WANTS.

BOARDERS WANTED—A few gentlemen can obtain good board in a pleasant locality. Enquire at this Office.
June 7.

TO LET.

TO RENT—A partly furnished 13 rooms house, next to Dr. Fowler's, Brock Street, near Clergy. Apply on the premises.
June 15.

TO LET, A HOUSE IN MAPLE ROW, Barrie Street. Enquire of CHAS. McMILLEN, Auctioneer.
April 16.

TO LET, A HOUSE OPPOSITE WELLINGTON STREET SCHOOL, formerly occupied by Captain Gaskin. Rent $100 and taxes. Apply to
KIRKPATRICK & ROGERS, Solicitors.
May 2.

TO LET—The shop Number Two, Wellington Buildings, next to R. Waldron's Dry Goods Store. Possession immediately. Apply to JAMES A. HENDERSON, Clarence Street.
May 10.

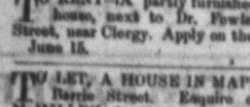
STORE AND DWELLING TO LET.—The New Three Storey Brick Store and Dwelling on the Corner of Wellington and Queen Streets. Possession 1st of June. Apply to
HENRY CUNNINGHAM.
Kingston, 9th May, 1878.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A STONE COTTAGE on Clergy Street between Queen and Colborne Streets. For particulars apply on the premises or at the DAILY NEWS OFFICE.
June 11.

FOR SALE, A BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE ON ALBERT STREET, near Division Street, containing six rooms, with cellar and large back kitchen attached, well, shed and a garden well stocked with fruit trees, &c. A good bargain is offered. Inquire at this office or on the premises.
June 3.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A FINE CUT-STONE RESIDENCE on Sydenham Street, near Princess, and opposite Tandy's Marble Works. Terms moderate. Apply next door or at the Wemple House.
May 28.



Grand Musical Tournament AT MONTREAL.

ROYAL MAIL LINE OF STEAMERS.

TICKETS will be issued from Kingston by the steamers leaving on the 18th, 19th and 20th instant, to Montreal and back for $5, good to 25th instant, to return either by Grand Trunk Railway or by steamer.
C. H. HATCH,
June 10. Agent.

FINEST TEA AT THE LEAST PRICE CAN BE GOT AT THE GOLDEN LION GROCERY

THE largest, best and cheapest assortment of FAMILY GROCERIES kept at all times at the
GOLDEN LION GROCERY.

FAMILY AND PASTRY FLOUR, Oatmeal and Hominy, finest quality, and the lowest price, can be had at the
GOLDEN LION GROCERY.

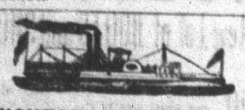
OSWEGO, Glencoe and Edwardsburgh Silver Satin Gloss, Pure White and Pudding and Laundry STARCH in 1 pound and 6 pound packages, for sale cheap at the
GOLDEN LION GROCERY.

SUGAR CURED HAMS, Boneless Bacon, Sugar Cured Shoulders, Lard, Cheese, Butter, &c., at the
GOLDEN LION GROCERY.

CORN BEER, Corn Tongue, Ham in 2 pound tins for Picnics, the best ever imported to this market at the
GOLDEN LION GROCERY.

SUGARS in all grades and varieties, imported by ourselves from the manufacturers on the Clyde, Liverpool and New York, which we offer to the public in small quantities at wholesale prices.
GOLDEN LION GROCERY.

W. R. McRAE & Co.
June 14.



CREIGHTON'S RAMBLE, No. 4.

STEAMER CITY OF KINGSTON

BREWER'S MILLS & JONES' FALLS.

ON WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26TH.

SURPASSING in scenery the River St. Lawrence and equal in romantic beauty to the Falls of Niagara.

The boat will leave the Ferry Wharf, foot of Brock street, at 7 a.m., sharp, and return the same evening.

☞ FARE, 50 cents; Music accompanying.

GEO. W. CREIGHTON.
June 14.

STATUTORY CHATTEL MORTGAGES, Mortgages, Deeds and Leases, Marriage Certificates, Orange Certificates and Summonses, a full stock at the DAILY NEWS OFFICE.

BOARDERS.—A FEW BOARDERS can be accommodated at Mrs McNinch's Old Stand, foot of Princess Street.
WM HEWTON.
June 13.

