been "green hands," who could not comprehend and interpret the meaning of the election law in a moment, and who were, perhaps, not encouraged to do much brain worry when uncertain of having the office a second time. Certain it is that one official carried the ballots placed in his custody down street in his hand and threw them loosely before the City Clerk. It may be surmised that rare fun would follow were a recount of the same demanded by any defeated and quibbling politician.

THE MAINE DISPUTE.

The proceedings in connection with the Maine State Legislature so far have resulted in an advantage to the Republicans which they seem determined to hold if at all possible, and judged by present appearances their success is more than possible. The electoral tricks of our American cousins, which, in the case of the President, brought about the desired end most charmingly, have failed to "count in" the party representatives who seem to have lost at the polls in the late State struggle. Unfortunately for the Fusionists, who have played a somewhat shrewd but losing game, the temporal powers were not backed by powerful Court opinions; and though at first in command of the situation in the late crisis they were removed from authority and now find themselves excluded from the House by a combination of civil and military force. The respective parties have passed through a severe ordeal; the energies, resources and strategies of the respective sides have been tested to the utmost, and the end might not be considered yet were it not that the balance of power seems to be, apparently, controlled by those in possession of the public offices. The culminating point was reached on Saturday when both Chambers met, the Fusionists but to adjourn to the afternoon, the Republicans to elect their Governor. The certified electoral returns shewed that Davis had received the highest number of registered votes, though not a majority of the whole. His name being submitted to the Senate, in conjunction with that of Bradbury, another candidate for gubernatorial honor, of course the former was elected Governor. He was at once installed. General Chamberlain resigned his trust and Davis became Commander-in-Chief, and secured the influence which has been used against the Fusionists, to their utter discomfiture. The Republicans have won the day, but they should think kindly of those who attempted to foist them in a manner that shewed that their own devious ways had only been too faithfully copied. The result will have the effect of lifting up one man to something like his old place in the councils of the nation—Senator Blaine. When his State appeared to go Democrat his position was affected. He has been partially restored by the change of events, but his power has been impaired, and the promise of his becoming President has gone forever.

POVERTY AND PAUPERISM.

We feign no surprise at the revelation made by the *Mail* of yesterday of the destitution and pauperism and absolute starvation which exists in Toronto. Our contemporary has been very watchful of local affairs, and has several times within a recent period unsparingly used its influence for the removal of abuses, for the improvement of the public morals, and for a mitigation of circumstances by which certain classes were made to suffer. Having been instrumental in contracting and reducing the immoral tendencies of scores of infamous places, its attention is now directed to a work, disheartening to some extent, but such as is calculated to confer a benefit upon those in whose interests it labours. With no intention, forsooth, of drawing men's minds away from benevolent and philanthropic objects far beyond the boundaries of home and neighbourly relations, the *Mail* has printed a few pen pictures of every day life, descriptive of unhappiness and misery which words cannot measure and imagination cannot conceive. And what exists in Toronto exists in this city, exists in all places where lack of friends, money and labour are circumstances too often lost sight of in the vicissitudes and turmoil of life. Only those who give of their time and means, and who are free in the performance of deeds of kindness and mercy, know of the poverty in our midst and of the urgent necessity for prompt relief. The same need for generosity and liberality that is felt in Toronto is experienced here and every association which aims to assist the deserving poor should be largely augmented and placed in a position to do far greater good than their limited resources as a rule enable them to do.

A Serious Cat-astrophe.

To the Editor of the British Whig.

DEAR SIR,—Permit me to say a word or two in reply to the howl of my old enemy that low born cur, "Fido," which appeared in the *Daily News* on Friday evening last. Being a *high-toned* (upper C.) member of the genus *Felis* I would not have descended from my comfortable bed, in the Captain's fur cap, to reply to "Fido," had he not, in his anxiety to escape the ruthless hand of that Curmudgeon Chad, outraged the felines of the members of our Philharmonic Society.

At a meeting held last evening, on the roof of the officers' quarters, great indignation was expressed by the "nine muses" present, at the suggestion of "Fido," to compel the night choristers of this city to wear cheap jewelry, and as the Colonel's cat remarked, add insult to injury, by having the Chad coat-of-arms engraved thereon. The Major's puss very pertinently remarked that there could be objection to the puppies wearing charms on their chains, as it is a fashionable custom with many of the species in the city already. "I go further, said the Captain's favourite," I would compel them to wear an eye glass also, and follow the example of their biped brethren. The Sergeant-major's "Tom" (who the is terror of the Battery) would like to see "that young man from Odessa" attempt to fasten a medal to his tail, he would get a dose of catnip that that would do him for the rest of his days. This sentiment was lustily cheered by all present, and it was with difficulty that the bandmaster's cat could stop the racket.

