G. T. R. TIME-TABLE.

Trains arrive and depart from the Kingston Station as follows:—

EXPRESS TRAINS GOING WEST.

Arrive at.....4.50 p.m. and 5.40 a.m.
Depart at.....5.10 p.m. and 5.40 a.m.
Local Train arrives at 10.00 p.m., depart at 1.00 a.m.

EXPRESS TRAINS GOING EAST.

Arrive at.....1.30 p.m. and 2.10 a.m.
Depart at.....1.50 p.m. and 2.10 a.m.
Local Train arrives at 8.15 a.m.; depart at 6.25 a.m.

To Advertisers.

All Contract Advertisements, that is Advertisements not charged full Tariff rate, are payable in Cash.

Post Office Time Table.

MAILS GOING EAST

By Day Express Train close at 12.40 p.m.; Arrive at 1.50 p.m.
By Night Express Train close at 9 p.m.; Arrive at 6.00 a.m.

GOING WEST

By Day Express Train close at 3.20 p.m.; Arrive at 4.30 p.m.
By Night Express Train close at 9 p.m.; Arrive at 6.00 a.m.

FOR UNITED STATES

Via Cape Vincent, close at 7.00 a.m. daily, and arrive at —— a.m.

BRITISH MAILS

Per Cunard Line, will be closed every Monday at 7.00 a.m.
Per Bremen Line, every Tuesday at 7.00 a.m.
Per Canadian Line, every Friday at noon.

(Papers and Letters should be marked for the Line on which they are intended to be forwarded.)

THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

The Daily British Whig.

(Oplimus est Orbem Dicere.)

MONDAY MORNING, DEC. 28, 1868.

LETTERS & TELEGRAMS.—G. A. B. Quebec, with rem.

REMINDERS.

SALES, MEETINGS, AMUSEMENTS, &c.

TO DAY

FESTIVAL OF ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST.—St. John's and Catarsqui Lodges are summoned to meet this morning at 10 30, for the installation of officers, at the Lodge Rooms. In the evening the brethern will dine together at the Hall of the Lodges.

Christmas.

Christmas Day has passed and gone. Taking it upon the whole, the Christmas of 1868 has been just as happy a day as its predecessors. The year has been a prosperous year, and the country has progressed in prosperity. The British Whig has had no reason to complain of the patronage of the public. This being the case, the Publisher records his thanks, and wishes every one of his Patrons, a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year.

The rumor is revived in Montreal that the Hon. John Rose is to be created a Baronet of the United Kingdom, and, it is said, on a very reliable basis this time. Mr. Hugh Allan, of Montreal, personally contradicts the report that he is to be knighted.

☞ The case of Livingston vs. the Western Assurance Co., the leading points of which are familiar to our readers, has at last reached the highest Court in the land. The argument in the case is to be heard in the Court of Error and Appeal on Thursday next, the 31st inst., the first sitting of the Court.

☞ The wholesale merchants of Toronto generously closed their places of business on Saturday, in order to give their employees the whole time between Friday and Monday. One or two instances of like generosity occurred here.

☞ To-day Joseph Dion, the Canadian Billiard Champion, plays against Melvin Foster in New York.

The Whalen Case.

James Whalen, the convicted murderer of Thos. D'Arcy McGee, was again brought before the Court of Queen's Bench at Toronto on Thursday last. Mr. J. H. Cameron, on behalf of the prisoner, applied for leave to appeal, and after some consideration of the mode of procedure, the judges, according to the invariable custom when the Court is not unanimous, granted the appeal through a writ of Habeas Corpus, and the case is fixed for argument on the first day of sitting of the Court of Error and Appeal, the 30th inst. Mr. Robinson, on behalf of the Crown, had nothing to urge. The fact of entertaining this appeal involves a further respite of the prisoner. The prisoner was therefore respited until the 1st of February, which is the first day of the term upon which the Court of Queen's Bench can make a further order respecting him, based on the decision of the Court of Error and Appeal. A respite by the Governor General will also be necessary. These frequent delays are certainly trying to the patience of the public. It was reported that an appeal will be taken to the Privy Council should this last decision be adverse to the prisoner. In civil cases this second appeal is a right which the appellant can exercise at his own discretion; but the clause of the Act which authorizes appeals in criminal cases declares the decision of the Court of Error and Appeal to be final.