WASHING.—A respectable woman wishes to get washing at her home, Johnson street, near Division. Apply to WIDOW CASTELL.
June 17.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS MELODEON will be sold cheap for cash. Enquire at this office.
June 17.

THE DAILY NEWS,
(Established 1851.)
published by JAMES SHANNON and WILLIAM MEEK every Evening at the Office, Princess Street, Kingston, Canada, AT FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR, CASH.

THE CHRONICLE AND NEWS.
(Established 1810),
Is published every Friday morning at $1.50 a year if paid in advance, otherwise $2.00 a year.

Advertisements are charged at the following Rates:—Those under Six Lines $1.00 for three insertions and $0.15 for further continuations. Those under Ten Lines are charged $1.25 for three insertions, and Twenty Cents for Continuations. Other Advertisements are charged at the rate of Eight Cents per line for the first insertion, and Four Cents per line for each subsequent insertion, except when ordered once or twice a week, when they are charged Eight and Six Cents per line respectively.

Notices, the object of which is to promote pecuniary or private interests, such as reports of Banks, Insurance Companies, Notices to attend Amusements and Meetings, to be considered Advertisements.

Notice of Births.....Fifty Cents.
Notice of Marriages.....One Dollar.
Notice of Funerals.....Fifty Cents.

SPECIAL CONTRACTS MADE
On Monthly, Yearly or Half Yearly Advertisements, payable at the time of Contract. The low rates charged for this class of advertisements are conditional on their prepayment.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.
Anonymous communications can receive no attention. Everything forwarded for insertion must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as evidence of authenticity. It is also requested that correspondents will only write on one side of the sheet of paper.
We cannot undertake to return rejected communications.

The Daily News.

TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 18.

The Hon. Alexander Morris, ex-Governor of Manitoba, has been nominated for the representation of Selkirk by the Opposition. Selkirk is now represented by that first-class jobber, Mr Donald A. Smith.

The Quebec House of Assembly is represented as consisting of twenty lawyers, eight doctors of medicine, eight notaries, twelve merchants, three traders, eleven farmers, and three "gentlemen," which is meant, we presume, those of independent means who follow no calling.

Mr Philip Olivier Ernest Picaud, of Arthabaskaville, has been appointed "Prothonotary of the Superior Court, Sheriff of the Circuit Court, and Crown Sheriff for the District of Three Rivers," in the place of Edward Bernard, dismissed. *M. Picaud is the brother-in-law of M. Joly's purchased Speaker.*

THE QUEBEC GOVERNMENT DEFEAT.

Referring to the recent defeat of the Joly Government in the Quebec Legislature, a journal which supports the Reform Party, the St. John, N.B., *Daily News*, says: "It was a defeat, not only on the main question on which the Government went to the country, but also a defeat on the ground of the want of a majority. Such being the case, it would have greatly more redounded to the Government's credit to have resigned immediately, than to have preferred the course of trying to sustain itself by coaxing or corrupting some of its pledged opponents into helping to keep it alive." The *News* hits the nail on the head. The Jolyites did their best to buy up several members of the Opposition, but, to their credit be it said, with the exception of Mr Turncoat Turcotte, the purchase business did not succeed. Mr Joly is running his Government under somewhat disadvantageous circumstances. A majority of one, and that, too, of a man bought up for the purpose, is a very slender thread by which to hold on to office. But Mr Joly is determined to stay where he is until after the Dominion elections at any rate, which will afford him and his colleagues the opportunity of playing into the hands of the Dominion Government, which is part of the programme laid out by His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec when he arbitrarily dismissed his late advisers, who had a large majority to support them in both the Senate and the House of Assembly.

THE PEMBINA BRANCH.

The Ottawa *Citizen* of last evening says: "We have received particulars with reference to the letting of the Pembina Branch contract, and if what our informant states is true, it is evident that an injustice has been done in order that Messrs. Harty and Upper, of Kingston, may be benefitted. The Charlebois business is still fresh in the public mind, and now that so great an effort is to be put forth against Sir John Macdonald in Kingston, it is reasonable, of course, that Messrs. Harty and Upper should be considered, but to do this no advantage should be taken of the gentleman whose tender was lowest or who was induced by false representations to partially agree to withdraw from his contract."