An old 'tortoise-shell' of Ald. Allen's, who was present by invitation, thought that the Council was very fortunate in securing a dog tax collector that had such a good supply of the material from which the medals are made constantly on hand, as it did not draw from the stock kept by the police force. So the Council was the gainer in more ways than one, in overlooking the claims of many of its own citizens and appointing "that young man from Odessa" to the vacant position.

As it was now getting light the company on the house top closed the meeting by attempting to sing "God Save the Queen," but had only got through the first verse when the windows of the officers' quarters were hastily thrown open, and a few of Moody and Sankey's hymns, a couple of prayer books, an old copy of the Queen's regulations and articles of war, came floating gently towards the company, who hastily closed the meeting without the benediction.

I remain yours truly,

THOMAS FELINE

Tete de Pont, Jan. 19th, 1880.

The Legal Position.

To the Editor of the British Whig.

SIR,—It appears to me that amidst all the worry about the dog tax your correspondents have been barking up the wrong tree. Curiosity induced me to look into Harrison's Municipal Manual regarding the subject, and under the heading of the powers of Municipal Councils, part 7, sec. 454, I found that the Council of every county, township, city, etc., *may* pass by-laws, among other things for the appointment of such officers as pound keepers, fence viewers, overseers of highways, road surveyors, road commissioners, valuators, and such other officers as are necessary in the affairs of the corporation, or for carrying into effect the provisions of any act of the Legislature, or for the removal of such officers, etc.

Now the above "may" does not signify any option on their part, for in note W the late Chief Justice Harrison expressly states: "The powers conferred by this section can only be exercised by by-law." And in the latter part of Note D to sub. sec 2, he again says: 'The old law required such appointments to be under corporate seal, 12 Vic, ch. 81. s. 31. sub. 8., and the intendment of this sub. section, which must be taken in connection with the general words at the commencement of this section, appears to be that the appointment should be by by law. This I think is pretty conclusive as to the constitutionality of the late appointment of collector of dog tax, and the legality of the taxes he has already levied on the citizens.

Even admitting that the internal workings of the Council do not require a seal, yet as the corporate powers are only exercisable under seal it would appear that the appointment of any such functionary would necessitate a by-law.

Yours truly,

January 19, 1880. SIRIUS.

Y. M. C. A. Reception.

To the Editor of the British Whig.

SIR,—As I have heard that some of our subscribers did not receive invitations to our entertainment last night, I trust they will kindly overlook the omission, as our new Secretary is not familiar with the names of all our subscribers, and some of the invitations may not have reached their destination.

Yours truly,

E. H. DICKSON,
President Y.M.C.A.

Jan'y. 20th, '80.

—The jury in the Rev. Hayden's case—the man charged with the murder of Mary Stannard—were discharged yesterday evening, being unable to agree. They had been locked up since noon on Friday.

—Russia is credited with offering to withdraw her troops on the western frontier if their presence there is likely to disturb friendly relations with Germany and Austria.

THE IRISH QUESTION.

The Agitators Defiant—Priestly Influence Repelled—Appeal From Dublin—Proposed Appropriation by Congress.

London, Jan. 19.—Acting on legal advice Davitt, Brennan and Killen do not intend to take further steps to answer writs summoning them before the Court of Queen's Bench, Dublin. They take the ground that they fulfilled their legal obligations by presenting themselves in the Crown office on Friday when the necessary stamped forms for entering their appearance were not ready.

Washington, Jan. 19.—In the House to-day an invitation to attend Mr. Parnell's meeting on February 2nd was accepted. A resolution tendering the hall of the House for the above meeting was, after some opposition, agreed to by 96 to 42.

London, Jan. 20.—Near Balla, in the county of Mayo, on Sunday, a parish priest ordered a meeting in favor of the National Land League to disperse, and said he would not have any secret organizations in his parish. The crowd became excited and cheered Parnell, and refused to disperse.

Dublin, Jan. 20.—An earnest appeal to the people of the United States has been issued by the Mansion House Committe for the relief of the distress in Ireland. The appeal says the distress is daily increasing in area and intensity. It is almost impossible to avert an absolute famine in very many places.

London, Jan. 20.—A Rome despatch says the Pope was surprised and indignant at Cardinal McCloskey's reception of Papal in New York, and ordered the Natal Secretary of State to telegraph to McCloskey for information. The Pope is confined to his bed.

