TELEGRAPHIC.

(Special Despatches per Montreal Line.)

Fort Klmath, July 5.—Military commission met this a.m., and proceeded with the trial of Capt. Jack, Schonchin, Boston Charlie, Black Jim and others, who are implicated in the Canby massacre. The trial will probably conclude on or before the 9th or 10th inst.

Havana, July 9.—The Government has suspended the publication of the *Tribune* until a fine of $2,000 imposed by the authorities has been paid.

Madrid, July 9.—Three thousand factory operatives have struck for higher wages and shorter hours in Alcoy.

New York, July 10.—A Salt Lake City despatch says the hot weather has cleared all the canyons of snow, and the shipment of ores is going on.

The National Rifle Association have decided to have another extensive contest for prizes at Creedmoor, in the fall, and a minor contest every alternate week until then.

VERY LATEST.

London, July 10.—The case for prosecution against the Tichborne claimant closed to-day, and the trial adjourned until the 21st inst.

Berlin, July 10.—A despatch from Bresta Breslan, says that a violent type of cholera has appeared in that city. Thus far there have been eighteen cases, fourteen of which proved fatal. In the town of Lantraburg, 34 miles north-east of Strasburg, 8 persons were stricken with the disease, and 4 died.

Washington, July 10, 10:30 a.m.—For Middle and Eastern States, falling barometer, increasing sou'-east and nor'-east winds, threatening weather and numerous local rains. For Lower Lake regions, cloudy weather and local rain, followed by nor'-westerly winds and clearing weather by evening.

New York, July 10.—Arrived out—Castalia at Moville; Bristol at Queenstown, both from New York; and Peruvian from Montreal at Liverpool.

THE WELLAND CANAL.

Per Montreal Line.

PORT COLBORNE, July 9.

DOWN.

Schrs—Two Brothers, Cleveland, Toronto, coal; Montery, Chicago, Ogdensburg, corn; M F Merrick, Chicago, Kingston, corn; Melrose, Toledo, Oswego, corn. Props—Empire, Toledo, Ogdensburg, general cargo; Champlain, Chicago, Ogdensburg, general cargo.

UP.

Schrs—Filmore, Mary Merritt, Florida. Steam Barge—A A Turner. Schrs—John Jewett, Peerless, Wave Crest, Magdalla, New Dominion, of Picton. Barges—Eureka, Acton. Schrs—Norway, C Yuell, St Lawrence, Marysburg, Manzanilla, Florence, Cavalier. Prop—Scotia. Steam Barge—Lincoln. Schrs—G Steel, Reindeer, J Preston, E White, Lafayette Cooke, Malta.

Wind north-west; light.

QUEBEC.

Per Montreal Line.

QUEBEC, July 10.—At the Criminal Court at St. Scholastique, last week, two scoundrels, named Lafournis and Tourengeau; pleaded guilty to an indecent assault on a little girl. Judge Johnson sentenced them to 23 months' imprisonment and 25 strokes of the cat-and-nine-tails.

The Rev. Mr. Sykes publishes a letter to-day, saying that he has it from a gentleman who was at Niagara on the 4th of July, that there is no truth in the statement telegraphed to the Press that five persons were drowned at Niagara Falls on that day. It is simply a hoax.

Montreal Produce Market.

Montreal, July 10—12,30 p.m.

Flour—receipts 1752 bbls; market quiet and feeling slightly easier; broken lots of fancy and extra reported at former rates; ordinary super offered at 5,50, and about 600 bbls sold; bright ranges from 5,60 to 5,80; a sale of Western States super reported at 5,45; No 2 may be quoted at 4,80 to 4,90. Grain—A cargo No 2 Chicago wheat on P T. Provisions dull and nominal. Ashes unchanged.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, July 10.

Bank of Montreal—178¼, 177¾, 178.
Merchants' Bank—112½, 112.
Bank of Commerce—119, 118¾.
Ontario Bank—104½, 103.
Bank of Toronto—188, 186.
Royal Canadian Bank—96½, 95½, 96.
City Bank—91, 90.
Montreal Telegraph—185, 182½.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, July 10—2 p.m.

Gold 15⅝. Cotton 20⅞. Flour 10c higher; receipts 4,000 bbls; sales 15,000 bbls at 5,10 to 5,50 super state and western; 6,20 to 7,10 common to choice extra state; 6,05 to 7,10 common to choice extra western. Rye flour in fair request. Wheat quiet and steady; receipts 153,000 bush; sales 45,000 bush at 1,43 No 2 Milwaukee; 1,37 to 1,40 No 2 Chicago; 1,30 red spring, Rye dull and nominal; receipts 20,000 bush; sales none. Corn light; supply advancing; receipts 82,000 bush; sales 57,000 bush at 54 to 56 new western mixed f. o. rail. Barley dull and unchanged; receipts 82,000 bush. Oats firmer; receipts 46,000 bush; sales 49,000 bush at 44 to 44½ new mixed western; 48 to 52 white do; 43 to 44 new black do. Pork quiet and unchanged at 17,50 to 17,62½ for new mess. Lard steady; 9 steam; 9¼ kettle rendered. Butter 20 to 30. Cheese 12¼ to 12¾. Petroleum—crude 7¾; refined 17¼ to 17½.

