Incorporated Synod of Ontario.

Eleventh Session to be held in the City of Kingston, Tuesday, June 4th, 1872. The following are the official notices of motion as brought before the Executive Committee at its recent meeting:—

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

By the Rev. R. Lewis—That the Secretaries of Synod be instructed to see that all the Revised Canons that have been confirmed by the Synod be printed in the next annual Report.

By the Rev. S. Tighe—That sections 10 and 11 of Canon XIII, be amended.

By Dr. Henderson—1. That permission be given to the Incumbent and Churchwardens of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Hawkesbury, to sell the present parsonage house and land attached, and apply the proceeds towards the erection of a parsonage in a more suitable locality nearer the Church, and that the Lord Bishop is hereby authorized to execute, on behalf of the Synod, the necessary deed to the purchaser.

2. That the several amendments to the Canons from No. 7 to No 29 inclusive, made at the last Session of the Synod and set out in the Journal of that Synod from page 884 to 897 inclusive, be confirmed.

That the Canons with the various Acts of Parliament affecting ecclesiastical rights in this Province, and forms of grants and trusts for church purposes be printed and bound up with the Journal of Synod for 1872.

II. By the Rev. R. Lewis—1. Resolved—That as the Bishop of this Diocese, on account of delicate health, is unable to attend to the duties of his office as effectually as he could wish, it is desirable that a Coadjutor Bishop should at once be appointed, and that in electing him the Synod shall be guided by the Canon on the Election of Bishops, save only that the Coadjutor when elected shall not be obliged to resign his parish, and this Synod pledges itself to pay all travelling expenses of said Coadjutor incurred in the performance of his duty within the Diocese. And that as soon as the Bishop has given security that he will provide and pay a Curate for the clergyman elected (provided he has not one already), this Synod shall proceed to elect a Coadjutor. Should the Archdeacon be elected, he shall resign his Archdeaconry before his consecration. The clergyman elected shall, after his consecration, be styled the Bishop of Frontenac, but on the avoidance of the See of Ontario the Coadjutor shall not become the Bishop of Ontario unless duly elected thereto by the Clergy and Laity of the Diocese.

2. Resolved—That the salary of each and every paid official of this Synod shall be fixed by the same, and that no committee shall have power to add to or diminish from it.

3. Resolved—That the salary of the Clerical Secretary be increased $200 to meet the loss he will sustain by the passage of the last resolution.

4. Resolved—That the Bishop be requested to appoint annually a preacher in every County of this Diocese, whose duty it shall be to preach the four annual sermons in every parish or mission of his County where the Incumbent of a parish or mission requests his services and provides by exchange or otherwise for the Sunday services of the preacher.

5. Resolved—That it shall be the duty of the Secretaries of this Synod to see that all Acts of Parliament printed in any former Reports together with the Acts relating to the sale of Rectory Lands, also all Forms of Conveyance, Forms of Trust, Declaration, Constitution, Order of Proceedings, Rules for the Preservation of order, Revised Canons, and resolutions adopted shall be collected out of all the printed Reports of this Synod, and printed in the next Report with the appendix.

III. By the Archdeacon—That sub-section No. 2 of section No. 5 of Canon 16 be repealed, and the following section substituted.

That the missions be divided into the five following classes, who will receive a sum not exceeding the sum respectively specified in each class—

Class No. 1, $100; Class No. 2, $150; No. 3, $200; Class No. 4, $250; Class No. 5, $300.

That there be appointed by the Mission Board at its first meeting a standing sub-committee, consisting of three clergymen and three laymen, to be called the Classification Committee, which shall meet previous to the meeting of the Mission Board in the month of May, to classify the Missions for the ensuing year, and report thereon to the Mission Board.

IV. By the Rev. J. A. Preston—That the members of the Synod have heard with pleasure that the Mission Board of the Diocese has recommended that such offerings as are made towards the Mission Fund from Sunday Schools in the Diocese should be devoted to the employment of a Missionary to be supported, either wholly or in part, by the offerings of the Sunday Scholars of the Diocese, and that this action of the Mission Board commends itself to the members of the Church in this Diocese, and they beg most cordially to urge upon their brethren throughout the Diocese the duty of co-operating in this good work.

V. By the Rev. J. Stannage—That whereas a difference of opinion has arisen between the members of the "Divinity Students' Fund Committee," respecting applicants for aid from that fund, it shall be understood that the Committee shall not refuse aid to applicants to enable them to pursue their studies with a view to enter a University; or even to those who may possibly not be able to enter a University, so long as such applicants have been admitted by the Bishop as candidates for Holy Orders.