The Globe says:—The difficulties thrown about the path of justice in this case seem to be endless. Yesterday, on the Court being opened, the prisoner's Counsel, Mr. Cameron, stated that there was a good deal of doubt as to the manner in which the prisoner would have to bring his appeal before the highest tribunal in this country—the Court of Error and Appeal. Two modes suggested themselves to the mind of the Counsel, and he wished the prisoner to have the benefit of both. The one is simply to obtain the leave of the Judges of the Queen's Bench to lay the case before the Court of Appeal, in the ordinary course pursued in civil matters; and the other is to obtain the fiat of the Attorney General to proceed in Error as in a new application. The first question for the Court of Appeal to decide on the matter will be whether the case is properly brought before them by either of the modes that the prisoner's Counsel has thought fit to adopt. This point decided in the prisoner's favor, all the long arguments urged upon the Queen's Bench will have to be repeated before the Court of Appeal and left for the decision. If the application on the other hand is refused at the threshold of the Court, the prisoner will be left to abide the order the Queen's Bench may make on their own decision on the 31st inst., as to the time of his execution.

Railway Accident.

COLLISION ON THE GREAT WESTERN—THREE ENGINES AND FOUR CARS SMASHED—A NUMBER OF PERSONS INJURED.

(From the Toronto Telegraph of Yesterday.)

In the midst of our Christmas festivities, it is particularly painful to be called on, as we are this morning, to record a terrible railway accident, involving probably a loss of human life. The full particulars of the catastrophe have not yet reached us, as the telegraph office was open last night for only a short time.

It appears that on Thursday evening a pilot engine was sent out from London to Komoka for some purpose yet to be explained. It was standing on the track at or near Komoka when the night express from Windsor came along. The train was an unusually heavy one, consisting of two locomotives, ten passenger cars, and the baggage and express cars. Komoka being a small waystation, express trains are in the habit of running past it at full speed. In this instance, we are told the train came along at the rate of about twenty-five miles an hour. While going at this rate it ran into the pilot engine standing on the track, and made, according to all accounts, one of the most terrible wrecks ever seen on a Canadian railway. The pilot engine, the two engines attached to the train, and four cars, were smashed into atoms, while other cars were more or less damaged and a portion of the track torn up. So far as we have learned, there was no immediate loss of life; but a large number of persons were injured, some so severely that their lives are dispaired of. Among the wounded are George Wilkes, Wm. Love, and Mason Weeks, all either engineers or firemen. It is said Weeks cannot survive his injuries. Many of the passengers were injured. The wreck was of such magnitude that when the express for the city left Hamilton last evening, nearly twenty-four hours after the accident, the track had not been cleared, though large numbers of men had been working on it throughout yesterday.

Komoka is a small station about ten miles from London, and as soon as news of the accident reached the latter place, surgeons and others were sent out to attend the wounded.

A State Prison Mutiny.

New York, Dec. 24.

Eighty convicts in the New Jersey State Prison refused to work on Tuesday afternoon on account of the alleged tyrannous conduct of a temporary superintendent. They were so persistent and determined in their demands that it was found necessary to relieve the obnoxious superintendent, whereupon they went to work with lusty cheers.

Japan.

INTERESTING NEWS.

Advices from Japan state that Mikado had passed through Yokohoma and entered Yeddo. The people turned out en masse to receive him. It was the first time in twenty years the Mikado had visited this distant part of his dominions. Yeddo, which had been nearly deserted, was re-populated and the ruined palaces restored in honor of his visit. Affairs between the Northern and Southern factions were simply in abeyance until a more favorable season for hostility. Before the spring, it is believed, a reconciliation will be effected. Meanwhile trade is languishing and matters are becoming worse. Paper money had been issued in Yeddo, where several Japanese had been punished for refusing to receive it. Owing to the great increase of trade in the silks and silkworm eggs several Japanese merchants have failed to fulfil their contracts with foreigners. The accounts of the merchants will be hereafter examined by proper officers, and only rich men be licensed to engage in the trade. Out of ten men now allowed to deal only five will be continued.

United States.

John Hanlon, of Providence, was sued for injuring a lady's dress by spitting upon it on the street, and a jury awarded $55 and costs to the plaintiff.

Two pickpockets who were caught on Monday plying their trade on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, were taken from the train by the passengers and hung to a tree.

An insane man killed himself at a boarding house in Alleghany, Penn., on Thursday morning, by undertaking to "syringe out" his ear with a pistol.

