$1.50.

THE WEEKLY BRITISH WHIG

REDUCTION OF TERMS.

In order to introduce the cash system into the business of the BRITISH WHIG as rapidly as possible, all Subscriptions for the Weekly Edition will be received during the present year at the rate of ONE DOLLAR AND A HALF. When the Subscription is allowed to remain unpaid for One Month, the former rate of $2 a Year will be charged in every case.

Liberal Reductions will be made to Clubs, and every attention will be given to enquiries on this point.

E. J. BARKER PENSE,
Publisher.

Jan. 1872. 4

NOTICE.

THE BRITISH WHIG.

ALL persons indebted for Subscriptions, Advertising or Job Work up to January, 1872, are respectfully requested to make immediate payment at the Office of the BRITISH WHIG, either to MR. EDWARD JOHN BARKER PENSE, or to

ETA JOHN BARKER, M.D.

Jan. 1, 1872.

The Daily British Whig

Can be obtained each Evening at the Stores of E. Stacey, McAuley & Co., and John Henderson.

New Advertisments.

Insurance—Isaac Simpson,
Wanted—Apply at Box 873, Montreal.
Fresh Cod & Haddock—E Martin.
New Music—E Stacey.
Special Notice—Peruvian Syrup.
Clearing Sale—A Ross.
Money Found—Martin Dolan.

The Daily British Whig.

Oprifer per Orbem Dicor.

FRIDAY EVENING, JAN. 26, 1872.

Local Weather Report

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE AND FISHERIES, CANADA.

Telegraphic report to Magnetic Observatory, Toronto.

Local observations for 24 hours ending at 4.30 P. M., January 26th, 1872.

	Bar.	Ther.	Dir. of wind.	Vel. of wind.	State of weather.
11.30 P.M.	29.67	15°	W	12 miles.	Cloudy.
7.30 A.M.	29.19	11°	W	9 miles.	Fair.
14.30 P.M.	29.61	18°	SW	16 miles.	Cloudy

The barometer is read corrected for temperature and reduced to sea level.

S. WOODS.

MR. WOOD AND THE OPPOSITION.

We recently expressed the hope that an Opposition, respectable in numbers and talents, would be organized, as their functions, if fairly and ably discharged, are only less valuable than those of the Ministry. If the recent debates, however, are to be taken as an indication of the strength and purpose of the Opposition, we fear that instead of doing good to the country they will work much harm. In the first place they want a leader, who by his skill can bind together the sadly broken fragments, and who by his tact and skill can force the government to treat them with respectful deference. It need hardly be said that Mr. M. C. Cameron is not the man for leader of the Opposition. He is too indolent for the post. He is lacking in industry and application which no amount of windy declamation will make up for. He is rash and impetuous and inclined to rush his followers where a careful leader would fear to tread. He is hot-headed and insolent where he should be cool and conciliatory. His short career as a leader exemplifies the truth of these statements. Shortly after he assumed the post he angrily and indiscreetly threatened to disclose facts proving that Mr. Wood, his colleague of the two or three days previous, was guilty of the crime of resigning his seat in the administration for a corrupt consideration. Flushed and angry at their ignominious routing, that he should entertain any thing but kindly feelings towards the ex-Treasurer, was perhaps but human; but to rise in his place and make the grave charge he did, when it was founded only on floating suspicions, was to show himself utterly wanting in the rudest qualifications of a party leader. He seemed, however, to be compelled by some fatuity to ruin himself politically and to deprive his followers of that influence which they should properly exert in the House if skillfully led. He, on Wednesday, moved for a special committee "to enquire whether any and what corrupt inducement or offer was made to the Hon. E. B. Wood, a member of this House, to induce him to resign his position as Treasurer of the Province of Ontario, by the Hon. E. Blake or any other member of the present Administration, while members of the Opposition in the Legislative Assembly." This motion, as it will be seen, directly charges Mr. Blake as a party to the alleged corrupt bargain, and indirectly charges all the other members of the administration by saying that one of them was likewise a party while the suspicion is made to hang over all. It is very amusing to read the remarks of Mr. Cameron when introducing this motion. They reveal one of the darkest and most terrible plots in Parliamentary History. He would prove that:—

"Mr. Wood was in communication with the President of the Council on the very day that the resignation took place, and that on that day written communications had passed between them. That, after the resignation took place, the President of the Council had conversations with the late Treasurer as to how he should speak, and that he had made an arrangement with the late Treasurer as to the speaking of the latter on the floor of the House on the subject under discussion. That the President of the Council was controlling the late Treasurer. That at the moment when the late Attorney-General and he (Mr. Cameron) were discussing with the late Treasurer on matters connected with the Government, a communication came from Mr. Blake to the late Treasurer. That that communication was one which the late Treasurer very much desired that he (Mr. Cameron) should not see; and that the Treasurer was not aware that he (Mr. Cameron) knew it came from Mr. Blake. That communications passed between Mr. Blake and Mr. Wood, over the floor of the House, after the resignation of Mr. Wood. That Mr. Wood, during the day on which he resigned, was seen several times with members of the Opposition. That after the resignation of Mr. Wood, Mr. Blake got up in his seat, and showed by his manner that something very agreeable had taken place. That the late Treasurer removed from his usual seat and took a seat further back, which was a signal, he (Mr. Cameron) said, that Mr. Wood was going to resign."

