GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Trains arrive and depart from the Kingston Station as follows:

GOING WEST.		
Arrive	4.45 p.m.	4.00 a.m.
Depart	5.05 p.m.	4.40 a.m.
Mixed train...	6.00 a.m.	
GOING EAST.		
Arrive	2.35 p.m.	3.30 a.m.
Depart	2.55 p.m.	3.40 a.m.
Mixed train...	5.15 a.m.	

(This is by Montreal time, from which deduct 12½ minutes for the difference between Montreal and Kingston time.)

KINGSTON POST OFFICE.

	CLOSE.
Eastern by G T R day train	1.30 p.m.
Western " "	4.00 p.m.
	CLOSE. ARRIVE.
East and West night trains	9.00 p.m. 7.00 a.m.

UNITED STATES MAILS.

Through Mails for New York, Boston, Oswego and Cape Vincent will be closed at 10.30 a.m. and 5.30 p.m. daily; Sundays excepted.

BRITISH MAILS

per Canadian steamers will be closed every Friday at 11.30 a.m.

Per Cunard and Bremen line, every Monday at 5.30 p.m.

Letters intended for despatch per Bremen line must be specially so directed.

☞ Single copies of the CHRONICLE AND NEWS, containing the news of the week, may be had in wrappers for mailing. Price 5 cents each. Issued every Friday.

☞ Single copies of the DAILY NEWS may be had at the counter of the publication office, Princess Street. Price two cents.

DOMINION OF CANADA

The following new post offices were established in Ontario on the 1st January: Frank Hill, Emily, Victoria, S. R.; Waubuno, Moore, Lambton; Yeovil, Egremont, Grey, S. R.

The Odessa School was opened on the 8th January, under the superintendance of Mr James Clark, 1st class teacher from the Normal School, Toronto, and Miss S. A. Ham assistant. The average attendance for last half year was 110 pupils.

The annual meeting of the Montreal Telegraph Company took place on Friday. The principal business transacted was the passage of a resolution to increase the stock of the Company by 25 per cent, in order to cover a deficit in the amount laid out, and to be laid out, on extensions of the various lines, and the erection of new buildings.

The Montreal *Witness* learns that the Mayor of that city has received an official communication from De Blas, the Spanish Minister of Foreign Affairs, informing him that the King of Spain has been pleased to confer upon him the Order of Knight of the Royal and distinguished Order of Charles the Third (*Caballero de la Real y distinguad Orden de Carlos 3*), in recognition of his services in connection with the Cuban enlistment difficulty last summer.

The Sabbath School Convention for the County of Lennox and Addington is called to meet in the M. E. Church, in Napanee on the 23rd and 24th days of this month. A general attendance of the friends of Sabbath Schools is expected, who will be entertained by our citizens, free of charge. Several Rev. and lay Gentlemen from other places are expected to be present.

The new paper mill at Newburgh is now nearly completed, and ready to commence operations. The cost of the building and machinery is over $20,000, and it is intended to employ some 50 hands, which will be quite an important acquisition to our maternal village. We understand that the proprietors, Messrs Routledge & Thompson, intend having an office in Napanee. We wish them success, in their enterprise.

At the last sitting of the Board of Examiners for County of Lennox & Addington the following were granted 3rd class certificates. Males.—Black, W. J., Cadman, A. J., Hinchey, N., Hough, J. W., Slitor, J., Ward, G. Females.—Laird, Annie, Young, Francis. By request of the Education Department, the Board rescinded the resolution adopted at the July meeting which leaves all the certificates granted by the old board "until annulled" as they were.

We are glad to learn on the best authority that there is at length a fair prospect of an Elevator of large capacity being erected at the Prescott Depot of the St. L. & O. Railway. The Company, we understand, have succeeded in enlisting the co-operation of Montreal capitalists in the enterprize, so that there is reason to believe we shall very soon be able to announce the commencement of this important work.—*Prescott Telegraph.*

The Morven tea meeting was held in the Town Hall here on Friday evening last, was a great success, the hall being filled to the doors. The refreshments, which were provided by the Morven ladies, were good and abundant. Excellent speeches were made by the Rev. Messrs D. Chalmers of Bath, J. Scott, G. Meacham, S. G. Stone and others. Silas Lake, Esq., occupied the chair. The Napanee Wesleyan Church Choir, with Mrs Meacham as organist, discoursed sweet and interesting music.