Washington, Jan. 20.—Mr. Ellis introduced a joint resolution, appropriating £500,000 for the relief of the suffering people of Ireland.—Referred.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Sheriff's Fees—School Vacations—Changes in Ballot Law, etc.

Toronto, Jan. 20.—Amongst the petitions presented yesterday was one from the Sheriffs of several counties, desiring to be heard before a Committee of the House respecting certain fees; and one from the Dominion Grange, asking for a curtailment of the midsummer vacation in public schools.

Mr. Mowat, in reply to Mr. Avrey, stated that it was not the Government's intention to propose at present any change in the enactments of the ballot law, but he held out a hope that something will be done in the way of amendments towards the close of the present Parliament.

On motion of Mr. Metcalfe a return was ordered, showing the cost of Grand Juries during the years 1875 to 1878.

Mr. Young obtained an order for an address, asking the Lieutenant-Governor to lay on the table copies all the correspondence between the Dominion and Ontario Government respecting the confirmation of the north west boundary award. The motion carried unanimously.

Mr. Hart obtained an order for the return of the fees received by the County Judges when acting as Judges of the Surrogate Courts.

On motion of the Attorney-General the bills for the relief of co-operative associations, and making provisions respecting Coroners' inquests, were read a second time.

A Plea for the Dogs.

To the Editor of the Whig.

SIR,—Permit me to enter my protest, in the strongest terms I can command, against the threat which I observe intimated in your paper last evening, to the effect that it is intended to destroy, after a certain date, dogs without medals. I consider such a proceeding inhuman, barbarous and unjust to the last degree, short of destroying innocent human beings; and as all such proceedings are it would be demoralizing to the community. We don't want a repetition of the scenes which caused so much indignation and suffering in Toronto last year when faithful and valuable dogs were robbed of their medals that they might be done to death for the sake of a paltry gain, and when children had their cherished canine companions rudely torn from their grasp to be carried away to slaughter. We know that in the case of Dean Grassett's dog the result of such proceedings cost the city an amount equal to the tax paid on many dogs. There is not the slightest excuse or necessity for such barbarous measures. The dogs, generally, are no nuisance in our city—not half so much so as some of its human inhabitants, and the dog by-law at present in force does not in the least prevent the ravages of savage dogs when people choose to keep and pay for them.

I, myself, suffered the great pain last year of having a faithful and affectionate dog killed by the attack of a savage brute, which I doubt not, had been duly paid for. But *that* fact did not save *my* dog's life, or console me for his loss! And because I know what a real grief it is to lose a faithful canine friend I protest against the destruction of *harmless* dogs simply because their owners may, through poverty or any other cause, have omitted to supply them with a medal. If the dog tax, unjusts as I consider it, *must* be enforced, there are other ways of doing so. Let the owners be fined, where they are able to pay. And where they *are no*, what particular good will it do the city to rob the poor man of his dog, one of the few friends that brighten his life!

But some people will say the poor man has no business to keep a dog. Certainly not if he robs his children to do it. But there are many homes where the children gladly divide their crusts with their four footed friends, and where the dogs thrive well enough on the bones that fall from the children's table, where yet, in the present hard times, it would not be easy to scrape together a dollar to pay the dog tax, and civic authorities—hard-hearted as ye are commonly supposed to be—if ever when you were boys were ambitious of civic paternity you had a dog or any other animal pet—for the sake of your own past selves refuse to be accessory to any such oppressive measures. We hear a great deal in these days about the duty of increasing the sum of human happiness. Well, in this point of view, a treatment of slaughtered dogs would be a poor gainer to the city, compared with the suffering of their owners from the loss of the living ones! There is not so *much* happiness in the world that we need be anxious to abridge the little there is! And the poor man does not have such a specially good time of it in general that we need be so desirous to increase his burdens or lessen his pleasures.

I do not forget the importance of protecting defenceless sheep from the fangs of savage dogs. But this end will hardly be attained by demolishing a lot of inoffensive small dogs, and the owners of large and valuable ones will in most cases take measures to save them. The sheep difficulty requires some much more efficient remedy than the present dog-tax, which doesn't meet it at *all*.

I consider it unworthy of a free country to say that no man may keep a dog, be it ever so inoffensive, unless he can pay a dollar for the privilege! I would pay ten or twenty dollars, willingly, to save the life of my dog, if I had it to give; but if I had it not, although a peaceable, law-abiding citizen, I should consider it no wrong to resist to the utmost of my physical strength the murder of my dog for such a cause.

Yours, etc.,

A FRIEND TO THE POOR MAN'S DOG

Jan. 20th, 1880.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

Condensed for the "Whig" To-day.

