$1.50.

THE WEEKLY BRITISH WHIG

REDUCTION OF TERMS.

IN order to introduce the cash system into the business of the BRITISH WHIG as rapidly as possible, all Subscriptions for the Weekly Edition will be received during the present year at the rate of ONE DOLLAR AND A HALF. When the Subscription is allowed to remain unpaid for One Month, the former rate of $2 a Year will be charged in every case.

Liberal Reductions will be made to Clubs, and every attention will be given to enquiries on this point.

E. J. BARKER PENSE,
Publisher.

Jan. 1872. 4

NOTICE.

THE BRITISH WHIG.

ALL persons indebted for Subscriptions, Advertising or Job Work up to January, 1872, are respectfully requested to make immediate payment at the Office of the BRITISH WHIG, either to Mr. EDWARD JOHN BARKER PENSE, or to

ED. JOHN BARKER, M.D.

Jan. 1, 1872.

New Advertisements.

New Books—E Stacey.
To Let—R M Rose.
Notice—E H Smythe.
Promissory Notes—Isaac Simpson.

The Daily British Whig.

Optier per Orbem Decor.

SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 6, 1872.

EXEMPTION FROM TAXATION

The circulation of the petition of the Toronto Council to the Ontario Assembly, praying the abolition of certain exemptions from taxation has provoked considerable discussion, and drawn out letters on the subject from the Rev. Egerton Ryerson, Archbishop Lynch and others, which have found their way into print. The Doctor's letter is devoted to a defense of the churches from this, to him, irreligious assault. With his usual vigor he denounces as "cormorant economists," those who have the temerity to even think of imposing this burden on Church property. The letter of the Archbishop deals with the same phase of the subject. He grounds his claim to exemption on the fact that churches save the state and cities in which they are situated, a large amount of expense by their moralizing influences, having the undoubted effect of preventing much lawlessness and crime. This, however, is beside the question and does not meet the issue squarely. However, the promoters of the petition have amended it so as to exclude from it any reference to Churches, Charitable Institutions or Burying Grounds. While not assenting to the doctrine that Churches should not share the burden of taxation—a subject to which in a future issue we will return—we fancy that most people will insist that the exemption should extend only to bona fide church property necessarily held for church purposes and not to lands held by ecclesiastical corporations for their own aggrandisement. A church corporation under the present law may hold unimproved property in the heart of a city and by refusing to sell or improve it, materially retard the progress and increase of wealth of that city. Being exempt from taxation no stimulant in the shape of a yearly tax compels it either to sell or improve it. An adjoining proprietor may build upon and thereby increase the value of his own and, necessarily, that of the Church property also, but the burden is thrown wholly on the private individual. This is not as it should be. The burden of taxation should be distributed among all proprietors in equitable proportions. This is notably the case in this city where one of the finest blocks in the city is unoccupied and unimproved, and has reached its present great value by the improvements of neighbouring owners who have to pay taxes, whilst the Church to which the block belongs neither pays taxes nor improves the land.

Another important point of this exemption matter is the immunity which certain individuals enjoy from taxation upon their salaries. The following extract from a letter of Mr. Aldermen Hallam printed in yesterday's *Leader* will carry conviction with it to the minds of most readers, we think:—

"The Rev. officers of the courts of law are exempted on their incomes, which amount to the large sum of $75,910, most of them receiving salaries varying from $1,000 to $6,000 per annum. Clergymen, and some that are not clergymen, who have 'Rev.' to their name, are exempted to the large amount of $228,575, most of them have $1,200, and many of them from $2,000 to $3,000, and some of them have from $4,000 to $5,000 per year. Many of these gentlemen are owners of bank and building society stock; they also live in fine houses, elegantly and luxuriously furnished; they are far above want; their social position is greater than any other class. Then why should they need this special favour shown them by the State? In fact, exempting judges, law officers and clergymen from taxation when they are able to pay it, is derogatory to their dignity, character and influence as administrators of the law and teachers of that pure Christianity which says, 'Therefore all things whatsoever you would that men should do to you, do you even so to them, for this is the Law and the Prophets.'"