LAST NIGHT'S NEWS.

—The vine disease is spreading in Portugal.

—Joe Jefferson and family left New York yesterday for Europe.

—Laura Keene is at present in New York city, in the last stages of consumption.

—The agent of the Coast Wrecking Company at Halifax thinks that the City of Washington can be saved.

—The Spanish Government has again made a resolution. This time it is by a "supreme effort" to crush out the insurrection.

—The European and American Postal Congress will meet at Berne, Switzerland, on the 9th of September next.

—Half a mile of the Missouri Pacific Railway, near Kickapoo, Ks., fell into the river on Tuesday evening.

—An attempt has been made to burn the Austrian Exhibition building, and some of the London correspondents think such a fate will be its end.

—The Minister of Marine and Fisheries has directed an enquiry to be made into the causes of the loss of the Inman steamer City of Washington.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS TO-DAY.

Sacrificing Sale.....A B Macpherson.
Public Schools.....Examinations.
Sheffield House.....C Grigor.
Sale of Groceries.....J R Burke.
Seasoned Lumber.....A F Macpherson.

The Daily British Whig.

Civiter per Orbem Dicor.

THURSDAY EVEN'G, JULY 10, 1873.

REMINDERS.

MEETING OF L.O.L. No. 1095 this evening.

THE BAND on the Queen's Wharf this evening.

MEETING of Licensed Victuallers this evening.

MEETING of House of Industry Board this evening.

CHEAP EXCURSION to Cape Vincent to-morrow.

SALE of Stock of Dry Goods at Store of Mr. A. B. McDonell at noon to-morrow.

TENDERS for wood and coal for Public School Board received to-morrow.

On the 4th instant the three Tory members of the Pacific Fraud Committee addressed a letter to a Montreal paper, in which the impudent assertion is made that "neither Sir JOHN MACDONALD nor any member of his Government, nor any person in their behalf, has ever, either directly or indirectly, made any suggestion to them, individually or collectively, of any course to be pursued, or anything to be done, on the subject of this inquiry." There are abundant proofs that this statement is directly untrue, from the time Sir JOHN suggested an adjournment in order that Sir HUGH ALLAN might be present, down to the date of this letter; but we wish to especially call attention to the interference of Sir JOHN with the conduct of the Committee, as evidenced by the Commission he offered them. The Commission is dated 28th June. The Committee did not meet until the 2nd July. Why was that Commission prepared in advance of the Committee, if Sir JOHN did not know beforehand that his attorneys would carry a motion for adjournment? If the job was not put up in advance, how did he know that the Committee would not proceed with the inquiry, and a reference of it to a Commission be possible? They "protest too much," do these three Tory attorneys, when they deny being subject to Sir JOHN's orders. Their servility is too plainly manifested to be explained away by a letter to a newspaper, whose appearance is the evidence of the reverse of what it seeks to prove, and shows that they feel their conduct is so suspicious as to require a defence.

ASSESSMENT OF BANK STOCK.

In another column will be found a copy of a judgment recently delivered by Judge BURROWES affirming the legality of the assessment of Bank Stock. The points decided are, that Bank Stock is liable to assessment; that its actual cash value is the proper basis of taxation; that "no matter where situate," it may be assessed at the place of business or residence of the owner; that stock held by a University is not liable to assessment, and that stock held by a resident of Ontario, as trustee for a non-resident, is also exempt from taxation.

From the wording of the judgment it would appear that even stock held by a resident of Ontario in a Bank which does not carry on business in this Province is liable to taxation, the eighth paragraph of Judge BURROWES's decision being as follows:—

"The question of the place where Bank stock exists, whether at the chief place of business of the Bank, or at the place of business or residence of the owner is of no importance, inasmuch as it is personal property, and, therefore, no matter where situate, liable to assessment at the place of business or residence of the owner."

BARGAIN AND SALE.

If a man who is anxious to secure a great railway contract from a government spends $343,000 to control the elections, (never having similarly spent a dollar before) and subsequently gets that contract, is it not pretty evident that the Government sold it to him? This is what Sir HUGH ALLAN has done. If Sir HUGH bought as he says he did, twenty seven members of Parliament and controlled the existence of the Ministry, is it not evidence that the Ministry sold him the contract for the political support of these twenty seven M. P's. It makes little difference whether the latter were bought by Sir HUGH for the Government, or by the Government itself. When bought, the Government swapped the Pacific contract for their support. It would have had precisely the same effect if the Government had first sold the contract to Sir HUGH for $343,000, and afterwards used that money to buy a majority of votes, as to give the contract in trade for the votes so bought for them. The argument that the Government are innocent will not hold water. They had the contract to give. They gave it to Sir HUGH in return for twenty-seven votes which it had cost him $343,000 to buy. What plainer proof of bargain and sale can intelligent men require?