The vigilance committee which hung the four express robbers in New Albany, Ind., recently, have published a circular, warning those who have threatened them that, if their threats are carried into execution, the committee will deal summarily with them.

The liabilities of Turnbull, Slade & Co., dry goods dealers in New York, who failed, amount to $600,000. Their books, however, show a surplus of $25,000.

Allen Skin, living near Hillsboro, Ohio, was arrested yesterday, charged with attempting to poison the family of his mother-in-law by placing strychnine in the well-bucket. There had been some ill-feeling between the parties previous to the occurrence.

A young married woman living in Huron County, Ohio, retired to bed one night last week with her babe. To quiet it she had placed in its mouth a "sugar teat." During the night she dreamed it was choking, and that she tried to grasp the teat with her fingers, but could not. She then tried, as she supposed, to grasp it with her teeth, when the screams of the child awakened her. She found its face bloody, and that its nose was almost bitten through at the point. Medical aid was procured and the child rendered comfortable, but the mother was almost inconsolable at the accident.

LYNCH LAW IN TENNESSEE.—Pulaski, Dec. 22. Last night a body of disguised men broke open the jail, and taking out a negro named Aleck Mason, riddled his body with bullets. They first tried to lynch him, but Mason being a powerful man, and offering resistance, they used their pistols, and in a moment he was a corpse. The prisoner had been placed in jail for robbing a negro business firm in Pulaski, on Thursday night last, of over $1,000. He bore the reputation of a desperate character, and had been repeatedly imprisoned for high-handed depredations. A few days ago near Cageville, Haywood county, a negro was arrested for using violence to a lady. While being taken to jail in custody of an officer, he was seized by a party of masked men, and in an hour afterwards his body was found hanging to a tree, pierced with bullets.

BUSINESS OF THE ATLANTIC CABLE COMPANY.—The story of the receipts and business of the Atlantic Cable Company repeat the lesson how even monopolies defeat their own interests by excessive charges. From July 28, to October 31, 1866, the £20 tariff was in operation, and the daily receipts averaged £565, and the messages numbered twenty-nine; from November 1, 1866, to December 1, 1867, the tariff was £10, and the daily receipts averaged £579, and the messages were sixty-four. From that day until September, 1868, the tariff was £5 5s. per minimum message, and the daily receipts averaged £635. Last September the tariff was again reduced to £3 7s. 6d. under which reduced rates the number of daily messages has increased to 201, and the receipts to £670.

A Relic of Barbarism.

A BLOODY DUEL.

From the New Orleans Crescent.

The famous duelling ground on the Metairie ridge, known as "The Oaks," was the scene yesterday morning of a sanguinary duel between two young men of this city, which has rarely had its parallel in the annals of the code, either in this country or in Europe. The antagonists were, the one a native creole of New Orleans, the other a Frenchman by birth; the provocation a blow in the face, at the hand of the creole; the weapons were broadswords; the hour daybreak. Arrived on the field, accompanied by their seconds, the combatants stripped to the waist, and sword in hand, in the freezing air of the morning, sprung at each other like tigers. There was no hesitation, or playing to try each other's skill. A few lunges and cuts were successfully parried, when suddenly an upcut from the Frenchman's sword wounded his opponent in the right arm. The riposte from the creole laid open the Frenchman's left cheek, laying the inside open and exposing his teeth. Nothing daunted, the wounded man stepped back, had a handkerchief bound around his face, and again put himself in attitude of offense. His first lunge penetrated the breast of his antagonist, between the rib and the skin, but it was made with such relentless force that it passed also through the off arm. An attempt was made by the seconds to stop the matter at that point, but the man with the handkerchief around his jaws rushed at the second who was most anxious to settle the matter, sword in hand, asseverating that naught should quiet his animosity except a cut across his throat. The battle was renewed, and lasted until the creole had received eight wounds and the other six—all severe and painful, but none, it is hoped, dangerous. Both men displayed extraordinary courage, animosity and endurance; and during the course of the bloody encounter, neither was willing to give up the contest until both had to let their hands fall helpless to their sides from loss of blood and the pain of their wounds. The parties were carried home after having their wounds dressed, and though the creole had two more wounds his situation was more comfortable, and less critical than that of his antagonist.

Miscellaneous.

The Greeks don't like being driven away from their Turkey about Christmas time. Who would?

Cornelius Vanderbilt is reported to have made $4,000,000 out of his great corner in New York Central. His late movement is considered the greatest financial coup d'etat Wall street has ever known.