A company with the title of the International Printing and Publishing Company, has been organized in Montreal, under the management of Mr. John Lovell, for the reprinting of English books in a way which will secure to it the same advantages which American publishers enjoy as to their reprints sold in the Canadian market. We learn from the *Gazette* that the Company sets up and stereotypes the book in Canada, conveys the plates and paper to Rouse's Point, (in American territory), and there prints off the edition, bringing back the sheets, paying the 12½ cent duty on them, and binding them in Montreal. That this roundabout course is necessary in order that Canadian Publishers may successfully compete with Americans in the Canadian market shows that our copyright is inefficient. The American publisher is compelled to pay nothing for the right of the book which he reprints and has the entrance to our book market on payment simply of a duty of 12½ per cent. on the wholesale price. The Canadian publisher, on the other hand, must, at considerable risk, pay for the copyright, and lodge with the Secretary at Ottawa a copy of the actual reprint before his right to publish receives the protection of the Act. These requirements discriminate against the Canadian, and in favor of the American publisher, and involve a delay which may not seldom prove fatal to his enterprise, for the market in the meantime may be flooded with American reprints of the work. To remedy these grievances it is proposed to allow a Canadian publisher to print English books under a license, paying for the right a royalty of 12½ per cent. to the author—the same amount as the duty on American reprints. It is also proposed to allow publication, not on the conditions above noticed, but on deposit of notice of intention to do so. Some difficulty might arise from the rival claims of different publishers reprinting the same book, but this could be easily met. The hope of the *Gazette*, that the matter will receive the early attention of Parliament, deserves to be realized, and this anomaly of legislation against our own interests removed.

LETTER NO 2.

A FEW WORDS TO COMMON SENSE.

DEAR SIR,—When it is asserted that Mr. Robinson ought to have sustained by his vote the Railway Policy of the late Government, is it meant thereby to be affirmed, that whatever change of circumstances might arise; whatever party after the new elections, might prove predominant; whatever verdict the country might pronounce on the policy of the government: whether his vote might benefit or injure us; whether it would alienate from us or not the only party who could help us; that even though he *knew* that his vote would hurt our railway policy—the getting for us the railway subsidy—he was bound to rush blindfold and at all hazards to record his vote to his own and our ruin.

If any one can be found so foolish as to assert that such a course would have been wise and proper; then I say that Mr. Robinson acted wisely in rescuing them from the consequences of their own utter folly.

When people told Mr. Robinson to support the Railway Policy, was not the substantive idea, the paramount consideration with them, this, get us the K. & P. Railway.

They thought, no doubt, that by supporting the then administration—the men who held the money bags—they were most likely to compass their object; hence the outcry against Mr. Robinson. "He has ruined our prospects of the Railroad."

But Mr. Robinson knew better. He has saved us from ourselves, and at the same time voted in behalf of the men and of the principles to whom and to which he has ever been attached.

J. A. ALLEN.

West Northumberland.

THE RESULT OF THE ELECTION.

At the close of the polls the voting stood as follows:

Town of Cobourg, Gifford 143 majority. Township of Alnwick, Gifford 46 majority. Tp. of Haldermand, Fisher 77 majority. Tp. of Hamilton, Fisher 16 majority.

Gifford elected by 96 of a majority.

So far, the returns stand as follows: For the Government, Carleton, Mr. Monk; Durham West, Mr. McLeod; Ottawa, Mr. Scott; Prescott, Mr. Hamilton; Stormont, Mr. Bethune; Wellington Centre, Hon. Mr. Gow; South Bruce, Hon. Mr. Blake; Middlesex, Hon. Mr. Mackenzie. Against the Government, South Grey, Mr. Lauder; Prince Edward, Mr. McCuaig; Simcoe North, Mr. Ardagh; West Northumberland, Mr. Gifford.

There now remain but two elections yet to be determined—Bothwell and Toronto West. Both are safe for the Government—and the final result of the fourteen elections will be ten Ministerialists against four anti-Ministerialists.

THE HOTEL DIEU CONCERT AND BALL

Our columns have contained for some days past the announcement of a grand promenade concert and ball in aid of the Hotel Dieu Hospital and Orphan Asylum, to come off in the City Hall on the 10th instant.

Some few weeks ago it was intimated to the ladies of St. Mary's Cathedral that this noble charity stood in need of assistance. Sympathizing cordially with the nuns in their benevolent work, and realizing the pressing necessities this season imposes on such establishments, they held a meeting, at which sixty attended, all anxious to lighten the labors of those who so nobly devote their lives to the relief of the victims of disease and want in some of their worst forms. At the meeting a concert and ball on a large scale were decided on, and having put their hand to the work, they determined that it should be worthy of them in every respect. They generously resolved to furnish refreshments at their own expense, and desire it to be stated that any who may be disposed to aid them, will send their contributions to the Institution any day before, or to the City Hall on the morning of the festival.

The concert will be under the supervision of Prof. DesRochers. Precaution has been taken to afford to those present an entertainment of the most refined and attractive character, and at the same time bring relief to an institution possessing strong claims on public gratitude, claims all the stronger from the fact that those who conduct it are unable to personally solicit assistance, and whose natural timidity shrinks from obtruding on public notice the wants, which relieving distress has subjected them to. All those therefore who desire that such an institution should be sustained have an opportunity of doing so, either by attending, or what is equally as good, if they disapprove of the means employed, sending a donation to the house in whatever form their minds may prompt them to dispense relief.