A SPIKED GUN.

The Tory prints for want of better defence of the Ministry in the matter of the Pacific frauds have laid great stress on the appearance of Mr. GEORGE BROWN's name among those to whom Sir HUGH ALLAN proposed to allot stock. On the 28th Feb., 1872, Sir HUGH writes to Mr. C. M. SMITH, of Chicago: "It seems pretty certain that, in addition to money payments the following stock *will have to be* distributed." Then follows the names of the proposed recipients of stock and the proposed amounts, Mr. GEORGE BROWN being put down for $50,000. From the words italicised in the above quotation that Sir HUGH's list of stockholders was merely tentative, that the stock had not been, but "will have to be" distributed. However the Tory organs cried out that Mr. BROWN was tarred with the same stick as Sir HUGH, though he stated in a card in his journal that his name had been used by Sir HUGH without his authority. "GEORGE BROWN is down for $50,000; therefore the Ministry are innocent" was the Tory defence, no better being available. "If the Ministry were wrong, George Brown was wrong; therefore the Ministry were all right." Such is Tory logic.

But, fortunately, proof conclusive of the truth of Mr. BROWN's disclaimer has recently come to light. Mr. D. L. MACPHERSON publishes a statement of his dealings with Sir HUGH ALLAN in reference to the Pacific Charter. Among other letters received by him from Sir HUGH is one containing a somewhat similar allotment of stock to that given in the letter to Mr. C. M. SMITH. In it similarly appears Mr. BROWN's name opposite $50,000 stock. Sir HUGH adds of the list: "This may not be the ultimate arrangement, as *I have not yet even proposed the matter to some of the gentlemen.* This is pretty conclusive proof, but even stronger is forthcoming. On the 29th Feb., the day following his letter to Mr. SMITH, Sir HUGH writes Mr. MACPHERSON:

"Since writing to you I am informed that the *Hon. George Brown will not be a shareholder at present*, and I propose to name Mr. Howland in his place."

Now that the Tories have this, their only ground of their defence, cut from under them, they are certainly in sore straits. It was all right, so long as they could say "you're another" at Mr. BROWN. They will now have to set to work to prove that Mr. BROWN's grandfather was hanged for sheep stealing, which proved, the Ministry will, therefore, be innocent of all complicity in the Pacific Frauds.

Kingston Harbor.

The Oswego *Times* has been publishing a useful and accurate description of the harbors of Lake Ontario. It does Kingston port justice in its issue of Tuesday, and makes some remarks about it which agree with what has so often been pointed out in Kingston papers, and which will bear repeating. They are worthy of fresh consideration, coming from a foreign source:—

"The inner bay, to an observer, presents evidence of injury done to its navigable facilities by the military works in and around Kingston. Below Cataraqui Bridge extends an anchorage ground, estimated at 250 acres, now wholly useless from the intervention of the bridge. The Rocky Shoal opposite the market buildings might have been removed, and the objectionable nucleus for the deposits formed at the meeting of the waters of Cataraqui River and Lake Ontario would thus have been wanting. A canal, or cut, extending from the termination of Haldimand Cove to McRossie's mill at Green Bay could be easily made, and would afford any extent of berths for vessels, as an additional entrance to the harbor. A cut through the rock on the East side of the earthworks at Point Frederick, would also give additional berths.

OTTAWA.

THE CIVIL SERVICE SALARIES.

Ottawa, July 9.—Dr. Tupper left for Halifax to-day. The Hon. Mr. Tilley proceeds to Prince Edward's Island to-morrow.

Col. Brunel, Commissioner of Inland Revenue, sails for England next week on departmental business.

Mr. J. W. King, Director of Penitentiaries, has been appointed a Commissioner to the Vienna Exhibition.

The Government have decided to grant out of the appropriation of last session a bonus of fifteen per cent. on all Civil Service salaries at the Capital, one-half of which will be paid at once, the other half in December, and that they placed the salaries of the deputy heads on a uniform footing of $3,200.

The Canada Pacific Scandal.

THE STATEMENT BY SENATOR MACPHERSON.

Senator Macpherson has a letter in the *Mail* and *Globe* respecting his connection with the Pacific scandal. He denies Sir Hugh Allan's statement that he demanded $250,000 worth of stock, threatening opposition if he did not get it. He denies trying to detach Sir Hugh from the American scheme, and says "there was never any concerted action between Mr. Brydges and myself in respect to the Canadian Pacific Railway." Mr Macpherson states that in February, 1872, Sir Hugh Allan proposed he should join him in the enterprise and become a provisional director. Sir Hugh Allan stated that he had an understanding with Government, that the understanding should be in his hands, and that he had secured the co-operation of wealthy Americans. He proposed a board of 11 directors—6 Canadians and 5 Americans, the latter being all directors of the Northern Pacific Ry. Co. To this Mr. Macpherson took exception, pointing out that the Americans, if they should hold the major part of the stock, as he proposed, would be complete masters of the Railway, and subordinate its traffic arrangements to their interests in the States. Mr. Macpherson also objected to the constitution of the Canadian portion of the Board on the ground that Ontario was not sufficiently represented, and no representative from British Columbia was proposed.