—Some ministers may be expected to throw themselves into the contest in Cornwall.

—The *Times* says the consolidation of the Union Pacific and Kansas Pacific RR. has been agreed upon.

—It is the practice of the Toronto unlicensed liquor sellers to pay some one else to bear their punishment for them.

—An unknown gentleman sent $700 to Rev. Howard Crosby, New York, to be credited to the United States Conscience Fund.

—Bishop Littlejohn has prohibited Rev. W. J. Sparks, an English Episcopal clergyman, from conducting services for a small congregation in Brooklyn. Sparks is an ultra High Churchman.

—Robert Simpson and John Priest, while shooting rats in their store on Nassau street, New York, yesterday wounded Charles Murtagh, employed on the floor underneath. Murtagh may die.

—Miss Mollie Granger, a leading actress at Haverly's Theatre, New York, fell in a swoon on the stage last night, while playing in the "Galley Slave," and had to be sent home.

—York County Council has petitioned the Legislature for amendments to municipal code respecting the liability of corporations for accidents resulting from roads being out of repair.

—A resident of Don Mount, having occasion to take up a part of the flooring in his kitchen last week, discovered the body of a female child in an advanced state of decomposition.

MONTREAL.

Silk Making—Railway Questions—Harbour Improvements, etc.

Montreal, Jan. 20.—The Canada Silk Manufacturing Co. is being formed here with a capital of $50,000.

Ex-Governor Wetmore, of Florida, who has resided here since the American war broke out, died yesterday at the advanced age of 90 years. He was born in Alexandria, Virginia.

A public meeting was held in Huntingdon yesterday, and a delegation was appointed to confer with the Montreal and Champlain Railway Co., the corporation of Montreal and the parties applying for a railway charter from Point Fam to Montreal, on the question of railway extension.

The *Gazette* editorially says: There is probably no more important commercial question before the people of Montreal than that of increasing the advantages of the port as a depot for the receipt and shipment of the grain crop of the great West. The pressing necessity of the hour is the reduction of the port charges at Montreal, to be attained by the assumption by the Dominion Government of the cost of the deepening of the Lake St. Peter Channel, which now dissolves on the Harbor Commission of Montreal and the lowering as far as possible of the pilotage and tonage charges to this port. Next in importance comes the enlargement of the canal and construction of the Pacific Junction Railway to Sault Ste. Marie, there to connect with the line from St. Paul to the Saults.

THE 10TH ROYALS.

The "Mail" and Col. Stollery—Charges of Intrigue.

Toronto, Jan. 20.—The *Mail* of this morning has a severe article on the result of the recent inquiry into the charges against Col. Stollery, of the 10th Royals, which led to his resignation from the Regiment, and the dismissal of Captains Ralph Weston and Hill. The *Mail* holds that the three captains were unrighteously dismissed and calls for an investigation by the Militia Department at Ottawa. It alleges intrigue and irregular practices on the part of the Deputy Adjutant General, Col. Durie, who, it appears, refuses for some untold reason to recommend Major Shaw now senior officer of the Regiment to the promotion he is entitled to.

JAPAN.

Great Fire at Yokio Desolated Homes—Customs' Duties.

Yokohama, Jan. 20.—Public attention has been entirely absorbed by the disastrous conflagration of Tokio on December 26th. This is the third similar overwhelming calamity in seven years. Miles have been laid waste. Nearly fifteen thousand houses have been destroyed, and fifty thousand persons have been rendered destitute. A considerable part of the foreign district has been destroyed, including several missionary establishments and one church. The United States Legation had a narrow escape. Loss of life about one hundred.

Tokio, Jan. 20.—There is much surprise over the announced intention of Japan to fix higher custom's duties upon American than English imports. The remonstrances of the U. S. Minister will doubtless prove effective.

CHINA.

A New Influence at the Imperial Court.

Hong Kong, Dec. 24.—Chung How has just returned from St. Petersburg and now occupies the chief position of influence at the Imperial Court. He is a strong advocate of exclusive Chinese rights. Reports are circulated of new proposals for a treaty of amendments, all tending to resumption of a complete control over all parts by China, and the assertion of the same rights over foreign residents as over native subjects.

Owing to strong intercessions from foreign and private sources the barbarious sentences of mutilation, passed upon the surviving relatives of Yakub, exruler of Kasgaze, have been commuted to life imprisonment.

AMERICAN.

NEW YACHT.

Baltimore, Jan. 20.—Henri Say, who started on a trip round the world in the yacht 'Henrietta,' decided to remain in the United States until the completion of a new $200,000 yacht which he has ordered to be built here.