VI. By the Rev. J. J. Bogert—A petition from the Rector and Churchwardens of St. Mary Magdalene's Church, Napanee, for permission to sell the present Parsonage.

VII. By the Rev F. L. Stephenson—That all reports of committees be printed so as to circulated among the members of the Synod on the first day of each session.

VIII. By R. V. Rogers—That application be made to the proper Legislature in that behalf for an act to amend chap 16, of 29-30 Vic, (sale of Rectory Lands) and for the removal of certain doubts with respect thereto.

XI. By the Rev. J. W. Burke—Resolved—That this Synod, recognising the great duty of aiding in the extension of Christ's Kingdom throught the world, and deeply sensible of the debt of gratitude due to the Venerable Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, for the generous assistance for so many years past granted to the Missions of this Diocese, wishes to avail itself of the privilege of contributing to the Funds of the Society. It is therefore resolved hereby that per cent of all Funds annually collected for the support of Missions in this Diocese, and also per cent of the interest arising from the Sustentation Fund in this Diocese be forwarded by the Secretary of this Synod to the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel as a Thank Offering to Almighty God, and as a small token of grateful acknowledgment to the Society to whose fostering care the Church in this Diocese is so deeply indebted.

JOTTINGS FROM OTTAWA.

Ottawa, May 20.—It is the common topic of conversation that the Opposition are thoroughly demoralized, and without any confidence in the discretion of their leaders. The Maritime representatives have entirely drifted away from them on account of the strong feeling in their Provinces against Mr Mackenzie and his friends. Messrs Jones and Anglin are the only men who cling to the Grits. The former will never be returned again for Halifax on account of his partizan action on the Treaty, so strongly in contrast to Mr Power's manly course.

Mr Colby's bill for the repeal of the Insolvency Laws will meet with the most determined opposition in the Senate and will probably be rejected.

The Treaty will pass the Senate without trouble. It is questionable if the Opposition in that branch will divide the House on the question. After the prolonged discussion and immense majority in the Commons, the leading Senators feel that their duty to the country at large demands their willing acquiescence in a measure of such national importance.—*Mail.*

I believe it may be taken for granted that the distribution of seats in Ontario will consist in the allotment of an additional member to the following constituencies respectively, viz: Toronto, Hamilton, Ottawa, Grey, Huron and North Simcoe, with Muskoka. There certainly appears no just cause for giving additional representation to Hamilton, or Ottawa either, so far as their own boundaries, or the countries of which they form a part, are concerned. There are undoubtedly other constituencies which, if a numerical equality is to be sought for, would have a far stronger claim. No attempt will be made to obtain a fairer adjustment of representation than exist at present, by uniting two or more constituencies in which as in the case of Cornwall or Niagara, the population is greatly below the average.

It is settled that the Hon. Mr Morris will be appointed Lieut-Governor of Manitoba immediately after the prorogation of the House, and that Mr O'Connor, of Essex, will be at once sworn in as his successor in the Cabinet. Mr Daniel O'Connor and Mr Tallion, both Barristers of the city, will be candidates in the event of an additional member being given to Ottawa.—*Globe.*

Several of the Ontario opposition are about leaving for their homes. The vote on the treaty has utterly dispersed them and they are giving up the work in despair.

Rumour has it that Mr Dorion has signified his intention to retire into private life, and that he will not therefore present himself for re-election.

THE MISSOURI MURDER.—CONFESSION OF PHŒBE CAMPBELL.