The Canadian directors were as follows:—Sir Hugh Allan, Hon. A. B. Foster, Hon. J. J. C. Abbott, Hon. T. McGreevy, Donald A. Smith, Donald McInnes, and Mr. Macpherson. He afterwards received a letter from Sir Hugh stating that $1,450,000 in stock had been allotted to him, Sir Hugh Allan, which he proposed to divide as follows:—Macpherson, Foster, Abbott, Smith and Andrew Allan, Nathan and Brydges $100,000 each; himself $500,000; McInnes, Shedden, Gzowski, McGreevy and Geo. Brown $50,000 each.

A subsequent letter from Mr. H. Allan stated that Mr. Brown would not consent to be a shareholder and he proposed to substitute Mr. Howland on 29th February. Mr. Macpherson wrote to Sir H. Allan, declining to have anything to do with the scheme in its proposed shape, as seventeen-twentieths of the stock would be held by Americans, giving them complete control of the line. Mr. Macpherson subsequently held an interview with Mr. Abbott and Sir H. Allan respecting the proposed amalgamation of the two companies, but differed as to the question of the number of Directors to be respectively appointed from Ontario and Quebec, and with respect to the Presidency, Mr. Mcpherson refusing to waive his claims in favor of Sir Hugh. It might be inferred from Sir Hugh's affidavit that he, Mr. Macpherson, and Mr. Abbott, had been for days discussing terms and maturing a scheme, but they had but two brief interviews, and only discussed the subjects mentioned.

DEAD HEADISM.—The Western Railroads are organizing a crusade against the dead-head system. Eleven Western lines, operating about 7,000 miles of rail, have just met in Chicago, and abolished all "passes" except to their own employees. Among the roads agreeing to this, are the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific, the Chicago and North-western, the Illinois Central, the Chicago and Alton, and the Milwaukee and St. Paul. The Union Pacific did away with free passes when the Congress adopted its present line of action against the road. This road had previously scattered them most freely.

ASSESSMENT OF BANK STOCK.

Decision of Judge Burrowes.

In the Matter of the Appeals from the Decision of the Court of Revision.

APPELLANTS—

JOHN WATKINS, ESQ., in respect of shares of the stock of the Bank of Commerce, the Bank of Montreal, and the Merchants' Bank, alleged to be illegally assessed, and assessed to a greater amount than their proper value.

GEORGE C. HALE, ESQ., in respect of shares of the Bank of Montreal, held by him in his own right; and in respect of shares of the stock of the Banks of Montreal and British North America, held by him as trustee for Mr. Orlibar; and in respect of shares of the Bank of British North America, the Merchants' Bank, and the Bank of Commerce, held by him in his own name, but of which other persons are beneficial owners; all which shares are alleged to be unlawfully assessed, and to be assessed to a greater amount than their proper value.

THE QUEEN'S COLLEGE, in respect of shares of the Merchants' Bank, unlawfully assessed.

It has been agreed between the Counsel for the City and the Counsel for the Appellants, and for other Bank stock-holders, on the assessment rolls of the City of Kingston, that the assessment of all the Bank stock assessed in Kingston shall be governed by the decision of the above-mentioned appeals. The amount involved is stated to be half a million of dollars.

After hearing the parties and giving to this matter the best consideration in my power, I have arrived at the following conclusions:—

1. For the purpose of assessment in Ontario, all property is divided into real property and personal property. Real property consists of land, including buildings, things forming in law part of the realty, and minerals, except what belongs to the Queen. Personal property consists of all property, except real property and property exempted by the statute, 32 Vic., Ontario, c. 36, sec. 4.

2. Bank stock is personal property exempted from assessment so long as there is a special tax on Bank issues, but no longer. Victoria 32, Ont., c. 36, sec. 9, sub-sec. 16.

3. There is no longer a special tax on Bank issues. (Dominion statutes, 34 Vic., c. 5, sec 15.) Therefore Bank stock is personal property liable to assessment.

4. It is clear that the Legislature of Ontario considered that Bank stock would be liable to assessment under 32 Vic., c. 36, sec. 4, unless it were expressly exempted from assessment, which they did by sec. 9, sub-sec. 16 of same statute. It was, therefore, exempt until the exemption was repealed by subsequent legislation. It is, therefore, not now exempt, but now forms a part of the personal property defined by sec. 4, not exempted from assessment; and it is liable to assessment as a part of the rateable property mentioned in sec. 8 of same Ontario statute.