We have caused inquiry to be made into this matter, and from what we can learn have come to the conclusion that the *Citizen's* statement does not represent the facts in their proper light. The contract, we are informed, was obtained by a Mr Kavanagh, of Ottawa, who was backed up by certain persons from New York, who failed to "come to time" when required. At the request of Mr Kavanagh the contract was taken off his hands by Messrs. Murphy, of Ottawa, who, we understand, is a Reformer, and Mr Upper, who is one of the staunchest Conservatives in this city, or in the Province. Mr Harty's connection with the contract is simply as the surety of Mr Upper. As far as we can learn, politics have nothing to do in the case—at any rate the Kingston contest has not. In justice to the parties concerned we make this statement, which we have reason to believe is accurate.

New helmets arrived from England yesterday for the 8th Royal Rifles, Montreal.

An agitation has been commenced in Quebec for the location of a regiment of regulars in that city.

THE PRESBYTERIANS AND THE HYMN QUESTION.

The Hamilton *Times* hits off the Rev. Dr Robb's anti-hymn and anti-organ proclivities in this fashion: "By the way, if a man-made musical instrument, or a man-made hymn, employed in church service, can possibly be construed into an offence against God, in what relation to God do man-made creeds and man-made prayers stand? May we ask also if, when the Rev. Dr Robb reaches heaven, he will enter upon a crusade against the harps which the angelic choirs employ in praising God?" Passing by the allusion to the use of harps in the other world, which is generally understood to be figurative in the Scriptures, the *Times* makes a good point against the Rev. Dr. Robb and clergymen who consider it a sort of sacrilege to use any other form of praise in the service of the sanctuary than the Psalms of David, inasmuch as they are inspired and hymns are not, while the same gentlemen fight most pugnaciously for a strict adherence to the dogmatic definitions of the uninspired men who framed the Westminster Confession of Faith. Whatever may be said on the organ question, it does seem absurd to contend that in the language of the magnificent hymns used by various Churches, praise cannot be as effectually offered as in the phraseology of the Psalms, the Scottish version of which is so wanting in decent rhyme and rhythm. That there are hymns extant, especially those which are used by Revivalists, which are the veriest literary trash and rubbish, we are free to admit; but no man is in a position to detract from the merits of the fine compositions of the great hymn-writers of the Church universal, which shall continue to be used while Christianity exists, and that will be while sun and moon endure. If a clergyman or layman make the non-use of hymns a matter of conscience, of course argument on the subject must cease; but we confess that it seems to us to be simply prejudice of the most narrow-minded description for individual clergymen to place a ban upon the magnificent hymns sung in so many Churches. It is highly desirable that as regards usage on this subject there should exist uniformity. In Scotland, in the United States, and in this country, progress has been made in the introduction of carefully prepared collections of hymns into Presbyterian Churches for use in divine service. As yet the custom is not general; but the innovation, as in the case of organs, is spreading. At present the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of Canada does not insist upon every congregation using the authorized hymn-book. It is left an open question, each congregation, if we understand the subject rightly, acting for itself. By reference to our outline of Saturday's proceedings of the General Assembly, to be found in another column, it will be seen that the subject occupied attention on that day and that the debate thereon was adjourned.

INTERNATIONAL MILITARY COURTESIES.

The result of the visit of the "Barlow Greys," a St. Albans, Vermont, Volunteer company, to Montreal has been to help in the further development of a good feeling between the people of Canada and those of the United States. It is expected that the 6th Fusiliers, of Montreal, will be invited to visit St. Alban's on the approaching fourth of July, to take part in the national celebration. The St. Alban's men are very much pleased with the handsome manner in which they were treated in Montreal, and are determined to reciprocate, if the opportunity be afforded them. From the New York *Star* of the 13th instant we learn that the 6th Brooklyn, Volunteer Regiment, of which the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher is chaplain, proposes to visit Montreal, on the 24th of May, 1869—the next celebration of the anniversary of Her Majesty's birthday. A committee has been appointed to make the necessary arrangements. It is said that Mr Beecher is one of the most prominent advocates of the regiment's proposed to visit Canada, and that he will accompany it, should the arrangements be satisfactorily carried out. The cost of the visit has been put down at $7,600. Such visits cannot fail to increase the friendly sentiments, which now, fortunately, exist between us and our American friends. Our Government, we are certain, will, as in the case of the "Barlow Greys," give the necessary permission for the entrance into Canada of the fine Brooklyn regiment, fully armed and equipped, and doubtless the United States authorities will accede to the commanding officer's application for permission to visit Canada. By all means let a spirit of friendly military emulation prevail.

THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR OF QUEBEC—ANOTHER CONDEMNATION.

In the Legislative Council of Quebec on Friday an amendment to the address in reply to the Speech from the Throne was carried condemning the Lieutenant-Governor of the Province for his arbitrary conduct in dismissing his late Ministers. The resolution will be found in another column. The Montreal *Witness'* correspondent thinks the Governor-General's summoning Messrs. De St. Just and Joly on board the "Druid" to have an interview with him lookeeker some significance.

PROBABILITIES for the next twenty-four hours: For the lower lake region, moderate to fresh winds and clear to fair weather. For the upper St. Lawrence, moderate winds and clear to fair weather. For the lower St. Lawrence, gradually clearing weather. For the Maritime Provinces, moderate to fresh winds and cloudy weather, with rain areas.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN CANADA.

Saturday's Proceedings.

THE HYMN BOOK QUESTION.

The Clerk then read an overture on Hymnology, which was taken up last year in the Synod of Montreal and Ottawa, and laid over until this year.

An overture was also submitted from the Presbytery of Hamilton, as follows:—

"Whereas, it belongs to the Supreme Court of the Church to deal with the matters of common concern to the Church respecting worship, and particularly respecting the service of praise; and whereas, at the time of the union it was further resolved 'that further action' in this matter 'should be left to the legislation of the United Church;' whereas, also, a great variety of collections of hymns are in use in the several congregations and Sabbath Schools, and some of these contain hymns of an objectional character; whereas, further, it is expedient and dutiful that an effort be made to secure uniformity in the service of praise, as far as possible, and to have only such hymns used as the Church can approve; therefore, the Presbytery of Hamilton respectfully overtures the venerable the General Assembly indicted to meet at Hamilton in June next, to consider the best way for providing a hymn book for the use of such congregations as may see fit to use hymns. At the same time taking order that no other collection than that so provided shall be hereafter introduced in the service of praise in the congregations and Sabbath Schools of the Church."

Rev. Dr. Robb said the overtures asked that this Assembly should proceed to the compilation of a hymn book. He took for granted that this Assembly had affirmed the principle that an inspired hymn book was warranted by the Scriptures and by the standards of this Church. He complained that these overtures were not in proper form. They must affirm the principle that it is proper to have uninspired hymns before they consider the compilation of a hymn book.

The Moderator—It strikes me we can take up these overtures.

Dr. Robb bowed to the decision of the Moderator.

Rev. Mr Wilson, (Kingston), challenged the overture from the Presbytery of Whitby, which stated the General Assembly had already given its sanction to the use of hymns in the Church. He held that the Assembly had granted no such liberty.

The Moderator—As I interpret it, we have allowed the use of hymns already in use. We all know we have never legislated. As I understand it, the Assembly have given their sanction in the way of allowing. The hearing of the overtures binds the Assembly to nothing.

Rev. Mr Armstrong appeared in support of the overture from Montreal and Ottawa. He maintained that the question of hymnology was in such a state at the present time that the Assembly should take action with reference to it. The Assembly should regulate the worship of praise; but the question was not whether hymn books should be used. Hymn books were now used, and the question is, what books shall be used? In Ottawa, and he believed in many other places, great difficulty took place in consequence of the variety of hymns in use. The United Presbyterian Hymn Book, the English Hymn Book, the Presbyterian Hymnal, and in one church there were several books in use. He did not care how long the Assembly were in getting a hymn book, but he wished a good one, and the sooner it was got the better.

Rev. Mr Laing, of Dundas, on behalf of the Presbytery of Hamilton, said the action of the Assembly last year went to show that this Assembly was committed to consider the matter. The fact that no fewer than six overtures had been sent to this Assembly showed that the Church was ripe to act upon this very grave matter. If at the union, the bodies composing that union agreed that further action should be taken, why should they be debarred from taking it? If they were acting irregularly, then let them act regularly. He held they were acting regularly.

Dr Robb—No.

Mr Laing—Dr Robb says no; but we are acting regularly, because all they wished was to have something done. Mr Laing then referred to the large number of hymns in use, and he had been informed by a gentleman who ought to know that they had no fewer than twenty different collections of hymns in use in their congregations and Sunday schools. The churches had already, by common consent, endorsed the use of at least five hymns in connection with the Psalms of David.