There is great comfort in store for Scotchmen in Canada. Hitherto the Canadian whisky has been a vile compound, but a man of genius has arisen to amend all this. It is said that a resident of Cayuga, in Canada has succeeded in making fine whiskey from thistles. The whiskey produces a very curious effect on the human system, for we are lucidly told that it is "penetrating and exhilarating," the "sensation beind the same as if a Jew's harp in full tune was attached to every nerve."

The London Grits find fault with the Hon. J. Carling for voting at the late municipal elections in that city. They do not allege that he canvased or worked for the candidates for whom he voted. We in Sarnia, who are opposed to the Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, find no fault with him for merely *voting* but we most emphatically protest against the course which the Treasurer of Ontario pursued at our municipal contest. Not only did he do all the dirty work that was to be done for the "ring," but he conspired with his party to smuggle in several bogus votes, thinking, no doubt, that when a Minister of the Crown vouched for a vote it would pass unchallenged. He found out his mistake, however, and we hope it will be a lesson to him in future. So says the Sarnia *Canadian*. By the way the *Canadian* is one of the neatest, largest and best of our exchanges. Sarnia must be an enterprising place to support such a paper.

On Saturday morning a man named George Sayers, fell into a hot water tank at Bell's organ factory, Guelph, and was scalded from the arms-pits downwards so severely that he is completely flayed. Sayers was working in the cellar where the tank is, and the cover was off for the purpose of laying in new pipes. Sayers did not notice this and walked straight in. There are but small hopes of his recovery.

While a man named Thomas Cross was engaged in felling a tree in a bush about four miles north of the village of Rockwood, it lodged in another and nearly carried it to the ground, when the latter rebounded and broke off, coming towards Cross, who was walking backwards, and had just come with his back against a standing tree when the falling one dashed his brains out against the one he was standing at. He was a labourer and leaves a large family.

A farmer named Paquet, aged 78 years, was accidentally killed on Saturday morning, in a rather singular manner. He, with some others, were preparing firewood, three miles in rear of Beauport village, Quebec, when, finding a piece that could not be split, they placed gunpowder to blow it up. The deceased took a match to light the powder, and the effect was that the plug covering the hole was blown through his head, causing instant death.

Railroads in U. S. increased 11,000 miles in 1871, equal to total length in 1851.

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY.

INCORPORATED 1819. CHARTER PERPETUAL.

Cash Capital, $3,000,000.00.

LOSSES PAID IN 52 YEARS... $29,000,000 00

Assets—July 1, 1871 (at market value).

Cash on hand and in Bank	893,815 43
Real Estate	253,319 14
Mortgage Bonds	989,000 00
Bank Stock	1,486,171 00
United States, State and City Stock and other Public Securities	2,425,072 50
Total	$6,047,378 07
LIABILITIES.—Claims not due, and unadjusted	242,435 87

This Company has been doing business in Canada for nearly 50 years, and during that time has secured the public confidence by prompt and liberal settlement of every fair claim. It has fully complied with the laws of Canada by deposit with the Government of Stocks to the extent of $50,000, and is prepared to issue Policies on terms as low as the safety of the Assured will permit.

JAMES SWIFT, AGENT, St. Lawrence Wharf.

Kingston, July 20, 1871.

THE BLAKE-SCOTT COALITION.

Speaking of the new Coalition Government, and of the feeling of Mr Galbraith in connection with the appointment of Mr R. W. Scott to a seat in the Cabinet. The Almonte *Gazette* says:—

"Mr Galbraith is not a Clear Grit, never has been an extreme man nor has he ever called himself other than a Reformer. It is true he is an admirer of Hon. Mr Blake and claims him to be a man of moderate views. It is also true, however, that he is very much disgusted (as must all consistent men be) with Mr Blake's action in taking into his Government an ultra Tory like Mr Scott.

