*"Mr McKellar, we have ascertained, Mr Lewis did see before he went into Grey. * * * The interview as we understand was not a formal one, and was sought by Mr Lewis simply to ascertain that the claims of the settlers would not be prejudiced by the change of Government." * * * *

When the above admission is viewed in connection with attendant facts, its significance is doubled. Lewis had done with the re-valuation of Proton two months before he went up to the South Grey campaign. He certainly did not go up to re-value any of his re-valuations, when the land was snow-clad. The election did not affect either his feelings or his pocket. What mission, therefore, save that of a paid electioneering agent, could he have had? who paid him? how did he manage to get hold of the re-valuation books after they had been for at least six weeks in the Government's hands? who telegraphed him to come to Toronto to act in concert with Nixon? what did it concern him whether the settlers' claims would be prejudiced or not? was it not strange that he should visit the Commissioner of Public Works to ask a question which the Commissioner of Crown Lands or the Premier alone could answer? was it not stranger still that he should on the eve of his departure for South Grey have visited a Minister who had just returned from a missionary tour in that constituency? and was it not strangest of all that he should have openly and repeatedly lied about the men on whom he was dependent for his bread, at a time, too, when he was striving tooth and nail to further their interests by electing Mr Dickey?

A thorough inquiry into this matter is demanded by the people and the press; and we cannot see how the Government can refuse it. Guilty or not guilty, they ought for their own sake to court the fullest inquiry; but if they throw obstacles in the way of the appointment of a committee, which is to be asked for at a very early day, they may rest satisfied that as black a blot as Coalition is on their reputation, disgraceful a stain as is the appointment of the lumbermen's agent to the Crown Lands on their record, the Proton outrage will be infinitely blacker, infinitely more disgraceful, and the inevitable forerunner of their overthrow.—*Telegraph.*

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Anonymous communications can receive no attention. Everything forwarded for insertion must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as evidence of authenticity. It is also requested that correspondents will only write on one side of the sheet of paper.

The Daily News.

TUESDAY EVENING, JAN. 23.

REMINDERS—THIS EVENING.

Professor Dupuis' Lecture on Photography at Queen's College.

First meeting of the Board of School Trustees.

Rehearsal for the Oratorio at the Bishop's Palace.

TO-MORROW EVENING.

Sixpenny Readings at Cataraqui.

THE PREMIER.—Sir John Macdonald passed westward by the afternoon express. The Mayor and a number of gentlemen took the opportunity of paying their respects to him at the depot. Sir John will stop over at Kingston for a few days on his return which will probably be early next week.

The departure of M. Catacazy, the Russian Minister, from the United States, marks the last act in the rupture between the United States and Russia, and signalizes the end of the absurdly extravagant and inconsistent professions of good feeling which have been exchanged between the authorities of the two countries for many years past. The origin of the Catacazy difficulty is well known. The Minister was instructed to use influence to prevent if possible the settlement of the Alabama claims so that Russia might continue to benefit politically by the estrangement between Great Britain and the United States. He did this in two ways first by trying to prevent the appointment of General Schenck as Minister of England, because he was known to be favourable to a settlement, and thereby intriguing against the labours of the Joint High Commission. For this interference with American affairs the President demanded the recall of M. Catacazy, to which the Russian Foreign Minister, Prince Gortschakoff, consented, but who has in the opinion of Americans grossly insulted the nation by professing to hold M. Catacazy innocent of any impropriety and refusing to censure him until he has heard his own story face to face at St. Petersburg. This answer has produced much irritation in the United States, where it is felt that the apology is incomplete, and so there is an end to the era of good feeling with Russia. The origin, nature and end of this difficulty furnish a subject of congratulation to the British people, who are now freshly indebted to the American government for its proof of friendship. There should be, and indeed there is, broader grounds for fellowship and good will between the Americans and the English than between the Americans and the Russians, and it is to be hoped that the era of friendly feeling now inaugurated by the settlement of questions of difference between the two nations will long continue, and the friendship be made all the stronger by this rupture with Russia.