The manner in which the soirees of the Catholic ladies of this city have been conducted in former years has given universal satisfaction. This we are assured will be no exception, as at no time previous has the desire been stronger or more general, to give a handsome testimonial of appreciation to this old and leading Catholic charity.

THE NEW GOVERNMENT.

ARRIVAL OF THE HONS. MESSRS. BLAKE AND McKENZIE AT ACCAMAC.

The Hon. Edward Blake and the Hon. A. McKenzie, Provincial Treasurer, were yesterday returned by acclamation. All the members of the new Ministry have received grand ovations from their constituencies on their return from Parliament for re-election, which, in each case, their worth is thoroughly and heartily approved by their former supporters. The question whether any Ministry in Canada was ever so popular as that formed under the leadership of Mr. Blake, Mr. Mackenzie, the Commissioner of Public Works, has just been the subject of high honors from his constituents, and will be returned without opposition. At all the railway stations on his way to his constituency of South Grey, Mr. Blake was received with congratulations, and will, of course, be returned by acclamation; hence, in a few days Ministers will re-assemble in Toronto and commence the work of preparation for the business of the session, which will re-open on the 19th inst., to which time the House was adjourned.

A despatch from Cornwall gives a description of a grand reception at that town by which the sturdy electors of Stormont testified their pleasure at the triumphant return of Mr. Bethune as their representative.

The Game Laws of Ontario.

A meeting of the sportsmen of Kingston and vicinity was held last evening at the Abell's Austrian Hotel, the purpose being to petition the Parliament of Ontario for some alteration in the present game laws. The proposed alterations are in the laws protecting wood-cock, snipe and wild ducks, about the time of killing which a great diversity of opinion exists among sportsmen. A similar meeting was held in Toronto, and the petition was entrusted to Mr. Prince, M.P.P., for presentation to parliament, to whom the present petition is also to be given; but it does not appear certain that the ideas of the sportsmen here and there are in accord, and fixing this a division of the game territory at Port Hope was proposed, by resolution last night. However sportsmen may differ about the time that game can be advantageously killed, one clause of the game law might be surely struck out with benefit—that which protects those arrant poachers the mink, fisher and otter. A half dozen of the first will, during the breeding season, destroy in eggs and callow young more game than half the sportsmen of Ontario during the time of shooting.

The following are the resolutions passed last night:

Moved by Major VonStraubenzie, seconded by N. Kent, That J. J. Burrows, Esq., take the chair.

Moved by Major VonStraubenzie, seconded by Capt. McGill, That it is expedient that the game laws be altered, by providing that woodcock and snipe may be killed during the time beginning with the first day of August and ending with the first day of March following, and at no other time; and that all kinds of duck may be killed during the time beginning with the 15th day of August and ending with the first day of March following, and at no other time.—Carried.

Moved by Capt. Merrett, seconded by Capt. McGill, That Major VonStraubenzie, J. J. Burrows, Henry Smith, Captain McGill and the mover, be a committee to communicate with Mr. A. Prince, M.P.P., relating to the alteration of the game laws now in existence.—Carried.

Moved by Major VonStraubenzie, seconded by J. G. Strachan, That in the event of the present resolutions passed at this meeting not proving satisfactory to the sportsmen of Toronto and west of Toronto, it be expedient to divide the Province of Ontario at Port Hope, and that laws be passed appropriate to each section.—Carried.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

A soup kitchen has been established in Hamilton. The charitably disposed citizens of Kingston might follow the example of Hamilton in this matter.

The *Leader* classes Mr. Monk as an opposition member; the *Telegraph* ranks him with the supporters of the government. The opposition papers should have a rehearsal in order that these little differences may not be made public.

The Quebec *Mercury* says that Sir John Young (we suppose it means Lord Lisgar) will shortly leave Canada not to return. This item of news is followed by the improbable statement that the Premier is to take his place with the rank of Baronet and Privy Councillor of the Empire.

Senator Lyman Trumbull's name is mentioned as an eligible candidate on the "National Reform Ticket." He is a man of eminent ability as a lawyer and of great experience in public affairs. Originally a Democrat, of latter years he has acted with the Republican party—thus having claims upon both parties.

A cable telegram announces the death of Sir Francis Crossley, M.P., of Halifax, and a gentleman widely known as a generous benefactor of the poor of his native town. He was a brother in-law of the Rev. Mr. Gledhill, a travelling preacher of the Primitive Methodist body, and well known in Kingston and other parts of the province.