A more childish exhibition than this was never made on the floor of Parliament. Written communications he says, had passed between Mr. Blake and Mr. Wood, arrangements for speaking on the floor of the House were made between them, Mr. Blake after the resignation of the ex-Treasurer showed by the manner that he felt pleased and most terrible of all, Mr. Wood removed from his usual seat, which was a signal that he was going to resign! Such are the charges which the leader of the Opposition gravely preferred against the ex-Treasurer and the Administration. They are about as foolish and beggarly an array of suspicions as an eager young detective could put together. But foolish and trumpery as they were, neither Mr. Wood nor Mr. Blake showed any disposition to shirk them. On the contrary they were desirous of granting Mr. Cameron a Committe of Inquiry on conditions which no member could call unreasonable. These conditions were that Mr. Cameron's name should appear on the journals of the House as the one who preferred the charge and who was to suffer from the disgrace if he failed to prove it; the second that the names of the other members of the Ministry whom he wished to include in the indictment should be specified, or the charge against them abandoned. This Mr. Cameron demurred to, but the House determined to be governed by the rules of fair play and Parliamentary practice ignored his dissent, and altered the wording of the motion accordingly. Mr. Cameron after having introduced the motion, and pretending that he was terribly in earnest to have the matter sifted, actually shirked the vote at the last, and when ordered by the Speaker to register his vote, voted with those who opposed the motion. It may be noted that the member for Frontenac was also eager for the enquiry. He is reported to have said that Mr. Cameron should include the whole Ministry, and find out the criminal from among them, which brilliant suggestion was, unexpectedly to him, greeted with laughter. This proposition of his would not be entertained for a moment, even in his own County Council, whose practice is governed more by common sense than a rigid code of procedure like Parliament. Imagine the Reeve of Garden Island proposing that, inasmuch as an accusation had been brought against another member of the Council, the whole body should come under the charge, and the criminal be picked out from amongst them—a course of proceeding only justified on the principle that every man is guilty until proved innocent. We are glad that there is a desire on all hands to sift this matter. That Mr. Wood, who is personally interested, should desire to have his character freed from stain is but natural; that Mr. Blake should seek to remove any suspicion of unfair dealing on the part of himself and his colleagues is only what his and their approved characters would lead us to expect. We hope to see the committee named and at work shortly, and this political mare's nest thoroughly exposed. If the enquiry should fall through it will be the fault of Mr. Cameron, through whose tactics the members of the Committee were prevented from being appointed on Wednesday.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

—At a meeting of the Presbytery of Montreal of the Canadian Presbyterian Church, held in Montreal on Wednesday, the Rev. Dr. Taylor, Moderator, the Report of the Home Mission Committee was read, as also a petition for the establishment of a mission at Alexandria, in the county of Glengary, Ont. Rev. Dr. Taylor was nominated Moderator of the General Assembly, and Rev. Dr. McVicar of the Synod.

—The Montreal Corn Exchange, at a meeting held on the 24th inst., resolved to abolish the monopoly which the *Herald* hitherto has enjoyed, of publishing their price reports. It is the intention that all newspapers be admitted to 'Change and publish reports.

—The introduction by Mr. McKellar of a Bill to abolish dual representation shows that the opposition of the Reform party to six members of the Commons being allowed to sit in the Assembly was not a make believe to gain a little popularity, or to embarass their opponents. In redeeming their promise in this matter the Government gives the country a fresh pledge of their suavity of their conduct when in Opposition.

—We are not desirous of withholding the praise which is due the ex-Premier for the economy he displayed in managing the affairs of the Province. But unfortunately he carried his economy so far as to be miserly and close. One of the most illiberal of his actions was the withholding the Provincial statutes from the magistrates unless they paid a half a dollar per each copy. This was so penurious and absurd that it created not a little feeling in the country. We are glad, therefore, to learn that Mr. Blake in answer to an inquiry on the subject said that it was the intention of the Government to supply the Magistrates in future, with a copy of the Statutes, free of cost. This is as it should be. If the Government sees fit to impose on gentlemen the duties of the magistracy, it should at least supply them with the means of becoming acquainted with the laws which their position requires them to dispense.

RACES AT CAPE VINCENT.—In the races on the ice at Cape Vincent yesterday, "Muggins," of Watertown, won the trot, beating Mr. Boyd's trotter three heats of five. The Canadian horses "Picket" and "Rembred" did not run. To-day the race was to be between "Dutchman," of Belleville and "Pilot," with bets on the latter. Mr. Geraldi's "French Boy," of Kingston, was to run to-day.