We should certainly have been pleased had Mr Galbraith been offered a seat in the Cabinet, and have no doubt he would fill such a position with credit to himself and advantage to the Province, but any opposition the Blake Government may meet with from him will not be on account of any such reason as that given by the Ottawa correspondent, but from simply a want of confidence in men, who, when in opposition denounced all coalitions as being impure and corrupt, and yet the moment the opportunity offered belying themselves by forming even a worse combination than the previous one. When the very fountain-head of purity becomes corrupt; when even the *Globe*, the wild denouncer of all combinations, attempts to hush up the matter or endeavours to show what was a crime when done by Sandfield Macdonald, is not a crime when done by Edward Blake, may we not despair of ever finding honest and upright men, and in the words of a neighbouring French philosopher cry out 'there is no honesty in de politic.'"

THE POSITION.

The which really decided the fate of Mr Macdonald's Government was on Mr Mackenzie's want-of-confidence motion. On that 73 members voted, being the whole of those then entitled to seats, except the Speaker. It would not be profitable to inquire whether Mr Scott would have voted with his old associates or not; it is sufficient to know that of these 73 members 36 had confidence in the late Ministry and 37 had not. This division remains unchanged by the late elections; Mr Scott is added to those who vote with the majority and Mr Currie is taken from it, and all the gentlemen who resigned their seats upon their acceptance of office have been returned without opposition, so that if the members in the House were the same now as then, the new Government would be sustained by a majority of one.

But there were at the time eight seats vacant, all of which have since been filled. Two of the additions (Bethune and McLeod) are out-and-out supporters of the new Government; and four (Ardagh, Lauder, McCuaig and Gifford) are out-and-out opponents. To retain their majority of one, then, the Ministerialists must have the support of the other two, both supporters of Mr Macdonald at the March elections, and both of Conservative antecedents. Mr Monk says he will follow Mr Scott in supporting Mr Blake, not on principle, but in order to further the interests of the lumbermen and the Ottawa district. Mr Hamilton is quoted as saying that he will not give the new Government a factious opposition. We suppose there is not a man in the House who would say that he will give the new ministers a factious opposition; yet upon that equivocal remark, the Ministerial papers claims Mr Hamilton as a supporter, and upon that fragile thread, to all appearance, the life of the Ministry hangs.

To all appearance. But who shall say what secret influences have been at work since the adjournment? The supporters of the late Government counted upon a small majority for Mr Macdonald, even with the eight seats vacant; yet when the time of trial came, they found that Prince and Robinson had been seduced from their allegiance, in what manner is not yet known, and shortly after it was found that Mr Scott had also been bought up, the *quid pro quo* in his case being open to all men's gaze. And it is not safe to say that all the other gentlemen who had confidence in Mr Macdonald on the 15th of December have retained that confidence unshaken. Confidence is such an extremely merchantable commodity that we shall not be at all surprised to discover when the House meets that several gentlemen have sold out their old stock of damaged goods at much less than cost price, and have laid in a bran new stock fresh from the warehouse of Messrs. Blake & Co.

But just think of the position in which Mr Blake will find himself. Having purchased his way to power, he will ever be at the mercy of the men he has bought. He dare not refuse their demands, for their defection on any important vote would insure his destruction. Men who have the opportunity and the disposition to carry on blackmail operations are seldom without little wants to be satisfied; and we shall be surprised if Mr Blake, having entered upon a course of bargain and sale, shall ever display the moral courage to extricate himself from the abyss of corruption down which he will ever find himself falling, without the possibility of regaining the serene height and pure moral atmosphere from which he has thrown himself.—*Hamilton Spectator.*

Some young ladies in Hamilton are starting a museum, and solicit contributions thereto. Among the rare and curious articles already secured are, "The Skipper's Home," (a bit of mity cheese); "Cooper's Works," (several old barrels); "Sweet Sixteen," (16 sticks of candy); "The Sweet-hearts," (two candy hearts); "The Cottage by the Sea," (a tin cottage standing by a capital Co); "The Last Heir," (an abandoned chignon); "Can't be Beet," (a turnip).