The recent parliamentary crisis in France has served to show how much the tranquility and safety of the country depends upon the continued existence of the Thiers government. The ministerial measures of France included a proposition to place a tax on raw materials, which part of the budget encountered much hostility, and finally drew down an adverse vote. On this President Thiers and his Ministers at once tendered their resignations. The prospect thus opened up was immediately contemplated with the greatest alarm, as it was seen that a crisis was reached in which the dangers of a dictatorship or chaotic struggle for the succession were vividly impressed. The Assembly almost unanimously begged the President to withdraw his resignation, and sent a deputation to assure M. Thiers that the vote against the duties on raw materials was not a vote of want of confidence, because it was upon a financial and not a political matter. All possible influences were at the same time brought to bear to induce the President to continue in office. Marshal Macmahon, as the head of the army, appealed to him, the parliamentary clubs sought to prevail with him, and no doubt other influences, as those of friendly foreign governments, were put in operation. The French seem to have been much actuated by a fear that the resignation of the President, followed as it would be by great uncertainity as to the establishment of the succeeding government, would be the signal to the Prussians to re-occupy the territory lately evacuated by the German army in accordance with the assurances of paying the indeminjty given by the Thiers government. The prospect of the evils attendant upon a change of government at this time was on all hands regarded as a very gloomy one, and hence the patriotic uprising to exert all possible influences to prevent an immediate change of government. The President finally made up his mind to withdraw his resignation, and a crisis, which was full of the elements of grave uncertainty whilst it lasted, was thereby put an end to. But the President evidently considers that he will soon have to resign. He is worn out and discouraged, and expects to find the conflict of opinion between the government and Assembly breaking out on other measures that will follow after the financial ones. The military and educational bills are regarded by him as likely to provoke much conflict of opinion, and hence he looks upon his resignation as inevitable and this present solution of the difficulty, a mere patching up and postponement. The lesson taught by the crisis and the circumstance of M. Thiers' great age and inability to bear up under the harassing cares of government, would appear conclusively to be the necessity of preparing in a quiet and formal manner for a successor to the President, and no doubt this is a matter which will soon begin to occupy attention. The crisis has developed a feeling of how much is at stake in a change of government, and it must be the thought, of earnest statesmen to provide for the succession with stability and order for France.

From our report of the proceedings of the County Council it will be observed that Shuyler Shibley Esq., Reeve of Portland, has been elected Warden of the County of Frontenac by a vote which may be termed almost unanimous, it being nominally 18 to 4. This evinces the estimation in which Mr Shibley is held by the entire Council. He is a man of large experience in municipal affairs, having been Reeve for a number of years; he also filled the Warden's chair in the years 1869 and 1870. Mr Shibley is a very enterprising, energetic man, and we may be sure that he will lend his best efforts to the Pembroke Railway so as to ensure its success.

THE COUNTY COUNCIL.

ELECTION OF WARDEN.

The County Council of the County of Frontenac met in the Council Chamber to-day at 2 o'clock. The following were present:—

Garden Island—Mr D. D. Calvin.
Portsmouth—Mr W. Mudie.
Howe Island—Mr Thomas Thompson.
Wolfe Island—Messrs T. Dawson, J. Eccles.
Pittsburgh—Messrs P. Graham, W. Donaldson.
Kingston—Messrs C. Vanluven, T. Clyde.
Loughborough—Messrs W. Boyce, — McMillan.
Storrington—Messrs J. Toland, J. McGrath.
Portland—Messrs S. Shibley, — Lott.
Hinchinbrooke—Mr Godfrey.
Olden—Mr J. Bowerman.
Bedford—Mr McNeil.
Palmerston—Mr McKenzie.
Oso—Mr Burke.
Kennebec—Mr Fraser.
Barrie—Mr Kenyon.