London, May 20.—The murderess, Phœbe Campbell, has confessed to the crime of murdering her husband, and her confession has been forwarded by the Crown Attorney to the Attorney-General. It covers eight pages of foolscap, and was given to the Sheriff on Saturday evening, all in her own handwriting. She commences by saying that the conduct of her husband was very bad, that she had been used harshly for some time previous to the deed, and that he was jealous of her, &c., which made her quite hate him. She told Coyle of this, and he sympathised with her, and took her part, and said she had got to love him, and he would do all in his power for her. Finally Coyle suggested that they would get along well together, and asked her, if he made her a free woman, would she marry him? She did not give him a decided answer then. This occurred two months previous to the murder. At first they thought of poisoning. Campbell by putting poison, which they had purchased, into his food, but this did not succeed, and it was then determined to kill him. Coyle, she says, bought a pistol, in St. Marys, as was supposed. She states that Coyle and her made it up to shoot Campbell on the Wednesday before the deed was committed, but that she got frightened, and went to bed and fell asleep, and frustrated the attempt at that time. The next day Coyle saw her and asked her why she had not waited for him, as she had promised; that he, Coyle had went round the house but found they were asleep. At this interview it was agreed that the murder should take place on the Friday. On that evening Campbell, she says, read his Bible, said his prayers, and after chatting there some time, went to bed at about ten o'clock, while she sat up and sewed some clothing. Before Coyle came, which was about 11 o'clock, she says she gave the child the breast, and on a signal being given, she knew Coyle was out there, and went outside and spoke to him some time. In the course of this conversation, they talked about how the deed should be done. He wanted her to fire the pistol. She replied that she was afraid and could not. It was then agreed that he should discharge the pistol. Previous to going out, she had put the light out, and the house was all dark. The two then went in, and Coyle tried to fire the pistol, but it would not go off. He then said he would get the axe, and went towards the cupboard for that purpose. He got it from under the cupboard, and struck him on the head with the blunt side of it. Campbell, after this blow, managed to get up off the bed and struggled desperately around the house with Coyle, for some time on the floor, and eventually got towards the door. While in this position Coyle appeared to be getting the better of deceased, who was becoming weak from loss of blood, and determined to finish the horrible affair. He then told her to get the butcher knife and cut his throat, the two men being at that time clutched together. Coyle, when she approached him, took the knife from her, and drew it across Campbell's throat. (The prisoner is very particular on this point, and reiterates that Campbell's throat was cut at this time, and not as the doctors said, some time afterwards.) Campbell then fell on the floor, and was not moved. She persists in saying that there was no light in the house while the deed was being committed. Coyle, after murdering Campbell, went outside and washed himself, and after doing so came in and lit a match to see if there was any blood on his face or clothing. Coyle then went away to her father's. She states that she was never in bed that night. Coyle's clothes were concealed for a short time, and were afterwards burned. After Coyle had gone a short time, she went out into the field and gave the alarm. She says that neither her father nor mother, nor any of the family, knew anything about it. She also states that Coyle told her he got out through the window in her father's house that night, and reached the ground by a ladder.

The confession is signed "Mrs. Phœbe Campbell."

MDLLE. ALBANI.

Few artists in our time have achieved a more unqualified success, both Continental and English, than the gifted young French Canadian lady whose assumed name appears at the head of this notice. Being the first Canadian who has ever obtained celebrity on the lyric stage, the history of her professional career and the evidences of the universal popularity she has attained must be of interest to our readers. Mdlle. Emma la Jeanesse (belonging to the old Acadian family of that name, immortalised in Longfellow's "Evangeline") was educated in the Convent of the Sacre Cœur at Montreal, having been previously trained in the study of music by her father (himself a skilled musician). Her musical talents having attracted more attention than the good sisters considered conducive to the peace of the convent, she was eventually sent to Europe to complete her instruction in the science. Under the care of Baroness Lafitte, she studied for some years with the famous Duprez, and afterwards under the old Maestro Lamberti, of Milan, who, when he heard her, exclaimed, with reference to her reluctance to go on the stage: "Ah! there is a fortune in that little throat, but there is only one way to find it." Eventually, her scruples being overcome, she made her debut at Messina under her present name, in 1870, with such success that at the end of the first act she was engaged for the Opera at Malta.

Then her beautiful voice, appearance, and finished acting created so much sensation among the Maltese, English residents, and travellers, that the fame of the "Sweet Canadian Nightingale," reached England. Mr Gye, the Director of the Royal Italian Opera, was most desirous of securing the services of Mdlle. Albani at once, but as soon as he heard her in rehearsal, re-considered the matter, and to insure the eclat which his practised judgment told him must await the debut of such talent, postponed the engagement until the commencement of a new season. Last winter Mdlle. Albani sang in the Theatre of "La Pergola" at Florence, before the most critical audience of Italy, to whom she was heralded by a message from the old maestro "that he was sending them the most accomplished musician, and the most finished singer in style, that ever left his studio." Her reception thoroughly confirmed the opinion of her maestro.