A carpenter at work on a church spire in San Francisco during the earthquake, preferred a position on the earth rather than his fine situation to observe the effect of the quake, and came down in a hurry.

Mr. Gladstone is to disestablish some army grades, as well as the Irish Church. The ladies ought to rebel, for whom black coats and red coat are almost equally charming.

An old man named Brown, who has been peddling apples on the New York ferry boats for many years past, has received intelligence of a fortune having been left him by a deceased friend in Ireland, amounting to $150,000.

As good authority as is likely to be obtained gives the present circulation of the New York morning papers thus: Herald 65 000; Sun 47,000 Tribune 43,000; World and Times 35,000 each; Star 13,000; Democrat 7,000, and Journal of Commerce 2,500.

There seems likely to be an angry paper warfare on the subject of the bar le with the Indians on the plains. Several journals have already taken the subject up, and one, the Chicago Times, maintains that General Sheridan ought to be court-martialled and hanged for ordering the recent attack on the Indian camp.

ONE DAY LATE FOR THE FAIR.—The English M. P's. petitioning Reverdy Johnson to use his influence with the American Congress to establish ocean penny postage, after Mr. Johnson's influence with Congress has been reduced to zero.

Crimes and Casualties.

THE DOMINION.

A woman living at the Tanneries went out on Thursday with her child, aged 14 days, in her arms, to have it baptized in Montreal, and on reaching town found that the infant was dead. Verdict, death from exposure.

Twenty-one employees in Mullen & Adam's tobacco factory, Montreal, were arrested for conspiracy, by counselling other employees to strike for higher wages. They were admitted to bail until the 10th of January.

A young man named McCerdy, in the township of Montague met with a fearful accident last week. He and another man were chopping in the bush, in close proximity to each other; the axe of the latter by some mishap, glanced, striking McCurdy, and nearly severing the foot from the ankle.

The row of storehouses on the east side of the Rideau canal basin, Ottawa, lately occupied by Mr. M. K. Dickinson, were totally destroyed by fire about 11 o'clock on Thursday night. E. B. Eddy, Eaton & Co., Herrick & Brush, and others suffered a total loss of about $10,000.

The body of an unknown man, respectably dressed, was found on the G. T. R. track near Lachine junction on Thursday morning. How he came to his death is not known. A coroner opened an inquest, and adjourned until Saturday, to make further inquiries. Foul play is suspected.

On Wednesday night about six o'clock p.m. a fire broke out in one of the wards of the lunatic asylum at Amherstburg. One woman was suffocated, also two others were badly burned. The building was saved with difficulty. Fortunately there was no wind; otherwise the whole asylum would have been consumed.

A case of "diamond cut diamond" was attempted at the St. Vincent's Reformatory List week. While one of the detectives was saunteering through the prison he came within an ace of having his pocket picked by some old friend, who, doubtless, wanted to keep his hand in.

An old woman aged about 80 years old named Mrs Campbell was run over at Stratford station by a passing train, and was instantly killed. It is supposed she did not hear the train coming she being a little deaf.

The house of Mr. Andrew Gordon, of Smith's Falls village, was on last Friday week, robbed of a sum of money over fifty dollars. The robber is supposed to have had false keys in his possession. Suspicion is fastened on a man named Watson, a machinist, who has lived in the village but a few days. Watson had disappeared a few hours before the money was missed. Up to the present time his whereabouts is a mystery.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Turco Greek difficulty—Important Judicial decision—Dreadful Accident.

Greenstown, Dec. 24.

The steamship Marmora, which left Co. Cork a few days ago, for Bangor, Maine, with a cargo of railroad iron, has been obliged to return to the mouth of the Shannon. The Marmora experienced a heavy gale and was badly damaged.

London, Dec. 25.

The following dispatch from Constantinople, dated 23th, is just received: M. Delyannis, the Greek Minister, has formally resigned from his post, and returned to Athens.

Edward Joy Morris, the American Minister, has consented to waive the prohibition of his legation to Greek subjects in Constantinople. The Sublime Porte declines to recognize the proposed conference of the Greek powers.

Manchester, Dec. 25.

The cotton mills of the city are to be on only two days in the week for the present.

London, Dec. 24.

The Judicial Committee of the Privy Council have rendered a decision in the case of Martin vs. Mackonochie, on an appeal from a judgment in the Court of Arches and by Sir R. Phillimore. The charges against Mackonochie were kneeling or prostrating before the consecrated elements and the use of lighted candles. The Privy Council, after a lengthy hearing and due consideration, to-day announced their decision against Mackonochie, and in condemnation of the practices charged against him.