Mr Watkins, of Barrie, was the only member absent.

The County Clerk, Mr Craig, called the meeting to order, and stated that the first business was the election of Warden. A discussion arose relative to the mode of voting which was decided upon motion that it should be by ballot. Mr George Malone and Michael Flanigan were elected to scrutinize the ballot, which having been taken resulted in 18 votes being cast for Schuyler Shibley, Esq., Reeve of Portland, and 4 for Chester Godfrey, Esq., the late Warden. Mr Shibley was therefore declared duly elected Warden for 1872. Mr Godfrey escorted Mr Shibley to the chair, where the oath of office was administered to him by James J. Burrowes, Esq., Judge of the County Court. Mr Shibley then returned thanks for the honour conferred upon him by the Council, stating that he had not asked a single vote. He stated he hoped that he and the Council would work harmoniously together during the year for the benefit of the County.

APPOINTMENT OF AUDITORS.

As customary, and generally the first business transacted after the election of Warden, Mr Graham moved the appointment of George Malone, of Wolfe Island, as one of the auditors for the current year.

Mr Clyde moved in amendment, that Peter McKim be appointed auditor on behalf of the Council.

The amendment on being submitted to a vote was lost, and the original motion carried by a large majority.

The Warden named Barney Kennedy as his auditor, which nomination was confirmed by the Council.

KINGSTON HOSPITAL.

A communication was read from J. J. Burrowes, Esq., Honorary Secretary of the Kingston General Hospital, enclosing statistics for 1871, and soliciting aid from the County towards its maintainance, no less than 48 patients having undergone treatment during the past year.

A letter was also read from the Commissioner of Crown Lands, respecting a grant of money to the county. Referred to a special committee to report to the Council to-morrow morning.

POLICE COURT, Monday. — Before Mr Strange, P.M.—Mary Duke, for vagrancy, was committed to *durance vile* for 60 days. The gaol appears to be her favourite resort and nothing gives her more pleasure, on gaining liberation, than being served with a return ticket for the customary period of imprisonment for such offence—particularly at this inclement season. William Strong, for driving on the sidewalks, was dismissed with a reprimand, requested not to usurp that portion of the highway exclusively allotted to pedestrians for carting purposes in future. Two youths, named respectfully Auben and Elmer, were harged with playing marbles on Sunday. The mania (usually at this time of the year) is rapidly spreading, and as "boys will be boys," they take advantage of every opportunity for an indulgence in this frivolous act. They must not, however, allow their passions to overrule their otherwise good intentions on the Sabbath; and perhaps the example set forth in this case will have a tendency to ward their playmates to refrain faom similar infractions of the 4th commandment.

We understand that Professor Smith will give his second annual concert about the 8th of February in the City Hall. We hope that a crowded house will greet the professor upon that occasion.

POLICE COURT, TUESDAY. — Before Mr Strange, P.M.—A case of receiving goods under false pretences was amicably settled between the parties concerned out of court. Action has been taken against W. B. Follest for perjury—incorrect evidence given against the defendants in the Rideau Ward election riot case. The examination takes place before the magistrate to-morrow morning. Mr Britton for the prosecution.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT,

Local Observations for 24 hours ending at 4:30 p.m., Jan. 22, 1872.

	Barom.	Ther.	Dir. of wind	Vel. of wind	State of weather.
11.30 p.m.	29.79	27	S	16	Lt snow
7.30 a.m.	29.75	25	S	20	Lt snow
4.30 p.m.	29.57	29	SW	18	Ly snow

The Barometer is read, corrected for temperature, and reduced to Sea Level.

S. WOODS.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

(Per Montreal Telegraph Line.)

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, Jan. 23.—The weather to-day is mild and snowing heavily.

The deaths from small-pox last week were twenty-three, being a decrease of one in the number of last week.

The funeral of Mr C. J. Cusack took place this morning.