BROKE THROUGH THE ICE.—A team laden with produce broke through the ice near Garden Island this morning. The horses must have come unexpectedly upon a weak spot in the ice, as several loads of hay came over without encountering any difficulty.

ODD FELLOWSHIP.—At a regular communication of Kingston Lodge No. 30, I. O. O. F., held last evening in the Odd-fellows' Hall, the following Officers were installed for the current term by Bro Paterson, D.D.G.M.:—Bro. F. Fowler, M. D., Past Grand, Bro. R. J. Pagan, Noble Grand, Bro. N. Hugo, Vice Grand, Bro. W. H. Martin, Secretary, Bro. G. W. Andrews, Treasurer, Bro. F. M. Clark, Warden, Bro. Geo. Lee, Conductor, Bro. W. D. Gordon, R.S.N.G., Bro. T. W. Hugo, L.S.N.G., Bro. W. Pugh, R.S.V.G., Bro. W. Abernethy, L.S.V.G., Bro. W. Robinson, R.S.S., Bro. E. W. Grafton, L.S.S., Bro. H. Thompson, I.G., Bro. J. Tossell, O.G., Bro. Dr. Fowler, Lodge Surgeon, Bro. Charles Mee, Organist, Bro. H. Rollins, Caretaker.

The Rev. Dr. [illegible] vituperative course towards his opponents shows that he isn't Pusey-luminous, though the Low-churchmen say he wants all the rest of the world to be pay salaamin' us.

RELIGIOUS ITEMS

Presbyterianism is spreading in Mexico.

The Toronto *Christian Guardian* has been enlarged, and is now the largest religious paper of the Dominion.

The Wesleyan Congregation of Merton and Little Creek have united to build a Church.

Mr. Sidney E. Morse, the father of the American religious newspaper press, died in New York recently, in the 74th year of his age.

On account of the illness of the Lord Bishop of Ontario, the confirmation appointed for tomorrow has been postponed.

In Dr. Ewar's Episcopal Church, New York, the service is read in Latin, and a regular confessional has been established. What is the Church coming to?

The Irish Presbyterians and Congregationalists have proclaimed against the action of the R. C. bishops in relation to national education.

The movement for establishing a new Wesleyan College at Stanstead, Quebec, is progressing favourably. $20,000 had been subscribed in Stanstead and vicinity. A site is shortly to be selected.

Mr. Spurgeon has been obliged to take up his residence in the south of France for a time, in order to recruit his strength, which has been giving way under excessive labour.

The new Lectionary for the use of the Church of England is about to be adopted in Canada. It will be used tomorrow. There are lessons from the *Apocrypha* in it.

The Buddhist priests in Japan have been informed that their temples will be closed, and that they must enter the army as soldiers, or earn their living in mechanical ways.

The Presbyterians of London, England, are inaugurating an extensive Church building movement in the Metropolis, similar to that of the Wesleyans.

It is announced that Archdeacon Denison has caused his name to be erased from the books of Oxford University, on the ground that it "has become an irreligious body." This, we presume, is on account of the abolition of certain religious tests.

In Germany, the clergy have been divested of a privilege they long enjoyed. A law has been enacted prohibiting political agitation in the pulpit. Henceforth a clergyman abusing his office can be imprisoned for a term not exceeding two years.

Next week, as arranged by the Committee of the Evangelical Alliance, will be known as "The Week of Prayer." Union services will be held every evening. The clergy of the Episcopal Church in the old country participate more generally in these services than they do in Canada.

Mr. Miall, M.P., (Eng.,) is very active in his movement against the Established Church. Defence Associations are being formed by members of the Church. The other Dissenters have for a long time been endeavouring to induce the Wesleyans to unite in the crusade, but without satisfactory results. On the other hand many of the bishops and leading clergy are suggesting means to bring about a union with the Wesleyans.

DIOCESE OF ONTARIO.

HILLIER AND WELLINGTON.—The Christmas offertory in the Parish of Hillier and Wellington amounted to $44 00.

NEWBORO.—On Christmas Day the Rev. F. L. Stephenson, Incumbent, was presented by his congregation with a fine pair of buffalo robes. The ladies teaching in the Sunday School presented Mrs. Stephenson with a quilt. In addition to the above, the Christmas offertory amounted to $32.

CARLETON PLACE.—Previous to his departure from Carleton Place to Cornwall, the Rev. James A. Preston was presented, among other gifts and testimonials, with a purse of $30. The ladies of St. James' Church also presented Mrs. Preston with a purse of $20.

KEMPTVILLE.—The Christmas offertory in the parish amounted to $67.

CLERICAL CHANGES.—The Ven. Archdeacon Patton has entered upon his duties as Rector of Belleville.