Dr Robb—No, no.

Mr Laing—Yes.

Dr Robb—No.

Mr Laing—If Dr Robb wishes to contradict a fact that everybody knows, all right; I cannot help it. These hymns have been sanctioned by common use.

Dr Robb—That's a different question.

Mr Laing said those in favour of hymns did not wish to force any congregation to use them, but would allow any congregation who wished to have hymns to have this authorized hymn book.

A Delegate—Are you willing to allow those hymns already in use to remain?

Mr Laing—We do not wish to interfere with those already in use. Mr Laing concluded by stating that the use of psalms were already generally in disuse in the family circle and Sunday Schools, and that hymns had taken their place; and that great incongruities existed in consequence. He earnestly trusted speedy action would be taken.

No one appeared in support of the overture from the Presbytery of Miramichi.

The Moderator, in reference to some remarks which had been made said it had been resolved to consider the matter of hymnology at this Assembly.

Dr Robb—The Assembly is a representative body, and cannot make any such arrangement.

Mr Laing—That's so.

The Moderator—Then why did they do it.

Dr. Robb—That's for the Assembly to say.

Rev. Mr McMullen, of Woodstock, appeared for the Presbytery of Paris, and in a vigorous speech, claimed the right, if he composed his prayers, to be allowed to use hymns composed in suitable language. There was no use in trying to drive the discussion of the matter out by objecting to the overtures, for, as soon might they try to drive back the gentle breezes of spring as to drive back this desire for hymns. He would not ask for a large selection, but believed about 150 good hymns could be got from the various books now in existence.

Rev. Mr Fraser, of St. Thomas, on behalf of the Synod of Hamilton, spoke strongly in favour of action now being taken, as—

"Now's the day and now's the hour."

(Laughter and applause.)

Rev. Walter Roger, for Whitby Presbytery, was convinced that an authorized hymn-book should be speedily provided, to take the place of those already in existence. The Assembly will adopt one of three courses: First, stop the use of hymns in the Church entirely, (and he didn't think they would do that); second, let things go on as they are; and third, try and prepare a good selection; and it was to take the third course that he asked the Assembly.

Rev. Mr Laing moved that the overtures be received and remitted to a committee for consideration, with instructions to prepare a deliverance which may give effect to the prayer of the overtures in their general terms.

Rev. Dr. James, of Hamilton, seconded the motion.

Principal Cavan then moved in amendment:

"The General Assembly recognizing the great importance of the subject brought before it in the overtures on Hymnology now submitted, as well as the evils involved in the use of so great a variety of hymn books as are at present found in our Church; and earnestly desirous to bring the service of praise regulated and conducted within the Church in the way that shall best promote the glory of God and the edification of the brotherhood, appoint a committee to prepare a remit on this subject to the General Assembly at an early sederunt, to the Presbyteries and sessions, in terms of the Barrier Act, in order that the mind of the Church on this highly important matter may be ascertained and reported to the next General Assembly, and the Presbytery send the overtures to the committee."

The discussion of the constitutional part of the question was continued by Rev. Messrs Blake and Sedgwick, the latter of whom thought the remission of the matter to Presbyteries might result in these bodies reporting in favour of having no hymns at all, a state of matters which would interfere with the liberties of the congregation secured by the union.

The Moderator thought Principal Cavan's motion threw open the whole subject of hymnology and of the use of hymns, which he doubted if they could constitutionally do.

Principal Caven agree to alter his resolution so that it would read "the subject of hymnology so far as raised by the overtures."

Rev. Prof. Mackerras read from the rules of order contained in the United Presbyterian book to show that no standing law or rule should be made by overtures or otherwise relative to matters of doctrine, discipline, or worship, until the matter was submitted to the Presbyteries for approval. He thought therefore that the course contemplated by Principal Caven's motion was the right one.