The police committee have agreed to increase the pay of the police force.

The first of the annual anniversary meetings was held last night in the Wesleyan Church; the building was crowded.

FROM TORONTO.

Toronto, Jan. 23.—A motion will be made probably to-day in reference to the creation of the new office of President of the Council. It seems that in 1869 Blake, in a speech at Newtonville, congratulated his hearers that an increase of offices in Ontario was forbidden by law.

There is some talk of opposition to the motion for a committee on the Proton outrage.

A deputation from the Muskoka Railway waited on Mr Blake yesterday, when he said that there must be one policy towards all lines, and that old appointments would be maintained, which is very like maintaining the policy which he assailed.

No. 1 fall wheat is worth $1,30; No. 2, $1,26. Extra flour sold at $5,80; No. 1 superfine at $5,40.

ARRIVAL OF THE SAMARITAN.

Montreal, Jan. 23.—The steamship Samaritan arrived at Portland at 7:30 this morning.

FROM ALYMER.

COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH—CROWN SIDE.—The Court of Queen's Bench for the district of Ottawa opened yesterday at Alymer in the new Court House, a large number of persons being present in consequence of the interest manifested in the trial of Norbert Thomas Tranchmontagne, charged with the murder of Geo. Macaulay Secretary to the Speaker of the House of Commons. The Grand Jury being empanelled the indictment was proved. The Grand Jury after examining a number of the principal witnesses came into court and stated that they were of opinion that the accusation against the prisoner should be reduced from that of murder to manslaughter which by order of the court was done. Wm. Church on behalf of the Crown objecting until all the witnesses in the back of the indictment had been examined by the Grand Jury. The Grand Jury then retired and in a few minutes came back into the court with a true bill for manslaughter. The prisoner was then arraigned and pleaded not guilty. Jean Laracque, stabbing with intent to do grievious bodily harm, true bill. Auselem Venve, stealinga horse, true bill.

CHANCERY SPRING TERM—EASTERN CIRCUIT, 1872.

BEFORE V. C. MOWAT.

Lindsay, Wednesday, April 17th.
Peterborough, Tuesday, April 23rd.
Cobourg, Friday, April 26th.
Belleville, Thursday, May 2nd.
Kingston, Thursday, May 9th.
Brockville, Thursday, May 16th.
Ottawa, Monday, May 20th.
Cornwall, Thursday, May 23rd.

CHURCH NEWS—DIOCESE OF ONTARIO.

MARCH.—The Christmas offerings, in money, this year in the Parish of March amounted to $30.

MISSION OF ELIZABETHTOWN AND GEORGE.—The offertory in this mission, at the Christmas services, amounted to $54, of which the congregation at Lyn contributed $37.15. The whole offertory was more than double that of last year, showing a most encouraging improvement in the liberality and prosperity of the mission. A most successful Sunday school festival was held in Lyn on the evening of Wednesday, Jan. 3rd. Recitations and music, by the Sunday school children and the choir, constituted the first part of the proceedings. The chief attraction of the evening was a beautiful Christmas tree, lighted by wax candles, and loaded with gifts. The gifts were distributed by Santa Claus who, much to the amusement of the children, appeared in the traditionary costume, and did the honours of the evening.

The missionary meeting of St. James, Kingston, will be held next Thursday evening, Jan. 25. The meeting in connection with St. Paul's will be held on the 5th of February.

MUNICIPAL LEGAL POINTS.—The contest for the Mayoralty of London, Ont., is likely, according the *Free Press*, to give rise to a novel and interesting legal question. On the votes being taken on the different candidates the largest number was polled by Ald. Partridge, viz., ten; and he, therefore, claims to be duly elected. But on the ground that a majority of the whole Council was requisite to elect a Mayor this election was disregarded, and on a second vote being taken, Ald. Campbell obtained eleven votes, and was thereupon declared duly elected. Ald. Partridge has handed in a formal protest against this decision, which does not appear to be warranted by the facts, as Mr R. A. Harrison, the leading authority in municipal law, distinctly lays down the principal that "the candidate to be declared elected is the one having the greatest number of votes polled, i. e., not a majority of the whole number of votes polled, but the greatest number of votes polled for any one candidate compared with the number of votes polled for other candidates."