CONKLING'S CONFIDENCE.

New York, Jan. 20.—The *Herald's* Albany says it is reported here that Gen. Grant stated in Philadelphia that he no longer reposes any degree of confidence in Conkling which the Senator formerly enjoyed.

THE MEEKER MASSACRE.

The *Tribune* says Ouray told General Fisk yesterday that he would not consent to the removal of his people from Colorado. He looks upon the demand that he shall surrender those guilty of the Meeker massacre as an absurdity. Ouray thinks it a good plan for the Government to redeem its pledges to the Utes before they enter into further negotiations.

A BAD PRECEDENT.

The *World* says the action of the House of Representatives in allowing Dillon to speak in the Hall of Representations, was scarcely commented upon as a bad precedent. It may compromise the Government by seeming to endorse the Parnell movement.

CHARGED WITH SLANDER.

The *Sun* says Gen. Boynton and a newspaper correspondent intend to sue Gen. Sherman for slander, in charging Boynton with falsehood in connection with his criticism of the Sherman memoirs.

THE WAR CONTINUES.

State Government in Maine—Fusionist Backbone Stiffened—Missing Returns.

Augusta, Me., Jan. 20.—The machinists were at work all night on the safe in the Secretary's office. There were no valuable papers in it. It is believed that the election returns have been destroyed.

The *Herald's* Augusta special says the the Fusionist programme is understood to be for adjournment from to-morrow to some indefinite time, perhaps to the call of Governor Smith. It is believed that they will establish a regular Government with officers in the different departments. They possess the seal of State. The safe in the Secretary of State's office was broken open yesterday, but the seal was not found.

Boston, Jan. 20.—The *Herald's* Augusta special says: In the Republican House this morning a communication was received from White, of Winthrop, demanding an investigation of the charges of bribery against him. A special committee will investigate. Eugene Hale offered a resolution, declaring that the State Government had been fully established, and denouncing all other bodies, pretending to be part of the State Government, as unconstitutional. The events of yesterday have stiffened up the Fusionist backbone. Their Legislature shows fewer signs of decay than ever. This is a disappointment to the Republicans. The refusal to admit members, of whose rights to seats there is no doubt, when they went to the State House yesterday, has helped the Fusionists. It was just such a step as Smith and Pillsbury hoped would be taken. There has been a strong possibility before that Senator Strickland, who is a lawyer and has lawyer's respect for the opinion of the Supreme Court, would go into the Republican Legislature this week, but such was his feeling at being shut out of the State House yesterday that there is now very little danger of his leaving the Fusionists.

Augusta, Me., Jan. 20.—The Fusionist Legislature was called to order at ten o'clock in the Union Hall. Mr. Dickey said he had confidence that this body would be recognized as the legal Legislature by the Courts as well as by Congress. In fact he had assurance to this effect.

Augusta, Me., Jan. 20.—During the last week of Garcelon's administration he drew warrants on the Treasury without filing a voucher.

CABLEGRAMS.

News From Across the Ocean.

CERTAIN NOMINATION.

Madrid, Jan. 20.—Tereno, Minister of Foreign Affairs, will be nominated President of the Chamber of Deputies.

STATESMAN'S DEATH.

London, Jan. 20.—Jules Favre, an eminent French Statesman and Republican member of the Senate, and also member of the French Academy, died last night at Versailles, aged 71.

THE TAY BRIDGE.

The North British Railway is recovering from the Tay calamity, and it has been decided to re-build the bridge 20 feet lower than before.

LONDON PAUPERS.

The official report of the Poor Laws Board, which has just been issued, shows that there are 92,482 paupers in London, being an increase of 8,338 over the showing of last year.

HEALTH IMPROVING.

Naples, Jan. 20.—Wagner the composer is here with his health greatly improved.

RAILWAY SOLD.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—The Toledo, Peoria & Warsaw Railroad was sold under foreclosure, and purchased by a Committee of bondholders for $6,000,000.

MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKET.

Montreal, Jan. 20.

Flour—receipts 1300 bbls, sales 300; market quiet and steady. Quotations: Superior extra [illegible], extra superfine 6,10 to 6,15, fancy, 6,00 to 6,00, spring extra new ground, 5,90 to 5,95; superfine, 5,60 to 5,70; strong bakers' 6,20 to 6,40; fine 5,20 to 5,30; middlings 4,35 to 4,40; pollards 3,50 to 3,75; Ontario bags 2,90 to 3,00; city bags delivered 3,20 to 3,25.