Rev. Principal Grant held that Principal Caven was constitutionally right in proposing to send this matter to the Presbyteries, but the question was, would that course be the most expedient. The Presbyteries might possibly decide to deprive them of the right to use hymn books altogether. He was aware of the danger referred to by the Rev. Principal Caven, of concussing consciences. On the other hand, there were the Revs. Mr Adamson, Dr. Robb and Mr Wilson, who felt strongly upon this point. He (Rev. Principal Grant) would guard their consciences, feelings, and liberty as he would guard his own. He had no more intellectual sympathy for their views than he had for other opinions held in the world. The position of the Rev. Mr McMullen was easily understood when he said he could not see why he should be permitted to pray extemporaneously, and yet not be permitted to praise God in carefully composed hymns. Men could hold opinions honestly, even such opinions as many had no intellectual sympathy with; therefore, on that account alone the friends of hymnology should not press this matter, especially as no one proposed to take away their hymn books. The inconvenience in regard to the variety of hymn books used was not so great as represented. He had to preach in as many different churches as any man, and he did not experience these difficulties. Strange hymn books were often thrust into his hands, but he found no difficulty if he intelligently gave out the hymn as "Hymn No. so and so." There were inconveniences, of course, but they were not sufficient to warrant the Assembly in incurring the danger which was threatened, if the matter was further pushed. The Church had better leave the whole question alone. There was a great deal of business to be done, and which had better be attended to at once. There was a great variety of individual opinions in this united Church, and it was not expedient there should be a discussion on this question. Therefore he moved "That the overtures be dismissed."

After further discussion on motion of Dr. Robb, the debate was adjourned till Monday.

REV. MR CHINIQUY.

The Rev. Mr Chiniquy spoke most encouragingly of the good work done in the Lower Provinces, and also in Manitoba. Great numbers of people had embraced the Protestant faith under him, through the blessing of God Almighty.

At the close of his address Dr. Robb moved a vote of thanks to the speaker, and that he should be given a year's leave of absence. This, however, was held over until Mr Chiniquy's application was presented.

MISSIONARIES.

The Committee appointed by the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church to prepare a scheme for the continuous supply of mission stations have reported in favour of the appointment of missionaries for a term of not less than two years, and the appointment may be renewed. The Committee also report in favour of the salaries of missionaries being as follows: The ordained missionaries who are married, not less than $700 per annum, for unmarried men, not less than $600 per annum; for licentiates, $550 per annum; for students, $450 per annum; the salaries of laymen shall be determined in each case by the H. M. Committee. The above amounts shall be held to cover board, house rent and other expenses.

The report on Home Mission Work showed that the deficit of $3,000, with which the year had been commenced, had been increased. In Manitoba $9,000 had been expended during the year, and at Sault St. Marie a church had been erected. The Hastings Road and Ottawa district presented prospects full of encouragement. The amounts raised from presbyteries, foreign churches and other donations and Sabbath Schools during the year was $30,435.74, making, with the donations from the College Societies, a total of $33,175.39. The balance against the Committee was $5,876.46. Of that sum $3,659.99 was paid on account of the preceding year; $2,000 was given to the Manitoba College, and $680 had been paid on account of the present year. In the Manitoba Provinces the receipts were over $9,572 and the expenditure $10,202.

MONDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

In the Assembly yesterday, the debate on the Hymn Book question was resumed by Dr. Robb, who spoke at length on the subject, and who opposed the use of any hymology save that which God had provided in His Word. The Rev. D. Macdonnell, Rev. A. Wilson, Kingston; and other members of the Assembly continued the debate, when the Rev. Mr Laing's motion for the reception of the overtures and the appointment of a Committee favourable to the recommendation, was carried. Dr. Robb dissented from the finding, on the ground that it was unconstitutional. At the evening sederunt, the Foreign Mission report was read, and several speeches were made on it. The Assembly will meet next year in St. Andrew's Church, Ottawa.

The Treasury Frauds.

New York, June 18.—A Washington special to the *Tribune* says:—The Republican members of Glover's Committee report that no consultation has been held with them in regard to the accusations against Dr. Linderman. The latter says the evidence against him is all hearsay.

The *Times* says the nominations of Fenton, Groesbeck and Walker as members of the International Monetary Conference are not satisfactory to the Senate Finance Committee, and the President has been unofficially informed to that effect; but it is probable that, if new names are not sent in, the present nominations will be confirmed. The objections are to the financial views of the gentlemen nominated.

MONTREAL.

The 12th of July—Labour Troubles.

Montreal, June 18.—The Mayor states that every precaution will be taken to preserve the peace of the city on the 12th of July next.

A meeting of labourers discharged by the Corporation was held this morning on the Champ de Mars, and a petition addressed to the Council was adopted, setting forth their distressed condition. Fears of labour troubles here are entertained.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

THE CONGRESS.