London, Dec. 24.

Vice-Chancellor, Sir G. M. Gifford, succeeds the new Lord Chancellor, Sir Wm. Page Wood, as one of the Lords Justices of the Court of Appeals in Chancery. Mr. James, has been appointed a Vice-Chancellor, to fill the vacancy caused by the promotion.

The Times derives altogether a disheartening view of American finances.

It is regarded as almost certain that France and England will join the conference for the settlement of the eastern question.

Marseilles, Dec. 24.

Two Egyptian mail steamers came in collision in the Gulf of Smyrna. It was said that over 200 passengers were killed by the shock.

Paris, Dec. 24.

Queen Isabella is still in the Pavillion Rohan, which has been assigned to her as a winter residence. She goes out every day to take a drive in the Bois de Boulogne. Her carriages are usually followed by the elete of Parisian society, who seem to look upon her dethroned majesty as wearing in Paris the crown of elegance and fashion.

During a recent trip to Berlin, Lord Clarendon paid the King of Prussia a visit which has been extensively commented upon by the press of England and of the Continent.

According to the most credible version, the King of Prussia stated to his lordship that he was strongly in favor of the maintenance of peace in Europe. To the observation of Lord Clarendon, that peace could not be preserved unless Prussia should abide by the treaty of Prague, the King of Prussia should abide by the treaty of Prague, the King of Prussia replied that the country was satisfied with the stipulations contained in it, and that his government had no ambition to go beyond the river Maine, which had been assigned as the limits of Prussia in the aforesaid treaty.

Copenhagen, Dec. 24.

The laying down of the Danish-Russian cable from Cape Morra, in the island of Iceland, connecting Russia, Denmark, and England, has been entirely.

LATER.

Turkey and Greece.

The Proposed Conference.

London, Dec. 25

It is certain that the Western powers will agree with Austria respecting the Conference. The Sublime Porte has extended the time for the departure of the Greeks from the Turkish dominions to five weeks.

Paris, Dec. 25.

The Petrie had the following despatch from Athens:—The committee of action has addressed a petition to the Greek Government praying for peace. They urge the Government to support the popular feeling of the country which is clearly for peace, and to avoid a war with Turkey.

London, Dec. 25.

Russia has asked of Turkey and Greece a suspension of hostilities until the end of the Conference. The adhesion of Austria is regarded as certain and of Italy and Greece as probable.

It has been arranged that the Conference of the Great Powers shall assemble in Paris, early in January.

Paris, Dec. 25.

A despatch received here from Vienna states that the Austrian embassadors at Constantinople and Athens are recalled and their positions filled by persons unobjectionable to both Turkey and Greece.

The Paris Temps said last evening that France and England have little sympathy with the proposed Conference.

News from Rio Janeiro is quite important. The allies had attacked the Paraguayan position at Villeta in force, but were repulsed with a loss of 1500 killed and wounded.

DOMESTIC.

It is said that the Opposition in the Quebec Legislature will be so strong that a crisis will ensue, before the session closes.

Mr. McNaughton, Editor of the Sun, opposes Mr. Hough, of the World, as Councillor at the approaching Coburg election.

Some capitalists are in town for water power at the back of Montreal Island, and intend to erect large factories.

The Welland Railway Company will replace the burnt propeller Perseverance by a new first-class propeller next spring, with a capacity of 20 000 bushels of wheat.

The river at Montreal is frozen across, a circumstance unknown so early for many years.

As far as received returns appear to indicate that Hutchinson, the anti-Union candidate, has been elected for Northumberland, N. B.

Whelan is reported to be depressed and fears now that his case is hopeless.

The Lt.Governor's residence at Quebec is being rapidly completed; on the occupation of which a grand ball and reception is to take place.

N. Newfoundland is to affirm the principle of Confederation, dissolve the Legislature, agree on terms of Union, and enter the Dominion when these terms are ratified. There is no sedging.

The bark Etowah, laden with refined petroleum, which left Cleveland October 2nd, arrived at Liverpool on the 26th November, safe and sound. Her cargo was found to be in perfect order.

A public meeting is to be held in Montreal to promote the proposed wooden railway to the northern country. A land grant in aid of the work will be demanded from the Local Government.