Wheat per 60 lbs—No. 2 Canada spring 1,37 to 0,00; white winter 1,45.

Corn per 56 lbs [illegible] duty paid.

Peas per 66 lbs—00c to 80c.

Oats per 32 lbs—32c to 32c.

Barley per 48 lbs—45c to 60c.

Rye per 56 lbs—78c to 00,00.

Oatmeal per 200 lbs—4,60 to 4,70.

Cornmeal per 200 lbs—2,90 to 0,00.

Butter—Quiet and steady, Western 15c to 20c; Brockville and Morrisburg 17c to 21c; Eastern Townships 20c to 23c; creameries and selection 26c to 27c.

Cheese—12c to 13½c.

Pork—mess $17,00 to $18,00.

Lard—10c to 11½c for tubs and pails.

Dressed hogs per 100 lbs—6,40 to 6,80.

Bacon—8½c to 9½c.

Hams—11 to 12c.

Ashes per 100 lbs—pots dull, lower, firsts 4,25 to 4,35; pearls nominal.

ERIN GO BRAGH

ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY.

The Members of the above Society are urgently requested to attend a meeting at St. Patrick's Hall on WEDNESDAY EVG, the 21st inst., in relation to the question of Irish relief.

R. J. BOWES,
Secretary.

Jan. 10th, 1880.

Felice Bertolini

SALSAMENTARIO.

Has begun business in PISATI'S OLD STAND, lately occupied by Vanarnam.

Bolognas, Ham, Bacon and Pork of the choicest on hand in quantities.

Sausages Always

O'N HAND.

Dec. 28th. 1879.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

THE Subscriber acknowledges with thanks the receipt of $10, donated to the Benevolent Fund of the Fire Department, by Mrs. Jenkins, who also supplied the Brigade with refreshments during the fire.

EDWIN HORSEY,
Chief Fire Department.

Jan. 20th, 1880.

To Let.

THE SHOP and premises in the Masonic Building, lately occupied by James Donoghue. Apply to Macdonnell & Mudie, Solicitors, Clarence Street.

Jan. 19th, 1880.

FOR SALE.

GOLD MIRROR for sale. A very Handsome one, Cheap for Cash. Enquire at this office.

Jan. 20th, 1880.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, Jan. 20.

Stocks fluctuating.

Cotton quiet at 15¾.

Flour quiet; receipts 13,000, sales 9,000; 4,80 to 5,25 super state and western; 5,40 to 5,80 common to choice extra state; 5,40 to 5,90 do western; rye flour dull at 5,00 to 5,10.

Wheat—spring quiet, nominal; winter shade better; fairly active; receipts 30,000; sales 532,000; No. 1 white Feb. 1,40½.

Rye dull, at 92½ to 93 state and Canada.

Corn quiet; receipts 28,000, sales 48,000 at 56½ to 62.

Barley dull; two rowed state 72 to 74; six rowed do 80 to 84; No. 1 Canada 97 to 1,00; No. 2 do do bright 1,05 to 1,08.

Oats firm; receipts 15,000; sales 25,000 at 47 to 48½ mixed western and state; 46½ to 49½ white do.

Pork firm at 12.75.

Lard firm at 7,97½.

Cheese 10 to 14.

OSWEGO MARKETS.

Oswego, Jan. 20.

Wheat—steady; white state 1,40; red 1,40.

Corn—steady; Mixed Western 57 to 58.

Barley firm but quiet; No. 1 bright Canada held at 1,00; No. 1 Canada 90; No. 2 Canada above grade 82.

Rye—Quiet and scarce; Canada nominally 88 in bond.

Flour—No. 1 spring 7 to 7,25; amber winter at 7,25 to 7,50; white winter at 7,50 to 7,75; double extra 7,50 to 8,00; new process at 8,00 to 9,00; Graham 7,25 to 7,50.

Mill feed—shorts 19 to 20; shipstuffs 21 to 21; middlings 22 per ton.

Cornmeal per ton—bolted 25; unbolted 24.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, Jan. 20.

Bank of Montreal—136 1-2, 136; sales—76 at 1-2.

Merchants' Bank—86 1-2, 85 3-4; sales—10 at 6, 1 at 1-4.

Bank of Commerce—115, 114 1-4; sales—3 at 1-2, 2 at 3-4.

Ontario Bank—71, 70 1-4.

Bank of Toronto—12[illegible],000.

Molson's Bank—78, 74.

Exchange Bank—60, 25.

Montreal Tel. Co 91, 90; sales—100 at 90.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—Wheat—244 Feb., 25 March., Corn 43¾ bid May. Pork 12 82½ Feb.; 12 97½ March.