OFF AGAIN.—The steamer Norfolk and schoolier Martin, which were reported ashore last Fall on Washington Island, have recently been taken off by dint of mechanical ingenuity, and are now lying upon the waters of the St. Lawrence, anchored safely.

OFF THE TRACK.—A freight train ran off the track at Colinby to-day, and delayed this afternoon's express from the West until 4.45.

NEW YORK.

New York, Jan. 26.—No cable despatches received to day up to noon.

Appointment of Constables.

The new law regarding the appointment of constables, declares that it shall be done by the County Judge in Quarter Sessions, with a quorum of Magistrates present. Accordingly Judge Burrowes yesterday took advantage of the session of the County Council to open an adjourned sitting of the Quarter Sessions in their chamber. The members of that body being Magistrates, they formed the Court, and, under the recommendation of the Reeves, appointed the following constables, all of whom will have to qualify before a Magistrate:

TOWNSHIP OF BARRIE.—Richard Bishop, Cloyne P.O.; James E. Roy, do.; Thos. Tapping, jr., Hardinge P.O.

BEDFORD.—Francis Bull; Benjamin Botting.

CLARENDON.—Robert C. Johnston, Gemley; James Ward, Ardoch.

HINCHINBROOKE.—David James Goodfellow, Denniston; John Goodfellow, Parham.

GARDEN ISLAND.—Isaac Jacquith.

KINGSTON.—Richard Pettifer, Cataraqui; Orlando Burnett, Collinsby; John Carruthers, Glenvale; James Curran, do.; John Smith, Cataraqui; George Brewer, Elginburgh; Thomas Guess, Elginburgh.

LOUGHBORO.—Gilbert Wood, Loughborough; Adam John Sharp, do; Nelson Amey, Spafford'on; Benson S. Buck, do.; Wallace Waters, Loughborough.

OLDES.—Thos. Cox, Mountain Grove; Joseph Coulter, do.

OSO.—William Blachaby, Deerdock; Robt. Burk, do.

PITTSBURGH.—James E. Thompson, Kingston; Matthew Clark, do.; John Leader, do; John Ryan, do; Robt. Patterson, Brewer's Mills.

PORTLAND.—James McGinness, Harrowsmith; Wm. Kennedy, Hartington; R. Perkins, Harrowsmith; Sylvester Burley, do.; Alex. Grant, Verona.

PORTSMOUTH.—Charles Porter, Portsmouth; John Nicholson, do.

STORRINGTON.—Daniel McLean, Inverary; Martin Shook, do; James Bagley, Battersea; James B. Spooner, Sunbury; John Moore, Inverary.

WOLFE ISLAND.—William Grimshaw, Wolfe Island; Samuel Mozier, do; Thomas Keys, do; John R. Breakey, do; Theophilus Briggs, do; Michael Furlong, do; George Stokes, do; Thomas Hogan, do.

HOWE ISLAND.—John Baillie, Howe Island; John Driscoll, do.

KENNEBC.—James Kelley, Arden; Jacob Moore, do; W. R. Kellar, do.

Presentation at Wolfe Island.

On Wednesday evening a number of gentlemen of this city and of the township of Wolfe Island, met at Hitchcock's Hotel and presented Captain David Pyke, of the Ferry Steamer, the following address, accompanied by a valuable Gold Watch and Chain, from the establishment of Mr. Spangenberg, of this city. The address being read by Colonel A. Cameron, and Captain Pike having replied, the company took their seats to a most excellent and recherche supper, got up in the most excellent style, by Mr. Hitchcock.

After duly drinking the healths of the Queen, Prince Albert and the Royal Family, Captain Pyke's health was proposed and rapturously received by the company. The evening was agreeably spent till midnight, when the party retired with the pleasing reflection that they had but done justice to a man of merit.

ADDRESS.

HITCHCOCK'S HOTEL,
Wolfe Island, Jan. 24th, 1872.

To Captain David Pyke:

SIR,—A few of your friends desirous to show their respect and esteem for you as to the manner in which you have discharged the duty of Captain of the ferry-boat between Kingston and Wolfe Island, have met this evening to show not more by word than by deed their hearty appreciation of your services, extending over a period of sixteen years.

During this time you have been brought into contact with a great many of the travelling community, and it must be a great pleasure to you to reflect that during the whole of this period not a single complaint has been established of the loss or destruction of the smallest parcel or property entrusted to your care, and what is of still greater importance, that no serious accident, nor loss of life has occurred connected with your duties.

These proofs of your care and attention, as well as your urbanity and kindness of deportment to all who travel on your boat, are deserving of public approbation, and must be a recommendation to higher trusts.

We therefore beg you will accept this testimonial as a small token of our esteem, with the best wishes of the donors for the future happiness of yourself, your estimable wife and family.

ON BEHALF OF THE SUBSCRIBERS.

REPLY.