Lady Young's reception at Ottawa on Thursday evening was numerously attended. Several hundreds having called. The visitors were much pleased with the affability with which they were received.

The Smith's Falls Infantry Company have re-enrolled under the new Militia Act.

It is expected that Mr. Henry J. Friel will be re-elected Mayor of Ottawa. Ald. Harman is looked upon as the new Mayor of Toronto.

The Daily Telegraph has three libel suits on hand—busy times.

At Montreal a few days ago, a small-pox patient in his delirium sprang right through the double-windows of the hospital ward, and in an almost state of nudity ran through the streets and finally reached Griffintown, where he was taken charge of and brought back. By a merciful Providence, he has got over the malady so far, and is gradually recovering.

During the summer the repeal papers were saying that the Nova Scotians would not volunteer nor drill under the Dominion authority—no, never! They are mistaken. The official report shows that while, under the Militia Act, the quota of Nova Scotia were 5,000, not less than 5,100 did actually volunteer and were drilled.

The Rev. Mr. Woods had a grand Christmas service in his church (St. John's) in Montreal.

We are surprised that a certain class of persons will persist in circulating falsehoods about the Grand Trunk Railway. A Portland recently said that nervous people will be surprised to learn that the road does not run over the bones of dead men, but on the contrary there was only one person killed on a passenger train between Portland and Island Pond since the road came into existence, some eighteen or nineteen years ago. The distance is 149 miles. How many roads can show as good a record?

President Johnston and Amnesty.

A PROCLAMATION.

By the President of the United States of America, a proclamation—Whereas, the President of the United States has heretofore set forth several proclamations offering amnesty and pardon to persons who had been or were concerned in the late rebellion against the lawful authority of the government of the United States, which proclamations were severally issued on the 8th day of December, 1863, on the 26th day of March, 1864, on the 29th day of May, 1865, on the 9th day of September, 1867, and on the 4th of July in the present year, and whereas the authority of the Federal government having been re-established in all the states and territories within the jurisdiction of the United States; it is believed that such prudential reservations and exceptions as at the dates of the said several proclamations were deemed necessary and proper may now be wisely and justly relinquished, and that an universal amnesty and pardon for participation in the said rebellion extended to all who have borne any part therein, will tend to secure permanent peace, order and prosperity throughout the land, and to renew and fully restore confidence and fraternal feeling among the whole people, and their respect for, and attachment to, the National Government, designated by its patriotic founders for the general good. Now, therefore, be it known that I, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested by the constitution and the name of the sovereign people of the United States, do hereby proclaim and declare unconditionally and without reservation to all and to every person who, directly or indirectly, participated in the late insurrection or rebellion, a full pardon and amnesty for the offence of treason against the United States, or of adhering to their enemies during the late civil war, with the restoration of all rights and privileges and immunities, under the constitution and laws which have been made in pursuance thereof.

The President's proclamation includes Jefferson Davis, Breckenridge, Jacob Thompson, Mason, Slidell, and all others who were directly or indirectly engaged in the late insurrection or rebellion.

BREAKFAST.—A SUCCESSFUL EXPERIMENT.—The Civil Service Gazette has the following:—"There are very few simple articles of food which can boast of so many valuable and important dietary properties as cocoa. While acting on the nerves as a gentle stimulant, it provides the body with some of the purest elements of nutrition, and at the same time corrects and invigorates the action of the digestive organs. These beneficial effects depend in a great measure upon the manner of its preparation, but of late years close attention has been given to the growth and treatment of cocoa, that there is no difficulty in securing it with every useful quality fully developed. The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homœopathic preparation of cocoa has never been surpassed by any experimentalists. Far and wide the reputation of Epp's Cocoa has spread by the simple force of its own extraordinary merits. Medical men of all shades of opinion have agreed in recommending it as the safest and most beneficial article of diet for persons of weak constitutions. This superiority of a particular mode of preparation over all others is a remarkable proof of the great results to be obtained from little causes. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtile Maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame. linaw23

DOCTORS APPROVE.—Read what Dr. Walton writes us, from Coshocton, Ohio:

"I am happy to inform you that the Pain Killer cures this new disease, Diptheria or Sore Throat, that is prevailing to so alarming an extent in this section of the country. On Walnut Creek, Holmes county, they use scarcely any other remedy, and it has never been known to fail in a single instance when used in time."

NOTICE TO THE LADIES.

An Astonishing Bargain in Black Silks at the Montreal House. The Widest and Best Procurable—Auction Bought—Heavy Loss to the Importers—5,000 Yards to select from.—Call soon.