REMINDERS.

TUESDAY.

AUCTION sale of Clothing 7:30 p.m.

PAY your gas account.

MEETING of Bible Society—7:30 p.m.

GEORGIA Minstrels at Opera House at 8 p.m.

WEDNESDAY.

MEETING of St. Patrick's Society in their Hall—7:30 p.m.

MEETING of Frontenac Agricultural Society—2 p.m.

MEETING of Kingston Electoral Division Agricultural Society—7 p.m.

LECTURE by Rev. Joseph Young in M. E. Church at 8 p.m.

OPERA HOUSE.

Tuesday, Jan. 20th.

Sprague's Original

GEORGIA MINSTRELS.

25 Colored Stars 25
10 Great Comedians 10
6 Song and Dance Artists 6
6 Famous Clog Dancers 6
6 Boss End Men 6

All Appearing in an Entire New and Novel Programme.

Admission 25, 35 and 50 Cts. Seats on sale at Woods' Bookstore

Jan 19th, 1880.

CITY OF KINGSTON.

APPLICATIONS will be received at the City Clerk's Office until

Monday Next, the 26th Inst.,

AT NOON.

From Competent Persons Desirous of being appointed City Assessor,

Whose duty it will be when not engaged as such Assessor to assist the Treasurer in his Office. Salary not to exceed $700.00 By order.

M. FLANAGAN,
City Clerk

Jan. 20th, 1880.

COUNTY OF FRONTENAC.

PERSONS having accounts against the County Council are notified that the particulars thereof must be sent to the undersigned for examination not later than 12, noon, of FRIDAY the 23rd inst. Accounts not so sent in will be laid over until the June session.

By order.

F. ELKINGTON,
County Clerk.

Court House, Jan. 20th, 1880.

Y.P.L.A. ENTERTAINMENT

—ON—

Monday Ev'g, 26th Inst.,

In the Lecture Room of Sydenham Street Methodist Church, at which, besides an excellent musical programme, JOHN TRENAMAN, Esq., will give a LECTURE on

TELEGRAPHY.

Practically illustrated and made especially interesting by numerous experiments. Admission 10c.; 7:30 sharp.

Jan. 20th, 1880.

NEW BARBER SHOP.

MR. J. A. THEOBALD desires to inform the citizens of Kingston and vicinity that he has opened a First Class Hair Dressing and Shaving Parlor, next door to Mr. S. Woods' Bookstore, Wellington Street, and having had an extensive experience and intending to do all in his power to please his customers trusts he will receive his share of patronage. My business, since opening, has increased to such an extent that I have added another member to the staff, and will now be able to oblige all comers.

J. A. THEOBALD.

Dec. 12th, 1879.

MONEY

TO LOAN

IN LARGE OR SMALL SUMS

ON EASY TERMS.

THOMAS BRIGGS,
Manager Frontenac Loan and Investment Society.

Sept., 1879.

PAY your water account and save discount.

Important to Everybody.

The Low Prices we are Selling every Description of

Fancy and Staple Dry Goods.

Good Winceys 5c, 6c, 8c and 10c per yard.

Good Lustres 10c, 12½c, 15c and 20c per yard.

Good quality Fancy Dress Goods 10c, 12½c and 15c per yard.

Handsomely Trimmed Black Cloth Jackets from $2 each.

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES, the balance of our stock of Camel's Hair Cloakings and English Beaver Cloths.

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES, our stock of Table Linens, Napkins, Towellings, Sheetings.

AT REDUCED PRICES, our stock of Cottons, Flannels and Blankets.

Sales for cash.

Strictly one price.

R. & J. GARDINER

Kingston, Jan. 16th, 1880.

TENDERS.

THE Governors of the Kingston Hospital will receive Tenders until NOON of the 31st JANUARY for the supply of Bread and Meat for one year from the 1st of February, 1880.

Separate Tenders required for each article. The Bread to be of the best quality, made of the best White Wheaten Flour, and to be delivered daily at the Hospital in such quantity as may be required. Tenders to state the price per 4 lb loaf.

The Meat, Beef and Mutton to be of the best quality, and to be delivered daily at the Hospital in such quantity and of such description as may be required. Tenders to state the price per lb for Beef and Mutton.

Payments made by the Board Monthly.

J. K. CLARK,
Secretary.

Jan. 14th, 1880.

FARM FOR SALE.

In the Matter of B. DORLAND SCOUTAN, Lunatic, now in the Asylum for the Insane, Kingston.