The Rev. James A. Preston, M.A., late Incumbent of Carleton Place, has succeeded Archdeacon Patton as Rector of Cornwall.

The Rev. Henry Austen, B.A., late Assistant Minister at Cornwall, has been appointed to the Mission of Carleton Place.

Last Night's News.

The Germans have decided to at once try the hostages seized in France for the murder of German soldiers—the perpetrators of the murders not having been delivered up.

The excitement still continues in New Orleans, where the Republican and Democratic members of the Louisiana Legislature are prepared to shoot each other. The troops are still held in readiness to quell the apprehended disturbance.

After all the relations between Spain and the United States are not in a very critical condition. Upon further consideration the new Spanish Ministry does not intend to assume a threatening attitude; and as the Hornet affair has been divested of its most troublesome aspects there is no ground for apprehending serious complications.

TRADE OF KINGSTON.

STATEMENT shewing number of British and American Vessels laden with Grain which arrived at this Port during past Navigable Season:

Am. Vessels	Wheat	Am. vessels	Corn.
From Chicago 66	1,567,167	69	1,248,229
" Milwaukee 54	969,256	4	———
" Oswego 13	179,000	—	16,000
" Toledo 21	416,000	17	303,500
" Detroit 15	230,000	—	———
" Sandusky 5	80,000	—	———
184	3,465,958	81	1,567,796

B. Vessels	Wheat	B. Vessels	Corn.
From Chicago 20	453,256	26	382,058
" Milwaukee 32	511,000	26	86,000
" Oswego 7	75,000	—	———
" Toledo 47	877,000	37	498,700
" Detroit 2	30,000	—	———
" Sandusky 2	25,000	—	———
107	1,971,256	63	881,758

This Statement does not show several Cargoes of American Grain which arrived here via Welland Railway and Propellers and which were entered at the Custom House.

NOTE & EXPLANATION

The following extract from the speech of the Hon. Mr. Scott in Ottawa completely refutes the charge brought by the Opposition Press that Mr. Blake's Ministry was a Coalition Government:

"He (Mr. Scott) did not hesitate to say the Government was no coalition Government. He was not afraid to make the avowal, and he wanted his words to go over the wires that his sentiments as far as the Government of Ontario was concerned were in perfect accordance and perfect harmony with those of that Government. He was following a man he knew to be his confidence, and who was a giant in intellect as compared with Mr. Sandfield Macdonald. He (Mr. Scott) had the approbation of the electors and that of the warmest friends in the course he had pursued. * * He had not the slightest doubt as to Mr. Blake's policy, and four years should convince the most sceptical that it would be the best that could be adopted. (Applause.) Mr. Scott here read from the *Globe* Mr. Blake's speech, announcing the policy of the new Government, and said that he heartily endorsed the speech of Mr. Blake in every particular.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

SOUTH FREDERICKSBURGH.—Ira Ham, elected reeve.

NORTH FREDERICKSBURGH.—N. Dollar, re-elected by a large majority.

RICHMOND.—Thos. Sexsmith, elected reeve by a majority of six; R. Dennison, Deputy Reeve, without opposition.

ERNESTTOWN.—Reeve, P. D. Booth; Deputy Reeves, W. H. Berry and John Hogle; Councillors, Isaac Aylsworth, and S. D. Clark.

AMELIASBURGH.—Reeve, W. C. Stafford. Deputy Reeve, M. Squier.—Councillors, Reuben Young, W. N. Way, Robert Hunt.

NORTH MARYSBURGH.—Reeve, Wm. Kerr. Councillors, Alex. Shannon, Andrew Wycott, John Burley, H. A. Powers.

SOUTH MARYSBURGH.—Reeve, N. Dodge. Councillors, S. Usher, J. F. McQuoid, S. P. Ostrander, Capt. N. Huggins.

ADOLPHUSTOWN.—H. C. Bogart, Reeve; Councillors—C. R. Allison, P. Allen, J. P. Darland and J. Trumpo.

IN GENERAL.

Their are eight Jews in the British Parliament.

Mr. Scott was a Reformer when Hincks was a leader in the Liberal party.

It is said that New York is soon to have a Cardinal in the person of the present Archbishop McCloskey.

The International Society of London has, by a majory of one, resolved to exclude reporters from its meetings in future.

Scarlet Fever is raging at Quebec and Three Rivers to a fearful extent, and is carrying off young and old, but particularly children.

We regret to record the death of Dr. Wm. Wilson, Senior Chief English Translator to the House of Commons.

Queen Victoria returned to Windsor, and received a congratulatory address from the town council on the convalescence of the Prince of Wales.