On Sunday evening, about 7:30, as a man named Van Alstine was proceeding home he heard cries of distress some distance on the railway track, about a mile distant from Napanee which attracted his attention. On going to the spot he found a man named Beckwith lying alongside the track with one leg smashed below the knee. It appears he was very much under the influence of liquor at the time, and all he remembers is the cowcatcher of an engine striking him, and it is supposed part of the train passed over his leg. He was brought to Napanee, and Doctors Hattan and Bristol amputated the limb below the knee. He is in good spirits and it is thought he will recover in a few weeks.

One of the Japanese girls, who is to learn how to dress at Vassar College, is, it is said, "lovely, quiet, and worth $250,000 a year." Volumes could not say more in her behalf, though the money, to be sure, is not worth mentioning.

WINTER IN CANADA.—*Herapath's Railway Journal* says:—It is said that the winter has set in Canada unusually early and with unusual severity It is generally cold enough in Canada in the winter season. This time the cold has increased, disturbing somewhat business operations, especially railway, but the people do not *feel* the cold much in Canada. Those only who have been in Canada speak highly of its climate The accounts which reach us of the depths of the snow-falls, and the low registerings of the thermometer, give a most erroneous idea of the weather in Canada. Residents laugh at these accounts, and admitting their accuracy, say "You do not feel the cold as much in Canada as in England." The air of the new rising country is peculiarly clear dry, and enjoyable. In Canada there is no mud.

THE DUC DE PERSIGNY.—The Duc de Persigny, whose death is just announced, was Chevalier Bayard of the Second Empire, or its Don Quixote. Persigny's birth was involved in doubt, and his fortunes were made by his own activity. He began as a revolutionist, for a time was watched by the police of Louis Philippe as a Communist; then he was a ho tLegitimist. At last he gave up the Bourbon cause as hopeless, and eager to busy himself, espoused the part of the Bonapartes when at the lowest ebb. He formed an intimate friendship with the exiled and busy-brained Louis; and they were sworn allies from that time. Persigny inspired the invasion of Strasburgh in 1836, and nothing daunted by failure planned and took part in the subsequent landing at Boulogne, where he was taken prisoner. At last, the revolution of 1848 gave him his opportunity, and he managed the candidature of Prince Louis Napoleon for the Presidency. He of course reaped the fruits of his long fidelity, becoming Count, then Duc, receiving the grand cross of Legion of Honour; being appointed Minister of the Interior, and the Ambassador to St. James, and marrying the granddaughter of the illustrious Marshal Ney. He was one of the few old-time friends left to the Emperor, and his death will doubtless be sincerely mourned at Chiselhurst.

Leap year parties are coming into fashion at Troy. At one last week, of which the *Times* has had an account, some of the gentlemen present were attired in a semi-female dress, the head gear being a good imitation of the style which prevails among the ladies. One of these female personators wore ear-rings and necklace, and cooled his fevered brow with a fan, which he waved to and fro with artless grace, and behind which he concealed his blushes as the ladies boldly told him their tales of love. When supper was announced, the gentlemen were served in the parlour by the ladies, and after the dinner had eaten their fill the fair servitors withdrew to the dining-room, where they held a sort of high carnival, leaving the gentlemen to console themselves as best they might with each other's society. This was a retaliatory act upon the men for their exclusiveness when they are in power.