The Italian press re-echoed her praises, and the Opera of "Mignon," before condemned in four different theatres in Italy, was converted into a complete success in her hands. Her debut in London has proved far more successful than even Mr Gye could have anticipated; and the charm of her voice and manner is universally acknowledged. We trust her star may continue in the ascendant, and that at some future day, she may be induced to revisit her native home, and that we Canadians may share the pleasure her talents are now giving our friends and relatives in the old country.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

Present—The Hon. Chief Justice Hagarty, and Mr Justice Gwynne.

Storms vs. Canada Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Co.—Mr Britton (Kingston) obtained a rule *nisi* to set aside the verdict entered for the defendant upon one of the pleas herein, to which the plaintiff had already successfully demurred. The judgment in demurrer was inadvertently omitted from the record as entered for trial, and the issue was determined in favour of the defendant.

THE REVENUE.

Statement of the Revenue and Expenditure of the Dominion of Canada for the month ended 30th April, 1872:

Revenue:	Amount.
Customs	$1,071,730 31
Excise	352,496 84
Post Office	57,730 48
Public Works, including railways	26,298 57
Bill Stamps	9,283 92
Miscellaneous	166,279 22
Total	$1,683,819 31
Expenditure	$1,963,867 72

In Washington County, Kentucky, a few days ago a man named Lovell placed a pistol in the hands of his little son, aged 7 years, and ordered him to shoot his (Lovell's) step daughter, who was an idiot and caused much trouble. The boy fired, but missed the idiot and struck another sister, inflicting a mortal wound. There is much excitement against Lovell, who escaped.

Forty thousand men rose in rebellion recently in Japan, with the object of seizing the Emperor and then exterminating the foreigners. The Government discovered the plot, and frustrated the objects of the leaders by simply knocking off their heads—a process which is very effective.

Violins of Cremona (Straduarins) commanded enormous prices at a recent sale in London. They belonged to the collection of the late Mr Gillott, the steel pen manufacturer. One of the instruments was sold for $800, another for $970, and still another for $1,450. Several violincellos were also disposed of at high prices. The whole collection, comprising one hundred and fifty-two specimens, realized $21,000.

It is now some thirty years since Joseph Gillott began to "make the people steel pens" and some twenty-five since he succeeded in persuading them "they did write." The fortune since gradually accumulated has been largely invested in works of art, for though it is said that Gillott was so illiterate that even the signature on his pens, "without which none is genuine," was not written by him, yet he had a true eye for a picture and a true love of painting. Since 1840 some of the greatest of British artists have flourished, and from all the greatest he bought pictures. At his recent death his gallery contained nearly 600 examples of all schools. The story goes that when he visited Turner, the artist would have refused him admittance; but Mr Gillott, who knew Turner's weakness, hastened to draw a roll of notes from his pockets, and spreading them in their thousands on the table, "I want to change some of our Birmingham pictures for some of yours, Mr Turner." We need hardly say his Turners were of the finest. But he is dead, and they are all to be sold. The first part was sold at Christy's on the 19th of April.

Fishing in a Contribution Box.—Sunday while the morning services were in progress at St. Patrick's Cathedral, the sexton observed a lad absorbed in some occupation near the contribution box in the vestry. The boy had two sticks about a foot long, sharpened at the ends and inserting these in the box and using them as nippers, he was fishing out the shinplasters inside—appropriating to his own use what was given to the Lord. The sacrilegious youth was Edward Dougherty who has twice within a few weeks been arrested for burglary and then released on bail. The last time he was detected in the act, and so severely beaten with a club that as he lay on a bench in the police office bleeding from a dozen wounds in the head, it was hardly possible not to pity him. He was caught yesterday before he had finished anything up. He confessed that a companion, who had on previous Sundays angled successfully in the box, had explained the art to him, telling him also where the sticks were lying in readiness for the sport. The other lad obtained ten dollars at his last haul and more previously. Dougherty was locked up, and will now be allowed to go to the house of refuge. His instructor will probably be arrested and dealt with according to the culpability rather than the ingenuity of his device.—*Rochester Democrat.*

For Coughs, Colds and Throat Disorders, use Brown's Bronchial Troches, having proved their efficacy by a test of many years.—*Adv.*

We should not hesitate to recommend to any friend of ours Parsons' Purgative Pills; they are scientifically prepared, and are adapted to all the purposes of a good purgative medicine.—*Adv.*

Decidedly the best remedy that has ever been discovered for rheumatism, swollen or stiff joints, flesh wounds, sprains, bruises, cuts and burns, is Johnson's Anodyne Liniment. We use it, and always recommend it to our friends.—*Adv.*

SPECIAL NOTICE.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world. The only True and Perfect Dye. Harmless, Reliable, and Instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints, or unpleasant odour. Remedies the ill effects of bad dyes and washes. Produces immediately a superb Black or Natural Brown, and leaves the hair clean, soft and beautiful. The genuine signed W. A. Batchelor's. Sold by all Druggists. Factory, 16 Bond Street, N.Y.

