New Advertisements

Customs Invoices—R S M Bouchette.
Sheffield House—C Grigor.
Steamship Line—D Shaw.
Boat Building—H Cunningham.
Special Notice—Darley's Powders.
Sheriff's Sale—Wm Ferguson.
Notice—S P Jarvis.
Fish & Oyster Depot—S Davis & Co.
New Spring Goods—J Greenfield.
Cheap Room Paper—J Henderson.

The Daily British Whig

Can be obtained each Evening at the Stores of E. Sidey, McAuley & Co., and John Henderson.

The Daily British Whig.

Optifer per Orbem Dicor.

MONDAY EVEN'G, MARCH 4, 1874.

REMINDERS.

THIS EVENING.

CITY COUNCIL.—Regular meeting at 8 o'clock.

ENTERTAINMENT of the Elocution Association at 7 30.

SUPPER to Mr. Robinson at the Victoria Hall at 7 30 p.m.

PUBLIC MEETING in connection with the Wesleyan Missions in Sydenham Street Church at 7 o'clock.

ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY.—Annual meeting for election of officers and preparing for St. Patrick's Day celebration, at 7 30 p.m.

Local Weather Report

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE AND FISHERIES, CANADA.

Telegraphic report to Magnetic Observatory, Toronto.

Local observations for 27 hours ending at 7.30 A. M., March 4th, 1872.

Bar.	Ther.	Dir. of wind.	Vel. of wind.	State of weather.
4.30 P.M.	27.82	66° W	12 miles.	Clear
11.30 P.M.	29.78	19° SW	3 miles.	Fair
7.30 A.M.	29.50	30° SW	27 miles.	Cloudy

The barometer is read corrected for temperature and reduced to sea level.

S. WOODS.

We have received a contribution to the newspaper religious warfare that has been raging in this city for some weeks past, which tho' it contains nothing objectionable, we must decline to print. We are of the opinion that these polemical discussions in the columns of a newspaper, however worthy the intentions of those who engage in them seldom, are productive of good, and not seldom of harm. While we continue to be divided into two great religious classes, Protestant and Catholic, which we suppose will be the case until the end of the world or some other equally distant time, it is we think the duty of each while holding fast by their own opinions, to endeavor to live harmoniously side by side, and to cultivate mutual feelings of amity and good will. These worthy ends cannot we venture humbly to think, be subserved by acrimonious newspaper discussions that stir up bad blood and widen a gap which all good men lament as already too wide. These reasons are advanced merely in justification of our own conduct in refusing to allow our columns to be used for the above purposes, and not to reflect upon our city confrere who, with rare patience and impartiality has given repeated hearings to the various champions on both sides.

The *News*, with its love of misrepresentation, says we abused Mr. Calvin. It does not evidently know what abuse is, though it had a couple of months ago an unequalled schooling in the art, when attacking Mr. Robinson. Then it *was* abuse—and no mistake. We ne'er shall see its like again, except possibly in the *News*. But that we have abused Mr. Calvin we deny. We pointed out calmly and reasonably, as is the duty of a public journal, the absence of our County member from his place in the House when the most important vote which probably it will ever be his privilege to take part in, was at hand. Every other member from this section was at his post incessantly on Wednesday and Thursday last, and even laying aside Mr. Calvin's extra duty as a Director of the K. & P. RR. Company, none, save Mr. Robinson, had half the call to be present and watchful that he had. As for Mr. Blake granting leave to Mr. Calvin, it was simply this: That Mr. Calvin, a member of the Opposition, asked Mr. Blake, leader of the Government, whether he might go home, and Mr. Blake said he might go where he pleased. Mr. Calvin accordingly made his own choice, and came home! The Premier might be expected to take a great interest in Mr. Calvin, seeing that the latter had opposed every measure he had introduced this session, save one. And Mr. Blake must have been flattered by Mr. Calvin's unexpected adherence after the Government had triumphantly carried their acts, in the face of his never-failing aid to the Opposition. After all we have been kinder to our member than our contemporary, for the latter, in inventing ridiculous excuses, and in defending him too zealously at our expense, has drawn us out to say more than we had a desire to do.

PUBLIC THANKSGIVING.

In the Official *Gazette* of Saturday, appears a Proclamation of His Excellency the Governor General inviting the people of Canada to observe the 15th of April as a day of General Thanksgiving for the recovery of the Prince of Wales. In this matter the Dominion Government have followed the example of the Imperial Government. They have deferred it until after the meeting of Parliament, in order that additional solemnity and importance may attend upon the observance of the day.