GENTLEMEN,—Your kindness to me on this occasion can never be obliterated from my mind, nor can the fact that my small services have been so acknowledged, fail in affording me the liveliest satisfaction.

Your allusion to my long services here cannot but be pleasing to me, and that good fortune has nearly always attended me in the discharge of my duty, is due not more to my anxiety to please, than to the care and attention which every man holding a responsible position must feel to be owing to his employers.

Having spent the best years of my life in attending to the wants of my fellow-citizens, I do not feel that I have any desire to make any change, but if ever a good opportunity presented itself, I might perhaps embrace it; though leaving here would be hard for me, for the old tree does not care to be transplanted from its old associations.

I accept your token of esteem, and shall ever cherish it as an incentive to greater efforts to oblige and please. Thanking you for your allusion to my wife and family,

I remain Gentlemen,
Yours very truly,
DAVID PYKE.

Addington Agricultural Society

The annual meeting of Addington County Agricultural Society, was held at Yarker, on Saturday, Jan. 20th. Thos. Price, Esq., presided. The auditors reported the accounts correct. The report of last year's proceedings was adopted. The following were elected as the office bearers for the present year: Jas. Aylsworth, President; Thos. Scott, first vice do; Wm. Boyce, second vice do; J. B. Aylsworth, Secretary and Treasurer; and as Directors, Samuel Nugent, Miles Storms, Job Aylsworth, Dan. Gilmore, Jas. Bryne, E. Shibley, J. Watson, Wm. Lawrence, and H. Horner. Auditors, E. B. Benson and John D. Ham.

A vote of thanks was presented to the retiring President, Mr. Price. Ira Diamond, Esq., was named to represent District No. 4, at the Council of the Association of Agriculture and Arts.

Moved by Mr. Madden, that subscriptions be taken this year from persons living outside of Addington Riding, and that such parties have the right to exhibit at the County Show next fall; after a lengthy animated discussion, the motion was put to the meeting and lost.—*Standard.*

Chalmer's Church Gathering.

The Social Gathering of Chalmers' Church last evening—the anniversary of Robt. Burns' birth—in the City Hall, was another success to be added to the number which have been recorded in connection with these annual sorees. The Hall, which was conveniently seated, was filled with people, the fair sex gracing the assembly in large numbers. The Rev. Mr. Grey presided, and around him on the platform were the Rev. Prof. Snodgrass, and several of the Professors of the college and clergymen of the city. The platform was handsomely decorated. The refreshments were served at half-past seven o'clock, and were heartily relished, for they were excellent. The opening chorus, "Be thou faithful," was sung with very good effect by the choir. The opening bass solo was taken by Mr. Jas. Galloway; the tenor part by Mr. Massie, and the soprano and alto by Miss Gray and Miss Drummond, all of whom acquitted themselves well. The music for the peice was very neatly photographed by Mr. H. Henderson from the only copy in the possession of the choir, and this saved considerable inconvenience. Though a handsome style of multiplying music, it is not one unfortunately that can be generally adopted, on account of its expense. Mr. Knight read from "Nicholas Nickleby," and provoked much merriment and applause. The Rev. Mr. Chambers, after a happy introduction, gave a valuable address on the importance of mental culture, addressing himself to the young men particularly. Mrs. Morgan played the Marquis of Lorne Lancers with much spirit, and was encored most rapturously. Mr. V. Burton sang with taste and sweetness. "Where there's a will there's a way," and was loudly recalled. Having sung again, he was again most loudly applauded. The audience were not unduly appreciative. The Rev. Prof. Mowat's address, advocating union and harmony among Presbyterians in Canada, was very able, and delivered in a pleasing manner. His remarks were very frequently applauded, and he seemed to represent fully the views of the large assembly when he favored the proposed union of churches. Indeed the movement seems to be very popular. The "Huindred Pipers" was splendidly sung by Miss Drummond, of Portsmouth, the choir joining in the chorus. A beautiful piano duett by Miss Nichol and Miss McKay, was well applauded. Mr. Fletcher, of Portsmouth, who has a good delivery, gave a reading, very appropriate from Burns. The Rev. Mr. Wilson's capital address on Educational Institutions was followed by the "laughing trio," in which Messrs. Massie, Galloway and Kennedy brought down the house. "God Save the Queen" concluded a very pleasant evening's entertainment.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

MEETING OF THE NEW BOARD.

The small-pox has not yet appeared in the city, but as it is East and West of us in dangerous epidemic character, and as the coming season may bring the scourge of cholera, the Mayor has thought it necessary to call together the Board of Health to take early measures for the cleaning of the city, and to appoint a proper place for a nuisance ground. Yesterday afternoon the Board met. Present—The Mayor, (Chairman) Aldermen Macdonald, Cunningham, Harty, Richardson, McIntyre; Messrs. Wm. Ford, Jr., J. Carruthers; Doctors O. Yates, Lavell, Fenwick, J. K. Oliver.