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated 1819, Charter Perpetual.

Cash Capital, $3,000,000.00.

LOSSES PAID IN 52 YEARS ... $29,000,000 00

Assets—July 1, 1871 (at market value).

Cash on hand and in Bank	893,815 43
Real Estate	253,319 14
Mortgage Bonds	989,000 00
Bank Stock	1,486,171 00
United States, State and City Stock and other Public Securities	2,425,072 50
Total	$6,047,378 07
LIABILITIES.—Claims not due, and unadjusted	242,435 87

This Company has been doing business in Canada for nearly 50 years, and during that time has secured the public confidence by prompt and liberal settlement of every fair claim. It has fully complied with the laws of Canada by deposit with the Government of Stocks to the extent of $50,000, and is prepared to issue Policies on terms as low as the safety of the Assured will permit.

JAMES SWIFT, Agent, St. Lawrence Wharf.

Kingston, July 20, 1871.

Canadian Navigation Company

ROYAL MAIL THROUGH LINE.

CORSICAN	CAPT.	SINCLAIR.
SPARTAN	"	DUNLOP.
CORINTHIAN	"	FARRELL.
PASSPORT	"	SIMPSON.
MAGNET	"	BAILEY.
KINGSTON	"	CARMICHAEL.

ONE of the Steamers of the above Line will leave Kingston for Toronto and Hamilton every afternoon (Monday excepted) at HALF-PAST FIVE o'clock. Also, one of the steamers will leave for Montreal every morning (Monday excepted) at HALF-PAST FIVE.

For passage Tickets apply at the Lake and River Steamboat Office, St. Lawrence Wharf, foot of Johnson Street.

C. H. HATCH, Agent.

Kingston, May 1st, 1872.

Kingston and Cape Vincent Ferry Route.

COMMENCING 15th inst., the Steamer WATERTOWN, Theor. Hinckley, Master, will leave Kingston all week days except Saturday) at 7 A.M., and on SATURDAYS at 8 A.M., to meet the 10:50 A.M. train for Rome and Oswego, &c., and

At 2:15 P.M., to meet the 5 P.M. Express Train for New York, Rome, Oswego, &c., and the Northern Transportation Co's Propellers for Oswego and all Western Ports.

RETURNING, will leave Cape Vincent at 10 A.M., on arrival of Express Train from New York, Rome, Oswego, &c., meeting the Grand Trunk trains going East and West and the Bay of Quinte Steamer, and

At 6:30 P.M., on arrival of trains from Rome, Oswego, &c., meeting the G.T.R. Night Trains for East and West and the Morning Steamhr for Montreal and Lower St. Lawrence.

For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to G. M. KINGHORN, Ferry Wharf, foot of Brock Street.

Kingston, May 14, 1872.

Kingston & Gananoque Route.

THE NEW IRON Steamer PIERREPONT, C. Hinckley, Jr., Master, will leave Kingston for Gananoque every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at 4 P.M.

RETURNING, will leave Gananoque every Wednesday and Saturday at 6:30 A.M. and 8 P.M.

For Freight or Passage apply on board or to G. M. KINGHORN, Ferry Wharf, foot of Brock Street.

Kingston, April 29, 1872.

1872.

Montreal and Ottawa Forwarding Co.

RIDEAU CANAL.

THE FIRST CLASS UPPER CABIN Steamer

LOUISE,

Captain James Stewart,

will run regularly between Kingston and Ottawa during the season as follows:—

Leave Ottawa on Monday and Thursday at A.M.

Leave Kingston on Tuesday and Friday at 3 P.M.

For Freight or Passage apply to JAMES SWIFT & CO., St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston.

April 10, 1872.

GENERAL TICKET AGENCY.

FOLGER BROS., Ontario Street, and foot of Brock Street. Tickets issued to all points at the very lowest rates *via* first-class routes—Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg Railroad; New York Central Railroad; New York Central and Hudson River Railroad; Oswego and Northern Syracuse Railroad.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA leaves on the 15th and 30th of each month. Steam weekly to QUEENSTOWN and LIVERPOOL.