THE TICHBORNE CASE.—On Monday, the 15th inst., the case of Tichborne v. Lushington" will be resumed before Chief Justice Bovill and the eleven special jurors, when the Attorney-General will open the defence. When the court adjourned for the Christmas vacation the jurors were paid one guinea a day each for the 30 days' attendance, making 70 guineas paid to each of them for their attendance on the trial. The first sittings extended to 40 days, and the second to 30 days. According to the strict rule, now the provision as to special jurors has been repealed, a special juryman is only entitled to one guinea for a cause, but it was arranged that in this case the payment should be one guinea per day, and the solicitors on both sides havs divided the expense between them.

The Presbyterians of London propose to raise $150,000 to aid in building 40 new churches, which are to cost not less than $15,000 and not more than $27,000 each. Each church is to receive a grant of $3,750. The first half of this is not to be given till half of the whole sum to be expended on the church has been raised, and the second half is to be withheld till three fourths have been obtained.

JUSTICE IN ENGLAND.—The Boston *Post* says:—"The speedy conviction of Rev. John Selby Watson, of Stockwell, England, of the murder of his wife, not only revives a very remarkable page in the recent annals of crime, but furnishes a notable example to the easy-going justice of our own land. Mr Watson is a clergyman of the Church of England, a scholar and a man of good family. He killed his wife, and, with a deliberation that would have justified a plea of insanity in any Court of America, procured a box made air-tight, in which he packed the body, intending to send it off by rail. The crime was perpetrated early in October last, and now the murderer lies in prison under sentence of death. Neither his high position, his attainments, nor his money availed him. No credulous jury found mitigating circumstances or indulged the pretext of insanity. Within three months the law is vindicated by what all must consider a just verdict and a beneficed clergyman is to be hanged. There can be no doubt that such impartiality in the administration of justice, and such promptness in dealing with crime, must have a beneficial effect; and there is much in this example which we may take to heart."

ACROSTICS.

Winter cold again comes round,
Ice and snow are on the ground;
North-east winds do keenly blow,
Turning rain-drops into snow;
Everything looks cold and drear,
Raging winter now is here.

Spring time will come! the melted snow
Pour down the hills with rapid flow;
Rich voices warbling far and near,
In rapture tells us spring is near!
Nature to life it will restore,
Gladly we welcome spring once more.

J. L.

Cataraqui, Jan. 23.

MARRIED.

In Kingston, Jan. 22, at the residence of the bride's mother, by the Rev. George Lewis, B.A., Mr Joseph O'Farrell to Miss Sarah Hutchinson, both of this city.

DIED.

At Wyoming, on Saturday, the 20th inst., Emily Hart, the beloved wife of Mr Robert W. Peterson, aged 30 years.

The funeral will take place from her mother's (Mrs Allen's) residence, Clergy street, to Cataraqui Cemetery, on Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore existing between us has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

All outstanding accounts will be settled by George Thompson.

Thompson & Dodd,
KING STREET.

With reference to the above, the undersigned begs respectfully to inform his friends and the public that he will continue the business as heretofore, and will be happy to receive the patronage of his old friends and customers.

GEORGE THOMPSON.

Kingston, Jan. 23, 1872.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that from this date I will not hold myself responsible for any debts contracted on my account without my written order.

CHRISTIAN BECKER.

Jan. 23.

Wanted

A NIGHT WATCHMAN at the British American Hotel. Must be able to read and write. Good reference required.

Apply to CAPT. SWALES.

Kingston, 23rd Jan., 1872.

SIXPENNY READINGS
—AT—
CATARAQUI TOWN HALL
—ON—
WEDNESDAY EVENING.

PROGRAMME.

PART I.

1—Piano Duet ..... Mr and Mrs Swales.
2—Song ..... Mr Walkern.
3—Reading ..... Captain McGill.
4—Song ..... Miss K. V. Wilson.
5—Song ..... Mr F. Wilson.
6—Song (comic) ..... Mr Spriggs.

PART II.