5. In assessing Bank stock it is to be estimated at its actual cash value. 52 Vic., Ont., c. 36, sec. 30.

6. There is a remarkable difference in the manner prescribed for the assessment of real and personal property. Real property is to be assessed in the municipality in which it lies. Personal property owned by a person having a farm, shop, factory, office, or other place of business, where he carries on a trade, profession, or calling, shall wherever situate, be assessed in the municipality or ward where he has such place of business at the time when the assessment is made; (32 Vic. c. 36, sec. 39, Ont.;) and if he has two or more such places of business in different municipalities or wards, he shall be assessed at each for that part of his personal property connected with the business carried on thereat, or for part at one place of business, and for part at another. (Sec. 40.) And if he has no place of business, he shall be assessed at his place of residence. Sec. 41.

7. I consider the effect of these provisions to be, that real property must be assessed in the municipality where it lies, and that personal property, *wheresoever it is situated*, must be assessed in the municipality where the owner carries on his business, or if he has no place of business, where he resides.

8. The question of the place where Bank stock exists, whether at the chief place of business of the Bank, or at the place of business or residence of the owners, is of no importance, inasmuch as it is personal property, and, therefore, no matter where situate, liable to assessment at the place of business or residence of the owner.

9. The exemption of property which is owned out of this Province does not affect any of the Bank stocks, of which the assessments is complained against, except that of Mr. Orlibar, for all the other owners reside in Ontario.

10. Assessments of property held in the name of one man as trustee for, or for the benefit of another, should be made distinctly from assessments made against a man in his own right. Sec. 44.

11. Personal property of the University of Queen's College is exempt from assessment, as being the property of a public literary and scientific institution. Same statute, sec. 9, sub-sec. 10.

12. I consider, therefore, that the decisions of the Court of Revision should be confirmed, except in the case of Queen's College, and of Mr. George Hale in regard to his assessment for the stock of Mr. Orlibar.

13. The decision of the Court of Revision in the case of Queen's College is reversed, and it is ordered that the Assessment Roll shall be amended by omitting the assessment of Queen's College, and by striking out the assessment of Mr. Hale, *quo ad*, the stock of Mr. Orlibar, which had been transferred from Hale to Olibar before the assessment; and by entering the assessment of Mr. Hale in such a manner as to distinguish his private stock from that which he holds in respect of other persons, and the stock of every such other person from that of all the rest.

14. Although this decision is apparently final, yet it is not really so; inasmuch as the validity of the assessment may be readily questioned by means of an action at law in any court of competent jurisdiction.

J. J. BURROWES,
County Judge.

Kingston, July 9, 1873.

—A young lady named Ryan was burned to death in the street in Ogdensburg, yesterday afternoon. Whilst promenading on the street it is supposed she stepped upon a match, and igniting it, the flames caught her dress and in a few moments she was burned to death.

—A number of the friends of the Rev. Wm. Stevenson, Wesleyan, met and presented him with a purse of $200 and an address. Mr. Stephenson is leaving Ottawa for Hamilton.

TO-DAY'S GLEANINGS.

—Mr. George Brown leaves for Europe on Saturday.

—Fruit trees in the Niagara district promise large crops.

—Yorkville has a couple who have been married seventy-two years.

—There are 630 patients in the Lunatic Asylum, Toronto.

—Two locks of the Grenville Canal will be completed this summer.

—The mid-summer madness of killing dogs is not raging this year.

—It is proposed to erect an Opera House on the site of St. Patrick's Hall, Montreal, at a cost of $300,000.

—California is 78,139 square miles larger than the whole of Great Britain, the latter being 119,846 square miles.

—Mr. Peter Paterson succeeds the late G. S. Ridout as Governor of the British America Assurance Co.

—The difference between abstruse books and a locomotive engineer is clear enough—the books tax the brain, and the engineer backs the train.

—Only a few newspapers have got through counting the Fourth of July calamities, and nearly all are publishing long editorials against fireworks, which nobody reads.

—At a meeting of the largest iron company in Sheffield, lately, the significant statement was made that the enhanced value of labor was shutting Sheffield out of foreign markets.

—There is "a little game up" in connection with the Bank of Commerce. The shareholders demand 10 per cent. dividend, instead of 3. The President is suspected of an intention to increase the capital stock and play his own game.

—It is stated that, according to the laws of the Medes and Persians which alter not, the Shah of Persia can never quit Persian soil and has in consequence brought along with him a few barrels of Persian earth, with a little of which his slippers are lined every morning.

—The new treaty between Germany and Persia opens with the following piece of bifalutin "In the name of the good and all-charitable God! His Majesty the German Emperor on the one hand, and His Majesty, whose standard is the sun, the holy, illustrious and great monarch, the absolute ruler and Emperor, the Emperor of all the States of Persia on the other."