May 6.

ATTENTION!

OF THOSE DESIRING TO SAVE MONEY, changes, trouble and expense, and enjoy the most comfort going West, is called to the

Vermont Central Steamers, N. T. CO.

Daily Line of 21 First Class Powerful Upper Cabin Steamers, leaving Ogdensburg every day (Sundays excepted) on arrival of Noon Trains, Through without change of boat to Oswego, Cleveland, Toledo, Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago, and Intermediate Ports.

☞ It is for the interest of every traveller, especially families moving West, to see the Agents of this Line before purchasing their Tickets.

☞ Through Tickets at the very lowest rates to all points West, North and Northwest, for sale by

FOLGER BROS., Agents, Foot of Brock Street.

May 6.

For Picton, Belleville, and Intermediate Ports.

THE FAVOURITE UPPER CABIN Steamer

ROCHESTER,

R. Crawford, Master,

Leaves Carruthers' Wharf every Afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

Returning—Leaves Belleville every Morning at 5 o'clock.

C. H. HATCH, Ticket Agent.

Kingston, May 2, 1872.

BLACKING MANUFACTORY.

EDWARD LAVERTY,

MANUFACTURER OF THE

Prize Blacking,

Waterproof Polishing Blacking

AND

LEATHER PRESERVATIVE.

Waterproof Harness Polishing Paste,

CHARLES STREET,

KINGSTON, ONT.

Feb. 29.

DR. HENRY B. EVANS, M.R.C.S., London. Office, 156 Princess Street.

WHOLESALE

STEAM CONFECTIONERY.

ESTABLISHED 1842.

Charles Alexander & Sons,

MANUFACTURERS OF

STEAM REFINED CONFECTIONERY, Lozenges, Gum Drops, Cream Bon Bons, Crystalized Fruits, Marmalade, Jams, &c. Also

Marriage Cake Ornaments,

Flowers, Wreaths, Leaves, Fancy Boxes of English, German and French make

Motto Papers Fringed, Mottoes, Horns of Plenty.

Druggists' Supplies in Stock and made to order.

387 & 391 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL.

April 13.

WIR RIGGING.

CAPT. WM. LEWIS, Sole Agent for Binks Brothers' Celebrated Double Charcoal Wire Rope. Gangs of Wire Rigging fitted complete with Hanks and Thimbles. Wire Rope by the Coil or cut in lengths to order,

At the Old Stand, Harty's Buildings, ONTARIO STREET.

Trusting from the quality of workmanship done in the past, combined with moderate charges, to merit a continuance of public support.

WM. LEWIS.

March 16, 1872.

Kingston Bottling Depot

HAS NOW ON HAND A LARGE STOCK of superior

ALES AND PORTER, in quarts and pints, from the best Brewers in the Dominion. Also English Ales and Porters.

BRANDIES, James Hennessay's, in wood or bottle; J. & F. Martell's, in wood or bottle; Pinet, Castillon & Co's, in wood or bottle. SUPERIOR OLD JAMAICA RUM.

GINS,—John De Kuyper & Son's, in wood or bottle.

OLD TOM GIN.—Bernard & Co's, in wood or bottle; Betts & Co's, in wood or bottle.

WINES,—SUPERIOR PORTS and SHERRIES.

WHISKIES,—Old Family Proof, Old Rye, Proof and Common Whiskeys, the best in the city, at REDUCED PRICES.

GEO. THOMPSON.

Feb. 5.

ALBION HOTEL,

Mill Street, Stirling,

JOHN ACKERS, Manager. First-class Commercial Rooms. Good Yards and Stabling.

March 30.

SAMUEL HARRIS

Montreal Clothing Store,

Corner of Princess and Wellington Streets.

GENTLEMEN are respectfully invited to call at the above address and inspect the immense stock of First Class Ready-Made Clothing, which has been prepared for the present season.

S. HARRIS. Summer Suits for Men and Boys in All Wool Tweeds of every shade and pattern.

S. HARRIS. Dress Suits for Men and Boys.

S. HARRIS. Summer Trousers for Men and Boys in Fancy Tweeds, Black Doeskins, &c.

S. HARRIS. Summer Vests for Men and Boys in Silk Mixtures, Marseilles and Fancy Tweeds.

S. HARRIS. Gents' Furnishing Department contains the latest styles of White, Regatta and Fancy Flannel Shirts, Coloured and Plain Ties, Linen and Paper Collars, Under-Clothing and Hosiery.