The undersigned is instructed by J. W. Langmuir, Esquire, Inspector of Asylums, Prisons, and Public Charities for Ontario, and committee of the said B. Dorland Scoutan, to receive TENDERS at the Asylum for the Insane, Kingston, until

Monday, 2nd February, 1880,

For the purchase of the undivided interest of the said B. Dorland Scoutan in that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying, and being in the Township of Ernesttown, in the County of Lennox and Addington, containing by admeasurement One Hundred Acres, be the same more or less, being composed of the West half of Lot No. Twenty two in the Sixth Concession of the said Township of Ernesttown, the said B. Dorland Scoutan being entitled to an undivided one-half share or interest in the fee simple of the said One Hundred Acres of land, free from all incumbrances.

☞ Tenders to state cash offers, or one-fourth cash, and the balance in one and two years.

WM. ANGLIN,
Bursar.

Bursar's Office, Asylum for the Insane, Kingston, Jan. 5th, 1880.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

Ready Made Clothing, Cloths, Tweeds, &c.

I HAVE received instructions from Mr D. McKay to sell at his store, Brock Street, commencing on TUESDAY EVENING at 7:30 o'clock, The Stock consists of Fine Coats, Overcoats, Pea Jackets, Pants, Vests, Shirts, Hats, Caps, Gents' Furnishings, &c. As the sale is without reserve it will be a good chance for parties to lay in a stock.

Terms Cash

Sale each evening at 7:30.

J. F. HUTCHESON,
Auctioneer.

Jan. 15, 1880.

DANIEL REILLY,

VIOLINIST,

Has opened a School for the proper education of pupils on the Violin. His text books will comprise gems from the great masters Paganini, Ole Bull, Ernst, Campagnolio, and Spehr, giving the touch and style peculiar to each class of music.

He is also Secretary to a Quadrille Orchestra, which may be engaged at No. 49, Princess Street, Kingston

Dec. 17, 1879.

FOR SALE.

THOSE TWO FINE DOUBLE BRICK HOUSES on the South side of Princess Street, between Nelson and Albert Streets, each Dwelling containing Eight Rooms, Hard and Soft Water, Yards, Stables and Sheds. Also, FIVE BUILDING LOTS on Nelson Street, planted with Fruit and Ornamental Trees, and EIGHT LOTS in one block on Victoria Street, the whole enclosed with good strong fences. Enquire of R. CARNOVSKY, Williamsville, for terms and particulars.

Jan, 17th, 1880.

Kingston Bible Society.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Kingston Auxiliary to the British and Foreign Bible Society will be held (D.V.) on TUESDAY EVENING NEXT, Jan. 20th, in St Andrew's Hall, at 7:30. Addresses will be delivered by Rev. F. W. Kirkpatrick, Rev. W. Jackson, and Very Rev. Principal Grant. A collection will be taken up on behalf of the Society. The public are cordially invited to attend

Kingston, Jan. 16th, 1880.

CATARAQUI BRIDGE CO.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Cataraqui Bridge Company will be held at the City Council Chamber, on MONDAY, the 26th of January, inst., at the hour of 2 o'clock, for receiving the Annual Reports and for the purpose of appointing Directors.

JOHN SHAW,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Kingston, Jan 15th, 1880.

MILK! MILK!!

THE LAKE SHORE DAIRY

Is prepared to deliver promptly at all parts of the city a supply of pure fresh Milk at 6 cents per Imperial qt. Orders left with driver or addressed to P.O. Box 758, Kingston will be attended to.

S. S. BAKER,
Proprietor.

Jan. 14, 1880.

COUNTY OF FRONTENAC AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

THE Annual Meeting of the above Society will be held in the Council Chamber, City Buildings, on WEDNESDAY, the 21st INST., at 2 o'clock p.m., to elect officers for the current year, and other business.

THOMAS MILLS,
Secretary.

Kingston, Jan. 2nd, 1880.

WM. DAVIS,

THE CELEBRATED PLANET READER,

Is the Seventh Son of a Seventh Son. No charge whatever. Will give perfect satisfaction to the public. 94 Place d'Armes (near the Haymarket.)

Kingston, Nov. 12th, 1879.

LONDON

PARCELS

RECEIVED

—AT—

HENDERSON'S

BOOKSTORE.

Containing the Latest English Magazines, Young Lady's Journal for February, &c., &c.

ATLASES

—AND—

GEOGRAPHIES.

Collegiate Atlas.
Student's do
Classical do
Lovell's New Geography,
Campbell's Geographies,
&c., &c.,

—AT—

HENDERSON'S.

WONDERFULLY CHEAP

RE-PRINTS.