Burglary at Brockville!

On Friday night last, about twelve o'clock, the house of an old woman named Mrs. Harrington, living near the Grand Trunk station, was entered by three persons in disguise, and robbed of $312 in gold. It appears Mrs. Harrington had intended to place the money in the Post Office Savings Bank the following day; that on the evening of the robbery she took the money from its depository, and sat down to count it. While doing so, three girls looked in at the window, no one else could have known that she had money in her possession. She drew the blind down on the window, and then hid the money in a trunk well wrapped up, and placed a bed on the top of the trunk. A little after ten she went to bed, and was roused by a noise about twelve, when she saw a tall man with his face covered, who seized and gagged her, covering her face with a pillow. She then heard two other persons enter the room. These went directly to the chest, stole the money, and left her insensible.—When she came to herself, she found all her money gone, and thus she is now left in her old age in poverty.—*Recorder.*

Township of Howe Island.

Howe Island, June 28.—The Council met at 1 o'clock p.m. All the members were present. The Reeve in the chair. The minutes of last session were read and adopted.

Mr. Quinn brought in the petition of John Prior and forty-five others, asking the Council to grant them the sum of fifty dollars for the purpose of building a wharf or dock at the upper section of the township, S.R.

Moved by Mr. Quinn, and seconded by Mr. Cox, that the prayer of the petition be granted. Carried.

Mr. Cox brought in the petition of William H. Cassidy and others, asking for a grant of money to be laid out on the base line opposite lots Nos. 2 and 3.

Moved by Mr. Cox and seconded by Mr. Milton that fifteen dollars be granted on the prayer of the petition. Carried.

Mr. Joseph Rochefort's bill for repairing ferry scow ordered to be laid over till the next meeting of this Council.

Moved by Mr. Quinn, seconded by Mr. Wilton and resolved, that the resolution of appointing Mr. Prior to the office of Treasurer, be rescinded, and that John Kane be returned as Treasurer, and that all rules to the contrary be suspended. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Wilton, seconded by Mr. Gorman, and resolved, that the Collector's bonds be accepted. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Quinn and seconded by Mr. Cox, that By-Law No. 3, for regulating the salaries of township officers, be amended. Carried.

Resolved, that the Council grant a right of way to the rate-payers of Howe Island to build a new wharf between lots Nos. 5 and 6, N. R. Howe Island.

Moved by Mr. Milton, seconded by Mr. Gonneau, and resolved, that the Reeve and Mr. Cox be appointed as a Committee to give out a job on the Base line, opposite lots Nos. 2 and 3.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Milton, seconded by Mr. Gonneau, and resolved, that the Council will stand adjourned till Saturday, the 20th of September next, at 1 o'clock p.m.—Carried.

M. MELVILLE,
Township Clerk.

Nuisance.

To the Editor of the BRITISH WHIG.

DEAR SIR,—The whistles of the steamers at the Bridge is nothing to the bugle blowing from morn until night at the corner of King and Clarence streets.

Yours, &c.,
A SUFFERER.

July 10.

VOUDOUISM IN NEW ORLEANS.—The annual celebration of the heathenish Voudou rites in New Orleans took place this year on the eve of St. John's day, as usual, and caused much excitement among the colored population of that city. Voudouism, which is simply the worship of the devil, has many followers among the blacks of Louisiana, and the recurrence of the annual saturnalia is an event which creates a general interest among all classes of negroes, including those who do not acknowledge to a belief in the superstitions it commemorates and encourages. The believers in Voudouism hold that the devil has supreme power to punish, and that he must annually be propitiated with a gift and a festival held in his honor. At the same time it is believed necessary to entice the demon by songs and dances to take possession of the worshippers, after which by a sudden rush into cold water he is driven away, taking with him all the sins the believers have committed during the past year. This year the festival was held at an elbow on the lake shore, near Bayou St. John, on the edge of a noisome swamp. It took place after dark, by the light of bonfires, and the beastly orgies, of a nature too shocking to describe, were kept up by a great crowd of negro men and women during the entire night.

COLLISION.—The schooners Prince Alfred and Maderia collided in the Welland Canal, between locks 4 and 5, this morning, damaging the rigging and bulwarks of each.

THE EPIZOOTY.—The horse disease—at least the *Times* says it is that—is again prevalent at Watertown. A revival of the old epizootic trouble, and fatal results are reported. Frank Clark lost a $400 colt.

DRY.—It is said that the month of June, just past, was the driest in the last half century, with the exception of that of 1864.

MARRIED.

On the 7th inst., at Centreville, John W. Sexsmith, Esq., to Miss Alice Mary Tuttle, both of Napanee.

At Newburg, on the 6th inst., Mr. Thos. A. Soles, of Olden, to Miss Dellia Elizabeth Sweet, of Newburg.

At Napanee, on the 3rd inst., Mr. Brock Leary to Miss Jennie Grant.