New Reciprocity with Canada.

Washington, March 2.—The executive council of the National Board of Trade has been in session in the city during the past week, and has under consideration various questions up on which the Board acted at its autumnal meeting in St. Louis, in December last. The Council has memorialized Congress in favour of the appointment of Commissioners to meet other Commissioners to be appointed on behalf of the Dominion of Canada to negotiate a new treaty of reciprocity between Canada and the United States, upon a broader and more comprehensive basis that upon which the former treaty rested.

Missionary Services

The annual sermons in behalf of the Wesleyan Missionary Society were preached in Sydenham Street Church yesterday: in the morning by the Rev. Wm. Morley Punshon, M.A., who was assisted in the service by the Rev. George R. Sanderson; and in the evening by the Rev. J. A. Williams, of Brockville, assisted by the Rev. D.G. Sutherland, M.A. Shortly after nine o'clock in the morning eager crowds were to be seen wending their way to the church, attracted by the fame of the distinguished preacher. At the time for the commencement of the service the church was crowded to excess, the aisles and pulpit stairs being occupied; many near the door were obliged to stand, and many more more had to go away, being unable to obtain admittance. Mr Punshon took for his text the 2nd, 3rd, 4th and 5th verses of the 4th chapter of Isaiah. He preached forty-five minutes on "The preparation for the Promise, and the Promise itself," as contained in the text. Mr. Punshon is a brilliant preacher, and stands worthily in the foremost ranks of the great pulpit orators of his time. If the great success of the orator lies in making men forget the speaker and absorbing their attention with his theme, as Professor McKerras showed in his lecture on Demosthenes, then Mr. Punshon is an orator indeed. In the pulpit he is unquestionably a master. His boundless wealth of illustration, the earnestness of his manner, his perfect elocution, his remarkable memory, and the comprehensiveness of his scholarship, are all used to enforce the great truths he has to tell. Unlike some eminent preachers, he never panders to the vulgar taste. His hearers never fear of being disgusted with sensationalism, or shocked by irreverence. When Mr. Punshon preaches, time seems to pass with unwonted speed. A general regret is felt when he has done, which proves that he succeeded in holding the attention of his spell-bound audience. To listen to such a man is a privilege indeed, and little do we wonder, then, that thousands flock to listen when the great preacher is announced to speak.

In the afternoon the children of the Sunday Schools assembled in the same place, and several hundreds of adults were attracted by the announcement that Mr. Punshon would address the children, which he did in a most entertaining manner. The Revs. J. A. Williams, and Geo. R. Sanderson also delivered practical addresses. Mr. Sanderson mentioned a pleasing incident. Professor Mowat had met him, and having heard that Mr. Punshon would address the children, suggested that the children and teachers of St. Andrew's School might unite with the Wesleyan schools on the occasion. It was so late, however, when the suggestion was made that it was almost impracticable to carry it out, as the church would not have held all. Mr. Sanderson regretted that Professor Mowat did not know of the service sooner. He would have been rejoiced to have made provision for St. Andrew's School, and was gratified that such a good feeling existed between the churches.

In the evening the Rev. J. A. Williams preached to a large congregation from Acts 8 c, 35 verse. His subject was the Preaching of Christ, which, he contended, was the great want of the world.

Both Mr. Punshon and Mr. Williams will deliver speeches at the Missionary Meeting in Sydenham Street Church this evening, which will doubtless prove very attractive.

QUEEN'S UNIVERSITY

Alma Mater Society.

A very interesting meeting of the above Society was held in one of the class-rooms of the University on Saturday evening last. The chief business, before proceeding with the debate, was the formation of a new ministry for parliamentary discussion. This ministry will on Saturday evening next bring a bill before the House. The question, "Has the Theatre a pernicious or beneficial effect on Society," was then discussed in animated manner. Those who maintained that the Theatre has a pernicious effect on Society, were Messrs. A. McGillivray, Fowler and Cormack. The speakers on the opposite side of the question were Messrs. Webster, M. McGillivray, Lang and Shaw. After these gentlemen had expressed their opinions, and the argument on both sides had been summed up, the chairman, Mr. Snodgrass, gave as his decision that the weight of argument went to shew that the Theatre has a pernicious effect on Society.