The English papers report that the Princess of Wales has suffered from an attack from the same poison as the Prince. It was caught at the same time, but her life has never been in danger.

A new Saving Bank was recently established in Syracuse, the managers advertising to pay seven per cent. interest on deposits. The result is that all the Saving institutions in the city are paying seven per cent.

An American missionary was sent to India to convert the Hindoos, but it appears that the Hindoos have converted him, as it is now announced that he has renounced his religion. The Hindoos purpose sending him back to convert the Yankees.

While a trial was in progress at Kittyclogher, County Leitrim, Ireland, the floor of the court-room gave way and 300 persons were precipitated a distance of thirty or forty feet. Some were killed, and many were seriously injured.

Mrs. Chauncey, who shot Daniel Snowhill at a wedding in Spottswood, N.J., is under arrest. It is alleged that her attempt on his life was the result of a close intimacy. Her friends, however assert that she went on a lark in men's clothes to Snowhill's place, and in her fright when he struck her she fired on him.

Elk Prairie, Ill., was the scene of a murderous outrage a few days since. One Ross fired a gun at his wife when her child was in her arms. The balls of the charge entered the child, and the wife was wounded. He then stabbed his brother and beat him senseless. He also shot at his mother-in-law, but without effect, and then made his escape.

Particulars of the triple murder at Windsor Locks, Conn., are given. The victims were Timothy Billings and his wife, keepers of a house of ill fame, and Julia Hayes, one of the inmates. Their bodies were found covered with ghastly wounds, inflicted with the butt-end of a gun. Several persons have been arrested on suspicion, but proofs of their complicity are wanting.

A device for preventing the theft of postage and revenue stamps by dishonest clerks and office boys has been patented in England, and approved by the Post Office Department there. It consists in simply perforating the stamps with the initials of the legitimate owners, so that other persons to whom they may be offered for sale will know at once that they have been stolen. The plan might be found useful in this country.

G. F. T.

(From the N. Y. Sun.)

We have received a circular letter signed by Mr. George P. Bemis, private secretary to the Hon. George Francis Train, the Next President of America, announcing that he is about to take legal measures to obtain redress for the publication of the following libellous paragraph in several well known newspapers:

"An uncle of George Francis Train has made an affidavit that Mr. Train is a lunatic, and has petitioned to be appointed his guardian."

Mr. Bemis states that Mr. Train has been for many years too much occupied in advocating his reforms to pay attention to the outrageous slanders hurled against him: but when it comes to a direct accusation that he is crazy, he considers it due to his wife, his children, and relations—leaving out of view his prominent position as the only independent candidate for the American Presidency—to take such action as will place him right before the people. The libel in question was started, it is said, by the *Springfield Republican*, and has been copied in the Chicago *Times*, the St. Louis *Republican*, the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, and the New York *World*. All the papers that publish it are required to make a satisfactory retraction within ten days, or they will be sued for $50,000 damages. Mr. Train has also been advised by his counsel that any newspaper that has published this libel can make no defence against his suit, and Mr. Bemis in Quakes that any jury who may refuse a verdict in Mr. Train's favour, "might probably be assisted in forming a correct opinion through the wild but stern justice of the Internationals."

We do not approve of libel suits; but every man ought to have justice. There can be no more absurd report than to charge George Francis Train with being a lunatic, and we advise the journals that have been led to publish such an imputation to retract it fully, without waiting for the expiration of the ten days and the commencement of the $50,000 libel suits.

The "Citizen" Baronet.

On Wm. Morris, Esq., Knight.

Chelsea's republican M. P.
Play's a great improver;
Improved in manner, resolutions—true
But then—who angles for the mover?

Chelsea's republican M. P.
(Now every daily paper's
Dancing to resolutions' tunes)
Who trakkes the puppet caper?

Chelsea's republican M. P.
By some fellow may be reckon'd a
Good man to "second" Communists—
Who seconds, though, this seconder?

Chelsea's republican M. P.
Has lections Transatlantic,
And goes to democratic sires—
Who guides his antics frantic?

Chelsea's republican M. P.
The would be Peer destroyer
Is scouted by all honest men—
Both he and his employer.

Judy.

CURRENCY.

Out of 1,000 samples of London milk lately analyzed, only 26 were found genuine.

As men part their hair in the centre, ladies have taken to wearing theirs parted on the side.

Ald. Harman would not stand for West Toronto. He could not think of *harmin'* the new Government.

Photographs of the Tichborne jury, with index of names and positions at back, have a large sale in London.

There is a rich man in New York with only one shirt to his back. The rest are in wash or put away.

Daily newspaper paragraphing is getting to be fearfully abreviated. Here's a specimen recording a death: "Clay Spencer colored, pint of Memphis whiskey."