S. HARRIS. HAT DEPARTMENT.—Felt Hats, Straw Hats, Cloth Caps, &c.

The Order Department contains all the Novelties introduced this season. Coating, Trouserings, for Dress, Riding or Walking. Vestings for Morning and Evening Wear. The making up of Orders is done on the premises by first-class Cutters and workmen, none but the most skilful being employed.

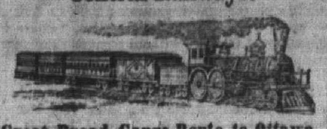
SAMUEL HARRIS.

Montreal Clothing Store,

Corner Princess and Wellington Streets.

May 3.

Brockville & Ottawa & Canada Central Railways.



Great Broad Gauge Route to Ottawa.

On and after Monday, October 30 1871,

Trains will Run as Follows:—

LEAVE BROCKVILLE,

Express at 7:30 A.M., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 P.M., and at Sand Point at 1:30 P.M., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Local Train at 1:40 P.M.

Through Ottawa Express at 3:25 P.M., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, arriving at Ottawa at 7:25 P.M., and at Sand Point at 8:15 P.M.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 A.M., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 P.M., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train at 4:35 P.M.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT

At 1:30 P.M., 7:35 P.M., and 8:15 P.M.

LEAVE SAND POINT

At 5:30 A.M., 9:10 A.M., and 3:45 P.M.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all Trains on B. and O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

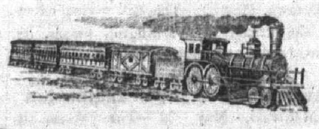
Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 9:10 A.M., after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car-loads will go through in Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT, Manager.

Brockville, 31st Oct., 1871.

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway



The Shortest and Quickest Route from Kingston to Ottawa.

FOUR TRAINS DAILY,

making certain connections with the Grand Trunk Railway for all points East and West, and with the Ogdensburgh and Lake Champlain, and the Rome and Watertown Railways for New York, Boston, and all points South.

COMFORTABLE SOFA CARS

on the Trains connecting with the Grand Trunk Night Expresses, available only to passengers with First Class Through Tickets. Charge for Berths 50 Cents.

20 Minutes allowed for Refreshments at Prescott Junction.

FREIGHT NOTICE.

A FLOATING ELEVATOR always in readiness during Open Navigation at Prescott Wharf, where Storage for Grain, Flour, Pork, &c., can be had.

A Change Gauge Car Pit

is provided in the Prescott Junction Freight Shed, by means of which Freight loaded on Change Gauge Cars COMES THROUGH TO OTTAWA WITHOUT TRANSHIPMENT.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

R. LUTTRELL, Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871.

1871. COAL. 1871.

Anthracite Coal Yard.

OFFICE:

St. Lawrence Wharf, Foot of Johnson Street.

OUR COAL is Pure Lackawana, being mined in the very heart of the Lackawana Valley, Scranton, Pittston and Wilkes Barre, from the best selected mines, and is prepared with great care expressly for family use, and will be screened and delivered in the best possible condition.

Best selected SOFT COAL for grates constantly on hand; also Leigh Lump for foundry use, and Blossburg for Blacksmiths.

Terms Cash. Delivered in any part of the city.

JAMES SWIFT & CO.

Kingston, October 21, 1870.

Valuable Music Books

MAILED, POST-PAID, on receipt of Market price.

Peters Eclectic Piano School (100th edition)	$3 25
Worrall's Guitar School	1 50
Peters' Melodeon School	1 50
Ne Plus Ultra Glee-Book	1 50
Song Echo, containing over 100 beautiful songs	75
Peters' Parlour Companion, for Flute and Violin	2 00
Peters' Parlour Companion, for Flute, Violin and Piano	3 00
Peters' New and Improved Violin Method	75
Wimmersted's Violin Instructor	75
Weller's Flute without a Master	75
New Year's Eve, a Cantata for Children	50
Shining Lights, a collection of Sacred Songs	2 00
Magic Circle, Easy Piano Music	2 00

Address J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, New York. Send 30 cents for a sample copy of Peters' Musical Monthly, and you will get at least $4 worth of music.

J. A. KARCH,

HAVING RETIRED from the Grocery and Liquor Trade, begs leave to thank his numerous customers for their liberal patronage in the past, and intimates for the future he will strictly confine himself to the

Coffee and Spice Business.