The Railroad in Renfrew.

(To the Editor of the BRITISH WHIG.)

DEAR SIR,—It appears to me, and to the majority of the principal inhabitants of the interior of the County of Renfrew, that the projected RR. would answer its end so much better by being run as far West as practicable, that quite a novice at addressing the Press, in this case I think it almost a duty to do something, however feeble, to try and influence those who have the matter in hands to run their Road through this country. We are fully convinced that not only will it be the only means of opening out thousands of acres of good farming lands where hundreds can make a good living, but also develop the many factories to use up the refuse of the Pine forests, which now are left to rot or burn wherever the lumbermen have picked out the choicest of the trees for market. Of course millions of first quality Lumber are still growing along where this RR. track might pass, but the waste of this great Canadian staple is tremendous, from the fact of its being so remote from where it is in demand.

Yours, &c.,
ANTI C. C.

Co. Renfrew, March 1st, 1872.

DENOMINATIONAL.—The Presbyterians of Ireland are moving in earnest opposition to the demand of the Roman Catholic prelates for separate denominational schools. The present educational system of Ireland, which was in great part the device of Archbishop Whately, provides for the union of literary and moral instruction and the separate inculcation of religious truth. This system the prelates are determined to overthrow; and it is the system which the Presbyterians are leagued to defend.

TELEGRAPHIC.

THE ERIE SWINDLE.

The Great Japs in Washington

NEW YORK, March 4.—The *Tribune* this morning exposes what it calls "More swindles of the Erie Ring." It says that when Fisk, Gould & Co. came into power the Company had five repair shops at Dunkirk. These works are leased at low terms to a former master mechanic of their road, who was then employed to make locomotives at his own figures in this work. The Company pays extravagant rates for work, and somebody receives the profit at the expense of the stock holders. Jay Gould is said to own half these works, and the engines which onice cost only $12,000 cannot now be obtained for less than $17,000.

Another concern in which Jay Gould owns a half interest is a certain slate roofing establishment. This firm, in which Gould has half interest, obtained a contract with the Erie Railway, of which Jay Gould is Chief, to slate all buildings on the line of the road.

Arrests were made yesterday of dealers in obscene literature.

An eastern bound freight train on the Erie Railway ran over the rear of another train standing on the same track near Middleton yesterday afternoon. The caboose and car loaded with flour, were destroyed by fire.

The *Times'* Washington special says, "The official reception of the Japanese Embassy will take place on Monday, and will be of a most precise, and formal character. The official programme is being arranged between Mr. Fish and the Chief Embassy with the utmost particularity of detail, this being a point upon which the Japanese are particularly sensitive; probably no such formality as proposed has been seen in this country for many years, if ever. The reception will take place in the East Room. The Japanese will be in the full costume of their country."

VERY LATEST

LONDON, March 4.—Arrived out—Strs. Cambria, Idaho and Alexandria, from New York.

The *Times* special from Berlin, says:—"Count Von Arnim, German Ambassador to France, has been ordered to return home for the purpose of reporting to the Government of the German Empire his opinion regarding the stability of the present Government of France." The *Times'* despatch from Berlin says that it is thought in that city that the decision of Emperor William's arbitration in the San Juan boundary dispute between the English and American Government will be adverse to England. A *Times'* special from Paris of to-day, says:—"Gen. D'Admirault has considered his determination to retire from the governorship of Paris, which situation he threatened to resign because the Rappel was allowed to re-appear. The regular Mail Steamer from the western coast of Africa arrived at Liverpool this morning, bringing the intelligence that ex-President Roye of Liberia, who was imprisoned for certain illegal acts committed while in office, had escaped and was drowned in the harbor of Montioda while endeavouring to swim to the steamer just before its departure for Liverpool.

NEW YORK, March 4.—The Steamship Hansa has arrived from Bremen.

OUR SPECIALS

Destructive Fire in Ottawa—Mr. Scott—Quebec News.

(Per Dominion Line.)

OTTAWA, March 4.—A most destructive fire occurred here on Saturday night. The building known as Stewart's block in Rideau Street, is almost entirely destroyed. It originated in a large boot and shoe store, occupied by Mr. Pwekell, and extended to Mortimer's building and Preston's tailoring establishment. Scarcely anything was saved, so rapid was the spread of the flames. Messrs. Purkell and Mortimer were insured, but not to the extent of the loss. Mr. Preston was not insured at all. The new building, occupied by Mr. Allan, China merchant, received much damage by water and fire. The roof was entirely destroyed. The extensive stock was almost completely destroyed. Nothing at present is known as to the origin of the fire.