There now being no legally appointed place for the deposit of nuisance, a selection of Mr. Robbs' four lots at the head of Johnson street, and near Macdonell street, was made, on a payment of taxes and a nominal sum. The public will receive public notice that this spot has been so set apart.

The City Engineer was, on motion of Ald. Macdonald, instructed to have a trench dug on the ground, and to have the deposits covered frequently; also to see that the place is regularly visited.

On motion of Mr. Ford, the Mayor was requested to detail two policemen, to direct the removal of nuisances to the proper place, and to report any infractions of the Health By-Law.

Mr. Cunningham proposed that the City Solicitor be requested to report at the next meeting of the Board as to its powers respecting compulsory cleansing of the city, and as to whether landlords can be compelled to cleanse the premises of their tenants. A resolution to this effect was adopted.

A debate took place on the subject of vaccination, and the usual differences of opinion were shewn. The appointment of a health officer; either a medical gentleman or unprofessional man, was also spoken about. In neither matter, however, was action taken. The subjects will come up at the next meeting of the Board.

Free Roads.

If this proposed substantial benefit has been lost sight of in Frontenac, forgotten in the united movement for the K. & P Railway, the adjoining counties of Lennox and Addington are not disposed to deprive themselves of its advantages. At the first meeting of the County Council of 1872, held on Tuesday last, it was resolved:—

"That a special commitee of seven persons be named by this council to consider the best means whereby this corporation may assume the toll-roads in this county, and devise means to make them free, giving to municipalities where no toll-roads exist an equivalent for such sums as they may be obliged to pay in assuming and keeping the present roads in repair, &c., &c."

There is a strong feeling in the county in favor of the project, and it will doubtless be perfected. We wish that Frontenac felt itself able to co-operate. We do not see that it would be at all adventurous, even in the present state of the County debt.

The County Council of Lennox and Addington is composed of the following members for 1872:

Adolphustown, M. C. Bogart, Reeve; Amherst Island, C. M. Howard; Bath, T. Armstrong; Camden East, R. Graham Reeve, G. Paul and A. V. Price, Deputy Reeves; Denbigh, S. Lane; Ernesttown P. D. Booth, Reeve; J. Hogle and W. H. Perry, Deputy Reeves; N. Fredericksburgh, W. N. Doller; South do., Ira Ham; Kaladar, F. Hott; Napanee, S. McL. Detlor, Reeve, W. S. Williams, Deputy; Newburgh, A. Caten; Richmond, T. Sexsmith, Reeve, R. Dennison, Deputy; Sheffield, E. Perry, Reeve, D. Gilmore, Deputy.

THE LATE VICAR GENERAL KELLY.

FUNERAL SERVICES.

The funeral procession, which was very large, left L' Hotel Dieu shortly after 9 o'clock this morning for St. Mary's Cathedral, where, after its arrival and the body was placed on a catafalque within the Sanctuary, Grand Requiem Mass was celebrated by His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston, assisted by the Very Rev. Father Farrelly, V.G. of Belleville, High-Priest, Rev. Mr. Browne, of Port Hope, and the Rev. Mr. Gauthier, of Gananoque, Deacons. The Church, which was gracefully draped with black, was filled with a large attendance of spectators, who showed by their reverential demeanour the fond esteem in which the reverend deceased was held. After High Mass the Office for the Dead was sung. A full choir and the magnificent organ added to the imposing nature of the ceremony. The body was, at the close of the services, conveyed to the Cathedral vaults, followed by the tender regrets of the vast assemblage at the Church's loss in the death of such a faithful son and priest. The following clergymen, in addition to those already mentioned, were in attendance:—Revs. Fathers Roche, of Prescott; Stafford, of Lindsay; O'Brien, of Brockville; Brennan, of Picton; Murray, of Cornwall; McKeown, of Cashel; Coyle, of Emily, Cline of Smith's Falls, Donoghue of Loughboro, Kielty, O'Boyle and Spratt of Kingston and many others whose names we were unable to learn. Mr. French of the Census staff, Mr. Moore, Higgins, Capt. Moore Kelly, Dr. Sullivan and the leading Catholic gentleman of the city were also present.

The stores and places of business of very many of the Roman Catholic citizens were closed during the morning, out of respect for the lamented dead.

FRANCE.

Thiers' Latest Plan Getting Rid of the German.

(Per Dominion Line.)

New York, Jan. 26.—A special cable despatch says that Thiers is endeavoring to secure the complete evacuation of France by the German troops. Prince Bismarck has given his assent to the withdrawal of the troops on condition that the three milliards of francs be paid earlier than previously agreed upon. The announcement stimulates the tobacco monopoly project. During the recent crisis Thiers said to Gen. Cissoy that if Napoleon had fifty millions francs he would be in power in fifteen days. In the Spanish Cortes M Quinteria said it was quite time to cede Cuba to the United States. He was howled down by the whole house.

OMAHA

THE ROADS STILL BLOCKED.

Per Dominion Line.