KINGSTON

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Programme for Examinations

FOR 1873.

MONDAY, JULY 14TH.

A.M.—Queen Street; 3rd and 4th Classes, Female; Johnston Street: 5th and and 6th Classes, male; Cataraqui: 1st Class, mixed.

P.M.—Queen Street: 3rd and 4th Classes, male; Wellington Street: all Classes, female; Johnson Street: 5th and 6th Classes, female.

TUESDAY, JULY 15TH.

A.M.—Gordon Street: all Classes; Queen Street: 1st and 2nd Classes, mixed; Wellington Street: all Classes, male; Johnston Street: 1st and 2nd classes.

P.M.—Williamsville: all Classes; Cataraqui: 2nd and 3rd Classes, mixed; Johnston Street: 3rd and 4th Classes, male and female; Orphan's Home, all Classes.

July 10, 1873.

SALE OF GROCERIES, &c.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

THE undersigned as Trustee for the Estate of JOHN McKENZIE, doing business as a Grocer, on Princess Street, in the City of Kingston, will receive tenders for the whole of his Stock in trade until 12 o'clock Noon, on TUESDAY, 15th of July instant, and all parties indebted to the said John McKenzie are hereby requested to make immediate payment to me in order to save costs.

The Goods may be seen on Monday, 14th instant, upon application to

JAMES R. BURKE,
Trustee.

Kingston, July 10, 1873.

Seasoned Lumber For Sale.

400,000 FEET PINE and HEMLOCK BOARDS, Plank and Scantling, Dressed Floorin, Sheeting and Clapboards, also Shingles and Laths.

YARD and OFFICE—Between the Kingston Foundry and Water Works, Ontario Street.

A. F. MACPHERSON.

July 10, 1873.

PREPARE for the PROCESSION

ON THE 12th JULY,

BY CALLING

AT GRIGOR'S

FOR GOLD SHIRT STUDS,
GOLD CUFF BUTTONS,
ALBERT WATCH CHAINS,
NECKTIE RINGS and PINS,

All New Goods and Cheap,

AT THE

SHEFFIELD HOUSE.

July 10, 1873.

HOW TO KEEP COOL

IN SUMMER.

TRY SOME OF OUR

ITALIAN WINES,

(Newly Received.)

CLARETS,
BURGUNDIES,
&c. &c., &c.

REDDEN & ROWE,

CHINA TEA HOUSE,

PRINCESS STREET.

June 9, 1873.

EXPECTING FOR IT

I HAVE 500 bushels Ohio Corn.
I have 800 " Good Oats.
I have Flour good, better and Best.
I have Hams that are Hams.
I have 750 Barrels of Mess Pork.
I have Five tons of Bacon.

N.B.—My Corn is specially selected for Seed.

M. MORRISON

TORONTO FLOUR STORE.

July 9, 1873.

Midland District Lancasterian School Society.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of this Society will be held on THURSDAY, July 10th, at 12 o'clock, at the School House, Sydenham Street.

J. MAULE MACHAR,
Secretary.

July 9, 1873.

GREAT SACRIFICING SALE OF DRY GOODS

-AT-

A. B. MACPHERSON & CO'S.

AS THE TIMES ARE VERY HARD we are offering SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS to Citizens and Farmers to leave their money with us. Money we want and money we must have. To enable us to get the READY CASH we are selling

ALL OUR SUMMER GOODS AT AND BELOW COST PRICE!

☞ THE GREAT SALE will commence on Saturday, 12th July. Call early, as we expect a great rush.

A. B. MACPHERSON & CO.

July 10, 1873.

Notice.

THE LICENSED VICTUALLERS ASSOCIATION meets at the BRITISH AMERICAN HOTEL on THURSDAY, the 10th inst., at 8 p.m. Parties interested will please attend.

BLONDHEIM, President. OLD SAM, Secretary.

July 8, 1873.

FARE 25 CENTS.

Cheap Excursion

TO CAPE VINCENT.

THE FAVORITE STEAMER *MAUD* will leave for Cape Vincent on FRIDAY NEXT, July 11th, at 2.15 p.m., remaining at the Cape ONE HOUR, arriving in Kingston at 6.30 p.m.

TICKETS must be procured at Messrs. Folger & Hanley's Office, or else full fare will be charged on board.

July 7, 1873.

Red River

VOLUNTEER LAND CLAIMS WANTED. Apply to

J. P. GILDERSLEEVE,
Clarence St., opposite Post Office.

July 8, 1873.

L. O. L. No. 1095.

THE members of L.O.L. No. 1095 are requested to attend a Lodge Meeting at the Orange Hall, on THURSDAY evening, at 7.30 p.m. A full attendance is requested. By order.

THOS. ROBINSON, W.M.

July 8, 1873.

12th JULY, 1873.

The ORANGEMEN

Of Kingston and Vicinity,

Purpose Celebrating the Anniversary of the VICTORY OF THE BOYNE,

On Saturday, the 12th July,

—BY—

A PROCESSION!