Hon. Mr. Scott has returned to town from Toronto. The Government sold the Bank of Upper Canada lands last month to the extent of 830,000. It is snowing heavily here to-day.

QUEBEC, March 4.—Yesterday the Lieutenant-Governor received official notice of the attempt on the life of the Queen, sent to prevent alarm from excited reports. Rosa De Erina sings at the Music Hall to-night. The Superior Court and Appeal term of Queen's Bench are in session here. An old man, already alluded to as getting badly gored in the bowels by a bull on Godfrey Road, is still alive. The duties collected for the week ending March 2nd, at the Custom House, were $94,000. Quotations are unchanged. The weather is mild. The collections in St. Patrick's Church yesterday for the poor of Quebec St. Vincent De Paul Society, amounted to $130. The Church was crowded to hear Rosa De Erina sing, and an interesting sermon by the Rev. Father Vasseur. Two hundred dollars were collected in the evening towards aiding the mission.

SAD INDEED.—We do not know when we have been called on to make as painful an announcement as that of the sudden death of a beautiful and amiable lady, Mrs. Wilson, wife of the esteemed curate of St. George's Cathedral. Her demise so unexpectedly, and in the bloom of her life, is very sad, and Mr. Wilson has the most heartfelt sympathy of the entire community, in this his second severe bereavement in his yet young married life.

Quebec Railroads

It is rumored that an English company has purchased the Quebec and Gosford Railroad, and that arrangements are in progress to extend the road to Lake St. John.

Active preparations are being made to commence the work of construction of the North Shore Railroad, the building contract being now signed. The energy displayed in preparing the contract has already increased the value of real estate at Quebec, in some instances to as much as 50 per cent.

The Wimbledon Team.

The long-expected Report of Col. Skinner to the President of the Ontario Rifle Association of the doings of the Provincial Wimbledon Team in England has at last been made public. It is mainly taken up with a plain unpretentious narrative of the inception and organization of the movement in Canada, the kindly and brotherly manner in which our riflemen were treated everywhere they went in England, and the prizes they won at the great shooting festival. What most will look eagerly for, is, however, wanting—the Colonel's defence against the attacks made upon him by Captain McClenaghan and others. As to those the Colonel simply says,

"My hearty thanks are due to yourself personally and to those other gentlemen throughout the Province, who so cordially assisted me, in collecting money and otherwise, and whose kind words of encouragement, lightened as much as possible the labors of my undertaking.

Having parted with the team on the same friendly terms which always existed between us, it was with very great regret, certainly not all on my own account, but for the sake of the team, and of the force with which we have the honor to be connected, I subsequently learned that one of our number, from motives best known to himself, has seen fit to make me the subject of an attack in the newspapers of the Province, and that too, in such terms that my feelings of self-respect equally precluded the possibility of any notice on my part."

The total amount collected to defray the expenses of the team was $8,051. The amount expended was $6,113, leaving a balance on hand of $1,938.

The following pleasing reference is made in the report to Capt. Werner's connection with the team:

"Just on the eve of my departure, I received notice that one of the parties selected could not leave home. I at once telegraphed to Capt. Werner, of Kingston, to accompany me, which he did; and it gives me much pleasure to record my indebtedness to him, for on seeing the great amount of work that necessarily fell upon me, he volunteered to perform a part of it. I therefore appointed him Quarter-Master, and from the time of our landing in England until the dispersion of the team in London, he not only discharged the duties required of him in common with the rest, but performed the duties of his office in the most indefatigable manner."

HER MAJESTY'S THANKS

THE ASSAULT ON THE QUEEN—FURTHER PARTICULARS.

Her Majesty has written a letter to Mr. Gladstone expressing her personal sense of the loyal reception she and her children met with from millions of her subjects on Tuesday last. Her Majesty returns her heartfelt thanks to the whole nation, and declares that she and all the members of her family will ever affectionately remember the day of thanksgiving.