All orders promptly attended to.

J. A. KARCH.

Office and Residence, Earl Street, between Bagot and Wellington Streets.

Kingston, Jan. 10, 1870.

HOUSES TO LET.—We invite attention to the advantages presented by the Daily News as an advertising medium for Houses to Let. Enjoying by far the largest local circulation, it presents the widest publicity to these announcements. Persons having houses to let cannot do better than advertise the fact in the Daily News.

ADVERTISERS are respectfully requested to hand in their Advertisements not later than 3 p.m. To ensure change of Contract Advertisements, copy should be furnished us not later than 10 a.m.

H. CUNNINGHAM,

Boat Builder,

(Successor to M O'Gorman.)

THE HANDSOMEST AND FASTEST BOATS built at this Establishment, SIMCOE STREET.

Kingston, Nov. 4 1871.

Dr. WHEELER'S Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya.

THERE is no diseased condition of the body in which Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya, may not be used with positive benefit. Being a Chemical Food and Nutritive Tonic, it acts physiologically in the same manner as our diet. It perfects Digestion, Assimilation, and the formation of healthy blood. It sustains the vital force by supplying the waste constantly going on, of nerve and muscle, as the result of mental and physical exertion, enabling mind and body to undergo great labour without fatigue. Its action in building up constitutions broken down with Wasting Chronic Diseases, by fast living and bad habits, is truly extraordinary, its effect being immediate in energizing all the organs of the body. Phosphates being absolutely essential to cell formation and the growth of tissues, must for all time be Nature's great restorative and vitalizer.

Sold by all druggists at $1.

March 12, 1872.

DANIEL McINTOSH, Veterinary Surgeon, Graduate of the Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto. Office, City Hotel, Kingston.

John Power,

ARCHITECT AND BUILDING SURVEYOR. Office and Residence Queen Street.

Oct. 24.

Kirkpatrick & Smythe,

BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, &c.

A. S. Kirkpatrick.
E. H. Smythe, M.A.

Alex. S. Kirkpatrick,

COUNTY CROWN ATTORNEY and Clerk of the Peace for the County of Frontenac, Ontario Street, Kingston, directly opposite the Montreal Telegraph Company's office.

Kingston, July 19, 1871.

Gildersleeve & Walkem,

BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Conveyancers, Notaries Public.

Richard T. Walkem,

SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY. Office, Clarence Street, Kingston, Ont.

J. P. Gildersleeve, B.L.B.
Richard T. Walkem.

Joseph Bawden,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, 33 King Street, Kingston.

John Mudie,

BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, &c., has removed his office to Clarence Street, between King and Wellington Streets. Money to lend at easy rates on acceptable security.

ROYAL

INSURANCE COMPANY.

Liverpool and London.

OFFICE—CLARENCE STREET,

(Opposite the Post Office.)

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL,

$10,000,000,

WITH UNLIMITED LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.

Business of 1870.

Fire Premiums, less Reinsurances	$2,559,180
Being the largest amount ever received by the Company in a single year.	
New Life Policies issued for	3,002,740
Total Annual Life Premiums, after deducting Reassurances	1,103,920

After payment of the usual dividend and providing for all losses, claims and expenses, the sum of $905,905 was put by to increase the Funds in hands, which now amount to—

Reserve Fund	$1,571,520
Capital paid up	1,445,465
Life Assurance Fund	6,603,210

Risks taken for three years on Private Dwellings and Contents on very favourable terms.

O. S. STRANGE, M.D. ..... *Medical Examiner*

MAXWELL W. STRANGE,

Jan. 12. AGENT.

Victoria Paint Shop.

ROBINSON'S, STONE BLOCK,

6 Clarence Street.

PLAIN and ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, PAPER HANGING, GLAZING, GRAINING, &c., &c.

TRANSPARENT AND FANCY WINDOW SHADES.

SIGN-WRITING in all its Branches and on reasonable terms.

WM. ROBINSON, Jr., Proprietor.

March 26.

The Daily News

IS PUBLISHED every lawful evening at Five Dollars per annum, payable in advance. Subscribers who receive their paper by mail are charged Five Dollars.

The Chronicle and News

IS PUBLISHED every Friday morning, and contains the news of the week. It embraces a large amount of reading, and is furnished at Two Dollars per annum, paid in advance. Address orders to the publisher.

JAMES SHANNON.