OMAHA, Jan. 25.—Reports from the stations along the Union Pacific Railway indicate the worst blockade of the winter at Rowlins.

NEWARK

Newark, N.Y., Jan. 26.—Botts, the murderer of Pitt Halsted, was hanged at half-past eleven this morning.

"Brittania Rules the Waves."

A letter in the New York *World* on "England's Maritime Glory" furnishes some noteworthy facts and figures showing how immense are the naval resources of the mother country, and with what entire truth it may be said that she "rules the waves." She is in point of fact the world's great shipbuilder, and every year a colossal fleet is turned out from the shipbuilding yards of the United Kingdom, the extent and value of which it is indeed wonderful to contemplate.

Last year was one of almost unparalleled activity for the ship building interest, and so great is the demand for iron ships, that even the yards of the Thames have been awakened to new life. The tonnage of the vessels built during 1871 amounted to the enormous aggregate of 490,000 tons, and upwards of 400,000 were in iron steam ships. In the Clyde there were constructed 233 iron vessels, of 211,850 tons, against 200, of 177,000 tons, in 1870, and 204, of 183,200, in 1869. The Tyne and its adjoining districts rank next, with 147 vessels measuring 181,903 tons, an average of no less than 1,238 tons to each. The ship owners of Russia, Germany, Holland, France, Spain, Austria, Italy, Brazil, and the United States, are all struggling to obtain British built vessels, because in no other country can iron ships be constructed so cheaply or so well. While a large number of the ships built during last year were sold to foreigners, the tonnage of the United Kingdom was considerably increased. The old established lines of steamers to India, South America, and elsewhere, have had additions made to the numbers. We find that the increase of British tonnage in the North American trade alone, amounted during the year to 25,000 tons. The Allan Line brought out three new steamers with a total tonnage of about 10,000 tons. The National line started the *Spain* and *Egypt*, two ships of 4,000 tons each. This year there will be an equally large increase in the North American trade, more than three fourths of which is now done under the British flag. The following ships are ordered and several of them nearly ready to launch.

For the Cunard line, the Bothnia and Scythia, of 3,500 tons each; for the Guion line, the Montana and Dakota, 4,000 tons each—the Guion ships, built especially for the United States mail service, have great power and are intended for very high speed; for the Inman line, the City of Montreal, City of Richmond, and City of Chester, of 4,500 tons each; for the White Star line, the Republic, Celtic, and Adriatic, of 3,000 tons each; for the North German Lloyds, the Kaiser and another, 3,300 tons each; for the Hamburg company, the Frisia and Pomerania, of 3,300 tons each. The Thames Ship-building Company are building three fine and fast steamships, of 2,600 tons each for a new line between Antwerp and New York, and another line is to start from Cardiff with four Clyde-built steamers of 2,200 tons each.

To afford some idea of the magnitude of Great Britain's India trade, the *World's* correspondent compiles from one day's issue of the London *Times*, the following list of vessels advertised for Bombay, Calcutta, and China: For Bombay, nine steamers, three sailing ships; for Calcutta, nineteen steamers, four sailing ships; for China and Japan, fourteen steamers, nine sailing ships. We commend some of the facts here briefly set forth to those who talk about England's decadence, and appear to imagine that the days of her maritime superiority are drawing to a close. Never, as a matter of fact, did she "rule the waves" so absolutely as now.—*Ottawa Times.*

A correspondence between Dr. Pusey and Dr. Newman is shortly to be given to the world, which will make some strange revelations concerning the famous Tractarian movement.

POLITICAL NOTES.

Messrs. Chas. Moor and John Rochester, ex-Mayor, will oppose Mr. Holmes in the County of Carleton at the next general election for the House of Commons.

The *Montreal Herald* states that Colonel Burgis has been named as a candidate in opposition to Mr. Sandfield Macdonald at the next general election for the Commons.

It is stated that the Conservatives of North Lanark will bring Mr. Bennett Rosamond, of Almonte, forward as a candidate for the Commons, in which case Mr. Galbraith, the local members will be nominated by the Liberals.

The Ottawa correspondent of an Eastern paper mentions the name of Hon. Senator Macpherson as the probable successor of Mr. Howland in the Gubernatorial chair of Ontario; in Quebec, it is thought, M. Chauchon, the Speaker of the Senate, has designs on Governor Belleau's plush breeches and silk stockings.

CURRENCY.

Upwards of fourteen thousand "heathen Chinese" are hunting for gold in Australia.

A citizen of Detroit found a baby in a basket on his door steps, and the next day exchanged the foundling with a childless neighbor for a rat-terrier dog.

Young ladies in society this season are indulging in very plain toilettes, tulle, tarletin and muslin dresses, high-necked and long sleeved being the prevailing fashion.

The Spiritualists have heard from Fisk. He is getting up a "corner" in brimstone. He does not operate in railroad stocks now, because he finds it difficult to "water" them.