The assault upon Her Majesty has, as might naturally be supposed, created much excitement throughout the United Kingdom, and the deep affection with which Her Majesty is regarded by all classed of her subjects has again been manifested. It appears that the miscreant scaled an iron railing ten feet high to reach the courtyard of Buckingham Palace, that on reaching the Queen's carriage he was first about to attack Lady Churchill, who was in the carriage with the Queen, but that he soon saw his mistake and turned upon the Queen. He was immediately arrested by the attendants of Her Majesty and handed over to the police authorities. Crowds of people flocked to Bow street station, where he was taken, in hopes of catching a glimpse of him. Yesterday he was brought before a Police Magistrate for examination. He was changed in his demeanour, being calm and unassuming. It came out that his grandfather was a leading spirit in the Chartist disturbances; his mother's family are English Protestants. On his person were found two documents—one being a royal proclamation of pardon to the Fenian prisoners, and the other a commutation in advance of his own sentence from hanging to shooting. These documents were evidently drawn up by the prisoner himself, and are obviously the production of a demented fanatic. The policemen who took him to the station testified that he had expressed a wish that he had been successful in his attempt. The prisoner was committed to await his trial at the assizes in the ordinary way. Her Majesty went yesterday from Buckingham Palace to Windsor Castle, and was met at the latter place by nearly the entire population, who greeted her with the most cordial manifestations of affection.

The Attempted Assassination

The whole affair betrays the cunning as well as the clumsiness, of the contrivances so often displayed by lunatics in their active fits of hallucination. The provision which he had made in one of the papers found upon him, and that he imagined would be signed by the Queen, to the effect that her written pardon of the Fenian prisoners should stand good, notwithstanding that the agreement was signed under fear for her life, is an example of this: and, still more, perhaps, was his idea of securing in advance, by the royal signature, a commbtation of the punishment, for his contemplated act, from hanging to shooting.

One paper pardoning all Fenian convicts, was in substance as follows:—

"I, Victoria, Queen, by the Grace of God, make the following declaration:

"Whereas, there are now confined in various prisons throughout the Kingdom, a number of Irishmen, known as celebrated Fenians;

"Whereas, they were imprisoned with my sanction, having rebelled and conspired against the Crown, to weaken and destroy my power;

"Whereas, sympathizers with these men have petitioned for their pardon, and notwithstanding that they are still unliberated, now I, Victoria, &c., do grant full pardon to each and every Fenian prisoner, unconditionally; and notwithstanding this, my agreement made, under fear of my life, I will not depart therefrom.

"Dated, Feb. 22nd, 1872."

The other document is a commutation, in advance of the punishment of the prisoner for his present act, from hanging to shooting, and is dated Feb. 27th.

To-Day's Gleanings.

More murders and plunderings of railway trains by the Apaches in Arizona are reported.

McKean Buchanan is paralyzed and is laid up in Denver, Colorado. Alas, poor Yorick!

In Frankfort a building in which a large number of persons resided fell, burying the inmates in the ruins. Fourteen dead bodies have been taken from the debris, and the search for others is proceeding.

Willis Williamson, an Indiana farmer, left his home at Muncie to seek his daughter who was about to get married. Finding her at Danesville he killed her by cutting her throat, and then attempting to commit suicide by firing a revolver twice in his mouth.

The diplomatic crime of Catacazy at Washington appears to have been the sin of Sickles at Madrid. It is semi-officially admitted that the Spanish government has complained of General Sickles interference in Spanish politics, thus making himself objectionable as a minister.

IN GENERAL.

A good service pension has been awarded to Col. McKenzie of the 78th Highlanders.

The chapel of St. Joseph, in the French Cathedral, Quebec, was consecrated by the Archbishop. The ceremony was kept impressive.

Sir John A. Macdonald presided at the Church of England readings before one of the largest audiences yet seen in Ottawa. These readings are under the direction of gentlemen of the Civil Service.

Oliver Briar, a well-known Boston insurance agent, on Thursday last adjusted his cravat before a looking-glass, with the remark, "How well I look!" Fifteen minutes after he was dead.

Ald. Hallam, of Toronto, accused the Chief of Police of that city with being drunk on the occasion of the burning of the iron block. Result—Ald. Hallam made a most abject apology, and then asked leave to explain.

A number of sham policemen entered a law brothel in James street, New York, and arrested three women and five men. They released them afterwards on the payment of money, and then disappeared. Such things are growing quite common there.

The number of casualties resulting from the pressure of immense crowds during the passage of the royal procession thro' London is given at 229, only two of which resulted fatally. The injury consisted most of broken legs and ribs, dislocation of other limbs, and cuts.