A BRAVE INNOVATION.—Another noticeable thing about the observance of New Year's Day was the almost total absence of spirituous liquors from the refreshment tables of the officials whose homes were thrown open to the public. Now that the example has been generally set, the punch-bowl may look upon its expulsion as a final one. It is hard to turn the current either way, in such matters, and especially hard in a city like Washington, where such things are regulated by a custom more inflexible than law. It was a brave thing for these ladies to do, and we had best honour them for it.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world. The only True and Perfect Dye. Harmless, Reliable, and Instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints, or unpleasant odour. Remedies the ill effects of bad dyes and washes. Produces immediately a superb Black or Natural Brown, and leaves the hair clean, soft and beautiful. The genuine signed W. A. Batchelor's. Sold by all Druggists. Factory, 16 Bond Street, N.Y.

The Best Periodicals of the Day

The Great English Quarterlies

AND

Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

Reprinted

BY THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING COMPANY,

140 FULTON STREET, NEW YORK,

At about one-third the price of the originals.

The Edinburgh Review,
Westminster Review,
London Quarterly Review,
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Published Quarterly—January, April, July, October—and

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For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews	10.00	"
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews	13.00	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews	15.00	"

Postage two cents a number, to be prepaid by the quarter at the office of delivery.

CLUBS.

A discount of twenty per cent will be allowed to clubs of four or more persons. Thus: four copies of Blackwood or of one Review will be sent to one address for $12.80; four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood for $48, and so on.

To clubs of ten or more, in addition to the above discount, a copy gratis will be allowed to the getter up of the club.

PREMIUMS.

New subscribers for the year 1872 may have, without charge, the numbers for the last quarter of 1871 of such periodicals as they may subscribe for.

Or instead of the above, new subscribers to any two, three, or four of the above periodicals, may have, as premium, one of the 'Four Reviews' for 1871; subscribers to all five may have two of the 'Four Reviews' for 1871.

Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to clubs can be allowed unless the money is remitted direct to the publishers. No premiums can be given to clubs.

To secure premiums, it will be necessary to make early application, as the stock available for that purpose is limited.

Circulars, with further particulars, may be had on application.

THE LEONARD SCOTT Publishing Co.,
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THE FARMER'S GUIDE

To Scientific and Practical Agriculture, by Henry Stephens, F.R.S. Edinburgh, and the late C. P. Norton, Professor of Scientific Agriculture in Yale College, New Haven.

Two vols., Royal octavo, 1,600 pages, and numerous engravings. Price $7; by mail, post paid, $8.

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IF YOU WOULD ATTRACT CUSTOMERS,

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If you have spent money in the purchase and erection of an attractive sign for your place of business, carry such a judicious step a little further and repeat the sign a thousand times.

Place the Particulars of your Business before the Public and

ADVERTISE.

A Local Paper is the best medium wherein to advertise a Local Business, therefore go and

ADVERTISE

IN THE

"DAILY NEWS."

Possessing the largest circulation of any Newspaper published in this city, this Journal offers the best medium for Local and General Advertisements; therefore advertise in the

DAILY NEWS.

Contracts and yearly agreements for Advertisements made at the DAILY NEWS office.

See Tariff of Rates, and if you do not already take advantage of types and ink, resolve at once to

ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISING.

TARIFF OF RATES FOR ADVERTISEMENTS

Six lines and under, $1 for first three insertions, and 15 cents for every subsequent insertion.

Ten lines, $1.25 for first three insertions, and 20 cents for every subsequent insertion.

Above 10 lines, 8 cents per line for first insertion, and four cents per line for every subsequent insertion.

Subsequent insertions not ordered oftener than once a week, 4 cents per line.

Notices of Births, 50 cents each
Do Marriages, 50 cents each
Do Deaths, 50 cents each
} These rates to be paid in advance.

"BUSINESS NOTICES."—All matter under this heading leaded or solid, 8 cents per line, measured by a scale of solid brevier, over 10 lines; under 10 lines, 75 cents; under 7 lines, 50 cents.

Other Notices in editorial columns, the object of which is to promote the pecuniary or private interests of Individuals or Companies, such as Reports of Banks, Insurance Companies, Notices of attend Lectures, Amusements, Meetings, Sermons, Acknowledgments of Donations, &c., to be considered advertisements, and charged on the same scale and in the same manner as "Business Notices."

YEARLY AGREEMENTS.

The square to be 22 lines of solid brevier.

The half square 11 lines ditto.

Price for square, for one year, for daily paper $40, with the privilege of altering limited to once a month.