JAMES DAVIS.

COMMERCE AND MARINE.

Kingston Money Market.

Dec. 26, 1868.

The Brokers of Ontario St. report—

Silver buying at 4 discount.
" selling at par discount.

Greenbacks, Bills 72c. Silver 75c.

Gold in New York at 3 o'clock, 135.

Sterling exchange at New York 9½.

Current Prices of Grain.

Dec. 26, 1868.

The Grain Buyers of Ontario Street report—

Fall Wheat,	1 15 to 0	per Bushel.	
Spring do.,	1 00 to 1 02	"	"
Rye,	0 68 to 0 69	"	"
Barley,	1 14 to 1 15	"	"
Peas,	0 85 to 0 90	"	"
Oats,	0 48 to 0 53	"	"
Buckwheat,	0 45 to 0 00	"	"

New York Markets—Yesterday.

Flour unchanged; at $5,90 a 6,25 superfine state and western; 6,83 a 7,35 for common to choice extra state. Rye flour quiet at 6,35 a 8,25. Wheat firm and quiet. Corn improved; sales at 104½ a 104½ for old mixed western in store and afloat, and 90 a 98 for new do. Barley quiet and nominal. Oats firmer; sales at 76c for western in store, and 78 for do afloat. Pork firm. Lard heavy and lower.

DIED.

At Cornwall, on the 16th Dec. Elizabeth, wife of D. Phelan, Esq., in her 70th year.

At Carleton Place, on the 11th Dec. Percy, son of Mr. Andrew Caswell, aged 26 years.

At Millbrook, on the 18th Dec., Eliza, daughter of Archibald Armstrong, Esq., aged 24 years.

At Ottawa, on the 21st Dec., Fanny, wife of Isaac Armstrong, Esq., aged 24 years.

TO-DAY.

FESTIVAL

OF

St. John the Evangelist.

THE Brethren of Catarsqui Lodge, No. 92, A.F. & A.M., Kingston, are hereby summoned to attend the Regular Meeting of the Lodge, on MONDAY, the 28th inst., at 10:30 o'clock, A.M., to install the W. Master and Officers for the ensuing year, and to transact regular business.

By Command,

A. McMILLAN, Secretary.

Pursuant to a time-honored custom the Brethren will dine together in the Hall of the Lodge at 7:30 o'clock, P.M. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend.

Kingston, Dec. 26th, 1868. 305

TO-DAY.

FESTIVAL

OF

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST.

THE Brethren of St. John's Lodge, No. 3, A.F. & A.M., Kingston, are hereby summoned to attend the Regular Meeting of the Lodge, on MONDAY, the 28th instant, at 10 o'clock, A.M., to install the W. Master and Officers for the ensuing year, and to transact regular business.

By Command.

JOHN M. HORSEY, Secretary.

Pursuant to a time-honored custom the Brethren will dine together in the Hall of the Lodge at 7 o'clock, P.M. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend.

Kingston, Dec. 26, 1868. 305

SHERIFFS' SALE.

THE Sale of Horses, Trucks, Carts, Harness, &c., belonging to the estate of the late James Morton, is further postponed until

Wednesday, Dec. 30th, Inst.,

at One o'clock, P.M., at the Distillery, instead of in the Market Square, as previously announced.

WILLIAM FERGUSON, Sheriff County of Frontenac.

Sheriff's Office, City of Kingston, 26th day of December, 1868. 305

Photographic Views

FOR THE

HOLIDAYS.

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE Principal Buildings and Streets in the City.

Large Views of the City, Fort and Harbor.

Stereoscopic Slides—immense variety.

A large collection of Foreign Views, Colored Groups, &c., for sale under usual prices.

Also some beautiful English Colored Photographs, left on sale, at low prices.

Call and see them, at

HENDERSON'S BOOK STORE, Princess Street.

Kingston, Dec. 26, 1868. 305

ROCKWOOD ASYLUM

CONTRACTS.

IN consequence of mistakes, Renewed Offers will be received until

TUESDAY, 29th INSTANT,

for a supply of

Fresh Beef and Mutton.

Contractors to state the price per lb. in writing, and give two bona fide securities for the due performance of the Contract.

THOS. DRUMMOND, Accountant.

December 26, 1868. 2in305

TOYS! TOYS! TOYS!