A company has been formed, with a paid-in capital of $1,000,000; for the purpose of erecting in Chicago a museum, an opera house and a music hall. The museum is to be the grandest affair ever known, and for magnificence the opera house will surpass any in the country.

The magistrates of Leamington, Ont., have decided that a militia man is bound to give his officer six months notice of his intention to retire from the force, notwithstanding that he may have served the full term of three years for which he enrolled, and the opinion has been endorsed at militia headquarters.

The year 1872 is the year when according to all the mediæval prophesies, the great king of the French is in possession of his throne, and subdue not only his own enemies but all those of his own country. Is it obedient to a blind faith in these vaticinations that Comte de Chambord has been holding a conclave at Antwerp.

CURRENCY.

Gen. Butler was intended by his parents for a clergyman.

An auction sale in London recently of over 1,000 carats "Cape diamonds" realized £48,650.

Two Indianians fired a salute from an old iron tube about twelve hours before their funeral.

Natchez, Miss., is the only city in the world which has nearly ten thousand inhabitants and not a single hotel.

A candidate for schoolmarm in Henry county, Ohio, stated on examination that Virginia obtained its name from the Virgin Mary.

It is reported that the ex-Prince Imperial of France will visit the United States next summer. He is now 16 years of age, and is said to speak five languages fluently.

A Missouri gentleman who owned too many of his neighbor's horses, was hung while on his way to vote, "which," remarks a contemporary, "is calculated to deaden one's interest in town politics."

London was first lighted with gas on the 28th of January, 1807, by a German named Winsor. Sir Walter Scott observes in his dairy in 1806, "There is a madman in London, who is trying to light the city with smoke."

SALE TO-MORROW.—Remember the sale of Household Furniture at Mr. H. E. Swales' to-morrow morning by Wm. Murray.

The Alabama Claims.

ENGLAND'S INTENTION—THE CANADIAN FISHERIES.

LONDON, March 3.—There is the best reason to believe that the British Government is prepared to consent to allow the arbitration of the Alabama claims to proceed under an agreement that in no event shall the sum awarded for damages exceed a certain stipulated amount.

The *Observer*, in an article on the Alabama claims, expresses the opinion that in case England should renounce the Treaty of Washington, the United States would take no immediate action in consequence, but would insist on the validity of the right hitherto claimed for American seamen to fish in Canadian waters, and on that point would meet with no opposition from England.

The Horse.—"Of the great number of animals under the control of man, the horse is unquestionably the most serviceable;" but is it not strange that so many who own horses, and who are dependent on their labor for a living, should neglect to give them that care and attention which their own interest no less than the safety and comfort of the horse demands. The best medicine for horses is "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy;" of this there can be no doubt—it is safe and easily given. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co., is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, March 4.

Wheat—Fall, 1,28 a 1,31; spring, 1,18 a 1,22. Flour—XX. 5,85 a 5,90; X, 5,70 a 5,75; fancy 5,50 a 5,55; spring X 5,40 a 5,45. No. 1 5,30 a 5,35. Barley 60c a 66c. Corn 56c a 58. Oats 43c. Rye 70c; Peas 72c a 73c. Butter—dairy 17c a 18c; medium 14 a 15; poor 9c a 10c. Lard 9½c a 10c. Dressed hogs 85. Pork 815.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKETS.

Per Dominion Line.

Montreal, March 4.

Montreal Bank, 224¾, 224¼, 225.
Merchants' Bank, 128¾, 128.
Bank of Commerce, 128¼, 128, 128.
Ontario Bank, 110, 109.
Toronto Bank, 200, 199, 199.
Royal Canadian Bank, 104½, 103½.

Montreal Produce Market.

Per Dominion Line.

March 4.

Flour—supers Milwaukee 5,80 to 5,85; strong bakers' 5,90 to 5,95; fancy dull, 5,90 to 5,95; No. 2, 5,25; extra, quiet, 6,10 a 6,20. Wheat—spring, nominal at 1,38 to 1,40. Corn—sales, 64c delivered on cars. Oats—dull; 30c to 32c. Peas—83c to 84c. Clover Seed—no sales; held at 9½c. New mess pork, 15,75; old, 15,25. Lard 9½c. Dressed hogs, 5,10 to 5,30; a few choice at 5,45.

BIRTH.

On Saturday morning, March 2nd, the wife of the Rev. Henry Wilson of a daughter.