YESTERDAY'S MEETING.

UNCONFIRMED RUMOURS.

(Midnight Despatches.)

The New York *Telegram's* special from London states that it is rumoured that the Duke of Edinburgh desires to obtain the sovereignty of North Bulgaria, and that the Queen and Earl Beaconsfield are doing their utmost to gain this end.

A Berlin special says:—It seems that Monday's sitting was a somewhat stormy one. England, supported by Andrassy, declared it impossible to even consider the proposition for a Russian occupation of Bulgaria after the singing of a treaty.

Note—This news is doubtful.

A Berlin despatch says:—It is rumoured that England and Austria jointly demand the withdrawal of the Russians from Constantinople during the sitting of the Congress. It is reported the fighting between the Turks and Montenegrins has caused a painful sensation; and it is believed if Beaconsfield proposes in the Congress autonomy for Crete, the Russian Poles will draw attention in the Congress to their sufferings.

A Berlin correspondent reports that Earl Beaconsfield had an interview with Gortschakoff previous to the meeting of the Congress to-day.

Berlin, June 17.—The second session of the Congress was held to-day, and lasted seven hours. The subject of discussion appears to have been the admission of Greece, which will be supported by France, England, Austria, and perhaps Germany. The English, Russian and Austrian plenipotentiaries are said to enter freely into the discussion, while the French, Italian and German representatives maintain a strict reserve. The next meeting of the Congress will be held to-morrow.

Berlin despatches to Vienna say Austria, in accord with England, aims at effecting a stable organization of the remaining Turkish territory. The preliminary discussions on the Bulgaria question encountered several obstacles, but an ultimate understanding is certain. The Roumanian delegates decided to remain in Berlin, as the Minister of one of the Great Powers, informed them that the Bessarabian question is by no means settled. It is said the collision between the Turks and Montenegrins will be discussed in the Congress to-morrow. A despatch from Cattaro indicates that the affair is not expected to lead to further hostilities.

(To-day's Despatches.)

London, June 18.—Some Berlin correspondents assert that Salisbury proposed the admission of Greece to the Congress, and supported his proposal in a speech which occupied the entire sitting yesterday. Other correspondents declare that the discussion of the question of the admission of Greece was postponed till Wednesday.

It is stated that when Andrassy introduced the question of the boundaries of Bulgaria he made an earnest speech, urging the division of European Turkey into districts, on the basis of the nationalities thus rendering reform and regeneration possible without severing their connection with the Porte.

Scutari, June 18. The conflict between the Turks and the Montenegrins recently reported was a simple riot among the Turkish and Montenegrin inhabitants of Kraini.

London, June 18.—A Berlin correspondent of the *Times* reports that probably Greece will ultimately be admitted to the Congress in a purely consultative position, or to a limited number of sittings devoted to Greek interests.

It is not believed that the Congress will undertake to compel by force the exchange of Bessarabia for the Dobrudja or sanction Russia's coercing Roumania. If the latter, after the expression of opinion by the Congress, continues to refuse to make the exchange, England will insist on a vigorous limitation of the Principality of Bulgaria to the territory north of the Balkans.

A Berlin despatch says:—The Persian Minister to England is here to solicit protection to Persian interests.

Constantinople, June 18.—The Sultan has in a great measure recovered from his alarm regarding conspiracies. Savfet Pasha, with the object of developing the resources of the empire, is drawing up a document for publication, encouraging joint stock companies to solicit concessions from the Government for the construction of railways, ports, canal works and manufacturing establishments.

THE FISHERY AWARD.

The Senate Carries the Appropriation.

Washington, June 18.—In consequence of the failure to pass the Fisheries Award Bill in the House, the Senate will insert an amendment for the payment of the award in the Sundry Civil Bill.

Washington, May 18.—The Senate agreed to the amendment to the Sundry Civil Appropriation Bill, for the appropriation of five and one-half millions to pay the award of the Halifax Fishery Commission, if after correspondence with the British Cabinet on subject of conformity of the award to the requirements of the Treaty and to the terms of the question thereby submitted to the Commission, the President should deem it his duty to make the payment without further communication with Congress.

GERMANY.

Socialistic Arrests.

London, June 18.—A Berlin special says:—A report from Vienna of the meditated attempt on the life of the Crown Prince Frederick William caused a sensation here to-day. One hundred and thirty Socialists were arrested last night at Tivoli Biergarten, near here.