JUST RECEIVED BY THE SUBSCRIBER FOR

Christmas and New Year's Presents,

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

New Jewellery, Plated & Fancy Goods,

Consisting of Gold and Silver Watches, Chains, Lockets, Brooches, Scarf Pins, Ear and Finger Rings, &c., &c., &c.; Jet, Bog Oak and Rubber Goods in great variety, Cake Baskets, Card Receivers, Cruet Stands, Tea Setts, &c., &c.; Mahogany, Rose Wood, and Paper Mache Work Boxes, Writing Desks and Dressing Cases, Purses, Portmonnies, with an endless assortment too numerous to mention. All to be sold at the lowest possible prices.

Please don't forget the Old Stand.

J. CRIDIFORD, King Street.

Kingston, Dec. 18, 1868. 300

STOLEN OR STRAYED

FROM the Farm of Hayward & Downing, adjoining Hetchnier's Farm, Eight Ewes and Two Lambs (Long Woolled Sheep), marked with pitch "H. D." Any person giving information to the subscribers, at their Brewery, which will lead to the recovery of the Sheep, will be liberally rewarded.

HAYWARD & DOWNING.

Kingston, Dec. 24, 1868. 3in305

Frontenac Loan and Investment Society.

Half-Yearly Dividend.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend of Four Per Cent. on the Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared, for the current half year, together with a Bonus of One Per Cent., and that the same will be payable at the Office of the Society on and after TUESDAY, the 5th day of January next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 23rd to the 31st December, inclusive.

By order of the Board.

THOMAS BRIGGS, Manager.

Kingston, Dec. 22nd, 1868. 304

Polonius.—To thine own self be true;
And it must follow, as the night the day,
Thou canst not then be false to any man.
Hamlet, Act 1. Scene 3.

Puffs are the known device of quacks and cheats,
Rapacious, striving by unscrupulous feats
Of turgid boasting, deftly to deceive
Victims unwary who their tales believe.
Learn their arts, and vaunt no spurious ware—
Soundness in quality's my constant care.
In each transaction this my anxious aim
Of MORRISON to keep the upright name.
No custom's sought where value's not returned.
Such is my scheme.—Adulteration's spurned!

M. MORRISON.

Toronto Flour Store, 40 Princess St., December 22, 1868 304

JUST RECEIVED by the Subscriber, ex "Ottawa," "Ontario," and "Montreal," and 112 Brock Street,

For Christmas & New Year,

1000 Fine Fresh Raisins, 500 Lbs. Currants, a fine Stock of Almonds, Filberts, Walnuts, Brazils, Pecans, Cocoanuts, Lemons, Orange Peel, Citron Peel, Lemon Peel, Orange Peel, Preserved Ginger, Mixed Candies, Nonpareils, Comfits, Rose Drops, Lozenges, Fancy Candies, Cream Candies, Bonbons, Chocolate Drops, Peppermints, Wintergreens, Lemon Drops, Fruit Drops, Acid Drops, Jujubes, Licorice Paste, Lozenges, Cough Candies, Ginger Snaps, Molasses Candy, Assorted Candies, Fine Assortment of Nuts, Oranges, Lemons, Bananas, Pineapples, Cocoanuts, Malaga Grapes, Figs, Dates, Prunes, Almonds, Raisins, Currants, Citron, Orange Peel, Lemon Peel, Candied Peel, Preserved Ginger, Sardines, Anchovies, Pickles, Sauces, Preserves, Jellies, Marmalade, Jams, Honey, Maple Syrup, Molasses, Canned Fruit, Canned Meat, Canned Game, Canned Oysters, Canned Lobsters, Canned Salmon, Canned Mackerel, Canned Tomatoes, Canned Corn, Canned Peas, Canned Beans, Canned Pumpkin, Canned Asparagus, Canned Strawberries, Canned Raspberries, Canned Blackberries, Canned Plums, Canned Peaches, Canned Pears, Canned Pine Apples, Canned Quinces, Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Flour, Oatmeal, Cracked Wheat, Farina, Hominy, Rice, Barley, Starch, Baking Powder, Soda, Saleratus, Cream Tartar, Pickled Onions, Mixed Pickles, Olives, Capers, Worcester Sauce, Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, Matches, Brooms, Brushes, Washing Powder, Soap, Candles, Starch, Blue, Herrings, Salmon, Cod, Trout, Pickerel, Haddock, Finnan Haddies, Mackerel, Codfish, Lobsters, Oysters, Sardines, Anchovies, Herrings