DIED.

On Monday morning, March 4th, Bessie, beloved wife of the Rev. Henry Wilson, aged 21 years.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday at 2 o'clock. Friends will please attend without further notice.

At Picton, on 27th Feb., Harriet A. Green, aged 25 years.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

County of Frontenac, } On Thursday,
TO WIT: } 13th March '72.

WILL BE SOLD AT MY OFFICE in the City of Kingston in the County of Frontenac, the undermentioned Articles belonging to John Irwin, seized by virtue of a certain Fieri Facias issued out of the County of Frontenac and to me directed, at the Suit of Arthur Chown: One suit of Sails and Block, Anchor and Chains of the Vessel "Lily" with the Jolly Boat or Yawl belonging thereto. Together with the remains of the wreck of the above named Vessel now aground.

The moveable parts of the above Articles can be seen at A. Chown's Shop, Bagot street, and the "Yawl" at the Boat Building premises of Mr. O'Gorman, frozen in the ice.

Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, Noon.

WILLIAM FERGUSON,
Sheriff County of Frontenac.

Sheriff's Office, City of Kingston,
March 4th, 1872. 54

SIMON DAVIS & CO.,

Great Ontario Fish & Oyster Depot,

Corner of Ontario and Clarence Sts.

FRESH SALT WATER SALMON.

Fresh Salt Water Codfish.
" " " Haddock.
Lake Ontario Fresh Fish.
Fresh Salmon Trout.
" Whitefish.
" Bass.
" Pickerel.
" Pike.
" Catfish.
Salt Water Salmon.

SHELL OYSTERS and CLAMS. Also, OYSTERS by the Can, Quart or Gallon.

Goods delivered to any part of the City, and Fish cleaned ready for cooking, when required, free of charge.

March 4, 1872. 54

NEW SPRING GOODS

AT THE

Liverpool House.

10 BALES GREY COTTONS.

2 Cases Horrocks' Cottons, all numbers.

2 Cases Prints, Splendid Patterns.

150 Dozen Ladies' White Hose.

50 Dozen Children's Hose.

50 Dozen Gent's Half Hose.

2 Cases English and Scotch Tweeds.

3 Cases Canada Tweeds.

50 Dozen Kid Gloves, all shades & sizes.

75 Pieces GLADSTONE BRAND, BLACK ALPACCAS, both sides alike.

ALL OUR

SPRING GOODS!

Have been purchased in October and November and can therefore be

BE SOLD LOWER THAN GOODS PURCHASED NOW.

J. GREENFIELD.

March 4, 1872. 54

THE FIRST

INSTALMENT

OF MY

SPRING SUPPLY

OF

CHEAP

ROOM

PAPER.

The Patterns are all different from Last Year's Stock and are very chaste and Beautiful.

PRICES EXTRAORDINARILY LOW.

John Henderson,

PRINCESS STREET.

March 4, 1872. 54

NOTICE.

TENDERS

WILL be received at this Office, in the Artillery Park

At 12 o'clock, Noon, on the 9th March Instant,

For the performance of the undermentioned services for the Militia Department at Kingston, for the period of one year, from the 1st April, 1872, viz:—

Washing and Repairing Barrack and Hospital Bedding, when required.

Supplying Straw for Men's Bedding as required.

Supplying Forage for Horses.

Forms of Tender can be obtained on application at this Office.

The names of two responsible sureties for the due performance of each of the above services will be required.

S. P. JARVIS,
Lieut.-Col., D.A.G. Militia,
Kingston.

Deputy Adjutant-General's Office,
Kingston, March 2nd, 1872. 54

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, March 4th, 1872.

AUTHORIZED Discount on AMERICAN Invoices until further notice: 9 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

H. CUNNINGHAM,

Boat Builder,

(SUCCESSOR TO M. O'GORMAN.)

THE HANDSOMEST AND FASTEST BOATS BUILT AT THIS ESTABLISHMENT.

SIMCOE STREET.

Kingston, March 4th, 1872. 54

JAPANNED

TEA TRAYS AND WAITERS!

ALL SIZES.

TABLE MATS.

TABLE BELLS.

NAPKIN RINGS.

Nickle Silver

SPOONS & FORKS

AT THE

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

C. GRIGOR.

Kingston, March 4, 1872. 54

LIVERPOOL & MONTREAL Steamship Line.