The new Bishop of Honolulu, Mr. Willis, was brought up as a Dissenter, and was educated at Hoquerton College. This is the second Bishop who received his education at that institution, Bishop Jacobson of Chester, being the other.

A merchant of forty years in Rochester has kept a book in which he has charged all losses to the proper sources so far as he could ascertain such sources. He says he finds no charge against "minding his own business" or "being civil to strangers."

In Mexico the custom is, when a duel has been fought, to erect a cross on the spot, and every one that passes by throws a stone at the cross. Some ingenious Yankees have taken advantage of this custom to clear stony land, by erecting crosses where no duel has been fought.

Attention is called to the danger of adulterated or colored confectionery, so much of which is offered for sale at the present season. The commonest form of adulteration is with gypsum or plaster of Paris. But is far more dangerous where the sugar in confectionery is colored, and especially colored green, such green being often but preparations of arsenic or copper.

OYSTER SUPPER.—The new Warden entertains the County Council of Frontenac at an Oyster Supper at the City Hotel this evening.

POLICE COURT, Friday.—The dullness of things generally has its influence in court circles. There were no prisoners this morning, and only two cases of summons for not cleaning snow from the sidewalks. The cases were dismissed, defendants promising to clear the obstruction. Adjourned.

SHORT NOTES.—The proposed Masonic Ball is to give place to a Grand Concert about February 83th. The weather is splendid for frosty January, and the sleighing irreproachable. Sir John Macdonald has accepted an invitation to attend the Mayor's dinner. There is no cattle buying this winter. Hay is so scarce in New York State that animals are cheaper than on the Canadian side. Why will not the price of wood come down? Who talked of a Bachelor's Ball?

Liquor Laws.

Two petitions for amendment of the license laws are in circulation at Toronto. One prays for greater restrictions and the abolition of shop and saloon licenses, and the other for extending shop licenses, so as to allow smaller quantities of liquor to be sold. Both favor the abolition of the informer system, which has proved a failure.

By very large majorities in both branches, the Illinois Legislature has passed an act forbidding the abuse—not the use—of alcoholic liquors. It allows sellers to sell and drinkers to drink, but holds both responsible if this privilege is abused. Such a law will commend itself to all who favor temperance at all, as well, probably, as to those who would prefer prohibition.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKETS.

Per Dominion Line.

Jan. 26, 4 p.m.

Montreal Bank, 237½, 238½.
Merchants' Bank, 132½, 133.
Bank of Commerce, 129½, 130.
Ontario Bank, 110½, 111.
Toronto Bank, 199, 200.
Royal Canadian Bank, 106½, 107.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, Jan. 25.

Wheat—Fall, 1,30 to 1,35; spring, $1,25. No. 1 Superfine 5,50 to 5,55. Barley, 60c to 60c. Oats, 43 to 46c. Peas, 65 to 67c. Corn 66c. Rye, 68c. Pork $15 to $15½.

Montreal Produce Market.

Per Dominion Line.

Flour very dull; buyers offer 5,80; sellers ask 5,90 for supers; sales strong bakers' 6,00; fancy 6,70; no demand for fancy and extra. Wheat—unchanged; no sales. Corn quiet at 55. Oats none offered. Pork dull and unchanged. Lard—small sales 9½. Dressed hogs dull, 5,40 to 5,60.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, Jan. 26,

Per Dominion Line.

Flour quiet; red winter wheat steady 1,58 to 1,63; amber 1,62 to 1,68; mixed 71 to 72½. Oats 55 to 55½ clover seed 10½ to 11½. Pork 14½ to 14½. Dressed hogs 5½ to 6. Gold 9½.

DIED.

SHAW.—In this city, on Thursday, 25th instant, William Shaw, aged 78 years.

The funeral will take place on SUNDAY Afternoon at TWO o'clock, from his late residence (near the Reservoir,) to the Waterloo Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend without further notice.

MOORE.—At Napanee, on January 22nd, Maria Moore, wife of George H. Detlor, Esq., aged 73 years.

Found.

IN THE FARMER'S HOTEL, Princess Street, a short time since, a SUM OF MONEY. The owner can receive the same on making known his claim to it.

MARTIN DOLAN.

Jan. 26, 1872. 22

Insurance Rates Reduced.

RISKS taken upon Isolated Buildings at 20c per $100.

ISAAC SIMPSON,
Agent for the Agricultural Assurance Association of Canada and the London Assurance Corporation of London, England.

Jan. 26, 1872. 22

Wanted.

AN ACTIVE intelligent Man as Special Agent, to take charge of and work up a Life Assurance business between Cornwall, Kingston and Ottawa. Must know the Country and have some acquaintance with the people in that District.

Remuneration liberal to a first-class Man. Address with full particulars as to age, experience (if any) with references, Box 873, Post Office Montreal.

Jan. 26th, 1872. 22

It is Wonderful How we do it But We Do!

SELL THOSE SPLENDID

Fresh Cod & Haddock

AT 5 AND 6 CENTS PER POUND.