1—Piano Duet .. Mrs McLean and Miss Merrick
2—Song ..... Miss Henderson.
3—Duet ..... Miss Risley and Mr F. Wilson.
4—Reading ..... Mr McIntyre.
5—Song ..... Mrs McLean.
6—Song ..... Mr J. F. Gildersleeve.
7—Song (comic) ..... Mr Keeley.

God save the Queen.

Doors open at 7; commence at 7:30.

Jan. 22.

NOTICE.

THE first rehearsal for the Concert of Sacred Music, to be given in St. Mary's Cathedral, will take place on Tuesday next the 23rd instant, at the Bishop's Palace.

The ladies and gentlemen who kindly granted their assistance, are reminded that their attendance is specially requested on that evening, as matters of importance are to be arranged.

The practice to commence at half-past seven precisely.

MR J. A. DESROCHES.

Kingston, 20th January, 1872.

THE
Annual Social Gathering
—OF—
Chalmers' Church,
WILL BE HELD IN THE
CITY HALL
—ON—
Thursday, the 25th January.

SHORT ADDRESSES will be delivered by good speakers, and the proceedings will be varied with Glees, Choruses and Instrumental Music by Popular Amateurs.

Doors open at 6:30 P.M.

Refreshments at 7 P.M.

Tickets for Adults 40 cents; Children 20 cents.

Jan. 20, 1872.

AT E. STACEY'S,
STATIONER'S HALL,
KING STREET.

Cheaper than the Cheapest!

WILL BE SOLD AT LOW PRICES, to make room for NEW GOODS,

WORK BOXES, DESKS,
ALBUMS, CARD CASES,
And BEAUTIFUL FANCY GOODS,
CHROMOS,
PICTURES,
CONCERTINAS,
ACCORDEONS,
VIOLINS,
FLUTES,

And everything you want in Stationery, School Books, &c., &c.

AT STACEY'S BOOKSTORE,
Music and News Depot.

Jan. 19.

KINGSTON
General Hospital.

TENDERS for the supply of MEAT AND BREAD of the best quality for the year, beginning on the first Monday of February next, will be received until the

5th day of February, 1872,
AT NOON.

The Tenders are to be separate for each article, and to be addressed through the post to the Honorary Secretary of the Hospital.

For further particulars inquire of the Steward.

Kingston, Jan. 20, 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an application will be made at the next session of the Legislature of Ontario for an Act to incorporate "The Board of Trade of the City of Kingston."

Dated 9th November, 1871.

G. M. KINGHORN, President.
JAMES SHANNON, Secretary.

THE DAILY NEWS is kept on sale every day at the Book Stores of Mr John Henderson, Princess Street, and Mr Edward Stacey, King Street. Single copies may also be had at the Publication Office, Princess Street. PRICE TWO CENTS.

WANTED,

FOR THE R. C. SEPARATE SCHOOL, Pembroke, Ont., a TEACHER holding a first or second class certificate, to whom a liberal salary will be given.

W. MURRAY,
Secretary.

Pembroke, Jan. 17, 1872.

FOR SALE.

A CUT-STONE DWELLING HOUSE for sale on George Street; size 28 feet by 34 feet; 13 apartments; well supplied with hard and soft water; depth of lot 163 feet; width 38 feet; 97 feet of shed. Terms:—One-half of the purchase money down and five years for the balance. Title indisputable.

Apply to JOHN NOON.

January 18.

LADIES' Pearl Card Cases,
Ivory Card Cases,
Shell Card Cases,
Tartan Card Cases,
Leather Card Cases.

LARGE ASSORTMENT,
CHEAPER THAN EVER,
AT THE
SHEFFIELD HOUSE

C. GRIGOR.

Jan. 19, 1872.

Dumble's Confectionary,

CONSISTING of French and English Chocolates, Crystalized and Canned Fruits, Pastry,

Novelties for Evening Parties, Bon Bons, Magic Flowers, Conundrum Cosaques, Lover's Kisses, Mrs Brown's Luggage, &c., &c.