Half square, for daily paper, $25 per year, with same privilege.

N.B.—The square to be confined to the ordinary business of commercial houses, and for such houses it will not be held to include Auction Sales, Advertisements of Sales, Removals, Copartnership Notices, Private Advertisements of Individual Members of Firms, Houses to Let or for Sale.

JAMES SHANNON.

Princess Street, Kingston

Kingston, Jan. 12, 1872

CANADA CENTRAL

AND

Brockville & Ottawa Railways.

Great Broad Gauge Route to Ottawa.

On and after Monday, October 30, 1871,

TRAINS WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:—

LEAVE BROCKVILLE,

Express at 7:30 A.M., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 P.M., and at Sand Point at 1:30 P.M., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Local Train at 1:40 P.M.

Through Ottawa Express at 3:25 P.M., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, arriving at Ottawa at 7:25 P.M., and at Sand Point at 8:15 P.M.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 A.M., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 P.M., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train at 4:35 P.M.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT

At 1:30 P.M., 7:35 P.M., and 8:15 P.M.

LEAVE SAND POINT

At 5:30 A.M., 9:10 A.M., and 3:45 P.M.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all Trains on B. and O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

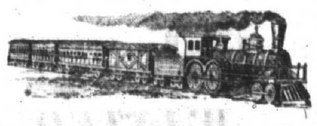
Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 9:10 A.M., after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car-loads will go through in Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, 31st Oct., 1871.

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway



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FOUR TRAINS DAILY,

making certain connections with the Grand Trunk Railway for all points East and West, and with the Ogdensburgh and Lake Champlain, and the Rome and Watertown Railways for New York, Boston, and all points South.

COMFORTABLE SOFA CARS

on the Trains connecting with the Grand Trunk Night Expresses, available only to passengers with First Class Through Tickets. Charge for Berths 50 Cents.

20 Minutes allowed for Refreshments at Prescott Junction.

FREIGHT NOTICE.

A FLOATING ELEVATOR always in readiness during Open Navigation at Prescott Wharf, where Storage for Grain, Flour, Pork, &c., can be had.

A Change Gauge Car Pit

is provided in the Prescott Junction Freight Shed by means of which Freight loaded on Change Gauge Cars COMES THROUGH TO OTTAWA WITHOUT TRANSHIPMENT.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director.

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871.

F. M. Wafer, M.D.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c. OFFICE: 82 Princess Street, four doors above Wellington Street, and over A. B. Macpherson's Dry Goods Store.

Oct. 17.

PRIVATE BILLS.

PARTIES intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the *Canada Gazette*), to give

TWO MONTHS' NOTICE

of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the *Canada Gazette*, and also in a Newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending Copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

ALFRED TODD,
Chief Clerk Committees and Private Bills,
House of Commons.

Ottawa, 7th Dec., 1871.

1871. COAL. 1871.

Anthracite Coal Yard.

OFFICE:
ST. LAWRENCE WHARF, FOOT OF JOHNSON STREET.

OUR COAL is Pure Lackawana, being mined in the very heart of the Lackawana Valley, Scranton, Pittston and Wilkes Barre, from the best selected mines, and is prepared with great care expressly for family use, and will be screened and delivered in the best possible condition.

Best selected SOFT COAL for grates constantly on hand; also Leigh Lump for foundry use, and Blossburg for Blacksmiths.

Terms Cash. Delivered in any part of the city.

JAMES SWIFT & CO.

Kingston, October 21, 1870.

ORANGE CERTIFICATES and Lodge Summons may be obtained at the DAILY NEWS OFFICE. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Devices for every description of Orange printing kept on hand at the DAILY NEWS STEAM PRINTING HOUSE

THE DAILY NEWS is kept on sale every day at the Book Stores of Mr John Henderson, Princess Street, and Mr Edward Stacey, King Street. Single copies may also be had at the Publication Office, Princess Street. PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE DAILY NEWS

BOOK, JOB and GENERAL PRINTING Establishment.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs respectfully to inform his friends and the public generally that having purchased the Plant and Good Will of THE DAILY NEWS and CHRONICLE & NEWS, and having a large stock of PLAIN and FANCY TYPES for

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Gold and Colours

AT THE

DAILY NEWS OFFICE,

PRINCESS STREET.