THE GREAT NATIVE PLANT

OYSTERS,

Only 50 cents per Can. TRY THEM,

AT E. MARTIN'S,

One Door above Foot's Bakery, Princess Street.

Jan. 26, 1872. 22

FIVE CENT MUSIC ECLIPSED

—AT—

E. Stacey's,

STATIONER'S HALL.

HOME MUSIC, 16 Sacred Songs, Hymns and Pianoforte Pieces, only 10 cents a Number.

SUNDAY MUSIC, 20 Numbers, consisting of 12 Sacred Songs, Anthems, Chants, Vocal Duets, only 10 cents a Number.

MUSICAL BIJOU, 20 Popular Songs, 15 Comic Songs, 50 Hymns, 20 Anthems, only 15 cents a Number.

MUSICAL LIBRARY, 25 Christy Minstrel Songs, 70 Anthems, 40 Scotch Songs, 23 Contralto and Baritone Songs, 12 Popular Dances, only 25 cents a Number.

PETER'S MUSICAL MONTHLY, 60 Pages of Choice Music for the Pianoforte, 30 cents a Number.

BOOSEYS MUSICAL CABINET on hand, NEW SHEET MUSIC, VIOLIN STRINGS,

AT E. STACEY'S,

Music and News Depot.

Kingston, Jan. 26th, 1872. 22

CLEARING SALE

—OF—

WINTER STOCK.

GREAT REDUCTIONS

IN PRICE OF

DRY GOODS,

—AT—

ROSS'S,

During the Remainder of the Month and February, while

STOCK-TAKING.

A. ROSS.

Kingston, Jan. 26, 1872. 22

—THE—

Farmer's Advocate!

Is admitted to be the Leading Agricultural Journal in Canada.

Terms $1.00 per annum. Specimen Copy sent free. Address,

W. WELD,
London, Ont.

Jan. 25th, 1872.

ROOM PAPER.

A VERY LARGE ARRIVAL OF ROOM PAPER at the

CITY PAINT SHOP

—AND—

ROOM PAPER DEPOT.

Which will be Sold at the Lowest possible figure.

William Robinson,

BAGOT STREET.

Kingston, Jan. 25th, 1872. 21

Organ and Melodeon Factory,

GORE STREET, KINGSTON.

THE Subscribers take pleasure in calling attention of the public to their Manufactory of the above Instruments.

New and Second hand Pianos For Sale. Also Tuning and Repairing promptly attended to in City or Country.

Agents Wanted.

REYNER & CO.

JOSEPH REYNER. | CHARLES MEE.

Kingston, Jan. 25, 1872. 21

R. & J. GARDINER

Are now offering Bargains in all the Departments of their Establishment, which comprises a complete assortment of the Newest and most Fashionable Goods of the Season. An inspection of our Stock is respectfully solicited, as we are offering unusual inducements to intending purchasers.

R. & J. Gardiner

ARE NOW SHOWING A LARGE AND CHOICE COLLECTION OF REAL IRISH POPLINS, IN A GREAT VARIETY OF COLOURINGS AND AT UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES. PLEASE CALL AND EXAMINE.

R. & J. Gardiner

Have opened and are now Showing an elegant Assortment of Gros de Suez or Corded Silks. Also Gros Grain and Glace Silks in a variety of handsome shades. We are also showing Japanese Silks and Imperial Black Gros Grain Silks at VERY LOW PRICES.

R. & J. Gardiner

Having an inspection of the very Large Assortment of PLAIN AS FANCY DRESS GOODS in all the New Materials and Colours produced the present Season. French Merinos in all the New Shades, French Repps, Empress and Plain and Fancy Sateen Cloths. All the new Shades in Serges, now so fashionable. Also Black Silk Warps, Parramattas, Black Crape Cloths and Parattheas, Black Cobourgs and Reversible Lustres. TRIMMINGS to match all our Dresses.

R. & J. Gardiner

Are showing a very superior assortment of Shawls, Mantles and Cloaking Materials, German Astracans and Seal Skins, the New Sabsette, New Lyons Silk Mantle Velvets, and a large choice of Plain and Fancy Cloaking Materials from the cheapest up to the most expensive prices. Also Paisley and Ottoman Striped Shawls at reasonable prices.

Kingston, Oct. 28, 1871. 254

MUSIC AT HENDERSON'S.

—SONGS—

HAPPY HOURS OF LONG AGO.
Love Among the Roses.
The Rose Bush, - - - RUBY.
The Widow in the Cottage by the Sea.
The Sweet By and Bye.
We Parted by the River Side.
The Swallow, - - - LITTLE EMILY.
The Open Window, - - - TIRED.
Nell, the Village Pride.
Mother Kissed Me in My Dream.
Hurrah! for Merry England.
The Officer's Funeral.
You Know How it is Yourself, Comic. "
Nice Little Laundress, "
Awfully Good Form, "
The Intoxicated Fly,