Wedding Cakes.

Malaga Grapes, Oranges, Lemons, and all the Fruits of the season,

Oranges and Lemons at 30 cents per dozen,

AT DUMBLE'S,
Brock Street.

Jan. 17.

A CHOICE LOT OF
LADIES' AND GENTS' SILK SCARFS
JUST ARRIVED AT
SHAW & MINNES'S,
Glasgow Warehouse.

AT LAST!

A FEW BARRELS OF PENNSYLVANIA STANDARD OIL just arriving and or sale at the

MEDICAL HALL.

Families who like a clean-burning and nice-smelling article should take this opportunity of FILLING THEIR CANS with

Really Good Coal Oil!

G. S. HOBART.

N.B.—The Sale of Lamps and Hyacinths CONTINUED during the present month.

Kingston, Jan. 18, 1872.

E. R. WELCH & SON,

PRINCESS STREET, KINGSTON, Ont.,

Importers, Manufacturers and Dealers in Italian, American and Native

MARBLE MONUMENTS, Head Stones, Chimney-Pieces, &c.

RED AND GREY SCOTCH GRANITE MONUMENTS NOW ALWAYS ON HAND.

Awarded the FIRST PRIZE at the Provincial Exhibition held at Kingston in 1856, and at the Provincial Exhibition, Kingston, Sept., 1871.

Jan. 18.

Holiday Presents.

R. & J. GARDINER

INVITE THE ATTENTION of those who intend making Christmas Presents to the Extensive and Elegant Assortment of

Rich Silks,
Satins, Velvets,
Real Irish Poplins,
and Real Laces,

Now offering at their Establishment

Silks for Walking Costumes.
Silks for Dinner Costumes.
Silks for Wedding Costumes.
Silks for Ball Costumes.
Satins for Evening Wear.
Satins for Bridal Wear.
Richly Embroidered Grenadines.

BARGAINS all THIS MONTH in

Black Silks.
Coloured Silks.
Japanese Silks.
Fancy Silks.
Real Irish Poplins.
Real Laces.
Black Silk Mantle Velvets.
Ostrich Plumes.
French Flowers.
French Kid Gloves.

The above splendid collection of Rich Silks is now offered at the smallest possible profit, for ready money only.

R. & J. Gardiner

Are now showing a Large and Attractive Assortment of Rich Winter Dress Goods in all the New Materials and Colours produced the present season.

French Merinoes.
French Repps.
Empress Cloths.
New Satin Cloths.
Handsome Shades in Serges.
Aberdeen Winceys.
Black Silk Warp Paramattas.
Black Crape Cloth.
Black Camlet Cloth.
Black Russell Cloth.
Black Barathacs.
Black Cobourgs.
Black Merinoes, and
Reversible Lustres.
Also Black Waterproofs.
Trimmings to Match all our Dresses.

R. & J. Gardiner

Are Exhibiting a very superior assortment of

Shawls, Mantles, and Cloaking Materials.
German Astracans and Seal Skins.
Lyons Silk Mantle Velvets.
Beavers, Pilots, and Petershams,
And a Large Choice of Plain and Fancy Cloaking Materials.
Also Paisly and Ottoman Striped Shawls at reasonable prices.

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Linen and Cotton Sheetings.
Pillow Linens and Cottons to Match.
Linen Table Damasks.
Damask Napkins.
Damask Doylies.
Fringed Huck Towelling.
Pantry Towellings.
Russia Brash.
Lace Curtains.
Marseilles and Toilet Quilts.
Blankets and Flannels.
Horrockses, Miller & Co's Famous Long Cloths.

As all classes of Goods have undergone a large advance in price since our Winter Purchases have been completed, prudent buyers will see the advantages of making liberal and immediate purchases whilst Goods remain at their present Low Prices. But One Price made. Sales for Ready Money only.

R. & J. GARDINER

Princess Street, Kingston, Dec. 5, 1871.