Condensed Despatches.

The expenses of the Montreal troops on duty in Quebec during the riots will reach between 5,000 and $6,000.

At the desire of the Prince of Wales Sir John Rose, one of the Canadian representatives at the Paris Exhibition, has telegraphed to the Premier expressing his Royal Highness' gratification with the Dominion trophy.

The Hon. T. J. Quinn, member of Congress for Albany, N.Y., district, died to-day.

Both the House of Representatives and the United States Senate have concurred in the resolution limiting Chinese immigration.

At the Ascot races to-day, the gold vase was won by Vernouill, and Glengarry carried off the Prince of Wales' stakes. The Ascot stakes was won by Chesterton.

The Resumption Act.

Washington, June 18.—Two-thirds not voting in favour of the Senate amendment to the bill repealing the Resumption Act it was not concurred in and the bill failed. The vote was a mixed one, both as to politics and localities. The Senate and House passed resolutions to extend the session until 6 p.m. on Wednesday.

☞ Remember the picnic for the benefit of Christ Church at Powley's Grove to-morrow.

☞ The Cataraqui picnic—amongst the attractions to-morrow, Rackett's Quadrille Band, strawberries and cream.

DEATH & DESTRUCT
—TO—
POTATO BUGS.

A SCIENTIFICAL GENTLEMA MONTREAL having discove Sure Remedy for prevention an struction of the above pests, has, aft peated entreaties, consented to send couple dozen packages, which I will ha inspection and sale about SATURDA 22nd inst.

Flour, Oatmeal, Corn Meal, Cracked Wheat and Wheat M
Fresh and cheap by car load.
Mess Pork, Bacon and Ham
By ton, barrel, or car load, cheap for
M. MORRISON,
BROCK STRE
June 18.

4th JULY.

GRAND EXCURSIO
—TO—
OSWEGO AND ROCHESTE

THE STEAMER MAGNE
CAPTAIN CAMERON, will leave Kin ston for Oswego and Charlotte on t 3rd July at 6 p.m.
Fare to Oswego and Return. $
Fare to Charlotte and Return. $
TICKETS GOOD TO RETURN UNTI
13th JULY
This will be the most popular excursio of the day, giving ample time to excursio ists to witness all the celebrations of th day, the display of fireworks in the evening and time also for our citizens to visit an friends and relatives residing in any of the above places.
The MAGNET being a first class upp cabin steamer, every comfort and accomm dation is offered for a large number of pas sengers.
C. H. HATCH,
June 18. Passenger Agent.

SUMMER SHOW.

KINGSTON
Electoral Division Society.

THE NEXT EXHIBITION of this Society will be held in the DRILL SHED
On FRIDAY, 5th July.
Entries can be made any time after 1st of July. Positively no entry received after 4 p.m. on day previous to the Exhibition.
All articles for exhibition must be at the Drill Shed before 10 a.m. on the morning of the Show.
By the permission of Col. Cotton and Officers, the Band of A Battery will play during the evening.
Tickets of membership and Prize Lists may be had on application to the Secretary, at Mr Simpson's Office, Clarence Street, opposite the Post Office.
S. C. McGILL,
June 18. Secretary.

F. X. COUSINEAU & CO.'S
GREAT MAMMOTH SALE
Commencing on Last SATURDAY
PROVED TO BE A VERY GREAT SUCCESS.
THEIR SHOP WAS CROWDED WITH CUSTOMERS from early morning until 11 p.m., hundreds having to go away unserved.
This Great Sale is Still Going On.
NOW IS THE TIME TO SECURE SOME OF THE
MANY GREAT BARGAINS GIVEN.
FRESH BARGAINS every day.
F. X. Cousineau,
The Great Benefactor of the Public.
ORANGE HALL BUILDINGS.
June 18.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS.
REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FLY TRAPS, WIRE DISH COVERS
Ice Cream Freezers
—ALSO—
Agate Iron Ware
Is made in almost every shape required in the kitchen. It combines the cleanliness of glass with the durability of Sheet Iron Ware.
Enamelled Kettles.
Stoves, Tinware and House Furnishing Goods in great variety at
Chown & Cunningham's.
CHOWN & CUNNINGHAM'S.
Cash paid for Second Hand Goods of all kinds at the Sign of the Red Flag.