It is about time the Tichborne case should receive mention. The claimant is progressing, and is hopeful of success, provided the millennium does not come too quickly.

A wag observing on the door of a house the names of two physicians, remarked that it put him in mind of a double barreled gun, if one missed the other would be sure to kill.

A correspondent of the Saginaw Courier chronicles the following terrible accident: "A cow was struck by lightning and instantly killed belonging to the village physician who had a beautiful calf four days old."

When a deacon nudged a somnolent worshipper with the subscription box, last Sunday, the sleepy individual awoke partially, smiled, murmured "I don't smoke," and dropped off again.

American ideas are becoming immensely popular in Japan. The Mikado has become infatuated with the circus. A negro minstrel troupe would probably set the whole empire wild with enthusiasm. They have got the base-ball disease there, already.

At a trial not long since, one of the witnesses, an old lady of some eighty years, was closely questioned by the opening counsel relative to the clearness of her eye sight. "Can you see me?" said he. "Yes," was answered. "How well can you see me?" persisted the lawyer. "Well enough," responded the lady, "to see that you're neither a negro, an Indian, nor a gentleman." The answer brought down the house.

Police Court.

SATURDAY.—Before Mr. Strange, P. M. The following was the business of the Court this morning:—Frank Comstock and his wife Mary were charged with drunkenness, and fined $1 or 30 days in gaol. James Cliff, a street Arab of twelve years, was charged with indulging in Arabian proclivities—throwing stones—standing on his head and coming down suddenly with his heels in the mouth of some astonished pedestrian, and "taking a lunar" at the same pedestrian upon his remonstrating at such acrobatic treatment, shouting and indulging in the piebald facetiæ peculiar to his caste. The court fined the prisoner $1 or 30 days in gaol. Maurice Stodard was the name given by a man of unsound mind, who was brought from the lower Depot yesterday. He appeared to be respectably connected, but it was impossible to get any correct account of himself or his connections. He mentioned London, Ontario, as the place of his residence, but no reliance could be placed on any of his statements. The Magistrate imposed a fine of $1 or 30 days in gaol, to give an opportunity to his friends of securing him.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, 1.30, Jan. 6.

Per Dominion Line.

Flour and wheat quiet; easier to sell; sales ordinary Chicago $1.58½; store Milwaukee $1.58; store very scarce, $1.58½ afloat. Corn steady 78½ to 79cts. Oats 57 to 59c; whiskey 91½ to 92. Pork 13½ to 13¾. Lard 9¾ to 9¾; freights 6½.

New York—Later, 2 p.m.—Wheat closes firmer, with firmer freights; sales 50,000 for export; 1.55 to 1.58 store. No. 1 $1.60; store $1.62½; afloat; whiskey 82, small lots.

ALL OVER DUE

PROMISSORY NOTES in my hands if not paid or renewed at once must be placed for collection.

ISAAC SIMPSON.

Jan. 6, 1872. 6

To Let.

THE LARGE STONE BUILDING fronting the "Anglo-American Hotel," well adapted for a Wholesale Warehouse, or a Boarding House.

Apply to

R. M. ROSE.

Jan. 6, 1872. 6

The Electoral Division Society,

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Electoral Division Society of Kingston will be held at the Office of the Secretary, Ontario Street, on THURSDAY, the 18th instant, at THREE o'clock, P.M.

ED. H. SMYTHE,
Sec'y. & Treasurer.

Jan. 6, 1872. 4

For Sale.

THE HOUSE in Sebastopol Terrace, corner of King and Union streets. The House contains Nine Rooms. Attached is a stone Wood House and Barn, with room for two horses and one cow; also a Driving and Carriage House.

For particulars enquire at the Office of

R. M. FORD,
Market Square.

Jan. 6, 1872. 3

Christmas is Coming

EVERY LADY

SHOULD GIVE HER SERVANT A

Nice Christmas Present

BY CALLING AT

SHAW & MINNES

WHERE YOU WILL FIND SOMETHING SUITABLE, HAVING DECIDED TO OFFER EXTRA INDUCEMENTS DURING

THE HOLIDAYS

HANDSOME IRISH POPLINS.

Handsome Light Silks.

Handsome All Wool Serges.

Handsome Bordered "

Handsome Tartan Shawls.

Choice Lot of Fancy Dresses.

Choice Lot of Wool Clouds.

Choice Lot of Wool Sontags.

Choice Lot of Breakfast Shawls.

New Josephine Kid Gloves.

New Lined Kid Mitts.

New Lined Kid Gloves.

New Fancy Tweed Skirts.

New Fancy Cloakings.

Beautiful Lot of Silk Scarfs.