JAMES SHANNON, Publisher.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Corporation of the City of Kingston will make application to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to authorize the consolidation of the Debt of the City of Kingston, to pay the Debentures now issued and other indebtedness by the issue of new Debentures, and for the relief of the ratepayers in assessing for the said consolidated debt.

By order,

M. FLANAGAN,
City Clerk.

Kingston, Oct. 28th, 1871.

John Power,

ARCHITECT AND BUILDING SURVEYOR. Office and Residence Queen Street.

Oct. 24.

Kirkpatrick & Smythe,

BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, &c.

A. S. KIRKPATRICK.
E. H. SMYTHE, M.A.

Alex. S. Kirkpatrick,

COUNTY CROWN ATTORNEY and Clerk of the Peace for the County of Frontenac, Ontario Street, Kingston, directly opposite the Montreal Telegraph Company's office.

Kingston, July 19, 1871.

Gildersleeve & Walkem,

BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Conveyancers, Notaries Public.

Richard T. Walkem,

SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY. Office, Clarence Street, Kingston, Ont.

J. P. GILDERSLEEVE, L.L.B.
RICHARD T. WALKEM.

Joseph Rawden,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, 33 King Street, Kingston.

John Mudie,

BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, &c., has removed his office to Clarence Street, between King and Wellington Streets. Money to lend at easy rates on acceptable security.

James S. Cartwright,

BARRISTER-AT-LAW. OFFICE, over Parker's Drug Store.

W. H. Fuller,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law. Office, Clarence Street.

Aug. 7.

Dentistry.

F. M. CLARK, L.D.S., DENTAL ROOMS, No. 4 Wilson's Block, Wellington Street, Between Princess and Brock Sts.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

July 31.

Provincial Insurance Co.

FIRE AND MARINE. MAXWELL W. STRANGE, Agent. Office, Clarence Street, opposite Post Office.

Royal Assurance Company

OF LIVERPOOL and LONDON. MAXWELL W. STRANGE, Agent for Kingston. Office, Clarence Street, opposite Post Office.

DR. HENRY B. EVANS, M.R.C.S., London. Office over Parkhill's Grocery Store.

DANIEL McINTOSH, Veterinary Surgeon, Graduate of the Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto. Office, City Hotel, Kingston.

FELLOWS'

Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

AS ALL LIFE-ENDOWED BODIES, whether they be beasts, birds, reptiles, insects, or even zoophytes and subjects of the vegetable kingdom, are governed by vital force, which binds all the springs of existence; and as nothing can save them from destruction when this principle leaves them, the discovery of means whereby vitality may be sustained in the living body is indeed a boon to the world.

Modern chemistry has ventilated the question and discovered the ingredients constituting the brain, muscles and nerves, and finds that by introducing these ingredients in proper proportions the brain and nervous system are strengthened.

This, then, is substantially the basis on which Fellows' Hypophosphites is built; its direct action is upon the blood, the brain and nervous system, and the muscles. Strengthening the nerves, it causes the rapid distribution of vitalized blood in the muscular organs of the body.

Rousing the sluggish heart and liver, strengthening the action of the stomach and bowels, and enabling the lungs to be fully inflated with oxygen.

It is adapted for all cases of weakness and emaciation, whether arising from a sedentary life, a tropical climate, from fever or debility, from any cause, and is efficacious in pulmonary consumption, many confirmed cases having been cured; and all benefited, where its use has been continued over a fortnight.

In bronchitis it is a specific, and in asthma it gives relief where every other remedy fails.

For nervous debility it stands unrivalled and may be used with confidence in all cases.

As this is entirely distinct and different from every other preparation of Hypophosphites, be careful to ask for Fellows' Syrup, and take no other.

Sold by Apothecaries. Price $1 50; six for $7 50.

JAMES I. FELLOWS, Chemist,
St. John, N.B.

Notice

IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario, for an Act confirming and legalizing the several Municipal By-Laws granting Bonuses to the Kingston and Pembroke Railway Company, made by the City of Kingston, the County of Frontenac, the County of Renfrew and the Village of Pembroke, respectively.

Kingston, Nov. 9, 1871

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