THE LODGES will assemble in front of the Orange Hall Buildings, Princess Street, at HALF-PAST NINE A.M., and then proceed through the Principal Streets of the City and return to the Orange Hall, where they will be dismissed.

MARSHALS:

THOS. TODD, O.D of C. | WM. MURRAY
CHAS. LIVINGSTON, Co. Master. J. HARKES, Co. Sec.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

July 7, 1873.

L. O. L. NO. 834.

THE members of L.O.L. No. 834 will assemble at the SONS OF TEMPERANCE HALL, on Saturday morning, 12th July, at half-past 9 o'clock, a.m.

JOHN HARKES, W.M.

July 9, 1873.

JUST RECEIVED:

A LARGE SUPPLY OF

NEW APPLES and PEACHES to arrive.
CHERRIES and STRAWBERRIES.
PINEAPPLES AND TOMATOES.

ORANGES and LEMONS, (very fine.)
COCOANUTS, PEANUTS, and NUTS of all kinds.

CARRATRACA, MINERAL & SELTZER WATERS.

POP CORN BALLS by the barrel, all to be sold Wholesale and Retail.

AT R. TOWN'S

FRUIT AND OYSTER DEPOT,
King Street, Market Square.

July 9, 1873.

House to Rent.

THE LARGE STONE HOUSE on the corner of West and Ontario Streets, opposite the Water Works, containing 13 rooms. The situation is one of the pleasantest in the city. Apply at the BRITISH WHIG OFFICE, or to

MRS. MACMANAMIN,
Kingston.

June 10, 1873.

TENDERS

Stone Culverts

—AND—

EARTH FILLINGS!

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

TENDERS under usual conditions, for building two large Stone Culverts (one arched), and about twenty-five thousand yards of earth filling, will be received up to

26TH OF JULY, 1873.

Plans and specifications at chief engineer's office, Port Hope.

ADOLPH HUGEL,
President.

Port Hope, July 5, 1873.

Houses To Let.

A HOUSE situated on Gore Street, containing 7 Rooms. Rent $100 and Taxes. Possession given immediately. Apply at once to MRS. S. PHIPPEN, corner of Johnson and Bagot Streets.

July 7, 1873.

R. & J. GARDINER,

Importers of British and Foreign

DRY GOODS,

Are Now Showing their

NEW SPRING IMPORTATIONS,

Which comprise a complete assortment of the Newest and most Fashionable Goods of the Season.

AN INSPECTION RESPECTFULLY INVITED

AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF Coloured Gros Grain and Glacie Silks.

At R. & J. Gardiner's.

THE NEW PALE BLUE, Pale Green Pink, Amber and Bronze Shades o Silks.

At R. & J. Gardiner's.

RICH BRIGHT DURABLE BLACK Gros Grain Silks of the best make.

At R. & J. Gardiner's.

A SUPERIOR ASSORTMENT OF Real Irish Poplins in a variety of handsome Shades.

At R. & J. Gardiner's.

HANDSOME FRINGES, GIMPS and ORNAMENTS, Plain and Coloured Silks. New Shades of Satins and Moire-antiques, all cut on the Bias.

At R. & J. Gardiner's.

HANDSOME PAISLEY SHAWLS.
Bedouin Striped Shawls.
Black and White Lace Shawls.
Black Silk and Cloth Mantles and Mantle Cloths.

At R. & J. Gardiner's.

REAL LYONS, Silk Mantle Velvets, all at Low Prices.

At R. & J. Gardiner's.

NEW DESIGNS in Black & White Real Laces, French Flowers, French Kid Gloves, New Shades of Ribbons, New Styles of Collars and Lace Setts.

At R. J. Gardiner's.

STOCK LARGE AND PRICES LOW.

R. & J. Gardiner,

PRINCESS STREET.

Kingston, April 9, 1873.

BANKRUPT STOCK FOR SALE.

WILL BE SOLD BY AUCTION,

IN ONE LOT,

at a dollar rate upon the inventory, on FRIDAY, 11th July next upon the premises. At 12 o'clock,

MARKET SQUARE, KINGSTON,

and by order of the creditors, the entire Stock of ALEX. B. McDONELL, consisting of a fine assortment of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

Tweeds and Clothing, amounting to upwards of $6,500. The Goods are all new and well assorted, the entire stock having been bought within the year.

Arrangements may be made for continuing the lease of the premises.

Terms made known at the time of Sale. Stock and Inventory now on view on the premises.

EDWARD EVANS,
Assignee.

Montreal, 30th June, 1873.

Sun Mutual Life Insurance Co'y

OF MONTREAL.

AN ACTIVE DISTRICT AGENT WANTED for the County of Frontenac. Entire time to be given if possible. A favorable management offered. Address with references,

M. A. GAULT,
Managing Director,
Montreal.

July 8, 1873.

FRESH