Beautiful Lot of Fancy Prints.

Beautiful Lot of Collars and Cuffs.

Beautiful Lot of Woollen Scarfs.

The above Lot of Goods will be SOLD CHEAP FOR CASH.

—AT THE—

Glasgow Warehouse.

Kingston, Dec. 14, 1871. 203

AT E. STACEY'S,

BOOK STORE,

Stationer's Hall, King Street.

A COLOURED PICTURE OF

Holiday Time

Given with the CHRISTMAS NUMBER OF THE

ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS.

Also TWO FULL SUPPLEMENTS, with A FINE PICTURE OF THE ROYALISTS SURPRISED.

CANADIAN ILLUSTRATED NEWS

Of this Day, contains a Fine Large

Portrait of the Prince of Wales,

ONLY 15 CENTS.

A few of the CHRISTMAS NUMBER of

BOW BELLS,

WITH EIGHTY SUPERB GIFTS.

—AT—

E. STACEY'S.

Kingston, Jan. 6th, 1872.

GRAND

Promenade Concert and Ball,

Under the Patronage of the Ladies of St. Mary's Cathedral.

IN AID OF—

HOTEL DIEU HOSPITAL AND ORPHAN ASYLUM,

CITY HALL

JANUARY 10TH, 1872.

Gents Tickets, $1.25; Ladies' Tickets, 75 Cents.

JAMES HARTY,
Secretary.

Dec. 28th, 1871. 304

Card.

To the Electors of Cataraqui Ward.

GENTLEMEN,—Having been solicited by a number of the Electors of Cataraqui Ward to become a Candidate for School Trustee, I beg to inform you that I do not intend personally to canvass the Ward; but if you see fit to elect me, I will endeavour to serve you to the best of my ability.

I am, gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
DANIEL McLEWEN.

Jan. 5, 1872.

KINGSTON & CAPE VINCENT

'72.

Passenger and Freight Line.

(Carrying the U. S. Mails and Express.)

THIS Old and Established Company will continue to convey Passengers and Freight between Kingston and Cape Vincent. Having Extra Accommodation for Comfort and Despatch, and direct communication made with the R. W. & O. R. R. at Cape Vincent, for Rome, Albany, New York, Boston, and all other Points East; and West to Rochester, Buffalo, Cleveland, Detroit, Chicago, St. Louis, Cincinnati and all Points West. Fare Lower and Time Quicker than any other route.

OFFICE—Burnett House Block, Ontario Street, where Through Tickets can be procured to all Points East and West.

FOLGER BROS.
Agents.

Jan. 5, 1872.

R. & J. GARDINER

Are now offering Bargains in all the Departments of their Establishment, which comprises a complete assortment of the Newest and most Fashionable Goods of the Season. An inspection of our Stock is respectfully solicited, as we are offering unusual inducements to intending purchasers.

R. & J. Gardiner

ARE NOW SHOWING A LARGE AND ROCH COLLECTION OF REAL IRISH POPLINS IN A GREAT VARIETY OF COLOURINGS AND AT UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES. PLEASE CALL AND EXAMINE.

R. & J. Gardiner

Have opened and are now Showing an elegant Assortment of Gros de Suez or Corded Silks. Also Gros Grain and Glace Silks in a variety of handsome shades. We are also showing Japanese Silks and Imperial Black Gros Grain Silks at VERY LOW PRICES.

R. & J. Gardiner

Invite an inspection of the very Large Assortment of PLAIN AND FANCY DRESS GOODS in all the New Materials and Colours produced the present Season. French Merinos—all the New Shades, French Repps,—Empress and Plain and Fancy Sateen Cloths. All the new Shades in Serges, now so fashionable. Also Black Silk Warps, Paramattas, Black Crape Cloths and Barnbeas Raisé Obscurs and Imperishable Lustres. TRIMMINGS to match all our Dresses.

R. & J. Gardiner

Are showing a very superior assortment of Shawls, Mantles and Cloaking Materials, German Astracans and Seal Skins, the New Salsette, New Lyons Silk Mantle Velvets, and a large choice of Plain and Fancy Cloaking Materials from the cheapest up to the most expensive prices. Also Paisley and Ottoman Striped Shawls at reasonable prices.

Kingston, Dec. 28, 1871. 254

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CHURCH SERVICES

At Half Price.

COMMON PRAYERS

AT ONE THIRD OFF.

WORK BOXES,

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ALBUMS,

JEWELLERY,

LADIES COMPANIONS

And an Immense Variety of

FANCY GOODS

AT

Immense Reductions,

FAMILY & POCKET BIBLES

At Low Prices.

John Henderson,

PRINCESS STREET.

Kingston, Jan. 4, 1872.