Weekly Steam Communication

BETWEEN

LIVERPOOL, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.

With leave to call at Queenstown or Moville.

SHANNON,	*POTOMAC,*
LADY LYCETT,	*NYANZA,*
GANGES,	*TIBER,*
TAGUS,	*TRENT.*

The First-Class Steamship

"NYANZA."

Or other of the above named first-class Steamers is intended to be despatched from LIVERPOOL for QUEBEC & MONTREAL

On Saturday, the 13th of April,

(To be followed Weekly.)

Carrying goods at through rates to the Inland Canadian towns and cities in the Western States.

For terms of freight or passage apply in Liverpool to Dunkerley & Steinmann, 43 Tower Buildings, Water Street, or William Hunter & Co., Exchange Buildings. Agent in Montreal,

DAVID SHAW.

March 4th, 1872. 54

CELEBRATION of R. R. BONUS!

COMPLIMENTARY SUPPER,

TO

Wm. Robinson, M.P.P.,

TO BE GIVEN AT

VICTORIA MUSIC HALL,

ON

Monday Evening, March 4th, 1872,

At Half-Past Seven O'Clock.

R. M. ROSE,
Sec. & Treas.

March 2, 1872. 53

St. Patrick's Day.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the St. Patrick's Society will be held in their Hall, Wellington Street,

On Monday, the 4th March, 1872,

At 7:30 P.M.,

For the Election of Officers for the ensuing year and making preparations for the Celebration of the coming Anniversary. A full attendance is requested.

By order.

P. DOUGHERTY,
Rec. Secretary.

Feb. 29, 1872. 51

SALE!

Household Furniture

WILL BE SOLD BY AUCTION

On Tuesday, the 5th Day of March,

At the Residence of

Mr. A. E. Swales,

No. 4, Hales Cottages, the following:

A Hair Cloth Parlor Suit, Centre Table, Sofa and Chairs, Whatnot, Dining Table, Cane Chairs, Arm Chair, Rocking Chair, Carpets, Window Curtains, Cook Stove and other Stoves and Pipes, China Tea Sett, Crockery, Glass Ware, Cutlery, Feather Beds, Mattrasses and Bed Room Setts, together with a quantity of useful Articles not necessary to enumerate. The Furniture and contents are in good order and have not been long in use.

Terms cash before delivery.

Sale at 10 o'clock.

WM. MURRAY,
Auctioneer.

March 1, 1872. 52

Spring Circular.

THE SUBSCRIBER, grateful for the patronage extened to him, begs to announce to his friends and the public generally, that he has just received A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF GOODS, suitable for the coming season, consisting of every article that can be found in a

First-Class Establishment!

and as the Goods have been selected with great care, and bought before the recent advance, I flatter myself that can I furnish a FIRST-CLASS ARTICLE, defying competition in I NSTYLE, QUALITY & PRICE. As every article is made under my own supervision and being a practical Mechanic in all its branches, I feel confident in being able to satisfy all who may kindly favor me with their orders.

JOHN S. SANDS, TAILOR,
Wellington Street.

Feb. 2, 1872. 53

Elocution Association

OF

QUEEN'S UNIVERSITY.

THE Elocution Association of Queen's University will give a

Public Literary Entertainment

in the CONVOCATION HALL, on

Monday Evening Next, March 4th.

Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock; Admission Five cents.

P. C. MACNEE,
Sec. E. A.

March 1, 1872. 52

For Sale.

ALL THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY situate on King Street, West of Murney Tower, and known as the "Garratt Homestead." Also, TEN VALUABLE WATER LOTS, immediately in front thereof.

For further particulars apply to

H. K SHELDRON,
GEO. A. KIRKPATRICK, } Trustees.

Kingston, March 1, 1872. 52

R. & J. GARDINER

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE

The Arrival per Recent Steamers

OF

LARGE QUANTITIES

OF

NEW

SPRING GOODS

Selected by one of our Firm.

NOW VISITING THE

Principal Markets of Great Britain and the Continent.

R. & J. Gardiner.

Kingston, Feb. 22, 1872.

R. & J. CARDINER

ARE NOW SHOWING

SPLENDID VALUE

In BLACK GLACIE,

GROS GRAIN SILKS,

IRISH POPLINS,

REAL LACES,

AND FRENCH KID GLOVES.

☞ A Call Solicited.

R. & J. Gardiner.

Kingston, Feb. 22, 1872. 46